

CMPE 252 – C Programming, Spring 2023

Lab 03

In this lab, you are asked to complete **difference.c** program file which has been already given in Moodle. In this program, there are four functions, namely, main, findDifference, and printNameSurnameAge. main function is already provided and it is supposed to remain as it is (you should not change it). You are required to implement findDifference and printNameSurnameAge functions.

Here are the operations performed in main function:

- An array of strings with name `list` is created to hold name, surname and age data in “name_surname_age” format.
- Two *arrays of pointers to strings* with names `group1` and `group2` are created along with two integer variables `n1` and `n2` to hold the number of elements in the arrays.
- `n1` and `group1` are initialized by taking data from the standard input.
- `n2` and `group2` are initialized by taking data from the standard input.
- An *array of pointers to strings* with name `diff` and an integer variable with name `diffCount` are created. The array of pointers `diff` is supposed to hold pointers to the strings that are included in `group1` but not included in `group2`. `diffCount` is supposed to hold the number of elements in the difference set. Those variables are to be filled by calling `findDifference` function.
- `findDifference` function is called with 6 arguments, which are the array of pointers (`group1` and `group2`), their number of elements (`n1` and `n2`), the array of pointers `diff`, and the address of `diffCount` variable.
- The strings pointed to, by the elements of the array `group1` are printed.
- The strings pointed to, by the elements of the array `group2` are printed.
- The strings pointed to, by the elements of the array `diff` are printed.
- The user is asked whether to print the strings in the difference set in Name Surname Age format. If the answer is 1, then:
 - `printNameSurnameAge` function is called with 2 arguments, which are the array of pointers `diff` and its number of elements `diffCount`.
 - The strings pointed to, by the elements of the array `diff` are printed again to check whether they remain unchanged after calling `printNameSurnameAge` function.

Task 1: Implement findDifference function.

```
void findDifference(char *group1[], char *group2[], int n1, int n2, char *diff[], int *diffCountPtr);
```

The array of pointers diff is an output parameter and it is supposed to hold pointers to the set of strings pointed to, by the elements of group1 but not pointed to, by the elements of group2. The total number of elements in the difference is to be stored in the integer variable pointed to, by diffCountPtr (which is also an output parameter).

Hint: You need to compare each string in group1 with each string in group2. You need to use strcmp function for the comparison.

Number of elements in group1: 5

Entries in group1: 1 5 9 4 7

Number of elements in group2: 4

Entries in group2: 9 5 1 6

group1:

zoe_vin_32

denzel_bale_65

dustin_smith_51

david_studi_17

james_alonso_30

group2:

dustin_smith_51

denzel_bale_65

zoe_vin_32

james_feldman_76

difference of group1 from group2:

david_studi_17

james_alonso_30

Do you want to print the difference in Name Surname Age format (1/0)? 0

Consider the above example run:

Suppose that group1 is initialized to have 6 elements, namely, list[1], list[4], list[9], list[3], list[2], and list[8]. group2 is initialized to have 4 elements, namely, list[9], list[5], list[1], and list[6]. As shown in Figure 1, the difference of group1 from group2 contains list[4], list[3], list[2], and list[8].

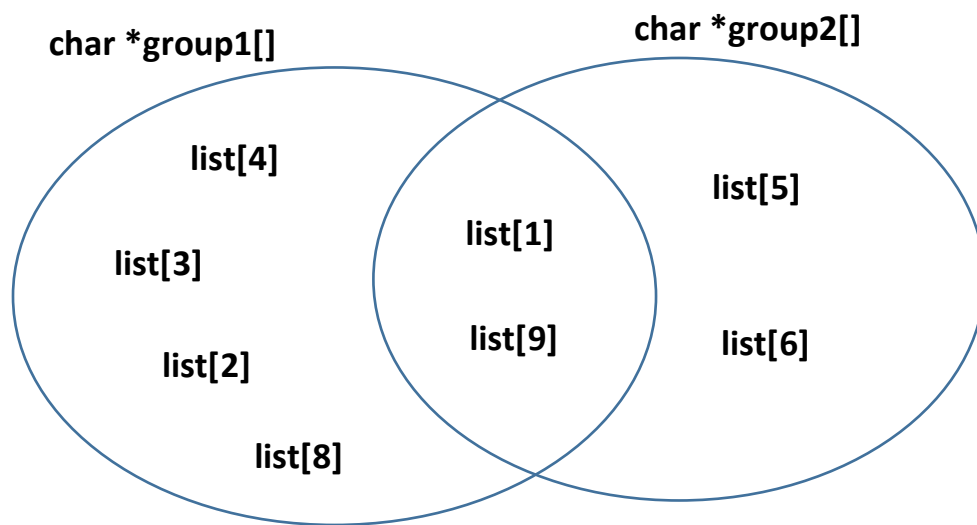


Figure 1: sets of strings

Task 2: Implement printNameSurnameAge function.

```
void printNameSurnameAge(char *diff[], int diffCount);
```

The strings pointed to, by the elements of the array diff are printed in Name Surname Age format (the first letters of Name and Surname are capitalized). diffCount holds the number of elements in the array diff.

Some functions that you might need to use are as follows:

```
//Copies the string pointed to, by src to dest.
strcpy(char* dest, const char* src);

//Breaks string str into a series of tokens separated by delim
strtok(char* str, const char* delim);

//Converts lowercase letter of str string to uppercase.
toupper(str[i]);
```

Hints:

strtok function changes the content of its first string argument so you need to call strtok function on a copy of the string argument if you do not want to change its content. For each string that can be accessed using diff, you should copy it into a different memory space. Consider to create a local char array (string) with size STR_LEN and use it for that purpose.

Number of elements in group1: 5

Entries in group1: 1 5 9 4 7

Number of elements in group2: 4

Entries in group2: 9 5 1 6

group1:

zoe_vin_32

denzel_bale_65

dustin_smith_51

david_studi_17

james_alonso_30

group2:

dustin_smith_51

denzel_bale_65

zoe_vin_32

james_feldman_76

difference of group1 from group2:

david_studi_17

james_alonso_30

Do you want to print the difference in Name Surname Age format (1/0)? 1

difference of group1 from group2 in Name Surname Age format:

David Studi 17

James Alonso 30

difference of group1 from group2:

david_studi_17

james_alonso_30

Above is an example run: