

HW 10 Instructional Project 1

STAT 5400

Due: Nov 15, 2024 9:30 AM

Problems

1. **ggplot2** (prepared by Connor Curtiss, Pradeep Maripala, Ariadna Orbe Vivero, Behrooz Khalil Loo, Bowen Su)

Complete the two questions on the slides: ggplot2.pptx, on ICON.

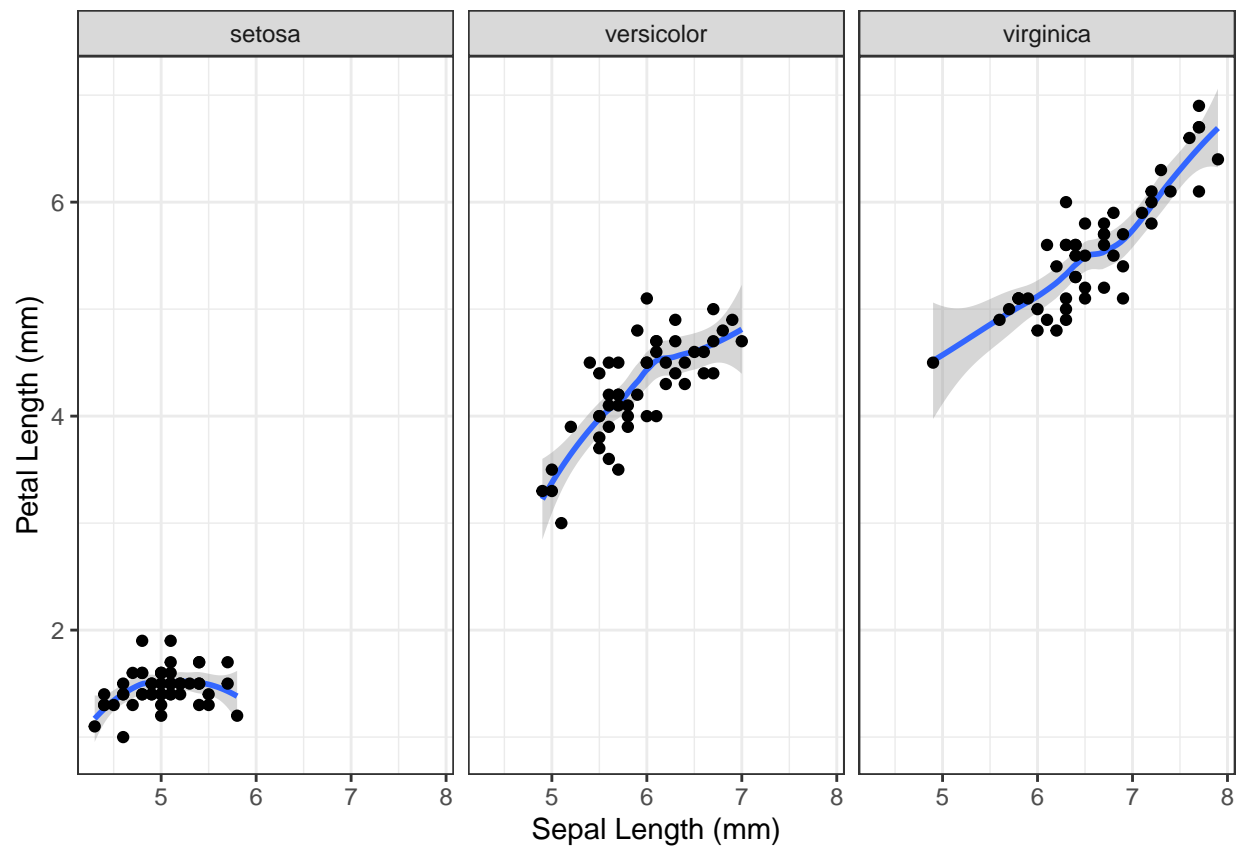
- Write code using ggplot2 that produces a plot facet wrapped by species that shows the relationship between sepal length and petal length. Use `geom_smooth` to draw lines of best fit through the points

```
library(ggplot2)
```

```
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.3.3
```

```
ggplot(iris, mapping = aes(x = Sepal.Length, y=Petal.Length)) +  
  geom_smooth() +  
  geom_point() +  
  facet_wrap(~Species) +  
  labs(x="Sepal Length (mm)", y="Petal Length (mm)") +  
  theme_bw()
```

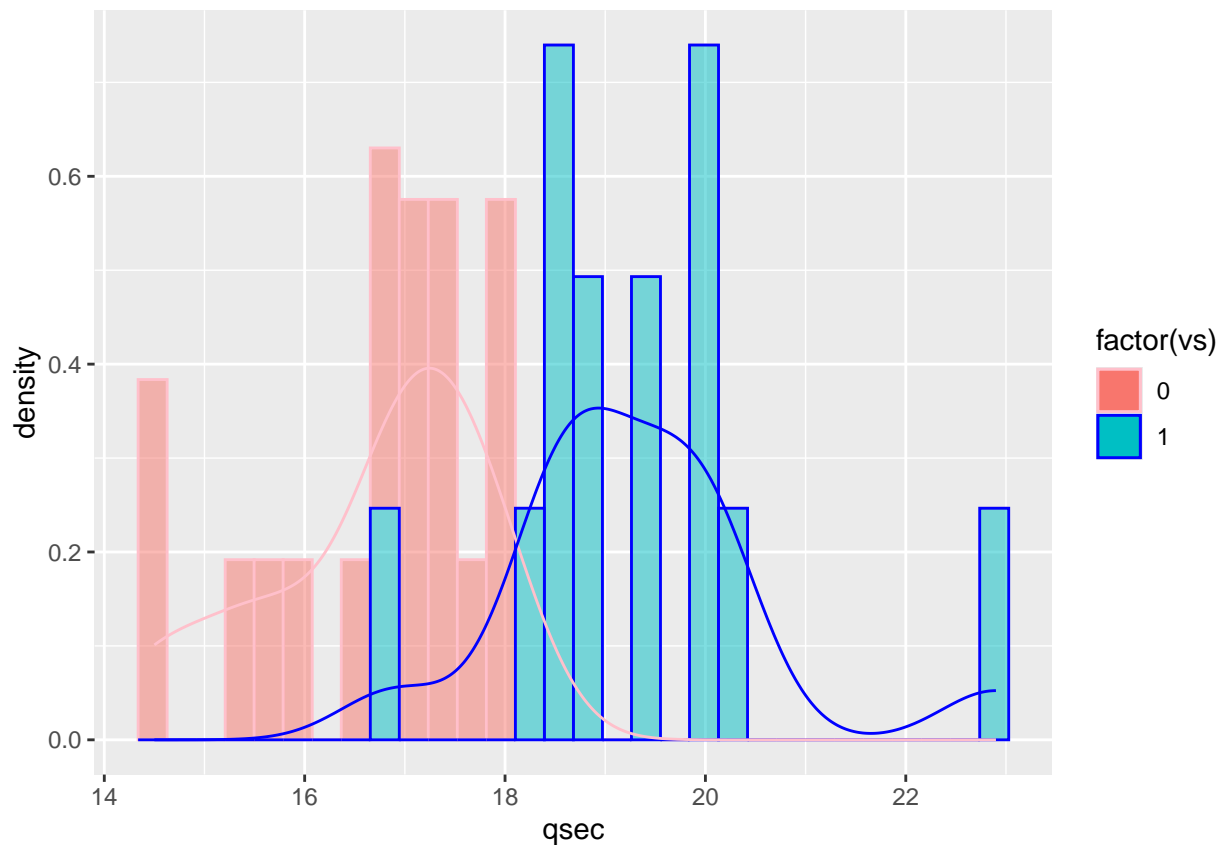
```
## 'geom_smooth()' using method = 'loess' and formula = 'y ~ x'
```



Can you recreate the following graph using ggplot2?

```
ggplot(data=mtcars, mapping = aes(x = qsec, color=factor(vs)))+
  geom_histogram(aes(y = after_stat(density), fill = factor(vs)),alpha = 0.5) +
  geom_density() +
  scale_color_manual(values = c( "pink", 'blue'))
```

'stat_bin()' using 'bins = 30'. Pick better value with 'binwidth'.



2. Numpy and Pandas (prepared by Akhilesh Karra, Vaishnavi Soni, Nathan Munshower, Michael Sullivan, Dongwei Zhang)

Complete the questions on the slides: Numpy and Pandas.pptx, on ICON.

```
import numpy as np
arr = np.arange(1,101).reshape(10,10)
arr
array([[ 1,  2,  3,  4,  5,  6,  7,  8,  9, 10],
       [11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
       [21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30],
       [31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40],
       [41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50],
       [51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60],
       [61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70],
       [71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80],
       [81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90],
       [91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100]])

arr[-5:,-5:]
array([[ 56,  57,  58,  59,  60],
       [ 66,  67,  68,  69,  70],
       [ 76,  77,  78,  79,  80],
       [ 86,  87,  88,  89,  90],
       [ 96,  97,  98,  99, 100]])
```

```
arr[-5:,-5:].flatten() + 5
array([ 61,  62,  63,  64,  65,  71,  72,  73,  74,  75,  81,  82,  83,
        84,  85,  91,  92,  93,  94,  95, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105])

np.median(arr[-5:,-5:].flatten() + 5)
83.0
```

3. Practice of Julia (prepared by Phoebe Low and Ting-Hung Yu, STAT 5400 Fall 2020 alumni)

Watch the following videos and read Julia slides.pdf on the ICON site.

<https://uicapture.hosted.panopto.com/Panopto/Pages/Viewer.aspx?id=f4b86ede-d182-4e87-9047-ac4800feeacf>

<https://uicapture.hosted.panopto.com/Panopto/Pages/Viewer.aspx?id=fd3ad007-deb3-4aa3-9f49-ac4800fee7b9>

Finish the homework question assigned on the slides.

Use the online Julia platform <https://repl.it/languages/julia> or install Julia locally to write a function, say `m(x)`, that finds mean and variance (no packages needed) simultaneously.

- Test on sequence of integers 1:10000.
- Paste the code below on the RMarkdown file, and attach a screenshot of results to the PDF.

put your code here

```
"Hello World"

function m(x)
    total = 0
    length = 0
    var = 0
    for i in x
        total = total + i
        length = length + 1
    end
    mn = total/length

    for i in x
        var = var + (i-mn)^2
    end
    var = var/(length-1)
    return (mn, var)
end

println(m(1:10000))
```

Use the code below to insert the screenshot into pdf

4. Connect R to ChatGPT Watch the following videos, and explore using ChatGPT in R through API. You do not need to submit anything for this question. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=szPIuzQ-jco&ab_channel=AnalyticoHub

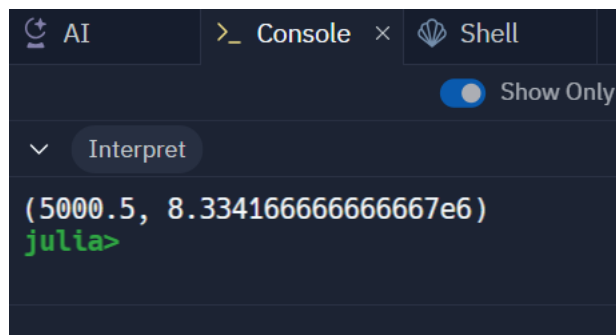


Figure 1: Caption for the picture.