

# **Title – Descriptive Online Examination Automation System Using Natural Language Processing**

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## **ABSTRACT**

This world has a large number of test sites that can be distributed over several servers used for online trials for a variety of purposes, among which a few may include writing entrance exams, or Olympics at the national and international level and even a few portals are designed to serve setting goals, but we have seen that, in general, all portals are designed for the same behaviour that contains a few choice questions. Here our goal is not to build the technology that is currently available, but rather a very different project that solves the big problem of online testing. Here we use a descriptive online test program. Many selection questions are easy to deal with as it has a question, other options and discipline within the equal question that keeps the right choice within the website. While in the case of descriptive questions, this is not always the case. Provides the principles of Natural Language Processing to provide feedback marks. Solutions are nothing but strings, and the model's job is to do a little work on the solution series to provide accurate marks on the solutions written using the examiner. Facts are collected in an online descriptive test machine. In addition, its revised and designed version assigns accurate marks to the solution to the question.

**Keywords:** Machine learning, Natural language processing, Semantic Matching.

## **INTRODUCTION**

### **Motivation**

Despite the major disadvantages of the offline exam system, the traditional exam system will not be replaced, as the new online exam system only has multiple choice type questions, although most exams have detailed questions, which have multiple choice answers. They do not work and, therefore, it is not convenient and effective to replace them on a large scale. We all know that if we want to get rid of the universally accepted system, the new system must not only be better, but also change in quality so that companies can accept it.

## **Problem Description**

In the proposed model, we are taking the online examination system to a new level by enabling the examinee to write descriptive answers which will be self-evaluated, i.e., automating the entire offline examination system with computing efficiency without any human error. This can be done using Text analysis and Semantic matching using NLP techniques. The assessed answers will be stored in the database and can be accessed anytime and a special student profile will be maintained for better evaluation of the student.

## **Purpose of the Project**

This is a big boost to the online examination system as it allows it to overcome its biggest disadvantage and helps the online examination system to raise its paw in the mid-year or annual examinations conducted for school or college evaluations. This system frees teachers and professors from the burden of checking copies and makes them more productive with their time in teaching, which also eliminates bias in the review of answer scripts and takes up leasing space. The copies will not be scanned due to any human error and full marks will be allotted as per the written procedure by the examiner and there will be more or less room for acquisition, which will help in resource management as it is a frequent cut. It has higher efficiency over time as it gives instant results and is safer and more reliable.

# **EXPERIMENTAL**

## **Python**

Python is one of the most powerful languages currently in the world in terms of packages and libraries that provide data analysis and machine learning process, in this project we need many libraries such as numpy, pandas, nltk.

## **PyCharm**

PyCharm is an IDE used for computer programs, in particular the Python language.

## **Natural Language Tool Kit**

The purpose of the Descriptive Online Examination Automation System Using Natural Language Processing is automating the process of examination by analysing the questions and answers and calculating the marks. Data pre-processing, the initial part of the project is to understand implementation and usage of various python inbuilt modules. The above process helps us to understand why different modules are helpful rather than having to implement those functions from the beginning by the developer. These various modules provide better code representation and user understanding.

Exploratory data analysis, first step in this to apply a Text analysis algorithm i.e., BERT and TF-IDF algorithms which for evaluating answers for questions that are descriptive in nature. Keywords are stored for every question and on the basis their occurrence in the answer string, the examinee is allotted marks. In order to perform this in Python language, there exists a library that makes it a little easier for the algorithm developers to perform string manipulations. The name of the library used is NLTK which is specifically designed for python to work on NLP. It is discussed in detail in the section where the algorithm is discussed.

Talking about the technology used in order to build such a model for evaluating descriptive answers, NLP or Natural Language Processing is has a great role to play. NLP can do a lot of innovative jobs like predicting if a message or an email is a spam or a ham, the quality search that we can do on shopping websites like amazon and flipkart in order to search for different categories of items that include kitchen utensils, electronics gadget, apparels, food items and much more such products that are available online. The basic idea was that did anyone ever think of knowing how these search bars or how these ham spam classifications work? The answer to this question is that rarest of the rare people have tried getting into this and tried to know what the mechanism or the back-end work in order to give such powerful search results and such predictive classification techniques. For those who are not aware of the mechanism behind this, it's all just about playing with strings of characters, numbers and special characters or what we call as string manipulations to arrive at such results.

## **Existing System**

This world has seen a lot of exam portals which are deployed on multiple servers which are used to conduct online exams for various purposes for Olympiads and some are i.e., designed to conduct an examination for placement purposes. But what we have observed is that most of the portals are designed to conduct tests that consist of multiple-choice questions.

## **Disadvantages**

Offline examination system is low efficient because of the resources been used and the time consumed and the existing online examination system features only multiple-choice type of questions.

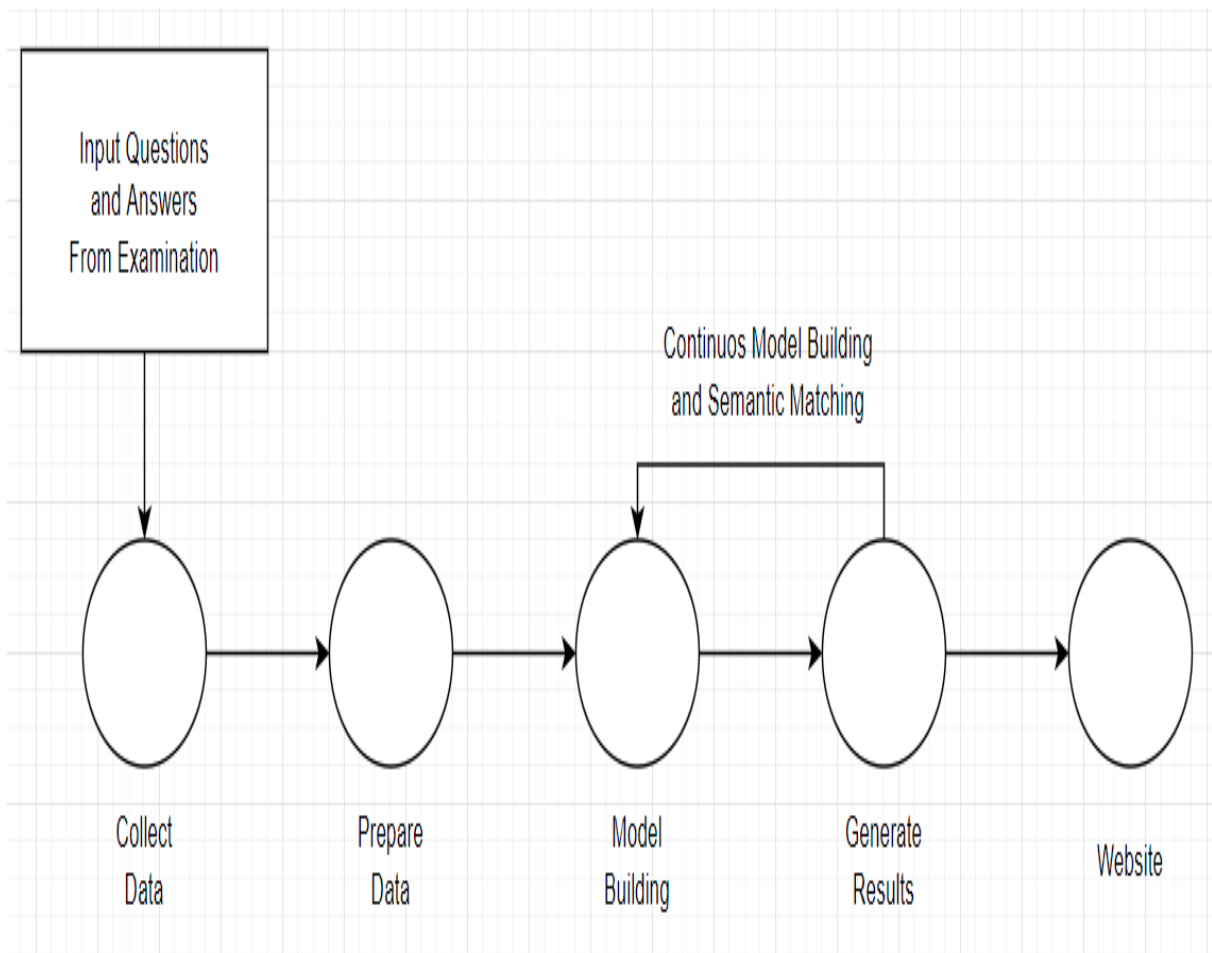
## **Proposed System**

The proposed model takes the online examination system to a new level by enabling the examinee to write descriptive answers which will be automatically evaluated. The evaluated answers will be stored in the database and can be accessed anytime and a special student profile will be maintained for better evaluation of the student. Talking about the technique used for building such models for evaluating descriptive answers, NLP or Natural Language Processing has a big role to play.

Online examination system is highly efficient and answers are evaluated at that itself and student can see the solutions and can correct the mistakes or errors committed while appearing for the exams.

## **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

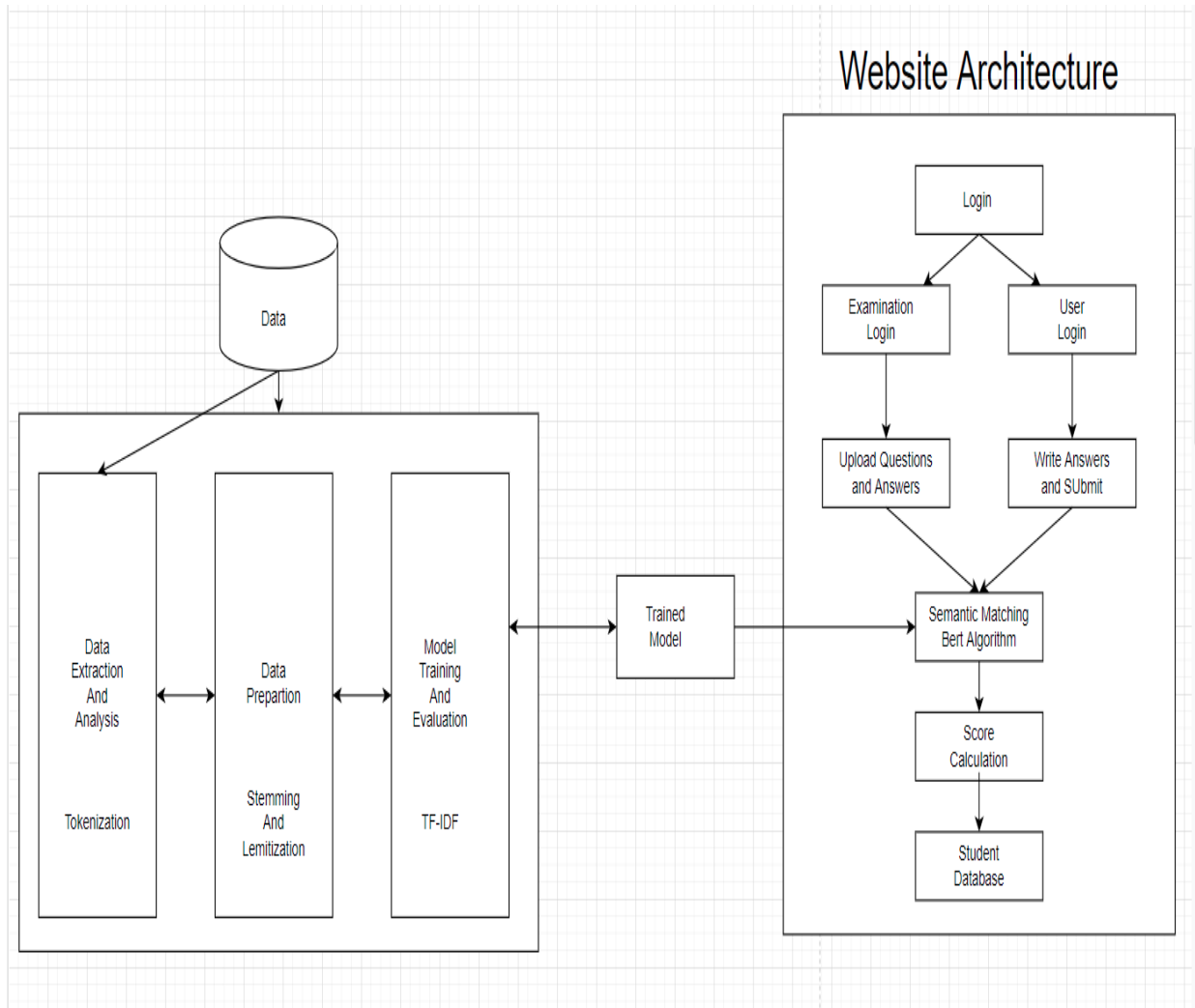
The method of Descriptive Online Examination Automation is divided into different stages, the process includes gathering relevant data, prepare data, model building and Generate results and upload it to the website to obtain the results.



Collecting data is the first step of the process flow which includes defining project, setting up the machine environment suitable for the development requirements and later understanding the data using different python libraries and machine learning techniques. Data Cleaning need to done on the data collected so that the analysis be very accurate for perfect results.

The questions and answers are upload by the examination which will be collected and the data extraction and analysis is done on the data using the tokenization algorithm

After the data extraction and cleaning is done we will be doing Data preparation using Stemming and Lemmitization algorithm where the tokens generated are separated and given separate branches based on the category of the words, then the model training is done by using algorithms TF-IDF to generate the specific keywords and after using the BERT algorithm the semantic matching is done.



## EXECUTION PROCESS

The different execution process includes different steps like preprocessing of the data, data exploration and Text pattern analysis and semantic matching and finally showing the output in the app window using the website.

### RUNNING THE MODEL

```
pip install -r requirements.txt
python
>>import nltk
>>nltk.download()
```

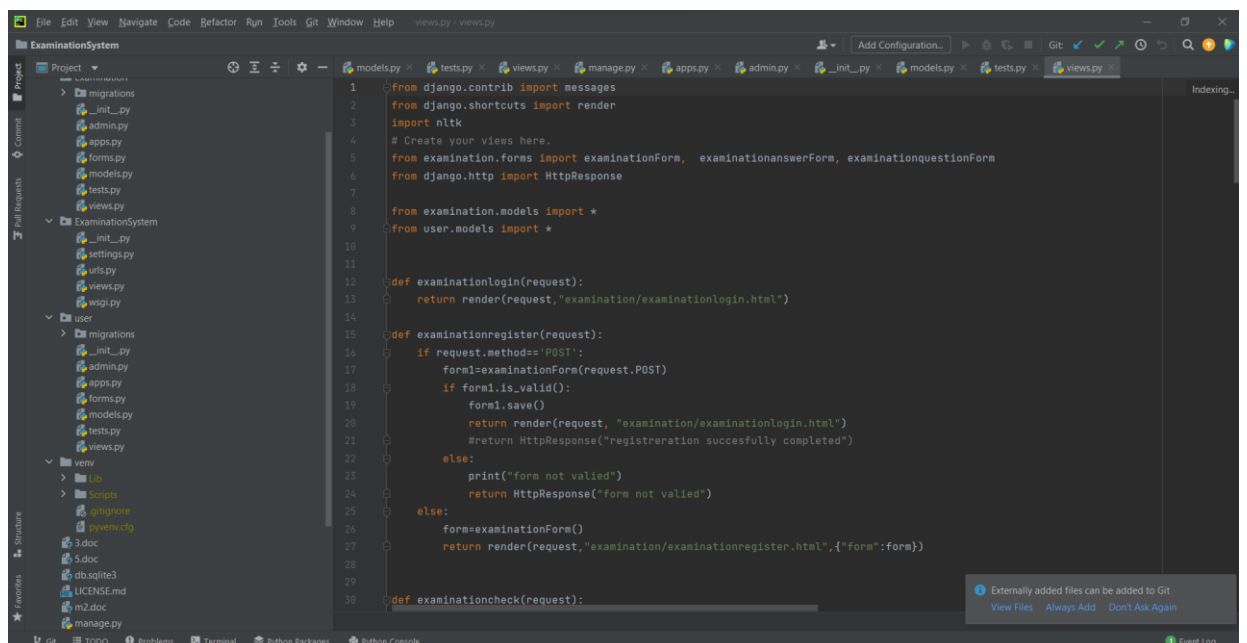
- python manage.py runserver
- copy the url generated and paste it in browser
- ip-address/index in browser

```
Command Prompt - python r X + v

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22000.613]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\suhass\Desktop\ExaminationSystem>python manage.py runserver
Watching for file changes with StatReloader
Performing system checks...

System check identified no issues (0 silenced).
April 26, 2022 - 14:20:31
Django version 2.2.3, using settings 'ExaminationSystem.settings'
Starting development server at http://127.0.0.1:8000/
Quit the server with CTRL-BREAK.
[26/Apr/2022 14:20:46] "GET /index/ HTTP/1.1" 200 7097
Not Found: /favicon.ico
[26/Apr/2022 14:20:50] "GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1" 404 5905
```



The screenshot shows an IDE with the ExaminationSystem project open. The left sidebar displays the project structure, including folders for migrations, ExaminationSystem, user, and views, and files like \_\_init\_\_.py, admin.py, apps.py, forms.py, models.py, tests.py, and views.py. The main editor window shows the contents of views.py, which includes imports for Django, Django.shortcuts, and Django.http, and defines three view functions: examinationlogin, examinationregister, and examinationcheck. The examinationregister function includes a POST method check and a form validation step. A status bar at the bottom indicates that externally added files can be added to Git.

```
1 from django.contrib import messages
2 from django.shortcuts import render
3 import nltk
4 # Create your views here.
5 from examination.forms import examinationForm, examinationanswerForm, examinationquestionForm
6 from django.http import HttpResponseRedirect
7
8 from examination.models import *
9 from user.models import *
10
11
12 def examinationlogin(request):
13     return render(request, "examination/examinationlogin.html")
14
15 def examinationregister(request):
16     if request.method == 'POST':
17         form1 = examinationForm(request.POST)
18         if form1.is_valid():
19             form1.save()
20             return render(request, "examination/examinationlogin.html")
21             #return HttpResponseRedirect("registration successfully completed")
22         else:
23             print("form not valid")
24             return HttpResponseRedirect("form not valid")
25     else:
26         form = examinationForm()
27         return render(request, "examination/examinationregister.html", {"form": form})
28
29
30 def examinationcheck(request):
```

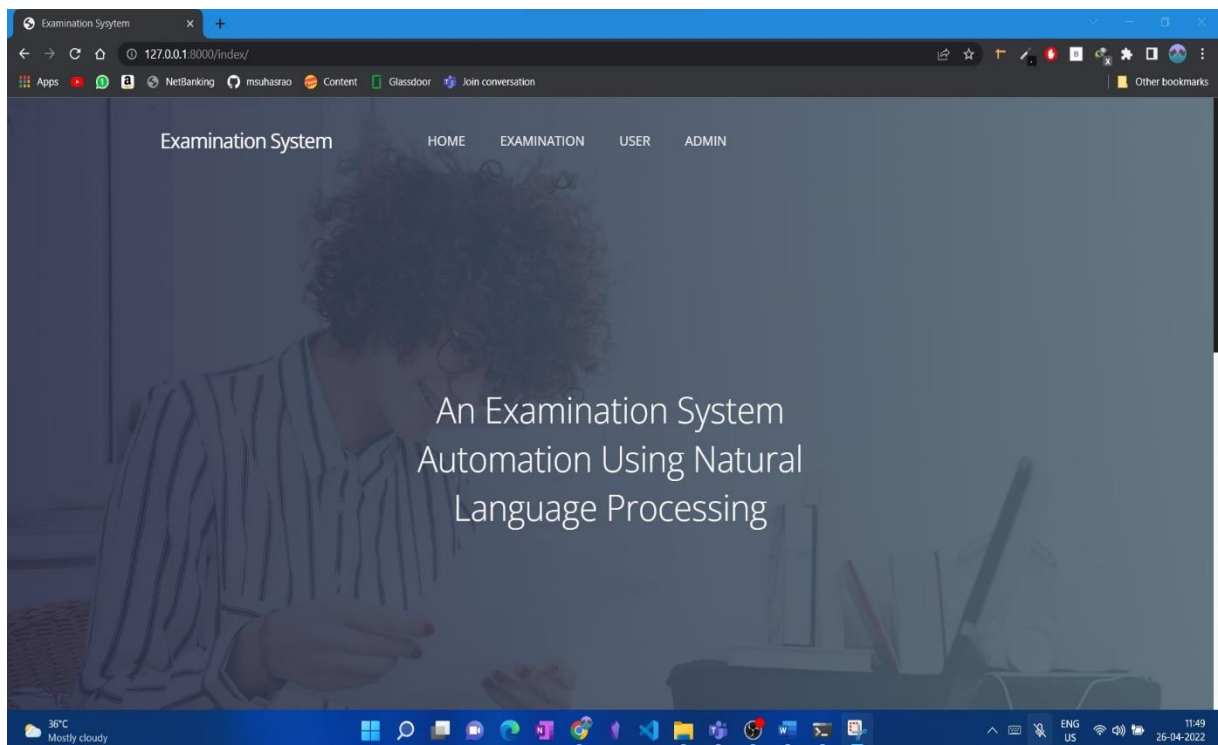
## READING THE INPUT

As soon as you click on command `python manage.py runserver` in terminal the system gets loaded and the output window will be appeared now you can upload the text file and do the analyses process.



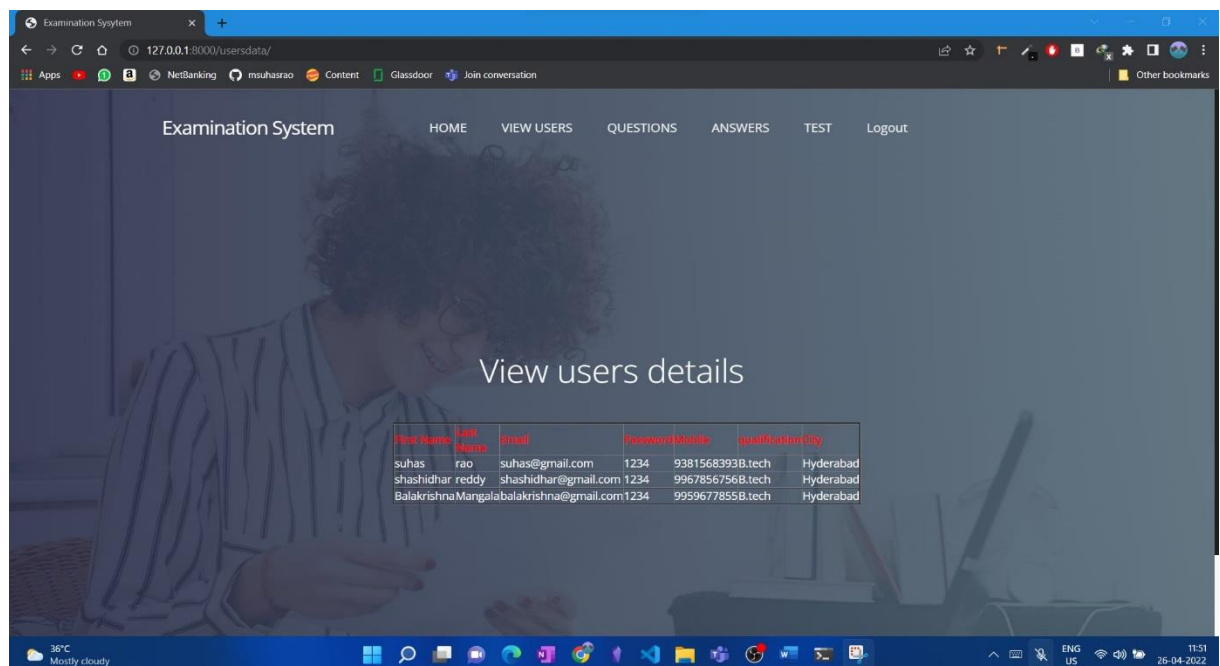
## OUTPUT

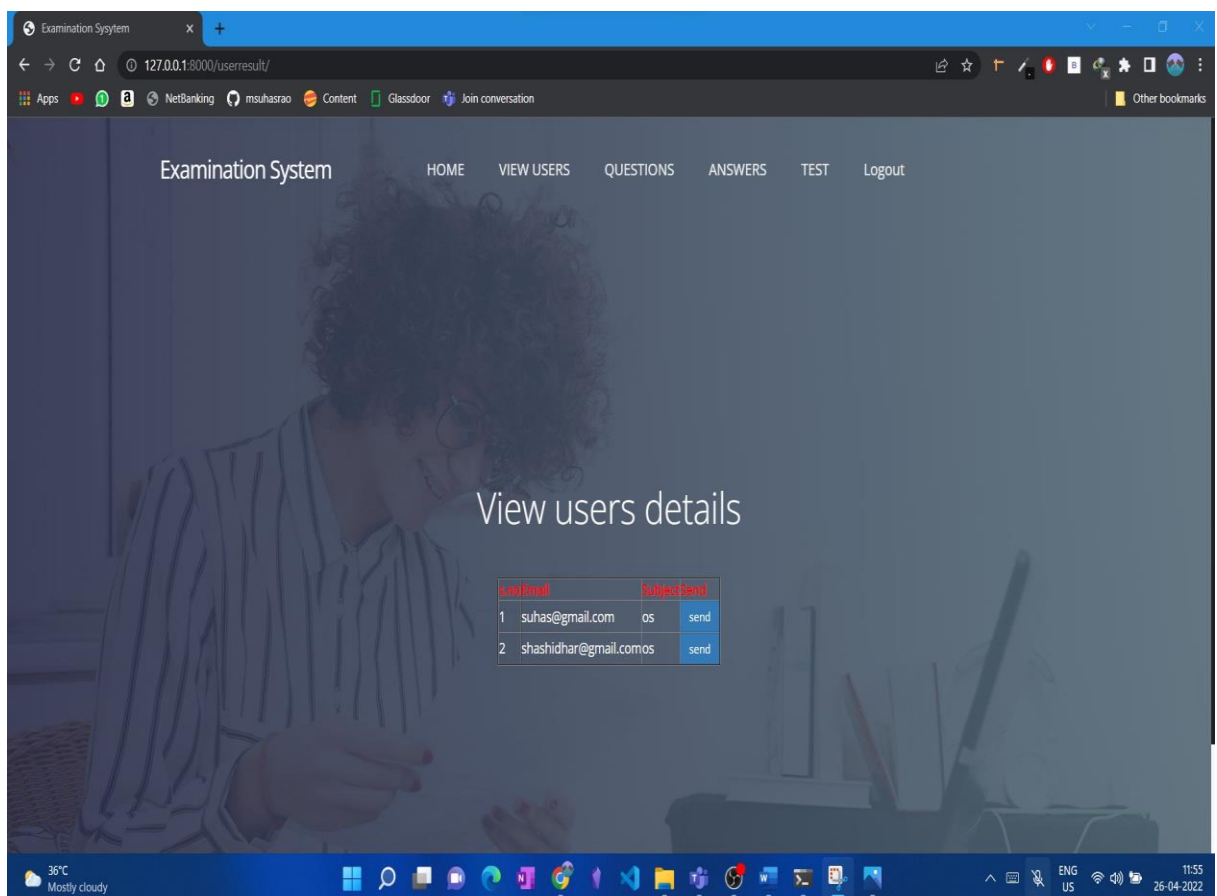
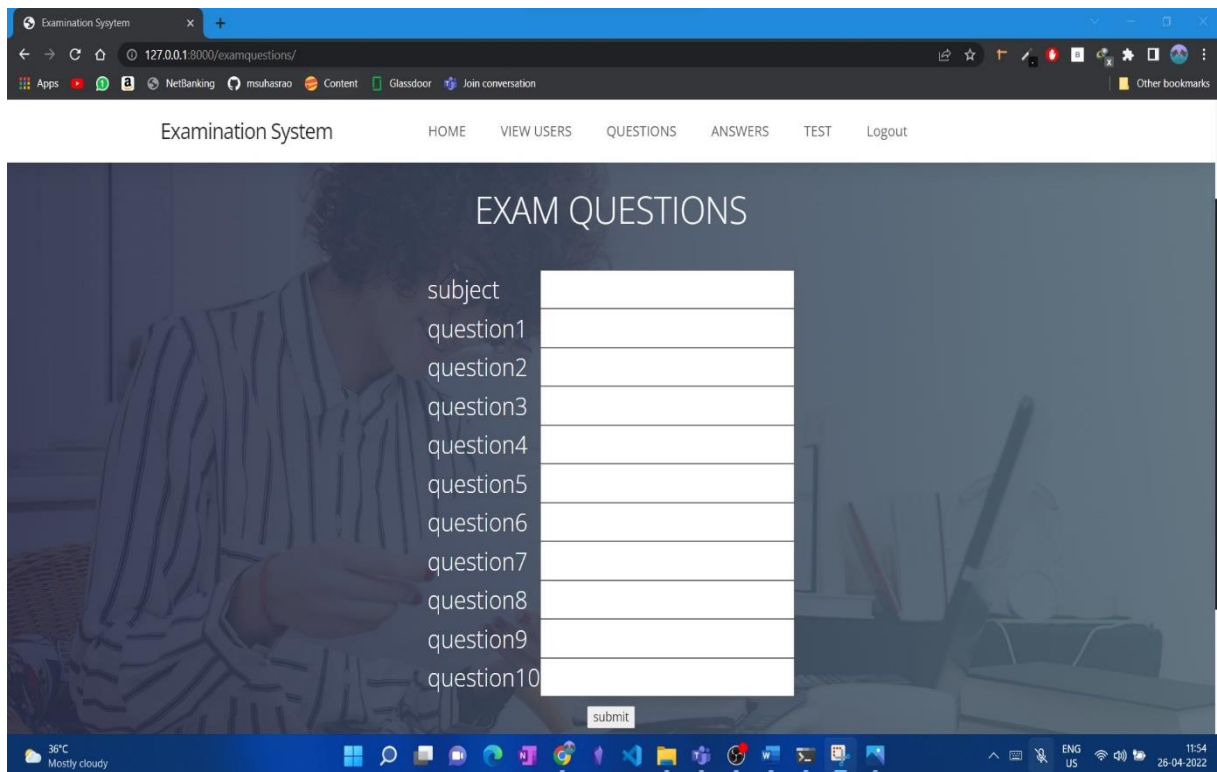
The Below Figure Shows the output of the execution process



**Fig Home page**

**It consists of 3 tabs examination, user and admin**





**Fig Test result page**

## **CONCLUSION**

In conclusion, It can be seen by conducting tests using such an algorithm at regular intervals that one can determine the trend in the marks obtained by different students and we can give them an analyzed report on the different subjects they need to focus on for which they are weak. With the existing data, we can also implement a predictive machine learning model on the data so that it can predict marks that the students will score in the future. It is observed that students mainly study those subjects that are placement oriented or which are required for placement purpose only. While students neglect the subjects of their core domain. Deep knowledge in the domain is required as it is of no use to study if you do not have a core domain knowledge. So it can help students get quality knowledge as everything will be digital and there will be no cumbersome process of conducting a pen-paper test. Also, answers are evaluated at that moment itself and the student can see the solutions and can correct the mistakes or errors committed while appearing for the exam. databases of social media and online social media platforms of various sources that host different companies. Online Examination System is widely used as compared to other exams. These bugs must be identified and solved for improving quality of software. So, in future we can develop more secure software by using advanced technologies, by introducing new security systems using biometrics, we can identify the student's true identity by analyzing digital signature or by finger print or by capturing images and also by using online live proctoring.

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