

Syntax-based Translation

Part 2: Synchronous Grammars

March 15, 2012

Goals

- Revisit why people thought syntax cannot help MT
- Learn about Synchronous Context Free Grammars
- Introduce notation, and basic algorithm
- Understand how we learn SCFGs from bitexts
- Get a sense of the different flavors of SCFGs
 - Hiero
 - SAMT

The Syntax Bet

- Longstanding debate about whether linguistic information can help statistical translation
- Two camps



The Syntax Bet

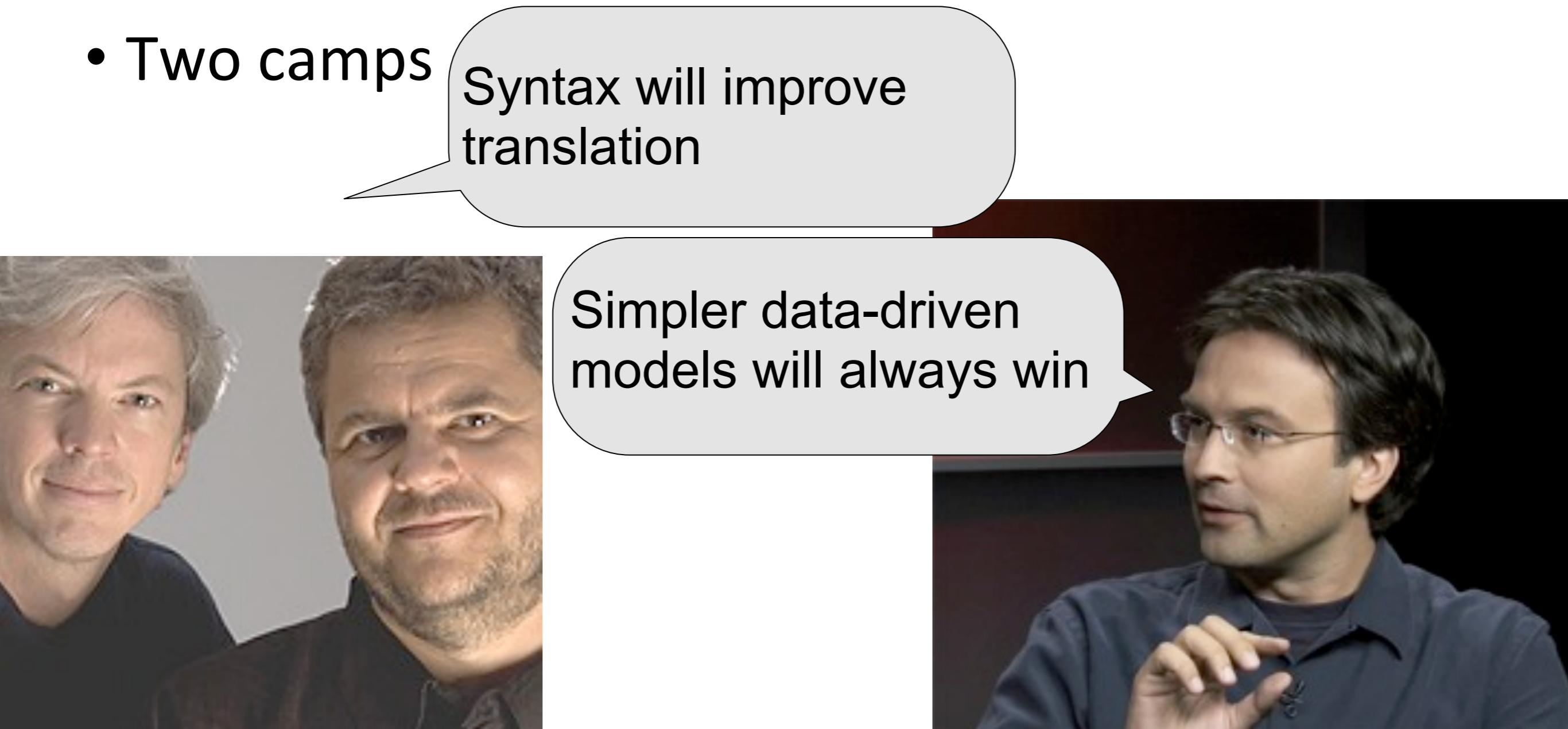
- Longstanding debate about whether linguistic information can help statistical translation
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Syntax will improve
translation



The Syntax Bet

- Longstanding debate about whether linguistic information can help statistical translation
- Two camps



Syntax will improve
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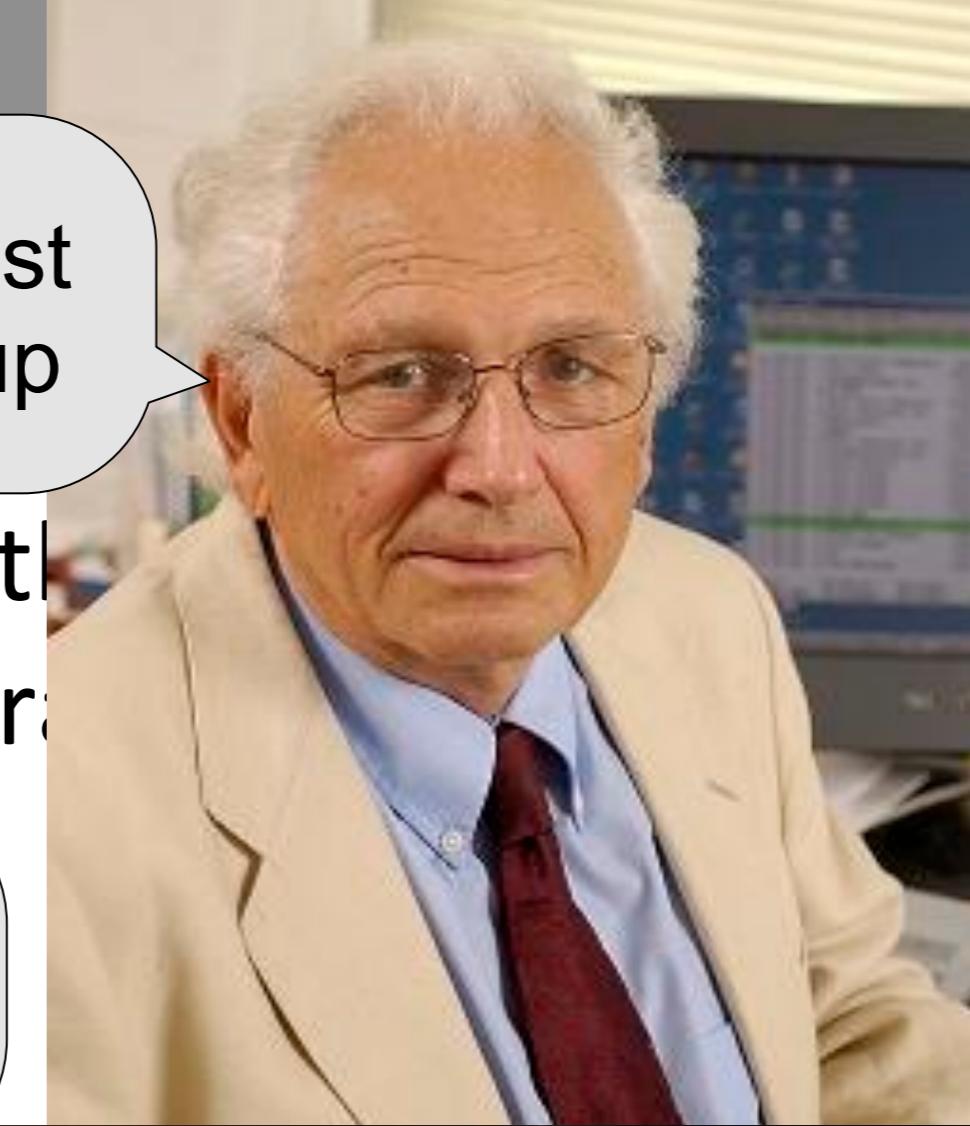
Simpler data-driven
models will always win

Every time I fire a linguist
my performance goes up

- Longstanding debate about whether linguistic information can help statistical translation
- Two camps

Syntax will improve
translation

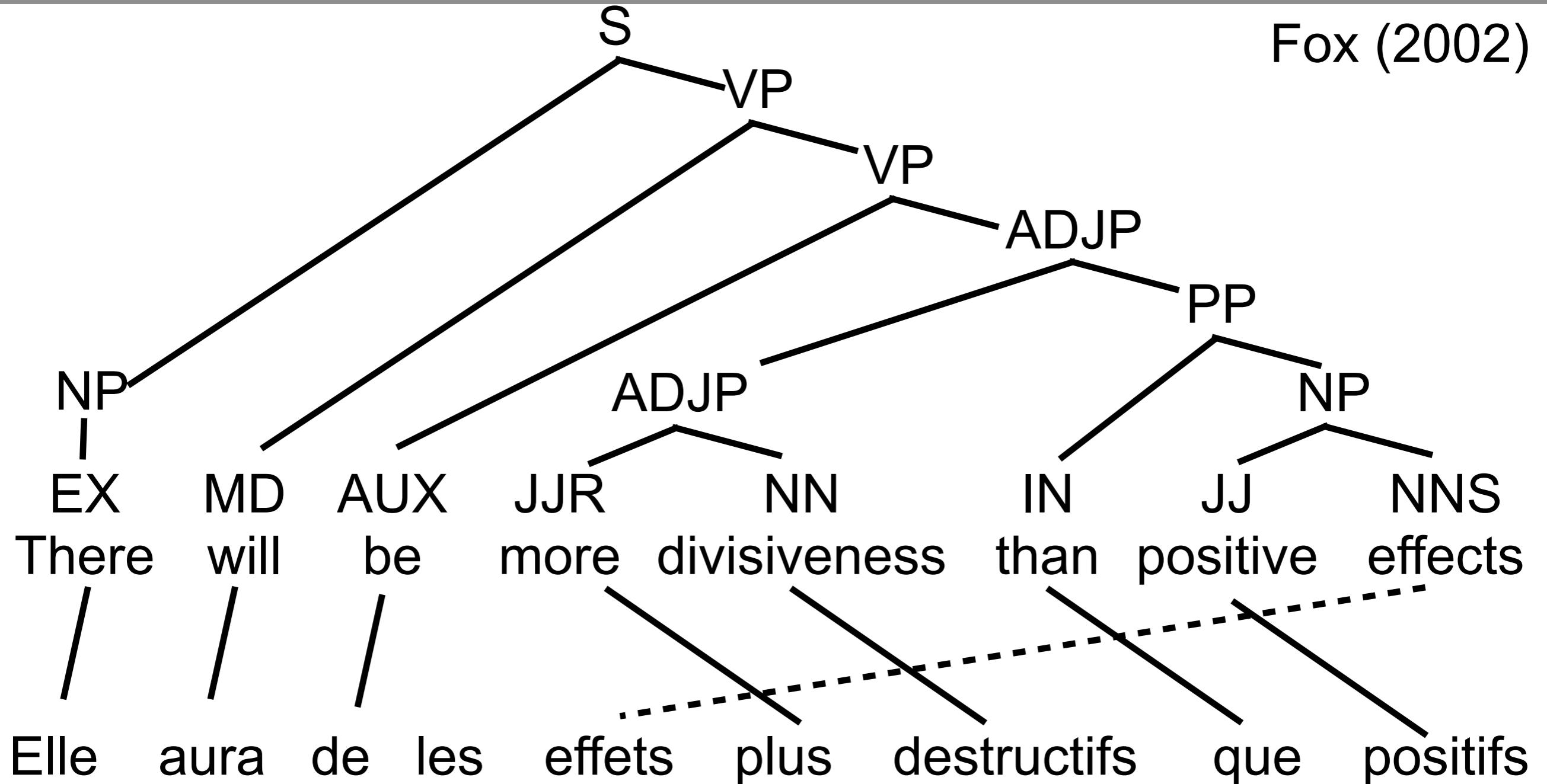
Simpler data-driven
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Syntax is bad for translation

- The IBM Models were the dominant approach to SMT from the ‘90s until mid 2000s
 - Eschewed linguistic information
- A number of studies cast doubt on whether linguistic info could help SMT
 - Fox (2002) showed that “phrasal cohesion” was less common than assumed across even related languages
 - Koehn et al (2003) empirically demonstrated that syntactically motivated phrases made PBMT worse

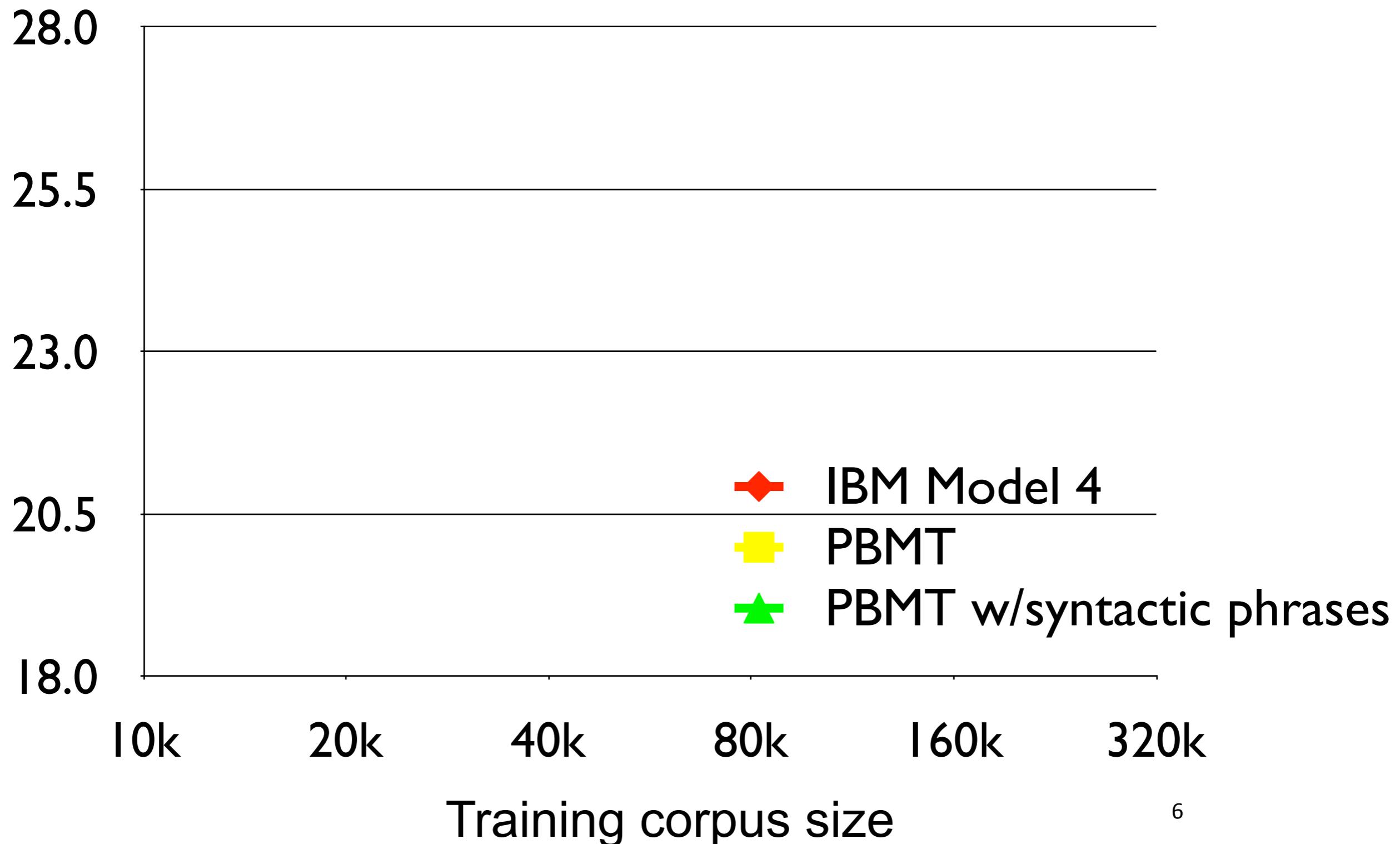
Phrases aren't coherent in bitexts



Gloss: *It will have effects more destructive than positive*

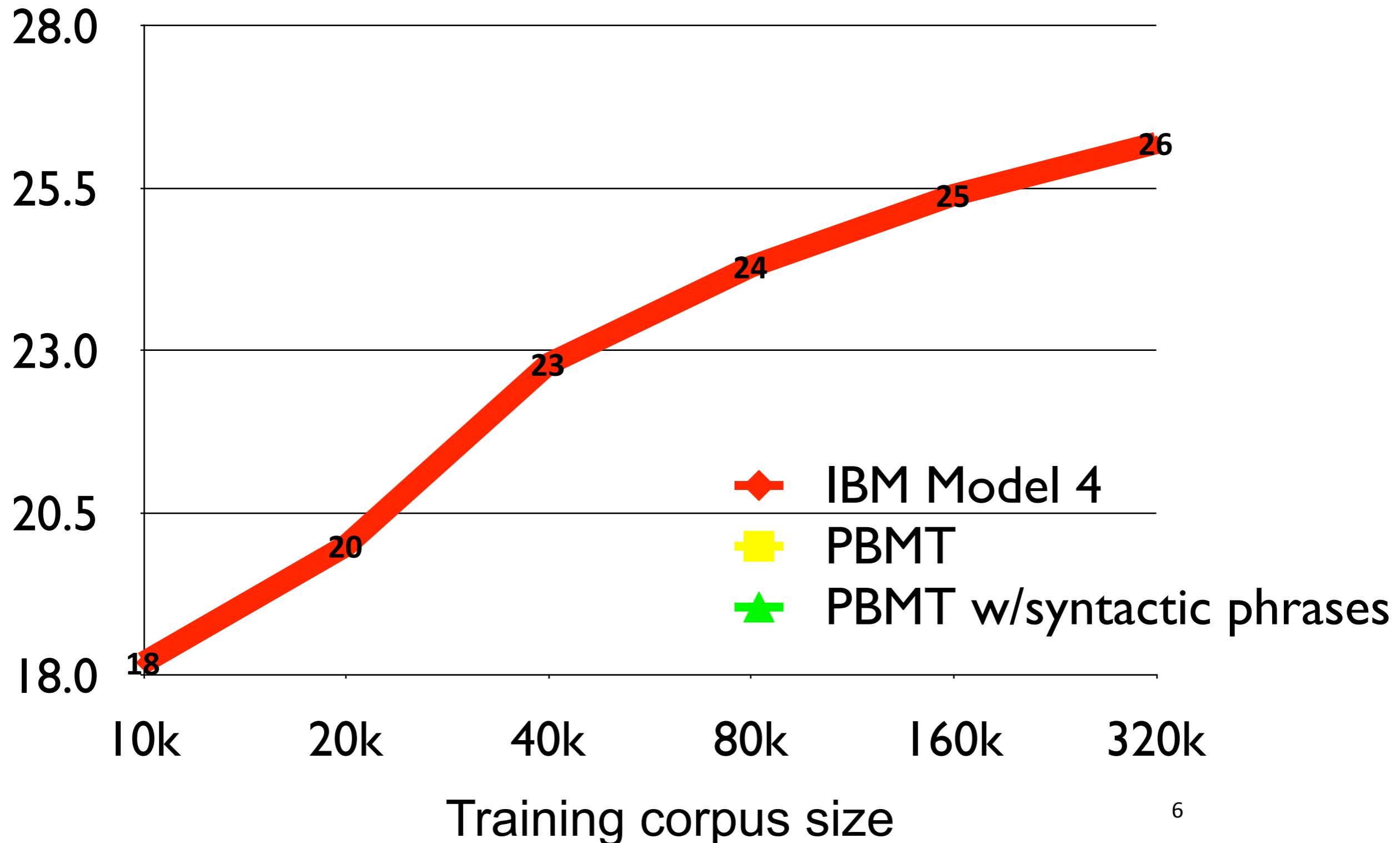
Ouch! Syntax hurts!

Koehn et al (2003)



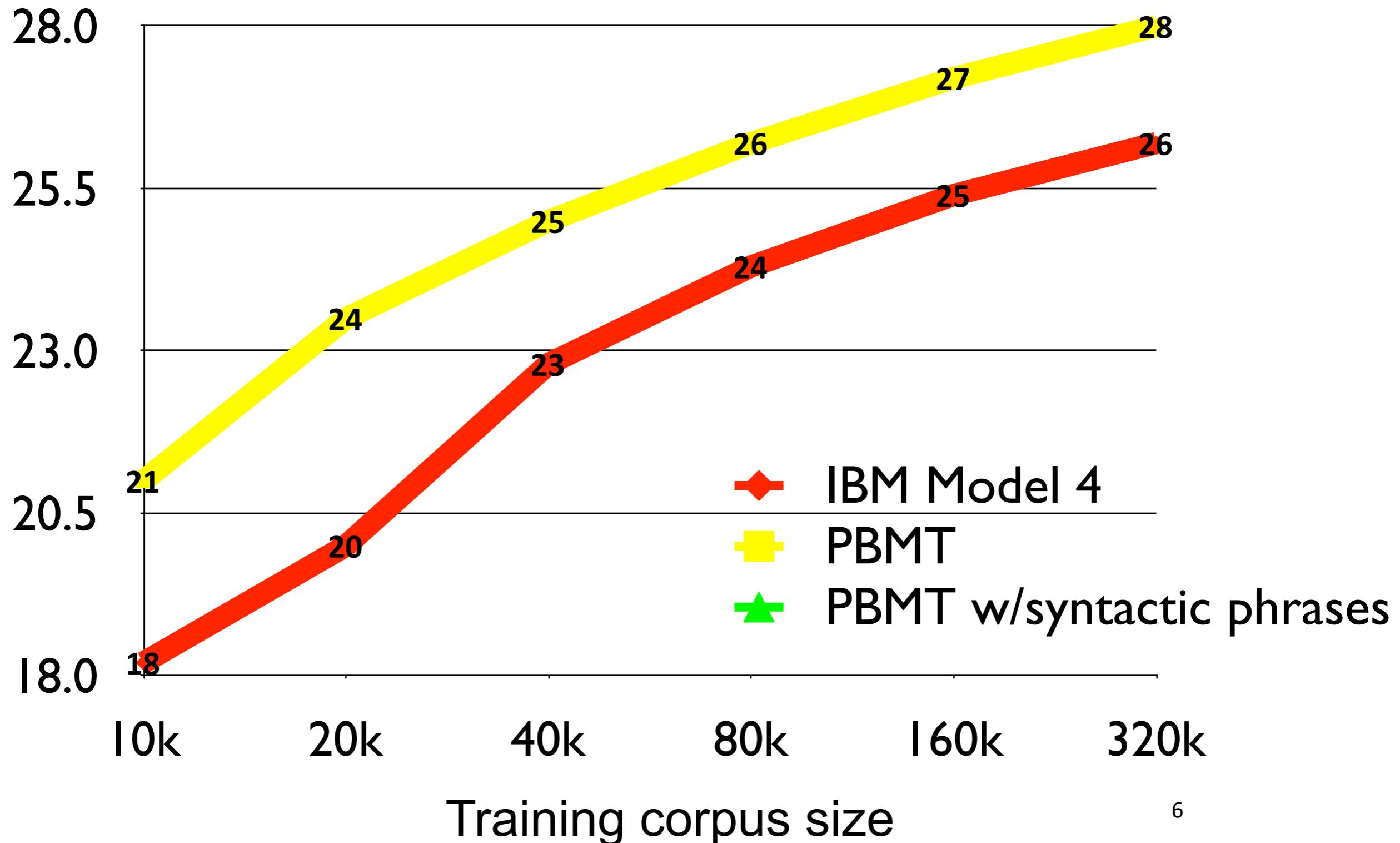
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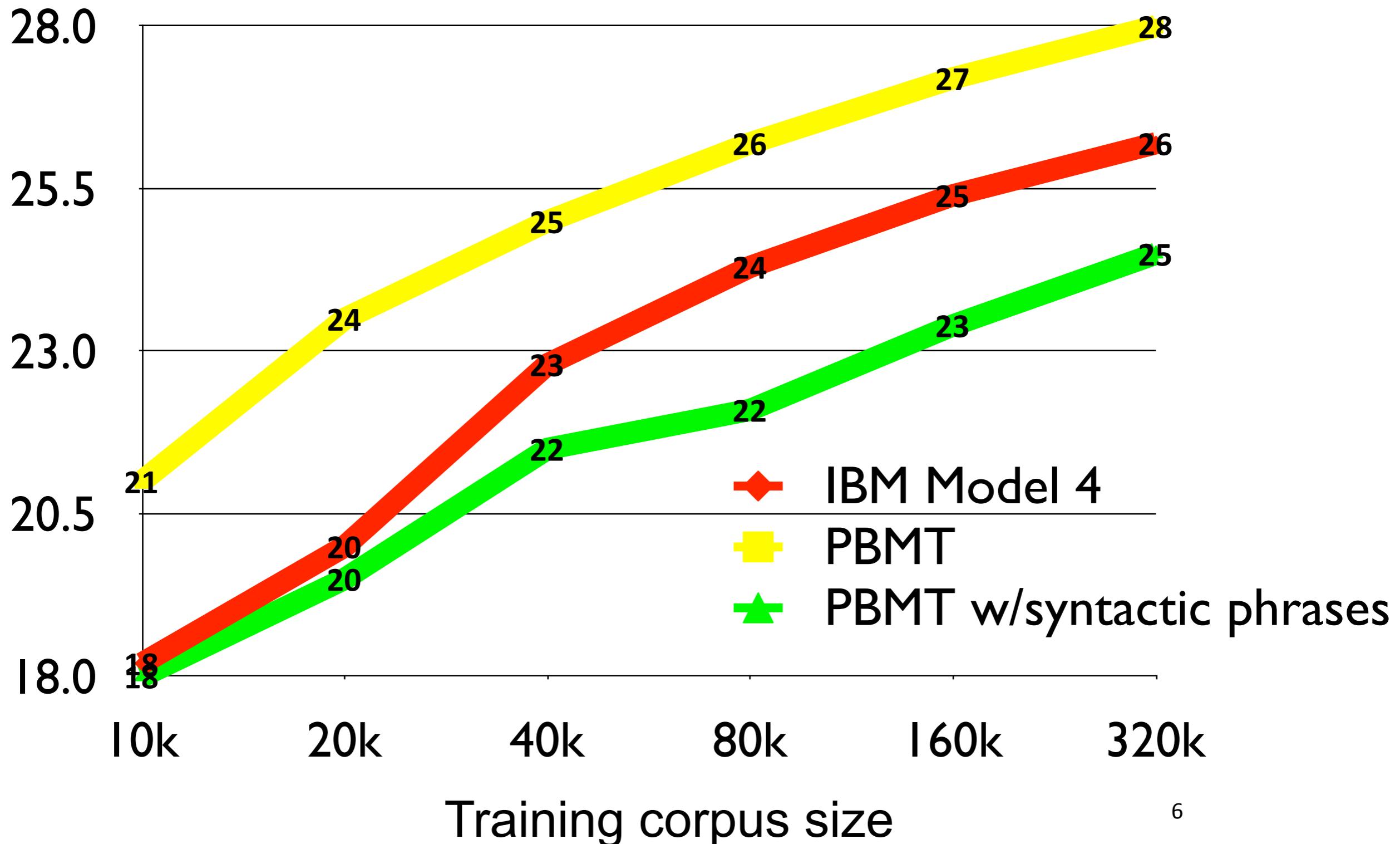
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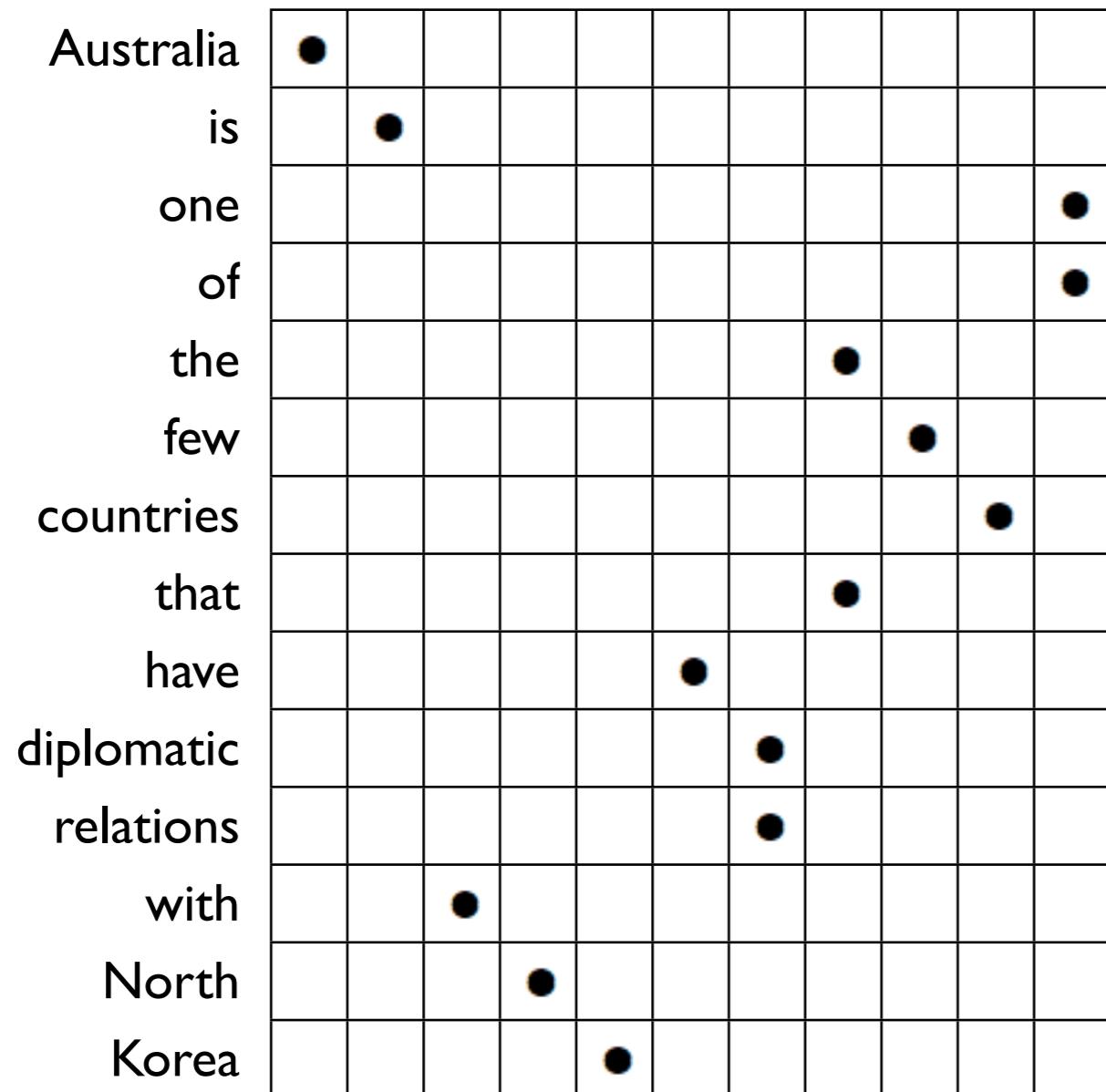
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Extracting phrase pairs

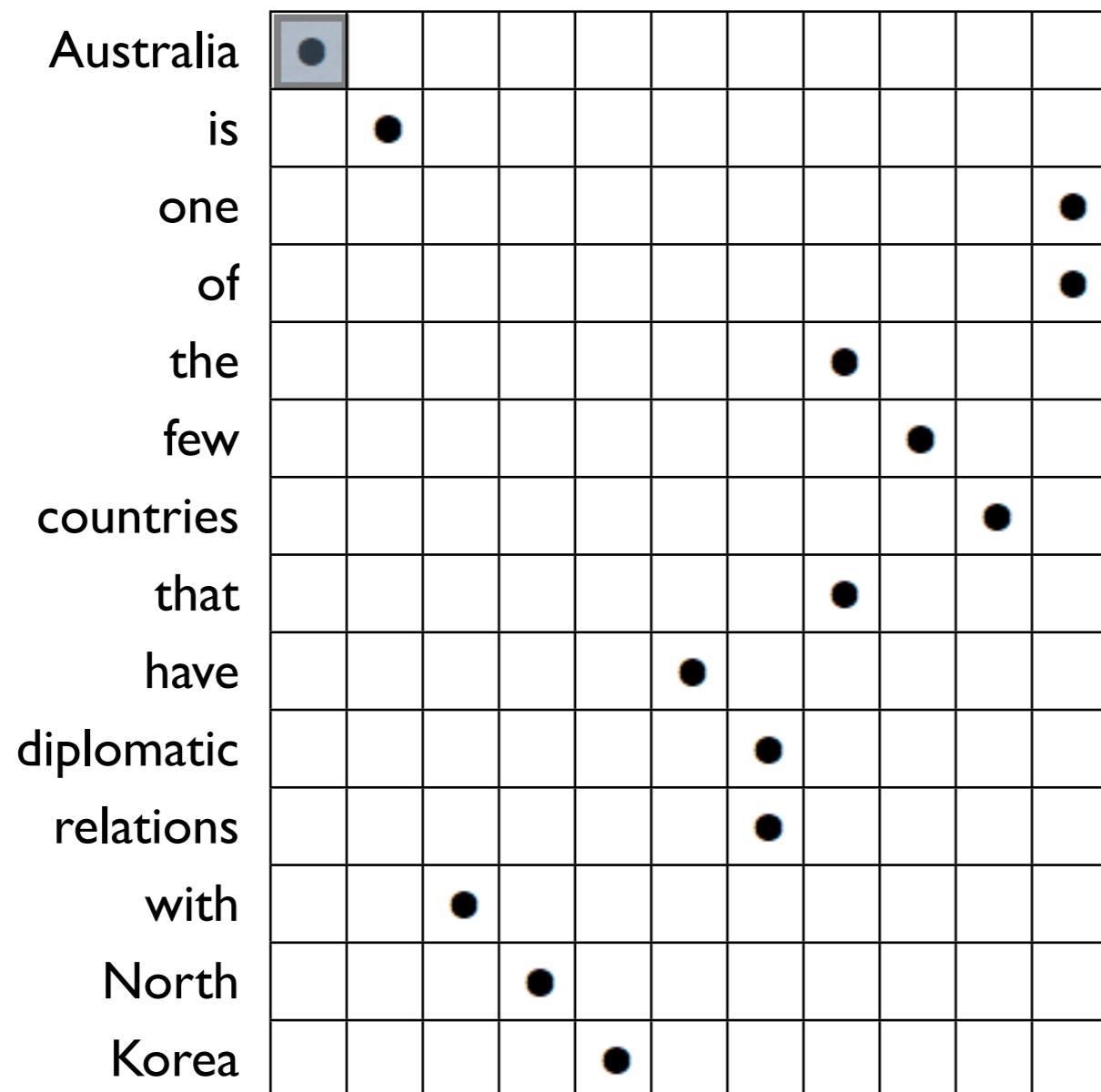
澳洲 是 与 北 韩 有 邦 交 的 少 数 国 家 之



Extracting phrase pairs

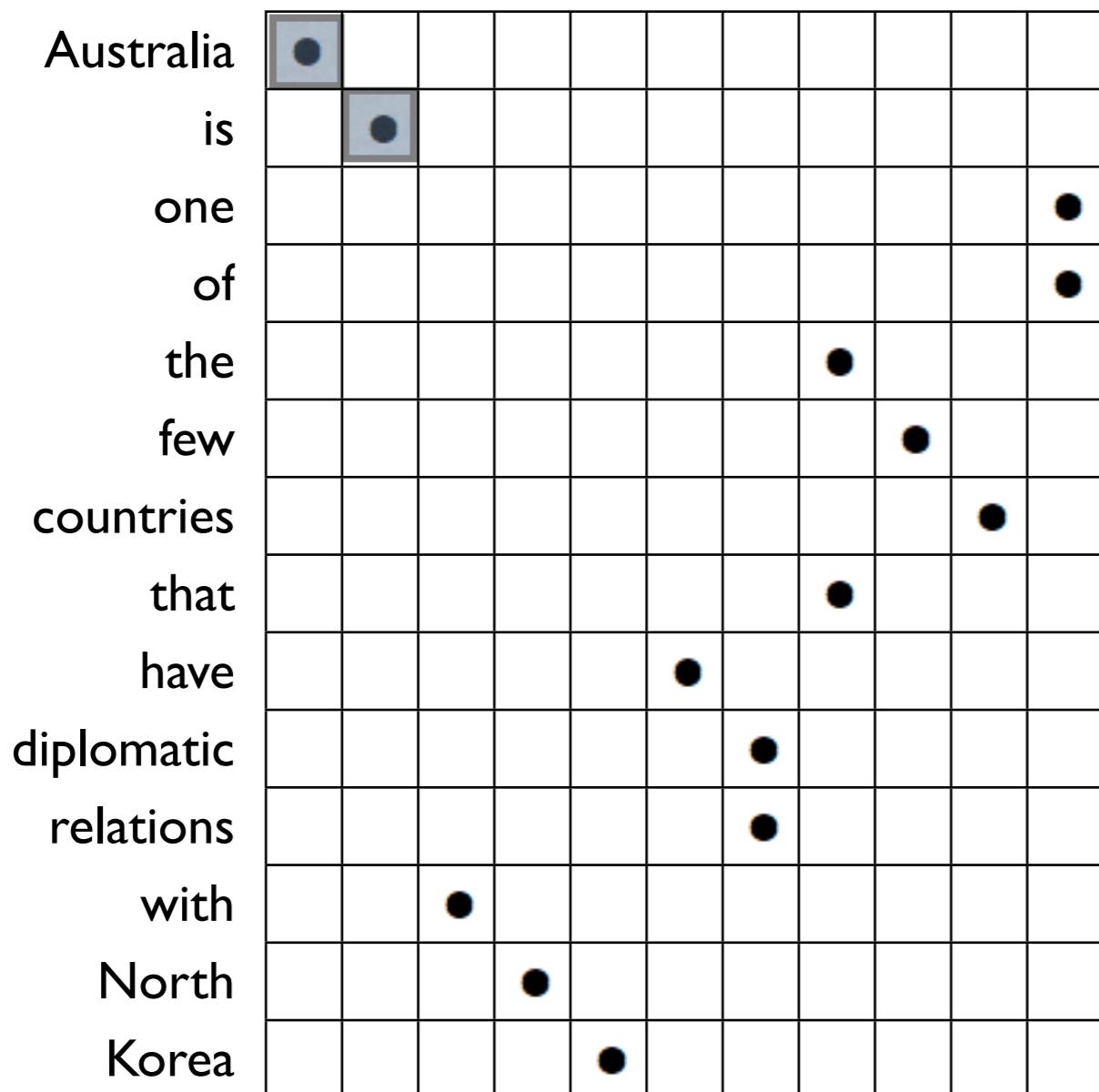
澳洲, Australia

澳洲 是 与 北 韩 有 邦 交 的 少 数 国 家 之 一



Extracting phrase pairs

澳洲 是 与 北 韩 有 邦 交 的 少 数 国 家 之

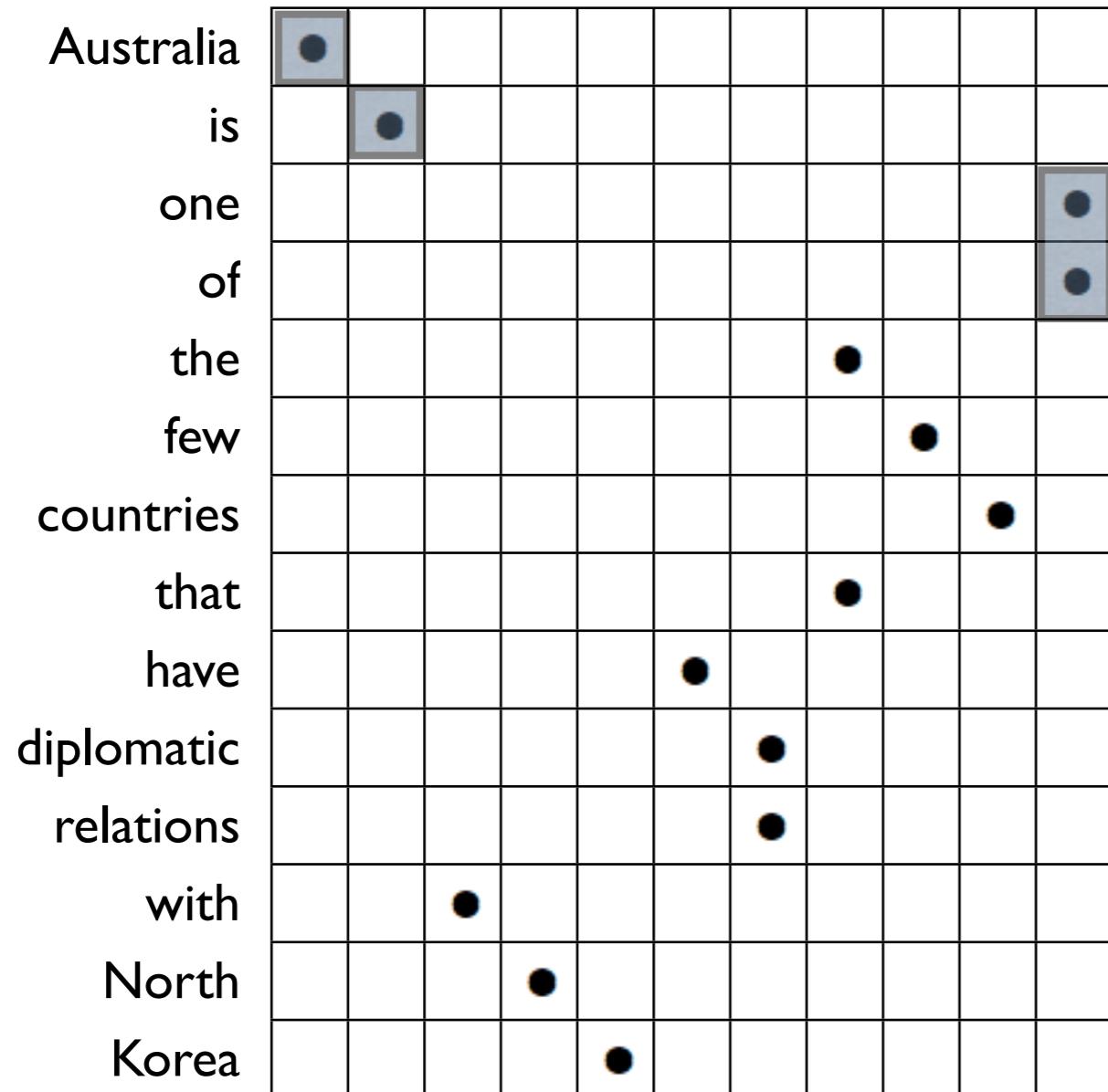


澳洲, Australia
是, is

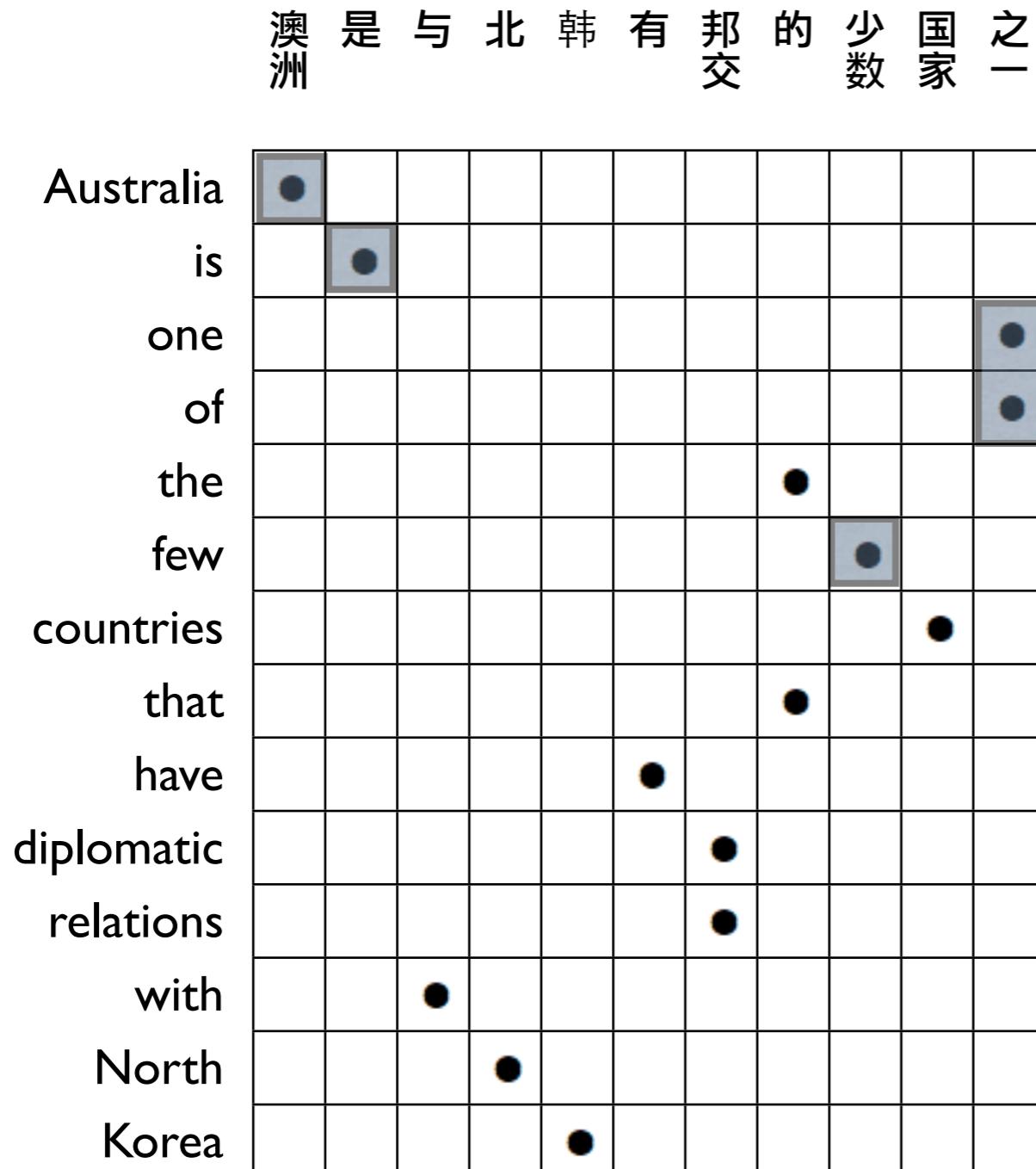
Extracting phrase pairs

澳洲 是 与 北 韩 有 邦 交 的 少 数 国 之

澳洲, Australia
是, is
之一, one of



Extracting phrase pairs



澳洲, Australia

是, is

之一, one of

少数, few

Extracting phrase pairs

澳洲 是 与 北 韩 有 邦 交 的 少 数 国 之
Australia is one of the few countries that have diplomatic relations with North Korea

澳洲, Australia

是, is

之一, one of

少数, few

国家, countries

有, have

邦交, diplomatic relations

与, with

北, North

韩, Korea

Extracting phrase pairs

澳洲 是 与 北 韩 有 邦 交 的 少 数 国 家 之
Australia is one of the few countries that have diplomatic relations with North Korea

澳洲, Australia

是, is

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少数, few

国家, countries

有, have

邦交, diplomatic relations

与, with

北, North

韩, Korea

澳洲是, Australia is

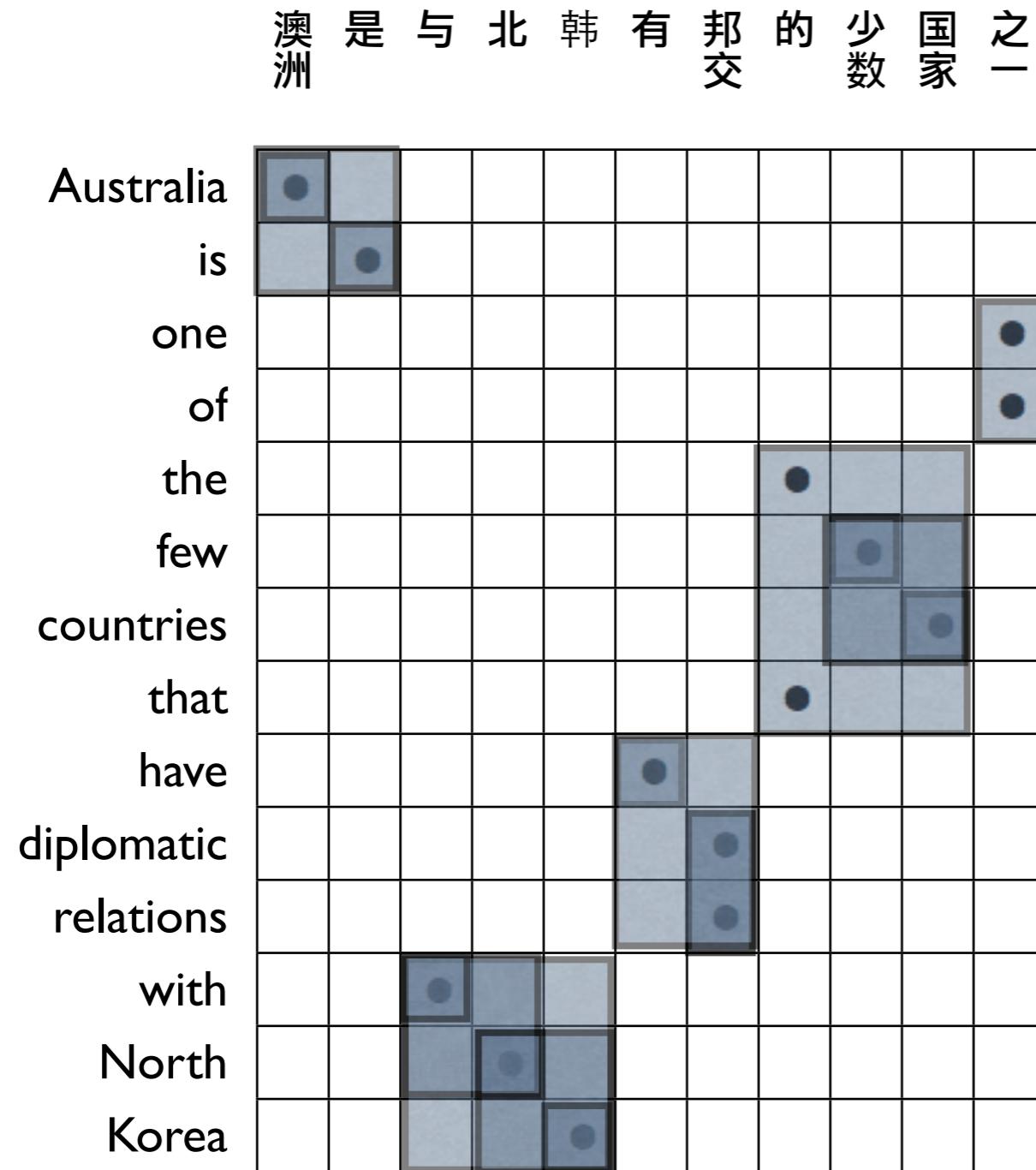
少数 国家, few countries

有邦交, have diplomatic relations

与北, with North

北韩, North Korea

Extracting phrase pairs



澳洲, Australia

是, is

之一, one of

少数, few

国家, countries

有, have

邦交, diplomatic relations

与, with

北, North

韩, Korea

澳洲是, Australia is

少数 国家, few countries

有邦交, have diplomatic relations

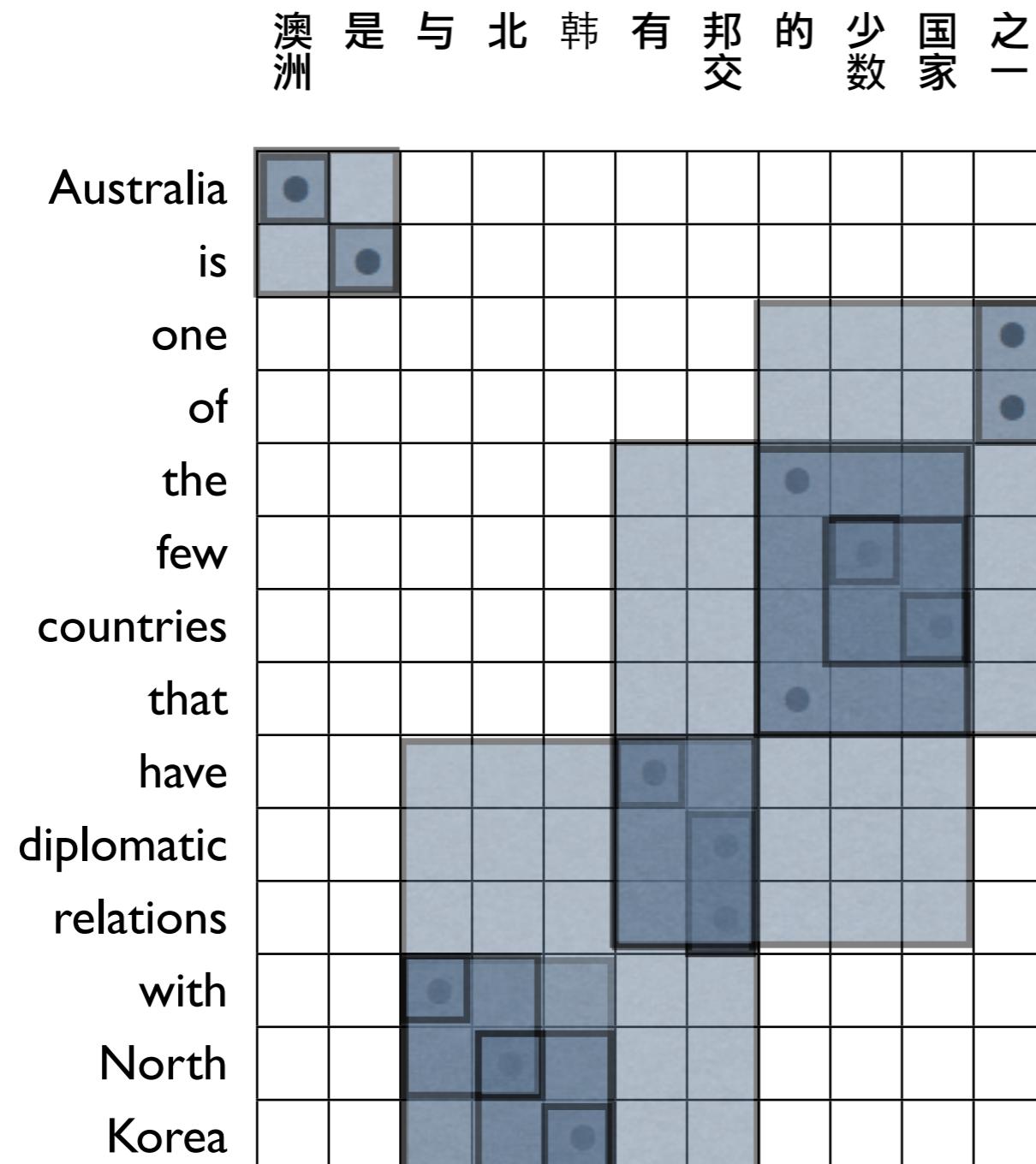
与北, with North

北韩, North Korea

的少数 国家, the few countries that

与北韩, with North Korea

Extracting phrase pairs



澳洲, Australia

是, is

之一, one of

少数, few

国家, countries

有, have

邦交, diplomatic relations

与, with

北, North

韩, Korea

澳洲是, Australia is

少数 国家, few countries

有邦交, have diplomatic relations

与北, with North

北韩, North Korea

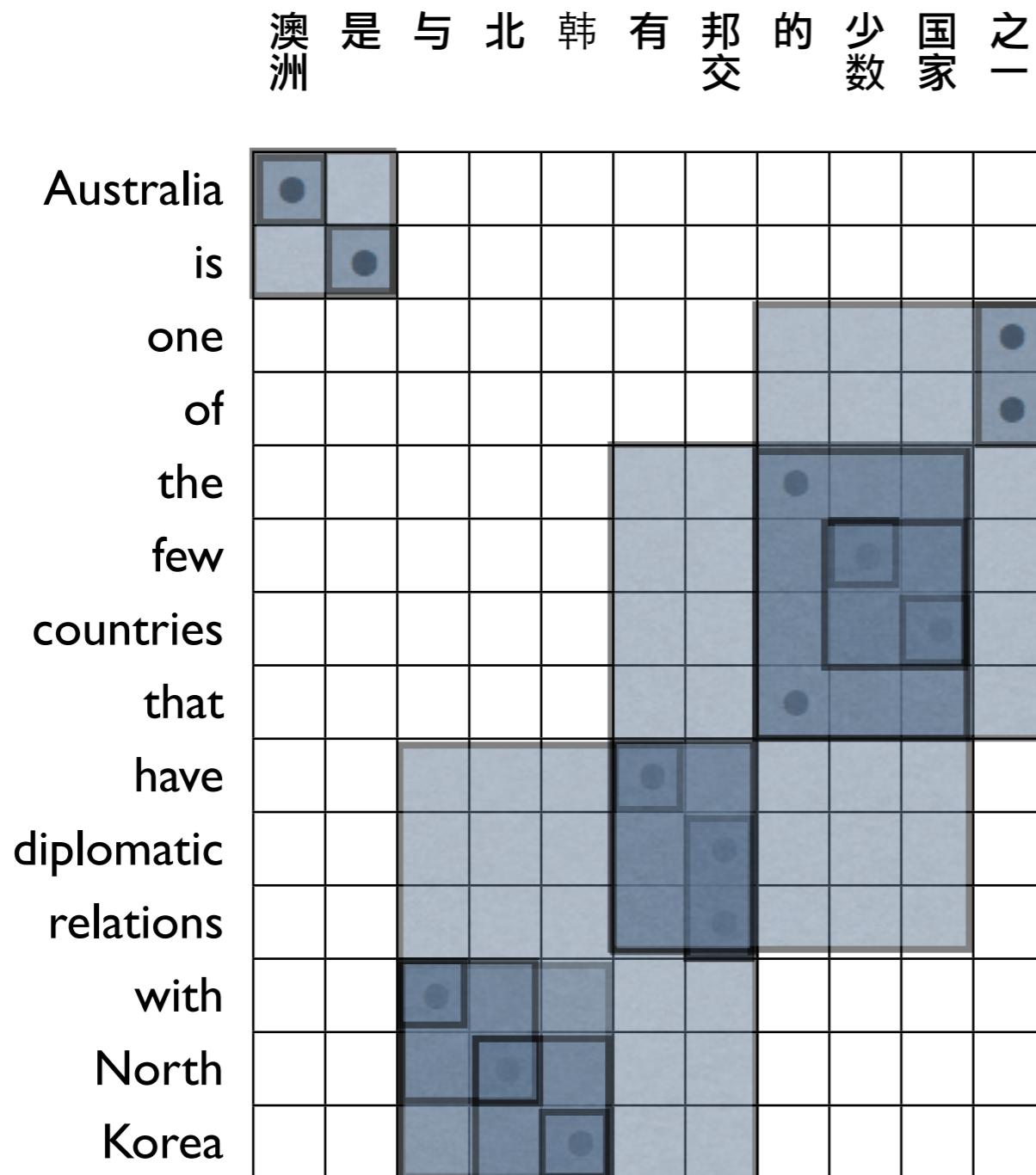
的少数 国家, the few countries that
与北韩, with North Korea

之一的少数 国家, one of the the few
countries that

与北韩 有邦交, have diplomatic
relations with North Korea

有邦交 的少数 国家, the few countries
that have diplomatic relations

Extracting phrase pairs



澳洲, Australia

是, is

少数, few

国家, countries

有, have

邦交, diplomatic relations

与, with

北, North

韩, Korea

少数 国家, few countries

北韩, North Korea

与北韩, with North Korea

与北韩 有邦交, have diplomatic
relations with North Korea

Why does it hurt to limit to constituents?

- Massively reduces the inventory of phrases that can be used as translation units
- Eliminates non-constituent phrases, many of which are quite useful
 - *there are*
 - *note that*
 - *according to*

So, what should we do?

- Drop **syntax** from statistical machine translation, since syntax is a bad fit for the data
- Abandon conventional English syntax and move towards **more robust grammars** that adapt to the parallel training corpus
- Maintain English syntax but **design different syntactic models**

Synchronous Context Free Grammars

- A common way of representing syntax in NLP is through **context free grammars**
- **Synchronous** context free grammars generate **pairs** of corresponding strings
- Can be used to describe **translation** and **re-ordering** between languages
- SCFGs **translate sentences by parsing them**

Example SCFG for Urdu

	Urdu	English
$S \rightarrow$	$NP\textcircled{1} VP\textcircled{2}$	$NP\textcircled{1} VP\textcircled{2}$
$VP \rightarrow$	$PP\textcircled{1} VP\textcircled{2}$	$VP\textcircled{2} PP\textcircled{1}$
$VP \rightarrow$	$V\textcircled{1} AUX\textcircled{2}$	$AUX\textcircled{2} V\textcircled{1}$
$PP \rightarrow$	$NP\textcircled{1} P\textcircled{2}$	$P\textcircled{2} NP\textcircled{1}$
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>hamd ansary</i>	<i>Hamid Ansari</i>
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>na}b sdr</i>	<i>Vice President</i>
$V \rightarrow$	<i>namzd</i>	<i>nominated</i>
$P \rightarrow$	<i>kylye</i>	<i>for</i>
$AUX \rightarrow$	<i>taa</i>	<i>was</i>

hamd ansary

na}b sdr

kylye

namzd

taa

NP1
△

hamd ansary

na}b sdr

kylye

namzd

taa

NP1
△

Hamid Ansari

NP1



hamd ansary

NP2



na}b sdr

kylye

namzd

taa

NP1

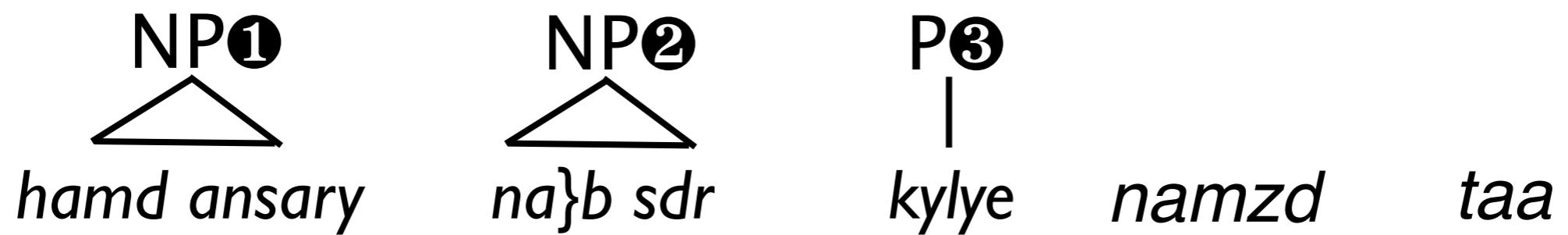


Hamid Ansari

NP2



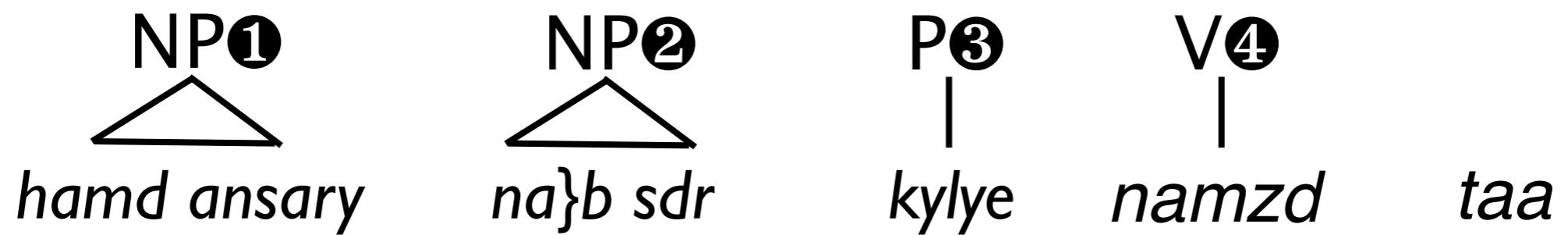
Vice President



NP1
Hamid Ansari

NP2
Vice President

P3
for



NP1
hamd ansary

NP2
na}b sdr

P3
kylye

V4
namzd

AUX5
taa

NP1
Hamid Ansari

NP2
Vice President

P3
for

V4
nominated

AUX5
was

NP1

hamd ansary

NP2

na}b sdr

P3
|
kylye

V4
|
namzd

AUX5
|
taa

NP1

Hamid Ansari

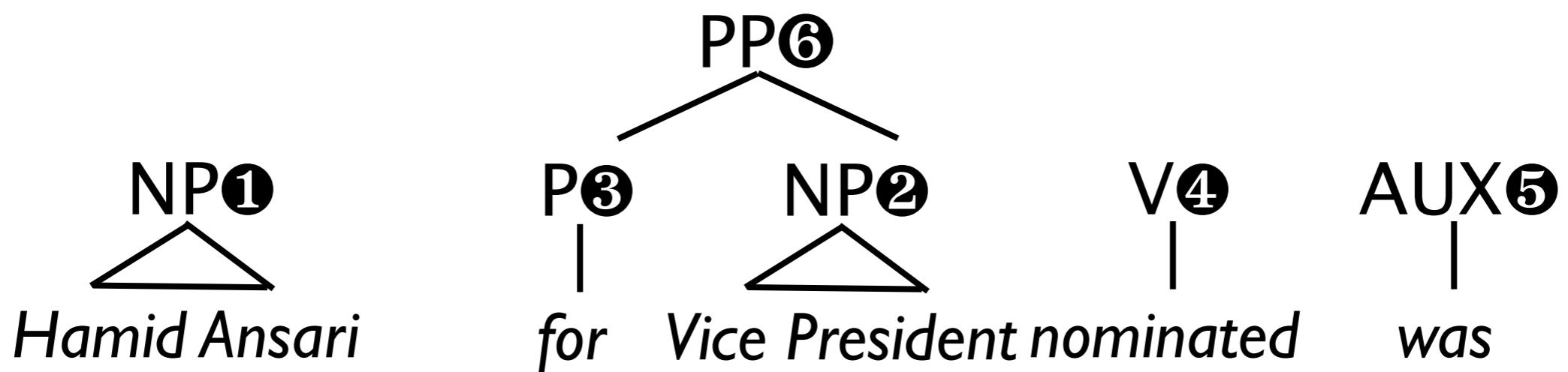
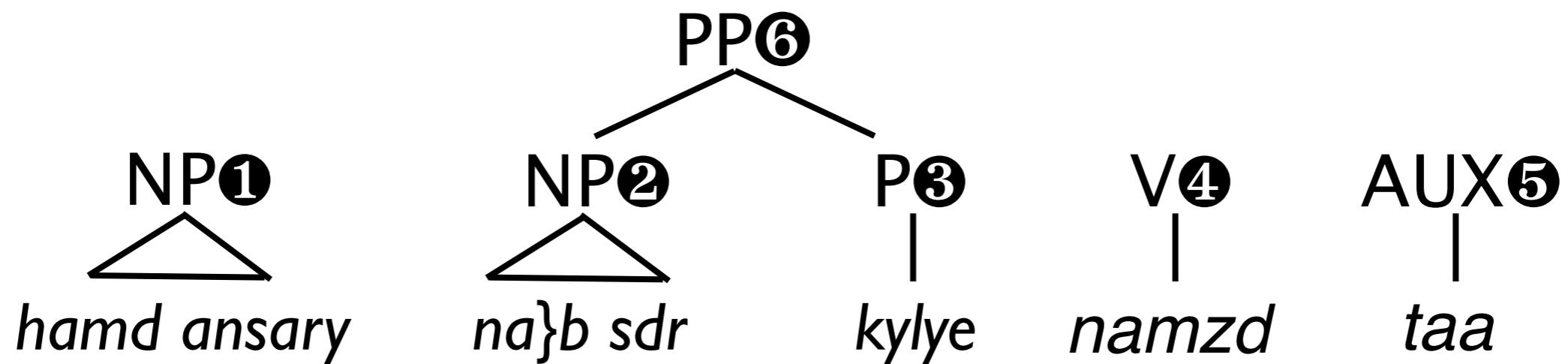
NP2

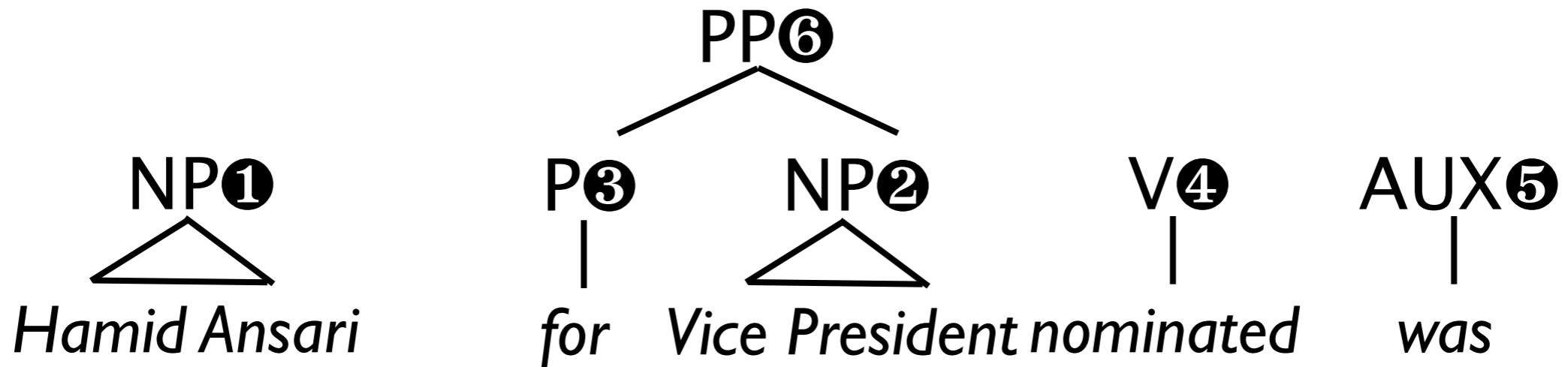
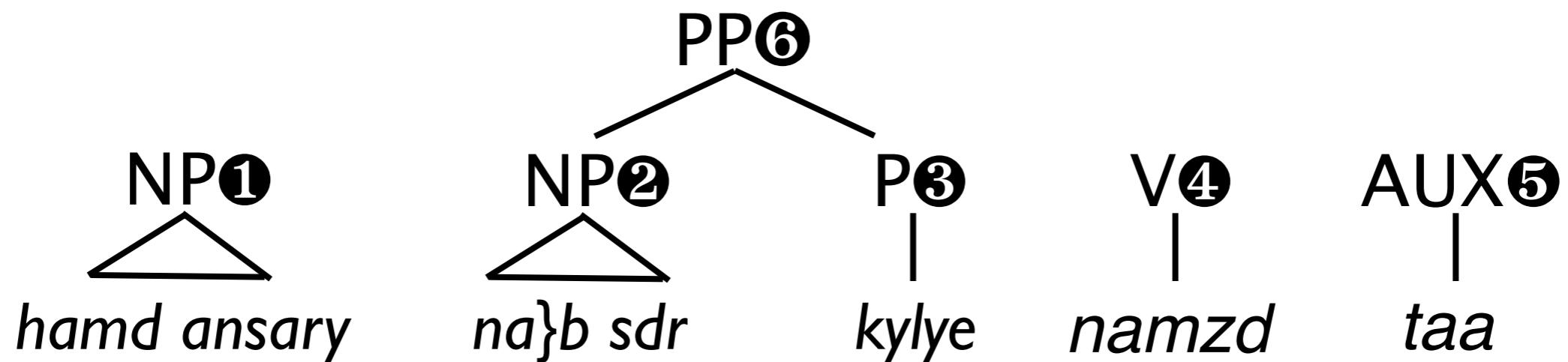
Vice President

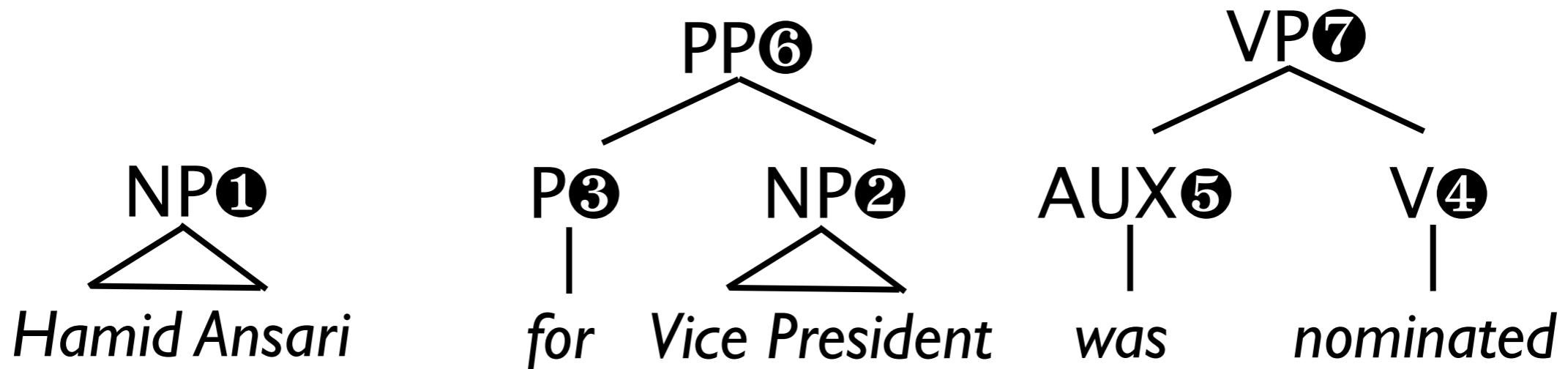
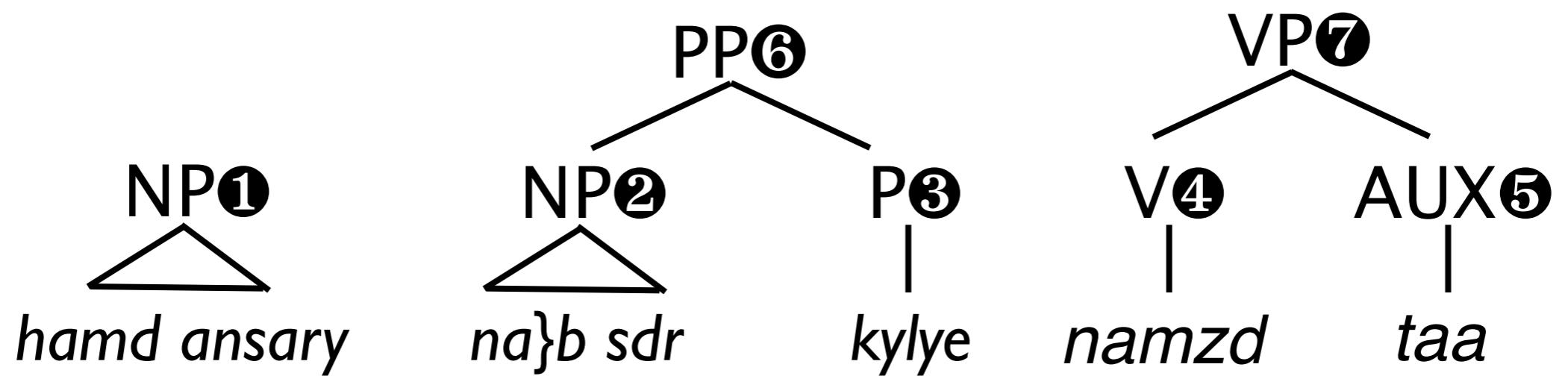
P3
|
for

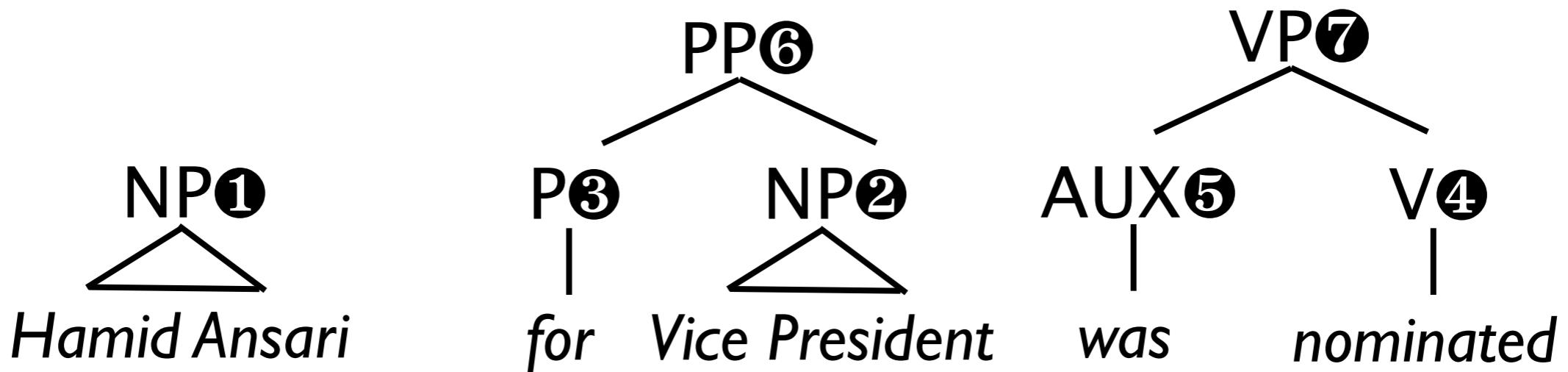
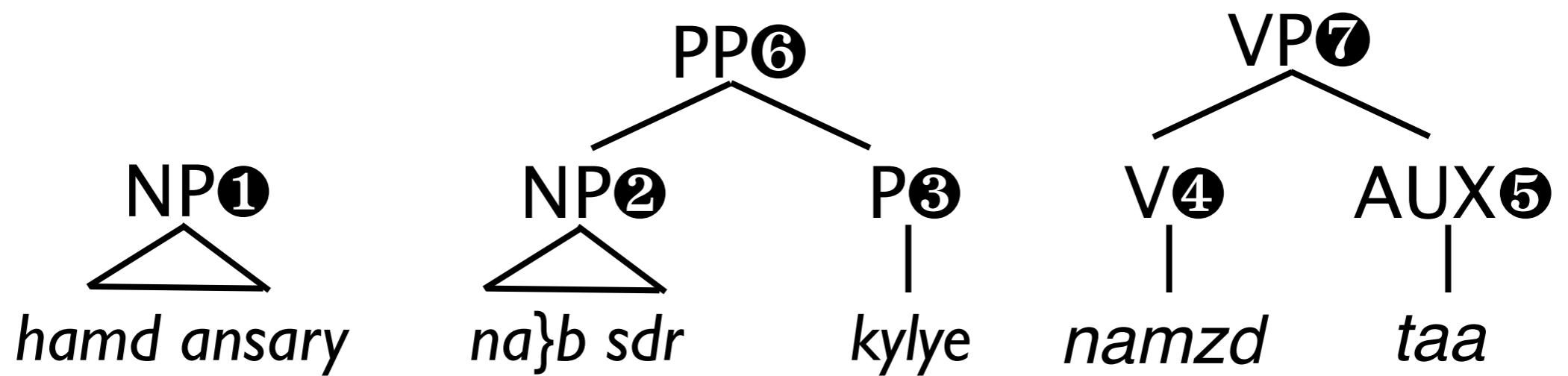
V4
|
nominated

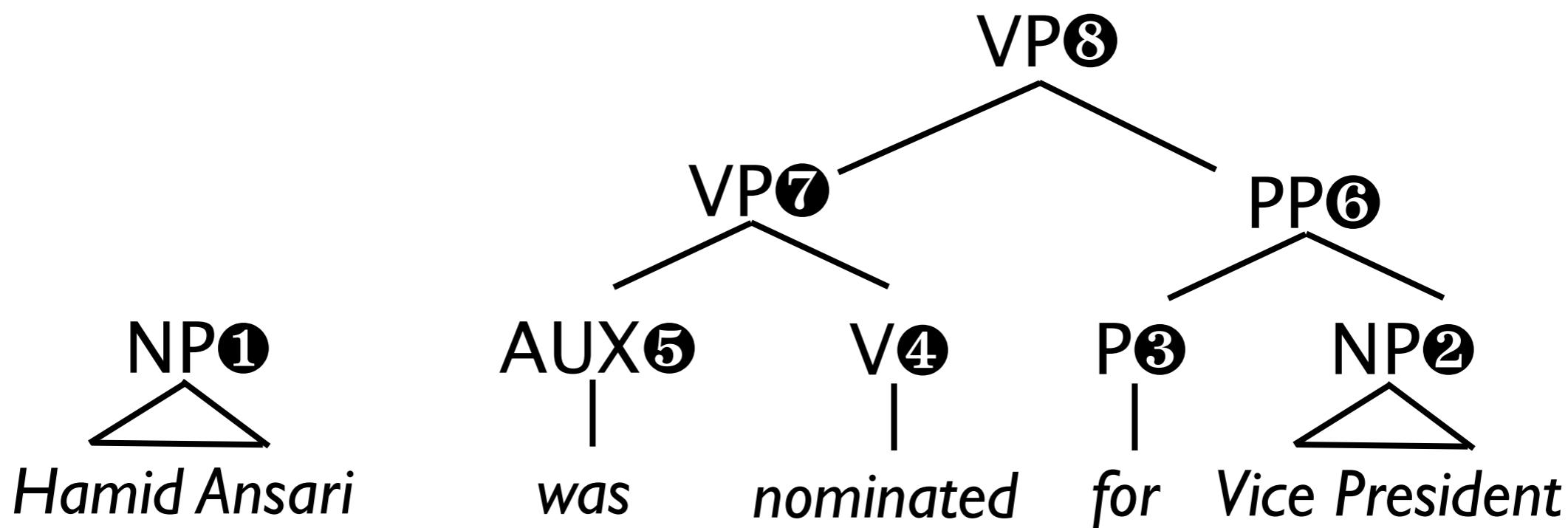
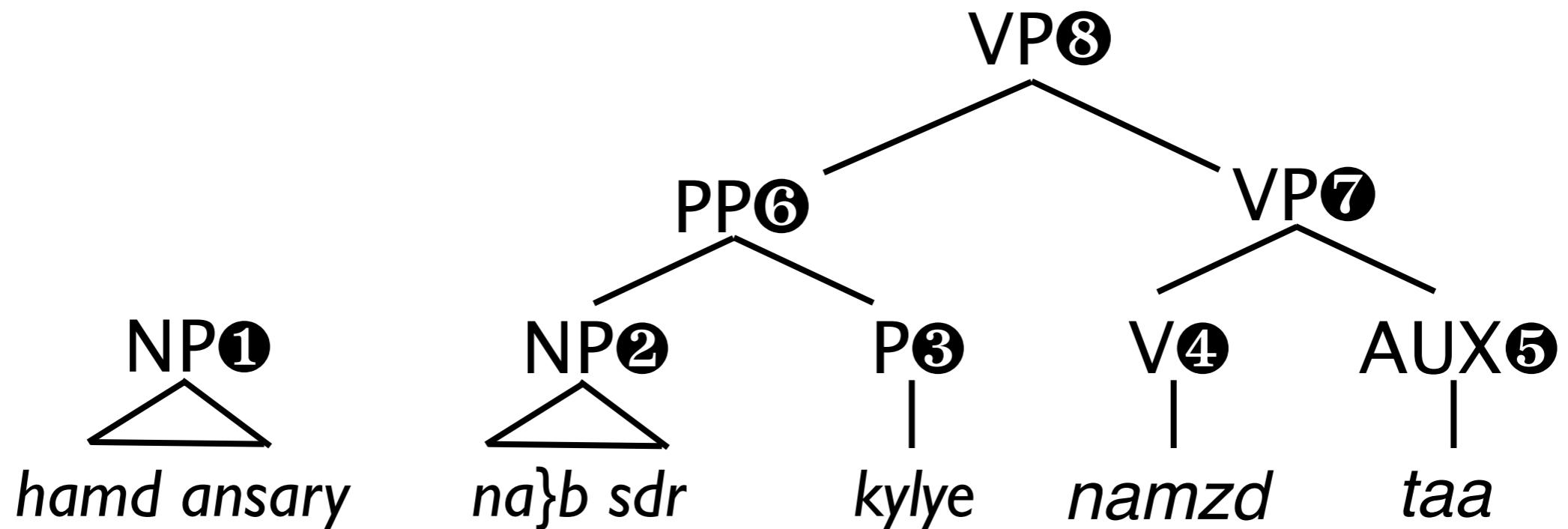
AUX5
|
was

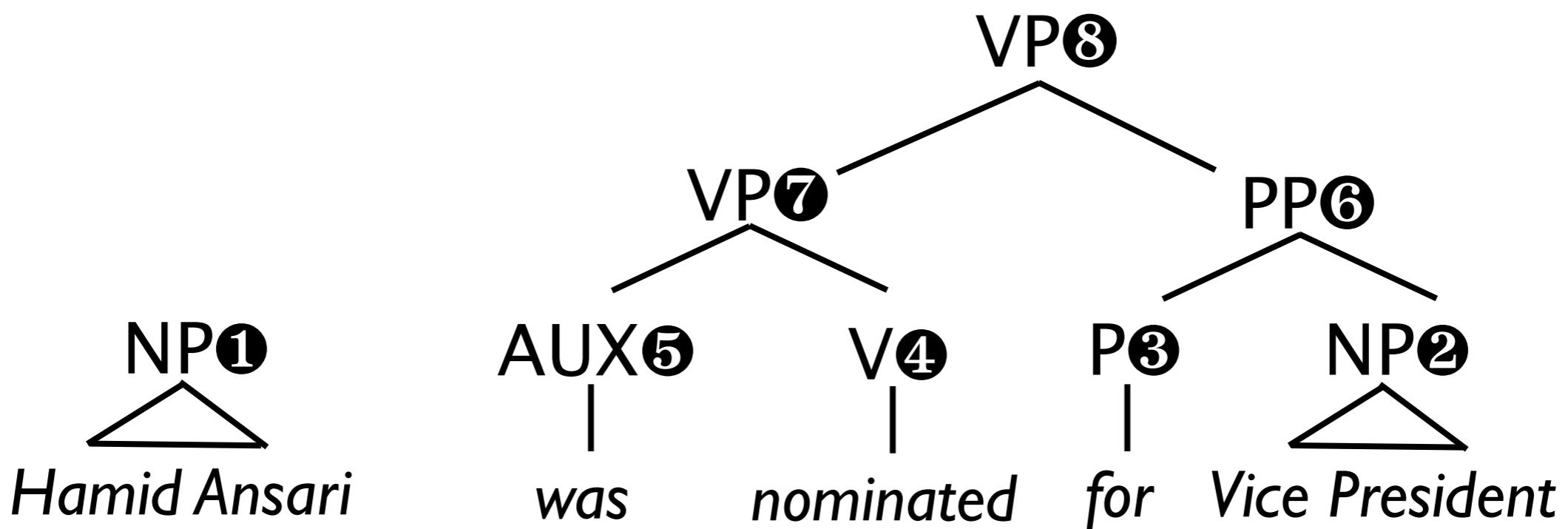
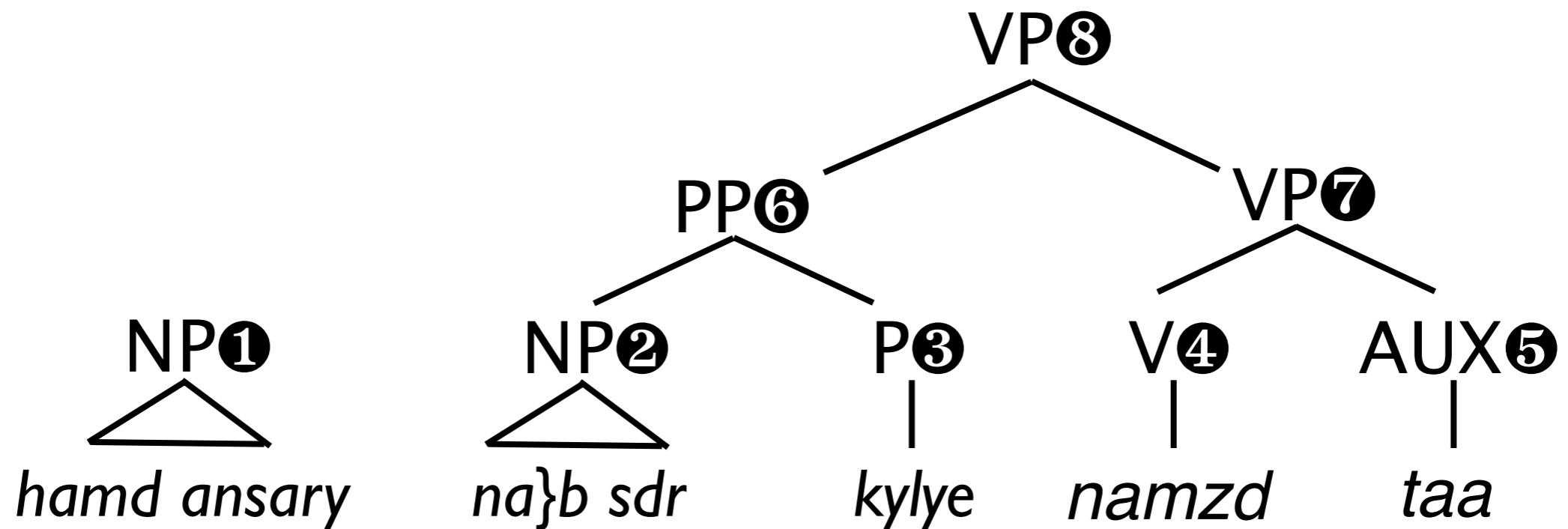


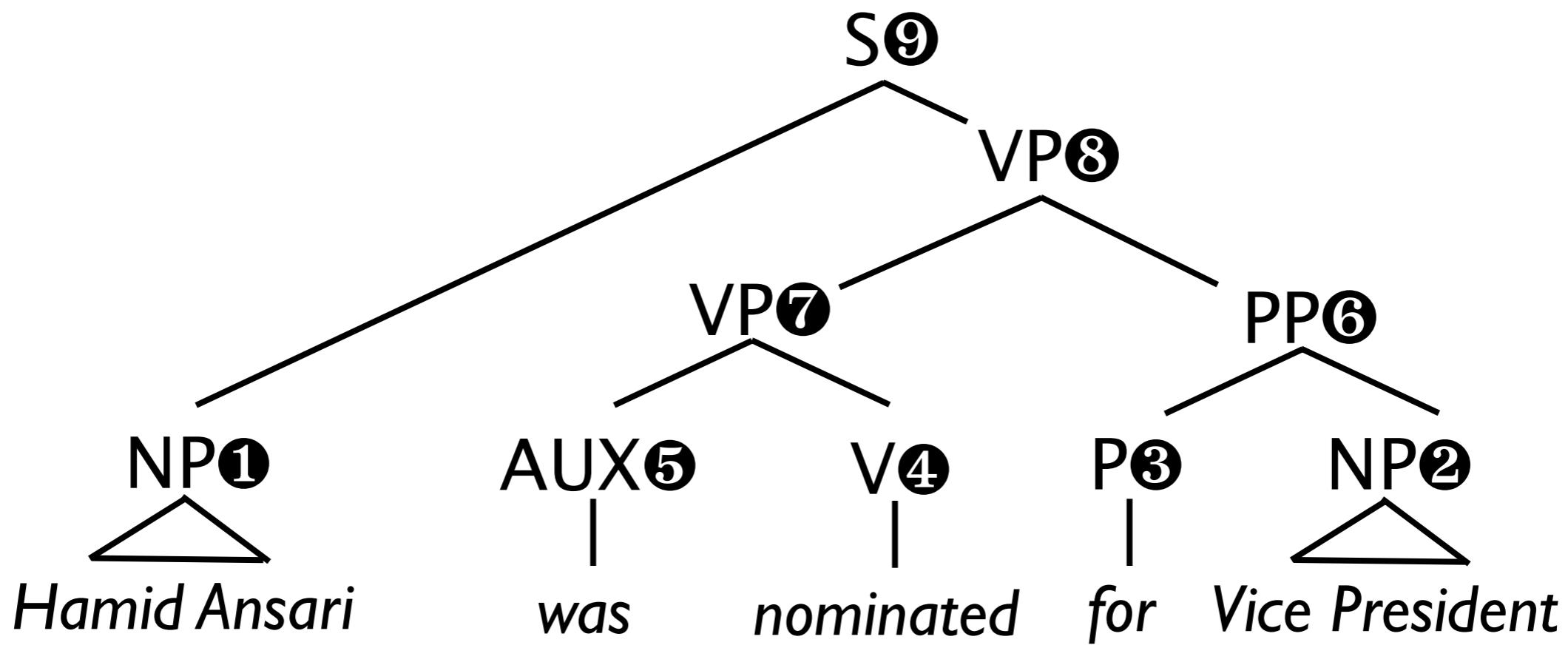
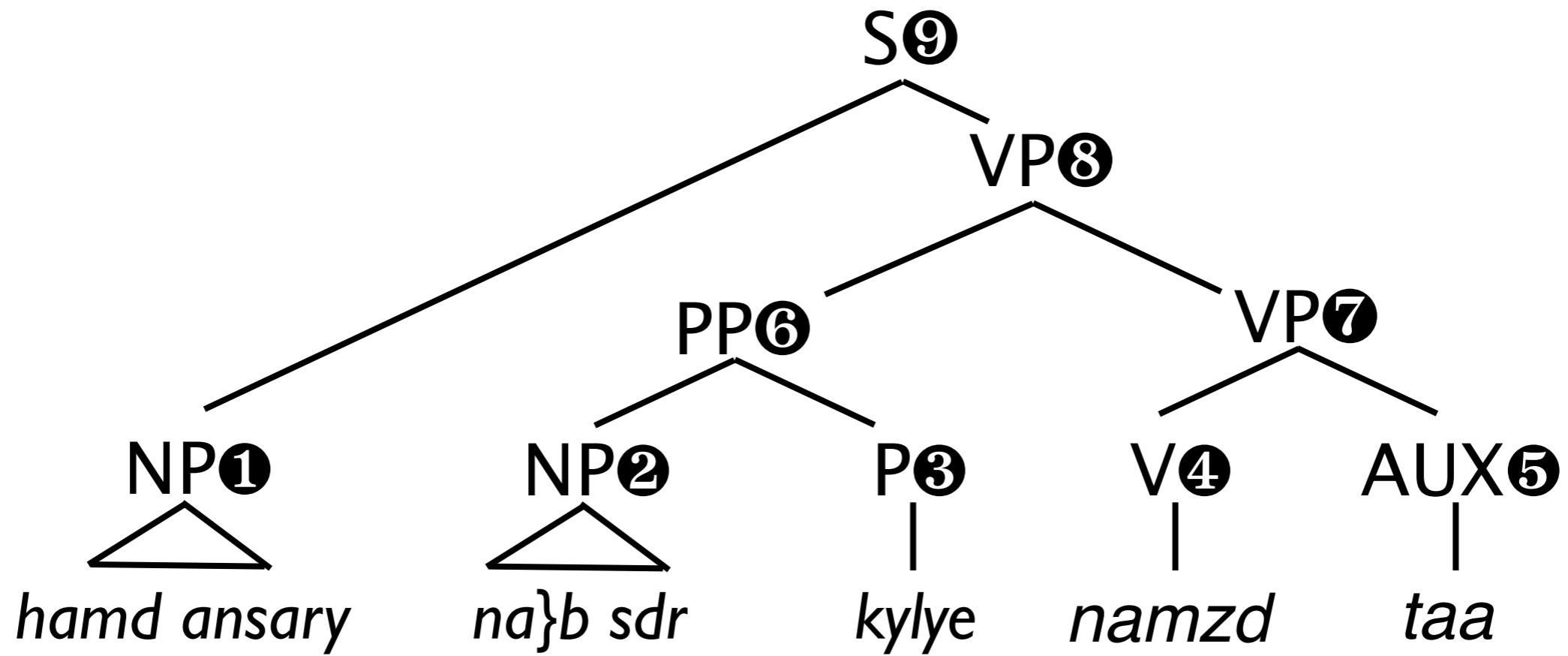










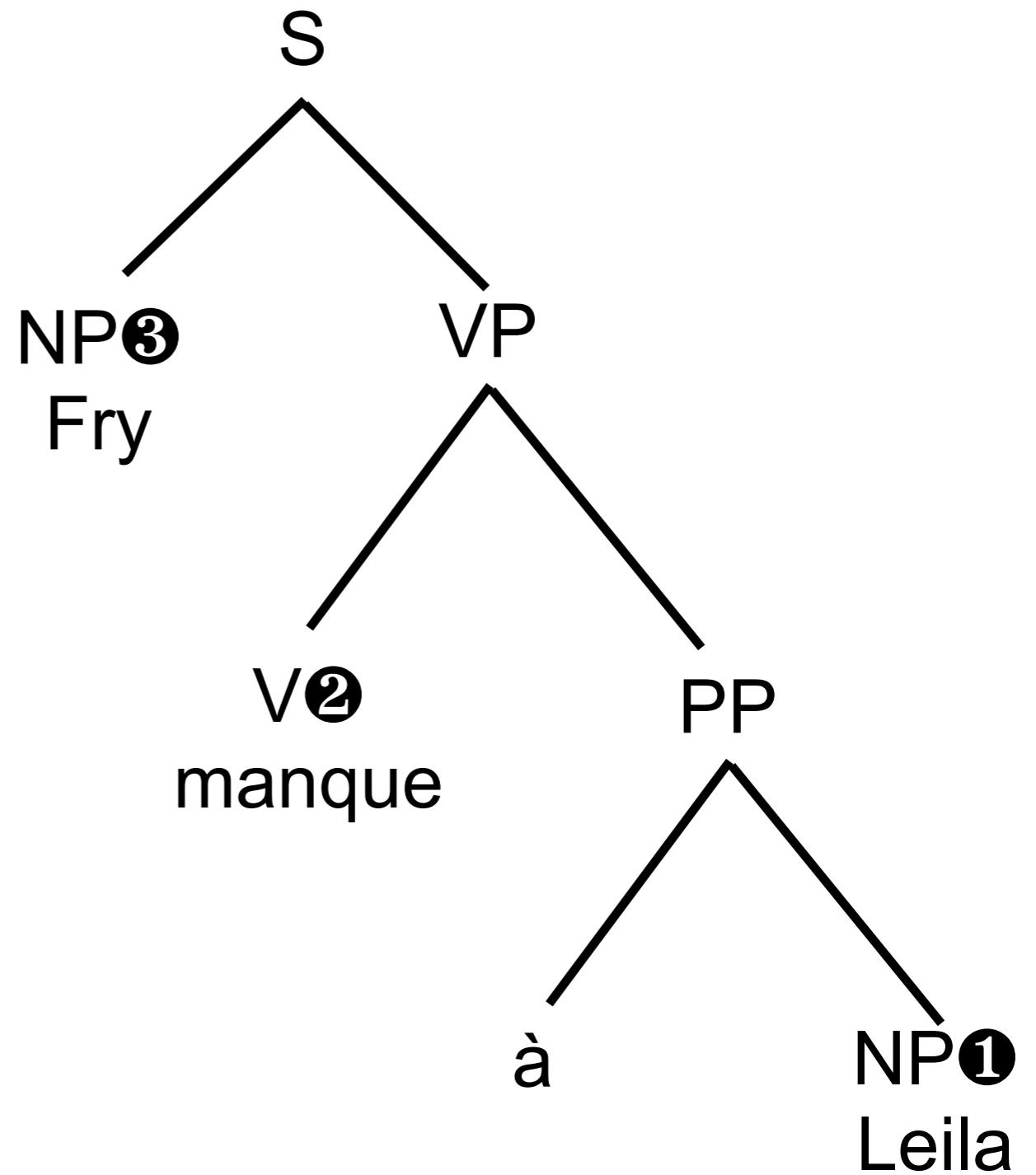
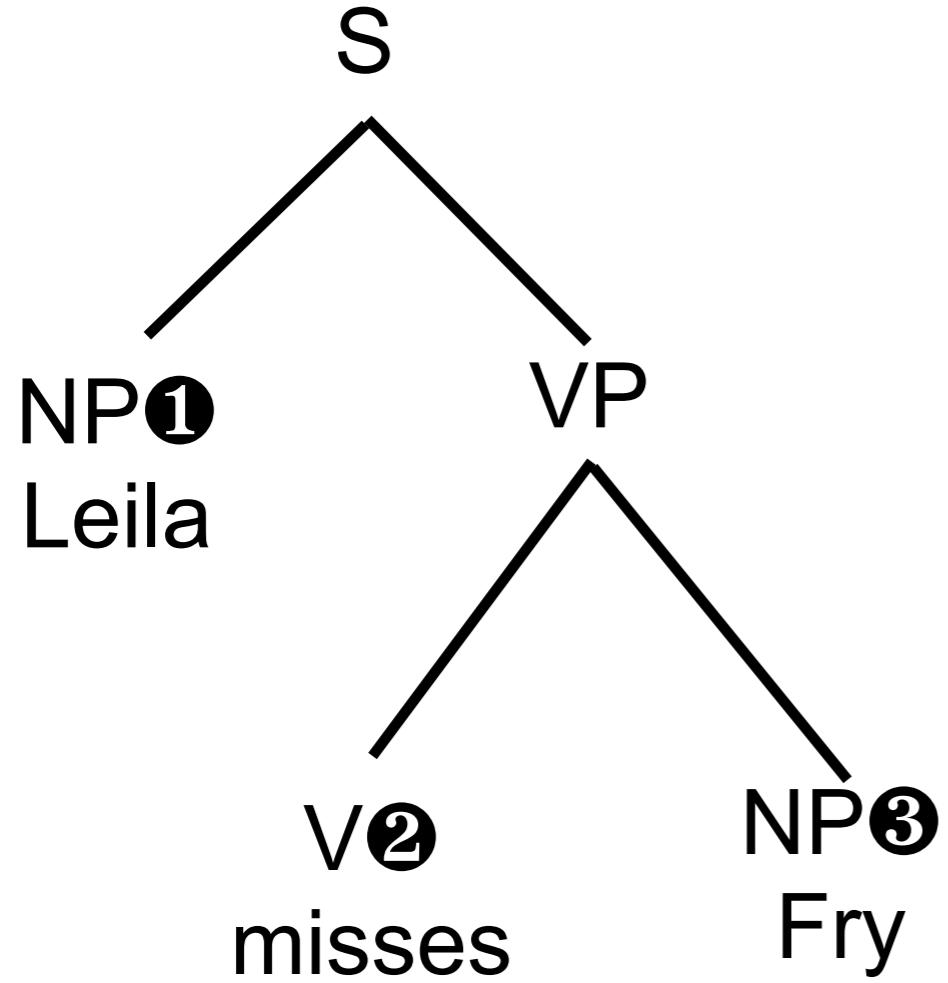


Discussion: Do you like SCFG?

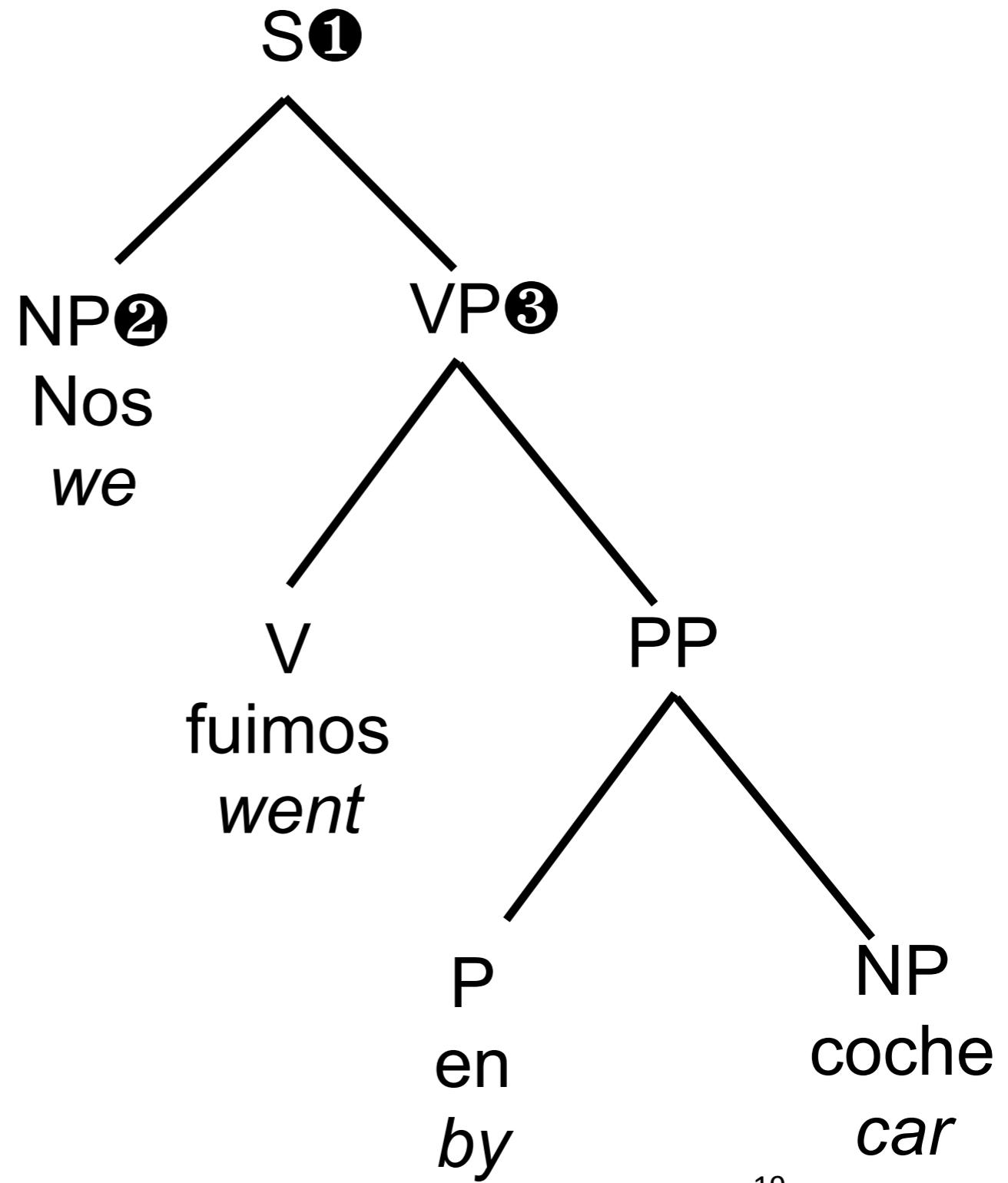
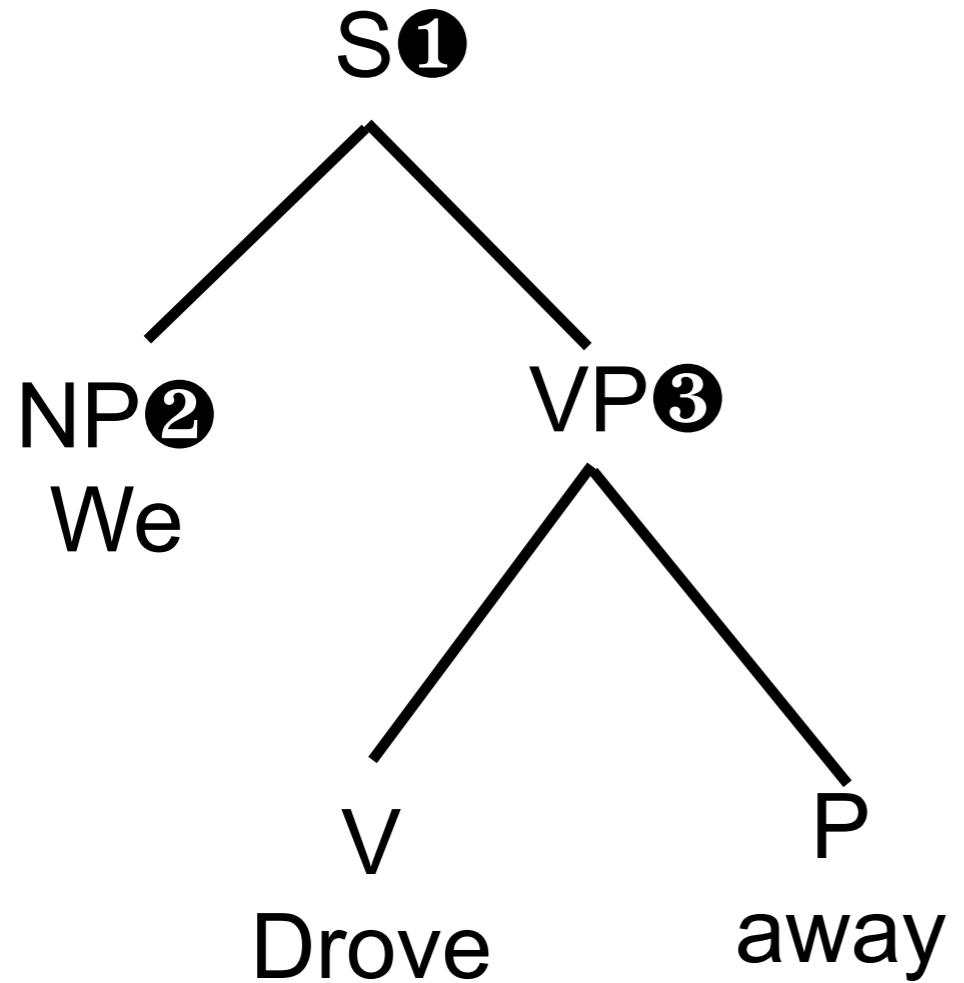
- In what ways are SCFGs better for describing reordering than what we saw before?
- Is this a good model of how languages relate?
- What do you think of the synchronous requirement?

(Discuss with your neighbor)

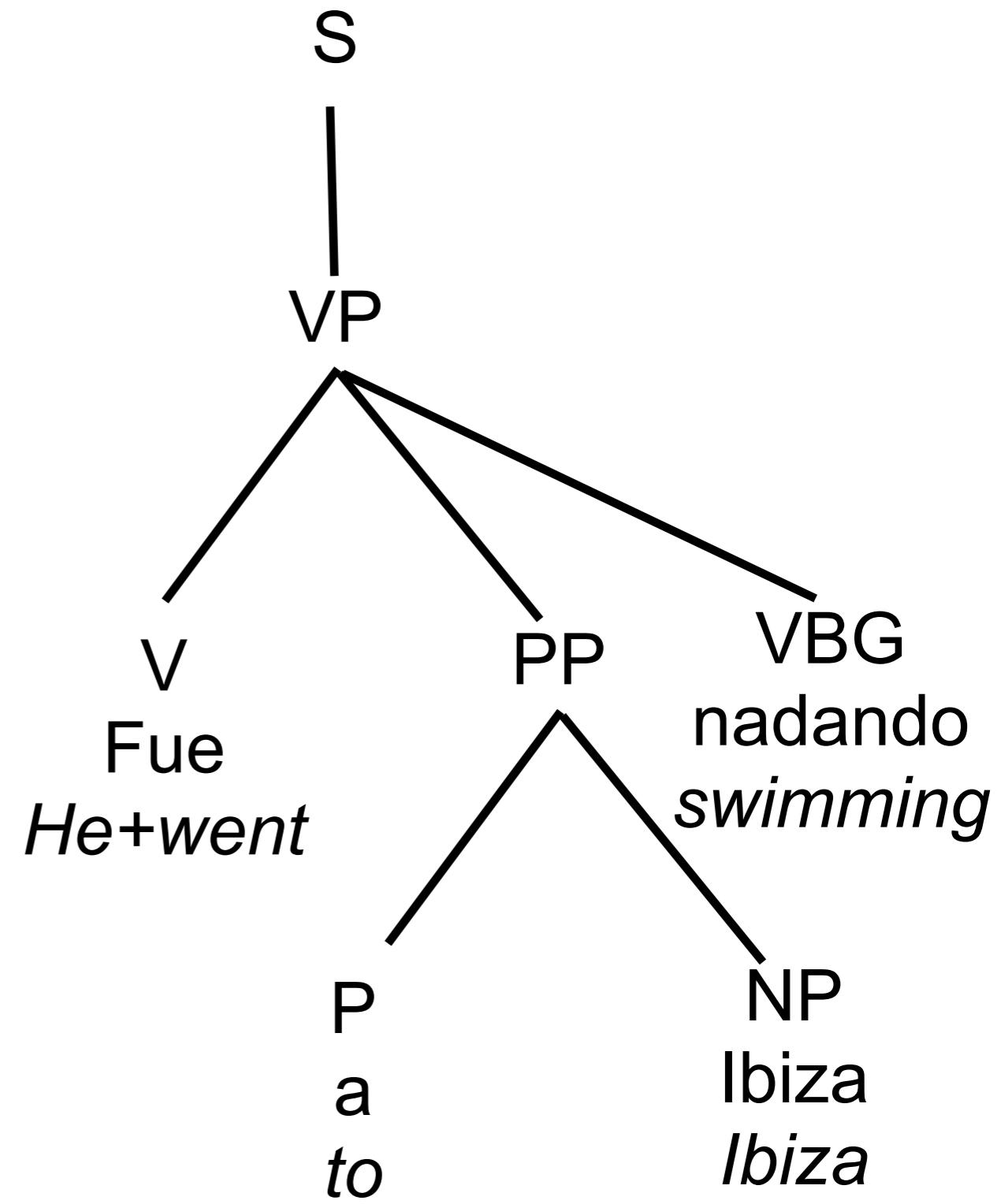
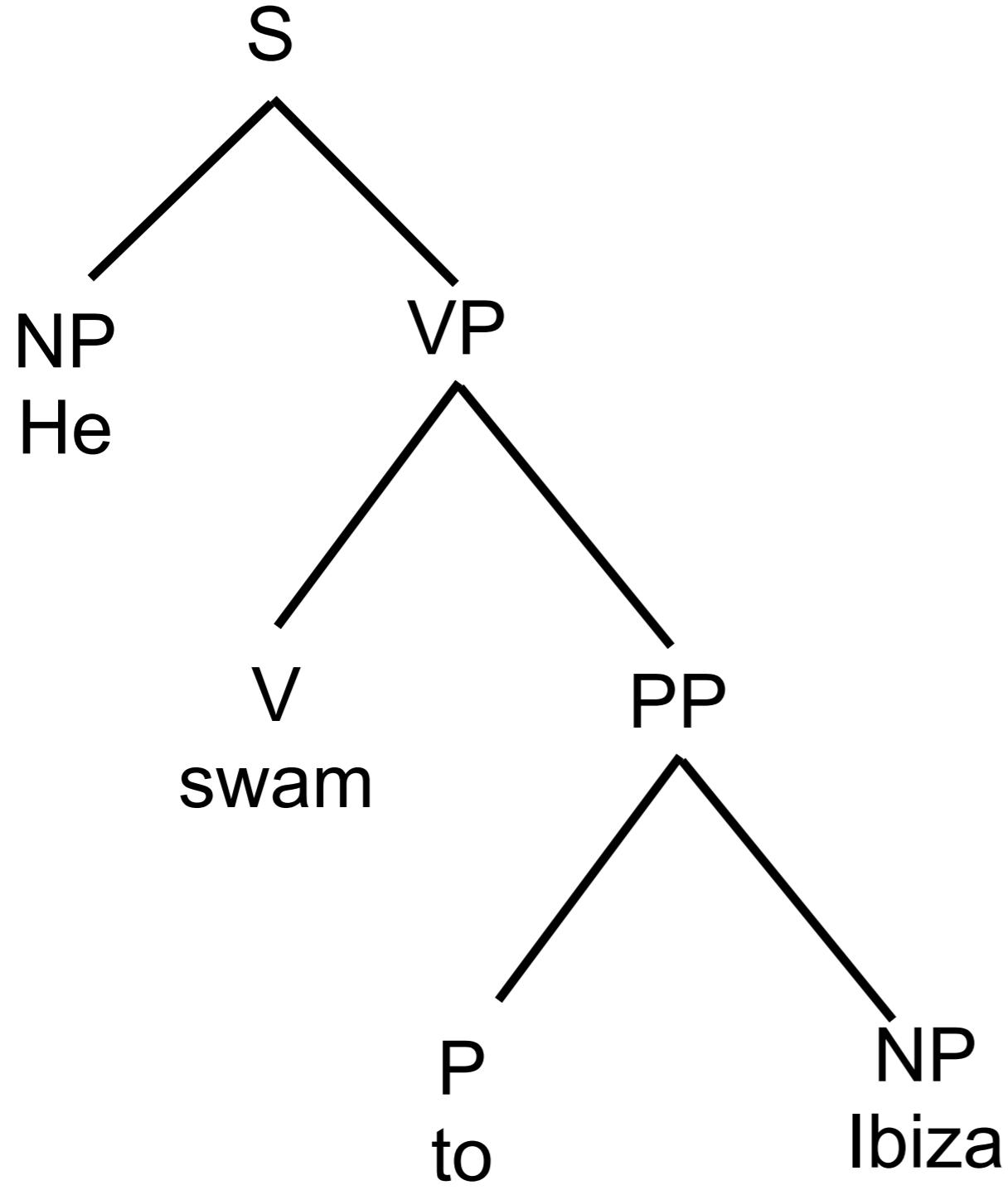
Sometimes languages are mismatched



Spanish motion verb



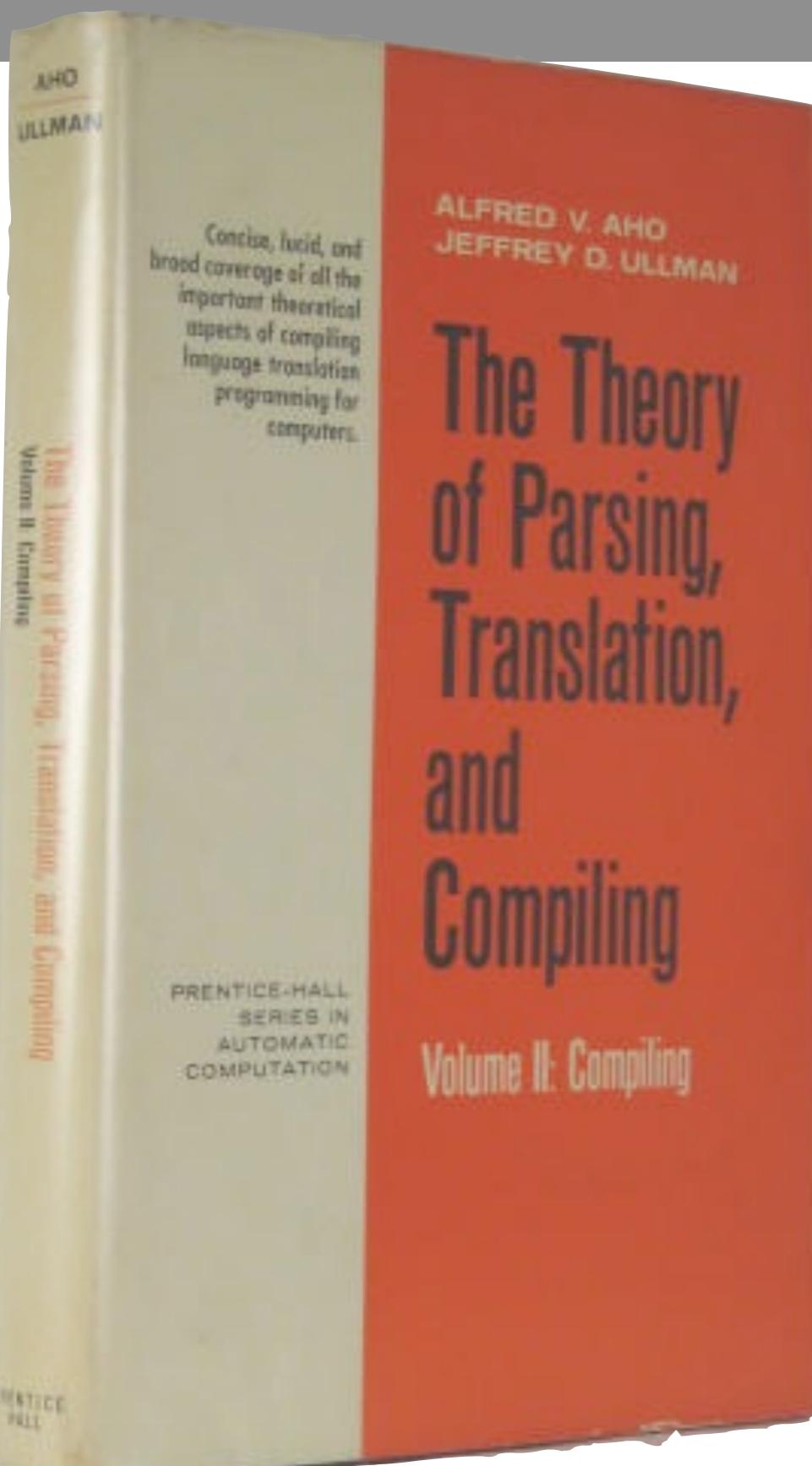
Spanish motion verb, pro-drop



We are going to use them anyway

- SCFGs are **mismatched** with some linguistic phenomena
- But they have nice **formal properties** and **well-defined algorithms**

Formal definition of SCFGs



- Aho and Ullman worked all of this out in the '60s and '70s
- Compiler theory

Formal definition of SCFGs

- A synchronous context free grammar is formally defined by a tuple

$$G = \langle N, T_S, T_T, R, S \rangle$$

- Where

Formal definition of SCFGs

A synchronous context free grammar is defined by a tuple

$$G = \langle N, T_S, T_T, R, S \rangle$$

- Where
 - N is a shared set of non-terminal symbols

Formal definition of SCFGs

*hamd ansary, na}b sdr,
namzd, kylye, taa*

A non-deterministic context free grammar is defined by a tuple

S, NP, VP, PP,
P, V, AUX

$$G = \langle N, T_S, T_T, R, S \rangle$$

- Where
 - N is a shared set of non-terminal symbols
 - T_S is the set of source language terminals

Formal definition of SCFGs

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*for, Hamid Ansari, nominated,
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 - T_S is the set of source language terminals
 - T_T is the set of target language terminals
 - R is a set of production rules

Formal definition of SCFGs

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- Where
 - N is a shared set of non-terminal symbols
 - T_S is the set of source language terminals
 - T_T is the set of target language terminals
 - R is a set of production rules
 - $S \in N$, designated as the goal state

Formal definition of SCFGs

- Each production rule has the form

$$X \rightarrow \langle \alpha, \gamma, \sim, w \rangle$$

- Where
 - $X \in N$
 - $\alpha \in (N \cup T_S)^*$
 - $\gamma \in (N \cup T_T)^*$
 - \sim is a one-to-one correspondence between the non terminals in γ and α
 - w is a weight assigned to the rule

Algorithms for SCFGs

- Translation with SCFGs is done via parsing
- How do we write an algorithm for parsing?
- One way to do it is as a deductive proof system

The CKY Parsing Algorithm

Axioms	$\frac{}{A \rightarrow \alpha}$	for all $(A \rightarrow \alpha) \in R$
Inference rules	$\frac{A \rightarrow w_{i+1}}{[A, i, i+1]}$ $\frac{[B, i, j] \ [C, j, k] \ A \rightarrow BC}{[A, i, k]}$	
Goal	$[S, 0, n]$	

Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
$S \rightarrow$	$NP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$PP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$V \ AUX$		$[S, 0, 5]$
$PP \rightarrow$	$NP \ P$		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>hamd ansary</i>		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>na}b sdr</i>		
$V \rightarrow$	<i>namzd</i>		
$P \rightarrow$	<i>kylye</i>		
$AUX \rightarrow$	<i>taa</i>		

Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
$S \rightarrow$	$NP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$PP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$V \ AUX$		$[S, 0, 5]$
$PP \rightarrow$	$NP \ P$		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>hamd ansary</i>		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>na}b sdr</i>		
$V \rightarrow$	<i>namzd</i>		
$P \rightarrow$	<i>kylye</i>		
$AUX \rightarrow$	<i>taa</i>		

0 *hamd ansary* 1 *na}b sdr* 2 *kylye* 3 *namzd* 4 *taa* 5

Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
$S \rightarrow$	NP VP		
$VP \rightarrow$	PP VP		
$VP \rightarrow$	V AUX	<u>$NP \rightarrow hamd ansary_1$</u>	[S, 0, 5]
$PP \rightarrow$	NP P		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>hamd ansary</i>		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>na}b sdr</i>		
$V \rightarrow$	<i>namzd</i>		
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0 *hamd ansary* 1 *na}b sdr* 2 *kylye* 3 *namzd* 4 *taa* 5

Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
$S \rightarrow$	NP VP		
$VP \rightarrow$	PP VP		
$VP \rightarrow$	V AUX	$\underline{NP \rightarrow hamd ansary_1}$	$[S, 0, 5]$
$PP \rightarrow$	NP P		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>hamd ansary</i>		
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0 *hamd ansary* 1 *na}b sdr* 2 *kylye* 3 *namzd* 4 *taa* 5

[NP, 0, 1]

Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
$S \rightarrow$	$NP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$PP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$V \ AUX$		$[S, 0, 5]$
$PP \rightarrow$	$NP \ P$		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>hamd ansary</i>		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>na}b sdr</i>		
$V \rightarrow$	<i>namzd</i>		
$P \rightarrow$	<i>kylye</i>		
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0 *hamd ansary* 1 *na}b sdr* 2 *kylye* 3 *namzd* 4 *taa* 5

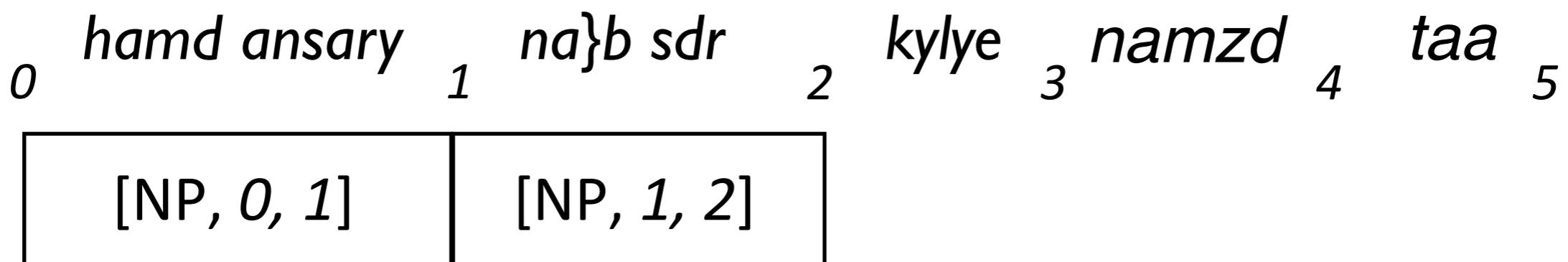
[NP, 0, 1]

Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
$S \rightarrow$	NP VP		
$VP \rightarrow$	PP VP		
$VP \rightarrow$	V AUX	$\underline{NP \rightarrow na\}b sdr_2}$	$[S, 0, 5]$
$PP \rightarrow$	NP P		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>hamd ansary</i>		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>na\}b sdr</i>		
$V \rightarrow$	<i>namzd</i>		
$P \rightarrow$	<i>kylye</i>		
$AUX \rightarrow$	<i>taa</i>		

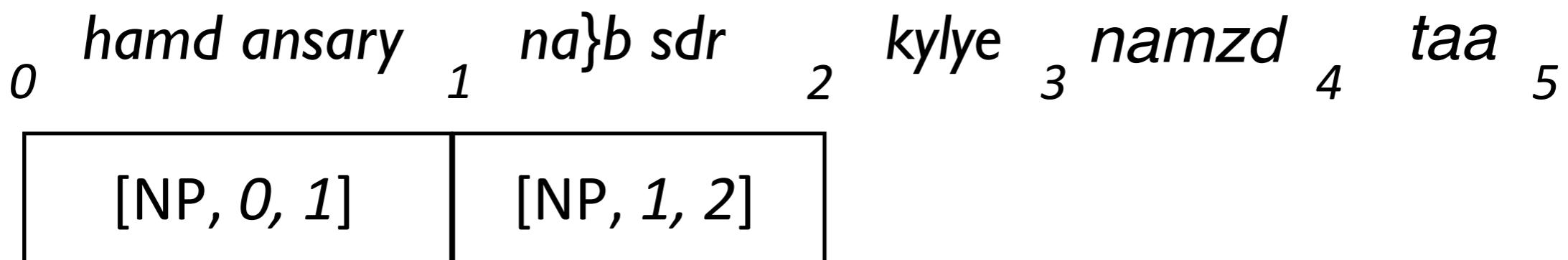
0 *hamd ansary* 1 *na\}b sdr* 2 *kylye* 3 *namzd* 4 *taa* 5

[NP, 0, 1]

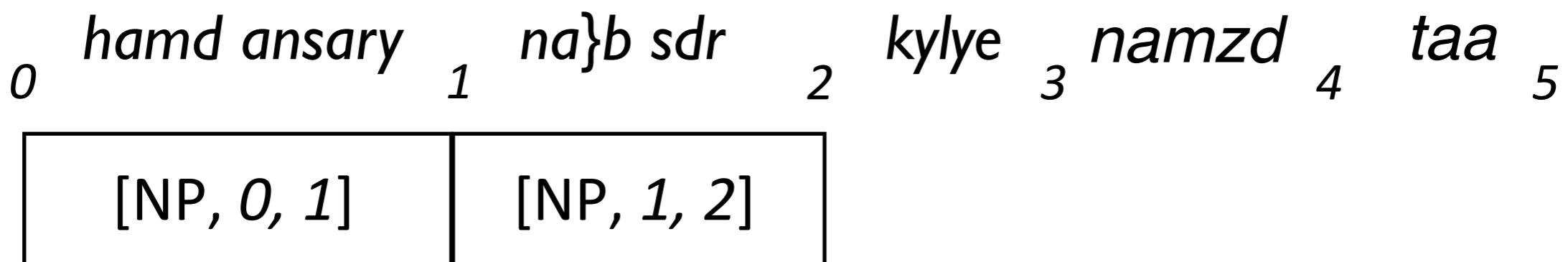
Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
$S \rightarrow$	$NP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$PP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$V \ AUX$	$\underline{NP \rightarrow na\}b \ sdr_2}$	$[S, 0, 5]$
$PP \rightarrow$	$NP \ P$		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>hamd ansary</i>		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>na\}b sdr</i>		
$V \rightarrow$	<i>namzd</i>		
$P \rightarrow$	<i>kylye</i>		
$AUX \rightarrow$	<i>taa</i>		



Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
$S \rightarrow$	$NP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$PP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$V \ AUX$		$[S, 0, 5]$
$PP \rightarrow$	$NP \ P$		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>hamd ansary</i>		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>na}b sdr</i>		
$V \rightarrow$	<i>namzd</i>		
$P \rightarrow$	<i>kylye</i>		
$AUX \rightarrow$	<i>taa</i>		



Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
$S \rightarrow$	$NP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$PP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$V \ AUX$	$P \rightarrow kylye_3$	$[S, 0, 5]$
$PP \rightarrow$	$NP \ P$		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>hamd ansary</i>		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>na}b sdr</i>	$[P, 2, 3]$	
$V \rightarrow$	<i>namzd</i>		
$P \rightarrow$	<i>kylye</i>		
$AUX \rightarrow$	<i>taa</i>		

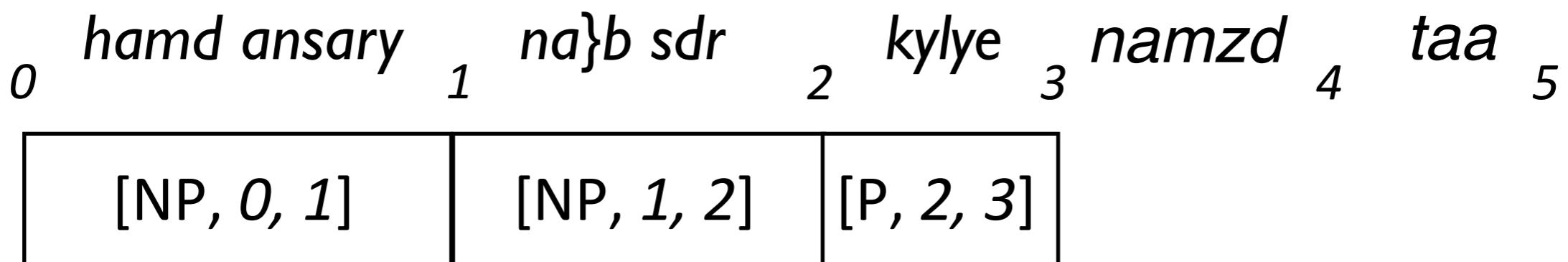


Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
$S \rightarrow$	NP VP		
$VP \rightarrow$	PP VP		
$VP \rightarrow$	V AUX	$P \rightarrow kylye_3$	[S, 0, 5]
$PP \rightarrow$	NP P		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>hamd ansary</i>		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>na}b sdr</i>		
$V \rightarrow$	<i>namzd</i>		
$P \rightarrow$	<i>kylye</i>		
$AUX \rightarrow$	<i>taa</i>		

0 *hamd ansary* 1 *na}b sdr* 2 *kylye* 3 *namzd* 4 *taa* 5

[NP, 0, 1]	[NP, 1, 2]	[P, 2, 3]
------------	------------	-----------

Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
$S \rightarrow$	$NP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$PP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$V \ AUX$		$[S, 0, 5]$
$PP \rightarrow$	$NP \ P$		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>hamd ansary</i>		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>na}b sdr</i>		
$V \rightarrow$	<i>namzd</i>		
$P \rightarrow$	<i>kylye</i>		
$AUX \rightarrow$	<i>taa</i>		



Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
$S \rightarrow$	$NP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$PP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$V \ AUX$	$\underline{V \rightarrow namzd_4}$	$[S, 0, 5]$
$PP \rightarrow$	$NP \ P$		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>hamd ansary</i>		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>na}b sdr</i>		
$V \rightarrow$	<i>namzd</i>		
$P \rightarrow$	<i>kylye</i>		
$AUX \rightarrow$	<i>taa</i>		

0 *hamd ansary* 1 *na}b sdr* 2 *kylye* 3 *namzd* 4 *taa* 5

$[NP, 0, 1]$	$[NP, 1, 2]$	$[P, 2, 3]$
--------------	--------------	-------------

Axioms	S → NP VP	Inference rule used	Goal
VP →	PP VP		
VP →	V AUX	$\underline{V \rightarrow \text{namzd}_4}$	[S, 0, 5]
PP →	NP P		
NP →	<i>hamd ansary</i>	[V, 3, 4]	
NP →	<i>na}b sdr</i>		
V →	<i>namzd</i>		
P →	<i>kylye</i>		
AUX →	<i>taa</i>		

0 *hamd ansary* 1 *na}b sdr* 2 *kylye* 3 *namzd* 4 *taa* 5

[NP, 0, 1]	[NP, 1, 2]	[P, 2, 3]	[V, 3, 4]
------------	------------	-----------	-----------

Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
$S \rightarrow$	$NP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$PP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$V \ AUX$		$[S, 0, 5]$
$PP \rightarrow$	$NP \ P$		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>hamd ansary</i>		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>na}b sdr</i>		
$V \rightarrow$	<i>namzd</i>		
$P \rightarrow$	<i>kylye</i>		
$AUX \rightarrow$	<i>taa</i>		

0 *hamd ansary* 1 *na}b sdr* 2 *kylye* 3 *namzd* 4 *taa* 5

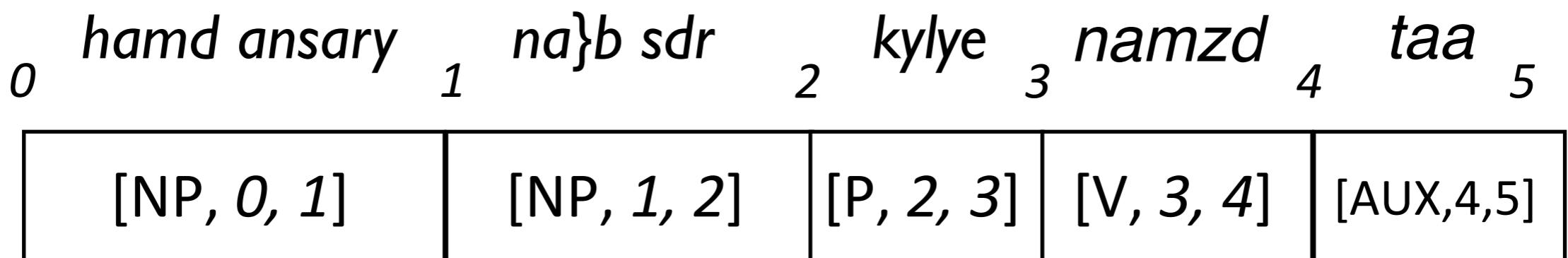
$[NP, 0, 1]$	$[NP, 1, 2]$	$[P, 2, 3]$	$[V, 3, 4]$
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Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
$S \rightarrow$	NP VP		
$VP \rightarrow$	PP VP		
$VP \rightarrow$	V AUX	<u>AUX \rightarrow taa₅</u>	[S, 0, 5]
$PP \rightarrow$	NP P		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>hamd ansary</i>		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>na}b sdr</i>		
$V \rightarrow$	<i>namzd</i>		
$P \rightarrow$	<i>kylye</i>		
$AUX \rightarrow$	<i>taa</i>		

0 *hamd ansary* 1 *na}b sdr* 2 *kylye* 3 *namzd* 4 *taa* 5

[NP, 0, 1]	[NP, 1, 2]	[P, 2, 3]	[V, 3, 4]
------------	------------	-----------	-----------

Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
$S \rightarrow$	$NP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$PP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$V \ AUX$	<u>$AUX \rightarrow taa_5$</u>	$[S, 0, 5]$
$PP \rightarrow$	$NP \ P$		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>hamd ansary</i>		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>na}b sdr</i>		
$V \rightarrow$	<i>namzd</i>		
$P \rightarrow$	<i>kylye</i>		
$AUX \rightarrow$	<i>taa</i>		

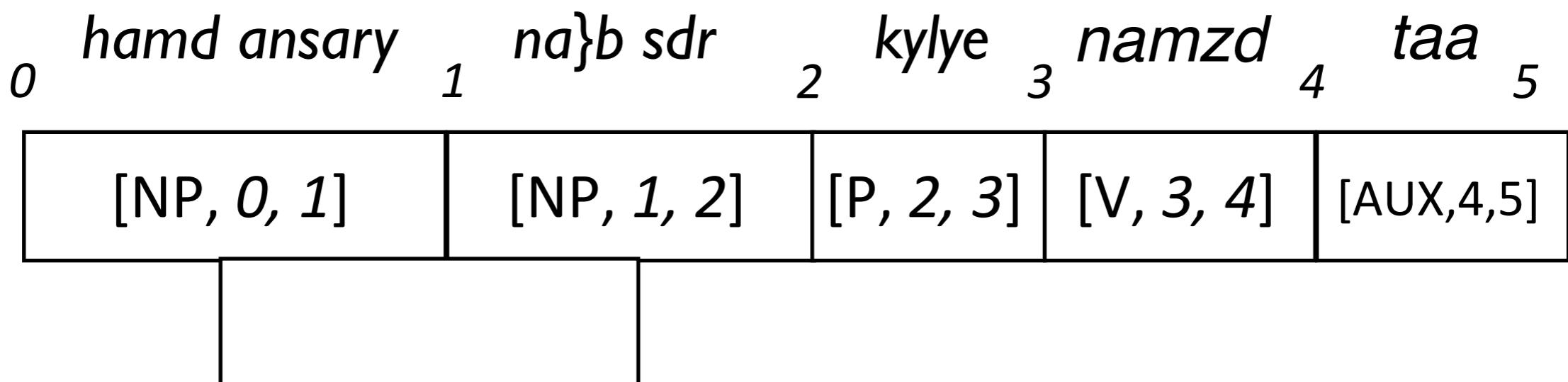


Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
$S \rightarrow$	$NP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$PP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$V \ AUX$		$[S, 0, 5]$
$PP \rightarrow$	$NP \ P$		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>hamd ansary</i>		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>na}b sdr</i>		
$V \rightarrow$	<i>namzd</i>		
$P \rightarrow$	<i>kylye</i>		
$AUX \rightarrow$	<i>taa</i>		

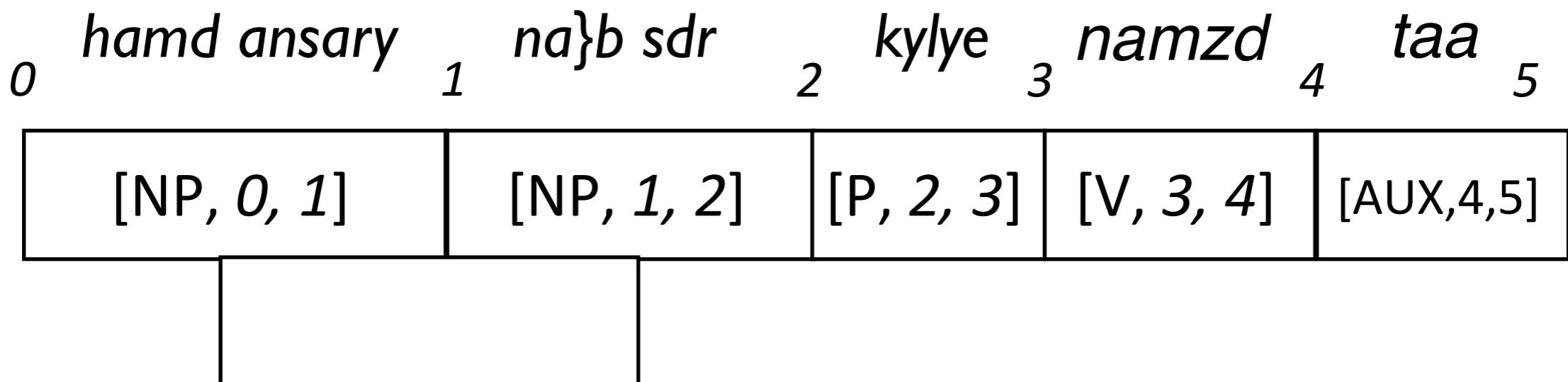
0 *hamd ansary* 1 *na}b sdr* 2 *kylye* 3 *namzd* 4 *taa* 5

$[NP, 0, 1]$	$[NP, 1, 2]$	$[P, 2, 3]$	$[V, 3, 4]$	$[AUX, 4, 5]$
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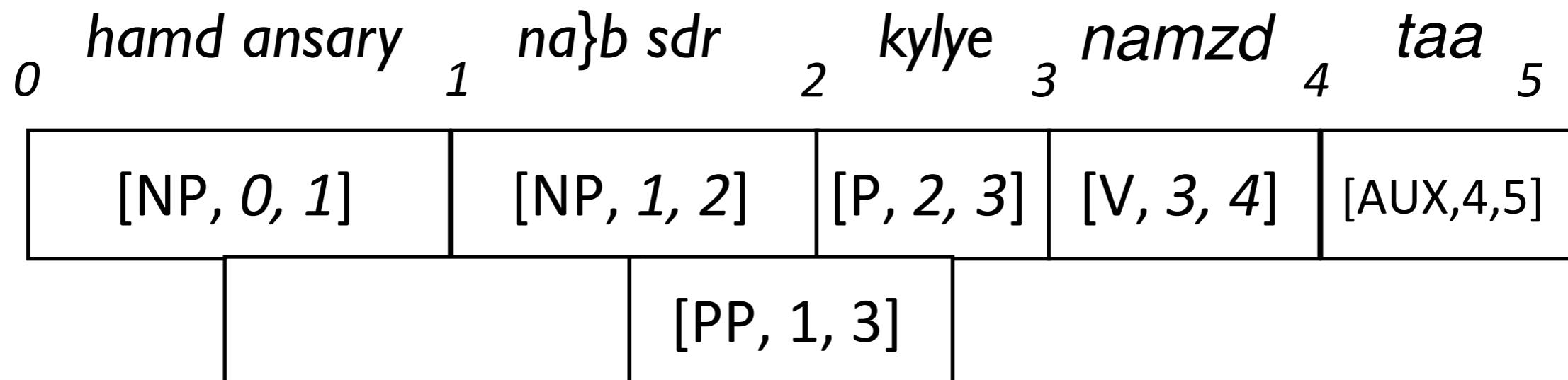
Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
$S \rightarrow$	$NP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$PP \ VP$		
$VP \rightarrow$	$V \ AUX$		$[S, 0, 5]$
$PP \rightarrow$	$NP \ P$		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>hamd ansary</i>		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>na}b sdr</i>		
$V \rightarrow$	<i>namzd</i>		
$P \rightarrow$	<i>kylye</i>		
$AUX \rightarrow$	<i>taa</i>		



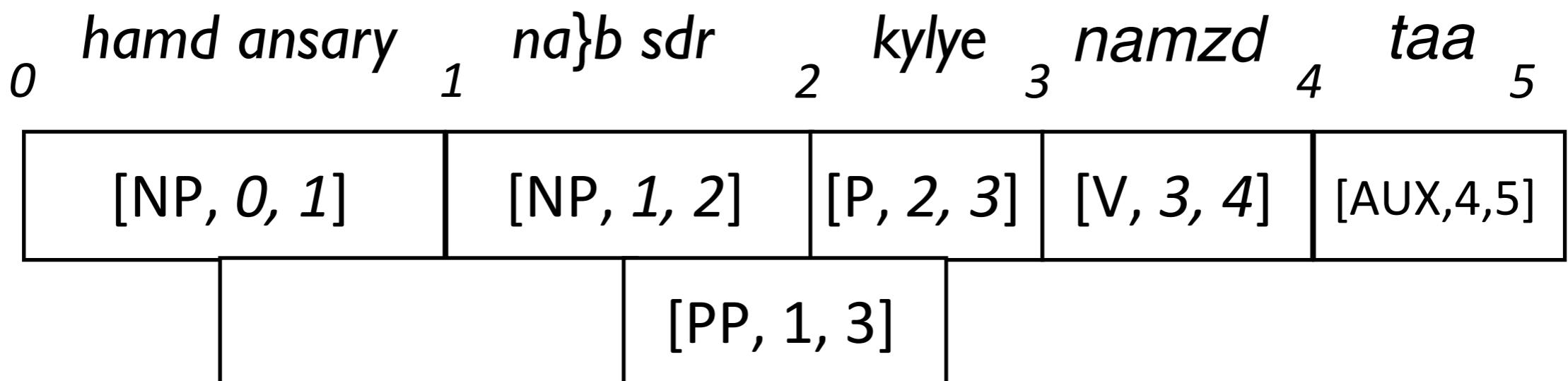
Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
$S \rightarrow NP VP$			
$VP \rightarrow PP VP$			
$VP \rightarrow V AUX$	<u>[NP, 1, 2]</u>	<u>[P, 2, 3]</u>	<u>$PP \rightarrow NP P$</u>
$PP \rightarrow NP P$			
$NP \rightarrow hamd ansary$		[PP, 1, 3]	
$NP \rightarrow na}b sdr$			
$V \rightarrow namzd$			
$P \rightarrow kylye$			
$AUX \rightarrow taa$			



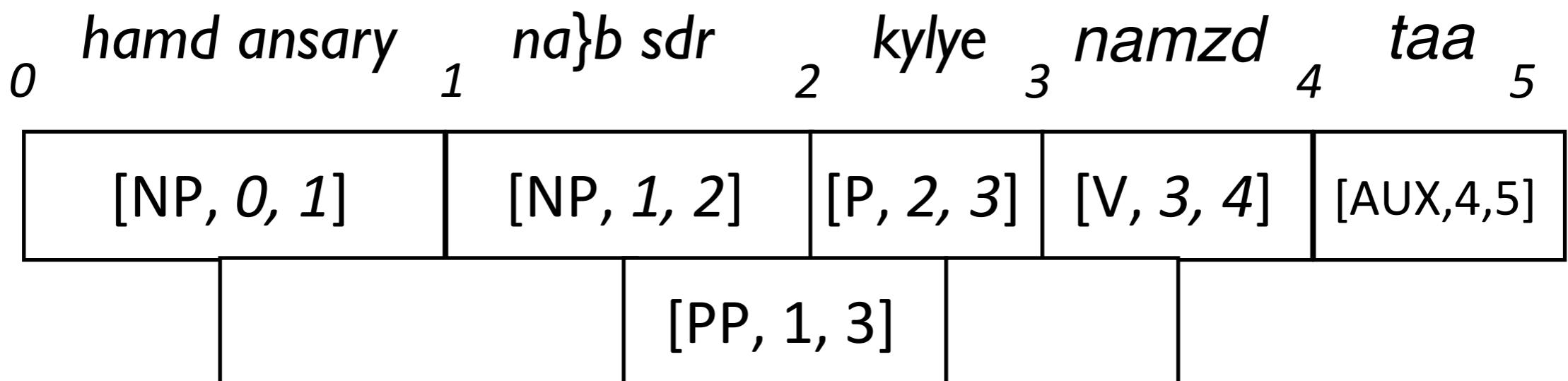
Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
$S \rightarrow$	NP VP		
$VP \rightarrow$	PP VP		
$VP \rightarrow$	V AUX	<u>[NP, 1, 2] [P, 2, 3] PP → NP P</u>	[S, 0, 5]
$PP \rightarrow$	NP P		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>hamd ansary</i>	[PP, 1, 3]	
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>na}b sdr</i>		
$V \rightarrow$	<i>namzd</i>		
$P \rightarrow$	<i>kylye</i>		
$AUX \rightarrow$	<i>taa</i>		



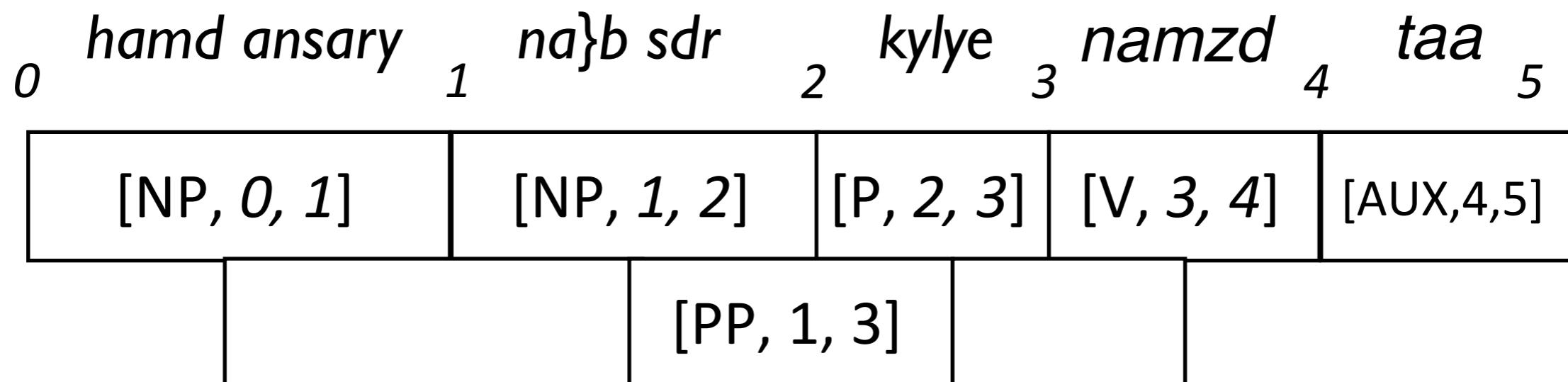
Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
	$S \rightarrow NP VP$		
	$VP \rightarrow PP VP$		
	$VP \rightarrow V AUX$		$[S, 0, 5]$
	$PP \rightarrow NP P$		
	$NP \rightarrow hamd ansary$		
	$NP \rightarrow na}b sdr$		
	$V \rightarrow namzd$		
	$P \rightarrow kylye$		
	$AUX \rightarrow taa$		



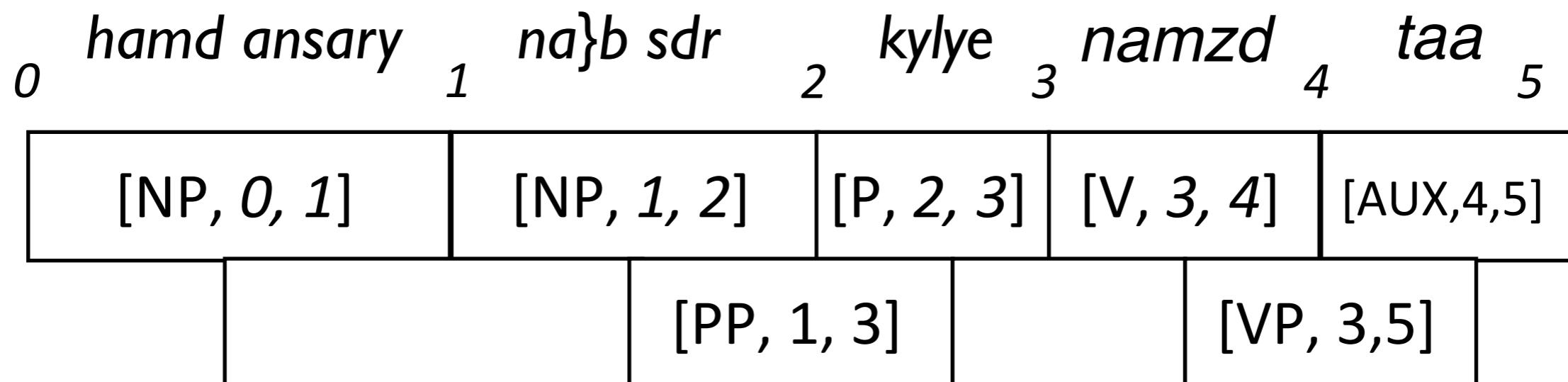
Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
	$S \rightarrow NP VP$		
	$VP \rightarrow PP VP$		
	$VP \rightarrow V AUX$		$[S, 0, 5]$
	$PP \rightarrow NP P$		
	$NP \rightarrow hamd ansary$		
	$NP \rightarrow na}b sdr$		
	$V \rightarrow namzd$		
	$P \rightarrow kylye$		
	$AUX \rightarrow taa$		



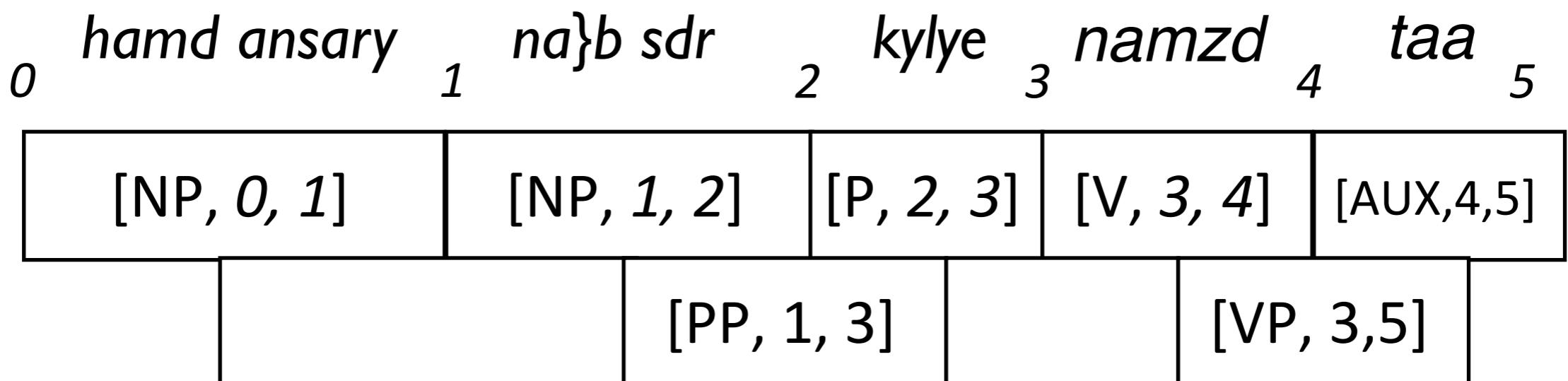
Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
$S \rightarrow$	NP VP		
$VP \rightarrow$	PP VP		
$VP \rightarrow$	V AUX	[V, 3, 4] [AUX, 4, 5]	$VP \rightarrow V AUX$ [S, 0, 5]
$PP \rightarrow$	NP P		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>hamd ansary</i>		[VP, 3, 5]
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>na}b sdr</i>		
$V \rightarrow$	<i>namzd</i>		
$P \rightarrow$	<i>kylye</i>		
$AUX \rightarrow$	<i>taa</i>		



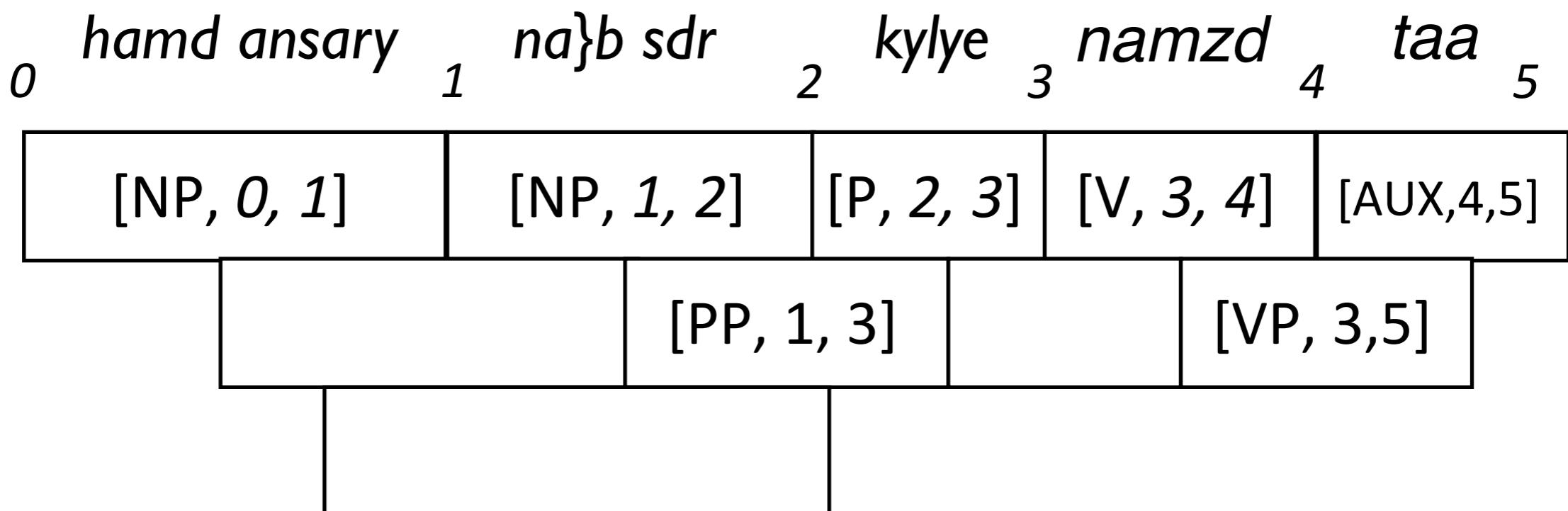
Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
$S \rightarrow$	NP VP		
$VP \rightarrow$	PP VP		
$VP \rightarrow$	V AUX	[V, 3, 4] [AUX, 4, 5]	$VP \rightarrow V AUX$ [S, 0, 5]
$PP \rightarrow$	NP P		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>hamd ansary</i>		[VP, 3, 5]
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>na}b sdr</i>		
$V \rightarrow$	<i>namzd</i>		
$P \rightarrow$	<i>kylye</i>		
$AUX \rightarrow$	<i>taa</i>		



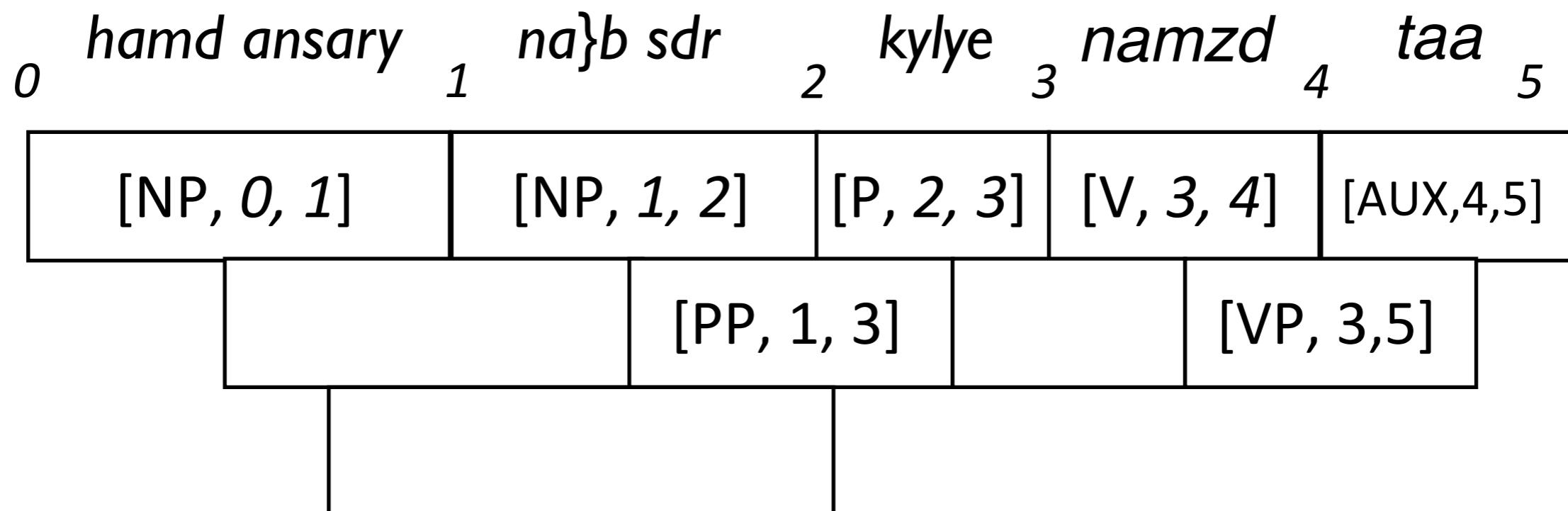
Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
	$S \rightarrow NP VP$		
	$VP \rightarrow PP VP$		
	$VP \rightarrow V AUX$		$[S, 0, 5]$
	$PP \rightarrow NP P$		
	$NP \rightarrow hamd ansary$		
	$NP \rightarrow na}b sdr$		
	$V \rightarrow namzd$		
	$P \rightarrow kylye$		
	$AUX \rightarrow taa$		



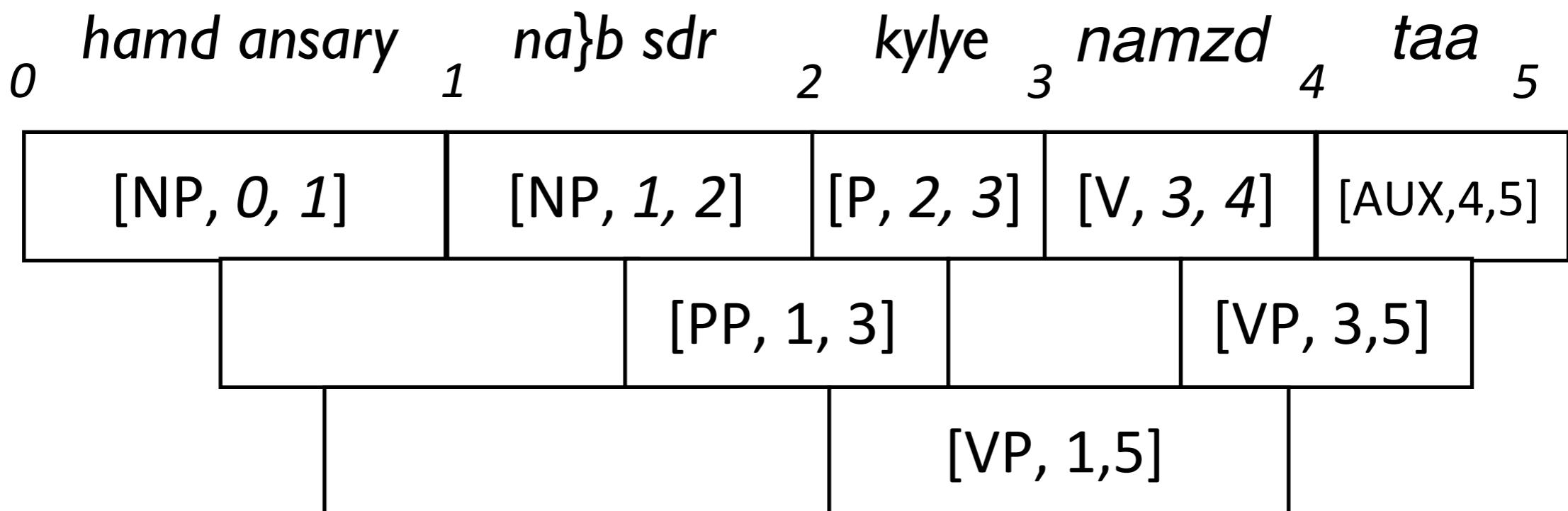
Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
	$S \rightarrow NP VP$		
	$VP \rightarrow PP VP$		
	$VP \rightarrow V AUX$		$[S, 0, 5]$
	$PP \rightarrow NP P$		
	$NP \rightarrow hamd ansary$		
	$NP \rightarrow na}b sdr$		
	$V \rightarrow namzd$		
	$P \rightarrow kylye$		
	$AUX \rightarrow taa$		



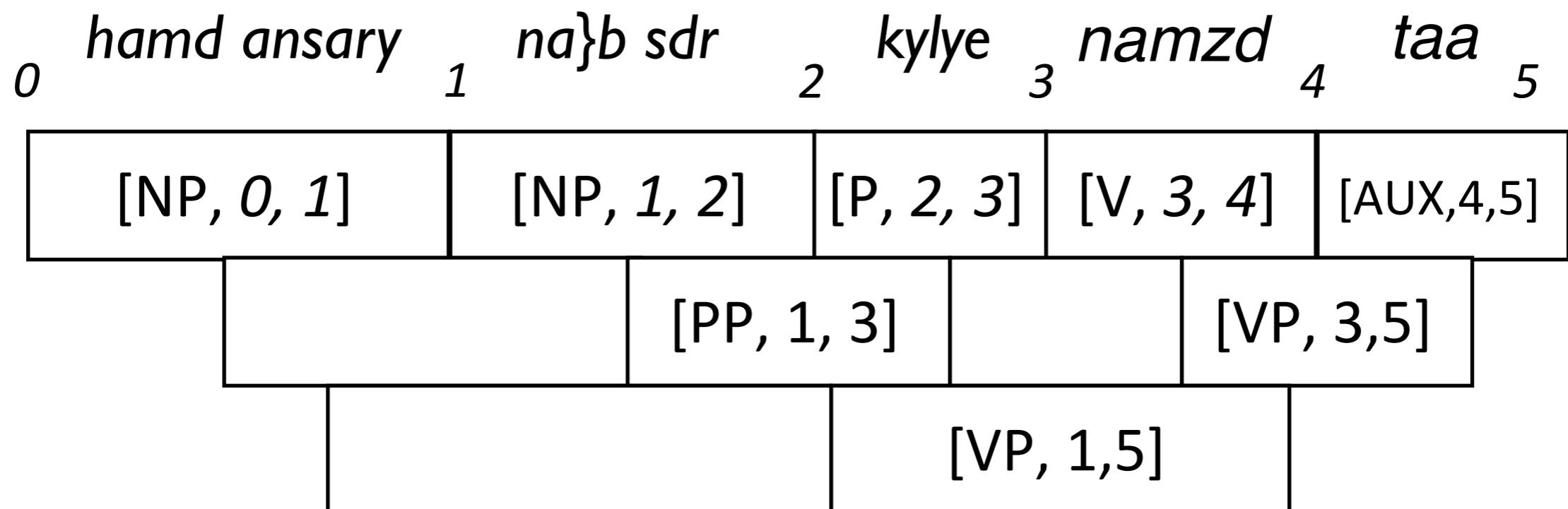
Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
$S \rightarrow$	NP VP		
$VP \rightarrow$	PP VP		
$VP \rightarrow$	V AUX	[PP, 1, 3] [VP, 3, 5] VP \rightarrow PP CP	[S, 0, 5]
$PP \rightarrow$	NP P		
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>hamd ansary</i>		[VP, 1, 5]
$NP \rightarrow$	<i>na}b sdr</i>		
$V \rightarrow$	<i>namzd</i>		
$P \rightarrow$	<i>kylye</i>		
$AUX \rightarrow$	<i>taa</i>		



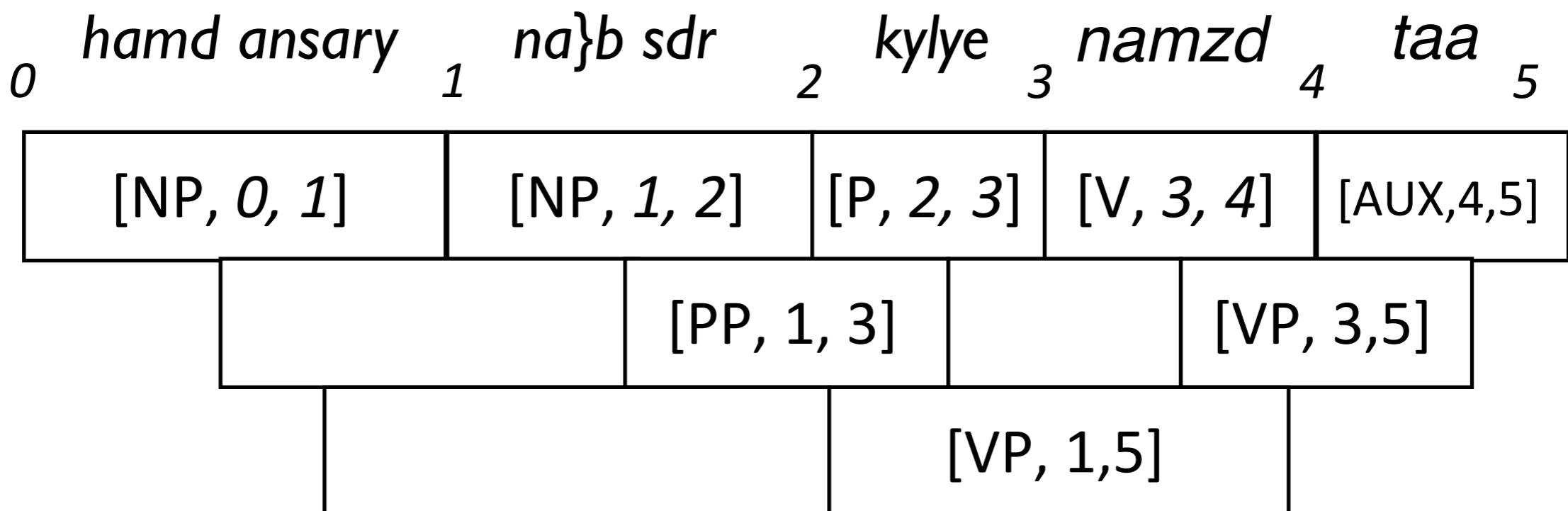
Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
	$S \rightarrow NP VP$		
	$VP \rightarrow PP VP$		
	$VP \rightarrow V AUX$	<u>[PP, 1, 3]</u> <u>[VP, 3, 5]</u> $VP \rightarrow PP CP$	<u>[S, 0, 5]</u>
	$PP \rightarrow NP P$		
	$NP \rightarrow hamd ansary$		$[VP, 1, 5]$
	$NP \rightarrow na}b sdr$		
	$V \rightarrow namzd$		
	$P \rightarrow kylye$		
	$AUX \rightarrow taa$		



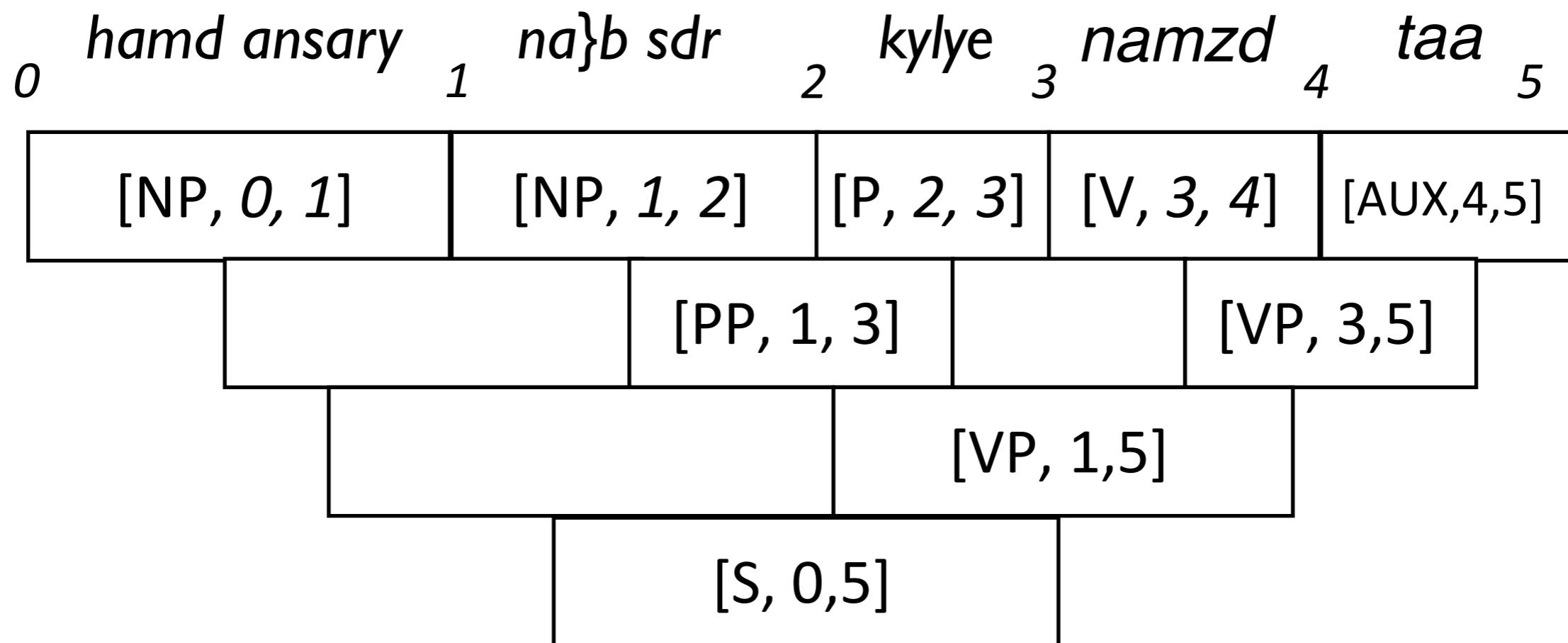
Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
	$S \rightarrow NP VP$		
	$VP \rightarrow PP VP$		
	$VP \rightarrow V AUX$		$[S, 0, 5]$
	$PP \rightarrow NP P$		
	$NP \rightarrow hamd ansary$		
	$NP \rightarrow na}b sdr$		
	$V \rightarrow namzd$		
	$P \rightarrow kylye$		
	$AUX \rightarrow taa$		



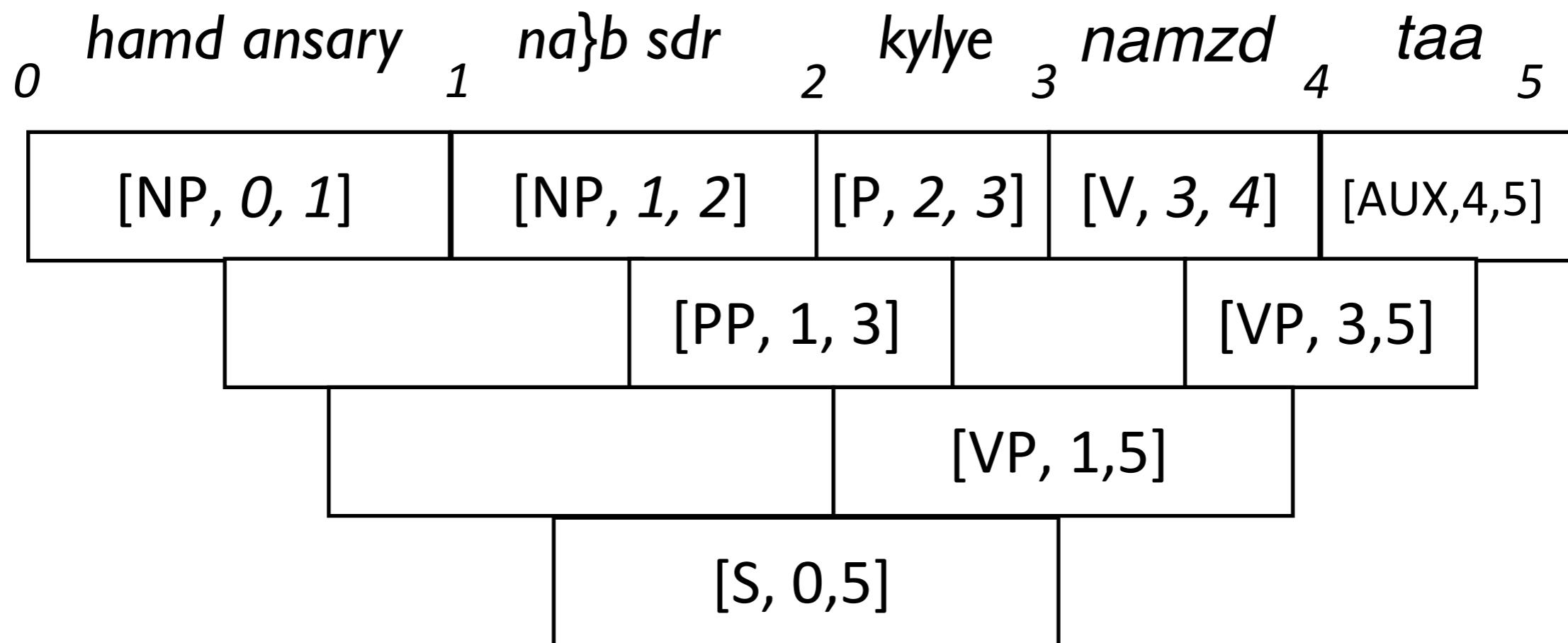
Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
	$S \rightarrow NP VP$		
	$VP \rightarrow PP VP$		
	$VP \rightarrow V AUX$	$[NP, 0, 1] [VP, 1, 5] S \rightarrow NP VP [S, 0, 5]$	
	$PP \rightarrow NP P$		
	$NP \rightarrow hamd ansary$		$[S, 0, 5]$
	$NP \rightarrow na}b sdr$		
	$V \rightarrow namzd$		
	$P \rightarrow kylye$		
	$AUX \rightarrow taa$		



Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
	$S \rightarrow NP VP$		
	$VP \rightarrow PP VP$		
	$VP \rightarrow V AUX$	<u>[NP, 0, 1]</u> <u>[VP, 1, 5]</u> $S \rightarrow NP VP$ <u>[S, 0, 5]</u>	
	$PP \rightarrow NP P$		
	$NP \rightarrow hamd ansary$		<u>[S, 0, 5]</u>
	$NP \rightarrow na}b sdr$		
	$V \rightarrow namzd$		
	$P \rightarrow kylye$		
	$AUX \rightarrow taa$		



Axioms		Inference rule used	Goal
	$S \rightarrow NP VP$		
	$VP \rightarrow PP VP$		
	$VP \rightarrow V AUX$		$[S, 0, 5]$
	$PP \rightarrow NP P$		
	$NP \rightarrow hamd ansary$		
	$NP \rightarrow na}b sdr$		
	$V \rightarrow namzd$		
	$P \rightarrow kylye$		
	$AUX \rightarrow taa$		



The CKY Parsing Algorithm

Axioms	$\frac{}{A \rightarrow \alpha}$	for all $(A \rightarrow \alpha) \in R$
Inference rules	$\frac{A \rightarrow w_{i+1}}{[A, i, i+1]}$ $\frac{[B, i, j] \ [C, j, k] \ A \rightarrow BC}{[A, i, k]}$	
Goal	$[S, 0, n]$	

The CKY Translation Algorithm

Axioms	$\frac{}{A \rightarrow \alpha, \gamma}$	for all $(A \rightarrow \alpha, \gamma) \in R$
Inference rules	$\frac{A \rightarrow w_{i+1}}{[A, i, i+1]}$ $\frac{[B, i, j] \ [C, j, k] \ A \rightarrow BC}{[A, i, k]}$	
Goal	$[S, 0, n]$	

Where do grammars come from?

- Great! We now have
 - a formalism for describing the relationship between two languages,
 - an algorithm for producing translations
- All we need now is a synchronous grammar

Where do grammars come from?

- Great! We now have
 - a formalism for describing the relationship between two languages,
 - an algorithm for producing translations
- All we need now is a synchronous grammar
- Where do grammars come from?
- Well, when two languages love each other very much...



Data-driven grammar extraction

- Grammar rules are not written by hand, they are extracted from bilingual parallel corpora

Arabic

فالتعذيب لا يزال يمارس على نطاق واسع

وتتم عمليات الاعتقال والاحتجاز دون سبب بصورة
روتينية

وحان وقت التحلّى بال بصيرة والشجاعة السياسية .

...

English

Torture is still being practised on a wide scale.

Arrest and detention without cause take place routinely.

This is a time for vision and political courage

...

Chinese

我国 能源 原材料 工业 生产 大幅度 增长 .

非国大 要求 阻止 更多 被 拘留 人员 死亡 .

...

English

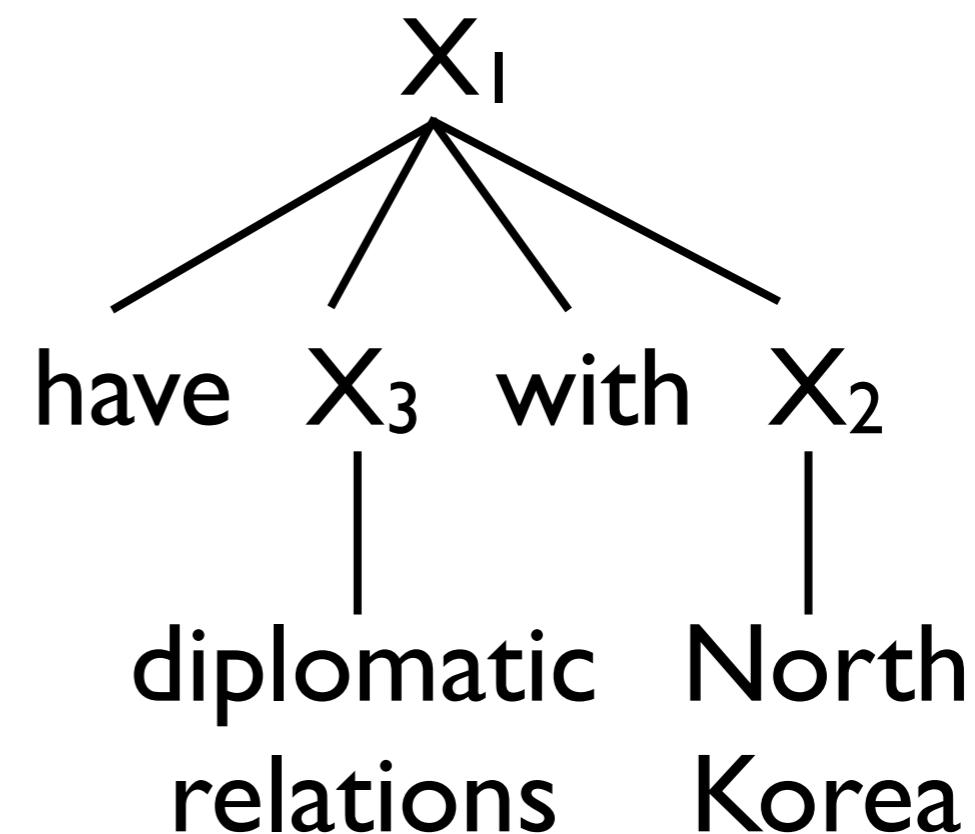
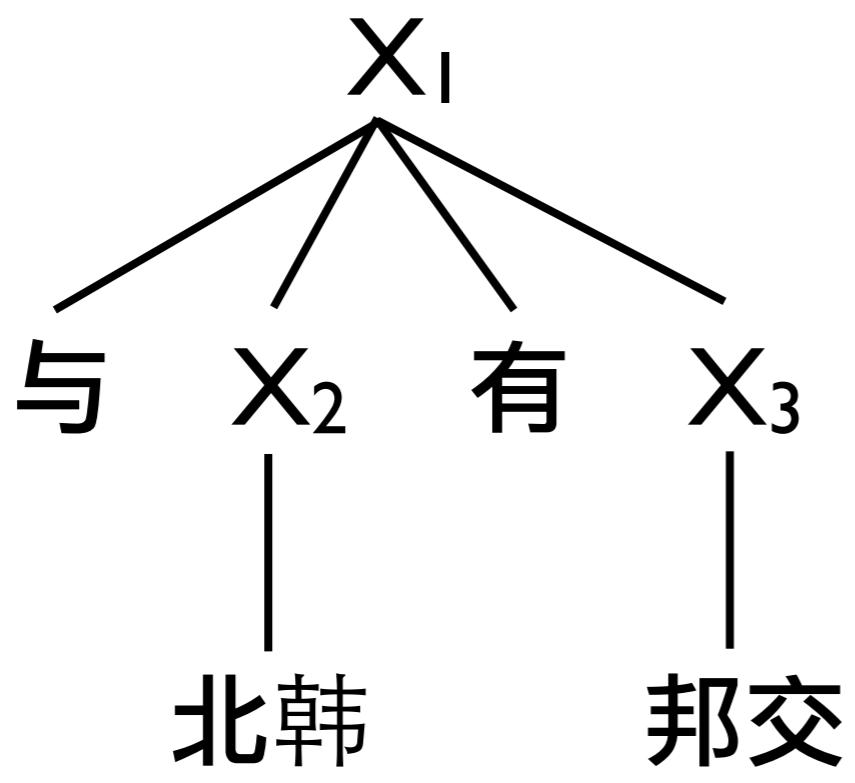
China's energy and raw materials production up.

ANC calls for steps to prevent deaths in police custody .

...

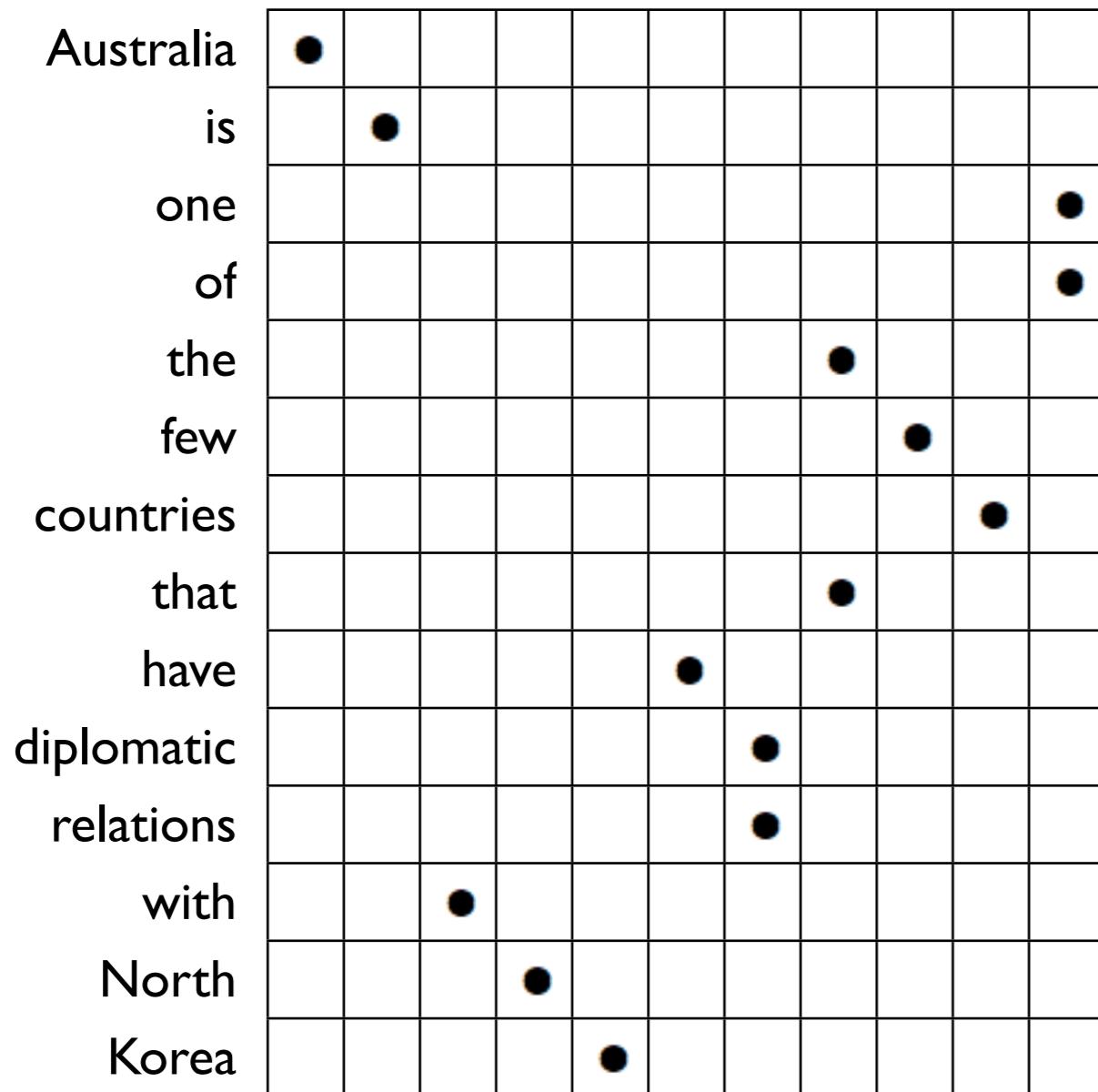
Hiero-style SCFG rules

- Most common type of SCFG in SMT is Hiero which has rules w/one non-terminal symbol
- Not as nice as linguistically motivated rules, does not capture the reordering in Urdu



Extracting Hiero rules

洲 是 与 北 韩 有 邦 交 的 少 数 国 之



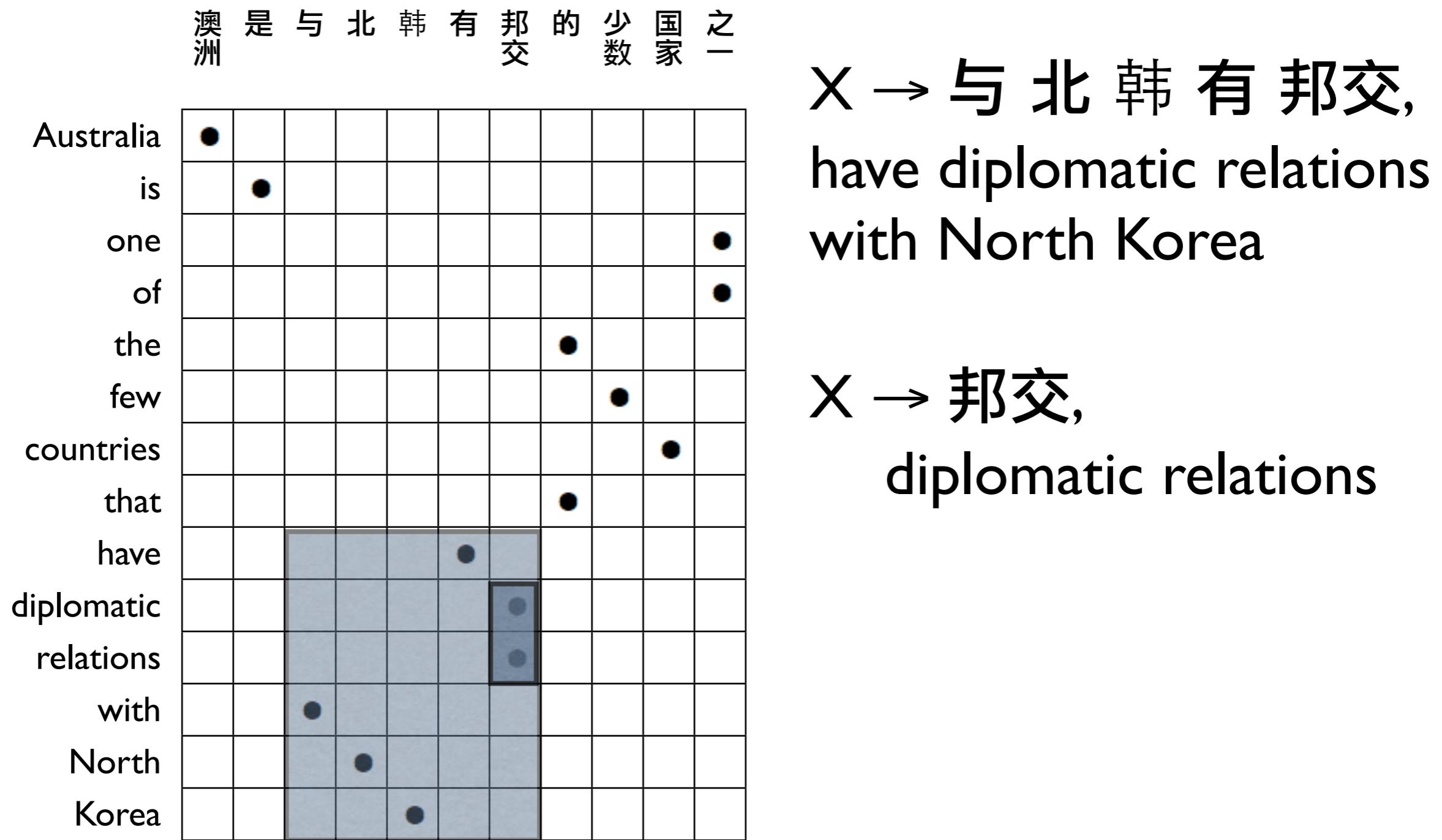
Extracting Hiero rules

澳洲是与北韩有邦交的少数国家之一

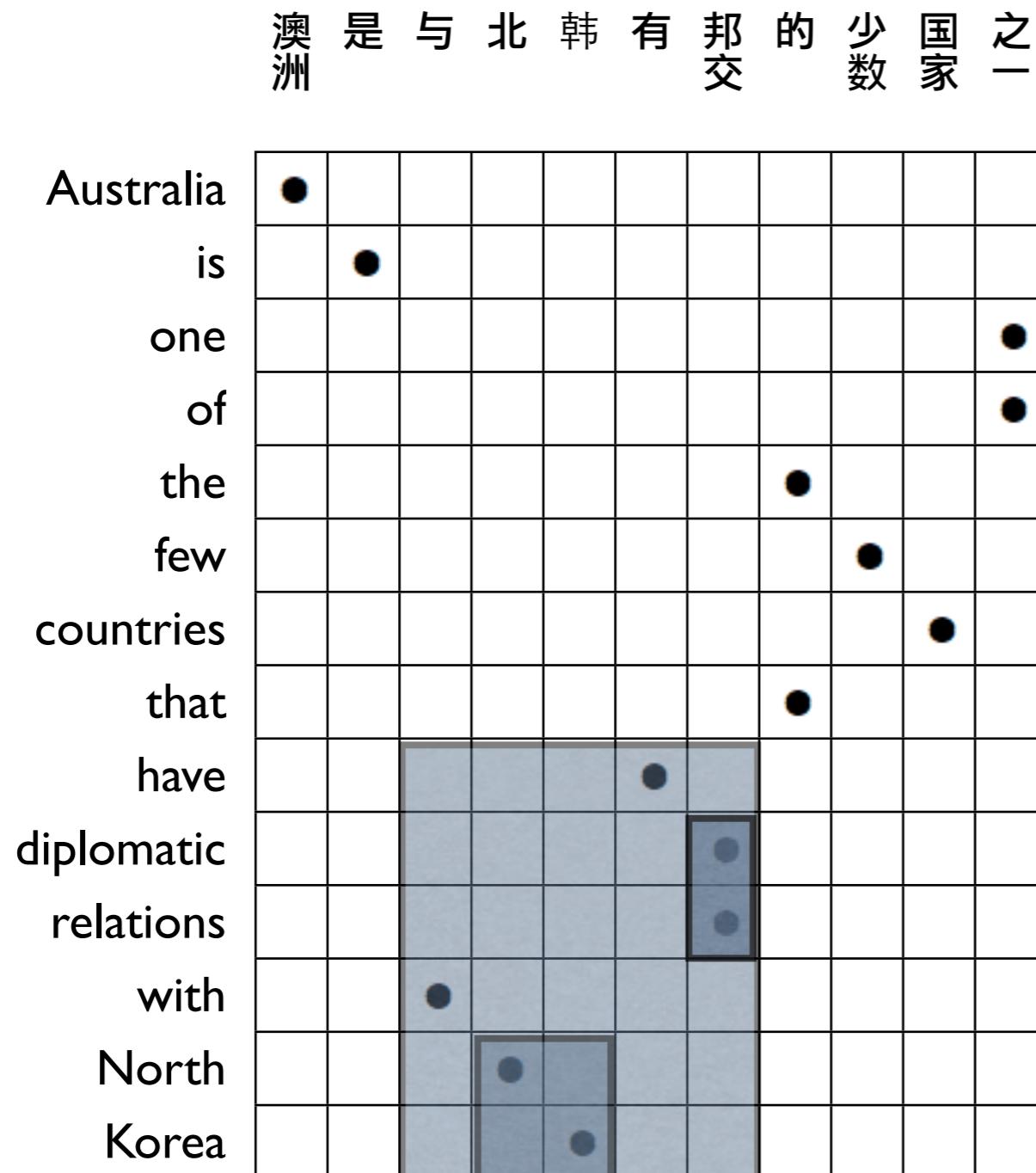
Australia	.												
is	.												
one									.				
of									.				
the							.						
few							.		.				
countries						.		.	.				
that					.			.					
have			.										
diplomatic		.					.						
relations			.			.							
with				.			.						
North					.								
Korea						.							

$\times \rightarrow$ 与 北 韩 有 邦 交,
have diplomatic relations
with North Korea

Extracting Hiero rules



Extracting Hiero rules



$\text{X} \rightarrow \text{与 北 韩 有 邦 交}$,
have diplomatic relations
with North Korea

$\text{X} \rightarrow \text{邦交}$,
diplomatic relations

$\text{X} \rightarrow \text{北 韩}$,
North Korea

Extracting Hiero rules

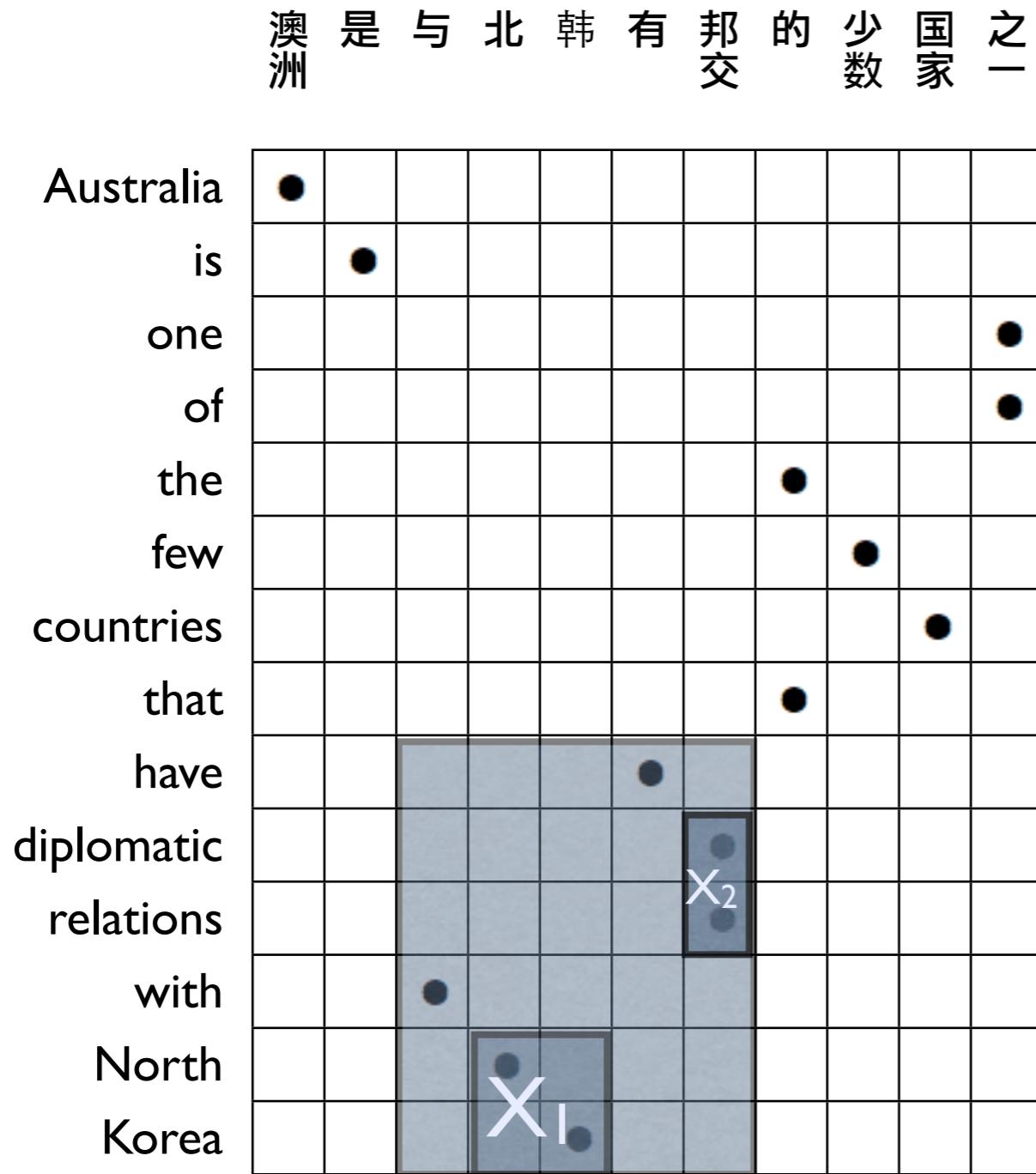
Australia	●								
	●								
is									
one									
of									
the									
few									
countries									
that									
have									
diplomatic									
relations									
with									
North									
Korea		X ₁				X ₂			

$\times \rightarrow$ 与 北 韩 有 邦 交,
have diplomatic relations
with North Korea

$\times \rightarrow$ 邦 交,
diplomatic relations

$\times \rightarrow$ 北 韩,
North Korea

Extracting Hiero rules



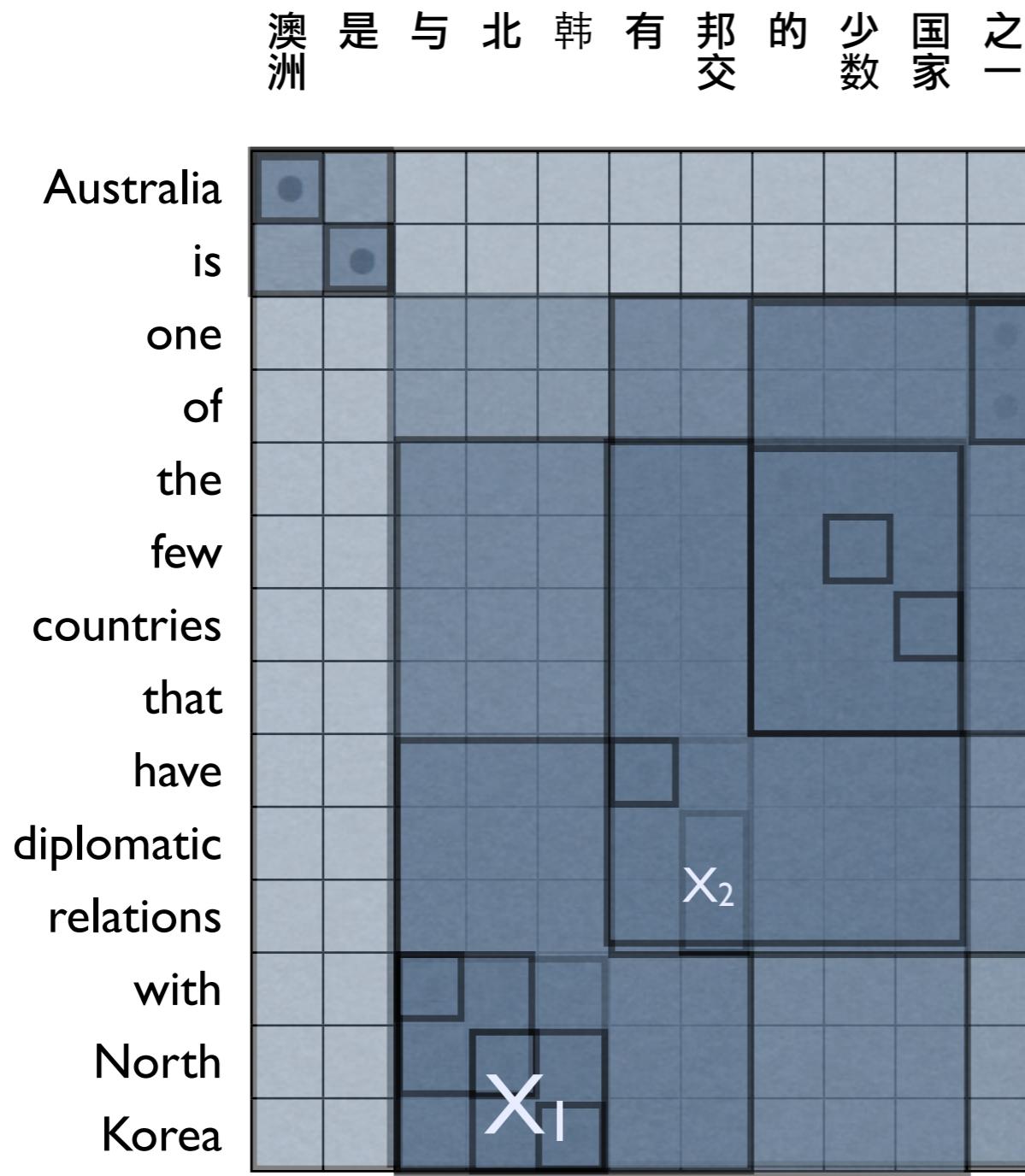
$X \rightarrow \text{与 北 韩 有 邦 交}$,
have diplomatic relations
with North Korea

$X \rightarrow \text{邦 交}$,
diplomatic relations

$X \rightarrow \text{北 韩}$,
North Korea

$X \rightarrow \text{与 } X_1 \text{ 有 } X_2$,
have X_2 with X_1

Extracting Hiero rules



$X \rightarrow$ 与 北 韩 有 邦 交,
have diplomatic relations
with North Korea

$X \rightarrow$ 邦 交,
diplomatic relations

$X \rightarrow$ 北 韩,
North Korea

$X \rightarrow$ 与 X_1 有 X_2 ,
have X_2 with X_1

Discussion: what do you think of Hiero?

- So, we now have a way of extracting SCFGs from bitexts. Great! So what?
- Is this any better than the phrase based model?
- How?
- Do you feel that it is lacking anything?

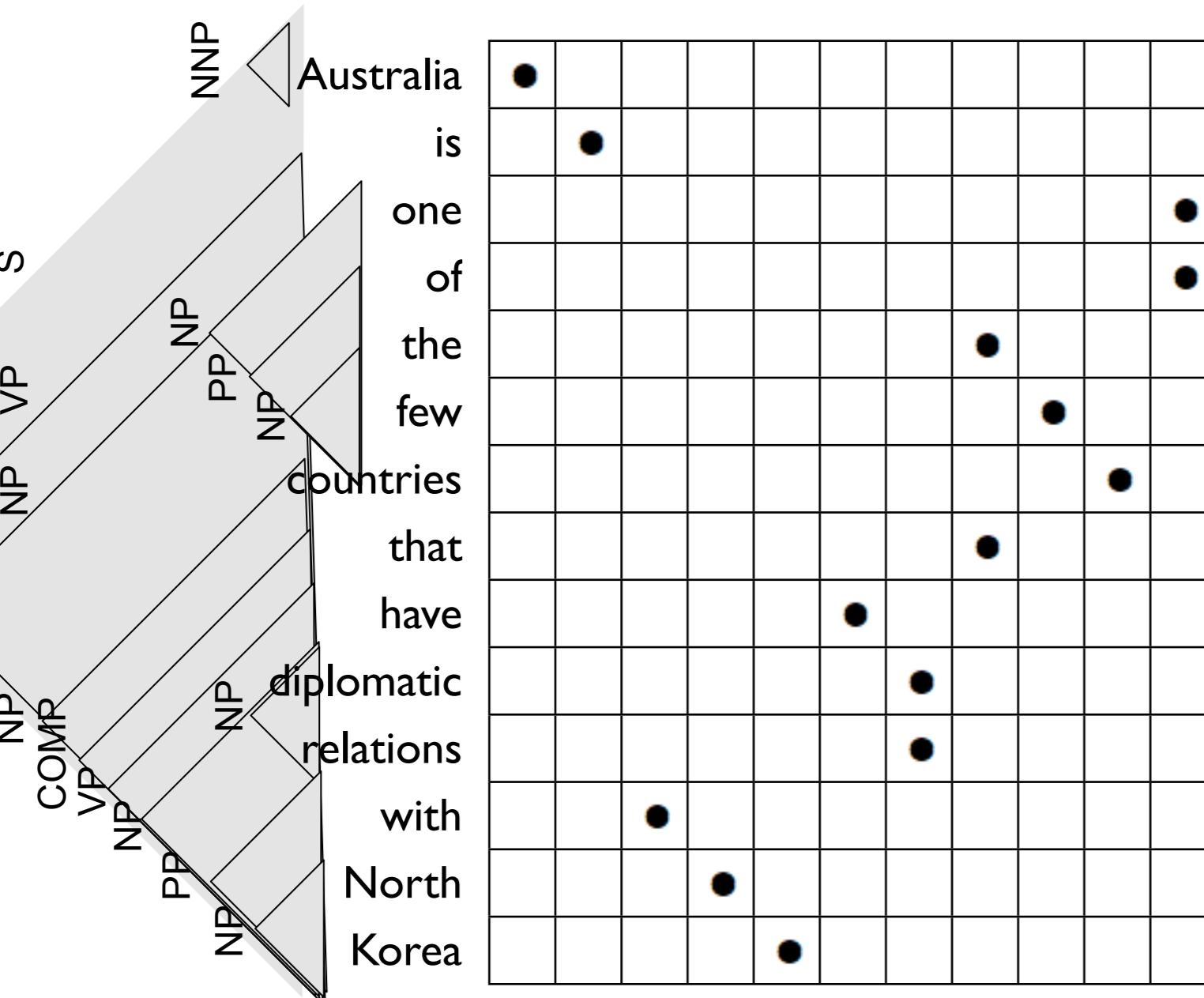
(Discuss with your neighbor)

Extracting Syntactic Rules

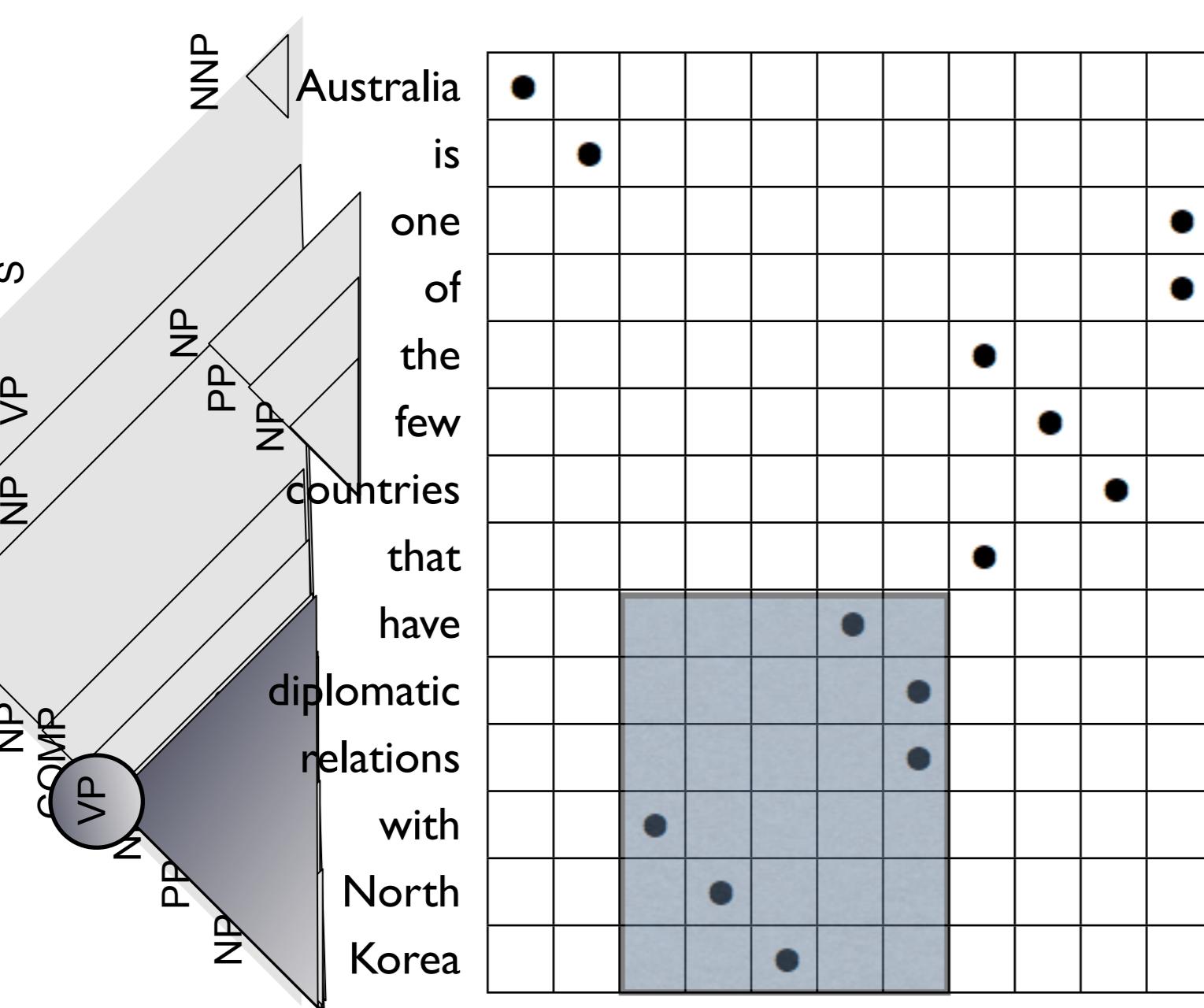
澳洲是与北韩有邦交的少数国家之一

Extracting Syntactic Rules

澳洲 是 与 北 韩 有 邦 交 的 少 数 国 家 之

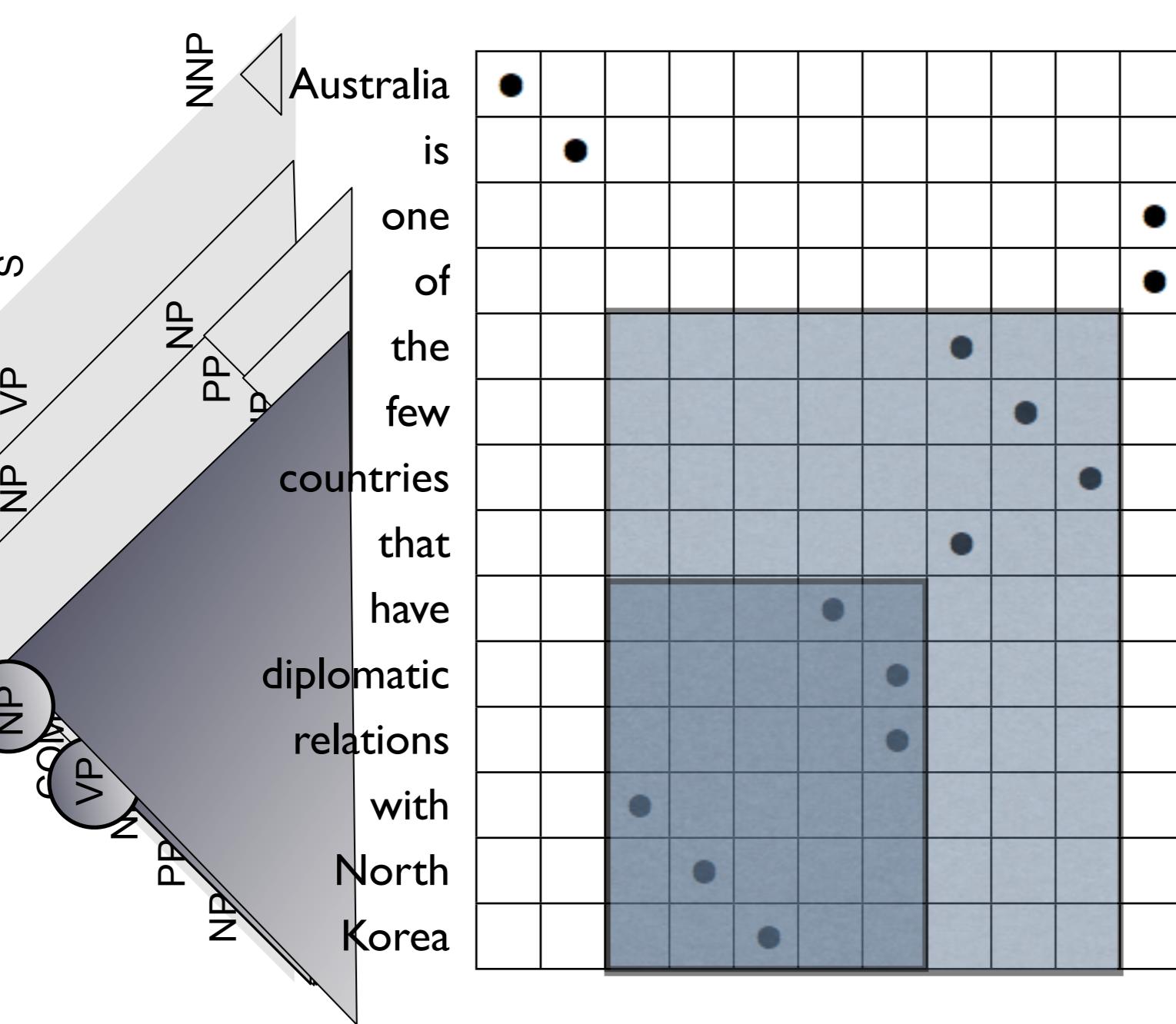


Extracting Syntactic Rules



$\text{VP} \rightarrow \text{与 北 韩 有 邦 交,}$
have diplomatic relations
with North Korea

Extracting Syntactic Rules

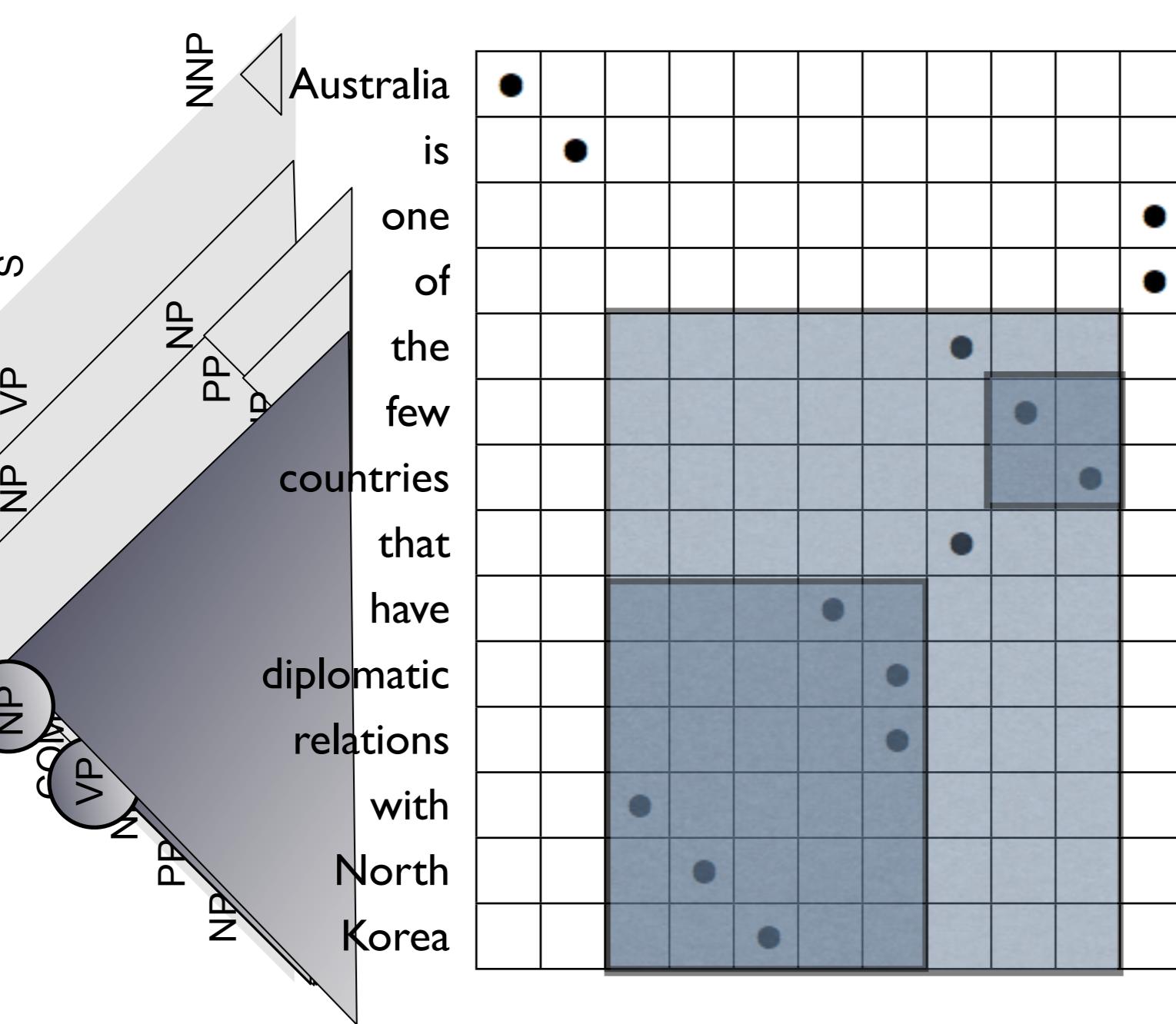


$VP \rightarrow \text{与 北 韩 有 邦 交}$,
have diplomatic relations
with North Korea

$NP \rightarrow \text{与 北 韩 有 邦 交}$
的 少 数 国 家, the few
countries that have
diplomatic relations with
North Korea

$NP \rightarrow VP$ 的 少 数 国 家,
the few countries that VP

Extracting Syntactic Rules



$VP \rightarrow \text{与 北 韩 有 邦 交}$,
have diplomatic relations
with North Korea

$NP \rightarrow \text{与 北 韩 有 邦 交}$
的 少 数 国 家, the few
countries that have
diplomatic relations with
North Korea

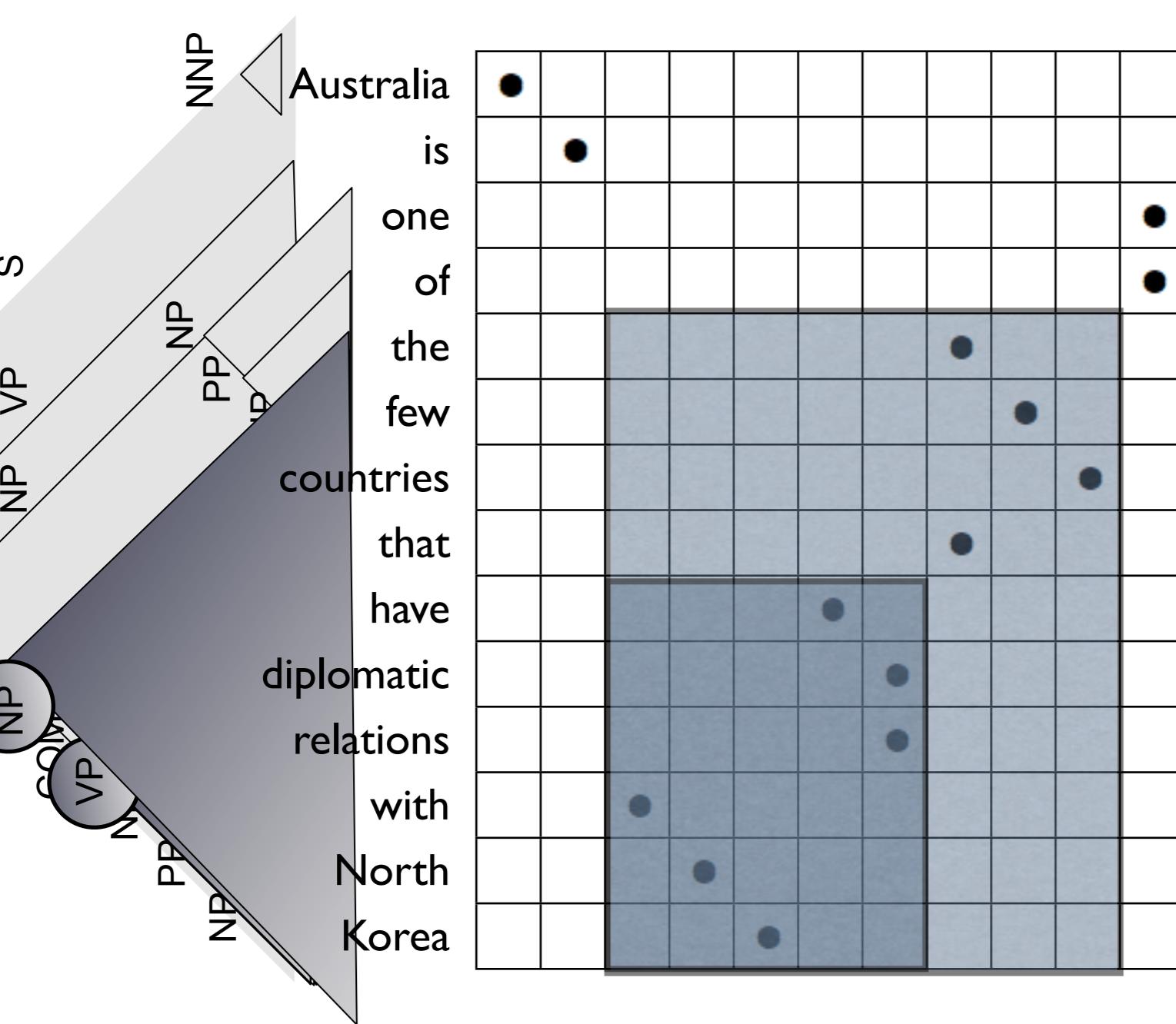
$NP \rightarrow VP$ 的 少 数 国 家,
the few countries that VP

$NP \rightarrow VP$ 的 NP,
the NP that VP

Wait a minute...

- Didn't we see this earlier in Koehn's paper?
- Aren't we giving up a ton of rules that you said were valuable?
- Something about a reduced inventory because we got rid of non-constituent phrases?

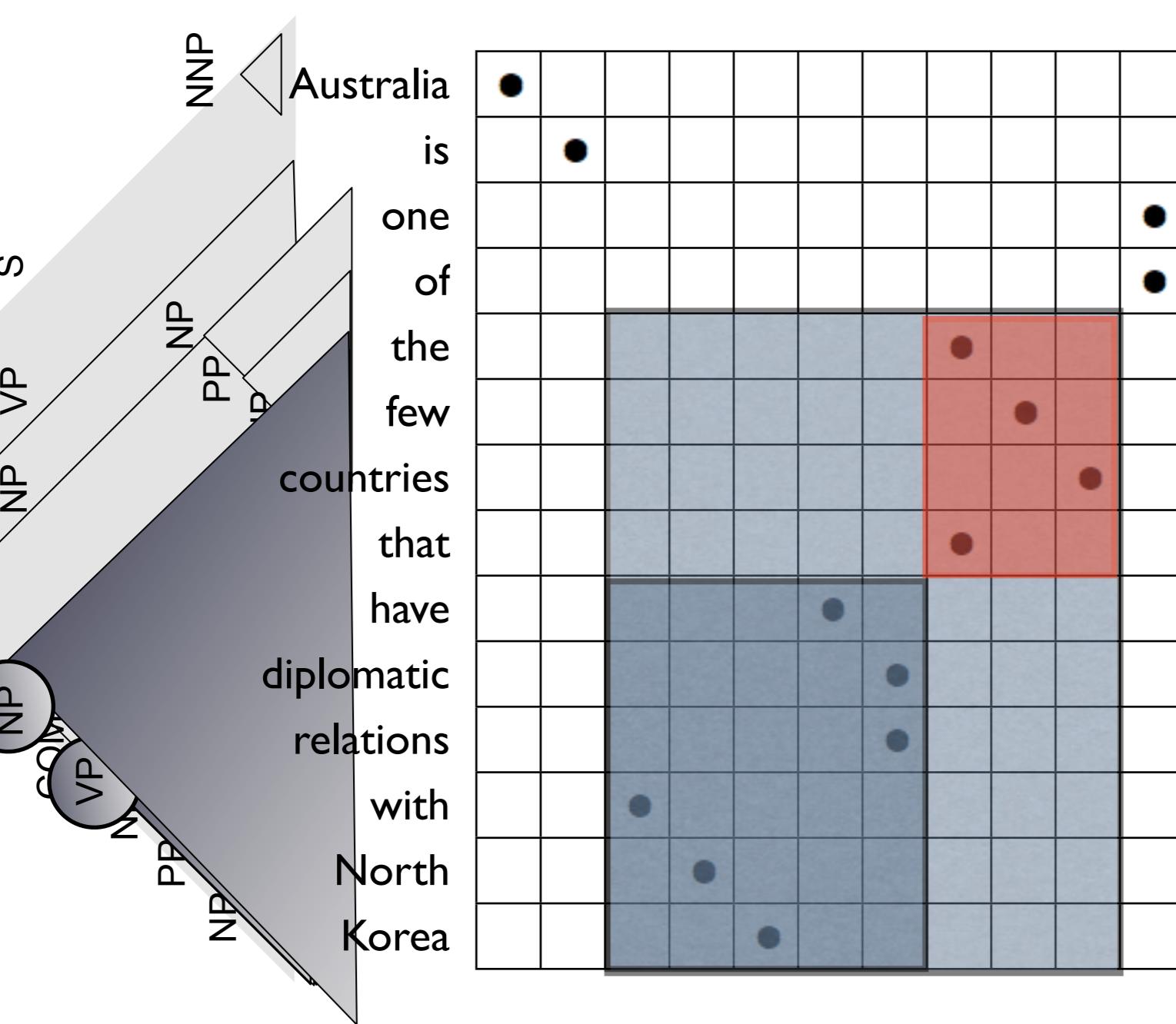
Extracting Syntactic Rules



$VP \rightarrow \text{与 北 韩 有 邦 交}$,
 $\text{have diplomatic relations}$
 with North Korea

$NP \rightarrow \text{与 北 韩 有 邦 交}$
 的 少 数 国 家 , the few
countries that have
diplomatic relations with
North Korea

Extracting Syntactic Rules

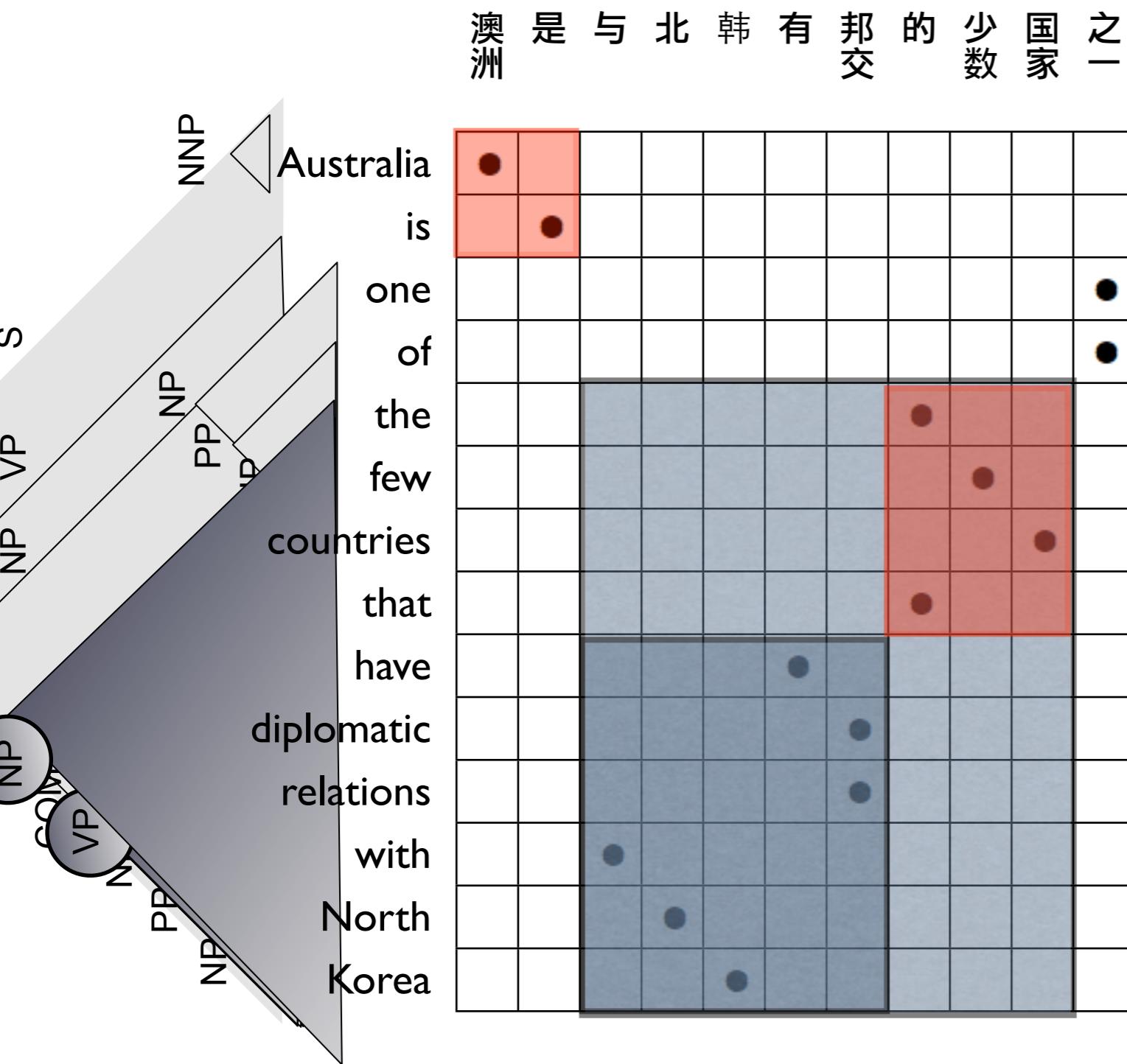


$VP \rightarrow \text{与 北 韩 有 邦 交}$,
have diplomatic relations
with North Korea

$NP \rightarrow \text{与 北 韩 有 邦 交}$
的 少 数 国 家, the few
countries that have
diplomatic relations with
North Korea

??? \rightarrow 的 少 数 国 家,
the few countries that

Extracting Syntactic Rules



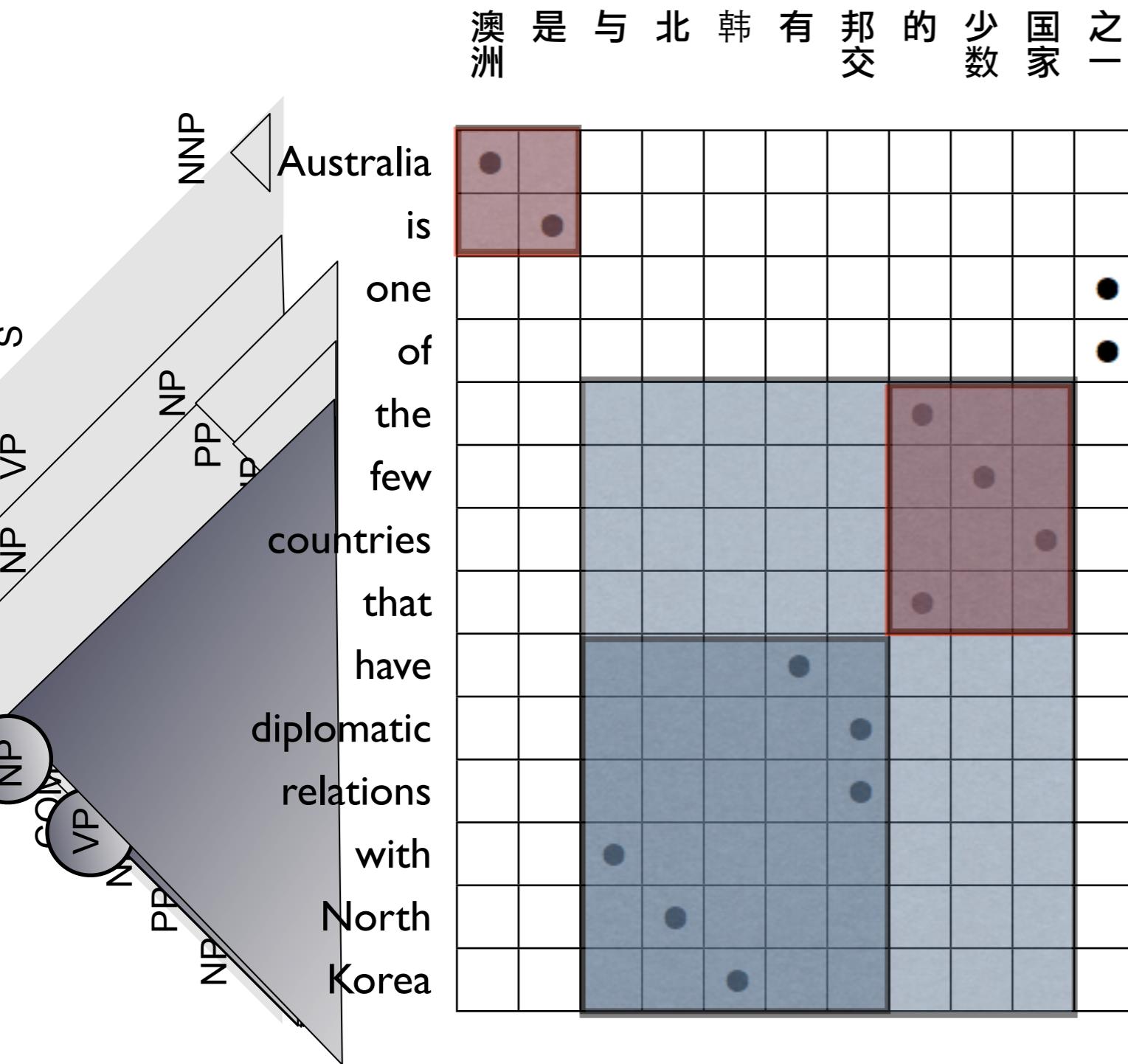
$VP \rightarrow \text{与北韩有邦交}$,
have diplomatic relations
with North Korea

$NP \rightarrow \text{与北韩有邦交}$
的 少数 国家, the few
countries that have
diplomatic relations with
North Korea

??? → 的 少数 国家,
the few countries that

??? → 澳洲 是,
Australia is

Extracting Syntactic Rules



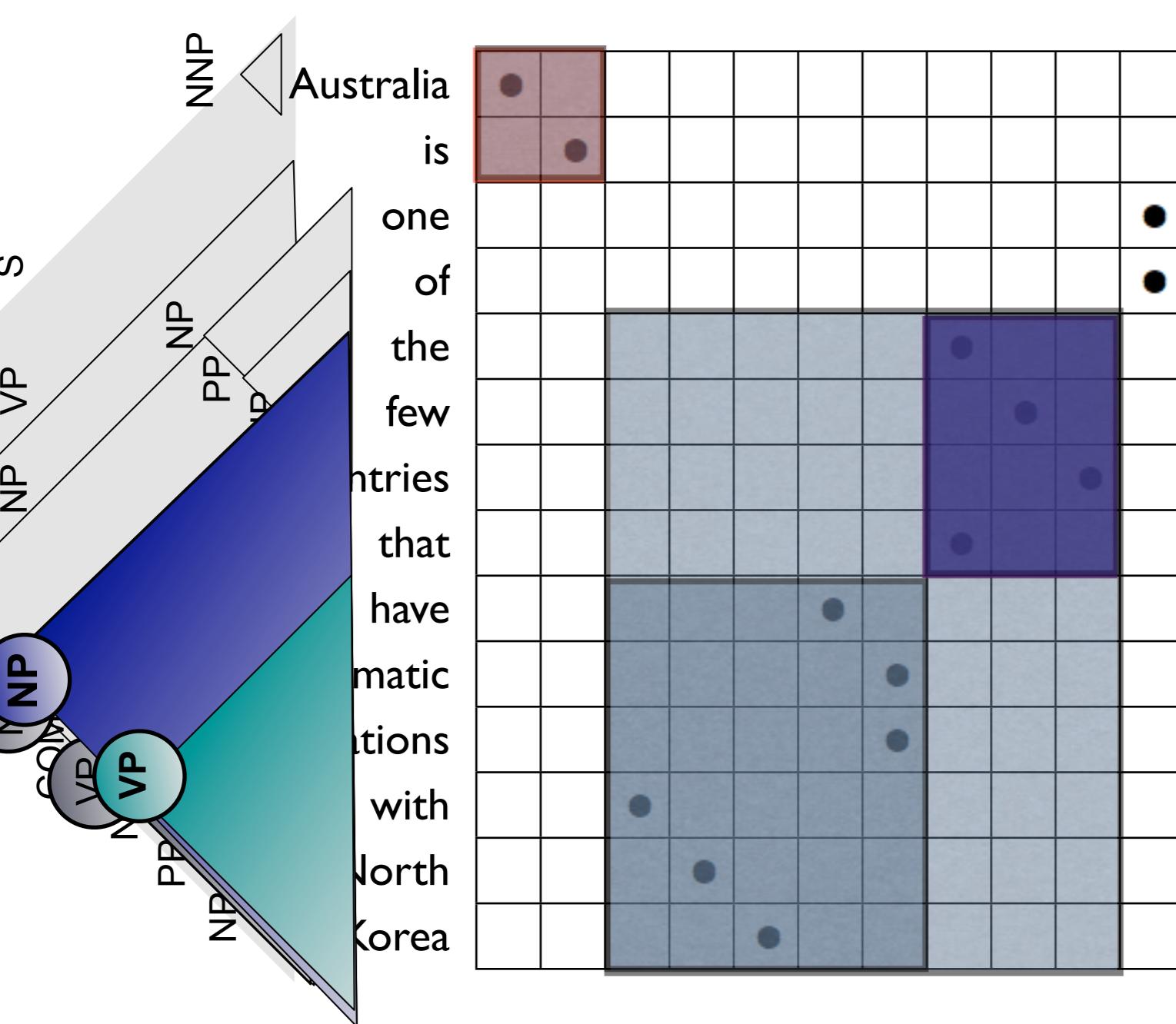
$VP \rightarrow \text{与 北 韩 有 邦 交}$,
have diplomatic relations
with North Korea

$NP \rightarrow \text{与 北 韩 有 邦 交}$
的 少 数 国 家, the few
countries that have
diplomatic relations with
North Korea

??? → 的 少 数 国 家,
the few countries that

??? → 澳洲 是,
Australia is

Extracting Syntactic Rules



$VP \rightarrow \text{与北韩有邦交}$,
have diplomatic relations
with North Korea

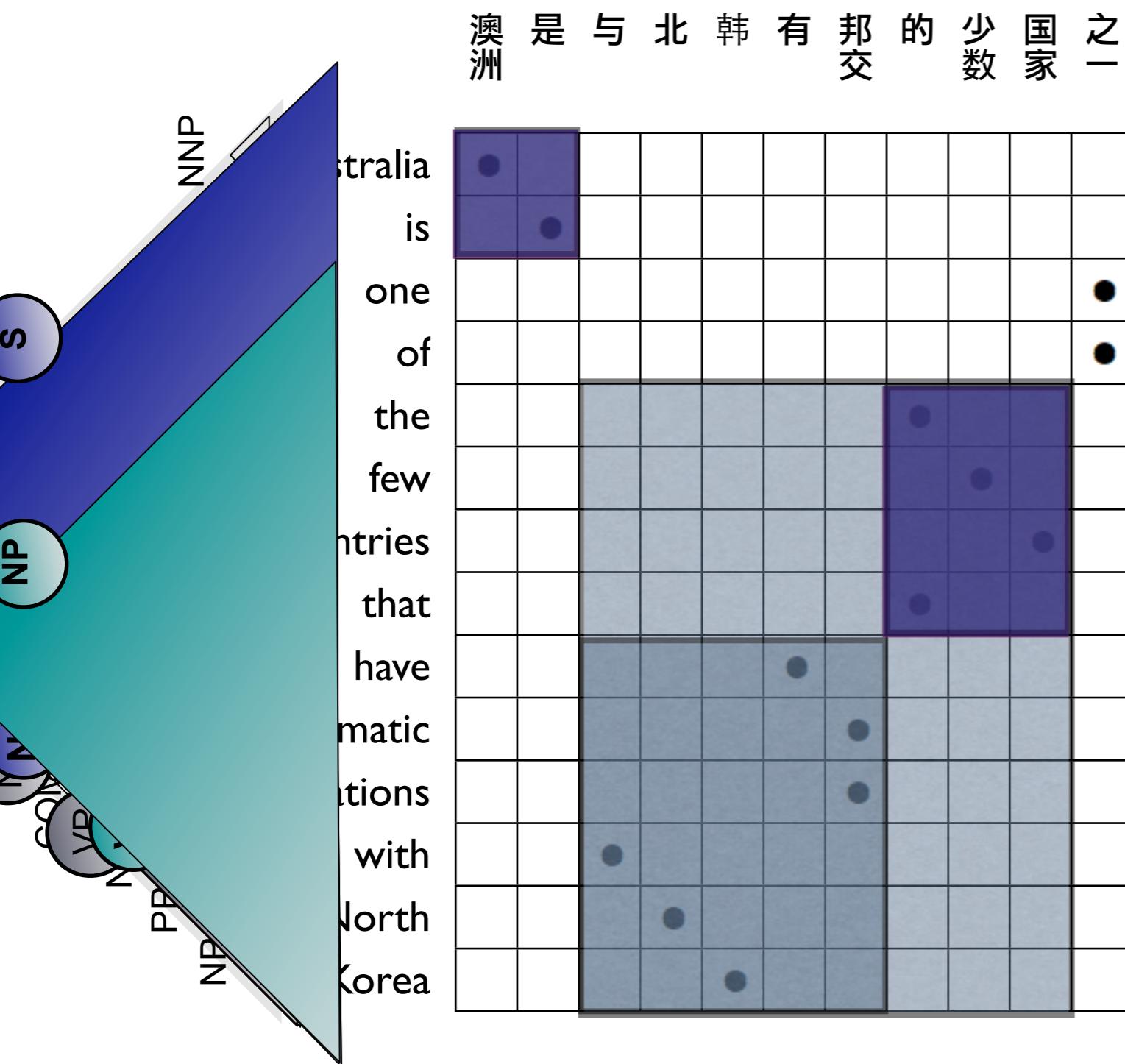
$NP \rightarrow \text{与北韩有邦交的少数国家}$, the few
countries that have
diplomatic relations with
North Korea

$NP/VP \rightarrow \text{的少数国家}$,

the few countries that

$\text{???} \rightarrow \text{澳洲是, Australia is}$

Extracting Syntactic Rules



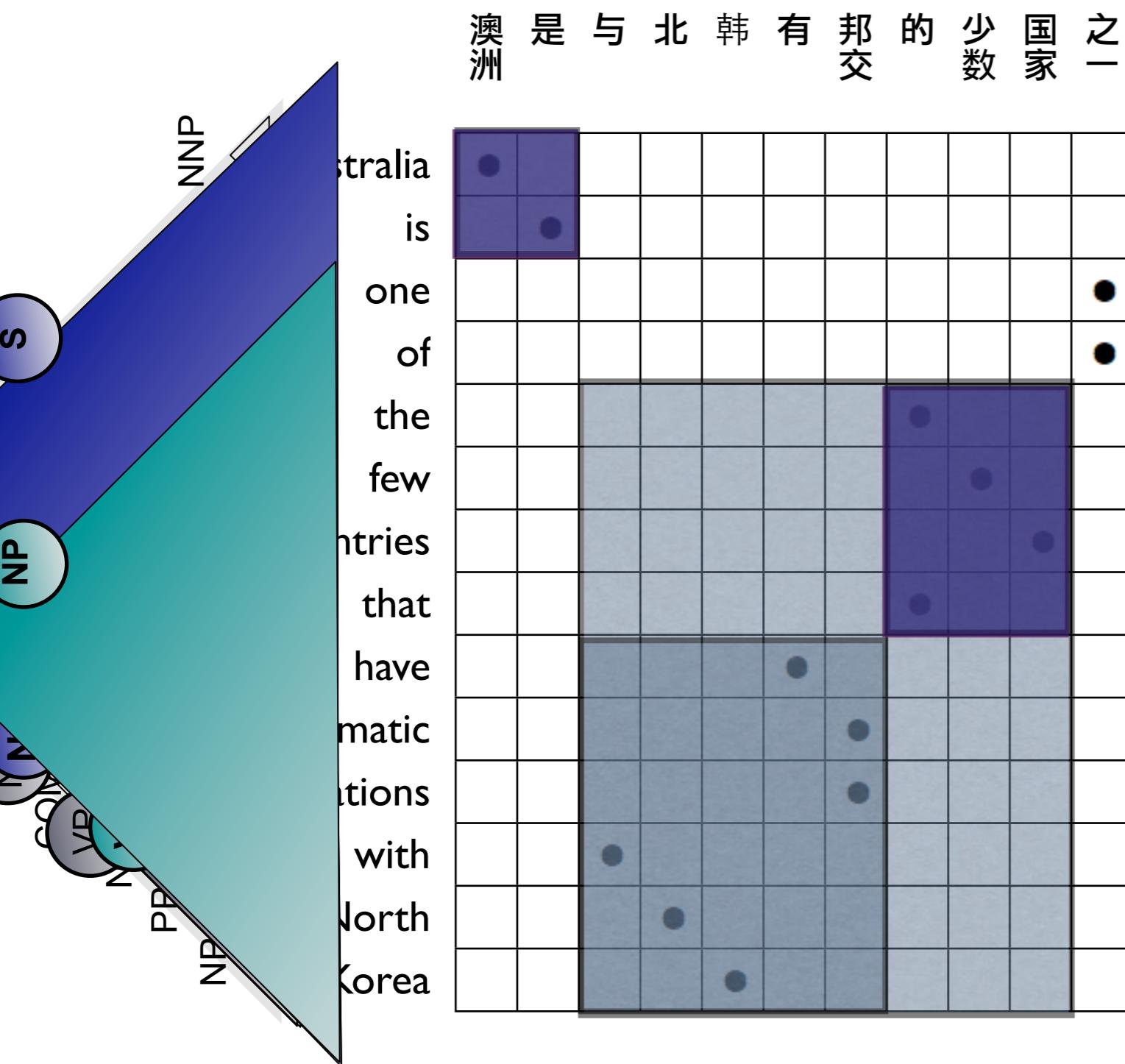
$\text{VP} \rightarrow \text{与 北 韩 有 邦 交}$,
have diplomatic relations
with North Korea

$\text{NP} \rightarrow \text{与 北 韩 有 邦 交}$
的 少数 国家, the few
countries that have
diplomatic relations with
North Korea

$\text{NP/ VP} \rightarrow \text{的 少数 国家}$,
the few countries that

$\text{S/ NP} \rightarrow \text{澳洲 是}$,
Australia is

Extracting Syntactic Rules



$\text{VP} \rightarrow \text{与 北 韩 有 邦 交}$,
have diplomatic relations
with North Korea

$\text{NP} \rightarrow \text{与 北 韩 有 邦 交}$
的 少数 国家, the few
countries that have
diplomatic relations with
North Korea

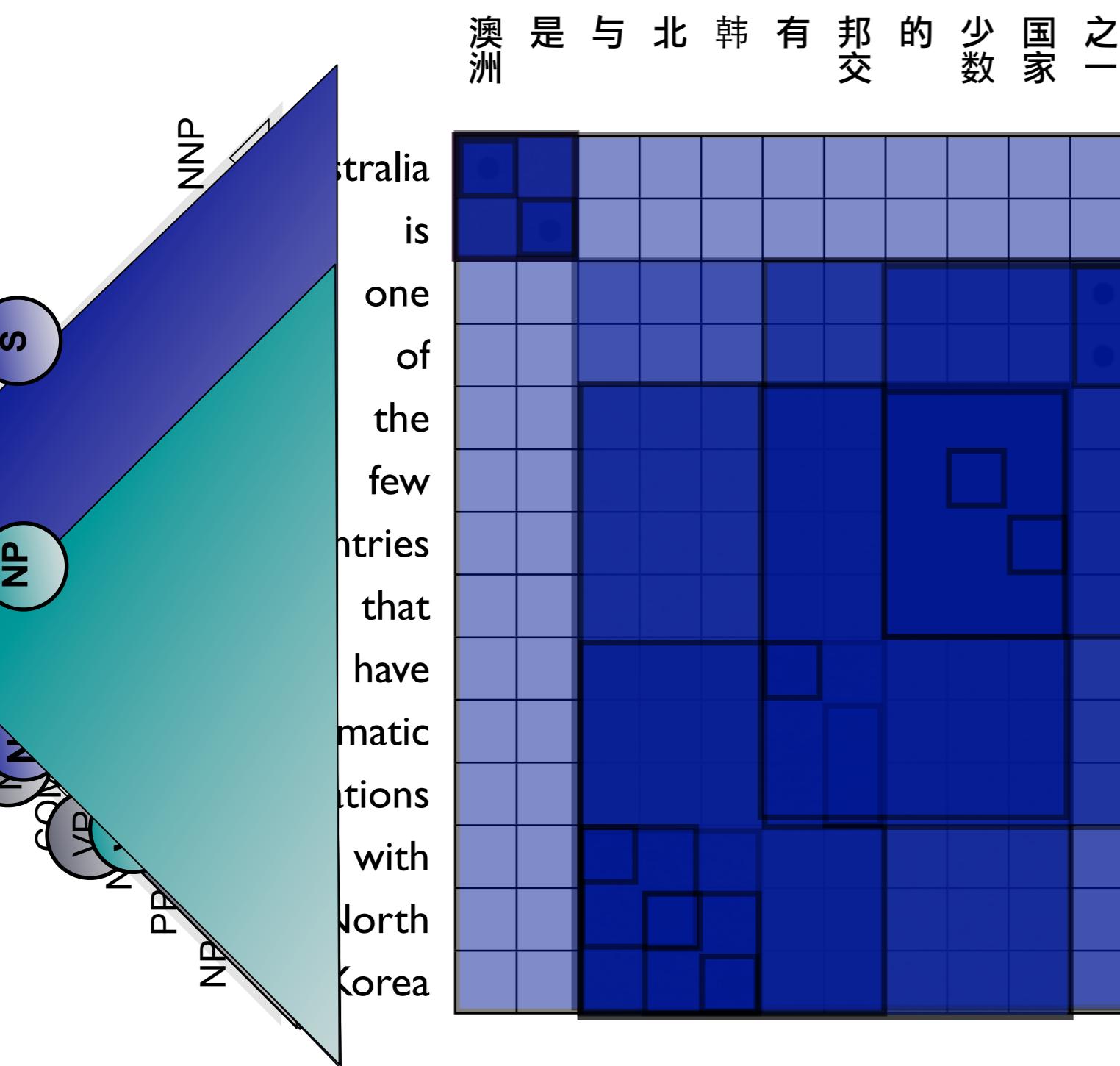
$\text{NP/ VP} \rightarrow \text{的 少数 国家}$,

the few countries that

$\text{S/ NP} \rightarrow \text{澳洲 是}$,

Australia is

Extracting Syntactic Rules



$VP \rightarrow \text{与 北 韩 有 邦 交}$,
have diplomatic relations
with North Korea

$NP \rightarrow \text{与 北 韩 有 邦 交}$
的 少 数 国 家, the few
countries that have
diplomatic relations with
North Korea

$NP/VP \rightarrow \text{的 少 数 国 家}$,
the few countries that

$S/ NP \rightarrow \text{澳 洲 是}$,
Australia is

Discussion: Is this better?

- What do you think of this flavor of SCFGs?
- What are its limitations?
- Do you think that it is better or worse than Hiero?
- How would you prove it?

(Discuss with your neighbors)

New training paradigm

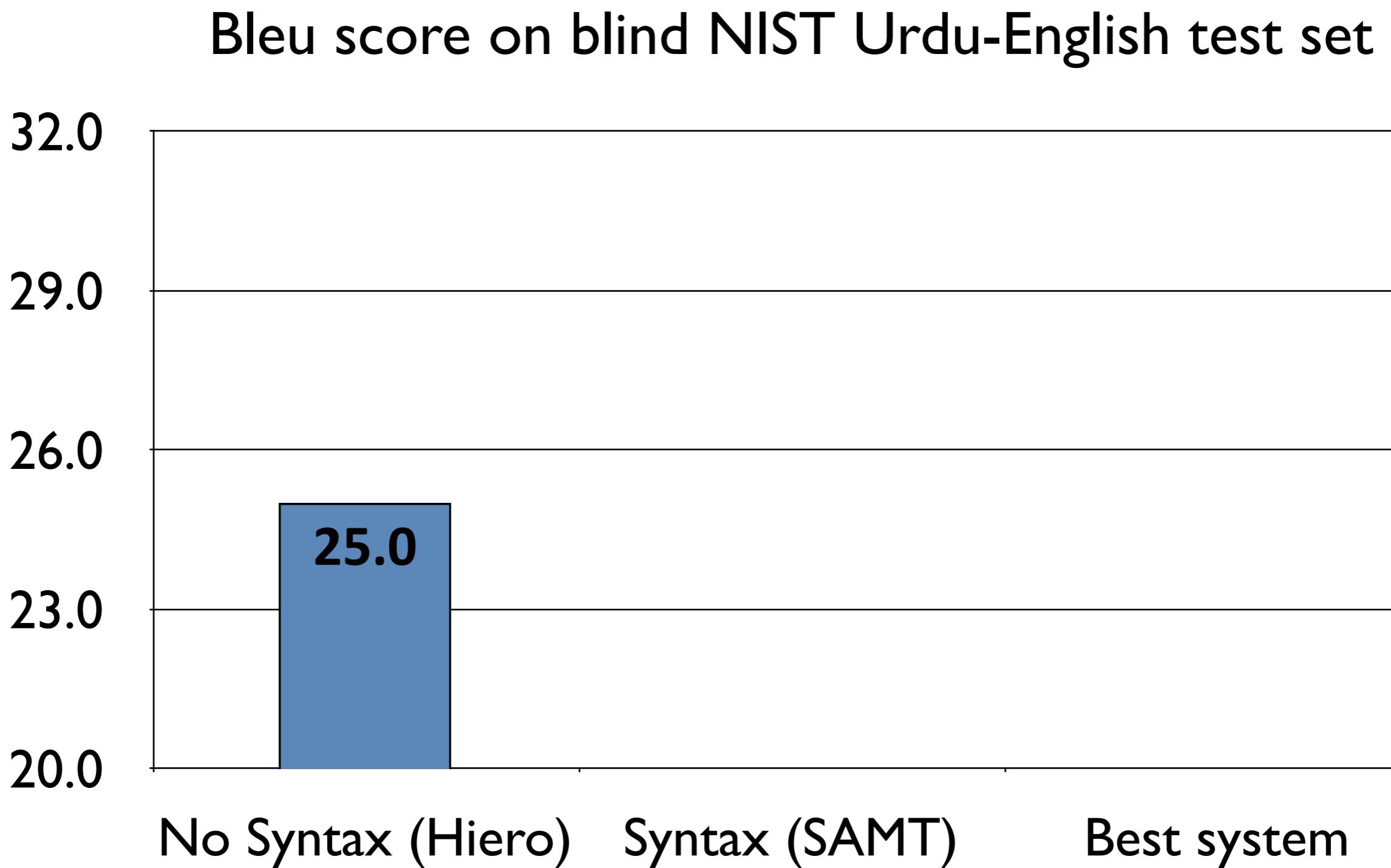
- Training data: word-aligned bilingual parallel corpus, with **parse trees**
 - No need to parse the Urdu, just parse the English
 - Method is therefore transferable to other resource poor languages
- Extract SCFG rules with **syntactic nonterminals**
- For **non-constituent phrases** use CCG-style nonterminals
- **Same coverage** as Hiero model

Does it work?

- Tested for Urdu-English MT
- 1.5 Million word parallel corpus
- Two contrastive systems, with different grammar extraction mechanism
 - Hiero
 - Syntax-augmented grammars
- Used same decoder in both cases
- Tested results in a blind test set administered by the National Institute for Standards in Technology

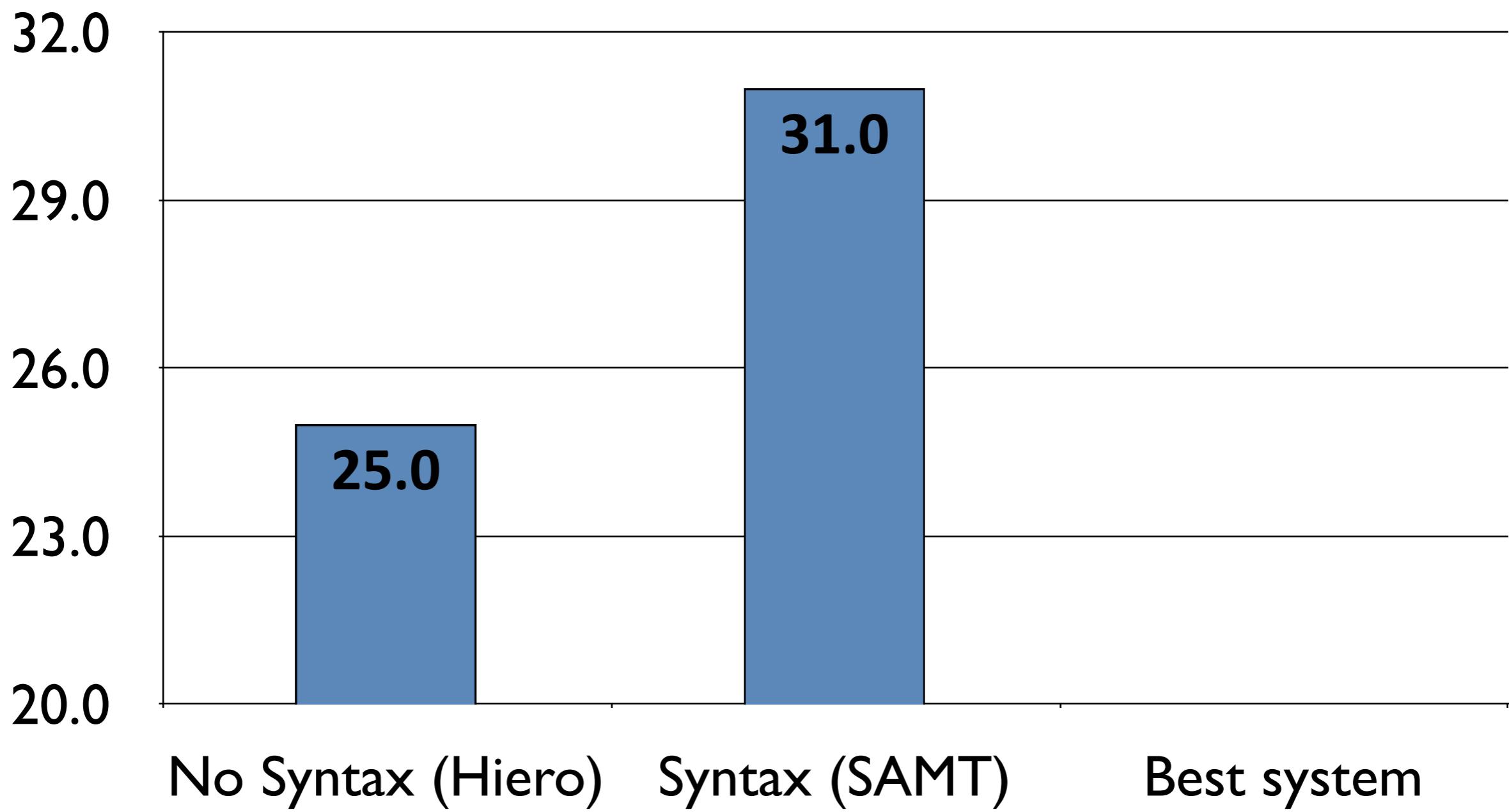
Syntax v. no Syntax

Syntax v. no Syntax



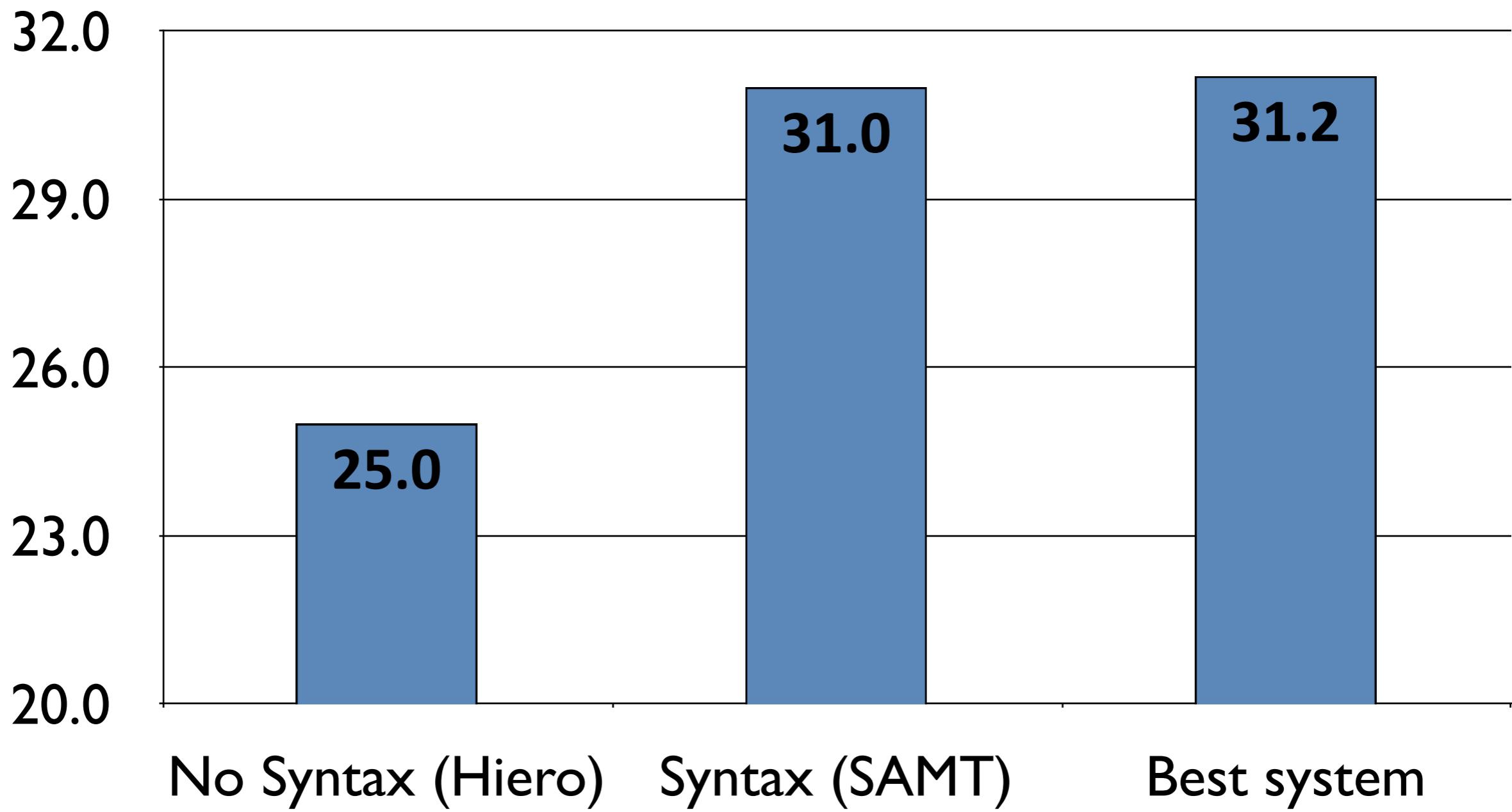
Syntax v. no Syntax

Bleu score on blind NIST Urdu-English test set



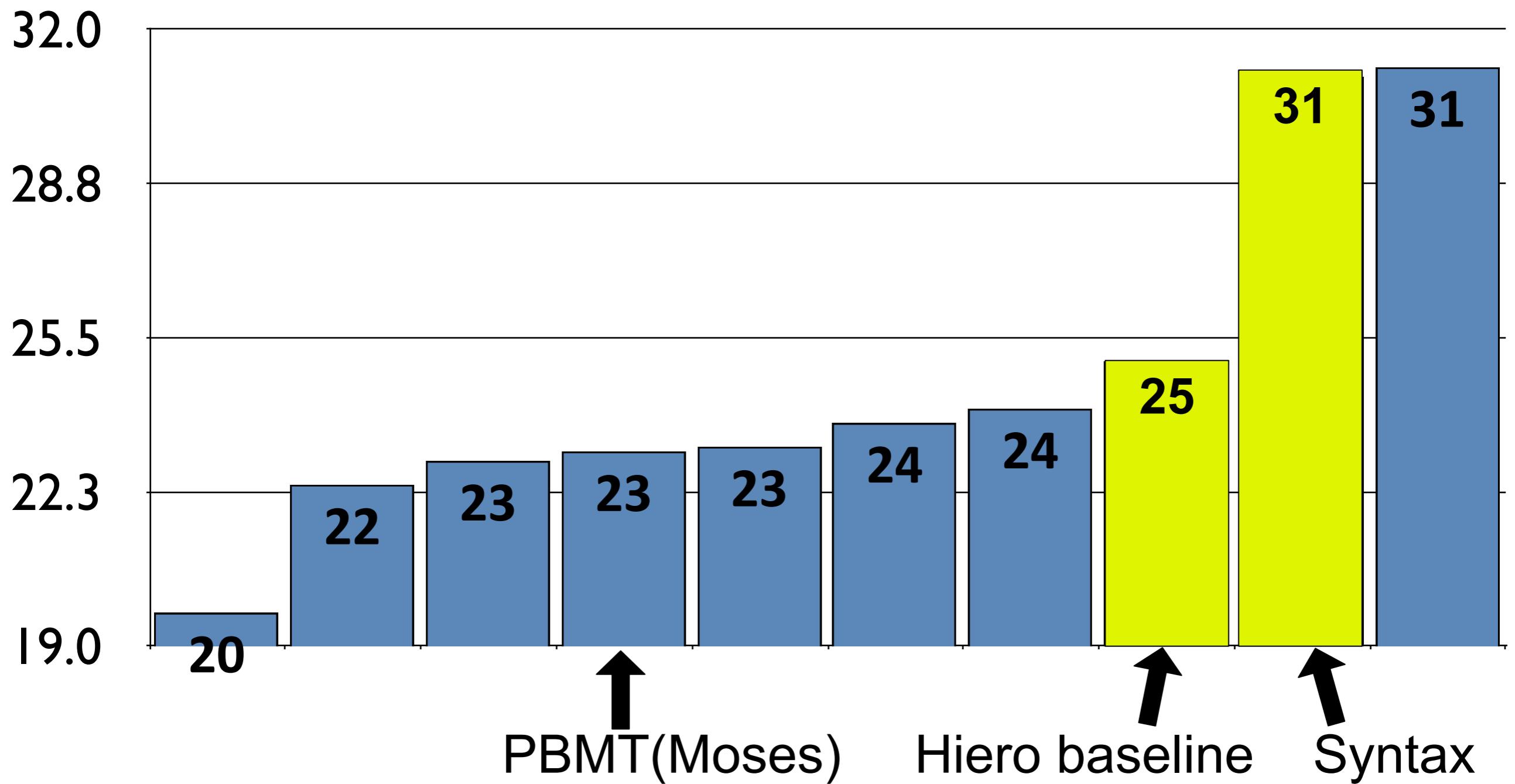
Syntax v. no Syntax

Bleu score on blind NIST Urdu-English test set



State of the Art Urdu Results

All system scores on NIST09 Urdu-English constrained task



Translation improvements

'first nuclear experiment in 1990 was'

Thomas red Unilever National Laboratory of the United States in ویپن designer, are already working on the book of Los ایلموس National Laboratory ڈینی، former director of the technical انجینئرنگ written with the cooperation of سٹلمیں.

This book 'nuclear express: political history and the expansion of bomb' has been written, and the two writers have also claimed that the country has made nuclear bomb is he or any other country's nuclear secrets to چرائے or that of any other nuclear power cooperation is achieved.

The First Nuclear Test Was in 1990.

Thomas red of the United States, the National Laboratory in designer are already working on the book of Los Alamos National Laboratory, former director of the technical intelligence, with the cooperation of Diana steelman wrote.

This book under the title of the spread of nuclear expressway: the political history of the bomb and this has been written and the two writers have claimed that the country also has made nuclear bomb or any other country, Korea nuclear secrets, or any of the other nuclear power cooperation.

Who did what to whom?

Baseline

He said that China, North Korea, Iran, Syria, Pakistan, through Egypt, Libya and Yemen is to provide nuclear technology.

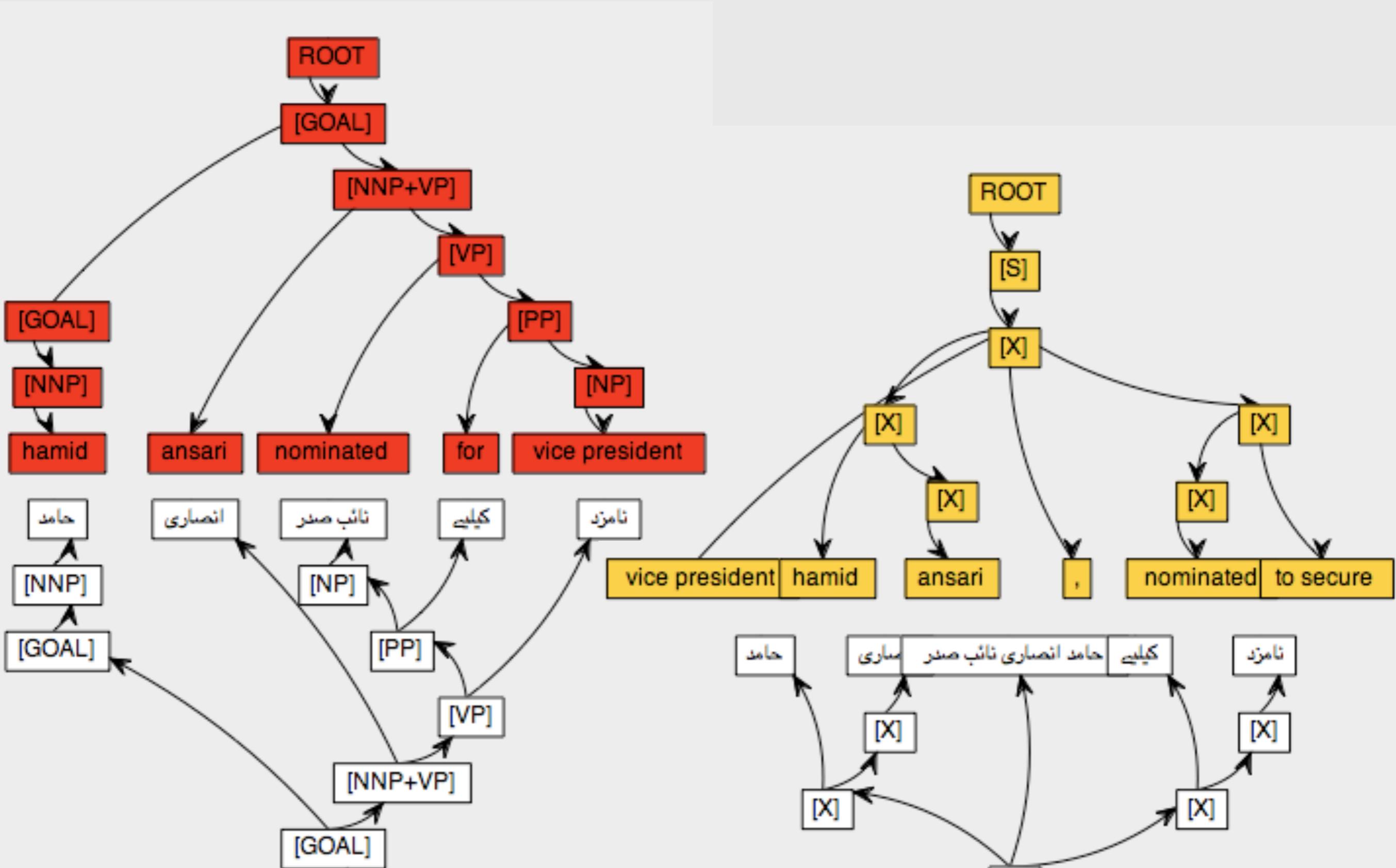
Thomas was red when this question why China has provided the nuclear technology to Pakistan, In response, He said as China and India was joint enemy of Pakistan.

SCALE final system

He said that China would provide nuclear technology to North Korea, Iran, Syria, Pakistan, Egypt, Libya and Yemen.

Thomas red when was this question why China has provided to Pakistan nuclear technology, he said in response to China, Pakistan and India as a common enemy.

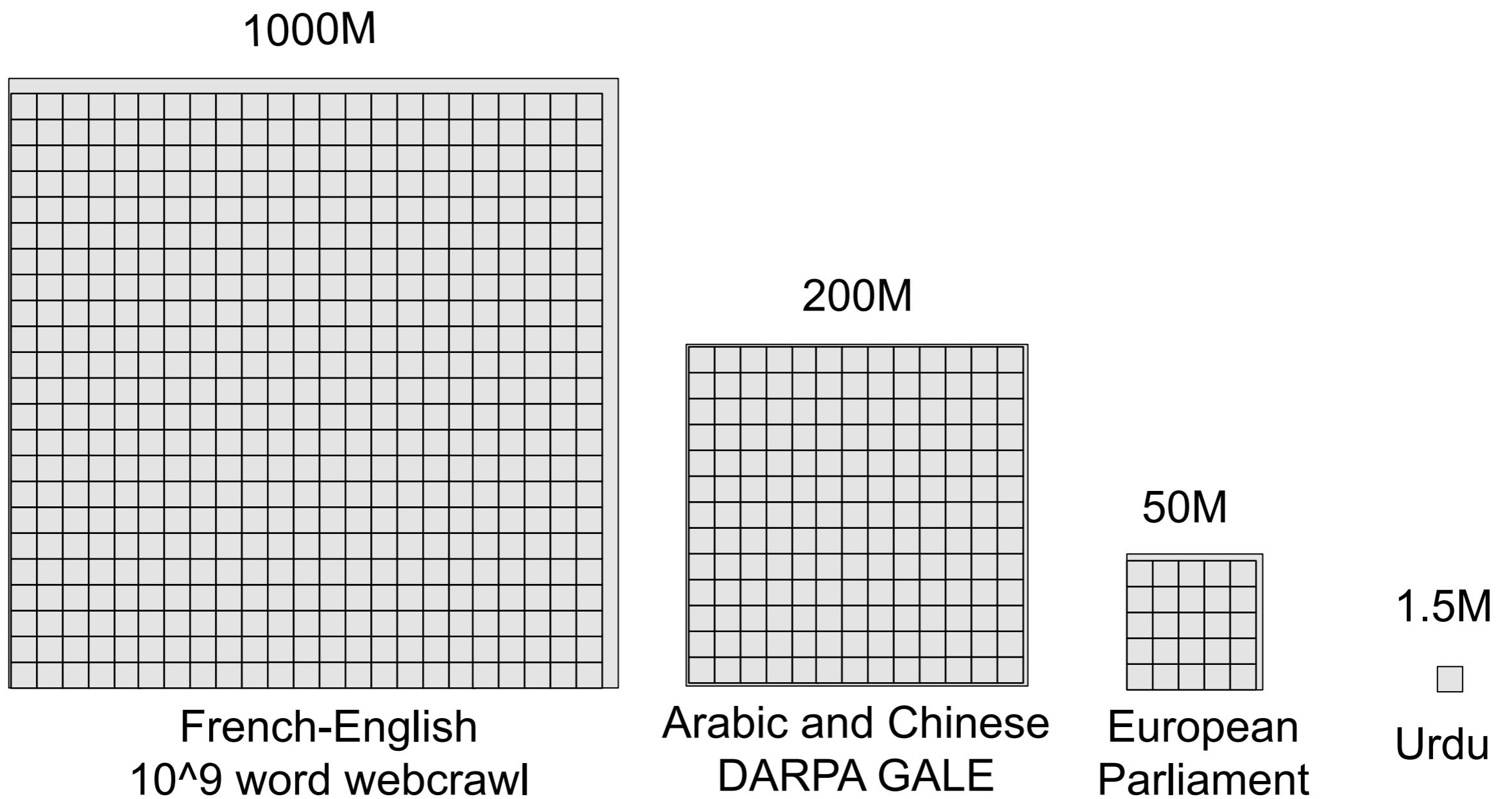
Syntax captures Urdu reordering



Why did this work?

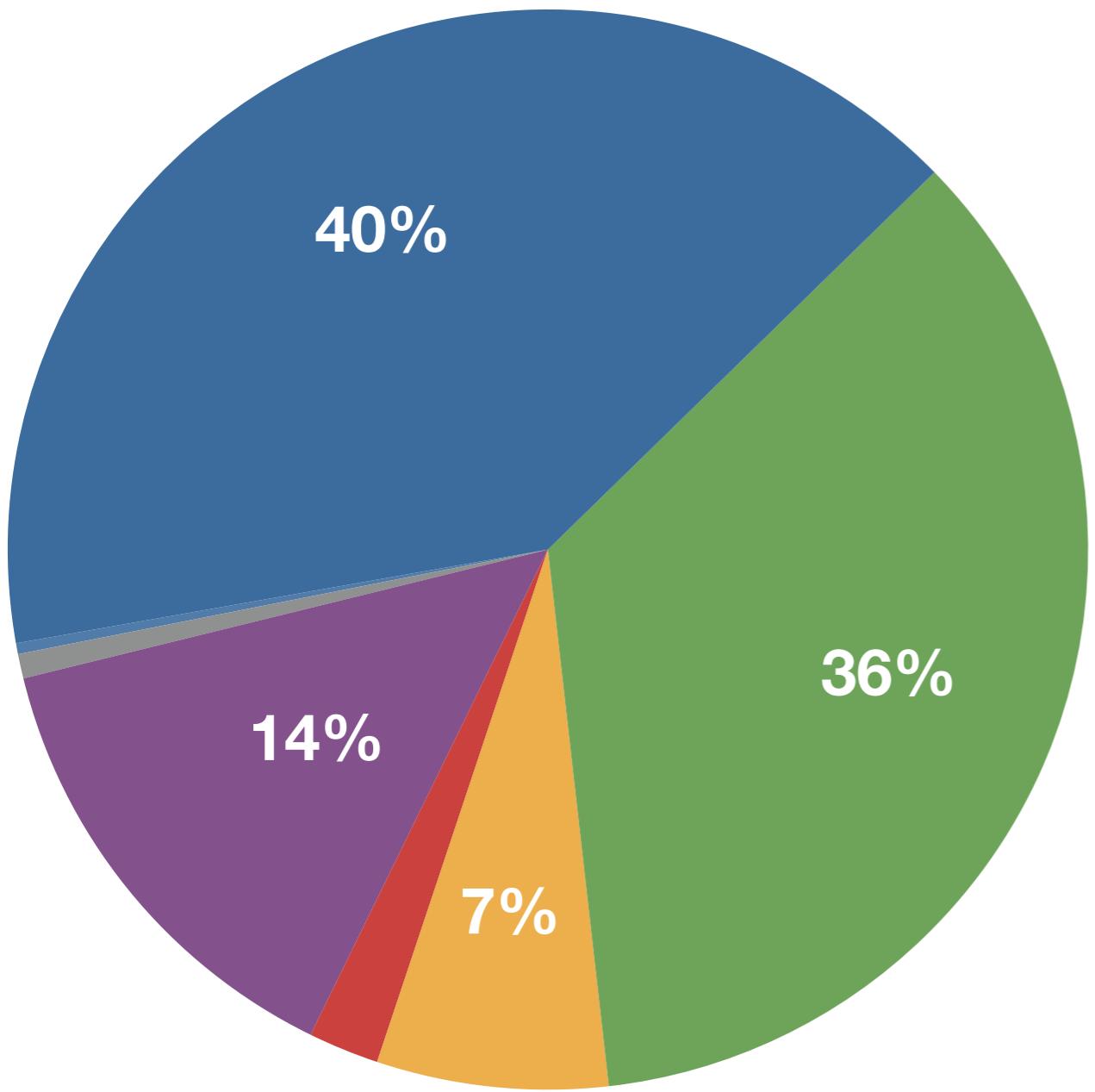
- Using **syntax-based translation models** resulted in huge improvements in quality
- Previous work on syntax did not show significant gains, so why did it work here?
- Urdu is an **ideal language** to show off the advantages of syntax
 - Very **small amount** of training data
 - Very **different word order** than English
- Can't simply **memorize** translations of phrases
- Must **generalize**

Training data for MT Research



Distribution of Word Orders

All Languages

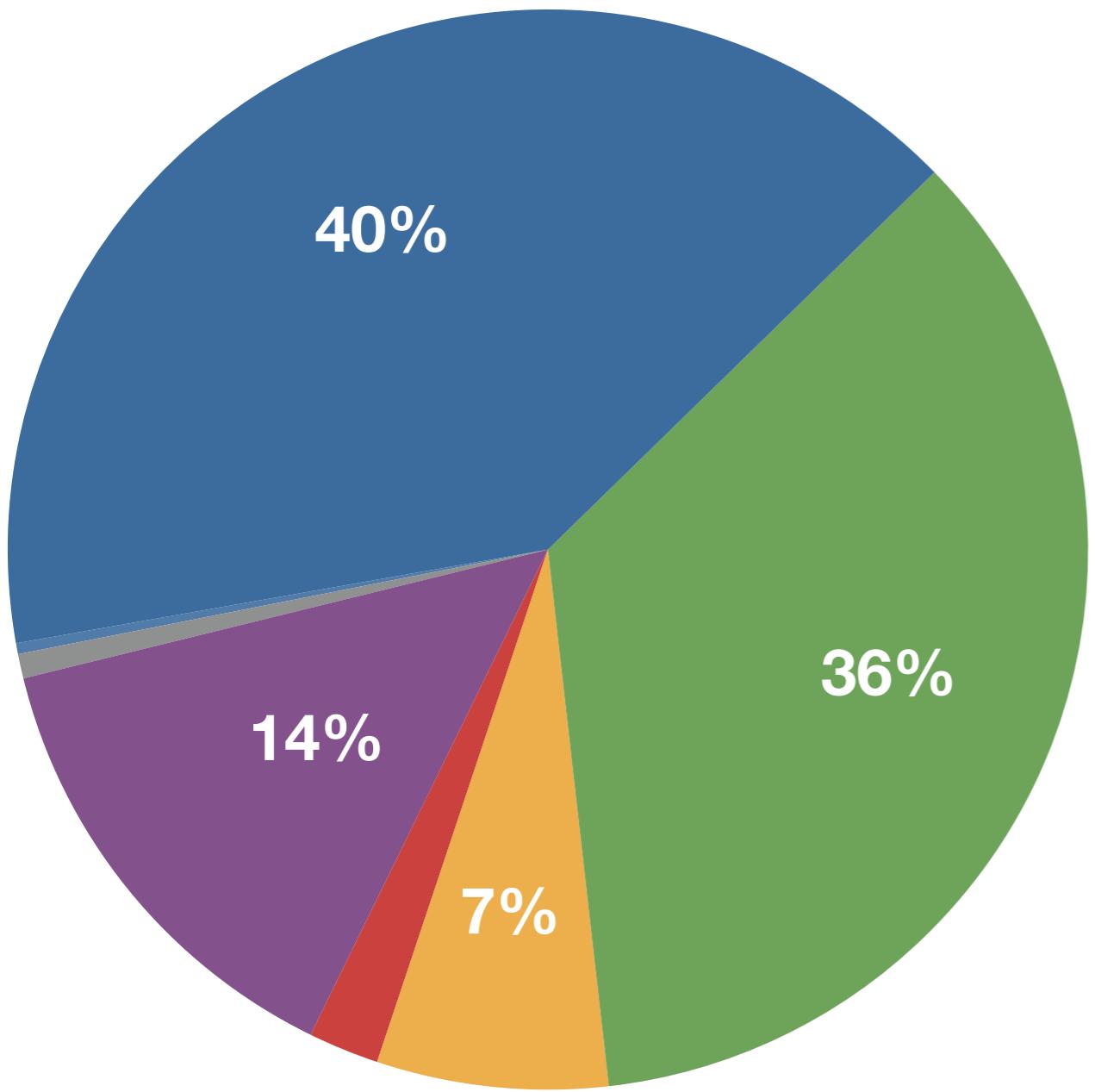


SMT Languages

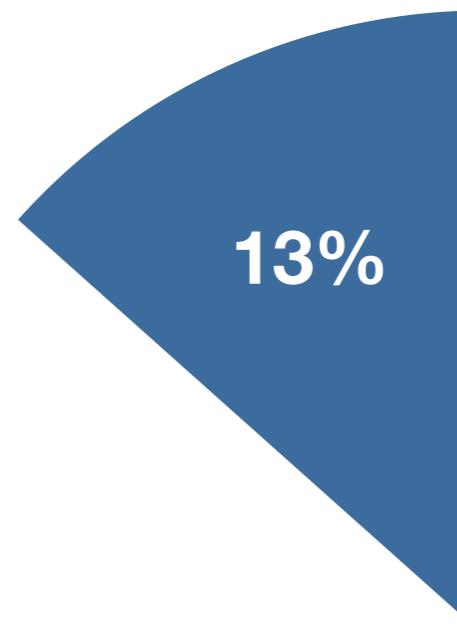
- SOV
- SVO
- VSO
- VOS
- No dominant order

Distribution of Word Orders

All Languages



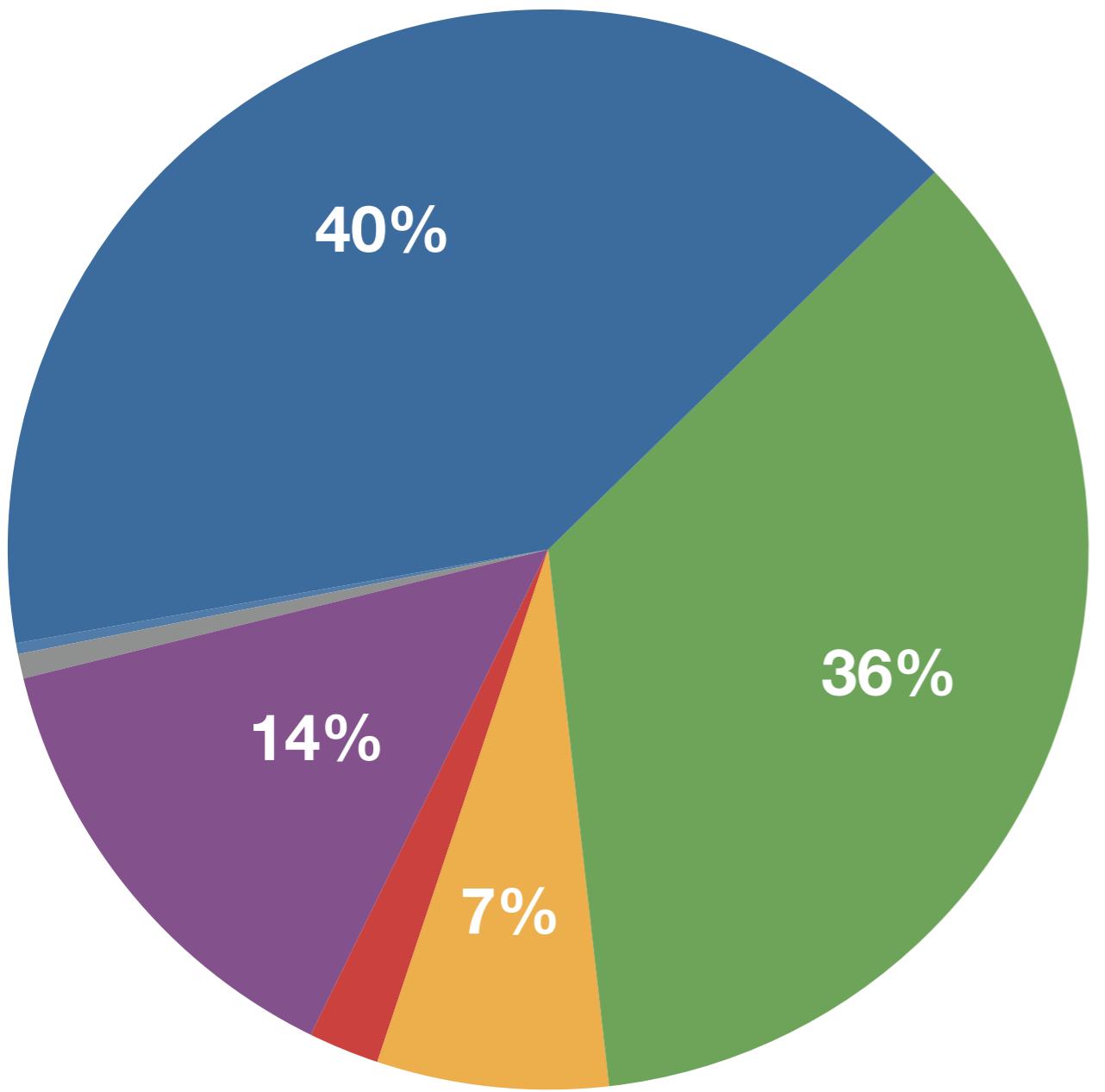
SMT Languages



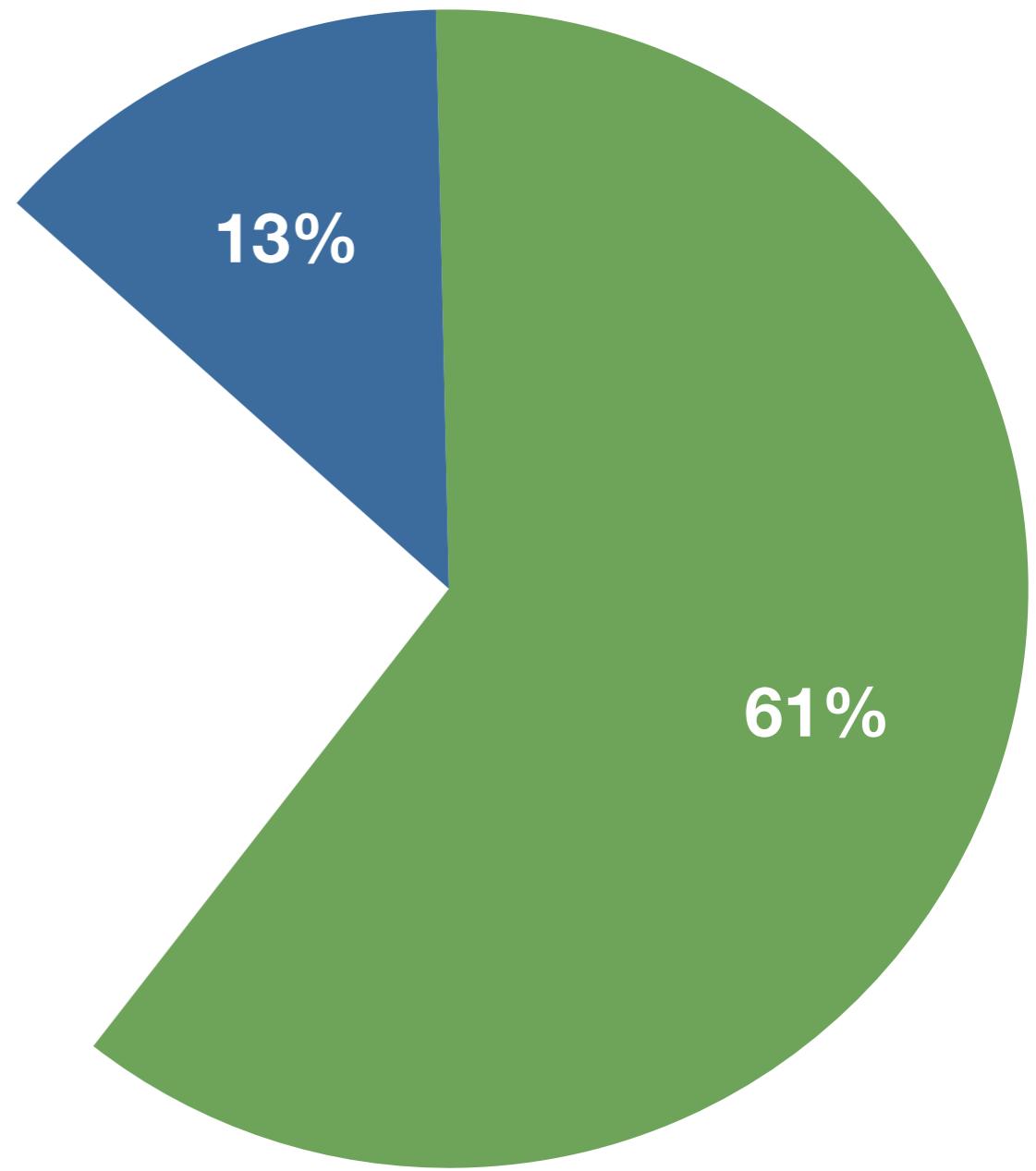
● SOV ● SVO ● VSO ● VOS ● No dominant order

Distribution of Word Orders

All Languages



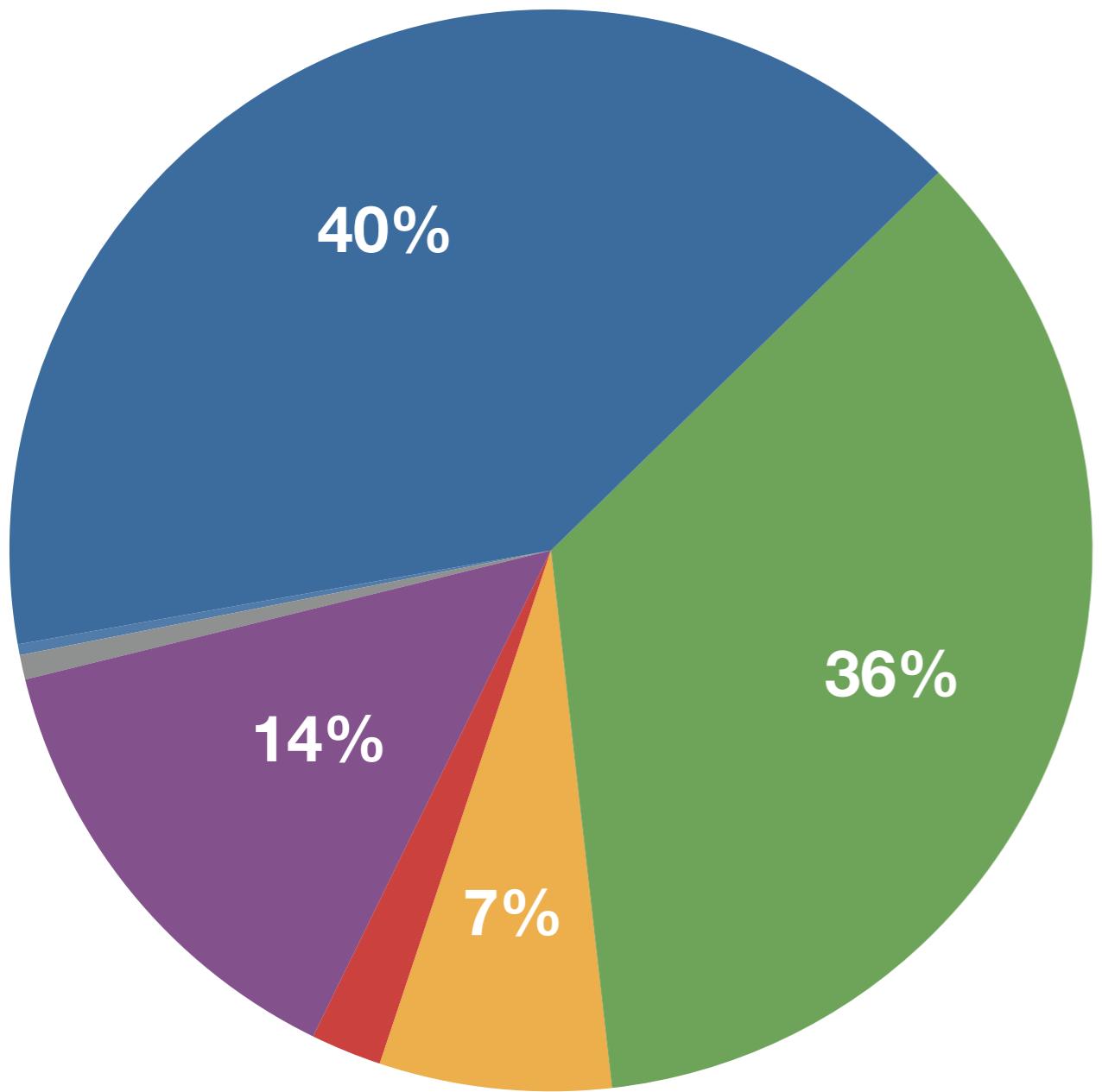
SMT Languages



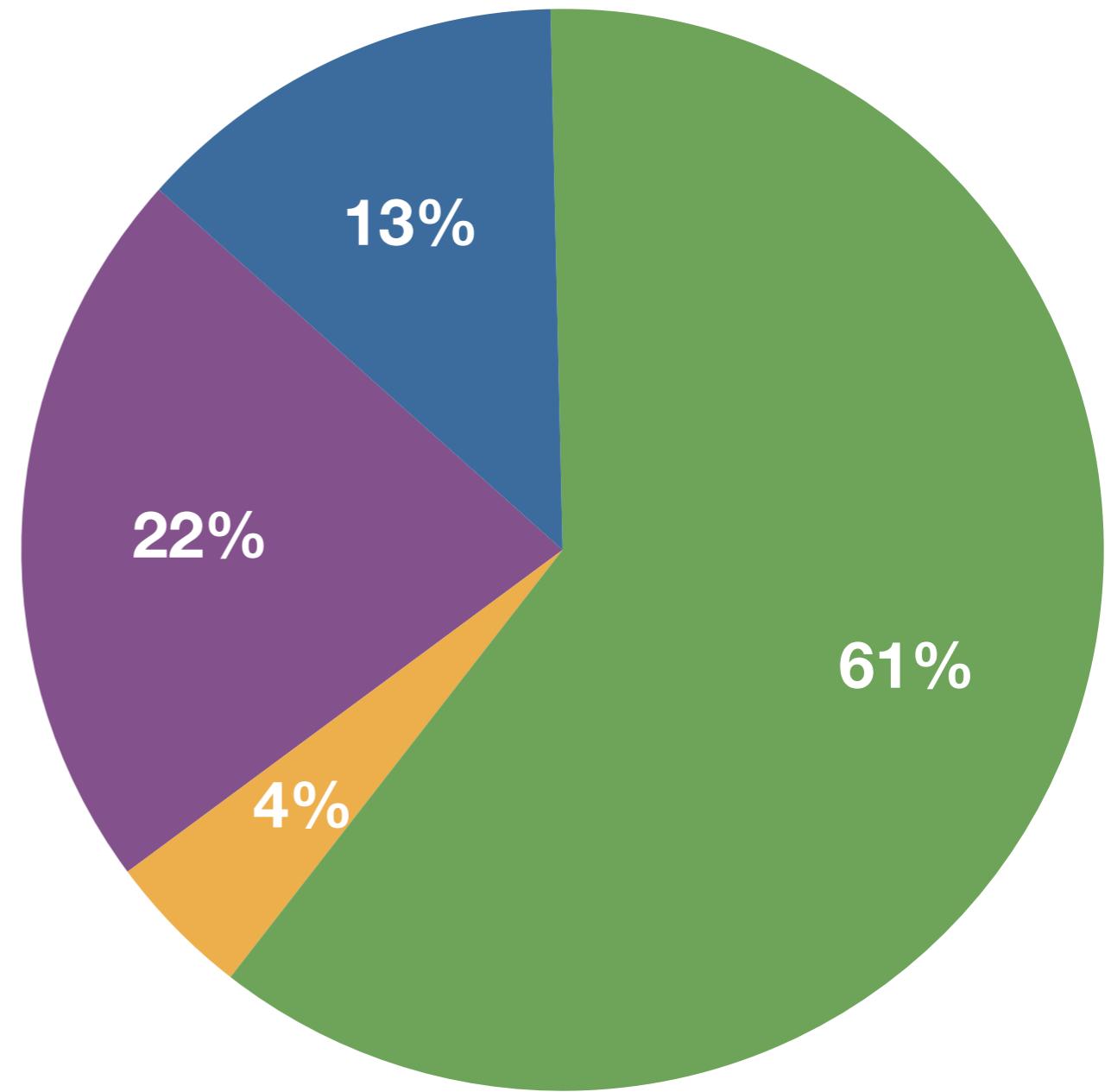
● SOV ● SVO ● VSO ● VOS ● No dominant order

Distribution of Word Orders

All Languages



SMT Languages



● SOV ● SVO ● VSO ● VOS ● No dominant order

Joshua Decoder



- An open source decoder
- Uses synchronous context free grammars to translate
- Implements all algorithms needed for translating with SCFGs
 - grammar extraction (Thrax!)
 - chart-parsing
 - n-gram language model integration
 - pruning, and k-best extraction⁵¹

Joshua Decoder

- Download it from
 - <http://joshua-decoder.org>



Joshua Decoder

- Download it from
 - <http://joshua-decoder.org>
- Brownie points if you use it in your final projects

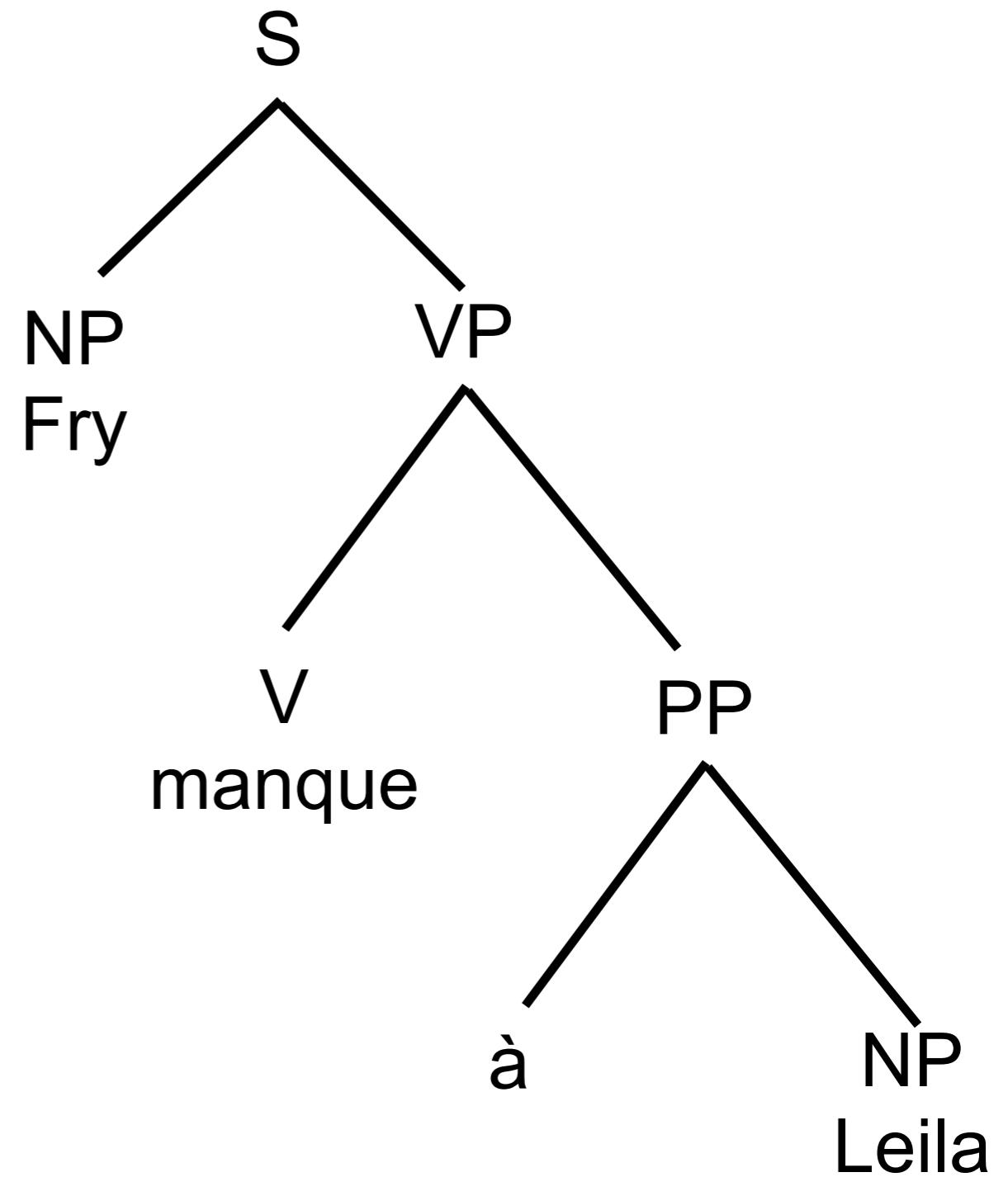
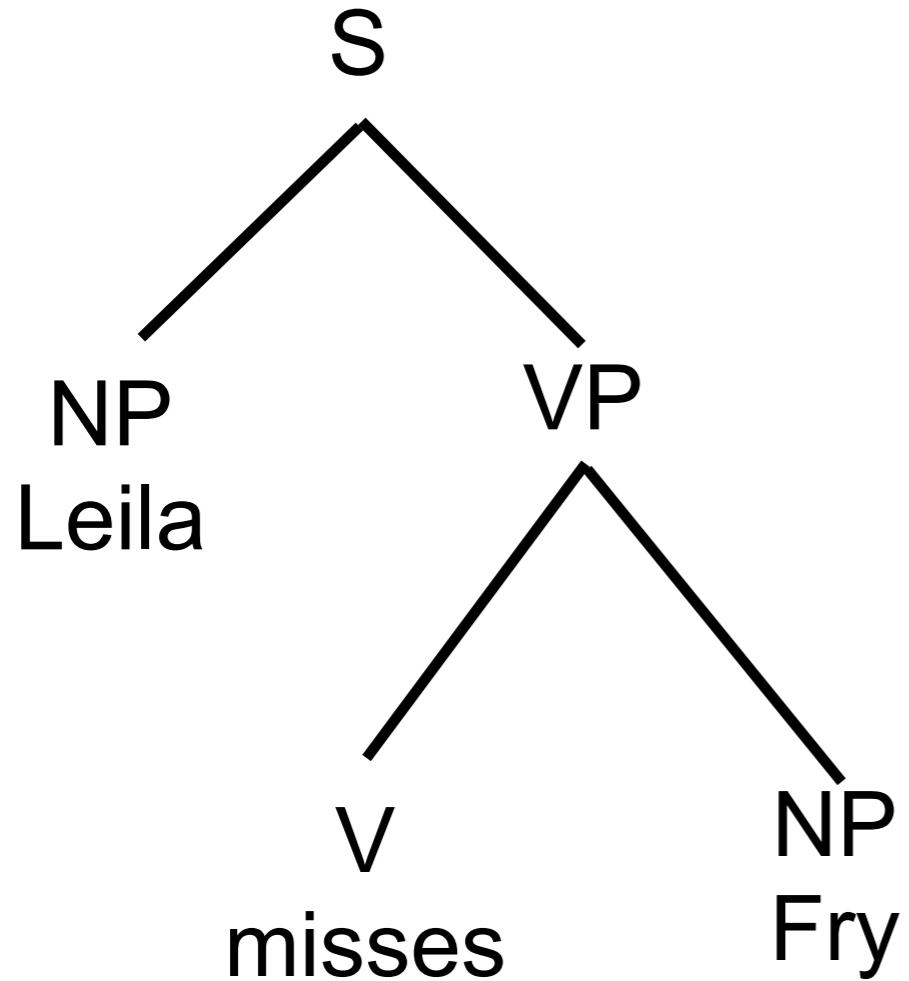


Joshua Decoder

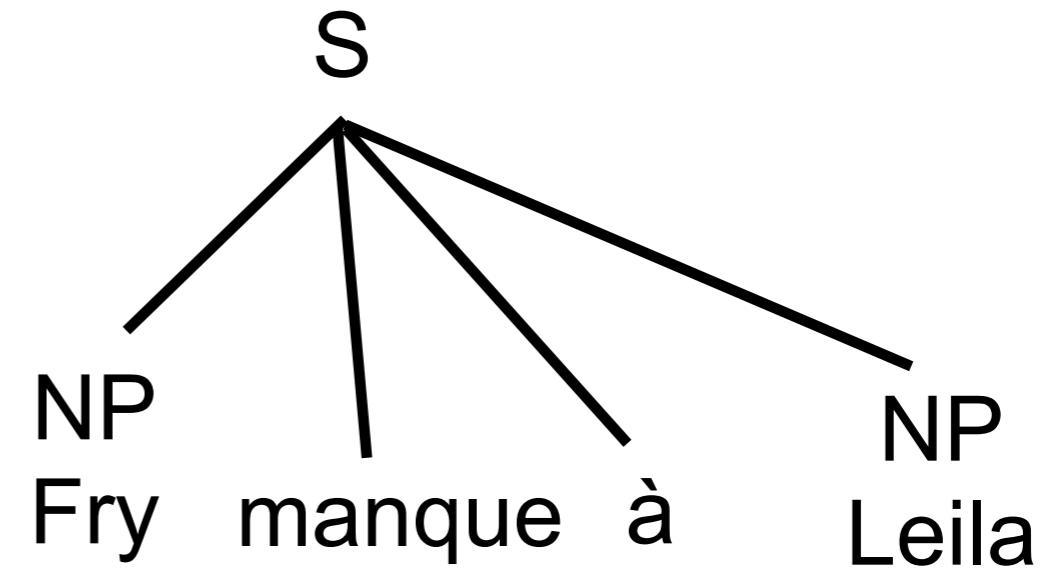
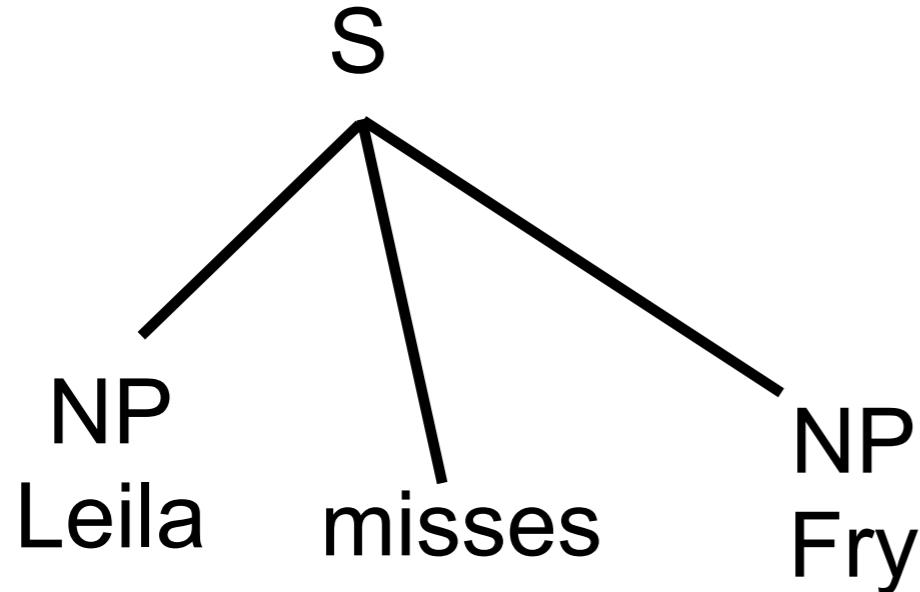


- Download it from
 - <http://joshua-decoder.org>
- Brownie points if you use it in your final projects
- Use Jonny's Thrax grammar extractor to test different kinds of SFCGs for your problems

Dealing with language mismatches



Dealing with language mismatches

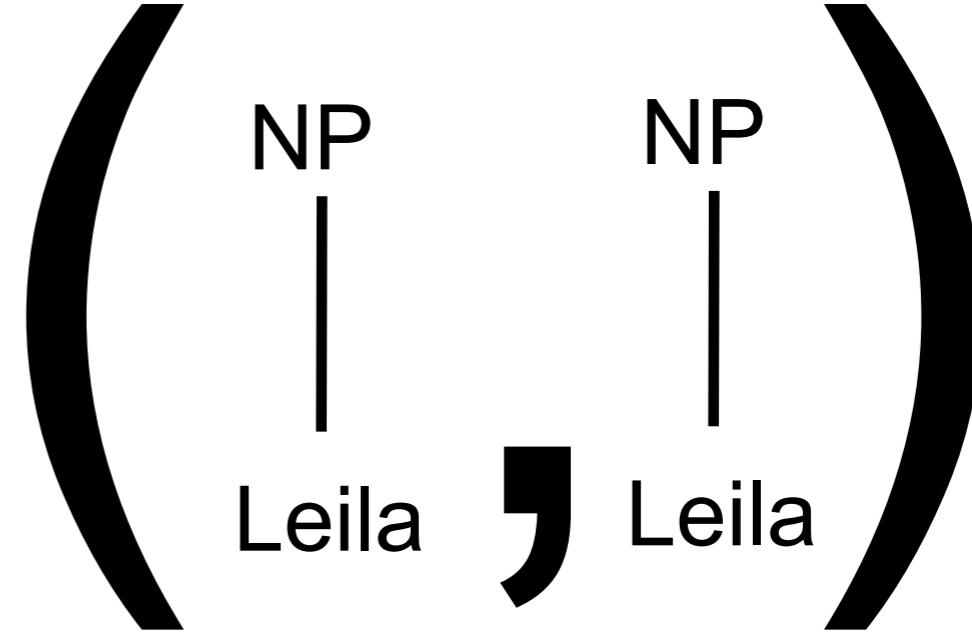
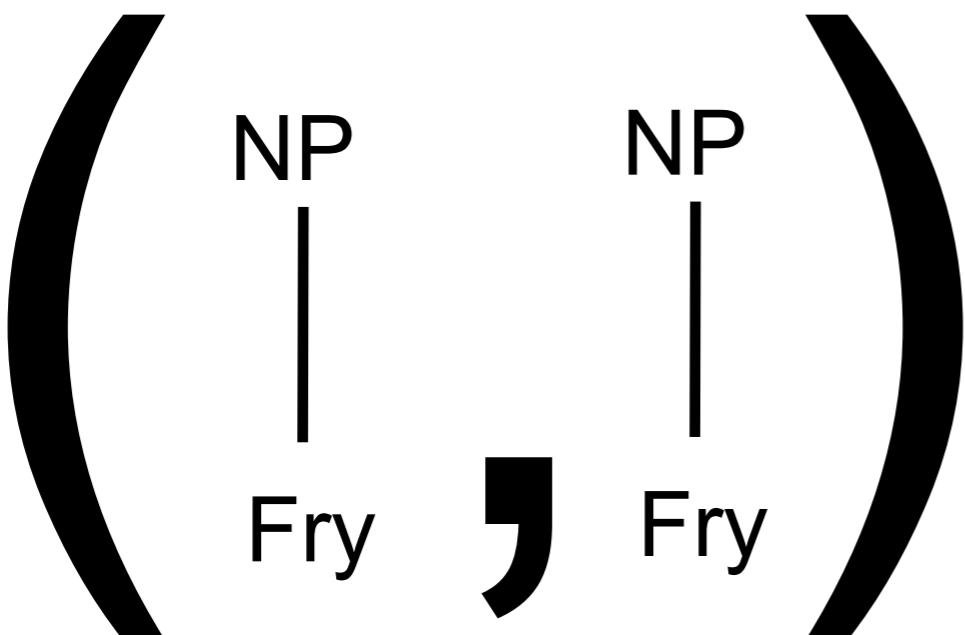
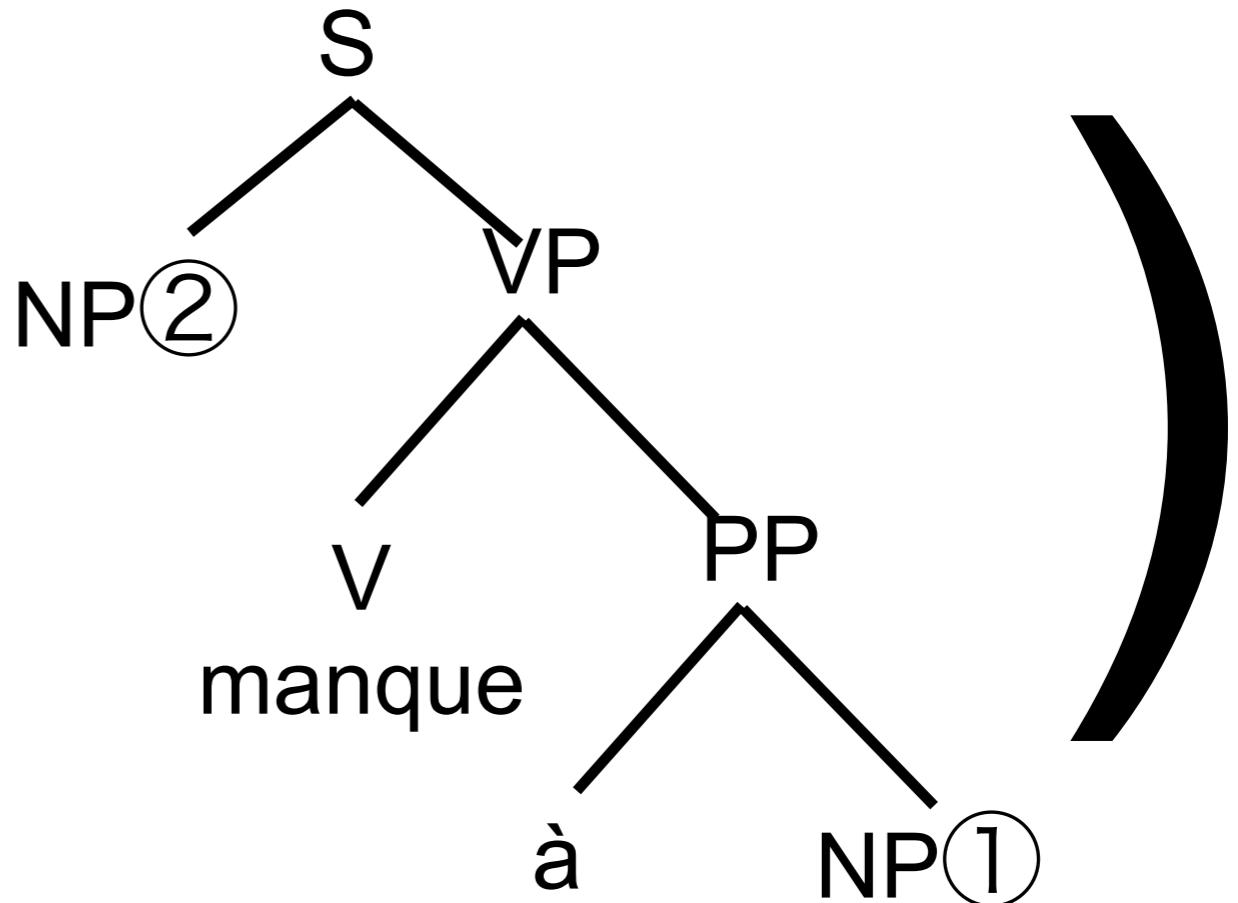
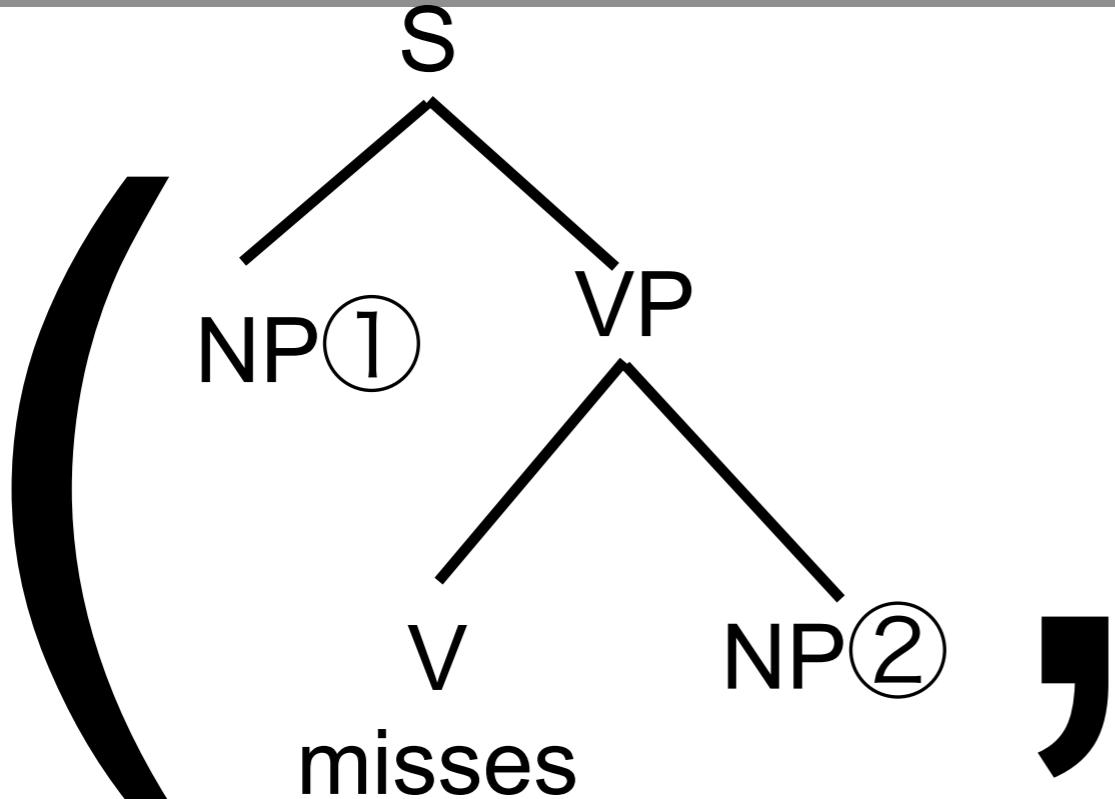


$S \rightarrow NP① \text{ misses } NP② \quad NP② \text{ manque à } NP①$

$NP \rightarrow \text{ Fry }$

$NP \rightarrow \text{ Leila }$

Synchronous Tree Substitution



Questions?