# Snow cover impacts on watershed discharge

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How do remotely sensed snow cover metrics impact discharge in the same wate year in central Colorado?

## Data checking

#### Data read in

First we need to get our snow metric (ndsi) data and then also download discharge data from the USGS

```
library(tidyverse)
library(lubridate)
library(dataRetrieval) #for downloading USGS data
#ndsi
ndsi <- read_csv('data/hayman_ndsi.csv') %>%
 rename(burned=2,unburned=3) %>%
 filter(!is.na(burned),
        !is.na(unburned)) %>%
  gather(.,key='site',
        value='ndsi',
         -DateTime) # For this analysis we want the data in long format
#USGS gauge above cheeseman lake '00060'
q_hayman <- readNWISdata(sites=c('06700000'), #Site code</pre>
                  parameterCd='00060', #discharge code in cfs
                  service='dv', # service = daily values (versus annual)
                  startDate='1984-10-01', #Start date for getting the data
                  endDate = '2019-9-10') %>% # End date (today)
  rename(q_cfs = X_00060_00003,
         quality_cd = X_00060_00003_cd) %>% #rename long column name
  filter(!is.na(q_cfs)) %>% #Drop NAs which can occur when there is ice or sensor breaks
  as_tibble() #To make it act like a tibble
```

#### **Data Exploring**

#### NDSI Summary

```
##
       DateTime
                               site
                                                    ndsi
           :1984-04-10
                                              Min.
                                                      :-0.5727
##
    Min.
                          Length:3208
##
    1st Qu.:1999-10-13
                          Class : character
                                              1st Qu.:-0.4835
                                              Median :-0.4307
   Median :2006-05-01
                          Mode :character
##
##
    Mean
           :2005-06-30
                                              Mean
                                                      :-0.2364
    3rd Qu.:2013-03-17
                                              3rd Qu.:-0.1352
##
    Max.
           :2019-08-02
                                              Max.
                                                      : 0.9459
```

#### Q summary

```
dateTime
##
     agency_cd
                          site_no
                                           Min.
##
    Length:3133
                                                   :2002-08-01 00:00:00
                        Length:3133
##
    Class : character
                        Class :character
                                            1st Qu.:2007-04-10 00:00:00
##
    Mode :character
                       Mode :character
                                           Median :2011-05-31 00:00:00
##
                                           Mean
                                                   :2011-04-24 03:37:24
##
                                            3rd Qu.:2015-07-21 00:00:00
##
                                           Max.
                                                   :2019-09-10 00:00:00
##
        q_cfs
                    quality_cd
                                          tz_cd
##
          : 53
                   Length:3133
                                       Length:3133
    Min.
    1st Qu.: 124
                   Class : character
##
                                       Class : character
    Median: 179
                   Mode :character
                                       Mode :character
##
    Mean
           : 243
    3rd Qu.: 291
           :2210
    Max.
```

#### Combining the data

#### Adding a water year column

When analyzing water flux data, we typically break the year up into "water years" which run from October to the end of September. For this exploratory analysis, we want to group the datasets by water year and then join them to each other so we can compare winter average, max, median, etc... of snow cover versus the next water year's water flux. So we have to add a column called water year

#### Q Water year

```
q_water_year <- q_hayman %>%
  mutate(month=month(dateTime),
         year_offset = ifelse(month > 9,1,0),
         wtr_yr = year(dateTime) + year_offset)
table(q_water_year$wtr_yr)
##
## 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016
        183
             183
                  164 183 183 183
                                      183 183 183 183 183
## 2017 2018 2019
   183
        183
             163
NDSI water year
##
## 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998
##
     14
          34
               44
                    66
                         44
                              48
                                   26
                                        34
                                             50
                                                  56
                                                       60
                                                            60
                                                                 64
                                                                      60
                                                                           60
## 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013
       106
            120
                 134 116 128 132
                                      132
                                           130
                                                114 112 128
                                                               130
```

```
## 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019
## 138 116 130 114 130 102
```

### Filtering and summarizing

Now that we have our matched datasets we want to do a couple filtering operations. First, we want to make sure that we are only analyzing complete water years from the Q dataset. Second, we want to make sure we are only summarizing the snow data over months where snow cover is possible, which I would guess is between october and may. Once we have these filtering operations done, we want to summarize eachdataset by water year so we can eventually join them and see if snow cover predicts Q.

#### Snow water year summary statistics

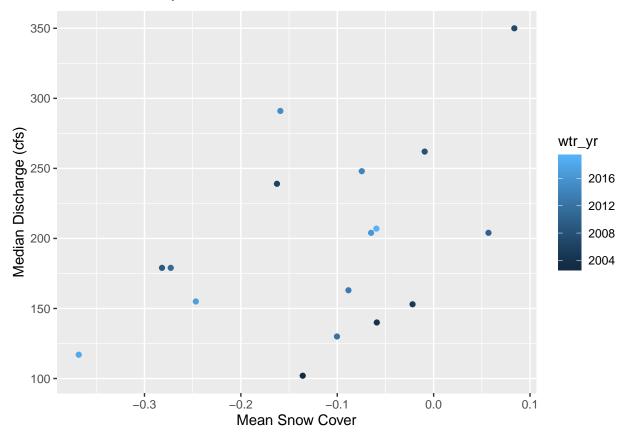
##	# A	tibble	: 36 x 4		
##	1	wtr_yr	mean_ndsi	${\tt max\_ndsi}$	$median_ndsi$
##		<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>
##	1	1984	0.483	0.605	0.483
##	2	1985	-0.104	0.539	-0.123
##	3	1986	-0.130	0.436	-0.203
##	4	1987	0.0614	0.655	0.247
##	5	1988	-0.309	0.616	-0.425
##	6	1989	-0.398	-0.208	-0.404
##	7	1990	-0.269	0.524	-0.428
##	8	1991	0.0130	0.632	-0.0550
##	9	1992	-0.0982	0.592	-0.272
##	10	1993	-0.00697	0.626	-0.0943
##	# .	with	26 more	rows	

#### Wohle Q water year summaries

```
## # A tibble: 17 x 4
##
      wtr_yr mean_q max_q median_q
##
        <dbl>
                <dbl> <dbl>
                                 <dbl>
##
    1
         2003
                 121.
                         350
                                   102
         2004
    2
                 145.
                         296
                                   140
##
##
    3
         2005
                 154.
                         241
                                   153
##
    4
         2006
                 222.
                         395
                                   239
##
    5
         2007
                 325.
                         494
                                   350
    6
##
         2008
                 294.
                         585
                                   262
##
    7
         2009
                 253.
                                   179
                         667
##
    8
         2010
                 251.
                         622
                                   204
##
    9
         2011
                 272.
                         783
                                   179
         2012
                         278
##
   10
                 149.
                                   130
##
   11
         2013
                 184.
                         332
                                   163
## 12
         2014
                 280.
                         542
                                   248
## 13
         2015
                 562.
                        2210
                                   291
## 14
         2016
                 204.
                         349
                                   204
         2017
## 15
                 205.
                         582
                                   155
## 16
         2018
                 131.
                         281
                                   117
## 17
         2019
                 355.
                                   207
                        1010
```

# Plots of Snow Cover vs Q

# Mean Snow vs Median Q



## Max Snow vs. Median Q

