## **Tutorial Part 4: Automated Testing**

This tutorial begins where Tutorial 3 left off. We've built a simple chat server and now we'll create some automated tests for it.

## **Testing the views**

To ensure that the chat server keeps working, we will write some tests.

We will write a suite of end-to-end tests using Selenium to control a Chrome web browser. These tests will ensure that:

- when a chat message is posted then it is seen by everyone in the same room
- when a chat message is posted then it is not seen by anyone in a different room

Install the Chrome web browser, if you do not already have it.

Install chromedriver.

Install Selenium. Run the following command:

```
$ python3 -m pip install selenium
```

Create a new file <a href="https://chat/tests.py">chat/tests.py</a>. Your app directory should now look like:

```
chat/
   __init__.py
   consumers.py
   routing.py
   templates/
        chat/
            index.html
            room.html
   tests.py
   urls.py
   views.py
```

Put the following code in <a href="mailto:chat/tests.py">chat/tests.py</a>:

```
# chat/tests.pv
from channels.testing import ChannelsLiveServerTestCase
from selenium import webdriver
from selenium.webdriver.common.action_chains import ActionChains
from selenium.webdriver.common.by import By
from selenium.webdriver.common.keys import Keys
from selenium.webdriver.support.wait import WebDriverWait
class ChatTests(ChannelsLiveServerTestCase):
    serve static = True # emulate StaticLiveServerTestCase
    @classmethod
    def setUpClass(cls):
        super().setUpClass()
        try:
            # NOTE: Requires "chromedriver" binary to be installed in $PATH
            cls.driver = webdriver.Chrome()
        except:
            super().tearDownClass()
            raise
    @classmethod
    def tearDownClass(cls):
        cls.driver.quit()
        super().tearDownClass()
    def test_when_chat_message_posted_then_seen_by_everyone_in_same_room(self):
        try:
            self. enter chat room("room 1")
            self._open_new_window()
            self. enter chat room("room 1")
            self._switch_to_window(0)
            self._post_message("hello")
            WebDriverWait(self.driver, 2).until(
                lambda _: "hello" in self._chat_log_value,
                "Message was not received by window 1 from window 1",
            self._switch_to_window(1)
            WebDriverWait(self.driver, 2).until(
                lambda : "hello" in self. chat log value,
                "Message was not received by window 2 from window 1",
            )
        finally:
            self. close all new windows()
    def test_when_chat_message_posted_then_not_seen_by_anyone_in_different_room(self):
        try:
            self. enter chat room("room 1")
            self. open new window()
            self._enter_chat_room("room_2")
            self. switch to window(0)
            self._post_message("hello")
            WebDriverWait(self.driver, 2).until(
                lambda : "hello" in self. chat log value,
```

```
"Message was not received by window 1 from window 1",
        )
        self. switch to window(1)
        self._post_message("world")
        WebDriverWait(self.driver, 2).until(
            lambda : "world" in self. chat log value,
            "Message was not received by window 2 from window 2",
        self.assertTrue(
            "hello" not in self._chat_log_value,
            "Message was improperly received by window 2 from window 1",
        )
   finally:
        self._close_all_new_windows()
# === Utility ===
def _enter_chat_room(self, room_name):
    self.driver.get(self.live server url + "/chat/")
   ActionChains(self.driver).send keys(room name, Keys.ENTER).perform()
   WebDriverWait(self.driver, 2).until(
        lambda : room name in self.driver.current url
    )
def _open_new_window(self):
    self.driver.execute script('window.open("about:blank", " blank");')
    self._switch_to_window(-1)
def close all new windows(self):
   while len(self.driver.window handles) > 1:
        self. switch to window(-1)
        self.driver.execute_script("window.close();")
    if len(self.driver.window handles) == 1:
        self._switch_to_window(0)
def _switch_to_window(self, window_index):
    self.driver.switch_to.window(self.driver.window_handles[window_index])
def _post_message(self, message):
   ActionChains(self.driver).send_keys(message, Keys.ENTER).perform()
@property
def chat log value(self):
    return self.driver.find_element(
        by=By.CSS SELECTOR, value="#chat-log"
    ).get property("value")
```

Our test suite extends ChannelsLiveServerTestCase rather than Django's usual suites for end-to-end tests (StaticLiveServerTestCase or LiveServerTestCase) so that URLs inside the Channels routing configuration like /ws/room/ROOM\_NAME/ will work inside the suite.

We are using sqlite3, which for testing, is run as an in-memory database, and therefore, the tests will not run correctly. We need to tell our project that the sqlite3 database need not to be in memory for run the tests. Edit the mysite/settings.py file and add the TEST argument to the DATABASES setting:

```
# mysite/settings.py
DATABASES = {
    "default": {
        "ENGINE": "django.db.backends.sqlite3",
        "NAME": BASE_DIR / "db.sqlite3",
        "TEST": {
            "NAME": BASE_DIR / "db.sqlite3",
        },
    }
}
```

To run the tests, run the following command:

```
$ python3 manage.py test chat.tests
```

You should see output that looks like:

```
Creating test database for alias 'default'...

System check identified no issues (0 silenced).
..

Ran 2 tests in 5.014s

OK

Destroying test database for alias 'default'...
```

You now have a tested chat server!

## What's next?

Congratulations! You've fully implemented a chat server, made it performant by writing it in asynchronous style, and written automated tests to ensure it won't break.

This is the end of the tutorial. At this point you should know enough to start an app of your own that uses Channels and start fooling around. As you need to learn new tricks, come back to rest of the documentation.