randomizr:: cheat sheet

Two Arm Trials

Simple random assignment is like flipping coins for each unit separately.

```
simple_ra(N = 100, prob = 0.5)
```

Complete random assignment allocates a fixed number of units to each condition.

```
complete_ra(N = 100, m = 50)
complete_ra(N = 100, prob = 0.5)
```

Block random assignment conducts complete random assignment separately for groups of units.

Cluster random assignment allocates whole groups of units to conditions together.

```
clusters <- rep(letters, times = 1:26
cluster_ra(clusters = clusters)</pre>
```

Block and cluster random assignment conducts cluster random assignment separately for groups of clusters.

Multi Arm Trials

Set the number of arms with num arms or with conditions.

```
complete_ra(N = 100, num_arms = 3)
complete_ra(N = 100, conditions = c("control",
"placebo", "treatment"))
```

The *_each arguments in randomizr functions specify design parameters for each arm separately.

If the design is the **same** for all blocks, use prob_each:

```
blocks <- rep(c("A", "B","C"),
c(50, 100, 200))
block_ra(blocks = blocks,
prob_each = c(.1, .1, .8))
```

If the design is **different** in different blocks, use **block_m_each** or **block** prob each:

If conditions is numeric, the output will be **numeric**. If conditions is not numeric, the output will be a **factor** with levels in the order provided to conditions.

```
complete_ra(N = 100, conditions = -2:2)
complete_ra(N = 100, conditions = c("A", "B"))
```

randomizr is part of the DeclareDesign suite of packages for designing, implementing, and analyzing social science research designs.

Declaration

Learn about assignment procedures by "declaring" them with declare ra()

```
declaration <-
  declare_ra(N = 100, m_each = c(30, 30, 40))

declaration # print design information</pre>
```

Conduct a random assignment:

```
conduct_ra(declaration)
```

Obtain observed condition probabilities (useful for inverse probability weighting if probabilities of assignment are not constant)

```
Z <- conduct_ra(declaration)
obtain_condition_probabilities(declaration, Z)</pre>
```

Sampling

All assignment functions have sampling analogues: Sampling is identical to a two arm trial where the treatment group is sampled.

Assignment	Sampling
simple_ra()	simple_rs()
<pre>complete_ra()</pre>	<pre>complete_rs()</pre>
block_ra()	strata_rs()
cluster_ra()	<pre>cluster_rs()</pre>
<pre>block_and_cluster_ra()</pre>	strata_and_cluster_rs()
declare_ra()	declare_rs()
<pre>conduct_ra()</pre>	draw_rs()

Stata

A Stata version of randomizr is available, with the same arguments but different syntax:

```
ssc install randomizr
set obs 100
complete_ra, m(50)
```