For $0 < l < m \le d$, we will construct a graph F(d, l, m) with

- $\delta(F(d,l,m)) = d$
- $\kappa(F(d,l,m)) = l$
- $\kappa'(F(d,l,m)) = m$

Let $F'(l,m) := K_{l,m}$ be the complete bipartite graph of l,m partition sizes. Thus,

$$\kappa(F'(l,m)) = \kappa(K_{l,m}) = \min\{l, m\} = l \tag{1}$$

and furthermore,

$$\kappa'(F'(l,m)) = \kappa'(K_{l,m}) = \max\{l,m\} = m \tag{2}$$

Now, we construct F(d,l,m) by substituting each vertex of F'(l,m) with the complete graph K_d . Hence, $\delta(F(d,l,m))=d$. Since $\kappa(K_d)=d\geq m$ and $\kappa'(K_d)>l$ and since we do not modify the connections between those substituted vertices, the edge- and vertex-connectivity of F'(l,m) are maintained in F(d,l,m).