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69th Legislature 2025 Drafter: Megan Moore, SB0002.001.002

1		SENATE BILL NO. 2
2		INTRODUCED BY G. HERTZ
3		BY REQUEST OF THE REVENUE INTERIM COMMITTEE
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5	A BILL FOR AN AC	CT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING THAT THE RELEASE OF INCREMENTAL TAXABLE
6	VALUE IS NOT CO	ONSIDERED NEWLY TAXABLE PROPERTY FOR THE PURPOSE OF CALCULATING
7	LOCAL GOVERNA	MENT LEVIES; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-10-420 AND 20-9-336, MCA; AND PROVIDING
8	AN APPLICABILIT	Y DATE."
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10	BE IT ENACTED B	BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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12	Section 1. Section 15-10-420, MCA, is amended to read:	
13	"15-10-420	D. Procedure for calculating levy. (1) (a) Subject to the provisions of this section, a
14	governmental entity	y that is authorized to impose mills may impose a mill levy sufficient to generate the amount
15	of property taxes a	ctually assessed in the prior year plus one-half of the average rate of inflation for the prior 3
16	years. The maximu	um number of mills that a governmental entity may impose is established by calculating the
17	number of mills rec	quired to generate the amount of property tax actually assessed in the governmental unit in
18	the prior year base	d on the current year taxable value, less the current year's newly taxable value, plus one-half
19	of the average rate	of inflation for the prior 3 years.
20	(b) A (	governmental entity that does not impose the maximum number of mills authorized under
21	subsection (1)(a) m	nay carry forward the authority to impose the number of mills equal to the difference between
22	the actual number of mills imposed and the maximum number of mills authorized to be imposed. The mill	
23	authority carried fo	rward may be imposed in a subsequent tax year.
24	(c) Fo	or the purposes of subsection (1)(a), the department shall calculate one-half of the average
25	rate of inflation for	the prior 3 years by using the consumer price index, U.S. city average, all urban consumers,
26	using the 1982-84 base of 100, as published by the bureau of labor statistics of the United States department of	
27	labor.	
28	(2) A (	governmental entity may apply the levy calculated pursuant to subsection (1)(a) plus any



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1 additional levies authorized by the voters, as provided in 15-10-425, to all property in the governmental unit, 2 including newly taxable property. 3 (3) (a) For purposes of this section, newly taxable property includes: 4 (i) annexation of real property and improvements into a taxing unit: 5 (ii) construction, expansion, or remodeling of improvements; 6 (iii) transfer of property into a taxing unit; 7 subdivision of real property; and (iv) 8 (v) transfer of property from tax-exempt to taxable status.

- (b) Newly taxable property does not include an increase in value that arises because of an increase in the incremental <u>taxable</u> value within a <u>district that uses</u> tax increment financing <u>district.</u> <u>or</u>
- 11 (4) (a) For the purposes of subsection (1), the taxable value of newly taxable property includes the 12 release of taxable value from the incremental taxable value of a <u>district that uses</u> tax increment financing <del>district</del> 13 because of:
  - (i) a change in the <u>district</u> boundary of a tax increment financing district;
- 15 (ii) an increase in the base <u>taxable</u> value of the tax increment financing district pursuant to 7-15-16 4287; or
  - (iii) the termination of a <u>district that uses</u> tax increment financing <del>district</del>.
  - (b) If a tax increment financing district terminates prior to the certification of taxable values as required in 15-10-202, the increment value is reported as newly taxable property in the year in which the tax increment financing district terminates. If a tax increment financing district terminates after the certification of taxable values as required in 15-10-202, the increment value is reported as newly taxable property in the following tax year.
  - (c) For the purpose of subsection (3)(a)(ii), the value of newly taxable class four property that was constructed, expanded, or remodeled property since the completion of the last reappraisal cycle is the current year market value of that property less the previous year market value of that property.
  - (d) For the purpose of subsection (3)(a)(iv), the subdivision of real property includes the first sale of real property that results in the property being taxable as class four property under 15-6-134 or as nonqualified agricultural land as described in 15-6-133(1)(c).



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1 (5)(4) Subject to subsection (8) (7), subsection (1	(a) does not apply to:
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- (a) school district levies established in Title 20; or
- 3 (b) a mill levy imposed for a newly created regional resource authority.
- 4 (6)(5) For purposes of subsection (1)(a), taxes imposed do not include net or gross proceeds taxes
  5 received under 15-6-131 and 15-6-132.
- 6  $\frac{7}{6}$  In determining the maximum number of mills in subsection (1)(a), the governmental entity:
- 7 (a) may increase the number of mills to account for a decrease in reimbursements; and
- 8 (b) may not increase the number of mills to account for a loss of tax base because of legislative 9 action that is reimbursed under the provisions of 15-1-121(7).
  - (8)(7) The department shall calculate, on a statewide basis, the number of mills to be imposed for purposes of 15-10-109, 20-9-331, 20-9-333, 20-9-360, and 20-25-439. However, the number of mills calculated by the department may not exceed the mill levy limits established in those sections. The mill calculation must be established in tenths of mills. If the mill levy calculation does not result in an even tenth of a mill, then the calculation must be rounded up to the nearest tenth of a mill.
  - (9)(8) (a) The provisions of subsection (1) do not prevent or restrict:
- 16 (i) a judgment levy under 2-9-316, 7-6-4015, or 7-7-2202;
- 17 (ii) a levy to repay taxes paid under protest as provided in 15-1-402;
- 18 (iii) an emergency levy authorized under 10-3-405, 20-9-168, or 20-15-326;
- 19 (iv) a levy for the support of a study commission under 7-3-184;
- (v) a levy for the support of a newly established regional resource authority;
- 21 (vi) the portion that is the amount in excess of the base contribution of a governmental entity's 22 property tax levy for contributions for group benefits excluded under 2-9-212 or 2-18-703;
  - (vii) a levy for reimbursing a county for costs incurred in transferring property records to an adjoining county under 7-2-2807 upon relocation of a county boundary;
    - (viii) a levy used to fund the sheriffs' retirement system under 19-7-404(3)(b); or
- 26 (ix) a governmental entity from levying mills for the support of an airport authority in existence prior 27 to May 7, 2019, regardless of the amount of the levy imposed for the support of the airport authority in the past.
- The levy under this subsection  $\frac{(9)(a)(ix)}{(8)(a)(ix)}$  is limited to the amount in the resolution creating the



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1 authority.

(b) A levy authorized under subsection (9)(a) (8)(a) may not be included in the amount of property taxes actually assessed in a subsequent year.

(10)(9) A governmental entity may levy mills for the support of airports as authorized in 67-10-402, 67-11-301, or 67-11-302 even though the governmental entity has not imposed a levy for the airport or the airport authority in either of the previous 2 years and the airport or airport authority has not been appropriated operating funds by a county or municipality during that time.

(11)(10)The department may adopt rules to implement this section. The rules may include a method for calculating the percentage of change in valuation for purposes of determining the elimination of property, new improvements, or newly taxable value in a governmental unit."

Section 2. Section 20-9-336, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-336. School equalization and property tax reduction account -- uses. (1) There is a school equalization and property tax reduction account in the state special revenue fund. Contingent on appropriation by the legislature, money in the account is for distribution to school districts as the second source of funding for state equalization aid as provided in 20-9-343. At fiscal yearend, any fund balance in the account exceeding what was appropriated must be transferred to the guarantee account established in 20-9-622.

- (2) The account receives revenue as described in 20-9-331, 20-9-333, and 20-9-360.
- (3) Beginning in fiscal year 2025, each December the superintendent of public instruction shall forecast the amount of revenue the account will receive in that fiscal year by dividing the sum of the taxable value of all property in the state reported by the department of revenue pursuant to 20-9-369 by 1,000 to determine a statewide value mill and then multiplying that amount by 95 mills, or the number of mills calculated by the department of revenue under 15-10-420(8)(7) for the applicable fiscal year. If the forecasted amount differs from the amount determined through the same calculation in the prior fiscal year by \$2 million or more and is:
  - (a) less, then the superintendent shall:
- (i) decrease the multiplier used to calculate the statewide elementary and high school guaranteed tax base ratios used for funding BASE budgets under 20-9-366 to the nearest whole number determined by the



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superintendent to result in a decrease in the amount of guaranteed tax base aid distributed to eligible school districts equal to 85% of the decrease in the calculated amount between the 2 years; and

- (ii) decrease the multiplier used to calculate the statewide elementary and high school mill value per ANB for school retirement guaranteed tax base purposes under 20-9-366 to the nearest whole number determined by the superintendent to result in a decrease in the amount of retirement guaranteed tax base aid distributed to eligible school districts equal to 15% of the decrease in the calculated amount between the 2 years;
- (b) more, then the superintendent shall increase the multipliers used in the guaranteed tax base formulas under 20-9-366 and in the formula for school major maintenance aid under 20-9-525 to the nearest whole number by an amount calculated by the superintendent to result in an increase in the amount of guaranteed tax base aid and school major maintenance aid distributed to eligible counties and school districts equal to 55% of the increase in the calculated amount between the 2 years in the following order, with any amount exceeding the caps under subsections (3)(b)(i) through (3)(b)(iii) flowing to the next mechanism:
- (i) first, the multiplier used in calculating the statewide mill value per elementary and high school ANB for retirement purposes, not to exceed 305%;
- (ii) second, the multiplier used in calculating the amount of state school major maintenance aid support for each dollar of local effort, not to exceed 365%; and
- (iii) third, the multiplier used in calculating the facility guaranteed mill value per ANB for school facility entitlement guaranteed tax base purposes, not to exceed 300%.
- (4) (a) The adjustments to the multipliers under subsection (3) are applicable to state equalization aid distributions in the fiscal year following the adjustment.
- (b) Adjustments to the multipliers made under subsection (3) remain in effect in subsequent years unless further changed under 20-9-366 or subsection (3) of this section or as otherwise provided by law."

COORDINATION SECTION. Section 3. Coordination instruction. If both Senate Bill No. 117 and [this act] are passed and approved, then [this act] is void.

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Applicability. [This act] applies to property tax years beginning after



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1 December 31, 2025.

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