



AN ACT ESTABLISHING THE FREE TO SPEAK ACT; PROHIBITING PUBLIC SCHOOLS OR THE STATE FROM IMPOSING DISCIPLINARY OR OTHER ADVERSE ACTIONS ON A STUDENT OR EMPLOYEE WHO REFUSES TO USE CERTAIN SPEECH; PROVIDING A CAUSE OF ACTION FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE FREE TO SPEAK ACT; PROVIDING DEFINITIONS; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

**Section 1. Short title.** [Sections 1 through 4] may be cited as the "Free to Speak Act".

**Section 2. Definitions.** As used in [sections 1 through 4], the following definitions apply:

- (1) "Employee" means an individual who is employed or contracted by a public school or the state.
- (2) "Noncharter public school" has the meaning provided in 20-6-803.
- (3) "Person" has the meaning provided in 1-1-201.
- (4) "Public charter school" has the meaning provided in 20-6-803.
- (5) (a) "Public school" means a noncharter public school, a public charter school, or a public institution of higher education.  
(b) The term does not include a nonpublic school or home school as described in 20-5-102(2)(e).
- (6) "Sex" has the meaning provided in 1-1-201.
- (7) "State" means the state of Montana or a county, municipality, board, commission, department, institution, or special district, or a subdivision or agency of the state of Montana or a county, municipality, board, commission, department, institution, or special district.
- (8) "Student" means an individual who is enrolled in a public school on a full-time or part-time basis.

**Section 3. Protection against compelled speech.** (1) A student may not be subject to a disciplinary action for declining to:

- (a) identify the student's pronouns; or
- (b) address a person by using a name other than the person's legal name or a derivative of the person's legal name or by using a pronoun or a title that is inconsistent with the person's sex.

(2) An employee, regardless of the scope of the employee's official duties, may not be subject to an adverse employment action for declining to:

- (a) identify the employee's pronouns while acting within the scope of employment; or
- (b) address a person by using a name other than the person's legal name or a derivative of the person's legal name or by using a pronoun or a title that is inconsistent with the person's sex.

(3) The state may not penalize or take an adverse action against a person because the person declines to:

- (a) identify the person's pronouns; or
- (b) address another person by using a name other than the other person's legal name or a derivative of the other person's legal name or by using a pronoun or a title that is inconsistent with the other person's sex.

**Section 4. Private cause of action -- penalties -- limitation.** (1) A person who is harmed by a violation of [sections 1 through 4] may bring a cause of action against a public school or the state for injunctive relief, monetary damages, reasonable attorney fees and costs, and any other appropriate relief.

(2) A civil action brought pursuant to this section must be initiated within 2 years after the violation of [sections 1 through 4] occurs.

**Section 5. Codification instruction.** [Sections 1 through 4] are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 49, chapter 1, part 1, and the provisions of Title 49, chapter 1, part 1, apply to [sections 1 through 4].

**Section 6. Severability.** If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the

invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid applications.

**Section 7. Effective date.** [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

- END -

I hereby certify that the within bill,  
HB 400, originated in the House.

---

Chief Clerk of the House

---

Speaker of the House

Signed this \_\_\_\_\_ day  
of \_\_\_\_\_, 2025.

---

President of the Senate

Signed this \_\_\_\_\_ day  
of \_\_\_\_\_, 2025.

HOUSE BILL NO. 400

INTRODUCED BY B. MITCHELL, V. RICCI, L. SCHUBERT, S. KELLY, S. KLAKKEN, E. ALBUS, K. LOVE, G. OVERSTREET, T. SHARP, E. BYRNE, R. GREGG, L. BENNETT, C. SCHOMER, C. COCHRAN, M. THIEL, T. MILLETT, T. MANZELLA, E. BUTTREY, J. FULLER, B. GILLESPIE, S. GIST, C. HINKLE, R. MARSHALL, N. NICOL, A. REGIER, S. VANCE, J. KASSMIER, G. LAMMERS, M. YAKAWICH, S. FITZPATRICK, C. GLIMM, B. LER, J. SCHILLINGER, G. OBLANDER, K. ZOLNIKOV, J. ETCHART, L. DEMING, B. USHER, J. GILLETTE, L. BREWSTER, N. DURAM, T. FALK, P. FIELDER, F. MANDEVILLE, T. MCGILLVRAY, M. NOLAND, G. PARRY, L. REKSTEN, K. SEEKINS-CROWE, J. TREBAS, Z. WIRTH, S. MANESS, K. BOGNER, B. BEARD, S. ESSMANN, J. HINKLE, B. PHALEN, V. MOORE

AN ACT ESTABLISHING THE FREE TO SPEAK ACT; PROHIBITING PUBLIC SCHOOLS OR THE STATE FROM IMPOSING DISCIPLINARY OR OTHER ADVERSE ACTIONS ON A STUDENT OR EMPLOYEE WHO REFUSES TO USE CERTAIN SPEECH; PROVIDING A CAUSE OF ACTION FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE FREE TO SPEAK ACT; PROVIDING DEFINITIONS; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE.