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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 618
2	INTRODUCED BY G. NIKOLAKAKOS, S. FITZPATRICK, B. LER, K. ZOLNIKOV, B. MITCHELL
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ESTABLISHING THE MONTANA INDIVIDUAL FREEDOM ACT;
5	PROHIBITING STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT AGENCIES AND THE DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY
6	AFFAIRS FROM EXPENDING FUNDS FOR MEMBERSHIPS, GOODS, OR SERVICES FROM
7	ORGANIZATIONS THAT DISCRIMINATE AND FROM EXPENDING FUNDS ON DIVERSITY, EQUITY, AND
8	INCLUSION OR ON POLITICAL OR SOCIAL ACTIVISM; PROVIDING LIMITATIONS; PROVIDING
9	INVESTIGATORY AUTHORITY TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL; PROVIDING RULEMAKING AUTHORITY;
10	PROVIDING FOR PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION; PROVIDING PENALTIES; PROVIDING DEFINITIONS; AND
11	PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
12	
13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
14	
15	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Short title. [Sections 1 through 58] may be cited as the "Montana
16	Individual Freedom Act".
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18	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Definitions. As used in [sections 1 through <u>5</u> 8], unless the context
19	clearly indicates otherwise, the following definitions apply:
20	(1) "Diversity, equity, and inclusion" means any program or initiative of a state or local government
21	agency-established for the purpose of that:
22	(a) influencing hiring, employment, or recruitment practices with respect to race, color, ethnicity,
23	national origin, sex, disability, or religion, other than through the use of color-blind and sex-neutral hiring or
24	recruitment processes in accordance with any applicable state and federal antidiscrimination laws;
25	(b) promoting differential treatment of or providing special benefits to individuals on the basis of
26	race, color, ethnicity, national origin, sex, disability, or religion;
27	(c) promoting policies or procedures designed or implemented in reference to race, color, ethnicity



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1	national origin, sex, disability, or religion, other than policies or procedures approved in writing by the attorney
2	general's office for the sole purpose of ensuring compliance with any applicable court order or state or federal
3	<del>law; or</del>
4	(d) conducting trainings, programs, or activities designed or implemented in reference to race,
5	color, ethnicity, national origin, sex, disability, or religion, other than trainings, programs, or activities developed
6	by an attorney and approved in writing by the attorney general's office for the sole purpose of ensuring
7	compliance with any applicable court order or state or federal law.
8	(a) directly or indirectly influences hiring, employment, promotion, training, retention, or recruitment
9	practices with respect to race, color, ethnicity, national origin, sex, or religion, other than through the use of
10	neutral race, color, ethnicity, national origin, sex, or religion hiring, employment, promotion, training, retention,
11	or recruitment practices or with the sole purpose of ensuring compliance with any applicable court order or state
12	or federal law; or
13	(b) promotes divisive concepts, race, or sex stereotyping or race or sex scapegoating.
14	(2) "Divisive concepts" includes but is not limited to the following concepts:
15	(a) one race or sex is inherently superior to another race or sex;
16	(b) the United States is fundamentally racist or sexist;
17	(c) a person, by virtue of the person's race or sex, is inherently racist, sexist, or oppressive,
18	whether consciously or unconsciously;
19	(d) a person should be discriminated against or receive adverse treatment solely or partly because
20	of the person's race or sex;
21	(e) members of one race or sex cannot and should not attempt to treat others without respect to
22	race or sex;
23	(f) a person's moral character is necessarily determined by the person's race or sex;
24	(g) a person, by virtue of the person's race or sex, bears responsibility for actions committed in the
25	past by other members of the same race or sex;
26	(h) a person should feel discomfort, guilt, anguish, or another form of psychological distress on
27	account of the person's race or sex;



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1	(i) meritocracy or traits such as a hard work ethic are racist or sexist, or were created by a
2	particular race to oppress another race; or
3	(j) any other form of race or sex stereotyping or any other form of race or sex scapegoating.
4	(3) "Race or sex scapegoating" means assigning fault, blame, or bias to a race or sex or to
5	members of a race or sex because of the members' race or sex. The term encompasses any claim that,
6	consciously or unconsciously, and by virtue of a person's race or sex, members of any race are inherently racist
7	or are inherently inclined to oppress others or that members of a sex are inherently sexist or inclined to oppress
8	others.
9	(4) "Race or sex stereotyping" means ascribing character traits, values, moral and ethical codes,
10	privileges, status, or beliefs to a race or sex, or to a person because of the person's race or sex.
11	(2)(5) "State or local government agency" means:
12	(a) any branch, department, office, board, bureau, commission, agency, university unit, college, or
13	other instrumentality of state government; or
14	(b) a county, city, town, school district, or other unit of local government and any instrumentality of
15	local government.
16	
17	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Government agencies certain mandatory trainings and
18	employment practices prohibited expenditure of funds prohibited. (1) A state or local government
19	agency may not expend any funds, regardless of source, to purchase membership in or goods and services
20	from any organization that discriminates on the basis of race, color, ethnicity, national origin, sex, disability, or
21	religion.
22	(2) A state or local government agency may not expend any state, local, or federal funds to
23	promote, support, or maintain any programs that advocate for diversity, equity, and inclusion or to promote or
24	engage in political or social activism.
25	(3) A state or local government agency may not compel, require, induce, or solicit any person to
26	provide a diversity, equity, and inclusion statement or give preferential consideration to any person based on
27	the provision of a diversity, equity, and inclusion statement.



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NEW SECTION. Section 4. Department of military affairs or militia -- certain mandatory trainings and recruitment practices prohibited -- expenditure of funds prohibited. (1) The department of military affairs or militia may not expend any funds, regardless of source, to purchase membership in or goods and services from any organization that discriminates on the basis of race, color, ethnicity, national origin, sex, disability, or religion.

(2) The department of military affairs or militia may not expend any state, local, or federal funds to promote, support, or maintain any programs that advocate for diversity, equity, and inclusion or to promote or engage in political or social activism.

#### NEW SECTION. Section 5. Limitations. (1) Nothing in [sections 1 through 8] may be construed to:

- (a) prohibit a state or local government agency or the department of military affairs or militia from adopting a policy or program to comply with federal law, with Title 49, chapters 2 and 3, or with applicable court orders;
- (b) limit policies or programs designed to advance the educational goals set forth in Article X, section 1, of the Montana constitution; or
- (c) interfere with the sovereignty of tribal nations, reservations, or education pertaining to the history of Montana's Indian people.
- (2) This section does not preclude a state or local government agency or the department of military affairs or militia from offering training on sexual harassment or from operating an office or employing staff whose purpose is to ensure compliance with federal law, with Title 49, chapters 2 and 3, or with applicable court orders.
- (3) Violations of [sections 1 through 8] may overlap with violations of Title 49, chapter 2, commonly known as the Montana Human Rights Act. Nothing in [sections 1 through 8] may be construed as limiting the enforcement of Title 49 by aggrieved parties, the department of labor, or the commission for human rights as set forth in Title 49.



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1 NEW SECTION. Section 6. Enforcement. (1) The attorney general has the authority to investigate 2 and prosecute alleged violations of [sections 1 through 58]. 3 (2) The attorney general may adopt rules to establish procedures for investigating violations of 4 [sections 1 through 5]. 5 (a) When it appears to the attorney general that a person has engaged in, is engaging in, or is (2) 6 about to engage in any act or practice declared to be unlawful by [sections 1 through 8], or when the attorney 7 general believes it to be in the public interest that an investigation should be made to ascertain whether a person in fact has engaged in, is engaging in, or is about to engage in any act or practice declared to be 8 9 unlawful by [sections 1 through 8], the attorney general may execute in writing a civil investigative demand and 10 serve any person who is believed to have information, documentary material, or physical evidence relevant to 11 the alleged or suspected violation. The demand requires the person to furnish, under oath or otherwise, a written report setting 12 forth the relevant facts and circumstances of which the person has knowledge or to appear and testify, or 13 14 produce relevant documentary material or physical evidence for examination, at a reasonable time and place as may be stated in the investigative demand. 15 16 (a) To accomplish the objectives and to carry out the duties prescribed by [sections 1 through 8], the attorney general, in addition to other powers conferred by [sections 1 through 8], may issue subpoenas 17 18 to any person, administer an oath or affirmation to any person, conduct hearings in aid of any investigation or 19 inquiry, prescribe forms, and adopt rules as may be necessary that have the force of law. 20 The powers conferred by this section may not be used to compel any natural person to furnish testimony or evidence that might tend to incriminate the person or subject the person to a penalty or forfeiture. 21 22 Service of any notice, demand, or subpoena under this section must be made personally within (4) this state, but if this cannot be obtained, substitute service may be made in the manner provided in the Montana 23 Rules of Civil Procedure. 24 (5) (a) If a person fails or refuses to file a statement or to report or obey a subpoena or 25 26 investigative demand issued by the attorney general, the attorney general may, after notice, apply to the district 27 court and, after a hearing, request an order:



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1	(i) granting injunctive relief to restrain the person from engaging in any conduct specified in
2	[sections 1 through 8];
3	(ii) instituting a fine of \$10,000; or
4	(iii) granting other relief as may be required until the person files the statement or report or obeys
5	the subpoena or investigative demand.
6	(b) Any disobedience of any final order entered under this section by any court must be punished
7	as a contempt.
8	(6) Whenever the attorney general has reason to believe that a person is using, has used, or is
9	about to knowingly use any method, act, or practice declared by [sections 1 through 8] to be unlawful and that a
10	proceeding would be in the public interest, the attorney general may bring an action in the name of the state
11	against the person to restrain by temporary or permanent injunction or by temporary restraining order the use of
12	the unlawful act or practice, upon giving appropriate notice to that person.
13	
14	NEW SECTION. Section 7. Right of private action. A person who is adversely affected by a
15	violation of [sections 1 through 8] has a right of private action and may bring an action against a person or entity
16	that has directly violated [sections 1 through 8] for actual damages or for \$5,000 for each violation.
17	
18	NEW SECTION. Section 8. Penalties. (1) (a) In addition to any fine that a person might be subject to
19	under subsection (2), a person who violates the terms of an injunction or temporary restraining order issued
20	under [section 6] shall pay to the state a civil fine of not more than \$10,000 for each violation.
21	(b) For the purposes of this section, the district court issuing an injunction or temporary restraining
22	order retains jurisdiction and the cause must be continued. In those cases, the department of justice, acting in
23	the name of the state, may petition for recovery of civil penalties.
24	(2) (a) In an action brought under [section 6], if the court finds that a person is willfully using or has
25	willfully used a method, act, or practice declared unlawful by [sections 1 through 8], the attorney general, upon
26	petition to the court, may recover on behalf of the state a civil fine of not more than \$10,000 for each violation.
27	(b) The fine provided for in subsection (2)(a) is in addition to any liability a person is subject to



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1	under subsection (1).
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3	NEW SECTION. Section 9. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 through <u>5</u> 8] are intended to be
4	codified as a new chapter in Title 49, and the provisions of Title 49 apply to [sections 1 through—5_8].
5	
6	NEW SECTION. Section 10. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 2025.
7	- END -

