Amendment - 1st Reading/2nd House-blue - Requested by: Greg Hertz - (H) Taxation

- 2025

69th Legislature 2025 Drafter: Megan Moore, SB0539.001.002

1	SENATE BILL NO. 539		
2	INTRODUCED BY G. HERTZ		
3			
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING PROPERTY TAXATION AND SPECIAL		
5	ASSESSMENTS; PROVIDING CRITERIA FOR THE DETERMINATION OF WHETHER A LOCAL		
6	GOVERNMENT PROPOSAL TO COLLECT REVENUE FROM AN ASSESSMENT ON PROPERTY IS A TAX		
7	OR A FEE; PROVIDING THAT CERTAIN PROPERTY IS NOT SUBJECT TO RURAL SPECIAL DISTRICT		
8	ASSESSMENTS; PROVIDING FOR DIRECT APPEAL TO THE MONTANA TAX APPEAL BOARD FOR		
9	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE FINAL DECISIONS INVOLVING PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTIONS; PROVIDING		
10	A DEFINITION; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-12-2108 AND 15-2-302, MCA; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE		
11	DATES, A RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY DATE, AND AN APPLICABILITY DATE."		
12			
13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:		
14			
15	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Assessment and fees distinction between special assessment		
16	and tax definition. (1) In addition to assessing taxes, local governments are authorized to impose various		
17	charges, fees, and assessments for designated purposes defined by statute and ordinance.		
18	(2) Except as provided in subsections (3) and (5), an assessment is presumed to be a tax that		
19	must be assessed based on taxable value pursuant to the provisions of Title 15, chapter 10.		
20	(3) Subject to subsection (4), to qualify as a special assessment:		
21	(a) the charges collected from the assessment must compensate the government entity for		
22	providing the services to the specific property that is assessed;		
23	(b) the benefit received by the property assessed must be commensurate with the amount of the		
24	assessment imposed on the property; and		
25	(c) the benefit received from the assessment will be realized by the property assessed in a		
26	reasonable time in the future and is not contingent on any conditions other than payment of the assessment.		
27	(4) An assessment levied for the general public good or without regard to whether it confers a		
28	special benefit on assessed property is a tax.		



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(5) An assessment imposed by a special district, special improvement district, or rural improvement district that is created through a petition by owners within a proposed district is presumed to be a special assessment unless a property owner establishes that the requirements of this section are not satisfied.

- (6) Nothing in this section confers rights on a local government to impose an assessment, and any assessment imposed must comply with the applicable legal requirements for imposition of the assessment.
- (7) For the purposes this section, the term "assessment" means any charge or assessment on property by a local government, except property taxes authorized by Title 15 and Title 20 and fees for services provided for in 7-6-4013.

Section 2. Section 7-12-2108, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-12-2108. Extension of proposed district -- definition. (1) (a) Whenever Except Beginning after [the effective date of this section] and except as provided in subsection (2), when the board of county commissioners determines that a contemplated work or improvement, in the opinion of the board of county commissioners, is of provides more than local or ordinary public benefit or, whenever, according to subject to subsection (1)(b), when the estimates furnished by the county surveyor or the engineer, the provide that total estimated cost and expenses thereof would exceed one-half of the total assessed value of the lots and lands assessed (if assessed upon the lots and lands fronting upon such proposed work or improvement according to the valuation fixed by the last assessment roll whereon it was assessed for taxes), the board may make the expense of such the work chargeable upon on the lots and lands fronting upon such the proposed improvement and upon on other lots and lands not fronting on the improvement, and which the When making a determination, the board shall, in a resolution of intention, declare, in its resolution of intention, to be the what property is benefited by said the work or improvement and to that must be assessed to pay the cost and expense thereof of the work or improvement.

- (b) The total assessed value is determined based on the lots and lands fronting the proposed work or improvement using the valuation fixed by the last assessment roll.
- (2) (a) For the purpose of this section, "property benefited" does not include a parcel that is classified as class three property pursuant to 15-6-133 when the property:
- (a)(i) contains no residential structures;



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1	<u>(b)(ii)</u>	is not contiguous to the district; and	
2	<u>(c)(iii)</u> _	has legal access to a public road that is not within the district.	
3	<u>(b)</u>	The owner of a property that meets the requirements of subsection (2)(a) may petition the	
4	board to have t	he owner's property removed from a district that existed before [the effective date of this act].	
5	The board shal	I approve a petition for property that meets the requirements of subsection (2)(a)."	
6			
7	Sectio	n 3. Section 15-2-302, MCA, is amended to read:	
8	"15-2-3	802. Direct appeal from department decision to Montana tax appeal board hearing. (1)	
9	(a) An appeal of	of a final decision of the department of revenue involving one of the matters provided for in	
10	subsection (1)(b) must be made to the Montana tax appeal board.	
11	(b)	Final decisions of the department for which appeals are provided in subsection (1)(a) are final	
12	decisions involving:		
13	(i)	property centrally assessed under chapter 23;	
14	(ii)	classification of property as new industrial property;	
15	(iii)	any other tax, other than the property tax, imposed under this title; or	
16	<u>(iv)</u>	property tax exemptions; or	
17	(iv)(v)	any other matter in which the appeal is provided by law.	
18	(2)	A person may appeal the department's annual assessment of an industrial property to the	
19	Montana board as provided in this section or to the county tax appeal board for the county in which the proper		
20	is located as pr	rovided in Title 15, chapter 15, part 1.	
21	(3)	The appeal is made by filing a complaint with the Montana board within 30 days following	
22	receipt of notice	e of the department's final decision. The complaint must set forth the grounds for relief and the	
23	nature of relief	demanded. The Montana board shall immediately transmit a copy of the complaint to the	
24	department.		
25	(4)	The department shall file with the Montana board an answer within 30 days following filing of a	
26	complaint.		
27	(5)	The Montana board shall conduct the appeal in accordance with the contested case provisions	
28	of the Montana	Administrative Procedure Act. Parties to an appeal shall attempt to attain the objectives of	



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1	discovery through informal consultation or communication before utilizing formal discovery procedures. Formal		
2	discovery procedures may not be utilized by a taxpayer or the department unless reasonable informal efforts to		
3	obtain the needed information have not been successful.		
4	(6) The decision of the Montana board is final and binding on all interested parties and not subject		
5	to a rehearing unless reversed or modified by judicial review. Proceedings for judicial review of a decision of the		
6	Montana board under this section are subject to the provisions of 15-2-303 and the Montana Administrative		
7	Procedure Act to the extent that it does not conflict with 15-2-303."		
8			
9	NEW SECTION. Section 4. Codification instruction. [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an		
10	integral part of Title 7, chapter 6, part 40, and the provisions of Title 7, chapter 6, part 40, apply to [section 1].		
11			
12	NEW SECTION. Section 5. Effective dates. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), [this act] is		
13	effective October 1, 2025.		
14	(2) [Section 2] and this section are effective on passage and approval.		
15			
16	NEW SECTION. Section 6. Retroactive applicability. [Section 2] applies retroactively, within the		
17	meaning of 1-2-109, to board of county commissioner determinations regarding public benefits that were made		
18	before [the effective date of this act] as applied toward rural improvement district assessments imposed after		
19	December 31, 2025.		
20			
21	NEW SECTION. Section 6. Applicability. (1) [Section 1] applies to assessments imposed by a local		
22	government after December 31, 2026.		
23	(2) [Section 3] applies to the final decision of the department of revenue involving property tax		
24	exemptions made on or after [the effective date of this act].		
25	- END -		

