

Fiscal Note 2027 Biennium

Bill#/Title:	HB0551.02 (002): Eliminate reduced-price copayments for school lunch and breakfast								
Primary Sponsor:	Melissa Romano		Status:	As Amended in House Committee					
☐ Included in the Ex	Included in the Executive Budget								
☐ Significant Long-	Term Impacts	☐ Technical Concerns		☐ Dedicated Revenue	Form Attached				
FISCAL SUMMARY									
		FY 2028 Difference	FY 2029 Difference						
Expenditures General Fund (01 Revenues	1)	<u>Difference</u> \$600,000	<u>Difference</u> \$935,107	\$768,548	\$769,222				
General Fund (01	1)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0				
Net Impact General Fund B	alance	(\$600,000)	(\$935,107)	(\$768,548)	(\$769,222)				

Description of fiscal impact

HB 551, as amended, requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to administer a program to distribute replacement funds to school districts electing to eliminate required reduced-price copayments from students who are eligible for reduced-price school meals under the federal school breakfast and lunch program. There is an appropriation from the state general fund of \$600,000 in each year of the 2027 Biennium to cover the costs of eliminating reduced-priced copayments for school lunch and breakfast. The bill allows OPI to accept private donations or seek supplemental funding if the appropriation in the bill is not sufficient. The amended bill has coordination instruction that if HB 2 and this bill are passed and approved, then the line in HB 2 for "School Lunch Funding" and the HB 551 language in HB 2 are void.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

Assumptions

Office of Public Instruction

- 1. HB 551, as amended, directs the Superintendent of Public Instruction to administer a program to distribute a \$600,000 appropriation to schools who participate in elimination of required reduced-price copayments from reduced-price eligible pupils for school breakfast and lunch.
- 2. The superintendent is allowed in the bill to adopt rules as necessary to administer the program.
- 3. HB 551 contains an annual \$600,000 general fund appropriation, directed to be incorporated into the agency ongoing base.
- 4. In Montana, the Office of Public Instruction (OPI) administers the federal school nutrition program where

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(continued)

- free and reduced priced lunches and breakfasts for K-12 students is based upon family income and regional poverty measures.
- 5. Community eligibility provision (CEP) schools or schools which are not charging the copayments are not eligible to participate in this state funding to cover costs for eligible students.
- 6. The state cost per meal for this program is defined as the difference between the federal reimbursement rate for reduced price and reduced-price copayments paid for meals. The 2024-2025 school year reimbursement rates for reduced-price breakfast and lunch meals are as follows:

School Breakfast Program		d.			
Category	Student Cost	Total Cost	Federal	State	
	9	Per Meal	Reimbursement	Reimbursement	
			Rate per Meal	Rate Per Meal	
Non-Severe	Reduced	\$2.37	\$2.07	\$0.30	
Severe	Reduced	\$2.84	\$2.54	\$0.30	

School Lunch Program				
Category	Student Cost	Total Cost	Federal	State
		Per Meal	Reimbursement	Reimbursement
			Rate per Meal	Rate Per Meal
Less than 60%	Reduced	\$4.43	\$4.03	\$0.40
Less than 60% + Performance Based	Reduced	\$4.52	\$4.12	\$0.40
Reimb	Ÿ			
60% or more	Reduced	\$4.45	\$4.05	\$0.40
60% or more + Performance Based Reimb	Reduced	\$4.45	\$4.14	\$0.40

7. This fiscal note uses the total number of reduced-price breakfast meals served per school year using the 2023-2024 school year as the base year assuming a growth in total meals served of 0.63% per school year and assuming reduced-price breakfast meals served is an average of 5% of total meals served.

School	Breakfast	Free Meals Served	Reduced Meals	Paid Meals Served	Total Meal Served
Program			Served		
2023-2024	4	8,478,960	584,288	3,282,760	12,346,008

8. This fiscal note uses the total number of reduced-priced lunch meals served per school year using the 2023-2024 school year as the base year assuming a reduction in total meals served of 0.09% per school year and assuming reduced-priced lunch meals served is an average of 6% of total meals served.

School	Lunch	Free Meals Served	Reduced Meals	Paid Meals Served	Total Meal Served
Program			Served		
2023-2024		13,511,802	1,421,012	9,264,774	24,197,588

9. The cost of eliminating required reduced-price copayments from students who are eligible for reduced-price school meals under the federal school breakfast and lunch program is calculated by multiplying the number of estimated reduced meals served for breakfast and lunch by the state reimbursement per meal.

School Breakfast Program												
	School Year											
	2	2023-2024 2024-2025 2025-2026 2026-2027				026-2027	2027-2028		2028-2029			
Number of Reduced Breakfast Meals Served		584,288		621,195		625,115		629,059		633,028		637,022
State Reimbursement per meal	\$	0.30	\$	0.30	\$	0.30	\$	0.30	\$	0.30	\$	0.30
Total Breakfast Cost to State	\$	175,286	\$	186,359	\$	187,535	\$	188,718	\$	189,908	\$	191,107
School Lunch Program												
						Schoo	ol Ye	ar				
	2	023-2024	20	24-2025	20	25-2026	20	026-2027	2	027-2028	20	028-2029
Number of Reduced Lunch Meals Served		1,421,012		1,450,539		1,449,225		1,447,911		1,446,599		1,445,288
State Reimbursement per meal	\$	0.40	\$	0.40	\$	0.40	\$	0.40	\$	0.40	\$	0.40
Total Lunch Cost to State	\$	568,405	\$	580,216	\$	579,690	\$	579,164	\$	578,640	\$	578,115
Total Breakfast and Lunch Cost	\$	743,691	\$	766,575	\$	767,225	\$	767,882	\$	768,548	\$	769,222

- 10. There is an appropriation from the general fund of \$600,000 in each year of the biennium to cover the costs of eliminating reduced-priced copayments for school lunch and breakfast. The bill directs that if the appropriation is insufficient to cover the cost of the program the superintendent may use private donations to support the program and request a additional funding sufficient to support the program in the subsequent biennium. Based on the total projected costs to the state of \$767,882 in FY 2026 and \$767,225 in FY 2027, it is anticipated that the appropriation would be insufficient to cover the cost.
- 11. Section 1 (3) provides for the superintendent to accept private donations or seek supplemental funding from the next legislature if the appropriation in the bill is not sufficient.
- 12. It is assumed that the OPI would need to seek a supplemental appropriation. The shortfall projected for HB 3 that would be presented to the 2027 Legislature is \$335,107 general fund.
- 13. It is assumed that the 2027 Legislature would adjust the OPI appropriation in HB 2 based upon actual costs incurred in the 2027 biennium. For purposes of this fiscal note, it is assumed that the projections will equal the actual costs.
- 14. HB 551, as amended, provides coordination instruction that if HB 2 and this bill are passed and approved, the appropriation line for "School Lunch Funding" and the language for HB 551 are void in the HB 2 OPI budget.

Fiscal Analysis Table

			FY 2028 Difference	FY 2029 Difference
Fiscal Impact				
Expenditures				
Grants	\$600,000	\$935,107	\$768,548	\$769,222
TOTAL Expenditures	\$600,000	\$935,107	\$768,548	\$769,222
Funding of Expenditures				
General Fund (01)	\$600,000	\$935,107	\$768,548	\$769,222
TOTAL Funding of	\$600,000	\$935,107	\$768,548	\$769,222
Expenditures				
Revenues				
Net Impact to Fund Balance (Reve	nue minus Funding	g of Expenditures)		
General Fund (01)	(\$600,000)	(\$935,107)	(\$768,548)	(\$769,222)

Sponsor's Initials

Date

Budget Director's Initials

4/3/2025

Date