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69th Legislature 2025 Drafter: Megan Moore, HB0528.002.003

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2 INTRODUCED BY E. BYRNE, S. KELLY, S. KLAKKEN, K. LOVE, T. SHARP, T. MILLETT, M. DUNWELL

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- 4 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING PROPERTY TAX RATES; REVISING THE PROPERTY
- 5 TAX RATES FOR CLASS THREE AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY AND CLASS FOUR RESIDENTIAL AND
- 6 COMMERCIAL PROPERTY; PROVIDING THAT THE RATE REDUCTIONS MAY NOT REDUCE SCHOOL
- 7 EQUALIZATION OR UNIVERSITY REVENUE BY MORE THAN \$50 MILLION IN 2025; AMENDING
- 8 SECTIONS <u>15-1-121</u>, 15-6-133, <u>AND-15-6-134</u>, <u>15-10-109</u>, <u>AND 15-10-420</u>, MCA; AND PROVIDING <u>AN</u>
- 9 IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND DATES, A RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY DATE, AND A
- 10 CONTINGENT TERMINATION DATE."

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

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Section 1. Section 15-1-121, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-1-121. Entitlement share payment -- purpose -- appropriation. (1) As described in 15-1-120(3), each local government is entitled to an annual amount that is the replacement for revenue received by local governments for diminishment of property tax base and various earmarked fees and other revenue that, pursuant to Chapter 574, Laws of 2001, amended by section 4, Chapter 13, Special Laws of August 2002, and later enactments, were consolidated to provide aggregation of certain reimbursements, fees, tax collections, and other revenue in the state treasury with each local government's share. The reimbursement under this section is provided by direct payment from the state treasury rather than the ad hoc system that offset certain state payments with local government collections due the state and reimbursements made by percentage splits, with a local government remitting a portion of collections to the state, retaining a portion, and in some cases sending a portion to other local governments.

- (2) The sources of dedicated revenue that were relinquished by local governments in exchange for an entitlement share of the state general fund were:
 - (a) personal property tax reimbursements pursuant to sections 167(1) through (5) and 169(6),



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1	Chapte	r 584, La	aws of 1999;
2		(b)	vehicle, boat, and aircraft taxes and fees pursuant to:
3		(i)	Title 23, chapter 2, part 5;
4		(ii)	Title 23, chapter 2, part 6;
5		(iii)	Title 23, chapter 2, part 8;
6		(iv)	61-3-317;
7		(v)	61-3-321;
8		(vi)	Title 61, chapter 3, part 5, except for 61-3-509(3), as that subsection read prior to the
9	amendment of 61-3-509 in 2001;		
10		(vii)	Title 61, chapter 3, part 7;
11		(viii)	5% of the fees collected under 61-10-122;
12		(ix)	61-10-130;
13		(x)	61-10-148; and
14		(xi)	67-3-205;
15		(c)	gaming revenue pursuant to Title 23, chapter 5, part 6, except for the permit fee in 23-5-
16	612(2)(a);	
17		(d)	district court fees pursuant to:
18		(i)	25-1-201, except those fees in 25-1-201(1)(d), (1)(g), and (1)(j);
19		(ii)	25-1-202;
20		(iii)	25-9-506; and
21		(iv)	27-9-103;
22		(e)	certificate of title fees for manufactured homes pursuant to 15-1-116;
23		(f)	financial institution taxes collected pursuant to the former provisions of Title 15, chapter 31, part
24	7;		
25		(g)	all beer, liquor, and wine taxes pursuant to:
26		(i)	16-1-404;
27		(ii)	16-1-406; and



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1	(iii)	16-1-411;
2	(h)	late filing fees pursuant to 61-3-220;
3	(i)	title and registration fees pursuant to 61-3-203;
4	(j)	veterans' cemetery license plate fees pursuant to 61-3-459;
5	(k)	county personalized license plate fees pursuant to 61-3-406;
6	(I)	special mobile equipment fees pursuant to 61-3-431;
7	(m)	single movement permit fees pursuant to 61-4-310;
8	(n)	state aeronautics fees pursuant to 67-3-101; and
9	(0)	department of natural resources and conservation payments in lieu of taxes pursuant to former
10	Title 77, chapter 1, part 5.	
11	(3)	Except as provided in subsection (7)(b), the total amount received by each local government in
12	the prior fiscal year as an entitlement share payment under this section is the base component for the	
13	subsequent fiscal year distribution, and in each subsequent year the prior year entitlement share payment,	
14	including any reimbursement payments received pursuant to subsection (7), is each local government's base	
15	component. The sum of all local governments' base components is the fiscal year entitlement share pool.	
16	(4)	(a) Except as provided in subsections (4)(b)(iv) and (7)(b), the base entitlement share pool
17	must be increas	sed annually by an entitlement share growth rate as provided for in this subsection (4). The
18	amount determined through the application of annual growth rates is the entitlement share pool for each fiscal	
19	year.	
20	(b)	By October 1 of each year, the department shall calculate the growth rate of the entitlement
21	share pool for th	ne next fiscal year in the following manner:
22	(i)	The department shall calculate the entitlement share growth rate based on the ratio of two
23	factors of state revenue sources for the first, second, and third most recently completed fiscal years as	
24	recorded on the	e statewide accounting, budgeting, and human resource system. The first factor is the sum of the
25	revenue for the first and second previous completed fiscal years received from the sources referred to in	
26	subsections (2)	(b), (2)(c), and (2)(g) divided by the sum of the revenue for the second and third previous
27	completed fisca	Il years received from the same sources multiplied by 0.75. The second factor is the sum of the



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- revenue for the first and second previous completed fiscal years received from individual income tax as provided in Title 15, chapter 30, and corporate income tax as provided in Title 15, chapter 31, divided by the sum of the revenue for the second and third previous completed fiscal years received from the same sources multiplied by 0.25.
 - (ii) Except as provided in subsections (4)(b)(iii) and (4)(b)(iv), the entitlement share growth rate is the lesser of:
 - (A) the sum of the first factor plus the second factor; or
 - (B) 1.03 for counties, 1.0325 for consolidated local governments, and 1.035 for cities and towns.
 - (iii) In no instance can the entitlement growth factor be less than 1. Subject to subsection (4)(b)(iv), the entitlement share growth rate is applied to the most recently completed fiscal year entitlement payment to determine the subsequent fiscal year payment.
 - (iv) The entitlement share growth rate, as described in this subsection (4), is:
 - (A) for fiscal year 2018, 1.005;
 - (B) for fiscal year 2019, 1.0187;
 - (C) for fiscal year 2020 and thereafter, determined as provided in subsection (4)(b)(ii). The rate must be applied to the entitlement payment for the previous fiscal year as if the payment had been calculated using entitlement share growth rates for fiscal years 2018 and 2019 as provided in subsection (4)(b)(ii).
 - (5) As used in this section, "local government" means a county, a consolidated local government, an incorporated city, and an incorporated town. A local government does not include a tax increment financing district provided for in subsection (8). The county or consolidated local government is responsible for making an allocation from the county's or consolidated local government's share of the entitlement share pool to each special district within the county or consolidated local government in a manner that reasonably reflects each special district's loss of revenue sources for which reimbursement is provided in this section. The allocation for each special district that existed in 2002 must be based on the relative proportion of the loss of revenue in 2002.
 - (6) (a) The entitlement share pools calculated in this section, the amounts distributed under 15-1-123(4) for local governments, the funding provided for in subsection (8) of this section, and the amounts



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1 distributed under 15-1-123(5) for tax increment financing districts are statutorily appropriated, as provided in 17-2 7-502, from the general fund to the department for distribution to local governments. 3 (b) (i) The growth amount is the difference between the entitlement share pool in the current fiscal 4 year and the entitlement share pool in the previous fiscal year. The growth factor in the entitlement share must 5 be calculated separately for: 6 (A) counties: 7 (B) consolidated local governments; and 8 (C) incorporated cities and towns. 9 (ii) In each fiscal year, the growth amount for counties must be allocated as follows: 10 (A) 50% of the growth amount must be allocated based upon each county's percentage of the prior 11 fiscal year entitlement share pool for all counties; and 12 (B) 50% of the growth amount must be allocated based upon the percentage that each county's 13 population bears to the state population not residing within consolidated local governments as determined by 14 the latest interim year population estimates from the Montana department of commerce as supplied by the 15 United States bureau of the census. In each fiscal year, the growth amount for consolidated local governments must be allocated as 16 (iii) 17 follows: 18 (A) 50% of the growth amount must be allocated based upon each consolidated local 19 government's percentage of the prior fiscal year entitlement share pool for all consolidated local governments; 20 and 21 (B) 50% of the growth amount must be allocated based upon the percentage that each 22 consolidated local government's population bears to the state's total population residing within consolidated 23 local governments as determined by the latest interim year population estimates from the Montana department 24 of commerce as supplied by the United States bureau of the census. 25 (iv) In each fiscal year, the growth amount for incorporated cities and towns must be allocated as 26 follows: 27 (A) 50% of the growth amount must be allocated based upon each incorporated city's or town's



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percentage of the prior fiscal year entitlement share pool for all incorporated cities and towns; and

- (B) 50% of the growth amount must be allocated based upon the percentage that each city's or town's population bears to the state's total population residing within incorporated cities and towns as determined by the latest interim year population estimates from the Montana department of commerce as supplied by the United States bureau of the census.
- (v) In each fiscal year, the amount of the entitlement share pool before the growth amount or adjustments made under subsection (7) are applied is to be distributed to each local government in the same manner as the entitlement share pool was distributed in the prior fiscal year.
- (7) (a) If the legislature enacts a reimbursement provision that is to be distributed pursuant to this section, the department shall determine the reimbursement amount as provided in the enactment and add the appropriate amount to the entitlement share distribution under this section. The total entitlement share distributions in a fiscal year, including distributions made pursuant to this subsection, equal the local fiscal year entitlement share pool. The ratio of each local government's distribution from the entitlement share pool must be recomputed to determine each local government's ratio to be used in the subsequent year's distribution determination under subsections (6)(b)(ii)(A), (6)(b)(iii)(A), and (6)(b)(iv)(A).
- (b) For fiscal year 2018 and thereafter, the growth rate provided for in subsection (4) does not apply to the portion of the entitlement share pool attributable to the reimbursement provided for in 15-1-123(1) and (2). The department shall calculate the portion of the entitlement share pool attributable to the reimbursement in 15-1-123(1) and (2), including the application of the growth rate in previous fiscal years, for counties, consolidated local governments, and cities and, for fiscal year 2018 and thereafter, apply the growth rate for that portion of the entitlement share pool as provided in 15-1-123(3).
- (c) The growth amount resulting from the application of the growth rate in 15-1-123(3) must be allocated as provided in subsections (6)(b)(ii)(A), (6)(b)(iii)(A), and (6)(b)(iv)(A) of this section.
- (d) The growth rate provided for in subsection (4) does not apply to the portion of the entitlement share pool attributable to the reimbursement provided for in [section 7].
- (8) (a) Except for a tax increment financing district entitled to a reimbursement under 15-1-123(5), if a tax increment financing district was not in existence during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2000, then the



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tax increment financing district is not entitled to any funding. If a tax increment financing district referred to in subsection (8)(b) terminates, then the funding for the district provided for in subsection (8)(b) terminates.

(b) One-half of the payments provided for in this subsection (8)(b) must be made by November 30 and the other half by May 31 of each year. Subject to subsection (8)(a), the entitlement share for tax increment financing districts is as follows:

Flathead	Kalispell - District 2	\$4,638
Flathead	Kalispell - District 3	37,231
Flathead	Whitefish District	148,194
Gallatin	Bozeman - downtown	31,158
Missoula	Missoula - 1-1C	225,251
Missoula	Missoula - 4-1C	30,009

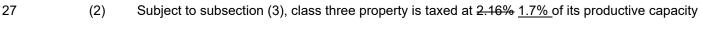
- (9) The estimated fiscal year entitlement share pool and any subsequent entitlement share pool for local governments do not include revenue received from tax increment financing districts.
- (10) When there has been an underpayment of a local government's share of the entitlement share pool, the department shall distribute the difference between the underpayment and the correct amount of the entitlement share. When there has been an overpayment of a local government's entitlement share, the local government shall remit the overpaid amount to the department.
- (11) A local government may appeal the department's estimation of the base component, the entitlement share growth rate, or a local government's allocation of the entitlement share pool, according to the uniform dispute review procedure in 15-1-211.
- (12) (a) Except as provided in 2-7-517, a payment required pursuant to this section may not be offset by a debt owed to a state agency by a local government in accordance with Title 17, chapter 4, part 1.
 - (b) A payment required pursuant to this section must be withheld if a local government:
 - (i) fails to meet a deadline established in 2-7-503(1), 7-6-611(2), 7-6-4024(3), or 7-6-4036(1); and
- (ii) fails to remit any amounts collected on behalf of the state as required by 15-1-504 or as otherwise required by law within 45 days of the end of a month.
 - (c) A payment required pursuant to this section may be withheld if, for more than 90 days, a local



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1	government fai	ils to:
2	(i)	file a financial report required by 15-1-504;
3	(ii)	remit any amounts collected on behalf of the state as required by 15-1-504; or
4	(iii)	remit any other amounts owed to the state or another taxing jurisdiction."
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6	Sectio	n 2. Section 15-6-133, MCA, is amended to read:
7	"15-6-	133. Class three property description taxable percentage. (1) Class three property
8	includes:	
9	(a)	agricultural land as defined in 15-7-202;
10	(b)	nonproductive patented mining claims outside the limits of an incorporated city or town held by
11	an owner for th	e ultimate purpose of developing the mineral interests on the property. For the purposes of this
12	subsection (1)(b), the following provisions apply:
13	(i)	The claim may not include any property that is used for residential purposes, recreational
14	purposes as de	escribed in 70-16-301, or commercial purposes as defined in 15-1-101 or any property the
15	surface of which	ch is being used for other than mining purposes or has a separate and independent value for
16	other purposes	
17	(ii)	Improvements to the property that would not disqualify the parcel are taxed as otherwise
18	provided in this	s title, including that portion of the land upon which the improvements are located and that is
19	reasonably req	uired for the use of the improvements.
20	(iii)	Nonproductive patented mining claim property must be valued as if the land were devoted to
21	agricultural gra	zing use.
22	(c)	parcels of land of 20 acres or more but less than 160 acres under one ownership that are not
23	eligible for valu	ation, assessment, and taxation as agricultural land under 15-7-202(1), which are considered to
24	be nonqualified	d agricultural land. Nonqualified agricultural land may not be devoted to a commercial or
25	industrial purpo	ose. Nonqualified agricultural land is valued at the average productive capacity value of grazing





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land.

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NEW SECTION. Section 6. Legislative findings -- local government charters and fixed mill levy limits superseded. (1) (a) The legislature finds that most local governments set mill levies that adjust downward when taxable value increases under 15-10-420. This floating mill levy concept automatically lowers the number of mills levied against a taxpayer when property values increase, which mitigates increases in property values. However, when mill levies are fixed, the opposite occurs when property values increase, and property taxes are not automatically mitigated for taxpayers that are levied based on a fixed mill levy.

- (b) The legislature finds further that it is prohibited under Article VIII, section 2, of the Montana constitution from suspending or contracting away the power to tax. The legislature also recognizes and respects the power of local governments under Article XI, section 5, of the Montana constitution to adopt, amend, revise, or abandon a charter.
- (2) As a matter of policy, the legislature intends to supersede local government charters that fix mill levy limits for the limited purpose of exercising the power to tax while also maintaining local government revenue sources without raising taxes on residential taxpayers. Having considered all options on a statewide basis, the legislature finds the statutory structure of the property tax has evolved significantly since the passage of Initiative Measure No. 105 on November 4, 1986, and the enactment of 15-10-420 by the legislature in 1999. Given the significant change in the structure of the property tax and the rising cost of residential property in the last 5 years, there is a compelling interest to all the citizens of the state to lower residential property tax rates for primary residences, which can only be accomplished by this section and 15-10-420.
- (3) A local government with a charter form of government that includes a mill levy limit of a specific number of mills that may be imposed in the charter shall levy the number of mills in fiscal year 2026 and subsequent tax years that will generate the amount of property taxes assessed in fiscal year 2025, without amending or revising the charter. In fiscal years after 2026, the local government shall levy the number of mills levied in fiscal year 2026.
- (4) A taxing entity with a local mill levy limit of a specific number of mills that may be imposed that was authorized by the voters before [the effective date of this section] may:
 - (a) elect to transition a voted mill levy to a dollar-based mill levy equal to the amount of property



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taxes assessed in fiscal year 2025 and thereafter subject to the provisions of 15-10-420(1)(a); or

(b) levy the number of mills in fiscal year 2026 that will generate the amount of property taxes assessed in fiscal year 2025. In fiscal years after 2026, the local government shall levy the number of mills levied in fiscal year 2026.

NEW SECTION. Section 7. Reimbursement for loss of revenue from certain fixed mill levies. (1) The department shall reimburse each taxing entity as provided in this section for the revenue loss resulting from the tax rate reductions in 15-6-134 as amended by [this act] for the following levies:

- (a) levies of a local government with a charter form of government that includes a mill levy limit of a specific number of mills that may be imposed in the charter; and
- (b) levies stated as a specific mill levy authorized by voters before [the effective date of this section].
- (2) For fiscal year 2026, the reimbursement must be equal to the difference between the property tax revenue collected from the levies provided for in subsection (1) and the property tax revenue collected in fiscal year 2025. After fiscal year 2026, the reimbursement must be equal to the difference between the property tax revenue collected from the levies provided for in subsection (1) and the property tax revenue that would be collected in the current fiscal year using the mill levy that would raise the fiscal year 2025 tax revenue using the fiscal year 2026 taxable value.
- (3) A taxing entity eligible to receive a reimbursement under this section shall report the loss in revenue from the tax rate reductions in 15-6-134 as amended by [this act] to the department of revenue.
- (4) A reimbursement provided for in this section may only be made for 2 years after [the effective date of this section].
- (5) The department shall distribute the reimbursements with the entitlement share payments under 15-1-121(7).

NEW SECTION. Section 8. Codification instruction. (1) [Section 6] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 15, chapter 6, and the provisions of Title 15, chapter 6, apply to [section 6].



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(2)	[Section 7] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 15, chapter 1, part 1, and the
provisions of Ti	tle 15, chapter 1, part 1, apply to [section 7].

NEW SECTION. Section 9. Effective date -- contingency. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2).

[This this act] is effective on passage and approval.

(2) [Sections 1 and 7] are effective on the date that the department of revenue certifies to the code commissioner that a court of final disposition finds that [section 6] is invalid. The department of revenue shall submit certification within 30 days of the occurrence of the contingency.

NEW SECTION. Section 10. Retroactive applicability. [This act] applies retroactively, within the meaning of 1-2-109, to tax years beginning after December 31, 2024, and to the reappraisal cycle beginning January 1, 2025.

NEW SECTION. Section 11. Contingent termination. [Sections 1 and 7] terminate on the date that the department of revenue certifies to the code commissioner that reimbursements authorized pursuant to [section 7] have been completed. The department of revenue shall submit certification within 30 days of the occurrence of the contingency.

- END -

