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69th Legislature 2025 Drafter: Rebecca Power, SB0025.003.002

1 SENATE BILL NO. 25 2 INTRODUCED BY J. ELLIS 3 BY REQUEST OF THE STATE ADMINISTRATION AND VETERANS' AFFAIRS INTERIM COMMITTEE 4 5 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REGULATING THE USE OF DEEPFAKES IN ELECTION 6 COMMUNICATIONS AND ELECTIONEERING COMMUNICATIONS; PROVIDING DEFINITIONS; 7 PROVIDING EXCEPTIONS; PROVIDING FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF, ACTUAL DAMAGES, AND PUNITIVE DAMAGES; PROVIDING FOR THE FILING OF A COMPLAINT WITH THE COMMISSIONER OF POLITICAL 8 9 PRACTICES; AND PROVIDING PENALTIES." 10 WHEREAS, the revolutionary innovations in generative artificial intelligence systems capable of 11 12 producing image, audio, video, text, and multimedia content pose a threat to free and fair elections in the State 13 of Montana; and 14 WHEREAS, Al-generated content may be used to create deepfakes that falsely depict a candidate's speech or action in order to spread misinformation and disinformation at scale and with unprecedented speed; 15 16 and 17 WHEREAS, a deepfake is comparable to forcing a person to say or do something in a video recorded 18 under threat, in which the person appears to say or do something the person would not normally say or do; and 19 WHEREAS, a voter's opinion of a candidate may be irreparably tainted by a fabricated representation 20 of an officeholder, incumbent, or candidate saying or doing something the person did not say or do; and 21 WHEREAS, these false, negative portrayals may exist indefinitely once posted on the Internet and 22 permanently damage an officeholder, incumbent, or candidate's reputation and even put the person's safety at 23 risk. 24 25 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: 26 27 NEW SECTION. Section 1. Definitions. As used in [sections 1 through 4], unless the context clearly



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1	indicates otherwise	. the	following	definitions	apply
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- (1) (a) "Al-generated content" means image, video, audio, multimedia, or text content that is substantially created or modified by generative artificial intelligence in a manner that materially alters the meaning or significance that a reasonable person understands from the content.
- (b) The term does not include image, video, audio, multimedia, or text content that is minimally edited, adjusted, or enhanced by generative artificial intelligence in a manner that does not materially alter the meaning or significance that a reasonable person understands from the content.
- (2) "Candidate" has the same meaning as provided in 13-1-101(8) and, for the purposes of [sections 1 through 4], also includes an incumbent or current officeholder.
- (3) "Deepfake" means Al-generated content or synthetic media that depicts a candidate or political party with the intent to injure the reputation of the candidate or party or otherwise deceive a voter. A deepfake:
- (a) appears to a reasonable person to depict an individual saying or doing something that did not occur in reality; or
- (b) provides a reasonable person a fundamentally different understanding or impression of the appearance, action, or speech than a reasonable person would have from the unaltered, original version of the image, audio recording, or video recording.
- (4) "Generative artificial intelligence" means an artificial intelligence system capable of generating novel image, video, audio, multimedia, or text content based on prompts or other forms of data provided by a person.
- (5) "Synthetic media" means an image, audio recording, or video recording of an individual's appearance, speech, or conduct that has been created or intentionally manipulated with the use of generative artificial intelligence or other digital technology to create a realistic but false image, audio, or video.

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Use of deepfakes in election communications and electioneering communications -- disclosure requirements -- exceptions. (1) (a) Except as provided in subsection (1)(b), a person, corporation, committee, political party, or other entity, WORKING IN AN OFFICIAL ELECTION CAPACITY, may not, within 60 days of the initiation of voting in an election at which a candidate for elective office appears on the



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- ballot, distribute, disseminate, publish, broadcast, transmit, or display PAY FOR OR SPONSOR THE PRODUCTION.
 CREATION, OR INITIAL DISTRIBUTION OF an election communication or an electioneering communication that the
 person, corporation, committee, political party, or other entity knew or should have known is a deepfake of a
 - (b) The prohibition in subsection (1)(a) does not apply to an election communication or electioneering communication that includes a disclosure stating, "This _____ (image/audio/video/multimedia) has been SIGNIFICANTLY edited BY ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE-and depicts speech or conduct that falsely appears to be authentic or truthful".
 - (c) The disclosure required in subsection (1)(b) must:

candidate or political party on the ballot.

- 10 (i) for a printed communication, be stated in bold font with a font size of at least 12 points;
- 11 (ii) for a television or video communication, be clearly readable throughout the communication and 12 occupy at least 4% of the vertical picture height;
 - (iii) for a public internet communication that includes text or graphic components, be viewable without the user taking any action and be large enough to be clearly readable; or
 - (iv) for an audio component of a communication, be at least <u>10 seconds</u> in length and be spoken in a clearly audible and intelligible manner at either the beginning or the end of the audio component of the communication.
 - (2) The following exceptions apply to this section PROHIBITION IN SUBSECTION (1)(A) AND THE PENALTIES IN [SECTIONS 3 AND 4] DO NOT APPLY TO THE FOLLOWING:
 - (a) A A radio or television broadcasting station, including a cable television, satellite television, ef streaming service operator, OR WEBSITE, OR programmer, or producer, may broadcast an advertisement OR TRANSMIT A DEEPFAKE as part of a bona fide newscast, news interview, news documentary, or on-the-spot coverage of a bona fide news event if the broadcast clearly acknowledges through content CONTEXT or a disclaimer, in a manner that can be easily read or heard, that the advertisement was CONTENT BEING BROADCAST OR TRANSMITTED MAY BE generated in whole or in part by using artificial intelligence and does MAY not accurately represent the speech or conduct of the depicted individual.
 - (b) A A radio or television broadcasting station, including a cable television, satellite television, ex



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streaming s	service operator, <u>OR WEBSITE</u> , <u>OR</u> programmer, or producer, may broadcast an advertise	ment that the
station or s	streaming service is paid to broadcast if the station or streaming service shows that its d	lisclosure
requiremen	nts are consistent with the requirements provided in subsections (1)(b) and (1)(c) and th	at it provided
those discle	losure requirements to each person that purchased the broadcast or streaming of the ac	lvertisement
WHEN IT IS F	PAID TO BROADCAST A DEEPFAKE AND MAKES A GOOD FAITH EFFORT TO ESTABLISH THAT THE E	DEPICTION IS
NOT A DEEP	PFAKE, OR IN CASES IN WHICH FEDERAL LAW REQUIRES BROADCASTERS TO AIR ADVERTISEMEN	TS FROM
LEGALLY QU	JALIFIED CANDIDATES-;	

- (c) An advertisement A DEEPFAKE that reasonably constitutes satire or parody may be published, posted, or distributed if the advertisement includes a disclaimer consistent with the requirements provided in subsections (1)(b) and (1)(c).
- (d) A <u>A</u> distribution platform may publish, post, or distribute an advertisement or a prerecorded phone message if the distribution platform shows that its disclaimer requirements are consistent with the requirements provided in subsections (1)(b) and (1)(c) and that it provided those disclaimer requirements to the person that purchased the distribution of the advertisement or prerecorded phone message by or on the distribution platform. OR
- (E) A PROVIDER OF AN INTERACTIVE COMPUTER SERVICE AS DEFINED IN 47 U.S.C. 230, OR AN INFORMATION SERVICE OR A TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE, BOTH AS DEFINED IN 47 U.S.C. 153, FOR CONTENT PROVIDED BY ANOTHER PARTY.

NEW SECTION. Section 3. Injunctive and civil relief. (1) In addition to any other penalties or remedies provided by law, a candidate or political party representing the candidate aggrieved by a violation of [section 2] may maintain an action AGAINST ANY VIOLATOR in any court of equitable jurisdiction to prevent, restrain, or enjoin the violation.

- (2) An action commenced pursuant to subsection (1) must be expedited by the district court and given preference over all other matters currently before the district court upon showing of present or ongoing harm.
- 27 (3) If a violation of [section 2] is established, the court shall enjoin and restrain to otherwise prohibit

