ITERATION 1 - REPORT

HOSPITAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Prepared by James Bertram, Thomas Frampton, Ekaterina Grekova, Matthew Jones, Andrew Midwinter, Mark Mullen 2/24/2012

Contents

Contents	3
Table of Figures.	<u>3</u>
Summary	<u>4</u>
Domain Model	<u>4</u>
Stories.	<u>4</u>
Updated Tentative Release Plan.	<u>5</u>
Deliverables of Iteration 1	
Work Distribution.	<u> 6</u>
Appendix A – Diagrams	<u>7</u>
Appendix B – Story Board	8
Table of Figures	
Figure 1. Sequence Diagram – User can log in to system	5
Figure 2. ERD	<u>6</u>
Figure 3. Technology Diagram.	<u> 7</u>
Figure 4. Relational Schema	<u>9</u>
Figure 5. Use Case Diagram	15
Figure 6. Our story board as of February 24, 2012	

Summary

In this iteration, we began implementing the higher priority core features. As of this iteration, the program supports the ability to login as a system user, add patients to the database, and view patient information. We have also begun development of the user interface. The current iteration does not support the ability to edit patient information after they have been created. This is a known bug and we will develop a fix for it as soon as possible. This report includes a domain model of the HMS, updated prioritized user stories and release plan, design diagrams and work distribution

Domain Model

Various diagrams were created during initial design to help visualizing and clarifying main requirements of HMS. Our initial design underwent changes during implementation process. During discussions, we came to agreement that a simpler architecture can be developed. That architecture is understood by everyone in the team, and it allows adding new features, testing implemented coded and debugging in an easy manner. The supplementary diagrams were updated and can be found in Appendix A.

Stories

The identified stories remain the same as in Iteration 0. Below are the stories, which are sorted by their priority. A picture of our story board is in Appendix B.

Priority 1:

1.1: Assigning patients to rooms:

This feature allows nurses or administrators to assign patients to specific rooms.

1.2: Tracking Patient Information:

This feature allows administrators to enter, edit, and view information about patients.

1.3: Tracking Bed/Room availability:

This feature keeps track of which beds and rooms are currently available, and which are currently occupied.

1.4: Assigning Nurses to Wards:

This feature allows administrators to assign nurses to wards.

1.5: Encrypting of Patient Information:

Patient information will be encrypted for security.

Priority 2:

2.1: Tracking Nurse Information:

Doctors and head nurses can enter, edit nurses' information.

Priority 3:

3.1: Placing Patients in a Priority Queue:

Patients will be placed in a priority queue to order them by the severity of their illness or injury.

Priority 4:

4.1: Searching for Patients:

Nurses and Doctors can search for information about a specific patient.

Priority 5:

5.1: Scheduling Nurses:

Administrators can create schedules to assign nurses to shifts.

Updated Tentative Release Plan

However, the tentative release plan has changed. The implementation of the base architecture required more time than we estimated initially.

Tentative Release Plan:

Iteration 1:

Build base architecture Implemented feature 1.2 using TDD

Iteration 2:

Implement features 1.1, 1.3, 1.4, 2.1 and 3.1.

Iteration 3:

Implement features 1.5, 4.1 and 5.1

Deliverables of Iteration 1

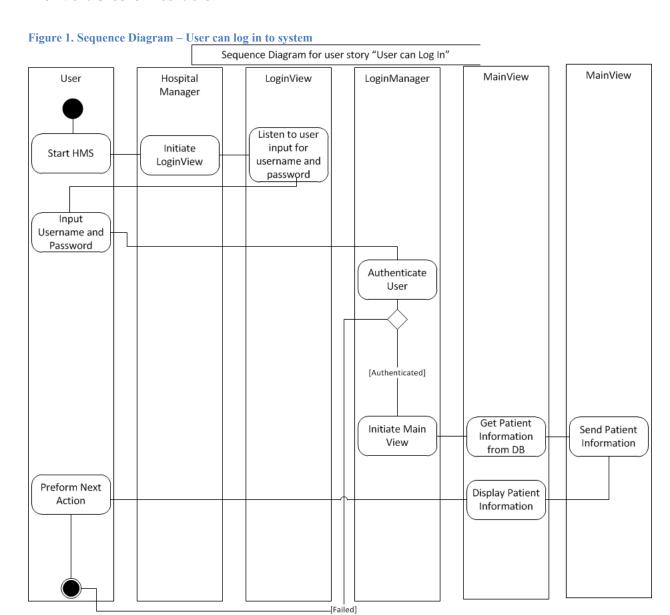


Figure 2. ERD

Entities

- **Patient**
- * Name
- * Ge
- **Bed**

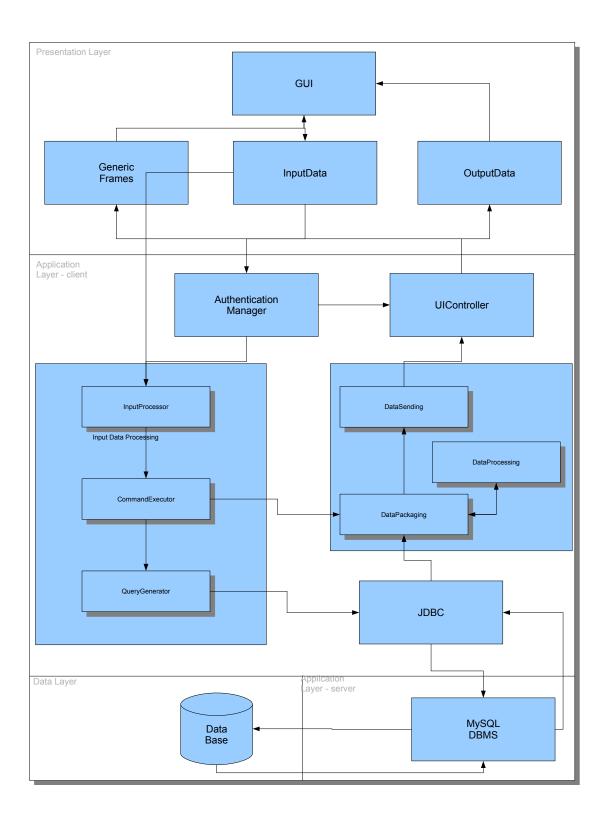
*

- **Ward**
- * Name
- * Size
- **Nurse**
- * Name
- * Phone Number
- * Head Nurse?
- **Room**
- * Number
- **Nurse Type**
- * Name

Relationships

```
Patient (1)-< Occupies >-(1) Bed
Bed (n)-< Belongs To >-(1) Room
Room (n)-< Belongs To >-(1) Ward
Nurse (n)-< Assigned To >-(1) Ward
Nurse (n)-< Has A >-(1) Nurse Type
Ward (n)-< Has A >-(1) Nurse Type
```

Figure 3. Technology Diagram



Work Distribution

Tom

Implemented authentication system (register, login, logout) Created sequence diagram

Mark

Implemented command methods with Andrew designed prototypes with Andrew

Andrew

Implemented command methods with Mark designed prototypes with Mark Implemented database interface class with Matt

Matt

Implemented database interface class with Andrew Implemented model classes
Implemented relational schema in SQL designed ERD

Katya

Implemented GUI classes (view) designed use case diagram storyboarding

Jamie

integration and QA testing High-level technology diagram report compilation

Appendix A - Diagrams

Figure 3. Relational Schema

```
-- phpMyAdmin SQL Dump
-- version 3.2.2
-- http://www.phpmyadmin.net
-- Host: localhost
-- Generation Time: Dec 22, 2011 at 12:33 PM
-- Server version: 5.0.67
-- PHP Version: 5.2.6
/*!40101 SET @OLD_CHARACTER_SET_CLIENT=@@CHARACTER_SET_CLIENT */;
/*!40101 SET @OLD_CHARACTER_SET_RESULTS=@@CHARACTER_SET_RESULTS */;
/*!40101 SET @OLD_COLLATION_CONNECTION=@@COLLATION_CONNECTION */;
/*!40101 SET NAMES utf8 */;
-- Database: `jhbertra`
__ ______
-- Table structure for table `ASSIGNED_TO`
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `ASSIGNED_TO` (
  `username` varchar(12) NOT NULL,
  `project_id` int(11) NOT NULL,
  `name` varchar(20) NOT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY ('username', 'project_id', 'name'),
KEY 'project_id' ('project_id'),
KEY 'name' ('name')
) TYPE=InnoDB;
-- Table structure for table `COURSE`
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `COURSE` (
  `Dept_Name` char(4) NOT NULL,
`c_no` int(11) NOT NULL,
  `course_id` int(11) NOT NULL auto_increment,
  `name` varchar(80) NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY ('course_id'),
UNIQUE KEY 'Dept_Name', 'c_no')
) TYPE=InnoDB AUTO_INCREMENT=11 ;
-- Table structure for table `COURSE_THREAD_OWNER`
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `COURSE_THREAD_OWNER` (
  `course_id` int(11) NOT NULL, `thread_id` int(11) NOT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY (`course_id`, `thread_id`),
KEY `thread_id` (`thread_id`)
) TYPE=InnoDB;
__ ______
```

```
-- Table structure for table `DISCUSSION_THREAD`
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `DISCUSSION_THREAD` (
  `thread_id` int(11) NOT NULL auto_increment,
  `topic` varchar(40) NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY (`thread_id`)
) TYPE=InnoDB AUTO_INCREMENT=35 ;
-- Table structure for table `EMAIL`
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `EMAIL` (
  `username` varchar(12) NOT NULL,
  `profile_id` int(11) NOT NULL,
`email` varchar(40) NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (`username`,`profile_id`,`email`),
  KEY `profile_id` (`profile_id`)
) TYPE=InnoDB;
__ ______
-- Table structure for table `FRIENDS`
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `FRIENDS` (
  `username` varchar(12) NOT NULL,
 `friend_username` varchar(12) NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY (`username`, `friend_username`),
KEY `friend_username` (`friend_username`)
) TYPE=InnoDB;
__ _____
-- Table structure for table `INTERESTS`
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `INTERESTS` (
  `profile_id` int(11) NOT NULL,
  `username` varchar(12) NOT NULL,
`interest` varchar(40) NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (`profile_id`, `username`, `interest`),
KEY `username` (`username`)
) TYPE=InnoDB;
__ ______
-- Table structure for table `PHONE`
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `PHONE` (
  `username` varchar(12) NOT NULL,
  `profile_id` int(11) NOT NULL,

`home_phone` varchar(20) default NULL,
 home_pnone varchar(20) default NULL,

cell_phone varchar(20) default NULL,

PRIMARY KEY (`username`, `profile_id`),

KEY `profile_id` (`profile_id`)
) TYPE=InnoDB;
__ ______
-- Table structure for table `POST`
```

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `POST` (
   `body_text` mediumtext NOT NULL,
  `post_id` int(11) NOT NULL auto_increment, `username` varchar(12) NOT NULL,
  `timestamp` timestamp NOT NULL,
`thread_id` int(11) NOT NULL,
  type enum('Comment','Question','Reply','Reminder') NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY (`post_id`,`username`,`thread_id`),
KEY `username` (`username`),
KEY `thread_id` (`thread_id`)
) TYPE=InnoDB AUTO_INCREMENT=86 ;
__ ______
-- Table structure for table `PROFILE`
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `PROFILE` (
   `username` varchar(12) NOT NULL,
  `picture` varchar(500) default NULL,
  `f_name` varchar(20) NOT NULL,
`b_day` date NOT NULL,
  `profile_id` int(11) NOT NULL auto_increment,
  `status` mediumtext,
`l_name` varchar(20) NOT NULL,
  `bio` longtext,
  `website` varchar(100) default NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (`profile_id`),
UNIQUE KEY `username` (`username`)
) TYPE=InnoDB AUTO_INCREMENT=30 ;
-- Table structure for table `PROFILE_THREAD_OWNER`
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `PROFILE_THREAD_OWNER` (
  `profile_id` int(11) NOT NULL,
`thread_id` int(11) NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY (`profile_id`,`thread_id`),
KEY `thread_id` (`thread_id`)
) TYPE=InnoDB;
-- Table structure for table `PROJECT`
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `PROJECT` (
   `project_id` int(11) NOT NULL auto_increment,
  `deadline` date NOT NULL,
  `project_name` varchar(20) NOT NULL,
  `project_description` longtext NOT NULL,
  `course_id` int(11) NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY (`project_id`),
  KEY `course_id_2` (`course_id`)
) TYPE=InnoDB AUTO_INCREMENT=27 ;
__ _____
-- Table structure for table `PROJECT_THREAD_OWNER`
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `PROJECT_THREAD_OWNER` (
  'project_id' int(11) NOT NULL,

'thread_id' int(11) NOT NULL,

PRIMARY KEY ('project_id', 'thread_id'),

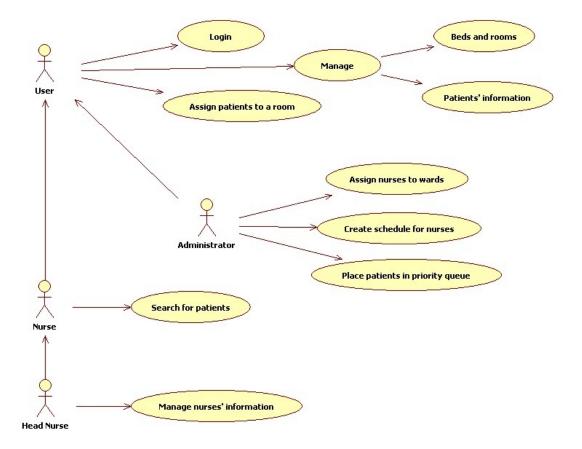
KEY 'thread_id' ('thread_id')
```

```
) TYPE=InnoDB;
-- Table structure for table `TAKES_COURSE`
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `TAKES_COURSE` (
 `username` varchar(12) NOT NULL,
`course_id` int(11) NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY (`username`,`course_id`),
KEY `course_id` (`course_id`)
) TYPE=InnoDB;
-- Table structure for table `TASK`
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `TASK` (
   `name` varchar(100) NOT NULL,
  `description` mediumtext NOT NULL,
  `deadline` datetime NOT NULL,
  `project_id` int(11) NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY (`name`,`project_id`),
  KEY `project_id` (`project_id`)
) TYPE=InnoDB;
-- Table structure for table `TASK_THREAD_OWNER`
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `TASK_THREAD_OWNER` (
  `name` varchar(20) NOT NULL,
  `thread_id` int(11) NOT NULL,
`project_id` int(11) NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY (`name`,`thread_id`,`project_id`),
  UNIQUE KEY `project_id` (`project_id`),
KEY `thread_id` (`thread_id`)
) TYPE=InnoDB;
-- Table structure for table `USER`
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `USER` (
   `username` varchar(12) NOT NULL,
`password` varchar(15) NOT NULL,
  `isAdmin` tinyint(1) NOT NULL default '0' COMMENT 'boss boss boss boss boss',
  PRIMARY KEY ('username')
) TYPE=InnoDB COMMENT='users, dawg';
__ ______
-- Table structure for table `WORKS_ON`
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `WORKS_ON` (
  `username` varchar(12) NOT NULL,
  `project_id` int(11) NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY (`username`,`project_id`),
  KEY `project_id` (`project_id`)
) TYPE=InnoDB;
```

```
-- Constraints for dumped tables
-- Constraints for table `ASSIGNED_TO`
ALTER TABLE `ASSIGNED TO`
  ADD CONSTRAINT `ASSIGNED_TO_ibfk_7` FOREIGN KEY (`name`) REFERENCES `TASK` (`name`)
ON DELETE CASCADE,
ADD CONSTRAINT `ASSIGNED_TO_ibfk_5` FOREIGN KEY (`username`) REFERENCES `USER`
(`username`) ON DELETE CASCADE,
 ADD CONSTRAINT `ASSIGNED_TO_ibfk_6` FOREIGN KEY (`project_id`) REFERENCES `PROJECT`
(`project_id`) ON DELETE CASCADE;
-- Constraints for table `COURSE_THREAD_OWNER`
ALTER TABLE `COURSE_THREAD_OWNER`
ADD CONSTRAINT `COURSE_THREAD_OWNER_ibfk_4` FOREIGN KEY (`thread_id`) REFERENCES `DISCUSSION_THREAD` (`thread_id`) ON DELETE CASCADE,
 ADD CONSTRAINT `COURSE_THREAD_OWNER_ibfk_3` FOREIGN KEY (`course_id`) REFERENCES
`COURSE` (`course_id`) ON DELETE CASCADE;
-- Constraints for table `EMAIL`
ALTER TABLE `EMAIL`
 ADD CONSTRAINT `EMAIL_ibfk_4` FOREIGN KEY (`profile_id`) REFERENCES `PROFILE`
(`profile_id`) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  ADD CONSTRAINT 'EMAIL ibfk 3' FOREIGN KEY ('username') REFERENCES 'USER'
(`username`) ON DELETE CASCADE;
-- Constraints for table `FRIENDS`
ALTER TABLE `FRIENDS`
  ADD CONSTRAINT `FRIENDS_ibfk_6` FOREIGN KEY (`friend_username`) REFERENCES `USER`
(`username`) ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE CASCADE,
 ADD CONSTRAINT `FRIENDS_ibfk_5` FOREIGN KEY (`username`) REFERENCES `USER`
(`username`) ON DELETE CASCADE;
-- Constraints for table `INTERESTS`
ALTER TABLE `INTERESTS`
 ADD CONSTRAINT `INTERESTS_ibfk_4` FOREIGN KEY (`username`) REFERENCES `USER`
 `username`) ON DELETE CASCADE,
 ADD CONSTRAINT `INTERESTS_ibfk_3` FOREIGN KEY (`profile_id`) REFERENCES `PROFILE`
(`profile_id`) ON DELETE CASCADE;
-- Constraints for table `PHONE`
ALTER TABLE `PHONE`
 ADD CONSTRAINT `PHONE_ibfk_3` FOREIGN KEY (`username`) REFERENCES `USER`
(`username`) ON DELETE CASCADE,
ADD CONSTRAINT `PHONE_ibfk_4` FOREIGN KEY (`profile_id`) REFERENCES `PROFILE`
(`profile_id`) ON DELETE CASCADE;
-- Constraints for table `POST`
ALTER TABLE `POST
 ADD CONSTRAINT `POST_ibfk_4` FOREIGN KEY (`thread_id`) REFERENCES
`DISCUSSION_THREAD` (`thread_id`) ON DELETE CASCADE,
 ADD CONSTRAINT `POST_ibfk_3` FOREIGN KEY (`username`) REFERENCES `USER` (`username`)
ON DELETE CASCADE;
-- Constraints for table `PROFILE`
ALTER TABLE `PROFILE`
```

```
ADD CONSTRAINT `PROFILE_ibfk_1` FOREIGN KEY (`username`) REFERENCES `USER`
(`username`) ON DELETE CASCADE;
-- Constraints for table `PROFILE_THREAD_OWNER`
ALTER TABLE 'PROFILE THREAD OWNER'
 ADD CONSTRAINT `PROFILE_THREAD_OWNER_ibfk_4` FOREIGN KEY (`thread_id`) REFERENCES
 DISCUSSION_THREAD` (`thread_id`) ON DELETE CASCADE,
 ADD CONSTRAINT `PROFILE_THREAD_OWNER_ibfk_3` FOREIGN KEY (`profile_id`) REFERENCES
`PROFILE` (`profile_id`) ON DELETE CASCADE;
-- Constraints for table `PROJECT`
ALTER TABLE `PROJECT`
 ADD CONSTRAINT `PROJECT_ibfk_1` FOREIGN KEY (`course_id`) REFERENCES `COURSE`
(`course_id`) ON DELETE CASCADE;
-- Constraints for table `PROJECT_THREAD_OWNER`
ALTER TABLE `PROJECT_THREAD_OWNER`
 ADD CONSTRAINT `PROJECT_THREAD_OWNER_ibfk_3` FOREIGN KEY (`project_id`) REFERENCES
`PROJECT` (`project_id`) ON DELETE CASCADE,
 ADD CONSTRAINT `PROJECT_THREAD_OWNER_ibfk_2` FOREIGN KEY (`thread_id`) REFERENCES
`DISCUSSION_THREAD` (`thread_id`) ON DELETE CASCADE;
-- Constraints for table `TAKES_COURSE`
ALTER TABLE `TAKES_COURSE`
ADD CONSTRAINT `TAKES_COURSE_ibfk_4` FOREIGN KEY (`username`) REFERENCES `USER`
(`username`) ON DELETE CASCADE,
 ADD CONSTRAINT `TAKES_COURSE_ibfk_6` FOREIGN KEY (`course_id`) REFERENCES `COURSE`
(`course_id`) ON DELETE CASCADE;
-- Constraints for table `TASK`
ALTER TABLE `TASK`
 ADD CONSTRAINT `TASK_ibfk_1` FOREIGN KEY (`project_id`) REFERENCES `PROJECT`
(`project_id`) ON DELETE CASCADE;
-- Constraints for table `TASK_THREAD_OWNER`
ALTER TABLE `TASK_THREAD_OWNER` ADD CONSTRAINT `TASK_THREAD_OWNER_ibfk_4` FOREIGN KEY (`project_id`) REFERENCES
 TASK` (`project_id`) ON DELETE CASCADE,
ADD CONSTRAINT `TASK_THREAD_OWNER_ibfk_2` FOREIGN KEY (`thread_id`) REFERENCES
`DISCUSSION_THREAD` (`thread_id`) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  ADD CONSTRAINT `TASK_THREAD_OWNER_ibfk_3` FOREIGN KEY (`name`) REFERENCES `TASK`
(`name`) ON DELETE CASCADE;
--a
-- Constraints for table `WORKS_ON`
ALTER TABLE `WORKS_ON`
  ADD CONSTRAINT `WORKS_ON ibfk_4` FOREIGN KEY (`project_id`) REFERENCES `PROJECT`
(`project_id`) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  ADD CONSTRAINT `WORKS_ON_ibfk_3` FOREIGN KEY (`username`) REFERENCES `USER`
(`username`) ON DELETE CASCADE;
```

Figure 4. Use Case Diagram



Appendix B - Story Board Additional details about the feature and to whom it was assigned are written on the back of the card.

Figure 6. Our story board as of February 24, 2012

Single or a New season a gold to a toon. Person or in Africa mark Provision of the season of the s	Frank Patient Track Patient Information Encrypt patient Information Thermation	
	The sales is the a bad some of a doctor of the sales is the a bad some of a doctor of the sales in the sales	the chil is 1966 M
4 the that at take M	Musica can view inframents of the patrols that they are it is they of the patrols on other a large view of the patrols on other a large view, is a large view of the patrols of the patrol	View About a Water Contract
Singulation plant in a princh post. The princh post parties as a noting left, which by savery.	The most retain the policy infrared in The applicat The most retain the policy infrared in Theory of Louis Invited (clarif, specially theory, Surject (clarif, specially theory, Surject (clarif, specially theory, Surject (clarif, specially theory, so the state of th	of harmonia darpe were to word
		sister class that w