Table of contents

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Setup
- 3. Overview of dashboard component
 - 3.1. mge-dashboard
 - 3.2. mge-query
 - 3.3. mge-view
 - 3.4. mge-panel
 - 3.5. mge-history
- 4. Implementing visualization techniques (extending mge-view)
 - 4.1. mge-barchart
 - 4.2. mge-clustervis
 - 4.3. mge-glyph-matrix
 - 4.4. mge-iris
 - 4.5. mge-listing
 - 4.6. mge-nodelink

1. Introduction

Visualization techniques are useful to explore data by enabling the discovery of meaningful patterns and causal relationships. The discovery process is often exploratory and requires multiple views to support analyzing different or complementary perspectives to the data. In this context, analytic provenance shows great potential to understand users' reasoning process through the study of their interactions on multiple view systems.

In this project, we present an approach based on the concept of chained views to support the incremental exploration of large, multidimensional datasets. Our goal is to provide visual representation of provenance information to enable users to retrace their analytical actions and to discover alternative exploratory paths without loosing information on previous analyses.

Our implementation of the approach, MGExplorer (Multidimensional Graph Explorer), allows users to explore different perspectives to a dataset by modifying the input graph topology, choosing visualization techniques, arranging the visualization space in meaningful ways to the ongoing analysis and retracing their analytical actions. MGExplorer combines multiple visualization techniques and visual querying while representing provenance information as segments connecting views, which each supports selection operations that help define subsets of the current dataset to be explored by a different view

In new version MGExplore, it includes 6 main elements to construct this application. They are interrelated and work closely together to help the application work stably. Below will be a small summary for the 6 main ingredients mentioned in the photo above:

- Dashboard (mge-dashboard): This is where visual chart views (mge-view) are stored and managed. It manages the user actions that interact between the charts (ex. close views, show views, move the hidden connection...). And of course, the data will be stored and managed in this component. It is the intermediary that distributes the link between the windows and the connection that is hidden behind each window. In addition, the Dashboard is also a place to store the history of the user's data discovery process to update the history window (mge-history). Dashboard includes:
 - A list of views (mge-view)

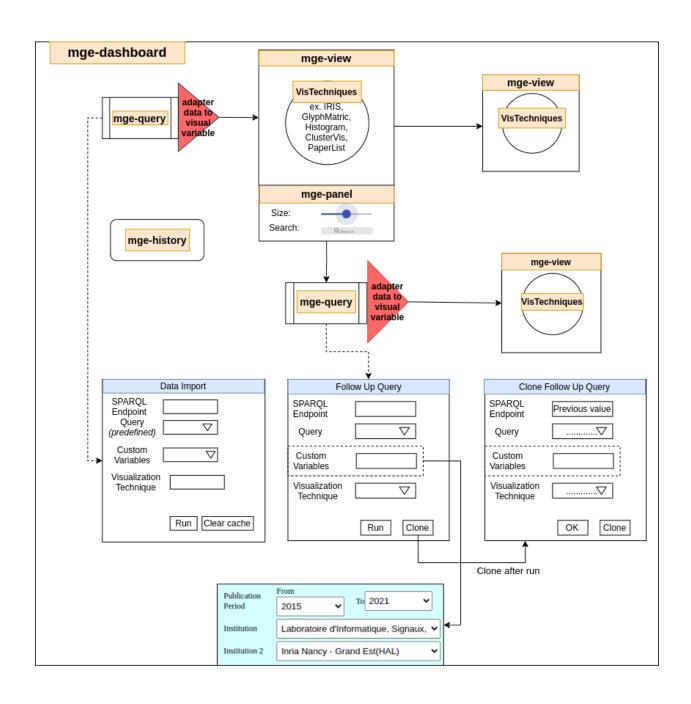


Figure 1: MGExplore application overview system

- 1 initial query window (mge-query, Data import)
- 1 history tree panel (mge-history)
- View (mge-view): This component represents a view window to show particular visualization technique (visTechniques). This component allows the user to move the view window, resize the view window, and create a new view from itself based on the user's mouse actions during the data discovery process.
 The position of the mge-view is inside the mge-dashboard and is managed by the dashboard. A view includes:
 - A header with title of the view
 - A content area contains the visualization chart
 - A Filter panel (mge-panel) (this component is optional that depends on the type of the visualization technique)
- Filter Panel (mge-panel): This component represents a panel allow users to adjust the parameter in particular visualization technique. The panel will select a pre-built template and render it as html inside the component based on the name of the visualization technique. With the panel, the user will change some properties of the visualization technique through the input data from the slider, input tag... The chart will update after the properties are changed. The location of the panel (mge-panel) is inside a view (mge-view)
- Follow-Up query (mge-query): This component helps the user through selecting the initial pre-defined query to invoke the query and visualize it through specific visualization techniques. The position of the mge-query will be inside the mge-view for the purpose of reusing the common functions of manipulating the window (moving, opening, closing, resizing, connecting to other windows via links and connections). There are 2 main inputs that need to be selected by the user: 1 endpoint and 1 query in the predefined query list of the selected endpoint. Depending on the intended use, it includes three types:
 - initial query: data import and will be used at the time of creating a dashboard)
 - follow-up query: Used when you want to query another pre-defined query in data discovery process)
 - clone query: Used for the purpose of copying all selected data of a submitted follow-up query)
- Visualization techniques (visTechniques): They represent visualization methods with different types of graphs to help users better understand the relationships in the data set they are interested in and exploring. Currently MGExplore has 6 defined visualization techniques and each visualization technique will have its own properties and methods. List of defined visualization techniques:
 - History bar chart (mge-barchart)
 - Clustervis chart (mge-clustervis)
 - Glyph matrix chart (mge-glyph-matrix)
 - Iris chart (mge-iris)
 - List of papers(mge-listing)
 - Node-edges chart (mge-nodelink)

2. Setup

Developed Dependencies

Name	Version
@stencil/store	1.4.1
@types/jest	26.0.21
@types/puppeteer	5.4.3
jest	26.6.3
jest-cli	26.6.3
rollup-plugin-node-polyfills	0.2.1

Dependencies and libraries

Name	Version
@stencil/core	2.5.2
@types/sweetalert	2.0.4
autocompleter	6.1.0
babel-plugin-transform-remove-strict-mode	0.0.2
cors	2.8.5
d3	6.0.0
d3-simple-slider	1.10.4
ejs	3.1.6
express	4.17.1
express-fileupload	1.2.1
jquery	3.6.0
jquery-ui	1.12.1
lodash	4.17.21
model-js	0.2.5
morgan	1.10.0
nodemon	2.0.12
patch-package	6.4.7
puppeteer	8.0.0
requirejs	2.3.6
sweetalert2	11.0.18
tippy.js	6.3.1
xmlhttprequest	1.8.0

To start building a new web component using Stencil, clone this repository to a new directory: git clone via ssh

```
git clone git@github.com:Wimmics/covid-19-linkedviz.git
Or
git clone via htmls
git clone https://github.com/Wimmics/covid-19-linkedviz.git
Go to the project
cd covid-19-linkedviz
Change branch
git checkout mge-refactoring
and run:
# Install dependencies and libraries
npm install
# Build application before run server side
npm run build
# Run application via Server side
npm run start:ssr
To build the component for production, run:
npm run build
```

To run the unit tests for the components, run:

npm test

3. Components

To make it easy for the reader to understand the documentation of components inside the MGExplorer application, we need a clear presentation structure. Therefore, the following is a summary of the structure that presents the components built in the project:

- **General**: A short introduction to the component so that users understand its role, function, and working and connecting principle.
- Properties: A list of properties inside each implemented component class
 - Property column: The name of the property inside the component's class.
 - Attribute column: The name of the attribute of the custom component html tag after being rendered from the component class
 - Description column: The short description of the property in component class
 - Type column: The type of the property in component class

import { Method } from '@stencil/core';

<div>{this.getData()}</div>

); } }

- Default column: The default value of the property in component class
- Methods: A list of methods defined inside each component class. It will include both public methods and private methods
 - Public methods: The @Method() decorator is used to expose methods on the public API. Functions decorated with the @Method() decorator can be called directly from the element, ie. they are intended to be callable from the outside! Stencil's architecture is async at all levels which allows for many performance benefits and ease of use. By ensuring publicly exposed methods using the @Methoddecorator return a promise Example:

```
export class TodoList {
    @Method()
    async showPrompt() {
        // show a prompt
    }
}
- Private methods: With private methods, It can not be callable from the outside of component class. No:
class Component {
    // Since `getData` is not a public method exposed with @Method
    // it does not need to be async
    getData() {
        return this.someData;
    }
    render() {
        return (
```

• Data model: This section is used to describe the data structure used for each visualization techniques. For each type of visualization technique, it will receive a different data format. Therefore, this section will help users better understand the data model being used.

3.1. Dashboard

3.1.1. mge-dashboard

General To create a dashboard element

<mge-dashboard init-component="mge-query" x="20" y="20" class="hydrated"> </mge-dashboard>

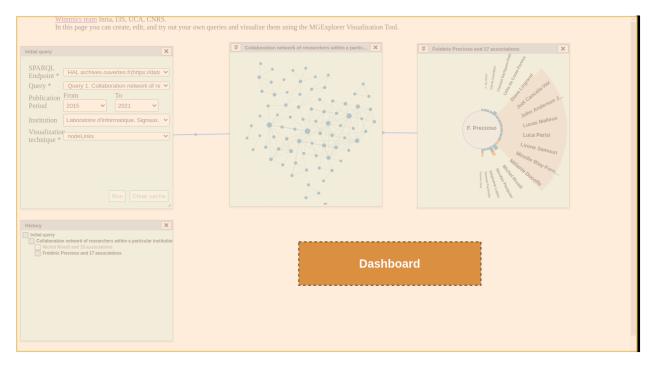


Figure 2: Dashboard position

Properties

Property	Attribute	Description	Type	Default
_dashboardA	re d ashboard-	a Assa of dashboard for interacting	any	undefined
_dragConect	_drag-conec	tDrag connection of views	any	undefined
_historyCha	r <u>t</u> history-ch	aStores the graph that contains history	any	null
$_$ init V ie w	_init-view	First view (initial query)	any	undefined
_treeCharts	_tree-chart	sStores the tree of connections between views	any	null
datasetName	dataset-nam	eThe dataset name being used	string	undefined
idTemplate	id-template		string	undefined
initCompone	ntinit-compon	enterpe of div to create in inital point	string	undefined
x	x	x-coordinate (The horizontal value in a pair of	number	undefined
		coordinates) of the dashboard		
У	У	y-coordinate (The vertical value in a pair of	number	undefined
		coordinates) of the dashboard		

Methods

Public Methods

async _addLink(viewParent: any, viewChild: any) => Promise<{ line: any; conect: any; visible: boolean; }>

Description This function is to create links from parent window and the children windown It includes connection and line links

Returns

Type: Promise<{ line: any; conect: any; visible: boolean; }>

• addChart(idParent: any, objChart: any) => Promise<void>

Description This function is to add a new view information to the dashboard (id, name, title, links, connection ...). After that, it will update the status of new view on the tree history. This function will be called after create a new view.

Returns

Type: Promise<void>

• closeView(view: any) => Promise<void>

Description

This function allow to hide the target view with CSS - display: none and update the status of this view in the history panel (mge-history). This function is used when minimize window by the close button in the top right of a window

Returns

Type: Promise<void>

• showView(view: any) => Promise<void>

Description This function allow to display the target view with CSS - display: block and update the status of this view in the history panel (mge-history). This function is used when click the connection in dashboard or in history panel with hidden view.

Returns

Type: Promise<void>

• getChart(idChart: any) => Promise<any>

Description

The dashboard will store all views inside itself. For good management, it provides the getChart method with the purpose of getting the data of a particular view through the id of that view.

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• refreshLinks() => Promise<void>

Description This function will refresh the status of the links and connection on the history component (mge-history). Updates of links and connections will be sent to the mge-history to display on the history window. This function is usually used after having any changes in status of views (mge-view)

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

Description This function will refresh the size of the svg includes all of links and connection when we move views.

refreshSvg() => Promise<void>

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

• resetDashboard() => Promise<void>

Description This function is to clear all of elements in dashboard It will be run when clicking re-run for new query in initial point

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

• setData(_: any) => Promise<void>

Description This function allows to store new dataset which got from mge-query to a global variable

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

• setParams(globalParams: any, locals: any) => Promise<void>

Description Get all of params from list pre-defined query to save in global variables. Global variable in this case is a set of public variables that all components in the application can use)

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

Private Methods

• addDashboard(_svg) => <void>

Description This function will init a history panel and first visualization technique component. The first visualization component is depended on your choice via attribute <code>init-component</code>. This function will be called after rendering all elements in <code><Host></Host></code> of <code>render()</code> function

Returns

Type: <void>

Data model

```
"type": "object",
    "required": [],
    "properties": {
        "type": "object",
        "required": [],
        "properties": {
            "qtNodos": {
                  "type": "number"
            },
            "qtArestas": {
                 "type": "number"
            }
        }
     }
     ,
     "nodes": {
```

```
"type": "object",
  "required": [],
  "properties": {
    "labelTitle": {
      "type": "array",
      "items": {
        "type": "string"
      }
    },
    "valueTitle": {
      "type": "array",
      "items": {
        "type": "string"
      }
    },
    "imageTitle": {
      "type": "string"
    },
    "dataNodes": {
      "type": "array",
      "items": {
        "type": "object",
        "required": [],
        "properties": {
          "id": {
            "type": "string"
          },
          "idBD": {
            "type": "string"
          },
          "labels": {
            "type": "array",
            "items": {
              "type": "string"
            }
          },
          "values": {
            "type": "array",
            "items": {
              "type": "number"
            }
          },
          "images": {
            "type": "string"
        }
     }
   }
  }
},
"edges": {
  "type": "object",
  "required": [],
  "properties": {
```

```
"labelTitle": {
  "type": "string"
},
"valueTitle": {
  "type": "array",
  "items": {
    "type": "string"
  }
},
"dataEdges": {
  "type": "array",
  "items": {
    "type": "object",
    "required": [],
    "properties": {
      "src": {
        "type": "string"
      },
      "tgt": {
       "type": "number"
      },
      "labels": {
        "type": "string"
      },
      "values": {
        "type": "array",
        "items": {
          "type": "number"
        }
      },
      "documents": {
        "type": "array",
        "items": {
          "type": "object",
          "required": [],
          "properties": {
            "type": {
              "type": "string"
            },
            "date": {
              "type": "string"
            },
            "title": {
              "type": "string"
            "authors": {
              "type": "array",
              "items": {
                "type": "string"
              }
            },
            "link": {
              "type": "string"
            }
```

```
}

}

}

}

}
```

3.2. mge-query

General Follow-up query is a query created on-the-fly during the exploratory process to connect new datasets through visualization techniques. Follow-up queries are visual components connecting views. They feature an endpoint, predefined query, custom variables, the user choice for the outcome visualization technique. In MGExplorer, follow-up queries become part of the visual exploration process.

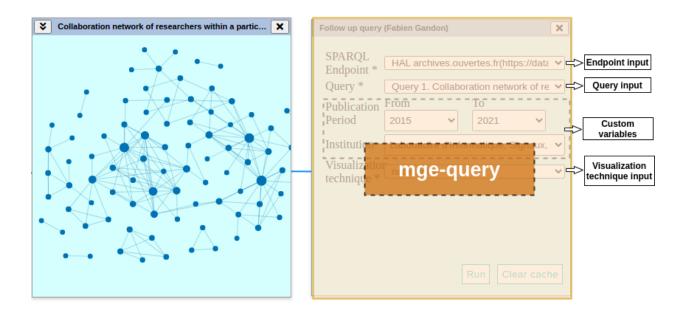


Figure 3: Follow-up query component

Requirements for create a follow-up query: - At least a visualization technique in display - An input value selected from a visualization technique - A predefined query (currently from LDViz)

This is an example to create a follow-up query element:

```
<mge-view x="20" y="20" dataset-name="data-0" type-vis="mge-query"
title="Initial query" id-view="chart-0" class="DS-viewArea hydrated">
</mge-view>
```

Properties

Property Attribute Description	Type	Default
_dashboarddashboardepresents the current dashboard	any	undefined

Property	Attribute	Description	Type	Default
_view	_view	represents the view includes this follow-up query	any	undefined
cloneSta	nŧus		<pre>{ isClone: boolean; isFirstTime: boolean; }</pre>	<pre>{isClone: false, isFirstTime: false}</pre>
data	_		any[]	[]
form	form		any	null
globalPa	a rgalmo bal-pa	aramsresents the panel associated with the graphic	any	null
height	height	<u> </u>	number	350
queriesI	_iquteries-1	list of predifined queries	any	null
query	query	represents the current selected query	any	undefined
width	width		number	350

Data model To create a mge-query, we need to provide a data model to this component. This data model will use to provide data of list pre-diefine query, available values of custom variables, available values of endpoint.

```
"type": "object",
"required": [],
"properties": {
 "laboratories": {
    "type": "array",
    "items": {
      "type": "object",
      "required": [],
      "properties": {
        "name": {
          "type": "string"
        },
        "source": {
          "type": "string"
   }
  "sparqlKeywords": {
    "type": "array",
    "items": {
      "type": "object",
      "required": [],
      "properties": {
        "name": {
          "type": "string"
        },
        "value": {
         "type": "string"
        }
```

```
},
"countries": {
  "type": "array",
  "items": {
    "type": "object",
    "required": [],
    "properties": {
      "value": {
        "type": "string"
      },
      "name": {
        "type": "string"
   }
  }
},
"query_types": {
  "type": "array",
  "items": {
    "type": "object",
    "required": [],
    "properties": {
      "name": {
        "type": "string"
      },
      "value": {
        "type": "number"
   }
  }
},
"endpoints": {
  "type": "array",
  "items": {
    "type": "object",
    "required": [],
    "properties": {
      "id": {
        "type": "string"
      },
      "name": {
        "type": "string"
      },
      "url": {
        "type": "string"
      }
    }
  }
},
"prefixes": {
  "type": "array",
  "items": {
    "type": "object",
    "required": [],
```

```
"properties": {
    "id": {
        "type": "string"
    },
    "name": {
        "type": "string"
    },
    "value": {
        "type": "string"
    }
    }
}
```

Methods

Public Methods

• cloneQuery() => Promise<void>

Description Clone function will be call to create a new clone component This function will be run after click clone button

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

• setBox(box: any) => Promise<void>

Description Set box size for the chart includes the content input is a object includes height and width

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

• setClone() => Promise<void>

Description Set type of follow-up query to clone follow-up query It will update value in cloneStatus of element

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

• setCloneData(query: any) => Promise<void>

Description With clone follow-up query, this function will be clone all of data from parent element variable isFirstTime of cloneStatus of this element will be changed to false after cloning data

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

• setData(_: any, oldData: any) => Promise<any[]>

Description This function is to set the data to the selected data from parent If no arguments, It will return the value of data

Returns

Type: Promise<any[]>

• setInitial() => Promise<void>

Description With initial query, this function will be set variable is Initial to true This way will help to distinguish the initial point or a follow-up query

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

Private Methods Initial functions

• initEndpointsList() => <void>

Description Import list input of endpoint field by Endpoints data from defined input params. This function will be called when create mge-query component and it is only called once

Returns

Type: <void>

• initLabList() => <void>

Description Import list input of laboratory fields by laboratories data from defined input params. This function will be called when create mge-query component and it is only called once

Returns

Type: <void>

• initCountryList() => <void>

Description Import list input of country field by countries data from defined input params. This function will be called when create mge-query component and it is only called once

Returns

Type: <void>

• initPeriodList() => <void>

Description Import list input of period field. This function will be called when create mge-query component and it is only called once

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

Eventlistener function

• changeEndpoint(event: any, value: any) => <void>

Description

Event function when change the endpoint from the endpoints list input After change endpoint, the list of predefined query will be update follow the selected endpoint

Returns

Type: Promise<void>

• changeQuery(event: any, value: any) => <void>

Description Event function when change the predefined query from the predefined query list input After changing query, the information regarding predefined query will be update on the form

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

• clearQueryCache(queryid: any) => <void>

Description Clear cache that stored from server. This function can be called after choosing 1 pre-defined query and click button clear cache

Returns

Type: <void>

• disableButton() => <void>

Description This function to disable 2 buttons - Run and Clone button - after get result from server

Returns

Type: <void>

• blockContent() => <void>

Description This function to disable all of input fields after clicking run button

Returns

Type: <void>

• displayQuery(query: any) => <void>

Description display the form with information regarding the selected query

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

• enableButton() => <void>

Description This function to enable 2 buttons - Run and Clone button

Returns

Type: <void>

Query function

• getFormData(form: any) => <{ query: any; name: any; uri: any; params: { type: any; prefixes: any; }; }>

Description Get data from the form after user chose option for endpoint, query and custom variable

Returns

```
Type: <{ query: any; name: any; uri: any; params: { type: any; prefixes: any; }; }>
```

• getQueryData(form: any) => <any>

Description This funtion return the data from the selected query

Returns

Type: <any>

• getResult(text: any, values: any, followupQuery: any) => <void>

Description Receives the result from the query and proceed to visualization

Returns

Type: <void>

• graphicDisplay(data: any, values: any, followupQuery: any) => <void>

Description Display a new visualization technique after get result from requested query After convert format of recieved data, it will create a new component include chart to represent new data New dataset will be stored to global variable

Returns

Type: <void>

• processQuery(form: any) => <void>

Description Process the request query with selected query. This function will validate the data of the form. The process includes complete SPARQL query path, send request to server and process result from server

Returns

Type: <void>

• tune(data: any) => <void>

Description Replace variables in SPARQL query with custom data from HTML form such as year, lab, country

Returns

Type: <void>

• sendRequest(values: any, followupQuery?: any) => <void>

Description This funtion will send the request to the server to get the result with SPARQL after tune custom variables.

Returns

Type: <void>

• updateFormMaxHeight() => <void>

Description Update max height of the form after selecting endpoint and predefined query

Returns

Type: <void>

• updateQueryOptions() => <void>

Description update query options (lab, country, etc) according to the query type

Returns

Type: <void>

• isURI(str: any) => <boolean>

Description Check the format of url from selected endpoint. This function will use REGEX of standard URI to check the format of selected endpoint url.

Returns

Type: <boolean>

CSS Custom Properties

Name	Description
font-size	Size of text in this component. 14px is the default.

3.3. mge-panel

General This is an example to create a filter panel element:

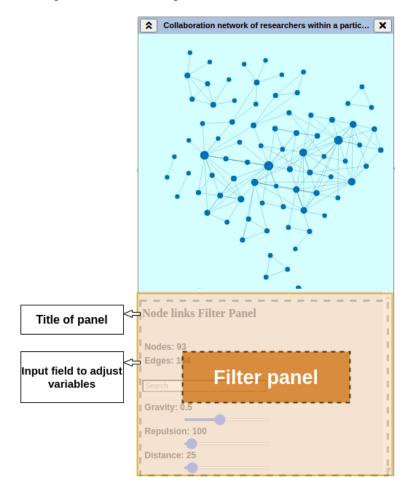


Figure 4: Filter panel component

To create a filter panel element

<mge-panel id="chart-1-p" type-vis="mge-nodelink" id-view="chart-1" class="hydrated" style="display: bl
</mge-panel>

Properties

Property	Attribute	Description	TypeDefault
_chart	_chart	Represents the visualization technique which have same view with this filter panel	any undefin
_filter	_filter	Represents the div includes cloned html from template	any undefin
$_{ t idPanel}$	_id-panel	ID of the panel that generated from id of view	any undefin
_searchAu	tocome pirethe au	to Temple tech input (of mge-nodelinks)	any null

Property	Attribute	Description	TypeDefault
_selectOrd	derselect-or	deRepresents the select input for order of Iris(mge-iris) filter panel and histogram(mge-barchart) filter panel	any null
_sliderCha	argelider-ch	arghider to adjust linkDistance (of mge-nodelinks)	any null
_sliderGra	avi ts lider-gr	av <i>Stiy</i> ler to adjust Gravity	any null
_sliderLin	nkD isatiahecre li	nkSdiikstamcædjust linkDistance (of mge-nodelinks)	any null
_spanCharg	ge_span-char	geDisplay positive value of charge attribute (of	any null
		mge-nodelinks)	
_spanEdges	s _span-edge	s Text span to show number of edges (of mge-nodelinks)	any null
_spanGravi	it <u>y</u> span-grav	it pisplay the value of the attribute gravity (of	any null
		mge-nodelinks)	
$_{ t spanLinkI}$	Dis tspoacce link	-dDisphage the value of the linkDistance attribute (of	any null
		mge-nodelinks)	
_spanNodes	s _span-node	s Text span to show number of nodes (of mge-nodelinks)	any null
filterTemp	pl atid ter-tem	placepresents the selection of the pre-defined template based on	any undefined
		class name of template	
idView	id-view	id of view includes the panel	any undefine
typeVis	type-vis	type of visualization technique that is displayed in the same view as the filter panel	any undefined

Methods

Public Methods

• updateNodePanel() => Promise<void>

Description This function allows to update all of input value in node-edges filter panel from displaying visualization technique

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

• setChart(_: any) => Promise<void>

Description This function allows to set the chart by displaying visualization technique. With this function, users can call all public methods from added chart.

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

Private Methods Iris panel and histogram panel - _addItemsSelectOrder() => <void>

Description

This function allows to set the chart by displaying visualization technique. With this function, users

Returns

Type: `<void>`

Node-edges panel

• _addSliderGravity(idDivPanel: any) => <void>

Description This function will add a slider input to the panel. This slider is used to adjust the gravity value of node-edges chart.

Returns

Type: <void>

• _addSliderCharge(idDivPanel: any) => <void>

Description This function will add a slider input to the panel. This slider is used to adjust the charge value of node-edges chart.

Returns

Type: <void>

• _addSliderLinkDistance(idDivPanel: any) => <void>

Description This function will add a slider input to the panel. This slider is used to adjust the distance value of links in node-edges chart.

Returns

Type: <void>

• _addAutocomplete(idDivPanel: any) => <void>

Description This function will add a text input to the panel. This slider is used to search node data in node-edges chart.

Returns

Type: <void>

• upStatistics() => <void>

Description This function will update value for 2 tags for displaying number of nodes and edges of mge-nodelinks.

Returns

Type: <void>

• upSliderGravity() => <void>

Description This function will update chart with value from gravity slider when it's updated.

Returns

Type: <void>

• upSliderCharge() => <void>

Description This function will update chart with value from charge slider when it's updated.

Returns

Type: <void>

• upSliderLinkDistance() => <void>

Description This function will update chart with value from link distance slider when it's updated.

Returns

Type: <void>

• atualizaAutocomplete() => <void>

Description This function will set auto complete text in search input.

Returns

Type: <void>

• createFilter() => <void>

Description This function will add all functions to filter panel bases on the type of visualization technique.

Returns

Type: <void>

3.4. mge-view

General Each view is a self-contained element, which includes a visualization technique and supports subsetting operations to allow further exploration of subsets of data through different views. The views can be dragged, allowing the user to rearrange the visualization space in meaningful ways to the ongoing analysis. They are connected via line segments, which reveal their dependencies and enable tracing back the exploration path, thus preserving provenance information.

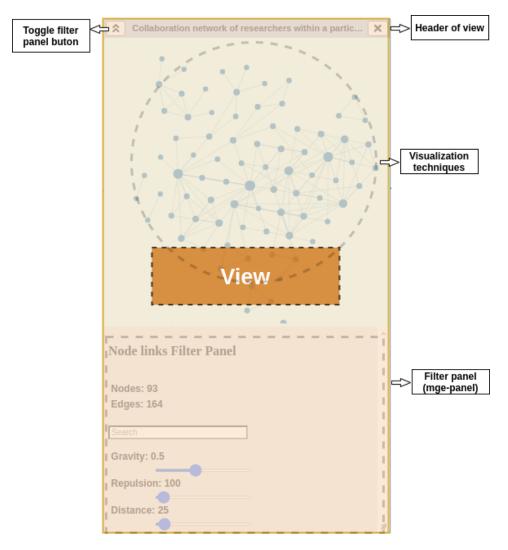


Figure 5: View component

This is an example to create a view element:

<mge-view x="50" y="50" data="data-1" type-vis="mge-nodelink" id-view="chart-1" class="DS-viewArea hydr title="Collaboration network of researchers within a particular institution (HAL)">

</mge-view>

Properties

Property	Attribute	Description	Type	Default
_barTitle	eH <u>e</u> biaghttitl	e-Rielighar height	number	15
_center	_	View center point	{ cx: number;	{ cx: 0,
			<pre>cy: number; }</pre>	cy: 0 }
_chart	_chart	Chart associated with view	any	${\tt undefined}$
_content	_content	Div that represents the content includes chart of a view	any	undefined
_dimView	_	View dimensions	{ width:	{ width:
			<pre>number; height: number; }</pre>	10, height: 10 }
_filter	_filter	Div that represents the filter panel of a view	any	undefined
_position	n-	View current position	<pre>{ x: number; y: number; }</pre>	{ x: 0, y: 0}
_top	_top	Div that represents the header part of a view	any	undefined
datasetNa	amdataset-n	affiche dataset name being used	string	"[]"
height	height	represents the height of the view displayed by the window	number	400
idDash	id-dash		string	undefined
idView	id-view	represents ID of the view	string	undefined
title	title	The title of the view	string	"[]"
typeVis	type-vis	represents type of visualization technique displayed via content of the view	string	undefined
viewDiv	view-div	Div that represents the view included	any	undefined
width	width	represents the width of the view displayed by the window	number	400
х	х	x-coordinate (The horizontal value in a pair of coordinates) of view's position	number	0
У	У	y-coordinate (The vertical value in a pair of coordinates) of view's position	number	0

Methods

Public methods

• _refreshBarTitle() => Promise<void>

Description Refresh bar title width when we resize the windown

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

• _showChart(node: any, parentId: any, typeChart: any, isFromEdge?: boolean, secondNode?: any, isFromCluster?: boolean, isFromHC?: boolean, newQuery?: any) => Promise<any>

Description This function allows to create a new view from current view. After create a new view , it will be added to the dashboard with a generated title

Returns

Type: Promise < any >

• generateTitle(node: any, data: any, _typeChart: any, parentId: any, isFromEdge: boolean, secondNode: any, isFromCluster: boolean, isFromHC: boolean) => Promise<any>

Description This funtion is to generate the title of the view window it depends on the type chart to generate

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• getCenter() => Promise<{ cx: number; cy: number; }>

Description Get current center position of the view

Returns

Type: Promise<{ cx: number; cy: number; }>

• getChart() => Promise<any>

Description

Get the selection of the visualization technique element which containing in this view

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• getPosition() => Promise<{ x: number; y: number; }>

Description Get current position of the view

Returns

Type: Promise<{ x: number; y: number; }>

• idChart() => Promise<string>

Description Get ID of the view

Returns

Type: Promise<string>

• refresh() => Promise<void>

Description this function allows to Refresh position of the view

Returns

Type: Promise<void>

• setCenter(x: any, y: any) => Promise<void>

Description Set new center point for the view Inputs are coordinates (x and y) of new center position

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

• setPosition(x: any, y: any) => Promise<void>

Description Set new position for the view Inputs are coordinates: x and y

Returns

Type: Promise<void>

• setTitle(_: any) => Promise<void>

Description This function allows to set new title for the view

Returns

Type: Promise<void>

• setVisible(status: any) => Promise<void>

Description Set visible for all contents in view if input status is true, the content wil be visible if input status is false, the content will be hidden

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

Private methods Initial functions

• setResizable() => <void>

Description This function allows to set resizable to the view. The view can be resized vertically and horizontally with the mouse. It consists of defining 3 functions at three event times (initialization, execution and stopping).

Returns

Type: <void>

• _initAction() => <void>

Description This function allows to set resizable to the view. The view can be resized vertically and horizontally with the mouse. It consists of defining 3 functions at three event times (initialization, execution and stopping).

Returns

Type: <void>

• buildChart(div:any) => Promise<void>

Description This function allows to create all content in the view. In this function, it will call 3 another functions to create a header content bar, a particular visualization tecnique and a filter panel (mge-panel).

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

• addTopContent() => Promise<void>

Description This function allows to create a header bar.

Returns

Type: <void>

• addFilterContent(div:any) => Promise<void>

Description This function allows to create a filter panel. It will create a mge-panel and add it to the view to manage it.

Returns

Type: <void>

• addChartContent(div:any) => <void>

Description This function allows to create a particular visualization technique. After that, it will be added to the view to manage. **Returns**

Type: <void>

Eventlistener functions

• _onContextMenu(event:event) => <void>

Description This function allows to create a context menu. This function will be called when click right mouse. A list of visualization techniques will be shown after clicking. The content inside this list will depend on the element you right click on **Returns**

Type: <void>

• _dblClickAction(event:event) => <void>

Description This function is call when user double click on some particular elements Returns

Type: <void>

• _onMouseOverContent(event:event, d:any) => <void>

Description This function is call when user move mouse over some particular elements. The tooltip will appear. **Returns**

Type: <void>

• _onMouseOutContent(event:event, d:any) => <void>

Description This function is call when user move mouse out some particular elements. The tooltip will disappear. **Returns**

Type: <void>

• _findParentDiv(clickedElem:any) => <selection>

Description This function allow to find a parent hydrated div of clicked element. **Returns**

Type: <selection>

3.5. mge-history

General History panel displays the exploration path in a hierarchical format to indicate the dependencies between views and supports quick recovery of the multiple analytical paths that emerge from a particular view

To create a history panel element

```
<mge-history id="chart-history" class="hydrated" height="250" width="350">
</mge-history>
```

Properties

Property	Attribute	Description	Type	Default
_dashboard	_dashboard	The parent dashboard	any	undefined
_grpHistory	_grp-history	Group representing history tree	any	null
_grpNodes	_grp-nodes	Group representing nodes in the tree	any	null
_leftText	_left-text	Distance from the text to the left	number	18
		coordinate of the node		
nodeMargin	node-margin	Margin css of the node	number	1

Property	Attribute	Description	Type	Default
_nodoHeight	_nodo-height	Space height for each node without the margins	number	14
_rectHeight	_rect-height	The height symbol	number	thisnodoHeight - thisnodeMargin*2
_treeLayout	_tree-layout	The tree layout to stored tree data	any	<pre>tree().size([0, thisnodoHeight])</pre>
_vNodes	_	Vector with objects of all nodes	any[]	
height	height	represents the height of the history panel	number	250
historyTreel	P anist ory-tree	-Rame desents the panel associated with the graphic	any	null
width	width	represents the width of the history panel	number	350

Methods

Public methods

• addHistoryTreeChart(idDiv: any, divTag: any) => Promise<void>

Description The initial function to create all of elements in the history treechart In this function, it will set Geometric attributes of the graph create actions on graph and manage all of the interaction on the graph

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

• setBox(_: any) => Promise<any>

Description Set box size for the chart includes the content input is a object includes height and width If no arguments, It will return the value of box

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• setData(_: any) => Promise<any>

Description This function is to set the data to the chart If no arguments, It will return the value of data The data model will be display bellow section

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• setTree(newTree: any) => Promise<void>

Description This function is to set the data to the tree history data

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

Private methods

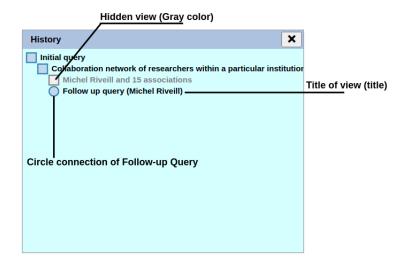


Figure 6: History panel component

Data model

```
"type": "object",
"required": [],
"properties": {
 "id": {
    "type": "string",
    "description": "Unique destination of views in the dashboard"
 },
 "title": {
    "type": "string",
    "description": "Text title of views in the dashboard"
 },
  "hidden": {
   "type": "string",
    "description": "To show whether the visibility of the view is hidden or visible"
 },
  "x": {
    "type": "number",
   "description": "To show horizontal coordinate of position of the view"
 },
  "y": {
    "type": "number",
    "description": "To show vertical coordinate of position of the view"
 },
  "view": {
   "type": "object",
   "required": [],
    "description": "To store instance of the view component"
   }
 },
```

```
"parentNode": {
  "type": "Node ",
  "description": "Node instance containing the current view"
},
"isLeaf": {
  "type": "string",
  "description": "return true if the view is leaf and return false if it's not a leaf"
},
"link": {
  "type": "string",
  "description": "To show all links and connections of this view to another views"
},
"children": {
  "type": "array",
  "items": {
    "type": "object",
    "required": [],
    "properties": {
      "id": {
          "type": "string",
          "description": "Unique destination of children view"
        },
        "title": {
          "type": "string",
          "description": "Text title of children view"
        },
        "hidden": {
          "type": "string",
          "description": "To show whether the visibility of the children view is hidden or visible"
        },
        "x": {
          "type": "number",
          "description": "To show horizontal coordinate of position of the children view"
        },
        "y": {
          "type": "number",
          "description": "To show vertical coordinate of position of the children view"
        },
        "view": {
          "type": "object",
          "required": [],
          "description": "To store instance of the children view component"
          }
        },
        "parentNode": {
          "type": "Node ",
          "description": "Node instance containing the children view"
        "isLeaf": {
          "type": "string",
```

```
"description": "return true if the children view is leaf and return false if it's not a l
            },
          "link": {
            "type": "object",
            "required": [],
            "properties": {
              "line": {
                "type": "object",
                "required": [],
              },
              "conect": {
                "type": "object",
                "required": [],
              },
              "visible": {
                "type": "boolean",
                "description": "return true if the view is visible and return false if it's hidden"
            }
          }
       }
     }
    }
 }
}
```

4. Implementing visualization techniques (extending mge-view)

General Visualization techniques are useful to explore data by enabling the discovery of meaningful patterns and causal relationships. The discovery process is often exploratory and requires multiple views to support analyzing different or complementary perspectives to the data.

In MGExplore, we have 6 pre-defined visualization technique to explore data:

```
- History bar chart (`mge-barchart`)
- Clustervis chart (`mge-clustervis`)
- Glyph matrix chart (`mge-glyph-matrix`)
- Iris chart (`mge-iris`)
- List of papers(`mge-listing`)
- Node-edges chart (`mge-nodelink`)
```

Every visualization technique components will have a set of common methods. This is a list of common methods:

Common methods

• setBox(_: any) => Promise<any>

Description Set box size for the chart includes the content input is a object includes height and width If no arguments, It will return the value of box

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• setData(_: any) => Promise<any>

Description This function is to set the data to the chart If no arguments, It will return the value of data The data model will be display bellow section

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• setPanel(_: any) => Promise<any>

Description This function is required in all techniques It is called internally to add connection between chart and filter panel If no arguments, It will return the filter panel which has same view with chart.

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

4.1. mge-barchart

General The Bar Chart technique shows the distribution of data attributes' value for an item or set of items. In our case study, the x-axis encodes temporal information, while the y-axis encodes the counting of co-publications. The data is displayed as a single bar per time period or multiple colored bars to represent categorical information of attributes

To create a histogram bar chart element

```
<mge-barchart dataset-name="data-1" id="chart-3" class="hydrated">
</mge-barchart>
```

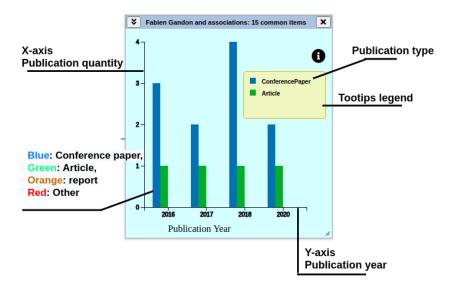


Figure 7: Histogram chart component

Properties

Property	Attribute	Description	Type	Default
_cfgIndexA	ttrcfg-index-	atContains the indexes of the attributes that can be	any	undefined
		configured in the graph		
_colorsBar	s _colors-bar	s colors for the different attributes	any	undefined
$_{ t documentT}$	'ype d ocument-t	ypkseps data on the different types of documents	any	undefined
		(attributes)		
_grpHistog	ramgrp-histog	rateroup representing Histogram	any	undefined
_histogram	Da <u>t</u> h istogram-	dakeeps the count of documents per year and type	any	undefined
_innerRadi	us_inner-radi	us(calculated) radius of the circle where the centroid is	any	undefined
		inserted		

Property	Attribute	Description	Type	Default
		represents the panel associated with the graph	any	undefined
${\tt _maxHeightB}$	armax-height-	backleulated) distance occupied by the bars	any	undefined
_nbOfTypesD	any	undefined		
_outerRadiu	s_outer-radiu	s(calculated) Outernal circle radius where the graph is	any	undefined
		drawn		
_vOrder	_v-order	Indirect ordering vector	any	undefined
${\tt datasetName}$	dataset-name	The dataset name being used	string	; "[]"
height	height	represents the height of the Histogram chart	number	350
width	width	represents the width of the Histogram chart	number	350

Data model

```
"type": "object",
"required": [],
"properties": {
  "root": {
    "type": "object",
    "required": [],
    "properties": {
      "labelTitle": {
        "type": "array",
        "items": {
          "type": "string"
        }
      },
      "valueTitle": {
        "type": "array",
        "items": {
          "type": "string"
        }
      },
      "imageTitle": {
        "type": "string"
      },
      "data": {
        "type": "object",
        "required": [],
        "properties": {
          "id": {
            "type": "number"
          },
          "idOrig": {
            "type": "number"
          },
          "labels": {
            "type": "array",
"items": {
              "type": "string"
            }
          },
          "values": {
```

```
"type": "array",
          "items": {
            "type": "number"
          }
        },
        "images": {
          "type": "string"
        "documents": {
          "type": "array",
          "items": {
            "type": "object",
            "required": [],
            "properties": {
              "type": {
                "type": "object",
                "required": [],
                "properties": {
                  "label": {
                    "type": "string"
                  },
                  "index": {
                    "type": "string"
                }
              },
              "title": {
                "type": "string"
              },
              "link": {
                "type": "string"
              },
              "date": {
                "type": "string"
              },
              "authors": {
                "type": "array",
                "items": {
                  "type": "number"
              }
      }
     }
   }
  }
},
"children": {
  "type": "object",
  "required": [],
  "properties": {
    "labelTitle": {
      "type": "array",
```

```
"items": {
      "type": "string"
    }
  },
  "valueTitle": {
    "type": "array",
    "items": {
      "type": "string"
    }
  },
  "imageTitle": {
    "type": "string"
  },
  "cluster": {
    "type": "string"
  },
  "data": {
    "type": "array",
    "items": {
      "type": "object",
      "required": [],
      "properties": {
        "id": {
          "type": "number"
        },
        "idOrig": {
         "type": "number"
        },
        "labels": {
          "type": "array",
          "items": {
            "type": "string"
          }
        },
        "values": {
          "type": "array",
          "items": {
            "type": "number"
          }
        "images": {
          "type": "string"
      }
    }
  },
  "others": {
    "type": "array",
    "items": {
      "type": "string"
    }
 }
}
```

}

```
\
\
```

Methods

Public Methods

• _closeToolTip() => Promise<void>

Description

Returns

Type: Promise<void>

• _openToolTip() => Promise<void>

Description

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

• acSortExecAttribute() => Promise<void>

Description

Returns

Type: Promise<void>

• acSortExecText() => Promise<void>

Description

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

• dataVisToNode(index: any) => Promise<any>

Description This function will return the children data from children list in data model. The iput is index of children data.

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• getSourceObject() => Promise<any>

Description This function will return the root object data

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• getVOrder() => Promise<any>

Description This function will return the indirect ordering vector

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• setConfigCentroid(titulo: any, tituloGrau: any, textoBarra: any) => Promise<void>
 Description Configure the data that will be printed in the centroid and the text of the bar (Label only)

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

• setIndexAttrBar(_: any) => Promise<any>

Description This function will set value of index of the attribute that will be plotted in the toolbar

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• setpInnerRadius(_: any) => Promise<any>

Description Set value of Percentage relative to graph width for _innerRadius calculation If no arguments, It will return the value of pInnerRadius

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• setpMaxHeightBar(_: any) => Promise<any>

Description This function will set maximum value for height of bars

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• setpOuterRadius(_: any) => Promise<any>

 $\textbf{Description} \ \, \textbf{Set} \ \, \textbf{value} \ \, \textbf{of} \ \, \textbf{Percentage} \ \, \textbf{relative} \ \, \textbf{to} \ \, \textbf{graph} \ \, \textbf{width} \ \, \textbf{for} \ \, \textbf{_OuterRadius} \ \, \textbf{calculation} \ \, \textbf{If} \ \, \textbf{no} \ \, \textbf{arguments}, \ \, \textbf{It} \ \, \textbf{will} \ \, \textbf{return} \ \, \textbf{the} \ \, \textbf{value} \ \, \textbf{of} \ \, \textbf{pOuterRadius}$

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

Private methods

• addHistogramChart(idDiv: any, divTag: any) => <void>

Description The initial function to create all of elements in the histogram chart In this function, it will set Geometric attributes of the graph create actions on graph and manage all of the interaction on the graph

Returns

Type: <void>

4.2. mge-clustervis

General The ClusterVis technique depicts clusters according to some relationship among data items. It has a multi-ring layout, where the innermost ring is formed by the data items (represented by circles), and the remaining rings display the data

To create a clusterVis chart element

```
<mge-clustervis dataset-name="data-1" id="chart-4" class="hydrated" height="350" width="350">
</mge-clustervis>
```

Properties

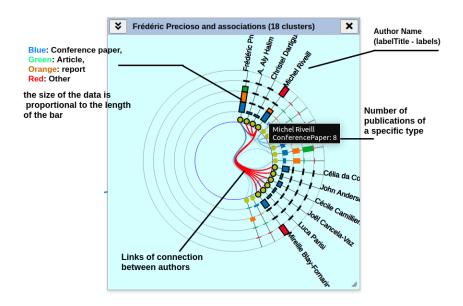


Figure 8: ClusterVis chart component

Property	Attribute	Description	Type	Default
_clusterVisPanedluster-vis-panedpresents the panel associated with the				null
		graphic		
_drawLine	_draw-line	Generator of splines that makes up the edges	any	undefine
_grpBars	_grp-bars	Selection that contains all groups that store the bars	any	null
_grpCluster	_grp-cluster	Group representing ClusterVis	any	null
_grpLinks	_grp-links	Selection that contains all groups that store the links	any	null
_grpRings	_grp-rings	Selection that contains all groups that store the rings	any	null
_innerRadius	_inner-radius	(calculated) Internal circle radius where the graph is drawn	number	0
_links	_links	Selection that contains the links	any	null
_outerRadius	_outer-radius	(calculated) Outernal circle radius where the graph is drawn	number	0
_sameScale	_same-scale	Indicates that the same scale should be used for all bars	boolean	false
_xClusterCenterx-cluster-centercoordinate x of the center of the cluster			number	0
		tecoordinate y of the center of the cluster	number	0
datasetName	dataset-name	The dataset name being used	string	"[]"
height	height	represents the height of the Cluster chart	number	350
width	width	represents the width of the Cluster chart	number	350

Data model

```
"type": "object",

"required": [],

"properties": {

    "type": "object",

    "required": [],

    "properties": {

        "labelTitle": {

        "type": "array",

        "items": {

        "type": "string"
```

```
"required": [],
        "properties": {
          "id": {
            "type": "string"
          },
          "idBD": {
            "type": "string"
          "labels": {
            "type": "array",
            "items": {
              "type": "string"
          },
          "values": {
            "type": "array",
            "items": {
              "type": "number"
            }
          },
          "images": {
           "type": "string"
          },
          "idOrig": {
            "type": "string"
          },
          "idCluster": {
            "type": "number"
          "qtNodes": {
            "type": "number"
          },
          "visible": {
            "type": "boolean"
          },
          "cluster": {
            "type": "array"
          }
        }
      }
   },
  }
},
"edges": {
  "type": "object",
  "required": [],
  "properties": {
    "labelTitle": {
      "type": "string"
   },
    "valueTitle": {
      "type": "array",
      "items": {
        "type": "string"
```

```
}
        },
        "dataEdges": {
          "type": "array",
          "items": {
            "type": "object",
            "required": [],
            "properties": {
              "src": {
                "type": "string"
              "tgt": {
                 "type": "number"
              "labels": {
                 "type": "string"
              },
              "values": {
                 "type": "array",
                 "items": {
                   "type": "number"
              },
            }
          }
        },
      }
    },
}
```

Methods

Public methods

```
acAlteraAnel(indexAnel: any, indexAttr: any) => Promise<void> Returns
Type: Promise<void>
acSameScale(checked: any) => Promise<void> Returns
Type: Promise<void>
acSortExec(_: any) => Promise<void> Returns
Type: Promise<void>
addAttribute(_indexAttr: any, _typeAttr: any) => Promise<void> Returns
Type: Promise<void>
```

addClusterChart(idDiv: any, divTag: any) => Promise<void> The initial function to create all of elements in the cluster chart In this function, it will set Geometric attributes of the graph create actions on graph and manage all of the interaction on the graph

Returns

```
Type: Promise<void>
alteraAttribute(_indexAnel: any, _indexAttr: any, _typeAttr: any) => Promise<void> Re-
turns
Type: Promise<void>
obtemRings() => Promise<any[]> Returns
Type: Promise<any[]>
removeAnelExterno() => Promise<void> Returns
Type: Promise<void>
setIndexAttrSort(_: any) => Promise<number> Returns
Type: Promise<number>
setpInnerRadius(_: any) => Promise<any> Set value of Percentage relative to graph width for
_innerRadius calculation If no arguments, It will return the value of pInnerRadius
Returns
Type: Promise<any>
setpOuterRadius(_: any) => Promise<any> Set value of Percentage relative to graph width for
_OuterRadius calculation If no arguments, It will return the value of pOuterRadius
Returns
Type: Promise<any>
Private methods
_angleToWidth(angle: any, radius: any) => Promise<number> Calculates the sector width from the
angle and a radius E: width, radius S: angle in degrees
Returns
Type: Promise<number>
_calcCoordinates(dataNodes: any) => Promise<void> Calculates the coordinates of the leaf nodes
Returns
Type: Promise<void>
_calcGeometry(data: any) => Promise<void> Calculates all geometric parameters for ClusterVis display
Returns
Type: Promise<void>
_getEdges(dados: any, nodes: any) => Promise<any[]> Generates a vector with the list of edges in
the format: [ {source:Object, target: Object},...]
Returns
Type: Promise<any[]>
```

```
_getTree(heightTree: any, dados: any, degree: any, v0rder: any) => Promise<any> Generates a tree in the format \{ id:..., chidren[] \}
```

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

_updateMaxRings() => Promise<void> Returns

Type: Promise < void>

_widthToAngle(width: any, radius: any) => Promise<number> Calculates the angle of the occupied sector by a width E: width, radius S: angle in degrees

Returns

Type: Promise<number>

4.3. mge-glyph-matrix

General The GlyphMatrix technique is based on a matrix where rows and columns represent data items in a cluster, and the cells contain glyphs encoding attributes that describe a pairwise relationship. The default glyph is a star-plot-like shape, with a variable number of axes used to encode values of selected data attributes. By pointing a glyph in the matrix, it is possible.

To create a Glyph matrix chart element

<mge-glyph-matrix dataset-name="data-1" id="chart-5" class="hydrated" height="350" width="350">
</mge-glyph-matrix>

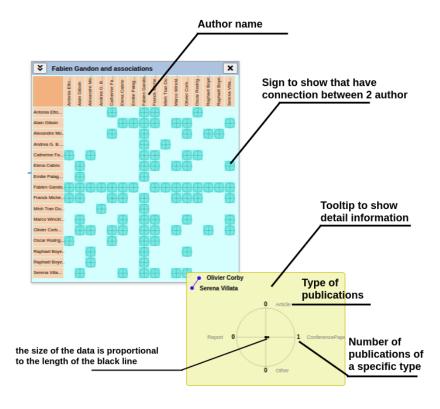


Figure 9: Glyph matrix chart component

Properties

Property	Attribute	Description	Type	Default
_cellCoordSc	a <u>l</u> eell-coord-s	cSdæle is used to determine the coordinates of	any	scaleBand()
		cells and legend elements		
${\tt _cellGlyph}$	_cell-glyph	keeps data on the different types of documents	any	NumericGlyph(0)
		(attributes)		
_dragListene	any	null		
_dragListene	rMdrag-listene	r Linstener of Matrix	any	null
_grpBarsLL	_grp-bars-l-l	Select with all groups from left side legend bar	any	null
_grpBarsTL	_grp-bars-t-l	Select with all groups from top side legend bar	any	null
_grpLeftLege	ndgrp-left-leg	eselect with left side legend bar	any	null
_grpLines	_grp-lines	Contains lines with cells in each line	any	null
_grpMatrix	_grp-matrix	Select with matrix chart	any	null
_grpMatrixGl	.y pg rp-matrix-g	clyphps data on the different types of documents	any	null
		(attributes)		
_grpOverview	_grp-overview	The group represents the matrix overview	any	null
_grpTopLeger	d_grp-top-lege	natelect with top side legend bar	any	null
_idClipLeft	_id-clip-left	Left legend clipping area id	any	undefined
_idClipMatri	x_id-clip-matr	i x Matrix clipping area id	any	undefined
_idClipTop	_id-clip-top	Top legend clipping area id	any	undefined
_indexAttrLe	g <u>e</u> nddex-attr-l	egemedindex of the attribute will be printed in the	number	0
		legend (node)		
_indexAttrSc	number	0		
_matrixGlyphPamatrix-glyph-6anep represents the entire chart				null
_matrixHeigh	t_matrix-heigh	tMatrix area height (calculated)	number	0
_matrixWidth	_matrix-width	Matrix area width (calculated)	number	0
_overviewSca	l <u>e</u> overview-sca	18 cale is used to set the coordinates of the	any	<pre>scaleLinear()</pre>
		overview cursor		
_v0rder	_v-order	Indirect ordering vector	any	null
${\tt datasetName}$	dataset-name	The dataset name being used	string	"[]"
height	height	represents the height of the matrix chart	number	350
width	width	represents the width of the matrix chart	number	350

Data model

```
"type": "string"
      }
    },
    "imageTitle": {
      "type": "string"
    },
    "dataNodes": {
      "type": "array",
      "items": {
        "type": "object",
        "required": [],
        "properties": {
          "id": {
            "type": "string"
          "idOrig": {
            "type": "number"
          },
          "labels": {
            "type": "array",
            "items": {
              "type": "string"
            }
          },
          "values": {
            "type": "array",
            "items": {
              "type": "number"
            }
          },
          "images": {
            "type": "string"
        }
     }
   }
 }
},
"edges": {
  "type": "array",
  "items": {
    "type": "string"
  }
},
"matrix": {
  "type": "array",
  "items": {
    "type": "array",
    "items": {
      "type": "object",
      "required": [],
      "properties": {
        "x": {
          "type": "number"
```

```
"y": {
              "type": "string"
            "exist": {
              "type": "boolean"
            },
            "labels": {
              "type": "string"
            },
            "values": {
              "type": "array",
               "items": {
                "type": "number"
            }
         }
       }
     }
   }
 }
}
Methods
_adjustLengthText(stText: any, limit: any) => Promise<any> Adjusts the size of the text that will
be printed in the centroid title
Returns
Type: Promise<any>
_calcHeightCell() => Promise<any> Calculate cell height/width. So is the comment bar
Returns
Type: Promise<any>
_calcVisibleLines() => Promise<void> Determines limits for visible lines
Returns
Type: Promise<void>
_limCoord(coord: any) => Promise<any> Limit the coordinate value
Returns
Type: Promise<any>
_onMouseEnterNode(event: any, d: any) => Promise<void> Returns
Type: Promise<void>
_onMouseLeaveNode(event: any, d: any) => Promise<void> Returns
Type: Promise<void>
```

```
acChangeAttrLegend(_: any) => Promise<void> Returns
Type: Promise<void>
acChangeVisibleLines(qtLines: any) => Promise<void> Returns
Type: Promise<void>
acSortExec( : any) => Promise<void> Returns
Type: Promise<void>
addMatrixGlyph(idDiv: any, divTag: any) => Promise < void> The initial function to create all of ele-
ments in the Matrix Glyph chart In this function, it will set Geometric attributes of the graph create actions
on graph and manage all of the interaction on the graph
Returns
Type: Promise < void>
cellColorsMap(colors: any) => Promise<void> Returns
Type: Promise < void>
debug() => Promise<void> Returns
Type: Promise<void>
getMaxVisibleLines() => Promise<number> Returns
Type: Promise<number>
getMinVisibleLines() => Promise<number> Returns
Type: Promise<number>
getVisibleLines() => Promise<number> Returns
Type: Promise<number>
glyph(_: any) => Promise<any> Returns
Type: Promise<any>
indexAttrCellColor(_: any) => Promise<number> Returns
Type: Promise<number>
indexAttrLegend(_: any) => Promise<number> Returns
Type: Promise<number>
indexAttrSort(_: any) => Promise<number> Returns
Type: Promise<number>
pFontHeight(_: any) => Promise<any> Returns
```

Type: Promise<any>

pLegendWidth(_: any) => Promise<any> Returns

Type: Promise<any>

setTTMatrixCell(_: any) => Promise<void> Returns

Type: Promise < void>

4.4. mge-iris

General The IRIS technique allows isolating a data item of interest (at the center) and showing all other data items with which it has a specific relationship in a circular view [25]. The data attributes of such pairwise relationships are encoded by the height and color of a bar placed between the item of interest and each related item. The user can place any item in the field of view

To create a Iris chart element

<mge-iris dataset-name="data-1" id="chart-2" class="hydrated" height="350" width="350">
</mge-iris>

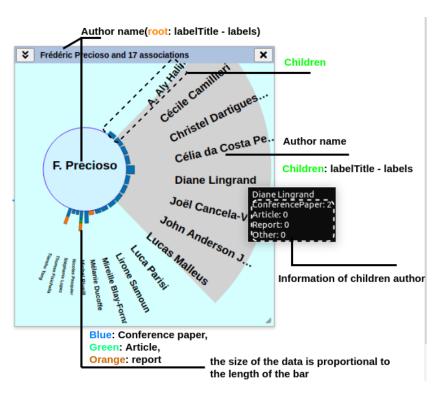


Figure 10: Iris chart component

Properties

Property	Attribute	Description	Type	Default
_cfgIndexA	ttrcfg-index-a	at Contains the indexes of the attributes that can be	any	undefined
		configured in the graph		
_colorsBar	s _colors-bars	s colors for the different types	any	undefined
_dataVis	_data-vis	Vector of visible data. Points to the elements of	any	undefined
		model.data		
_fishEyeArea_fish-eye-areContains the attribute of the fish eye area			any	undefined

Property	Attribute	Description	Type	Default
_focusArea	_focus-area	Contains the attribute of the focused area	any	undefined
_grpBars	_grp-bars	Selection that contains all groups of bars	any	undefined
_grpIris	_grp-iris	Group representing IRIS	any	undefined
_hiddenArea	_hidden-area	Contains the attribute of the hidden area	any	undefined
_indexFirstI	Da ta dex-first	-dadax in the "dataVis" vector where the first element of the data vector is located	any	undefined
_innerRadius	s_inner-radius	s(calculated) radius of the circle where the centroid is inserted	any	undefined
_irisPanel	_iris-panel	The dataset name being used	any	undefined
_maxHeightBa	a <u>r</u> max-height-l	calculated) distance occupied by the bars	any	undefined
${\tt _minArea}$	_min-area	Contains the attribute of the minimum area	any	undefined
_nbOfTypesDo	_nbOfTypesDocnb-of-types-dumber of types of documents in the base			
${\tt _numMaxBars}$	any	undefined		
_numTotalBars_num-total-baffstal number of the bars				undefined
_orders	_orders	The orders of typesDocs	any	undefined
_outerRadius	s_outer-radius	s(calculated) Outernal circle radius where the graph is drawn	any	undefined
_pDesloc	_p-desloc	Percentage of center displacement	any	undefined
_v0rder	_v-order	Indirect ordering vector	any	undefined
${\tt datasetName}$	dataset-name	The dataset name being used	string	"[]"
height	height	represents the height of the Iris chart	number	350
width	width	represents the width of the Iris chart	number	350

Data model

```
"type": "object",
"required": [],
"properties": {
  "root": {
    "type": "object",
    "required": [],
    "properties": {
      "labelTitle": {
        "type": "array",
        "items": {
          "type": "string"
        }
      },
      "valueTitle": {
        "type": "array",
        "items": {
          "type": "string"
        }
      },
      "imageTitle": {
        "type": "string"
      },
      "data": {
        "type": "object",
        "required": [],
        "properties": {
```

```
"id": {
          "type": "number"
        "idOrig": {
          "type": "number"
        "labels": {
          "type": "array",
          "items": {
            "type": "string"
          }
        },
        "values": {
          "type": "array",
          "items": {
            "type": "number"
        },
        "images": {
         "type": "string"
      }
   }
  }
},
"children": {
  "type": "object",
  "required": [],
  "properties": {
    "labelTitle": {
      "type": "array",
      "items": {
        "type": "string"
      }
    },
    "valueTitle": {
      "type": "array",
      "items": {
       "type": "string"
      }
   },
    "imageTitle": {
     "type": "string"
    },
    "data": {
      "type": "array",
      "items": {
        "type": "object",
        "required": [],
        "properties": {
          "id": {
           "type": "number"
          },
          "idOrig": {
```

```
"type": "number"
          },
          "labels": {
            "type": "array",
            "items": {
              "type": "string"
            }
          },
          "values": {
            "type": "array",
            "items": {
              "type": "number"
          },
          "images": {
            "type": "string"
          },
          "edge": {
            "type": "object",
            "required": [],
            "properties": {
              "src": {
                "type": "number"
              },
              "tgt": {
                "type": "number"
              },
              "labels": {
                "type": "string"
              },
              "values": {
                "type": "array",
                "items": {
                  "type": "number"
              }
           }
         }
        }
      }
   }
 }
},
"edges": {
  "type": "object",
  "required": [],
  "properties": {
    "labelTitle": {
      "type": "string"
   },
    "valueTitle": {
      "type": "array",
      "items": {
        "type": "string"
```

```
}
}

},

"data": {
    "type": "array",
    "items": {
        "type": "string"
    }
}
}
}
```

Methods

Public methods

• _getTheRightOrder(i: any) => Promise<any>

Description Returns the order in which we need to display the types of documents

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• acSortExecAttribute() => Promise<void>

Description Returns

Type: Promise < void>

• acSortExecText() => Promise<void>

Description

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

• addIrisChart(idDiv: any, divTag: any) => Promise<void>

Description Returns

Type: Promise<void>

• dataVisToNode(index: any) => Promise<any>

Description This function will return the children data from children list in data model. The iput is index of children data.

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• getBox() => Promise<any>

Description Get box size value Output is a object includes height and width

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• getSourceObject() => Promise<any>

Description Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• getVOrder() => Promise<any>

Description This function will return the indirect ordering vector

Returns

Type: Promise < any >

• putBarsOnIris() => Promise<void>

Description Returns

Type: Promise < void>

• setConfigCentroid(titulo: any, tituloGrau: any, textoBarra: any) => Promise<void>

Description Configure the data that will be printed in the centroid and the text of the bar (Label only)

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

• setIndexAttrBar(_: any) => Promise<any>

Description Returns

Type: Promise < any >

• setpInnerRadius(_: any) => Promise<any>

Description Set value of Percentage relative to graph width for _innerRadius calculation If no arguments, It will return the value of pInnerRadius

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• setpMaxHeightBar(_: any) => Promise<any>

Description Returns

Type: Promise < any >

• setpOuterRadius(_: any) => Promise<any>

Description Set value of Percentage relative to graph width for _OuterRadius calculation If no arguments, It will return the value of pOuterRadius

Returns

Type: Promise < any >

• updateTextSize() => Promise<void>

Description Returns

Type: Promise < void>

4.5. mge-listing

General The list of papers technique allows listing all the information related to the selected data. Listing all related items will help users have all the necessary information in the data discovery process

To create a listing papers chart element

<mge-listing dataset-name="data-1" id="chart-6" class="hydrated" height="400" width="350">
</mge-listing>

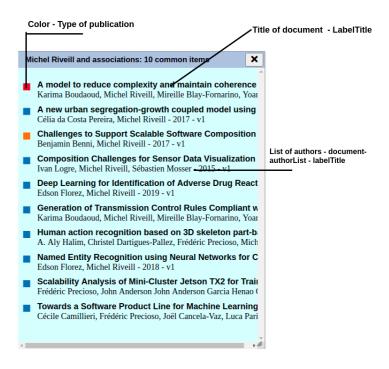


Figure 11: Listing papers chart component

Properties

Property	Attribute	Description	Type	Default
_colorsRect	_	Colors for the different types	string	[["#1f77b4", "#2ca02c", "#d62728",
				"#ff7d0e"]
_data	_data	List of items in the data	any	null
_grpPapers	_grp-papers	Selection that contains all groups	any	null
		of bars		
_grpPapersListgrp-papers-liftoup representing IRIS				null
_maxLenghtTi	t <u>lmāmde</u> ænght-t	ti Mæxinmohe xlength of title	number	7.8
_maxNamesLen	ghmax-names-le	enghtximum length of names	number	87
_names	_names	Selection that contains the names	any	null
		of the members of a cluster		
_papersListPanpapers-list-panpalesents the panel associated			any	null
		with the graph		
${\tt datasetName}$	dataset-name	The dataset name being used	string	; "[]"
height	height	represents the height of the	number	400
		paper's list chart		
width	width	represents the width of the paper's	number	350
		list chart		

Methods

Public methods

```
addPaperListChart(idDiv: any, divTag: any) => Promise<void> Returns
```

Type: Promise<void>

• dataVisToNode(index: any) => Promise<any>

Description This function will return the children data from children list in data model. The iput is index of children data.

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

Private method

• _findAuthorById(id: any) => Promise<any>

Description Returns the author depending on ID

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• _getTheIndex(type: any) => Promise<1 | 0 | 2 | 3>

Description Returns the index for the color

Returns

Type: Promise<1 | 0 | 2 | 3>

4.6. mge-nodelink

General The NodeEdge diagram shows nodes as items and edges between them as relationships. The NodeEdge is used to provide an overview of any network defined within the dataset according to some criteria (e.g., keywords, co-publications, etc.).

To create a node-links chart element

```
<mge-nodelink dataset-name="data-1" id="chart-1" class="hydrated" height="350" width="350">
</mge-nodelink>
```

Properties

Property	Attribute	Description	Type	Default
data	data		string	"[]"
height	height		number	350
width	width		number	350

Data Model

```
{
  "type": "object",
  "required": [],
  "properties": {
    "info": {
        "type": "object",
        "required": [],
        "properties": {
            "qtNodos": {
            "type": "number",
```

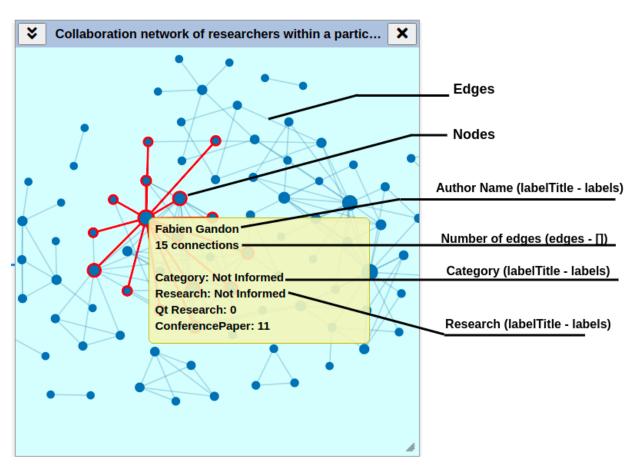


Figure 12: Node-links chart component

```
"description": "Total number of nodes"
   },
    "qtArestas": {
      "type": "number",
      "description": "Number of links between nodes"
   }
  }
},
"nodes": {
  "type": "object",
  "required": [],
  "properties": {
    "labelTitle": {
      "type": "array",
      "items": {
        "type": "string",
        "description": "array of character string. An element at position X will put a meaning on a
      }
   },
    "valueTitle": {
      "type": "array",
      "items": {
        "type": "string",
        "description": "array of character string. An element at position X will put a meaning on a
      }
   },
    "imageTitle": {
      "type": "string",
    "description": "."
    },
    "dataNodes": {
      "type": "array",
      "items": {
        "type": "object",
        "required": [],
        "properties": {
          "id": {
            "type": "string",
            "description": "Unique identifier of the node"
          },
          "idBD": {
            "type": "string",
            "description": "Unique identifier of the node (similar to id)"
          },
          "labels": {
            "type": "array",
            "items": {
              "type": "string",
              "description": "To know the meaning of an element at position x, we must look at the
            }
          },
          "values": {
            "type": "array",
            "items": {
```

```
"type": "number",
              "description": "To know the meaning of an element at position x, you have to look at
            }
          },
          "images": {
            "type": "string",
            "description": "."
       }
     }
   }
  }
},
"edges": {
  "type": "object",
  "required": [],
  "properties": {
    "labelTitle": {
      "type": "string",
      "description": "Array of character strings. An element at position X will put a meaning on an
    },
    "valueTitle": {
      "type": "array",
      "items": {
        "type": "string",
        "description": "Array of character strings. An element at position X will put a meaning on
      }
    },
    "dataEdges": {
      "type": "array",
      "items": {
        "type": "object",
        "required": [],
        "properties": {
          "src": {
            "type": "string",
            "description": "Integer referring to a unique identifier of a node corresponding to the
          },
          "tgt": {
            "type": "number",
            "description": "Integer referring to a unique identifier of a node corresponding to the
          },
          "labels": {
            "type": "string",
            "description": "To know the meaning of an element at position x, we must look at the va
          },
          "values": {
            "type": "array",
            "items": {
              "type": "number",
              "description": "To know the meaning of an element at position x, you have to look at
            }
          },
          "documents": {
```

```
"type": "array",
                "items": {
                  "type": "object",
                  "required": [],
                  "properties": {
                    "type": {
                      "type": "string",
                      "description": "Type of the published document"
                    },
                    "date": {
                      "type": "string",
                  "description": "Date the document was published"
                    "title": {
                      "type": "string",
                  "description": "Document title"
                    },
                    "authors": {
                      "type": "array",
                      "items": {
                        "type": "string",
                  "description": "An element refers to a unique identifier of a node"
                      }
                    },
                    "link": {
                      "type": "string",
                  "description": "Link to the online document."
                  }
    }
}
}
              }
   }
 }
}
```

Methods

• acChangeAttrSize(atributo: any) => Promise<void>

Description

Returns

Type: Promise<void>

• acChangeCharge(value: any) => Promise<void>

Description

Returns

Type: Promise < void>

• acChangeGravity(value: any) => Promise<void>

Description

Returns

Type: Promise<void>

• acChangeLinkDistance(value: any) => Promise<void>

Description

Returns

Type: Promise<void>

• acSelectByName(nome: any) => Promise<void>

Description

Returns

Type: Promise<void>

• acSelectByNameCluster(nomeCluster: any) => Promise<void>

Description

Returns

Type: Promise<void>

• addNodeLinkChart(idDiv: any, divTag: any) => Promise<void>

Description

Returns

Type: Promise<void>

• getCharge() => Promise<any>

Description

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• getColorBreaks() => Promise<any>

Description

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• getColorScale() => Promise<any>

Description

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• getGravity() => Promise<any>

Description

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• getLinkDistance() => Promise<any>

Description

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• getQtEdges() => Promise<any>

Description

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• getQtNodes() => Promise<any>

Description

Returns

Type: Promise<any>

• indexAttrSize(_: any) => Promise<number>

Description

Returns

Type: Promise<number>

• resetHighSearch() => Promise<void>

Description

Returns

Type: Promise<void>

• setItensContextMenu(itens: any) => Promise<void>

Description

Returns

 $Type: \ {\tt Promise}{\tt <\! void\! >}$

• setLegend(_: any) => Promise<any>

${\bf Description\ Returns}$

Type: Promise<any>