



SQL Server Security Basics

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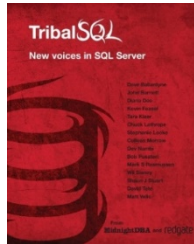
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www.bobpusateri.com



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Why Security Basics?



Agenda

- Physical Security
- Network Security
- Instance Security
- Database Security
- Auditing



Physical Security

Physical Security

- **Everything else is pointless without it**
- Where are the servers?
- How secure are they?
- What happens if hardware gets stolen?



<https://flic.kr/p/49LQaa>

Transparent Data Encryption (TDE)

- Encrypts data when at rest (on disk)
- Backups are also encrypted
- Transparent to users
- Will increase CPU utilization
- Backup your certificates!





Network Security

Network Security

- Is there a direct path from the internet to your DBs?
- DB attacks usually come from inside your network!
- Is network traffic monitored/logged?
- Is someone looking at those logs?

```
2015-10-16 17:00:59.150 Logon      Error: 18456, Severity: 14, State: 5.
2015-10-16 17:00:59.150 Logon      Login failed for user '133t_h4x0r'. Reason: Could not find a login matching the name provided. [CLIENT: <local machine>]
2015-10-16 17:01:00.860 Logon      Error: 18456, Severity: 14, State: 5.
2015-10-16 17:01:00.860 Logon      Login failed for user '133t_h4x0r'. Reason: Could not find a login matching the name provided. [CLIENT: <local machine>]
2015-10-16 17:01:02.260 Logon      Error: 18456, Severity: 14, State: 5.
2015-10-16 17:01:02.260 Logon      Login failed for user '133t_h4x0r'. Reason: Could not find a login matching the name provided. [CLIENT: <local machine>]
2015-10-16 17:01:03.630 Logon      Error: 18456, Severity: 14, State: 5.
2015-10-16 17:01:03.630 Logon      Login failed for user '133t_h4x0r'. Reason: Could not find a login matching the name provided. [CLIENT: <local machine>]
2015-10-16 17:01:07.300 Logon      Error: 18456, Severity: 14, State: 5.
2015-10-16 17:01:07.300 Logon      Login failed for user '133t_h4x0r'. Reason: Could not find a login matching the name provided. [CLIENT: <local machine>]
```

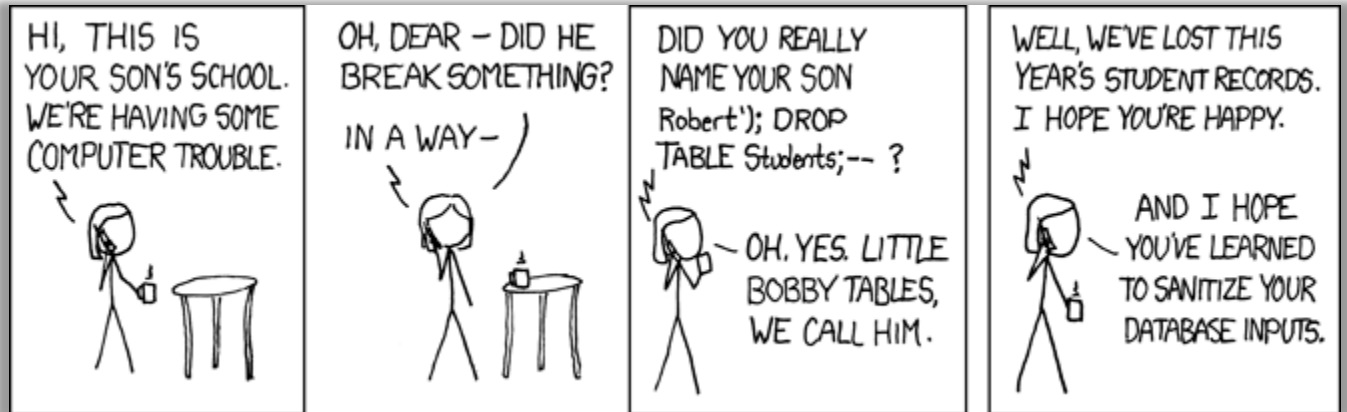
Encrypting SQL Server Connections

- Connections can be encrypted with SSL
- Protects data while travelling over the network
- Server can force connections to be encrypted
- Authentication information is always encrypted (2005+)



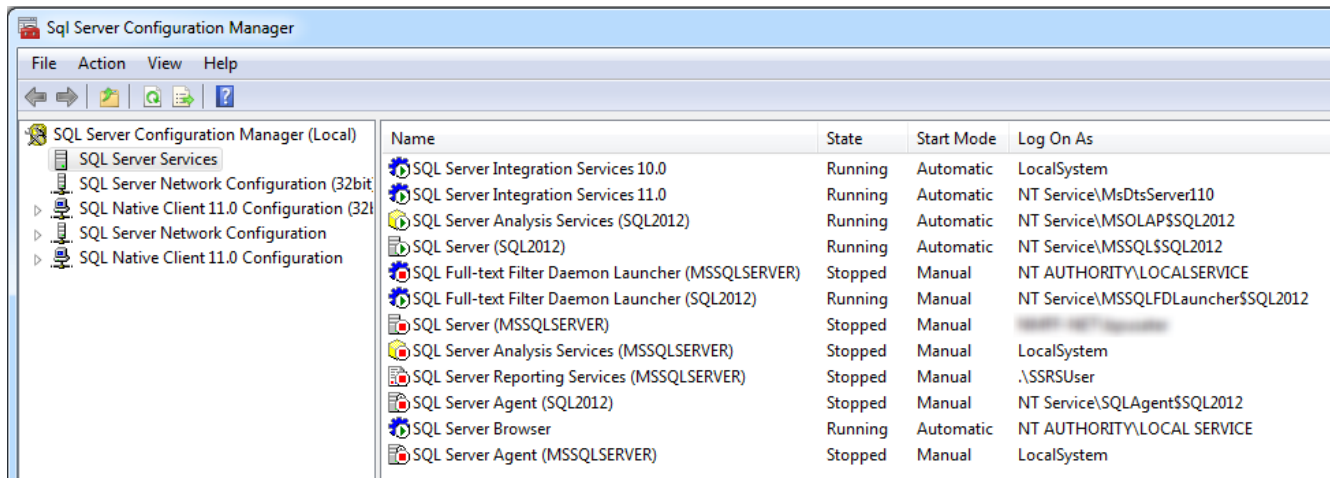
SQL Injection

- Lock down account permissions
- Stored procedures
- Application developers also have work to do



Service Accounts

- Are they also domain admins?
- Are they allowed interactive logon?
- Who has the passwords?

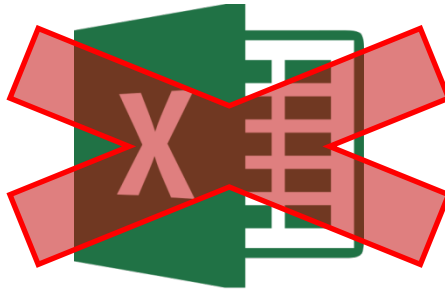


The screenshot shows the SQL Server Configuration Manager window. The left pane displays the tree view with 'SQL Server Services' selected. The right pane shows a table of services with their names, states, start modes, and log-on accounts.

Name	State	Start Mode	Log On As
SQL Server Integration Services 10.0	Running	Automatic	LocalSystem
SQL Server Integration Services 11.0	Running	Automatic	NT Service\MsDtsServer110
SQL Server Analysis Services (SQL2012)	Running	Automatic	NT Service\MSOLAP\$SQL2012
SQL Server (SQL2012)	Running	Automatic	NT Service\MSSQL\$SQL2012
SQL Full-text Filter Daemon Launcher (MSSQLSERVER)	Stopped	Manual	NT AUTHORITY\LOCALSERVICE
SQL Full-text Filter Daemon Launcher (SQL2012)	Running	Manual	NT Service\MSSQLFDLauncher\$SQL2012
SQL Server (MSSQLSERVER)	Stopped	Manual	NT AUTHORITY\LOCALSERVICE
SQL Server Analysis Services (MSSQLSERVER)	Stopped	Manual	LocalSystem
SQL Server Reporting Services (MSSQLSERVER)	Stopped	Manual	.\SSRSUser
SQL Server Agent (SQL2012)	Stopped	Manual	NT Service\SQLAgent\$SQL2012
SQL Server Browser	Running	Automatic	NT AUTHORITY\LOCAL SERVICE
SQL Server Agent (MSSQLSERVER)	Stopped	Manual	LocalSystem

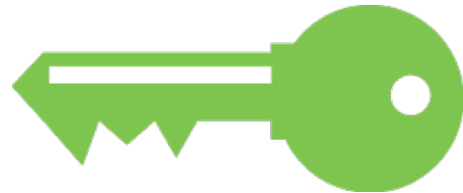
Passwords

- Who has access to the passwords?
- Are they strong?
- Are they changed?
- Use a password manager!



Active Directory

- Use Groups!
- Who's being added to your groups?

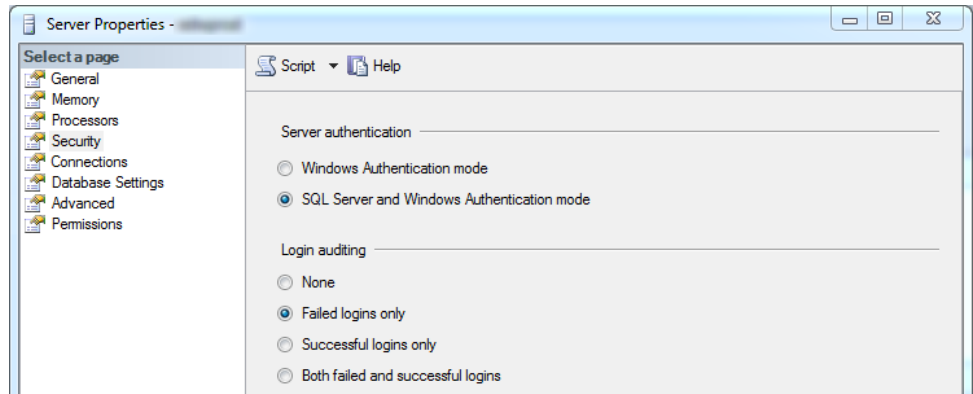




Instance Security

Windows Authentication

- The ideal choice
- Get all the built-in security of AD
- Can apply policies to AD accounts
- Can use AD groups



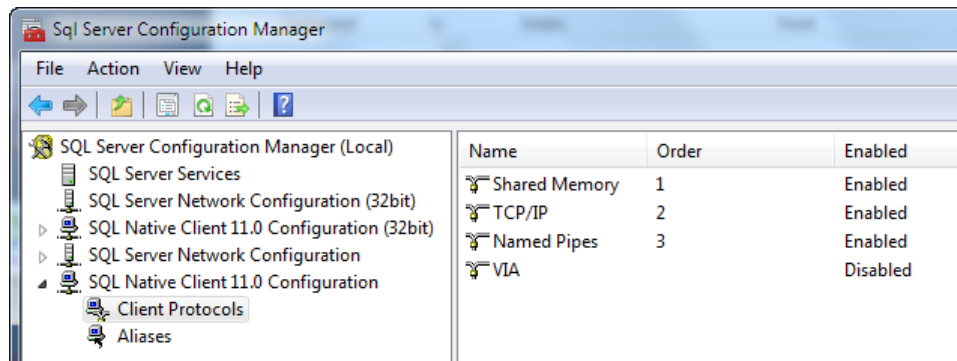
'sa' Account

- Can you disable it?
- Change the username?
- Create a different one?



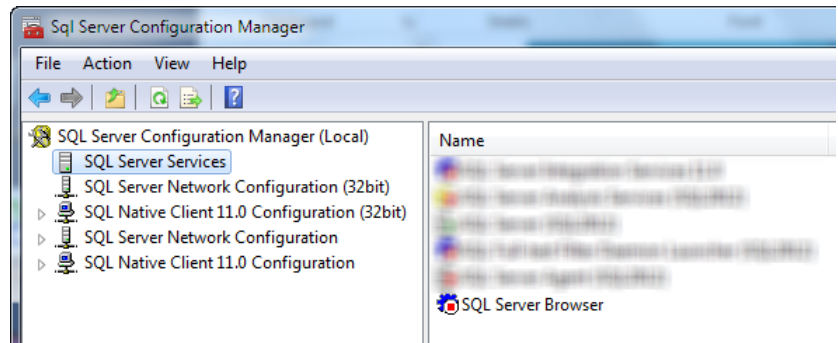
Connection Protocols

- Manage them in SQL Server Configuration Manager
- Disable the ones you won't be using



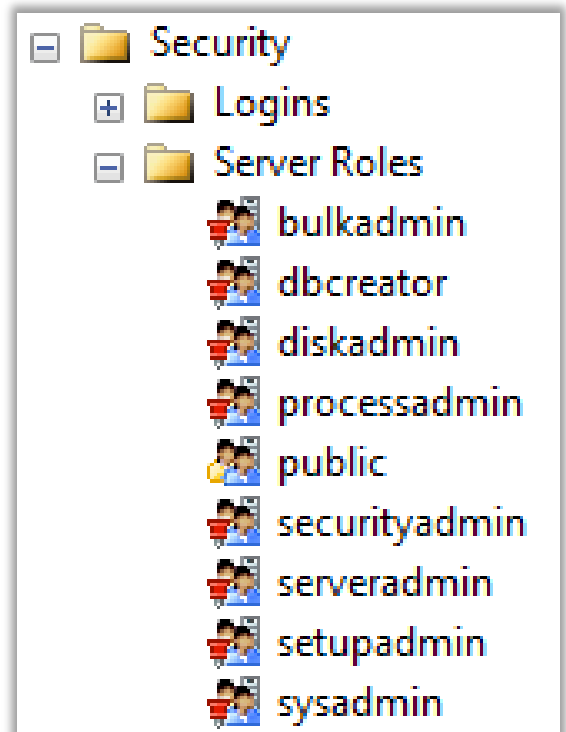
SQL Server Browser

- Helps “hide” your server if it’s disabled
- Lowers the attack surface of your instance
- Users may need to know port numbers without it
- More difficult to connect via DAC



Fixed Server Roles

- sysadmin
- serveradmin
- securityadmin
- processadmin
- setupadmin
- bulkadmin
- diskadmin
- dbcreator
- public

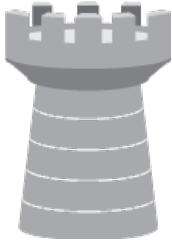


Securityadmin role

- Only applies to server-level permissions
- Can't elevate its own permissions
- Can't grant sysadmin rights to other users
- CAN create other users and grant CONTROL SERVER

User-defined Server Roles

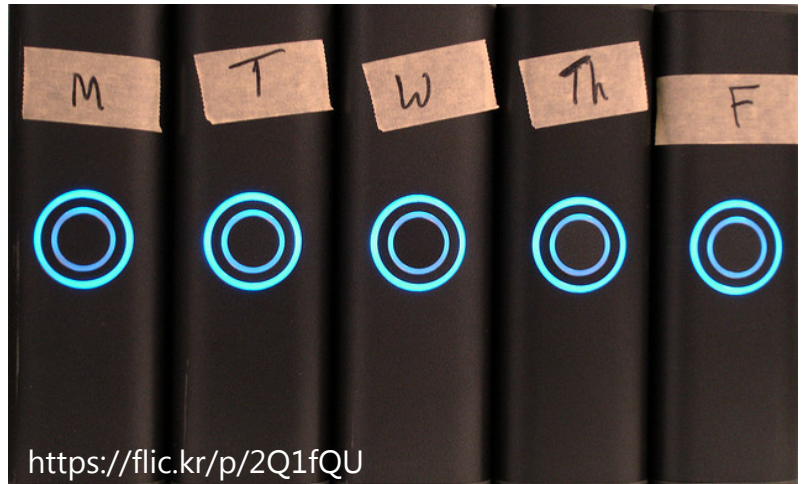
- New in 2012
- Only applies to server-level permissions
- Pre-package your commonly-used permissions!



Database Security

Backups

- Where are the backups stored?
- Are they being monitored?
- Who can see them?

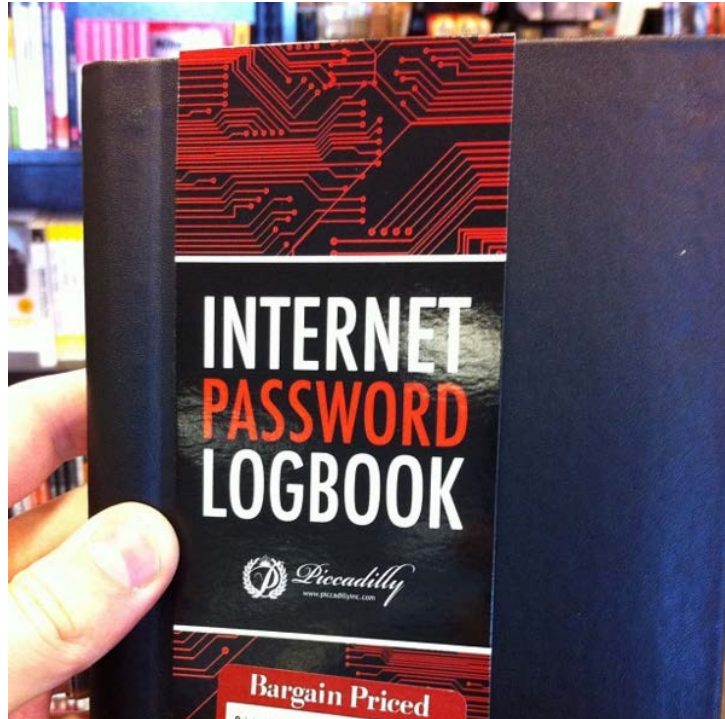


Backup Passwords

BACKUP DATABASE [MyTestDB]

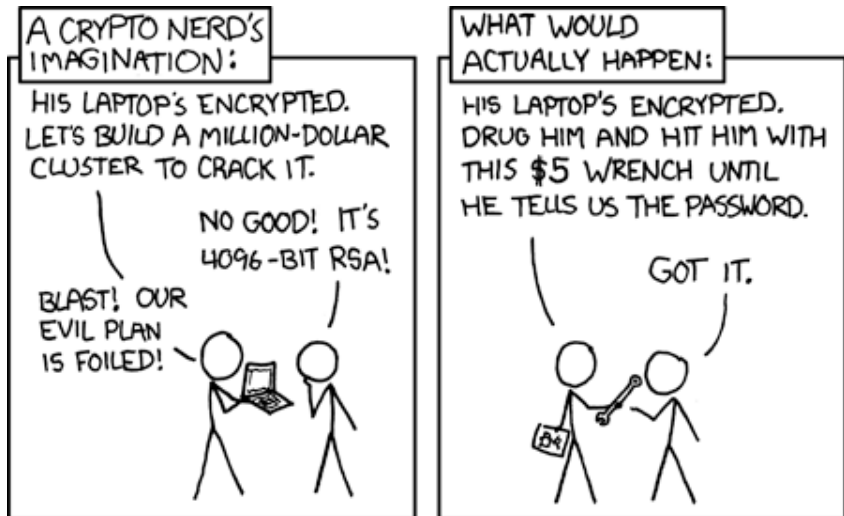
... WITH PASSWORD = '...'

- Don't do this!
- Discontinued in 2012
- This is *not* encryption!



Backup Encryption

- 3rd party tools have offered this for years
- Included natively in SQL 2014
- Works in Standard Edition!



Backup Encryption

You Specify:

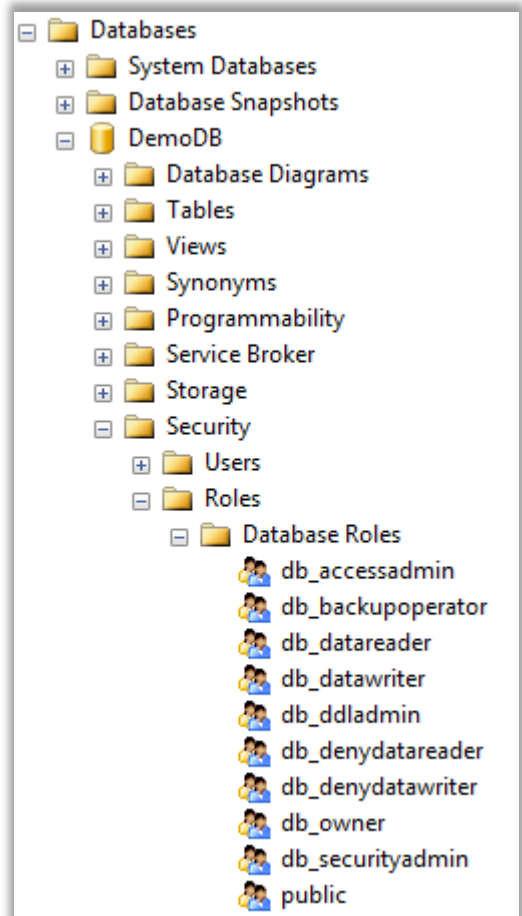
- Encryption Algorithm {AES 128, 192, 256, Triple DES}
- Encryptor {certificate, asymmetric key}
- Don't lose your encryptor!
- Can't be read by previous versions of SQL Server
- Can't append to an existing backup

Backup Encryption

```
BACKUP DATABASE [MYTestDB]
TO DISK = 'file'
WITH COMPRESSION, CHECKSUM,
ENCRYPTION (
    ALGORITHM = AES_256,
    { SERVER CERTIFICATE = certname |
    SERVER_ASYMMETRIC_KEY = keyname } );
```

Fixed Database Roles

- db_owner
- db_securityadmin
- db_accessadmin
- db_backupoperator
- db_ddladmin
- db_datawriter
- db_datareader
- db_denydatawriter
- db_denydatareader



Public Database Role

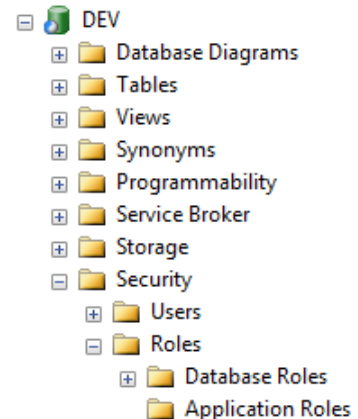
- Every user in the database belongs to this role
- Rights granted to public will apply to every database user
- In the absence of other permissions, user will revert to public level



<https://flic.kr/p/4RR86q/>

Application Roles

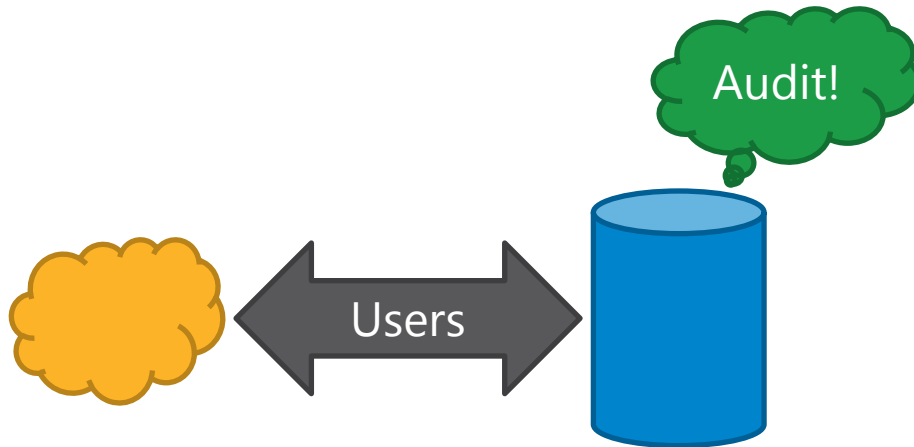
- Authenticate as a user without any specific rights
- Rights are granted to the application role instead
- Application activates role to obtain rights
- Application has **only** the rights of the role



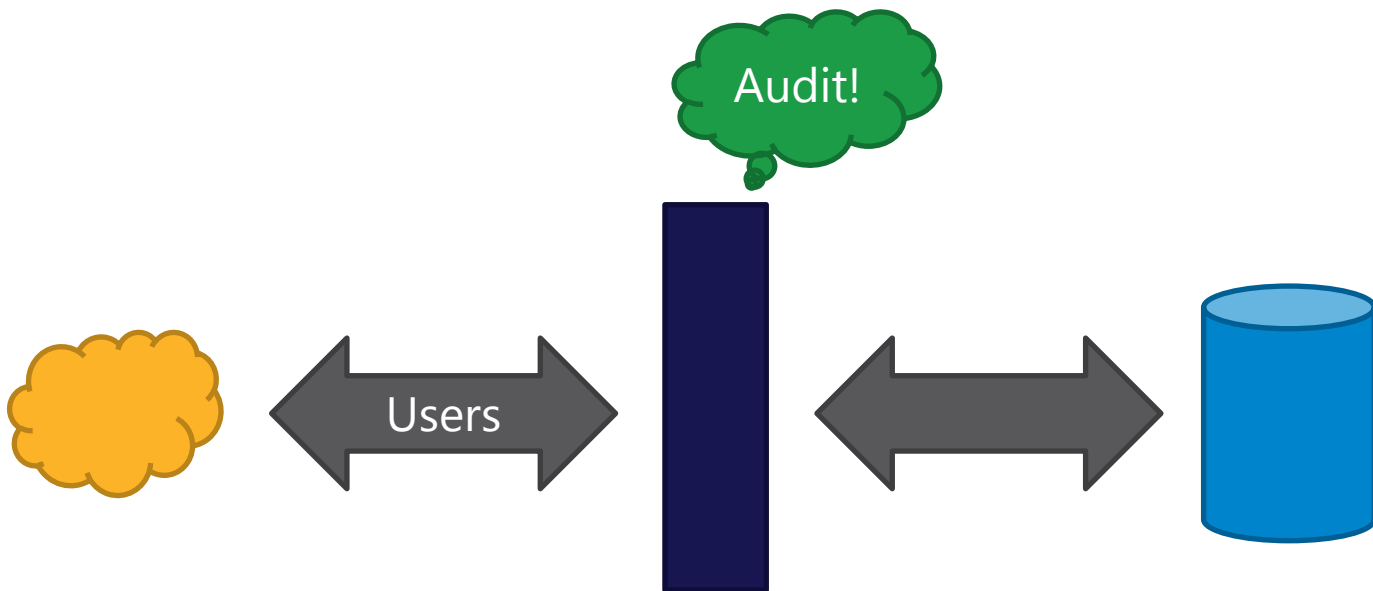


Auditing

Internal Auditing (SQL Server Audit)



External Auditing (3rd Party)



SQL Server Audit

- Introduced in 2008
- Uses Extended Events framework behind-the-scenes
- Very configurable for objects & principals
- Not configurable for data that's collected
- Decent GUI for management
- Works in Standard Edition*

*kinda

Questions?

Email: Bob@BobPusateri.com

Twitter: @SQLBob

Resources: bobpusateri.com/r/secure

I'm here to help!

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