## Package 'geeLite'

July 7, 2025

```
Type Package
```

Title Building and Managing Local Databases from Google Earth Engine

Version 1.0.1

Description Simplifies the creation, management, and updating of local databases using data extracted from Google Earth Engine (GEE). It integrates with GEE to store, aggregate, and process spatio-temporal data, leveraging 'SQLite' for efficient, serverless storage. The package provides utilities for data transformation and supports real-time monitoring and analysis of geospatial features, making it suitable for researchers and practitioners in geospatial science.

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```
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
```

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

VignetteBuilder knitr

```
Imports rnaturalearth,
```

googledrive,

data.table,

reticulate,

rstudioapi,

lubridate,

jsonlite,

magrittr,

progress,

reshape2,

tidyrgee,

RSQLite, stringr,

crayon,

dplyr,

h3jsr,

knitr,

utils,

purrr,

stats,

tidyr,

rgee, cli,

sf

2 fetch\_regions

```
Suggests testthat (>= 3.0.0),
rnaturalearthdata,
geojsonio,
rmarkdown,
leaflet,
withr
```

## Config/testthat/edition 3

## **R** topics documented:

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fetch\_regions

Fetch ISO 3166-2 Region Codes

## Description

Returns a data frame containing ISO 3166-2 region codes for the specified administrative level.

#### Usage

```
fetch_regions(admin_lvl = 0)
```

## **Arguments**

admin\_lvl

[optional] (integer) Specifies the administrative level to retrieve. Use 0 for country-level, 1 for state-level, or NULL to include all regions (default: 0).

#### Value

A data frame containing region names, ISO 3166-2 codes, and the corresponding administrative levels.

```
# Example: Fetch ISO 3166-2 region codes
## Not run:
   fetch_regions()
## End(Not run)
```

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fetch\_vars

Fetch Variable Information from an SQLite Database

#### **Description**

Displays information on the available variables in the SQLite database (data/geelite.db).

#### Usage

```
fetch_vars(
  path,
  format = c("data.frame", "markdown", "latex", "html", "pipe", "simple", "rst")
)
```

## Arguments

path

[mandatory] (character) Path to the root directory of the generated database.

format

[mandatory] (character) A character string. Possible values are "data.frame" (default) to return a data.frame object, or one of "markdown", "latex", "html", "pipe" (Pandoc's pipe tables), "simple" (Pandoc's simple tables), and "rst"

to be passed on to knitr for formatting.

#### Value

Returns the variable information in the selected format. If format = "data.frame", a data.frame is returned. For other formats, the output is printed in the specified format and NULL is

## **Examples**

```
# Example: Printing the available variables
## Not run:
  fetch_vars(path = "path/to/db")
## End(Not run)
```

gee\_install

Install and Configure a Conda Environment for 'rgee'

#### **Description**

Sets up a Conda environment with all required Python and R dependencies for using the rgee package, including a specific version of the earthengine-api. If Conda is not available, Miniconda will be installed. The created environment is automatically registered for use with rgee.

#### Usage

```
gee_install(conda = "rgee", python_version = "3.10", force_recreate = FALSE)
```

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#### **Arguments**

conda [optional] (character) Name of the Conda environment to create or use. Defaults

to "rgee".

python\_version [optional] (character) Python version to use when creating the Conda environ-

ment. Defaults to "3.10".

force\_recreate [optional] (logical) If TRUE, deletes and recreates the Conda environment even

if it already exists. Defaults to FALSE.

#### Value

Invisibly returns the name of the Conda environment used or created.

## **Examples**

```
# Example: Creating a Conda environment with 'rgee' dependencies
## Not run:
   gee_install()
## End(Not run)
```

get\_config

Print the Configuration File

## Description

Reads and prints the configuration file from the database's root directory in a human-readable format.

#### Usage

```
get_config(path)
```

#### Arguments

path

[mandatory] (character) The path to the root directory of the generated database.

#### Value

A character string representing the formatted JSON content of the configuration file.

```
# Example: Printing the configuration file
## Not run:
  get_config(path = "path/to/db")
## End(Not run)
```

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get\_state

Print the State File

#### **Description**

Reads and prints the state file from the database's root directory in a human-readable format.

#### Usage

```
get_state(path)
```

#### Arguments

path

[mandatory] (character) The path to the root directory of the generated database.

#### Value

A character string representing the formatted JSON content of the state file.

#### **Examples**

```
# Example: Printing the state file
## Not run:
   get_state(path = "path/to/db")
## End(Not run)
```

init\_postp

Initialize Post-Processing Folder and Files

## Description

Creates a postp folder at the specified path and adds two empty files: structure.json and functions.R.

#### Usage

```
init_postp(path, verbose = TRUE)
```

#### Arguments

path [mandatory] character The path to the root directory where the postp folder

should be created.

verbose [optional] (logical) Display messages (default: TRUE).

#### **Details**

The structure.json file is initialized with a default JSON structure: "default": null. This file is intended for mapping variables to post-processing functions. The functions.R file is created with a placeholder comment indicating where to define the R functions for post-processing. If the postp folder already exists, an error will be thrown to prevent overwriting existing files.

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#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# Initialize post-processing folder and files in the database root directory
init_postp("/path/to/database")
## End(Not run)
```

modify\_config

Modify Configuration File

## Description

Modifies the configuration file located in the specified root directory of the generated database (config/config.json) by updating values corresponding to the specified keys.

#### Usage

```
modify_config(path, keys, new_values, verbose = TRUE)
```

#### **Arguments**

path	[mandatory] (character) The path to the root directory of the generated database.
keys	[mandatory] (list) A list specifying the path to the values in the configuration file that need updating. Each path should correspond to a specific element in the configuration.
new_values	$[mandatory] \ (list) \ A \ list of new \ values \ to \ replace \ the \ original \ values \ at \ the \ locations \ specified \ by \ 'keys'. \ The \ length \ of \ new\_values \ must \ match \ the \ length \ of \ keys.$
verbose	[optional] (logical) If TRUE, displays messages about the updates made (default: $TRUE$ ).

```
# Example: Modifying the configuration file
## Not run:
   modify_config(
    path = "path/to/db",
    keys = list("limit", c("source", "MODIS/061/MOD13A2", "NDVI")),
    new_values = list(1000, "mean")
)
## End(Not run)
```

read\_db 7

read_db	Reading, Aggregating, and Processing the SQLite Database
	2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3,

## Description

Reads, aggregates, and processes the  $SQLite\ database\ (data/geelite.db)$ .

## Usage

```
read_db(
  path,
  variables = "all",
  freq = c("month", "day", "week", "bimonth", "quarter", "season", "halfyear", "year"),
  prep_fun = NULL,
  aggr_funs = function(x) mean(x, na.rm = TRUE),
  postp_funs = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

path	[mandatory] (character) Path to the root directory of the generated database.
variables	[optional] (character or integer) Names or IDs of the variables to be read. Use the fetch_vars function to identify available variables and IDs (default: "all").
freq	[optional] (character) The frequency for data aggregation. Options include "day", "week", "month", "bimonth", "quarter", "season", "halfyear", "year" (default: "month").
prep_fun	[optional] (function or NULL) A function for pre-processing time series data prior to aggregation. If NULL, a default linear interpolation (via linear_interp) will be used for daily-frequency data. If non-daily, the default behavior simply returns the vector without interpolation.
aggr_funs	[optional] (function or list) A function or a list of functions for aggregating data to the specified frequency (freq). Users can directly refer to variable names or IDs. The default function is the mean: function(x) mean(x, na.rm = TRUE).
postp_funs	[optional] (function or list) A function or list of functions applied to the time series data of a single bin after aggregation. Users can directly refer to variable names or IDs. The default is NULL, indicating no post-processing.

#### Value

A list where the first element (grid) is a simple feature (sf) object, and subsequent elements are data frame objects corresponding to the variables.

```
# Example: Reading variables by IDs
## Not run:
db_list <- read_db(path = "path/to/db",
   variables = c(1, 3))
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

run\_geelite

run_geelite	Build and Update the Grid Statistics Database

## Description

Collects and stores grid statistics from Google Earth Engine (GEE) data in SQLite format (data/geelite.db), initializes CLI files (cli/...), and initializes or updates the state (state/state.json) and log (log/log.txt) files.

## Usage

```
run_geelite(
  path,
  conda = "rgee",
  user = NULL,
  rebuild = FALSE,
  mode = "local",
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

## Arguments

path	[mandatory] (character) Path to the root directory of the generated database.
conda	[optional] (character) Name of the virtual Conda environment used by the rgee package (default: "rgee").
user	[optional] (character) Specifies the Google account directory within ~/.config/earthengine/. This directory stores credentials for a specific Google account (default: NULL).
rebuild	[optional] (logical) If TRUE, the database and its supplementary files are overwritten based on the configuration file (default: FALSE).
mode	[optional] (character) Mode of data extraction. Currently supports "local" or "drive" (for larger exports via Google Drive). Defaults to "local".
verbose	[optional] (logical) Display computation status and messages (default: TRUE).

#### Value

Invisibly returns NULL, called for side effects.

```
# Example: Build a Grid Statistics Database
## Not run:
   run_geelite(path = "path/to/db")
## End(Not run)
```

set\_cli 9

set\_cli

Initialize CLI Files

#### **Description**

Creates R scripts to enable the main functions to be called through the Command Line Interface (CLI). These scripts are stored in the cli/ directory of the generated database.

## Usage

```
set_cli(path, verbose = TRUE)
```

#### **Arguments**

path [mandatory] (character) The path to the root directory of the generated database. verbose [optional] (logical) Whether to display messages (default: TRUE).

## **Examples**

```
# Example: Setting up CLI files
## Not run:
    set_cli(path = "path/to/db")
## End(Not run)
```

set\_config

Initialize the Configuration File

## Description

Creates a configuration file in the specified directory of the generated database (config/config.json). If the specified directory does not exist but its parent directory does, it will be created.

## Usage

```
set_config(
  path,
  regions,
  source,
  start = "2020-01-01",
  resol,
  scale = NULL,
  limit = 10000,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

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#### **Arguments**

path [mandatory] (character) The path to the root directory of the generated database. [mandatory] (character) ISO 3166-2 codes of the regions of interest (two letters regions for countries and additional characters for states). source [mandatory] (list) Description of Google Earth Engine (GEE) datasets of interest (the complete data catalog of GEE is accessible at: https://developers. google.com/earth-engine/datasets/catalog). It is a nested list with three levels: names (list) Datasets of interest (e.g., "MODIS/061/MOD13A1"). bands (list) Bands of interest (e.g., "NDVI"). zonal\_stats (character) Statistics of interest (options: "mean", "median", "min", "max", "sd"). [optional] (date) First date of the data collection (default: "2020-01-01"). start resol [mandatory] (integer) Resolution of the H3 bin. [optional] (integer) Specifies the nominal resolution (in meters) for image proscale cessing. If left as NULL (the default), a resolution of 1000 is used. [optional] (integer) In "local" mode, 'limit / dates' sets batch size; in "drive" limit mode, 'limit' is the max features per export (default: 10000). [optional] (logical) Display messages (default: TRUE). verbose

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