

Derivation on Derivatives of Curvature in Hybrid A* Algorithm

1 Notation and Definitions

For a vector $\vec{v}=\{x, y, z, \dots\}$, the derivative of this vector on a variable a is defined as:

$$\frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial a} = \left\{ \frac{\partial x}{\partial a}, \frac{\partial y}{\partial a}, \frac{\partial z}{\partial a}, \dots \right\} \quad (1)$$

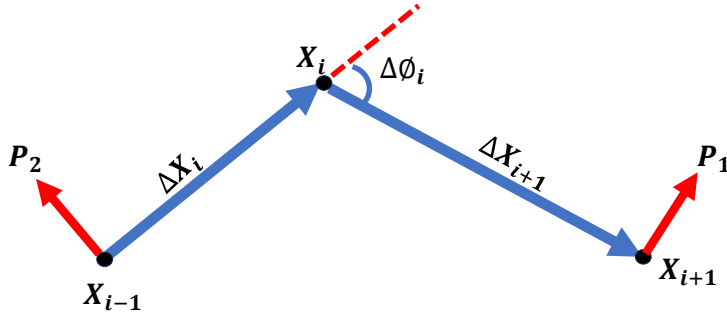


Figure 1: Illustration of points and vectors.

Suppose we get arbitrary 3 successive points in Hybrid A* path, the 3 points are defined as $X_{i-1} = (x_{i-1}, y_{i-1})$, $X_i = (x_i, y_i)$ and $X_{i+1} = (x_{i+1}, y_{i+1})$, and we further define 2 vectors $\Delta X_i = X_i - X_{i-1}$ and $\Delta X_{i+1} = X_{i+1} - X_i$, Denote $\Delta\phi_i$ as the angle between ΔX_i and ΔX_{i+1} , thus

$$\cos(\Delta\phi_i) = \frac{\Delta X_i^T \cdot \Delta X_{i+1}}{|\Delta X_i| \cdot |\Delta X_{i+1}|} \quad (2)$$

We define the the curvature at point X_i as:

$$\kappa_i = \frac{\Delta\phi_i}{|\Delta X_i|} \quad (3)$$

Define $\vec{a} \perp \vec{b} = \vec{a} - \frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}}{|\vec{b}|^2} \cdot \vec{b}$, and we denote:

$$\begin{aligned} p_1 &= \frac{\Delta X_i \perp (-\Delta X_{i+1})}{|\Delta X_i| \cdot |\Delta X_{i+1}|} \\ &= \frac{1}{|\Delta X_i| \cdot |\Delta X_{i+1}|} \cdot \left(\Delta X_i - \frac{\Delta X_i^T \cdot (-\Delta X_{i+1})}{|\Delta X_{i+1}|^2} \cdot (-\Delta X_{i+1}) \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{|\Delta X_i| \cdot |\Delta X_{i+1}|} \cdot \left(\Delta X_i - \frac{\Delta X_i^T \cdot \Delta X_{i+1}}{|\Delta X_{i+1}|^2} \cdot \Delta X_{i+1} \right) \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

$$\begin{aligned} p_2 &= \frac{(-\Delta X_{i+1}) \perp (\Delta X_i)}{|\Delta X_i| \cdot |\Delta X_{i+1}|} \\ &= \frac{1}{|\Delta X_i| \cdot |\Delta X_{i+1}|} \cdot \left(-\Delta X_{i+1} + \frac{\Delta X_{i+1}^T \cdot \Delta X_i}{|\Delta X_i|^2} \cdot \Delta X_i \right) \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

2 Preliminaries

Suppose $L_1 = |\Delta X_i| = |X_i - X_{i-1}| = \sqrt{(x_i - x_{i-1})^2 + (y_i - y_{i-1})^2}$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial L_1}{\partial x_{i-1}} &= \frac{-(x_i - x_{i-1})}{\sqrt{(x_i - x_{i-1})^2 + (y_i - y_{i-1})^2}} \\ \frac{\partial L_1}{\partial y_{i-1}} &= \frac{-(y_i - y_{i-1})}{\sqrt{(x_i - x_{i-1})^2 + (y_i - y_{i-1})^2}} \\ \frac{\partial L_1}{\partial X_{i-1}} &= \left\{ \frac{\partial L_1}{\partial x_{i-1}}, \frac{\partial L_1}{\partial y_{i-1}} \right\} = -\frac{\Delta X_i}{|\Delta X_i|}\end{aligned}\tag{6}$$

Similarly,

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial L_1}{\partial x_i} &= \frac{(x_i - x_{i-1})}{\sqrt{(x_i - x_{i-1})^2 + (y_i - y_{i-1})^2}} \\ \frac{\partial L_1}{\partial y_i} &= \frac{(y_i - y_{i-1})}{\sqrt{(x_i - x_{i-1})^2 + (y_i - y_{i-1})^2}} \\ \frac{\partial L_1}{\partial X_i} &= \left\{ \frac{\partial L_1}{\partial x_i}, \frac{\partial L_1}{\partial y_i} \right\} = \frac{\Delta X_i}{|\Delta X_i|}\end{aligned}\tag{7}$$

Suppose: $L_2 = \Delta X_i^T \cdot \Delta X_{i+1} = (x_i - x_{i-1})(x_{i+1} - x_i) + (y_i - y_{i-1})(y_{i+1} - y_i)$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\varphi L_2}{\varphi X_{i-1}} &= \left\{ \frac{\varphi L_2}{\varphi x_{i-1}}, \frac{\varphi L_2}{\varphi y_{i-1}} \right\} \\ &= \{-(x_{i+1} - x_i), -(y_{i+1} - y_i)\} \\ &= -\Delta X_{i+1}\end{aligned}\tag{8}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\varphi L_2}{\varphi X_i} &= \left\{ \frac{\varphi L_2}{\varphi x_i}, \frac{\varphi L_2}{\varphi y_i} \right\} \\ &= \{(x_{i+1} - x_i) - (x_i - x_{i-1}), (y_{i+1} - y_i) - (y_i - y_{i-1})\} \\ &= \Delta X_{i+1} - \Delta X_i\end{aligned}\tag{9}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\varphi L_2}{\varphi X_{i+1}} &= \left\{ \frac{\varphi L_2}{\varphi x_{i+1}}, \frac{\varphi L_2}{\varphi y_{i+1}} \right\} \\ &= \{(x_i - x_{i-1}), (y_i - y_{i-1})\} \\ &= \Delta X_i\end{aligned}\tag{10}$$

We also define:

$$\begin{aligned}p_0 &= \frac{\varphi \Delta \phi_i}{\varphi \cos(\Delta \phi_i)} \\ &= \frac{\varphi \cos^{-1}(\cos(\Delta \phi_i))}{\cos(\Delta \phi_i)} \\ &= \frac{-1}{(1 - \cos^2(\Delta \phi_i))^{\frac{1}{2}}}\end{aligned}\tag{11}$$

3 Derivatives of $\cos(\Delta\phi_i)$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\varphi \cos(\Delta\phi_i)}{\varphi X_{i-1}} &= \frac{1}{|\Delta X_{i+1}|} \cdot \frac{\varphi \frac{\Delta X_i^T \cdot \Delta X_{i+1}}{|\Delta X_i|}}{\varphi X_{i-1}} \\
&= \frac{1}{|\Delta X_{i+1}|} \cdot \frac{-\Delta X_{i+1} \cdot |\Delta X_i| - \Delta X_i^T \cdot \Delta X_{i+1} \cdot \frac{-\Delta X_i}{|\Delta X_i|}}{|\Delta X_i|^2} \\
&= \frac{1}{|\Delta X_{i+1}|} \cdot \left(-\frac{\Delta X_{i+1}}{|\Delta X_i|} + \frac{\Delta X_i^T \cdot \Delta X_{i+1}}{|\Delta X_i|^3} \cdot \Delta X_i \right) \\
&= \frac{1}{|\Delta X_{i+1}| \cdot |\Delta X_i|} \cdot \left(-\Delta X_{i+1} + \frac{\Delta X_{i+1}^T \cdot \Delta X_i}{|\Delta X_i|^2} \cdot \Delta X_i \right) \\
&= p_2
\end{aligned} \tag{12}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\varphi \cos(\Delta\phi_i)}{\varphi X_{i+1}} &= \frac{1}{|\Delta X_i|} \cdot \frac{\varphi \frac{\Delta X_i^T \cdot \Delta X_{i+1}}{|\Delta X_{i+1}|}}{\varphi X_{i+1}} \\
&= \frac{1}{|\Delta X_i|} \cdot \frac{\Delta X_i \cdot |\Delta X_{i+1}| - \Delta X_i^T \cdot \Delta X_{i+1} \cdot \frac{\Delta X_{i+1}}{|\Delta X_{i+1}|}}{|\Delta X_{i+1}|^2} \\
&= \frac{1}{|\Delta X_i|} \cdot \left(\frac{\Delta X_i}{|\Delta X_{i+1}|} - \frac{\Delta X_i^T \cdot \Delta X_{i+1}}{|\Delta X_{i+1}|^3} \cdot \Delta X_{i+1} \right) \\
&= \frac{1}{|\Delta X_{i+1}| \cdot |\Delta X_i|} \cdot \left(\Delta X_i - \frac{\Delta X_{i+1}^T \cdot \Delta X_i}{|\Delta X_{i+1}|^2} \cdot \Delta X_{i+1} \right) \\
&= p_1
\end{aligned} \tag{13}$$

Similarly, we can derive:

$$\frac{\varphi \cos(\Delta\phi_i)}{\varphi X_i} = -p_1 - p_2 \tag{14}$$

4 Derivatives of κ_i

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\varphi \kappa_i}{\varphi X_{i-1}} &= \frac{\frac{\varphi \Delta \Phi_i}{\varphi X_{i-1}} \cdot |\Delta X_i| - \Delta \phi_i \cdot \frac{|\varphi \Delta X_i|}{\varphi X_{i-1}}}{|\Delta X_i|^2} \\
&= \frac{1}{|\Delta X_i|} \cdot \frac{\varphi \Delta \phi_i}{\varphi \cos(\Delta\phi_i)} \cdot \frac{\varphi \cos(\Delta\phi_i)}{\varphi X_{i-1}} - \frac{\Delta \phi_i}{|\Delta X_i|^2} \cdot \frac{\varphi |\Delta X_i|}{\varphi X_{i-1}}
\end{aligned} \tag{15}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\varphi \kappa_i}{\varphi X_i} &= \frac{\frac{\varphi \Delta \Phi_i}{\varphi X_i} \cdot |\Delta X_i| - \Delta \phi_i \cdot \frac{|\varphi \Delta X_i|}{\varphi X_i}}{|\Delta X_i|^2} \\
&= \frac{1}{|\Delta X_i|} \cdot \frac{\varphi \Delta \phi_i}{\varphi \cos(\Delta\phi_i)} \cdot \frac{\varphi \cos(\Delta\phi_i)}{\varphi X_i} - \frac{\Delta \phi_i}{|\Delta X_i|^2} \cdot \frac{\varphi |\Delta X_i|}{\varphi X_i}
\end{aligned} \tag{16}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\varphi \kappa_i}{\varphi X_{i+1}} &= \frac{\frac{\varphi \Delta \Phi_i}{\varphi X_{i+1}} \cdot |\Delta X_i| - \Delta \phi_i \cdot \frac{|\varphi \Delta X_i|}{\varphi X_{i+1}}}{|\Delta X_i|^2} \\
&= \frac{1}{|\Delta X_i|} \cdot \frac{\varphi \Delta \phi_i}{\varphi \cos(\Delta\phi_i)} \cdot \frac{\varphi \cos(\Delta\phi_i)}{\varphi X_{i+1}} \quad \left(\frac{\varphi |\Delta X_i|}{\varphi X_{i+1}} = 0 \right)
\end{aligned} \tag{17}$$