

Recitation 11: Linked List Basics

Topic

- linked lists

Recitation Instructions

There are two programs given for this recitation. Both are required.
 Complete Program ONE first, have your lab worker approve it for a grade and then, if Program ONE was approved, proceed to Program TWO.
 Complete Program TWO, then have your lab worker approve it for a grade.

Again, both programs are required for this recitation.

Recitation Project(s)

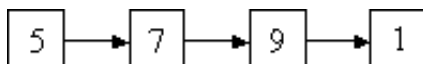
Program ONE

Create and test the function(s) needed for this problem.

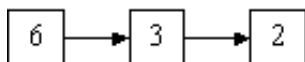
Splice a singly linked list of ints into another list of ints given a pointer to the node that you will insert after.

E.g.:

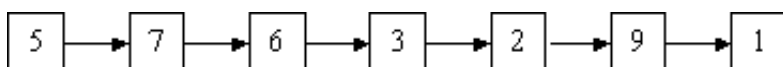
If the original list was



and the list to splice in was



and if the function is passed a pointer to node containing the 7 in the original list, the resultant list would be



Note that the 6 → 3 → 2 list was spliced into the original list after the node containing the 7.

Requirements:

- you must use this attached provided code to work from
- the splice-into function must be void

Assumptions:

- the function will not attempt to splice before the first node in the original list

Considerations:

- Do not use any other code from the course's sample code
- can we use the code that splices a list between two nodes to splice a list after the last node?

Testing:

- print both lists before the splice and print the original list after splicing.

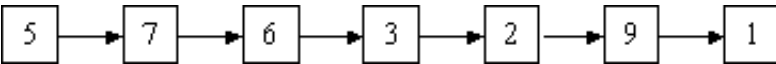
Program TWO


Create and test the function(s) needed for this problem.


Given two lists of ints, is the second list a sublist of the first?

E.g.:

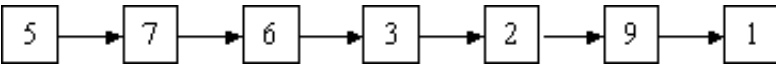
Situation: Second list is a sublist of the first.

If the list to be searched is 

and the list to be looked for is 

the function should return a pointer to the node  in the list to be searched.

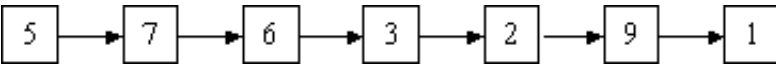
Situation: Second list is not a sublist of the first.

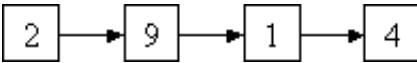
If the list to be searched is 

and the list to be looked for is 

the function should return `nullptr`.

Situation: Second list is not a sublist of the first.

If the list to be searched is 

and the list to be looked for is 

the function should return `nullptr`.

Requirements:

- the `isSubList` function must return a pointer to the node where the sublist starts in the searched list or `nullptr` if not found

Considerations:

- what if there is more than one match of the sublist

Testing:

- print the lists
- print the list returned by the `isSubList` function

See the Sample Output