Preliminary ELSA Machine Learnings Tests

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Data consolidation process

In this section, we process the data to get it into a format where each row is a child.

Child and Teacher Observation

First we input the child and teacher observations and process them.

For each child in the COP data, we calculate:

- 1) The average for the child for each of the indicators across sweeps
- 2) The class average for each indicator omitting the child her/himself
- 3) The class standard deviation for each indicator *omitting* the child her/himself (only including children with 10 or more sweeps)

We then calculate the class average of the TOP indicators for the adults in the class by averaging across sweeps, and merge this data (one to many) with the child-level data. This merged data set contains XXX children in XXX classes

```
#Input the Year One long child and teacher observation data
y1_child_obs_raw <- read.dta13("y1o_c_long.dta")</pre>
y1_teacher_obs_raw <- read.dta13("y1o_t_long.dta")</pre>
y1_coverpage_obs <- read.dta13("y1o_coverpage.dta")</pre>
#Re-format the child data so that it is one row per child
y1_child_obs <- y1_child_obs_raw %>%
  mutate(cid = ifelse(childid == "N/A", o_c_uniqueid, childid)) %>%
  group_by(cid, classid) %>%
  mutate(nsweeps = n()) %>%
  mutate_at(vars(o_c_verbal:o_c_focus), as.character) %>%
  select(c(classid, nsweeps, o_c_verbal:o_c_focus)) %>%
  dummy_cols(select_columns = c("o_c_verbal", "o_c_towhom", "o_c_schedule", "o_c_interaction", "o_c_typ
             remove_selected_columns = TRUE) %>%
  group_by(classid, cid) %>%
  # replaced everything() with nsweeps:last_col()
  summarize(across(nsweeps:last_col(), ~ mean(.x, na.rm = TRUE))) %>%
  filter(nsweeps >= 10 ) %>% #THIS IS AN ARBITRARY PARAMETER
  group_by(classid) %>%
  mutate(nclass = n()) %>%
  # ifelse takes care of the case where there is only one student per class
  mutate(across(starts_with("o_c"), ~
                  (ifelse(get('nclass') == 1, .x, ((sum(.x, na.rm = TRUE) -.x) /
                                                      get('nclass')))), .names =
```

```
"{col}_classmean")) %>%
  mutate(across(starts_with("o_c") & !ends_with("classmean"), ~
                  (ifelse(get('nclass') == 1, 0, sqrt((sum((.x - get(str_c(cur_column(),
                                                                             ' classmean')))^2) -
                                                          (.x - get(str_c(cur_column(),
                                                                          ' classmean')))^2) /
                                                         get('nclass')))), .names =
                  "{col} classsd")) %>%
  ungroup
## Adding missing grouping variables: `cid`
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'classid'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
#Re-format the teacher data so that it is one row per class
y1_teacher_obs <- y1_teacher_obs_raw %>%
  dummy_cols(select_columns = c("o_t_verbal_o", "o_t_whom_o", "o_t_schedule_o",
                                "o_t_task_o", "o_t_instruct", "o_t_focus_o",
                                "o_t_tone_o", "o_t_attention_o", "o_t_es_o"),
             remove_selected_columns = TRUE) %>%
    group_by(classid) %>%
  summarize(
    nsweeps = n(),
    nadult = length(unique(o t uniqueid)),
    across(starts_with(c("o_t_verbal_o", "o_t_whom_o", "o_t_schedule_o",
                                "o_t_task_o", "o_t_instruct", "o_t_focus_o",
                                "o_t_tone_o", "o_t_attention_o", "o_t_es_o")),
           ~ mean(.x, na.rm = TRUE))) %>%
  select(-ends_with("_")) %>%
  ungroup
#Merge teacher and child observations
y1_obs <- left_join(y1_child_obs, y1_teacher_obs, by = "classid")</pre>
table(y1_teacher_obs$nadult)
##
   1 2 3 4
##
                     5
## 131 376 135 25
#Input the Year One long child and teacher observation data
y2_child_obs_raw <- read.dta13("y2o_c_long.dta")</pre>
y2 teacher obs raw <- read.dta13("y2o t long.dta")</pre>
y2_coverpage_obs <- read.dta13("y2o_coverpage.dta")</pre>
mean(y2_coverpage_obs$classid %in% y1_coverpage_obs$classid)
## [1] 0.2031008
#Re-format the child data so that it is one row per child
y2_child_obs <- y2_child_obs_raw %>%
 mutate(cid = ifelse(cid == "N/A", o_c_uniqueid, cid)) %>%
  group_by(cid, classid) %>%
  mutate(nsweeps = n()) %>%
  mutate_at(vars(o_c_verbal:o_c_focus), as.character) %>%
  select(c(classid, nsweeps, o_c_verbal:o_c_focus)) %>%
```

```
dummy_cols(select_columns = c("o_c_verbal", "o_c_towhom", "o_c_schedule", "o_c_interaction", "o_c_typ
             remove_selected_columns = TRUE) %>%
  group_by(classid, cid) %>%
  # replaced everything() with nsweeps:last_col()
  summarize(across(nsweeps:last_col(), ~ mean(.x, na.rm = TRUE))) %>%
  filter(nsweeps >= 10 ) %>% #THIS IS AN ARBITRARY PARAMETER
  group_by(classid) %>%
  mutate(nclass = n()) %>%
    # ifelse takes care of the case where there is only one student per class
  mutate(across(starts_with("o_c"), ~
                  (ifelse(get('nclass') == 1, .x, ((sum(.x, na.rm = TRUE) -.x) /
                                                      get('nclass')))), .names =
                  "{col}_classmean")) %>%
  mutate(across(starts_with("o_c") & !ends_with("classmean"), ~
                  (ifelse(get('nclass') == 1, 0, sqrt((sum((.x - get(str_c(cur_column(),
                                                                             '_classmean')))^2) -
                                                          (.x - get(str_c(cur_column(),
                                                                          '_classmean')))^2) /
                                                         get('nclass')))), .names =
                  "{col}_classsd")) %>%
 ungroup
## Adding missing grouping variables: `cid`
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'classid'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
#Re-format the teacher data so that it is one row per class
y2_teacher_obs <- y2_teacher_obs_raw %>%
  dummy_cols(select_columns = c("o_t_verbal_o", "o_t_whom_o", "o_t_schedule_o",
                                "o t task o", "o t instruct", "o t focus o",
                                "o_t_tone_o", "o_t_attention_o", "o_t_es_o"),
             remove_selected_columns = TRUE) %>%
    group_by(classid) %>%
  summarize(
   nsweeps = n(),
   nadult = length(unique(o_t_uniqueid)),
    across(starts_with(c("o_t_verbal_o", "o_t_whom_o", "o_t_schedule_o",
                                "o_t_task_o", "o_t_instruct", "o_t_focus_o",
                                "o_t_tone_o", "o_t_attention_o", "o_t_es_o")),
            ~ mean(.x, na.rm = TRUE))) %>%
  select(-ends with(" ")) %>%
  ungroup
#Extract the caretype from the observation sheet
## ASK -- what is meant by this?
#Merge teacher and child observations
y2_obs <- left_join(y2_child_obs, y2_teacher_obs, by = "classid")</pre>
Below we now input the child-level outcome data. We focus on the outcomes that Emily suggested, and
```

extract the year 1 and year 2 values for each child and then merge to create a single dataset.

```
#Get Year 1 and Year 2 child data
y1_child_outcomes_raw <- read.dta13("y1c.dta")</pre>
y2_child_outcomes_raw <- read.dta13("y2c.dta")</pre>
```

```
#Rename all y1 variables and y2 variables so we don't lose them when merging
y1_child_outcomes <- y1_child_outcomes_raw %>%
  select(cid, c_mefs_str, c_pt_pcorrect, c_ltr_cogsoc_comp, c_ltr_emo_comp,
         c_pra_total, c_pbsa_total, c_quils_total_raw, c_wjlw_str, c_wjap_str) %>%
  rename_all( ~ paste0("y1_", .x)) %>%
  mutate(cid = as.character(y1_cid))
y2_child_outcomes <- y2_child_outcomes_raw %>%
  select(cid, c_mefs_str, c_pt_pcorrect, c_ltr_cogsoc_comp, c_ltr_emo_comp,
         c_pbsa_allgrades_total, c_pra_allgrades_total, c_quils_total_raw,
         c_wjlw_str, c_wjap_str, c_age_cat_test, c_age_test) %>%
  rename(c_pra_total = c_pra_allgrades_total,
         c_pbsa_total = c_pbsa_allgrades_total) %>%
  rename_all( ~ paste0("y2_", .x)) %>%
  mutate(cid = as.character(y2_cid))
#Merge Y2 and Y1 data together and calculate the gain score for each of the outcomes
child_outcomes <- merge(y1_child_outcomes, y2_child_outcomes, by = "cid") %>%
  mutate(gain_c_mefs_str = y2_c_mefs_str - y1_c_mefs_str,
         gain_c_pt_pcorrect = y2_c_pt_pcorrect - y1_c_pt_pcorrect,
         gain_c_ltr_cogsoc_comp = y2_c_ltr_cogsoc_comp - y1_c_ltr_cogsoc_comp,
         gain_c_ltr_emo_comp = y2_c_ltr_emo_comp - y1_c_ltr_emo_comp,
         gain_c_pra_total = y2_c_pra_total - y1_c_pra_total,
         gain_c_pbsa_total = y2_c_pbsa_total - y1_c_pbsa_total,
         gain_c_quils_total_raw = y2_c_quils_total_raw - y1_c_quils_total_raw,
         gain_c_wjlw_str = y2_c_wjlw_str - y1_c_wjlw_str,
         gain_c_wjap_str = y2_c_wjap_str - y1_c_wjap_str,
         cid = as.numeric(cid))
```

Finally, we merge together the Year 1 observation data with the Year 1 & 2 child outcome data and add in care type. We omit observations that have no classroom observation resulting in a total analytic dataframe of 1169 observations of 64 variables.

```
#Merge in the outcomes data
y1_obs <- y1_obs %>%
  filter(!is.na(cid)) %>%
 mutate(cid = as.numeric(cid))
## Warning in mask$eval_all_mutate(quo): NAs introduced by coercion
outcomes_and_obs_y1 <- left_join(child_outcomes, y1_obs, by = "cid") %>%
  mutate(cid = as.character(cid))
#Add in the care type
caretype <- read.dta13("y1caretype.dta") %>%
  mutate(cid = as.character(cid))
#Remove observations that have no care type or no classroom observation
outcomes_and_obs_full_y1 <- left_join(outcomes_and_obs_y1, caretype, by = "cid") %>%
  mutate(hasobservation = is.na(classid)) %>%
  filter(!is.na(caretype)) %>%
 filter(!is.na(classid))
# outcomes_and_obs_full_y1 <- outcomes_and_obs %>%
```

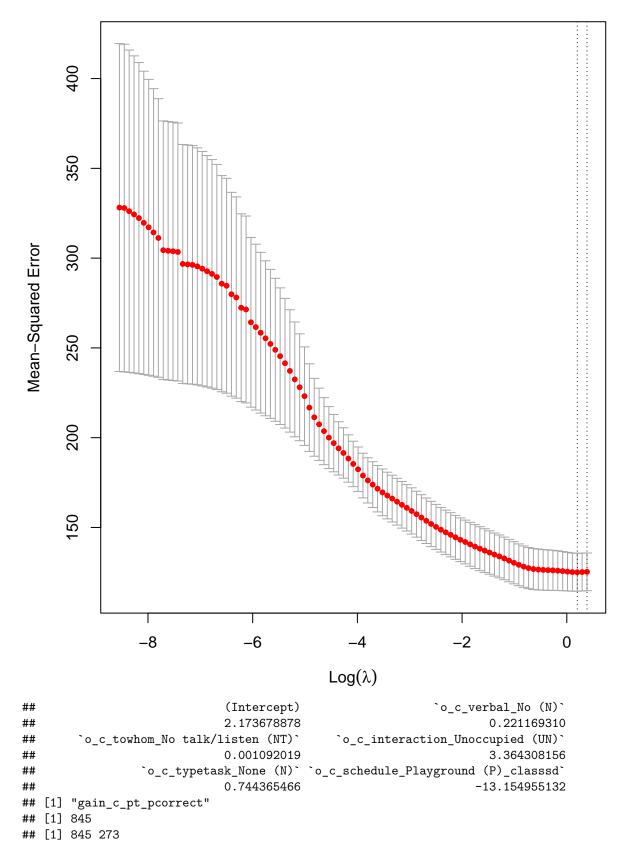
```
filter(!is.na(classid))
#Remove Y1 and Y2 data for cleanliness
outcomes_and_obs_full_y1 <- outcomes_and_obs_full_y1 %>%
  select(-starts_with(c("y1", "y2")))
#Remove some irrelevant variables
outcomes_and_obs_full_y1 <- outcomes_and_obs_full_y1 %>%
  select(-c(famid, dob:dob_uncertain, actual_fcc:hasobservation)) %>%
  mutate(caretype = as.factor(caretype),
         actualtype = as.factor(actualtype))
# replaces missing data with mean (if numeric) and mode (if factor)
getmode <- function(x) {</pre>
 ux <- unique(x)
  ux[which.max(tabulate(match(x, ux)))]
replace.na <- function(var){</pre>
  ifelse(is.na(var) | is.nan(var),
         ifelse(is.factor(var), getmode(var), mean(var)), var)
# names(outcomes_and_obs_full_y1)
outcomes_and_obs_full_y1 <- outcomes_and_obs_full_y1 %>%
  mutate_at(vars("o_c_verbal_Fuss/Cry (FC)":actualtype), replace.na)
# what is o_t_sched_t supposed to be for? replacing with actualtype for now just to run analysis
# replacing all NaNs in hopes that it will fix the model matrix issue
# originally was o_c_verbal_talk:o_t_sched_t
dim(outcomes_and_obs_full_y1)
## [1] 1169 284
```

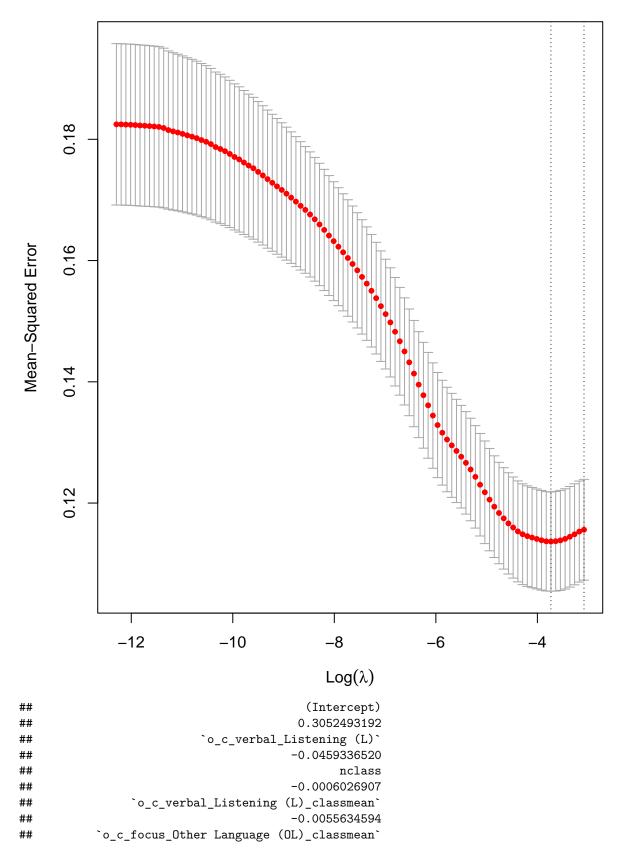
Analysis

We will first try a cross-validated LASSO, which will aggressively remove variables that do little to improve the predictive accuracy of the model.

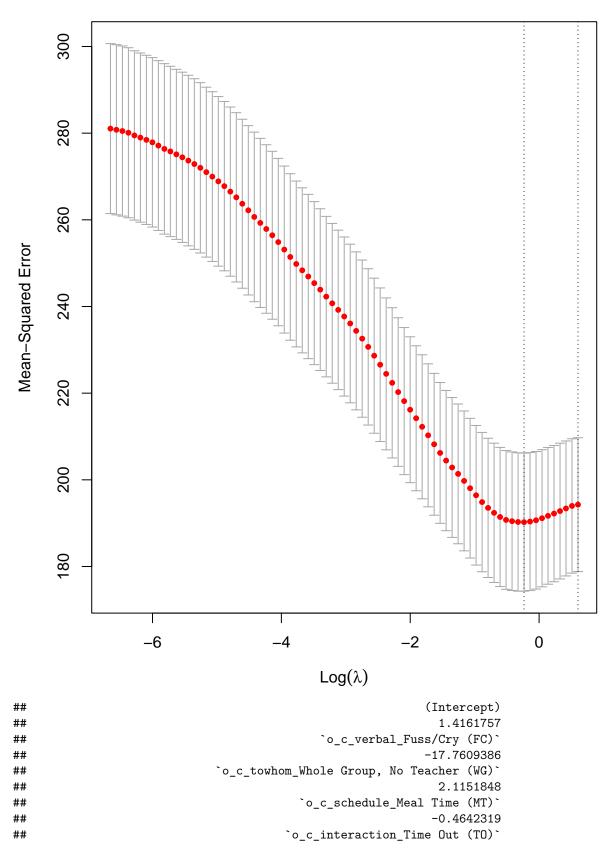
```
# looping through gain variables
# initiate two lists to store results of each model (for the graph and the coefficients)
# https://stackoverflow.com/questions/9332417/whats-a-good-way-to-store-multiple-models-in-an-r-data-st
set.seed(4224)
gain_ind <- which(startsWith(colnames(outcomes_and_obs_full_y1), "gain"))
models_y1 <- list()
coefs_y1 <- list()
# double check that the number of rows matches up with number of non-NAs
for (i in gain_ind) {</pre>
```

```
name <- names(outcomes_and_obs_full_y1)[i]</pre>
  df_analysis <- outcomes_and_obs_full_y1 %>%
   filter(!is.na(outcomes_and_obs_full_y1[[name]])) %>%
    select(c(name, "o_c_verbal_Fuss/Cry (FC)":actualtype))
  print(name)
  print(sum(!is.na(outcomes_and_obs_full_y1[[name]])))
  # double check that this is okay
  # options(na.action="na.pass")
  x = model.matrix(as.formula(paste(name, "~ .")), data = df_analysis)
 y = df_analysis[[name]]
 print(dim(x))
  x = x[, -1]
  # call cv.glmnet()
  model_lasso <- cv.glmnet(x = x, y = y, alpha = 1)</pre>
  plot(model_lasso)
 models_y1[[name]] <- model_lasso</pre>
  cc = coef(model_lasso, s = model_lasso$lambda.min)
  # print out the model coefficients and store in a list.
  cc = cc[cc[,1]!=0,1]
  coefs_y1[[name]] <- cc</pre>
 print(cc)
}
## Note: Using an external vector in selections is ambiguous.
## i Use `all_of(name)` instead of `name` to silence this message.
## i See <https://tidyselect.r-lib.org/reference/faq-external-vector.html>.
## This message is displayed once per session.
## [1] "gain_c_mefs_str"
## [1] 726
## [1] 726 273
```



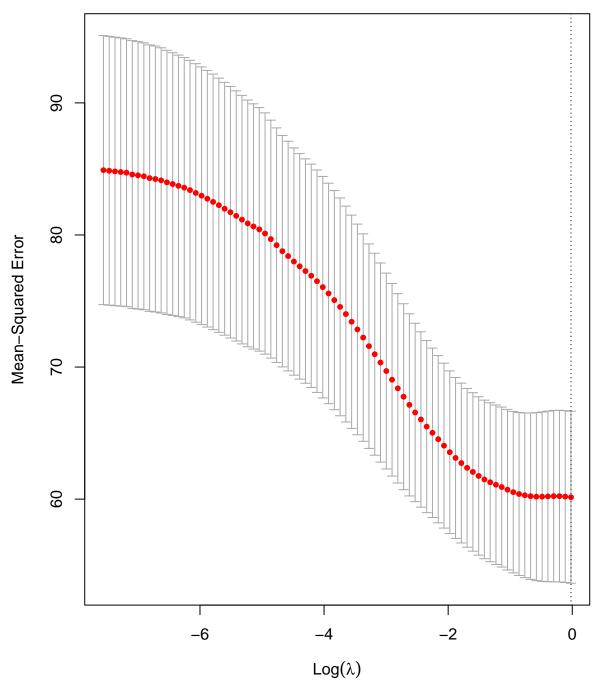


```
##
                                         4.2481342277
##
  `o_c_towhom_Whole Group, No Teacher (WG)_classsd`
                                         0.1853180202
##
##
              `o_c_focus_Language Arts (LA)_classsd`
                                        -0.0523185360
##
         `o_c_focus_Literacy - Writing (LW)_classsd`
##
                                        -0.9904268094
##
                        `o_c_focus_Math (M)_classsd`
##
                                        -0.0407739367
##
##
                                        o_t_whom_o_WG
                                         0.0059724025
##
##
                                        o_t_task_o_MA
                                        -0.1351439694
##
##
                                       o_t_focus_o_MM
                                         0.2820775333
##
## [1] "gain_c_ltr_cogsoc_comp"
## [1] 992
## [1] 992 273
```

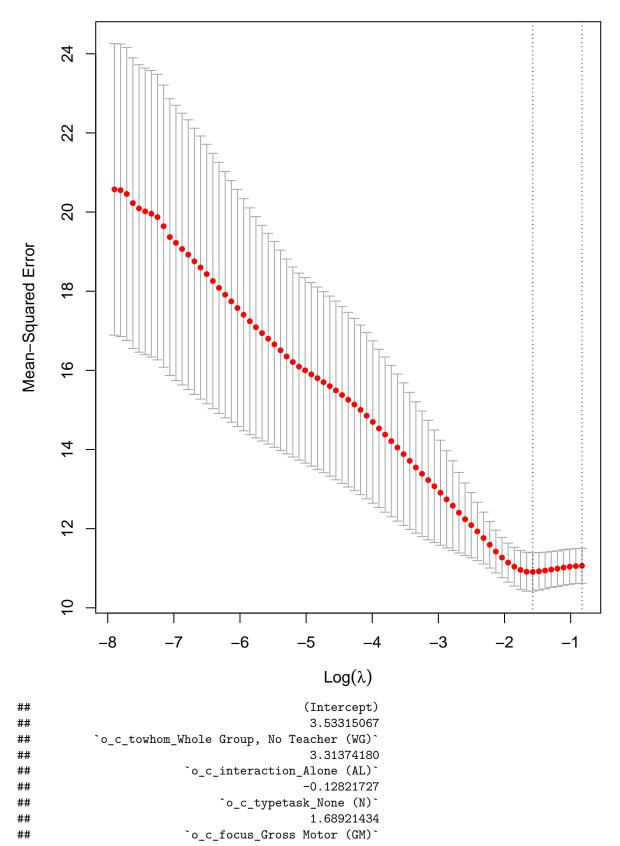


```
-25.1202456
##
                                         `o_c_typetask_Sequential (SQ)`
##
                                                              -0.8077267
##
##
                   `o_c_towhom_Whole Group, No Teacher (WG)_classmean`
##
                                                              31.0552407
##
                           `o_c_involvement_Medium High (MH)_classmean`
##
                                                               5.4951417
                                          `o_c_verbal_Talk (T)_classsd`
##
##
                                                               -7.7373801
##
   `o_c_schedule_Combination of Small Group and Centers (SGC)_classsd`
##
                                                              12.1845513
##
                                       `o_c_focus_Literacy (L)_classsd`
##
                                                              -6.8335190
##
                                                           o_t_whom_o_WG
##
                                                               5.2697447
##
                                                          o_t_instruct_4
##
                                                             183.9629565
##
                                                           o_t_focus_o_A
                                                              13.2264235
##
                                                          o_t_focus_o_LA
##
##
                                                               3.4019861
##
                                                              o_t_es_o_N
                                                              -1.8451693
##
## [1] "gain_c_ltr_emo_comp"
## [1] 992
## [1] 992 273
```

256 246 237 230 220 207 189 165 126 78 36 12 1

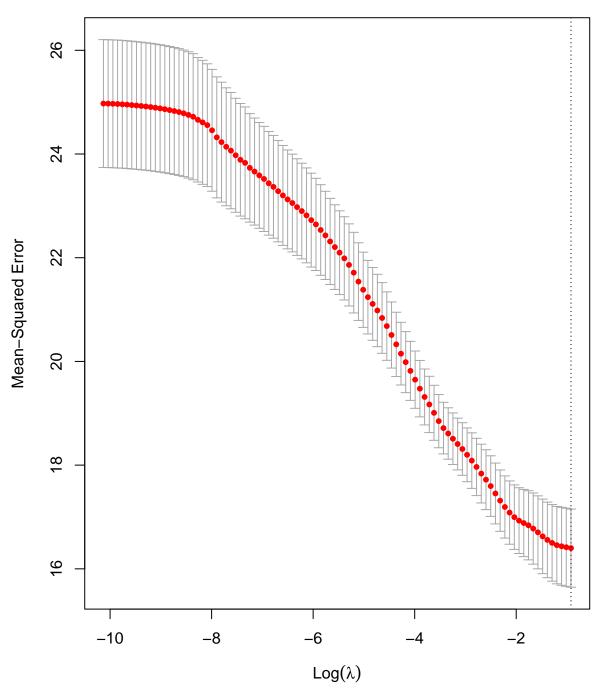


- ## [1] 0.6048387
- ## [1] "gain_c_pra_total"
- ## [1] 873
- ## [1] 873 273

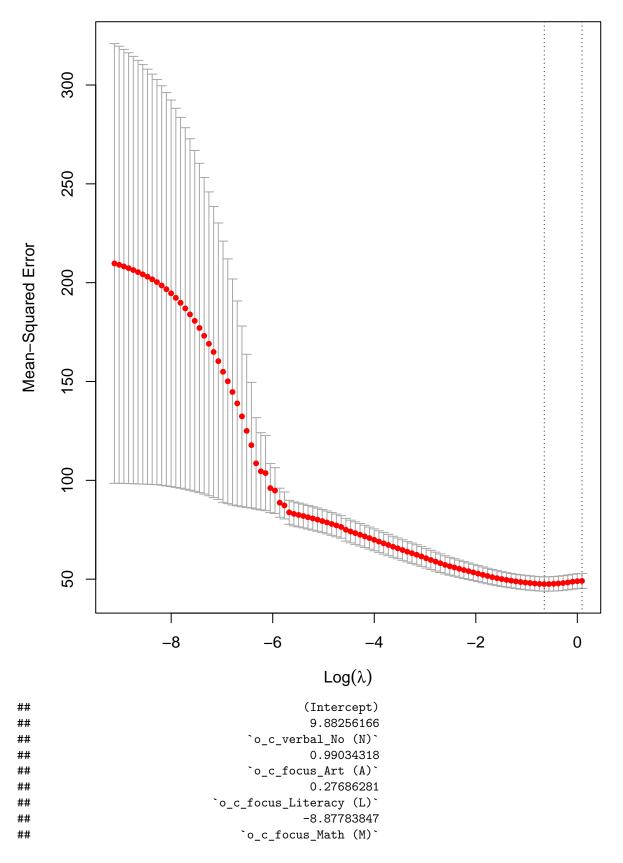


```
-0.49475305
##
##
                                 `o_c_focus_Math (M)`
                                           -0.16109778
##
##
                 `o_c_verbal_Listening (L)_classmean`
##
                                           -0.47228926
##
   `o_c_towhom_Child (C): One other child_classmean`
##
                                           -1.47793536
        `o_c_interaction_Associative (AS)_classmean`
##
##
                                           -1.13489454
##
         `o_c_interaction_Cooperative (C)_classmean`
##
                                           -2.50188111
        `o_c_involvement_Medium High (MH)_classmean`
##
                                           -0.97150006
##
       `o_c_focus_Literacy - Writing (LW)_classmean`
##
##
                                           -1.61965602
##
                       `o_c_focus_Math (M)_classmean`
##
                                           -0.02760322
##
                               o_c_focus_NA_classmean
##
                                          246.89104580
           `o_c_interaction_Cooperative (C)_classsd`
##
##
                                           -0.48343072
##
         `o_c_interaction_Non-Academic (NA)_classsd`
                                           -1.69647491
##
##
              `o_c_interaction_Parallel (P)_classsd`
##
                                            0.85640793
##
                           o_c_interaction_NA_classsd
##
                                           -6.91981028
##
          `o_c_involvement_Medium High (MH)_classsd`
##
                                           -1.07076624
   `o_c_focus_Language Arts - Writing (LAW)_classsd`
##
                                            0.56805682
##
         `o_c_focus_Literacy - Writing (LW)_classsd`
                                           -2.09035333
##
##
                         `o_c_focus_Math (M)_classsd`
                                           -0.38630437
##
##
                                         o_t_focus_o_M
                                           -0.16405547
## [1] "gain_c_pbsa_total"
## [1] 882
## [1] 882 273
```

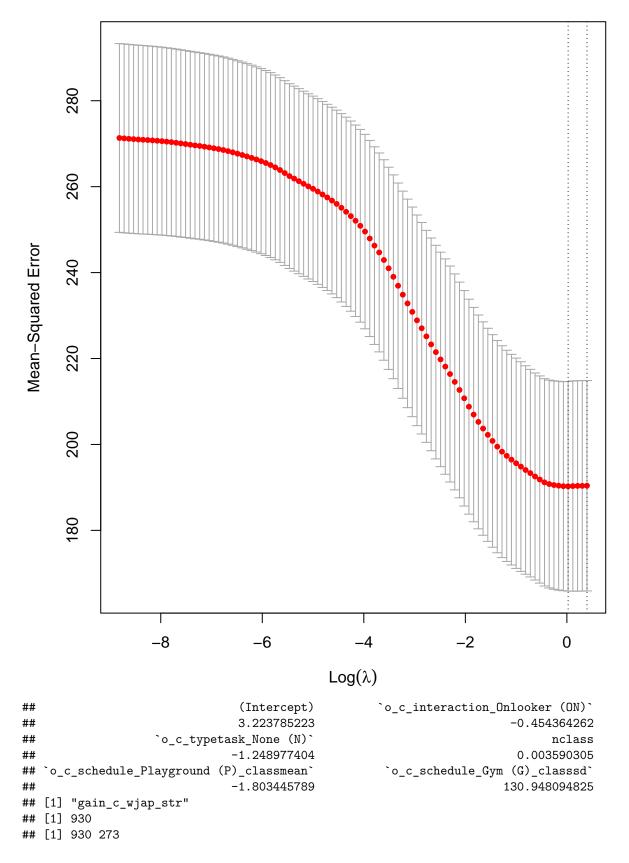
266 260 250 248 245 230 219 191 159 103 46 7

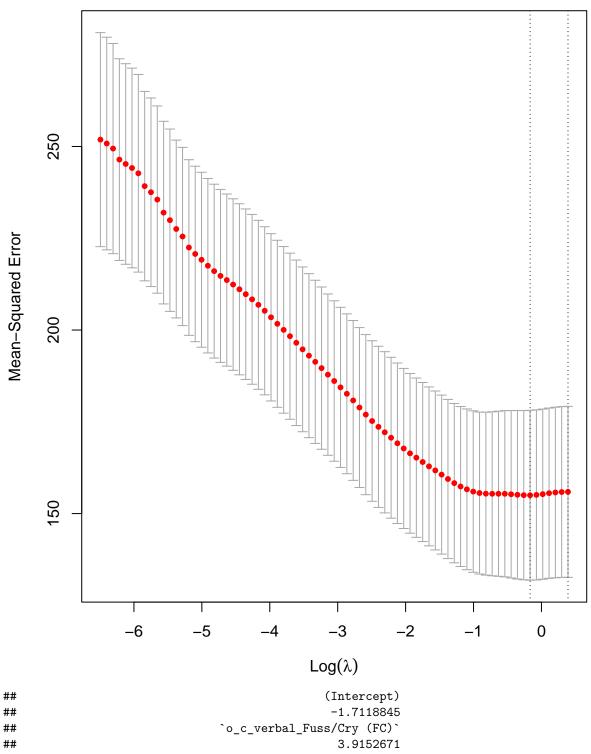


- ## [1] 4.002268
- ## [1] "gain_c_quils_total_raw"
- ## [1] 598
- ## [1] 598 273

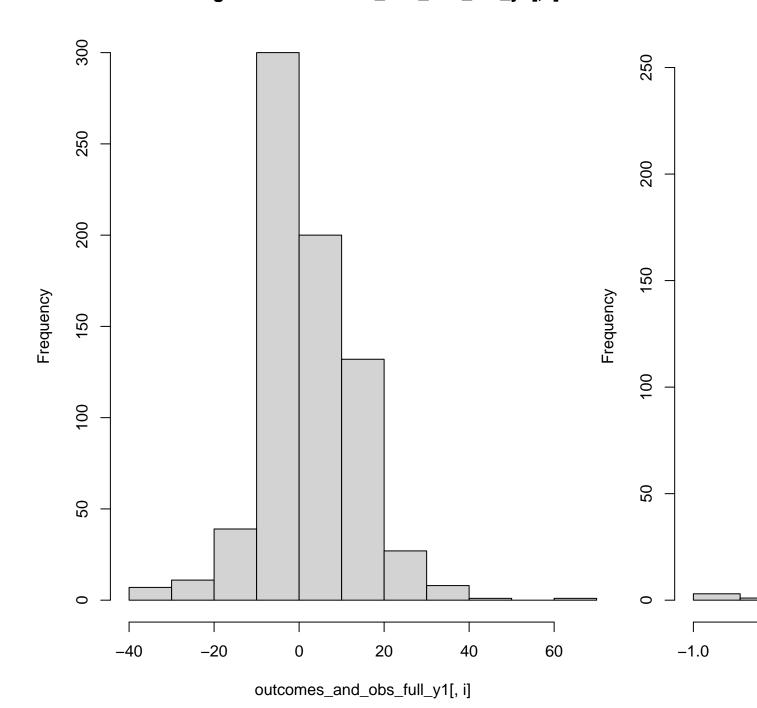


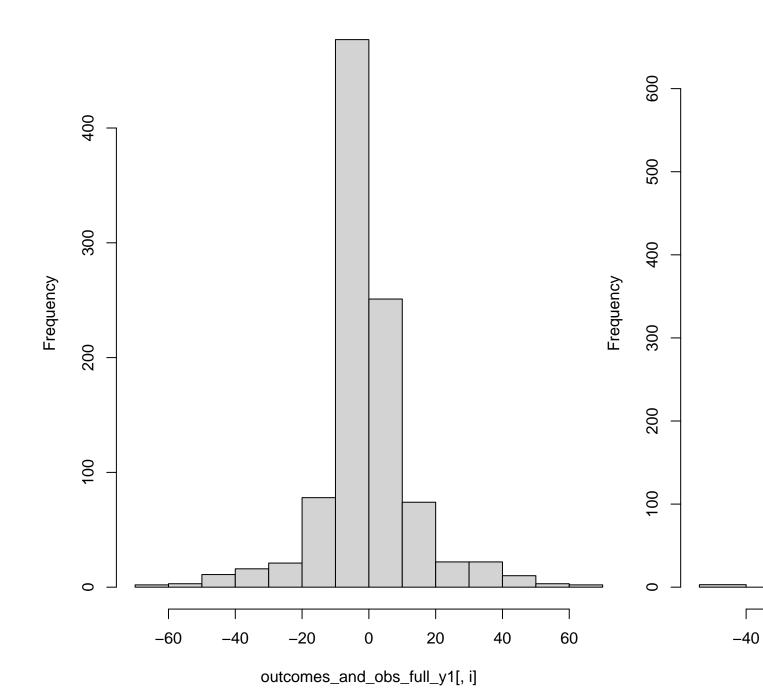
```
##
                                          -0.27749697
##
                `o_c_verbal_Listening (L)_classmean`
                                          -0.25690251
##
##
   `o_c_towhom_Child (C): One other child_classmean`
                                          -4.26085286
##
         `o_c_focus_Literacy - Writing (LW)_classsd`
##
                                         -29.81522243
##
##
                                       o_t_whom_o_WGT
                                          -7.30061756
##
                                        o_t_task_o_PC
##
                                           0.80159404
##
##
                                           o_t_es_o_N
                                          -0.85522749
##
##
                                                c_HHS
                                          -0.03029131
##
##
                                              caretype
##
                                          -0.05881235
## [1] "gain_c_wjlw_str"
## [1] 963
## [1] 963 273
```

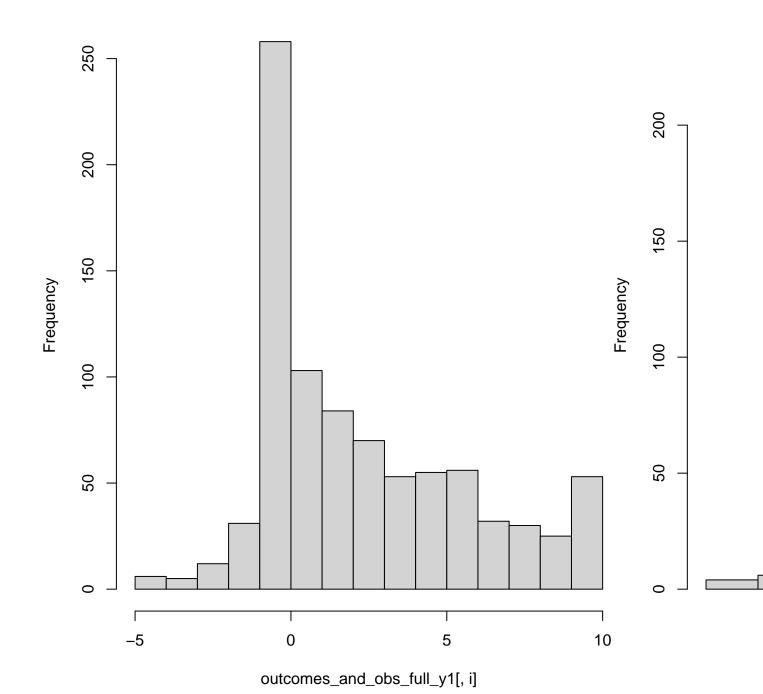


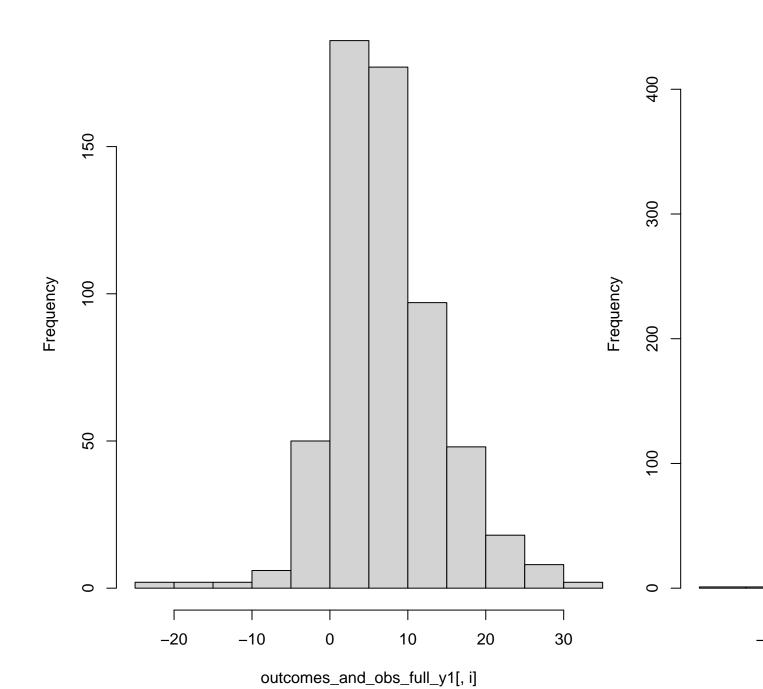


```
##
                                                 -0.2748754
##
                        `o_c_focus_Literacy (L)_classmean`
                                                 -7.3312070
##
##
                     `o_c_schedule_Meal Time (MT)_classsd`
                                                22.4575001
##
##
              `o_c_focus_Music and Movement (MM)_classsd`
##
                                                18.5014581
##
                                             o_t_task_o_MO
##
                                                  2.5417554
                                            o_t_instruct_4
##
                                              -136.8327412
##
##
                                                o_t_es_o_A
##
                                                11.5824504
##
                                                o_t_es_o_I
##
                                                61.4676665
for (i in gain_ind) {
  hist(outcomes_and_obs_full_y1[, i])
}
```

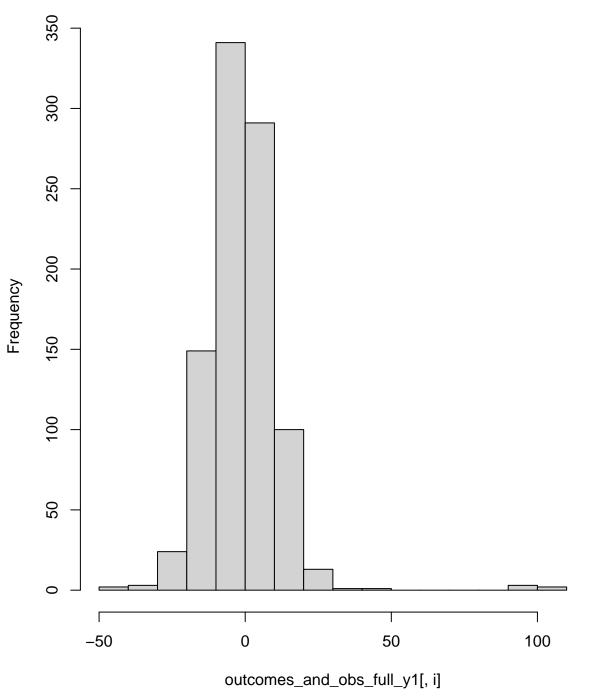








Histogram of outcomes_and_obs_full_y1[, i]



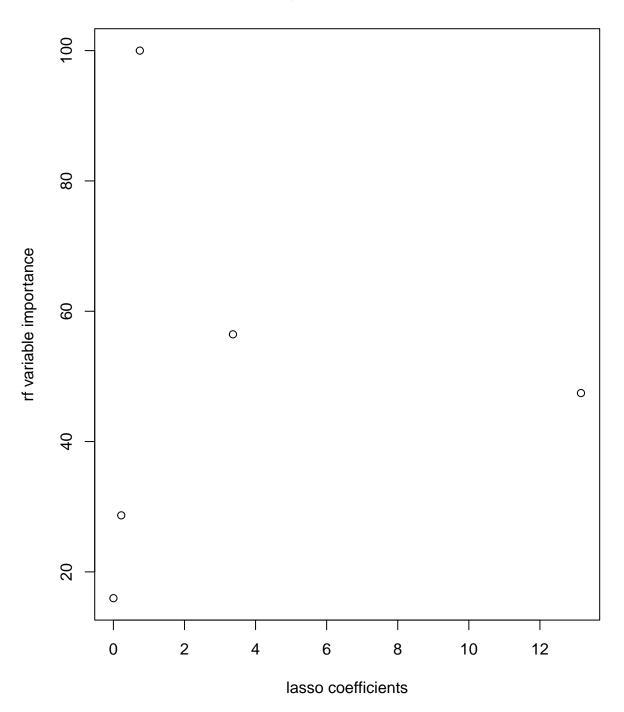
```
# loop through the names associated with each outcome -- add 1 to corresponding entry

count_coefs_y1 <- list()
for (outcome in coefs_y1) {
   for (name in names(outcome)) {
      if (name == '(Intercept)') {
          next
      }
}</pre>
```

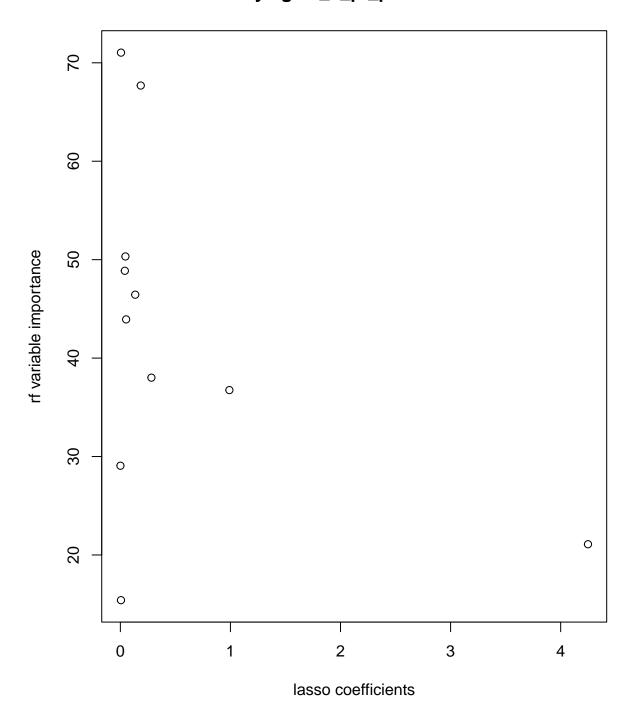
```
count_coefs_y1[[name]] <- ifelse(is.null(count_coefs_y1[[name]]), 1,</pre>
                                      count_coefs_y1[[name]] + 1)
 }
}
varimp_y1 <- list()</pre>
# NOTE: change to full data set here
test_data <- head(outcomes_and_obs_full_y1, 100)</pre>
# make sure this works with small subset of data
for (i in gain_ind) {
 name <- names(outcomes_and_obs_full_y1)[i]</pre>
  df_analysis <- test_data %>%
    filter(!is.na(test data[[name]])) %>%
    select(c(name, "o_c_verbal_Fuss/Cry (FC)":actualtype))
    # ask about verbal_fuss vs o_c_verbal_Talk(T) (original)
    # mutate_at(vars("o_c_verbal_Fuss/Cry (FC)":actualtype), replace.na)
  print(name)
  # options(na.action="na.pass")
  x = model.matrix(as.formula(paste(name, "~ .")), data = df_analysis)
  # Fit the random forest model
  rf_fit <- train(as.formula(paste(name, "~ .")), #Use all variables in the prediction
                data = df_analysis, #Use the training data
                method = "ranger",
                importance = "permutation",
                # ntree = 500.
                na.action=na.pass)
  varImp(rf_fit) %>%
    pluck(1) %>%
    rownames_to_column("var") %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = reorder(var, Overall), y = Overall)) +
    geom_col(fill = "grey75") +
    coord_flip() +
    theme minimal()
  # store variable importances as a data frame
  df <- as.data.frame(varImp(rf_fit)$importance)</pre>
  # arrange in descending order (most to least important), and put into list
  varimp_y1[[name]] <- df %>% arrange(desc(Overall))
}
## [1] "gain_c_mefs_str"
## [1] "gain_c_pt_pcorrect"
## [1] "gain_c_ltr_cogsoc_comp"
## [1] "gain_c_ltr_emo_comp"
## [1] "gain_c_pra_total"
## [1] "gain_c_pbsa_total"
## [1] "gain_c_quils_total_raw"
## [1] "gain c wjlw str"
## [1] "gain_c_wjap_str"
# comparing lasso and random forest results, for year 1
outcomes <- names(outcomes_and_obs_full_y1)[gain_ind]</pre>
```

```
for (outcome in outcomes) {
    # print(outcome)
    lasso_coefs <- coefs_y1[[outcome]]
    # get rid of intercept
    if (length(lasso_coefs) == 1) {
        next
    }
    lasso_coefs <- lasso_coefs[2:length(lasso_coefs)]
    rf_coefs <- varimp_y1[[outcome]]
    # this will be in the order of the coefficients in the lasso model
    overlap <- rf_coefs[names(lasso_coefs),]
    x <- rep(NA, length(lasso_coefs))
    for (i in 1:length(lasso_coefs)) {
        x[i] <- abs(lasso_coefs[[i]])
    }
    plot(x, overlap, xlab='lasso coefficients', ylab='rf variable importance', main=paste('y1', outcome))
}</pre>
```

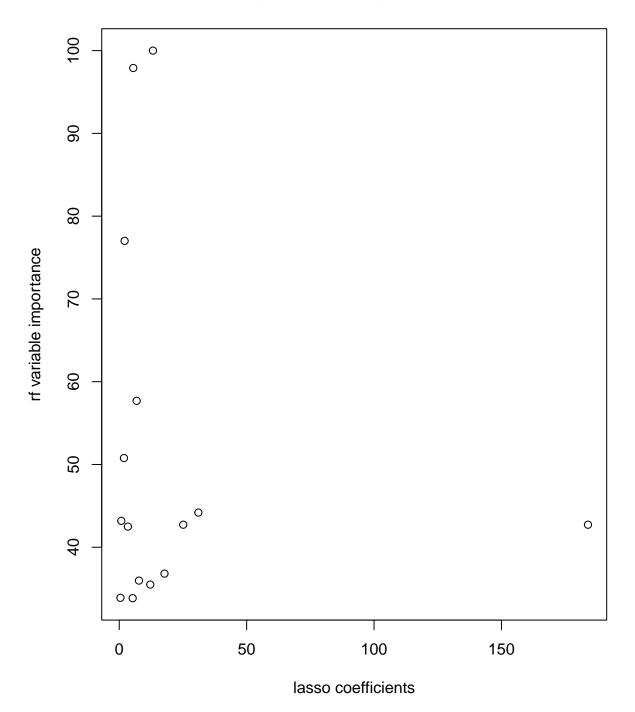
y1 gain_c_mefs_str



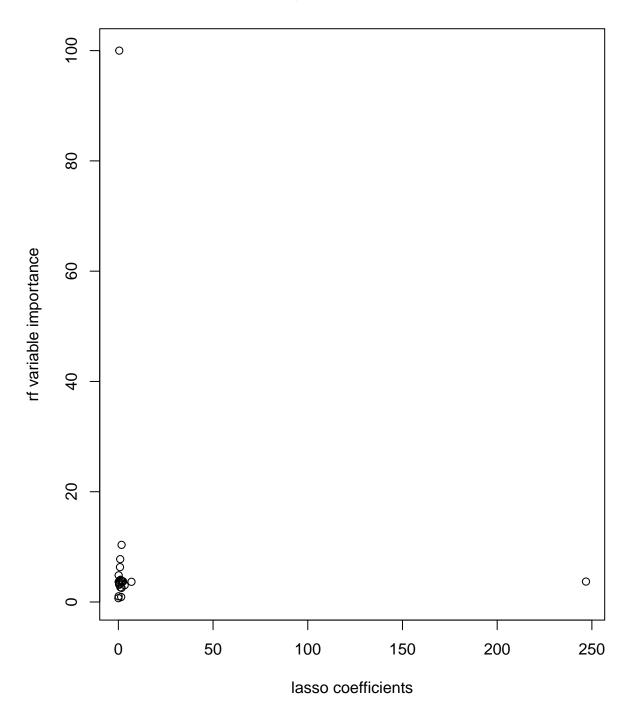
y1 gain_c_pt_pcorrect



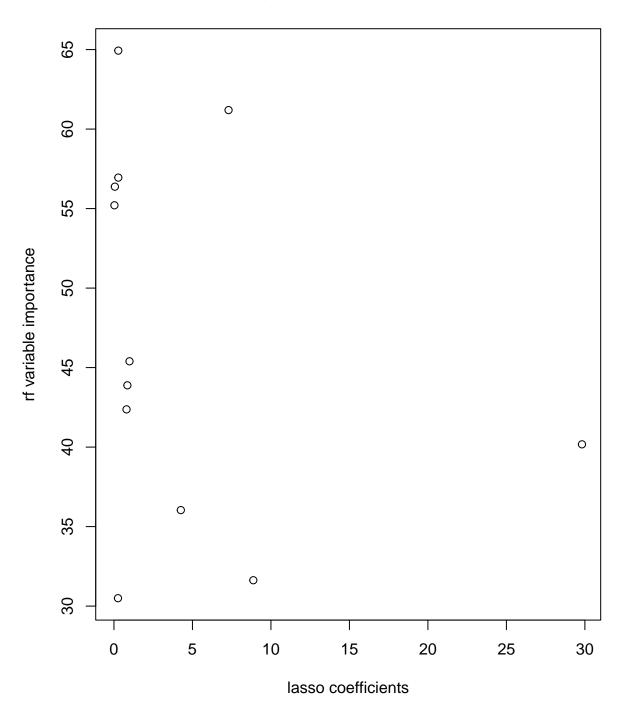
y1 gain_c_ltr_cogsoc_comp



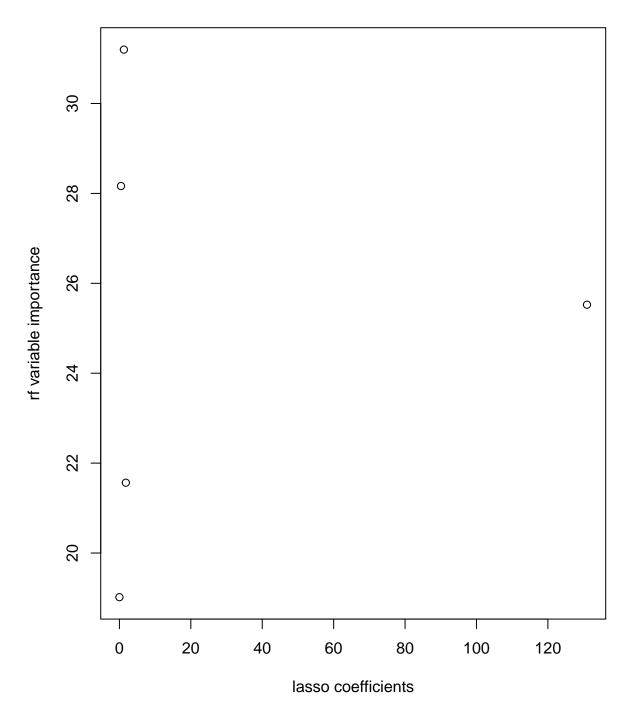
y1 gain_c_pra_total



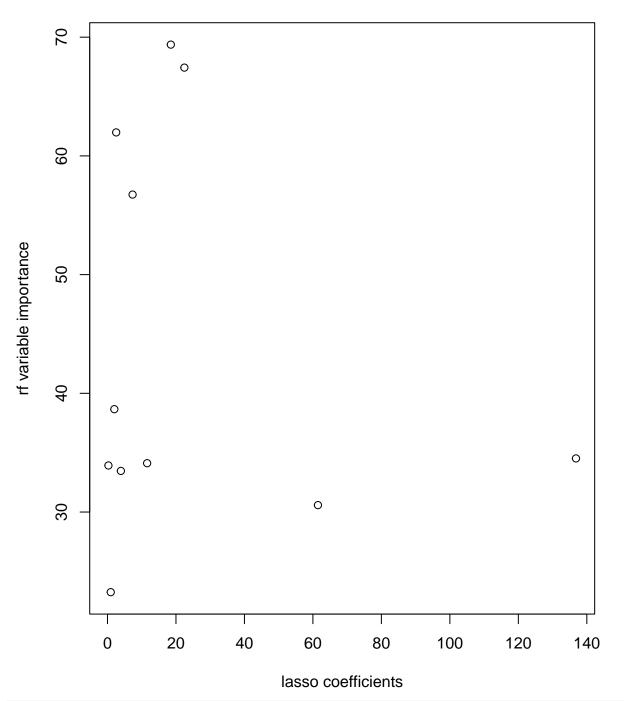
y1 gain_c_quils_total_raw



y1 gain_c_wjlw_str



y1 gain_c_wjap_str



```
#NOTES FROM MEETINGI 8/8

#1. Try Y2 observation data instead of Y1, and compare results

#2. Try a model with a bunch of predictors from Y1 Y2 -- looking at more demographic variables

# wait for Jonathan to see which demographic variables are important

#3. Use the particular caretype from the setting that is being observed in. (prov_type)

#Collapse CC-Community Based & CC- License Exempt --

#4. Include leave-out standard deviation for each predictor as well

#5. Incorporte child-level covariates -- wait for this one as well
```

```
#6. Age and elapsed time for assessment
# look for date in the cleaning process -- flag it and let Jonathan take closer look
## 4 is a priority, plus other things we discussed (on google doc)
# comparing random forest and lasso results -- scatter the absolute value of coefficients (double check
# should hopefully see some
# As far as I can tell, variable importance is measuring either: a) the percentage that the prediction
# I'm not sure if I will try to "unstandardize" the random forest results. I will use the magnitude of
# todo:
# 1. extract coefficient values for each selected variable from lasso - maybe store in data frame?
# 2. find a way to extract numeric value of variable importance - also store in data frame
# 3. merge data frames -- thinking one data frame per variable? so list of data frames
# 4. scatter values against each other
#Merge in the outcomes data
# Try Y2 observation data instead of y1, and compare results
# add this line in so that the merge is correctly executed
y2_obs <- y2_obs %>%
  filter(!is.na(cid)) %>%
  mutate(cid = as.numeric(cid))
outcomes and obs y2 <- left join(child outcomes, y2 obs, by = "cid") %>%
  mutate(cid = as.character(cid))
#Add in the care type -- confirm that it is supposed to be year-specific
caretype <- read.dta13("y2caretype.dta", nonint.factors = TRUE) %>%
  mutate(cid = as.character(cid))
#Remove observations that have no care type or no classroom observation
outcomes_and_obs_full_y2 <- left_join(outcomes_and_obs_y2, caretype, by = "cid") %>%
  mutate(hasobservation = is.na(classid)) %>%
  filter(!is.na(caretype)) %>%
 filter(!is.na(classid))
# outcomes_and_obs_full_y1 <- outcomes_and_obs %>%
# filter(!is.na(classid))
#Remove Y1 and Y2 data for cleanliness
outcomes_and_obs_full_y2 <- outcomes_and_obs_full_y2 %>%
  select(-starts_with(c("y1", "y2")))
#Remove some irrelevant variables
outcomes_and_obs_full_y2 <- outcomes_and_obs_full_y2 %>%
  # seems like provid is the same thing as famid in this case?
  select(-c(provid, dob, actualtype_fcc:hasobservation)) %>%
  mutate(caretype = as.factor(caretype),
         actualtype = as.factor(actualtype))
```

```
## INSERT SOME REPLACE.NA FUNCTION HERE

#There are some issues with NA and NaN in the observation data that will mess up our analysis. We will

replace.na <- function(var){
   ifelse(is.na(var) | is.nan(var), mean(var), var)}
}

# names(outcomes_and_obs_full_y1)
# double check whether mean imputation works for factors
outcomes_and_obs_full_y2 <- outcomes_and_obs_full_y2 %>%
   mutate_at(vars("o_c_verbal_Fuss/Cry (FC)":actualtype), replace.na)

# what is o_t_sched_t supposed to be for? replacing with actualtype for now just to run analysis

# replacing all NaNs in hopes that it will fix the model matrix issue
# originally was o_c_verbal_talk:o_t_sched_t

dim(outcomes_and_obs_full_y2)

## [1] 765 303
```

Analysis

We will first try a cross-validated LASSO, which will aggressively remove variables that do little to improve the predictive accuracy of the model.

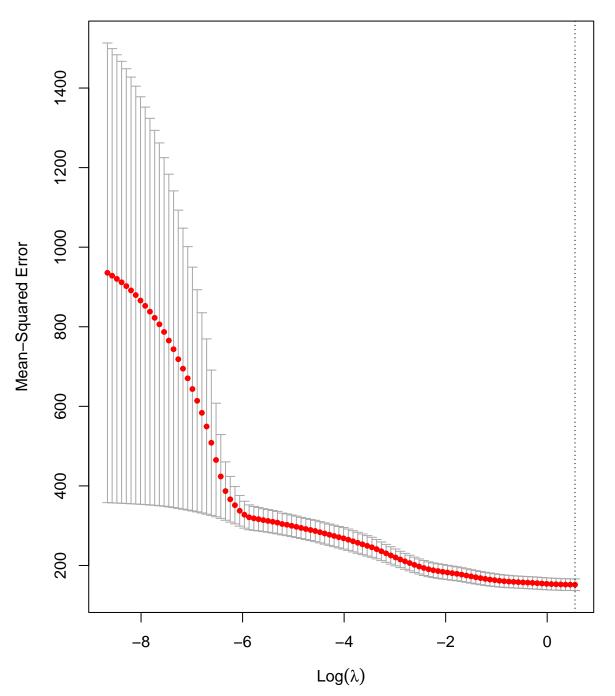
```
set.seed(4224)
gain_ind <- which(startsWith(colnames(outcomes_and_obs_full_y2), "gain"))</pre>
models_y2 <- list()</pre>
coefs_y2 <- list()</pre>
for (i in gain_ind) {
  name <- names(outcomes_and_obs_full_y2)[i]</pre>
  df_analysis <- outcomes_and_obs_full_y2 %>%
    filter(!is.na(outcomes_and_obs_full_y2[[name]])) %>%
    select(c(name, "o_c_verbal_Fuss/Cry (FC)":actualtype))
  print(name)
  options(na.action="na.pass")
  x = model.matrix(as.formula(paste(name, "~ .")), data = df_analysis)
  y = df_analysis[[name]]
  print(dim(x))
  x = x[, -1]
  # call cv.glmnet()
  model_lasso <- cv.glmnet(x = x, y = y, alpha = 1)</pre>
  plot(model_lasso)
  models_y2[[name]] <- model_lasso
  cc = coef(model_lasso, s = model_lasso$lambda.min)
```

```
# print out the model coefficients and store in a list.
cc = cc[cc[,1]!=0,1]
coefs_y2[[name]] <- cc
print(cc)
}</pre>
```

[1] "gain_c_mefs_str"

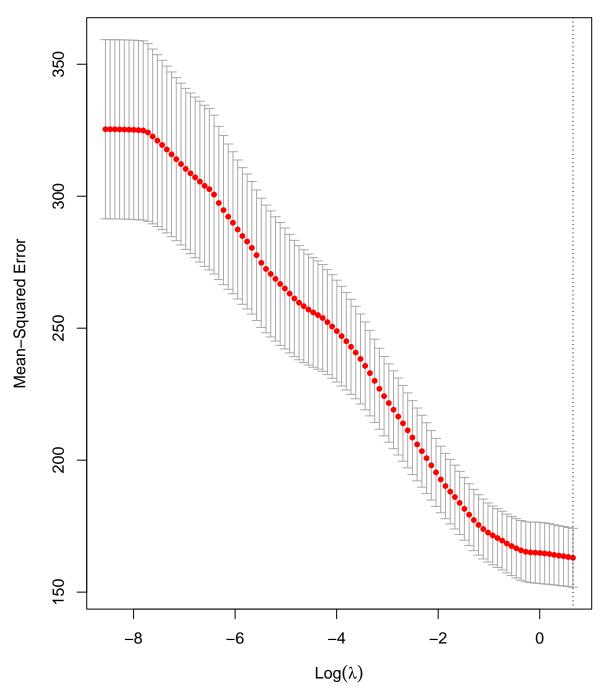
[1] 522 286

275 267 263 255 247 228 203 151 124 70 47 8 0

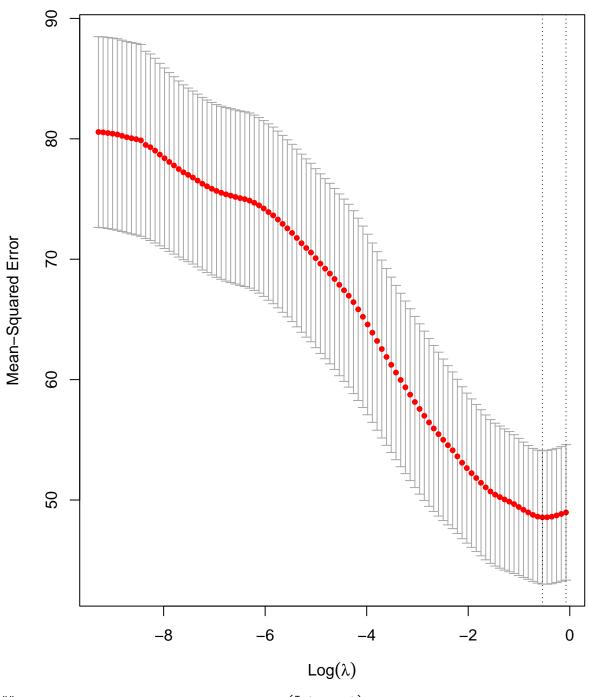


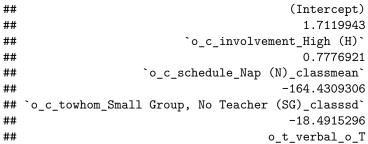
[1] 3.467433

```
## [1] "gain_c_pt_pcorrect"
## [1] 609 286
             263
                  246
                         236
                                225
                                      211 186
                                                      154
                                                             104 59
                                                                        23 5 3 2
      0.35
      0.30
Mean-Squared Error
      0.25
      0.20
                -10
                                                      -6
                                    -8
                                                                         -4
                                               \mathsf{Log}(\lambda)
                (Intercept) `o_c_focus_Reading (R)`
                                                                 o_t_focus_o_A
               2.357163e-01
                                       -1.361160e-01
                                                                 -4.934031e-02
##
             grade_y2Pre-K
                                     grade_kinder_y2
##
               6.949116e-02
                                       -7.533423e-15
## [1] "gain_c_ltr_cogsoc_comp"
## [1] 687 286
```



- ## [1] 1.524017
- ## [1] "gain_c_ltr_emo_comp" ## [1] 687 286



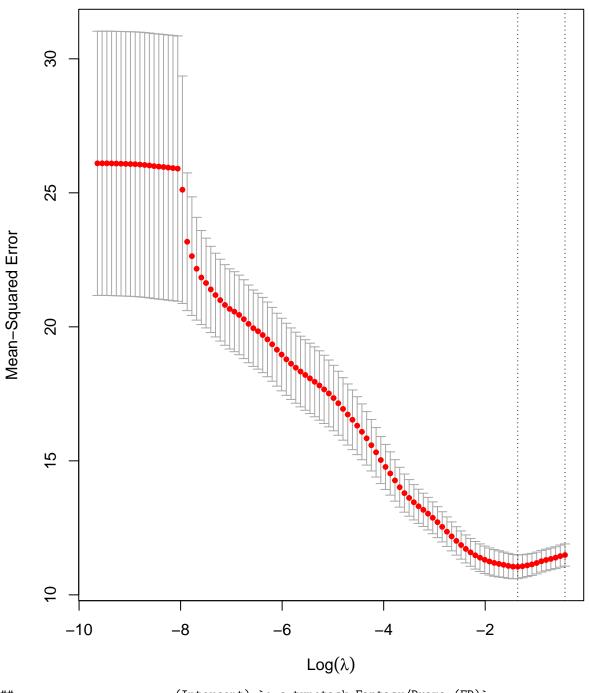


-1.4038409

[1] "gain_c_pra_total"

[1] 612 286

281 276 271 261 245 232 208 164 107 56 14 3 2

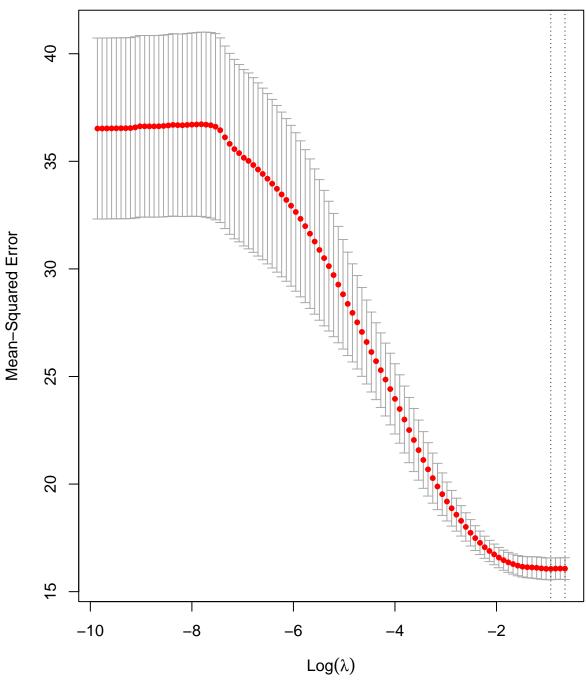


(Intercept) `o_c_typetask_Fantasy/Drama (FD)` ## 2.5505442 -0.7000711 ## `o_c_focus_Drama (D)_classmean` ## o_t_task_o_N -1.8333482 -4.3587290 ## o_t_es_o_A ## o_t_instruct_3 -2.9883149 0.3499218 ##

grade_y2Pre-K caretype_fcc
0.8209538 0.1591124
[1] "gain_c_pbsa_total"

[1] 622 286

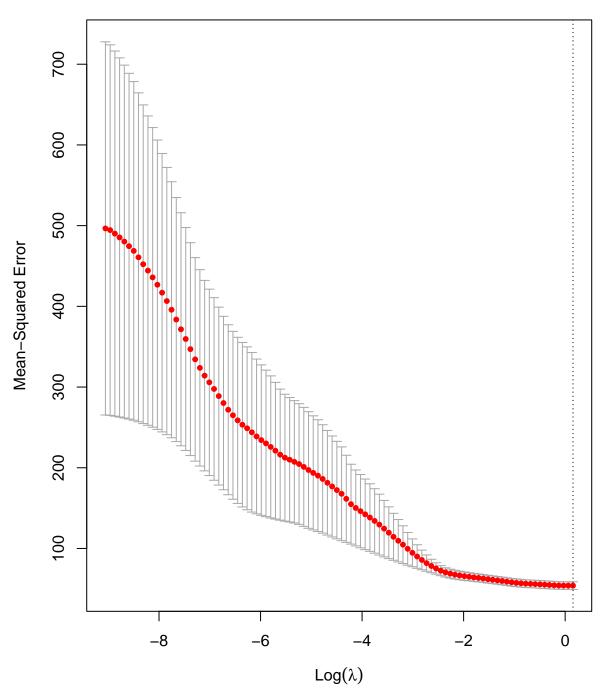
273 270 260 246 236 230 210 170 117 73 32 12



##
(Intercept)
3.04724701
`o_c_typetask_Fantasy/Drama (FD)`
##
-1.58963833
`o_c_towhom_Whole Group, With Teacher (WGT)_classmean`

```
##
                                                 2.34429006
##
                     `o_c_schedule_Playground (P)_classsd`
##
                                                0.07973181
                                         o_t_attention_o_N
##
                                                 0.55209034
##
##
                                              grade_y2Pre-K
                                                 0.25237137
##
## [1] "gain_c_quils_total_raw"
## [1] 434 286
```

276 267 258 248 236 221 197 170 128 81 42 7 0

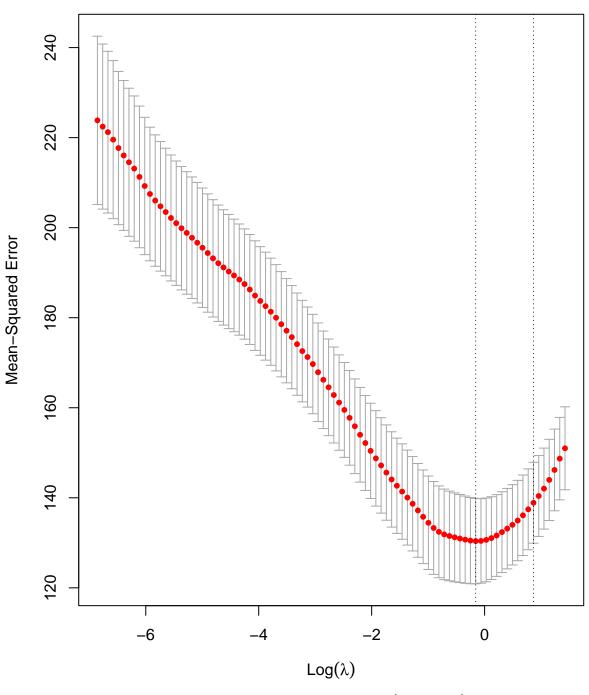


```
## [1] 7.654378
```

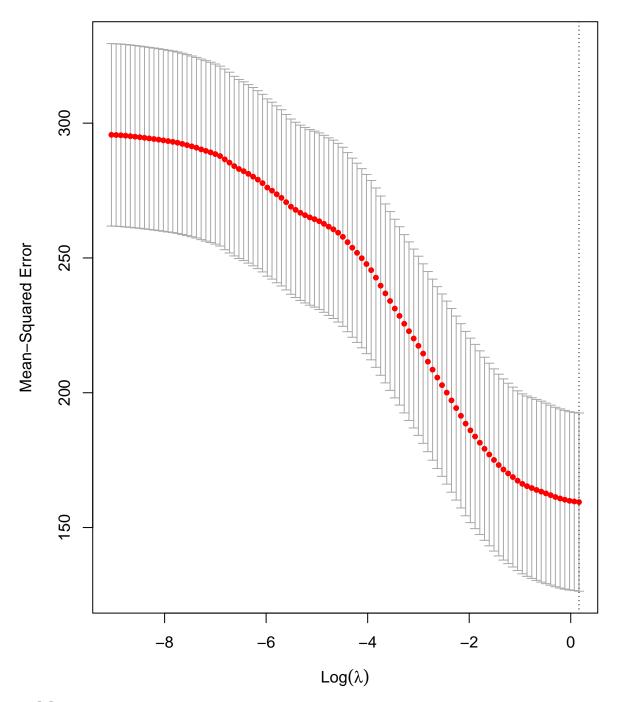
[1] "gain_c_wjlw_str"

[1] 683 286

260 252 238 231 208 186 153 101 62 29 12 6 2



```
`o_c_typetask_Non-Sequential (NS)`
##
##
                                                            -2.3982309
                                  `o_c_focus_Literacy - Writing (LW)`
##
##
                                                             7.7788245
##
                                              `o_c_focus_Reading (R)`
##
                                                             0.7127827
##
                                             `o_c_focus_Science (SC)`
##
                                                            -0.9956814
##
   `o_c_towhom_Teacher (T): Teacher or assistant (adult)_classmean`
##
                                                            -0.7381536
##
                 `o_c_towhom_Whole Group, No Teacher (WG)_classmean`
                                                            28.0438131
##
                                      `o_c_focus_Drama (D)_classmean`
##
                                                           -10.2046087
##
##
                          `o_c_interaction_Associative (AS)_classsd`
##
                                                            -5.1845594
##
                          `o_c_involvement_Medium High (MH)_classsd`
##
                                                            -0.3416571
                                        `o_c_focus_Drama (D)_classsd`
##
                                                            -4.6885222
##
##
                         `o_c_focus_Literacy - Writing (LW)_classsd`
##
                                                            25.4056639
                                     `o_c_focus_Literacy (L)_classsd`
##
##
                                                             2.7929700
##
                                                        o_t_verbal_o_T
##
                                                            -1.7902595
##
                                                         o_t_task_o_BD
                                                            -1.3189334
##
                                                       o_t_instruct_NA
##
                                                             7.3439521
##
                                                        o_t_focus_o_LW
                                                             7.1771911
##
##
                                                            o_t_es_o_N
##
                                                            -1.9107235
##
                                                         grade_y2Pre-K
                                                            -2.0409834
##
##
                                                           caretype_ps
##
                                                             3.0740472
##
                                                           caretype_hs
                                                            -0.1552296
##
## [1] "gain_c_wjap_str"
## [1] 661 286
```



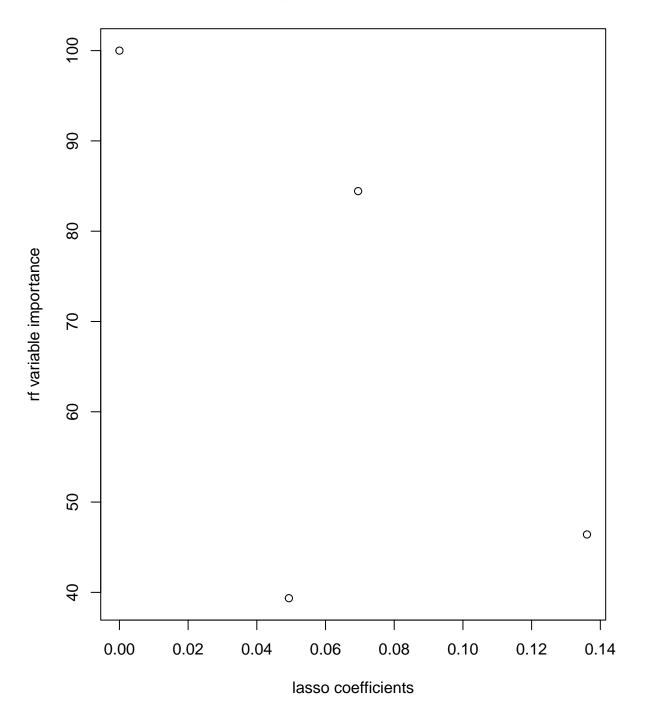
[1] -1.331316

```
# loop through the names associated with each outcome -- add 1 to corresponding entry
count_coefs_y2 <- list()
for (outcome in coefs_y2) {
  for (name in names(outcome)) {
    if (name == '(Intercept)') {
      next
    }
    count_coefs_y2[[name]] <- ifelse(is.null(count_coefs_y2[[name]]), 1,</pre>
```

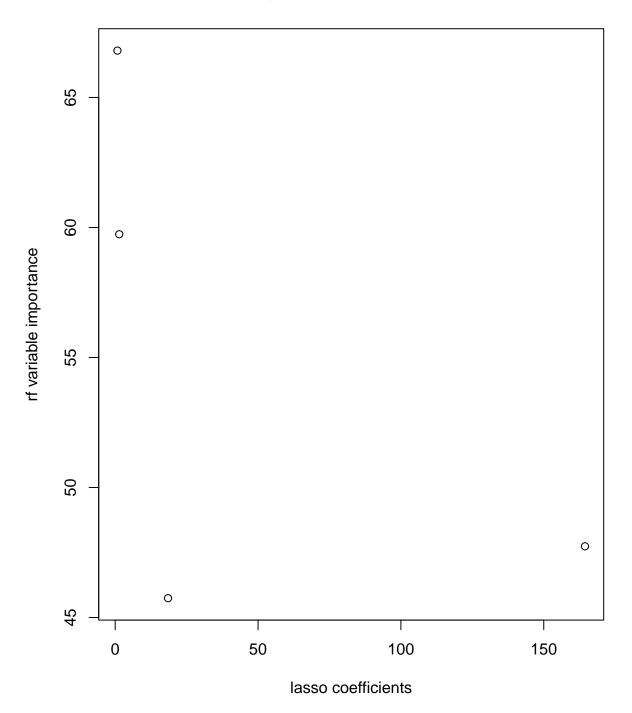
```
count_coefs_y2[[name]] + 1)
 }
}
varimp_y2 <- list()</pre>
# NOTE: change to full data set here
test data <- head(outcomes and obs full v2, 100)
# make sure this works with small subset of data
for (i in gain_ind) {
 name <- names(outcomes_and_obs_full_y2)[i]</pre>
  df_analysis <- test_data %>%
   filter(!is.na(test_data[[name]])) %>%
    select(c(name, "o_c_verbal_Fuss/Cry (FC)":actualtype))
    # ask about verbal_fuss vs o_c_verbal_Talk(T) (original)
    # mutate_at(vars("o_c_verbal_Fuss/Cry (FC)":actualtype), replace.na)
  print(name)
  # options(na.action="na.pass")
  x = model.matrix(as.formula(paste(name, "~ .")), data = df_analysis)
  # Fit the random forest model
  rf_fit <- train(as.formula(paste(name, "~ .")), #Use all variables in the prediction
                data = df_analysis, #Use the training data
                method = "ranger",
                importance = "permutation",
                # ntree = 500,
                na.action=na.pass)
  varImp(rf_fit) %>%
   pluck(1) %>%
   rownames to column("var") %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = reorder(var, Overall), y = Overall)) +
    geom_col(fill = "grey75") +
    coord_flip() +
   theme_minimal()
  # store variable importances as a data frame
  df <- as.data.frame(varImp(rf fit)$importance)</pre>
  # arrange in descending order (most to least important), and put into list
  varimp_y2[[name]] <- df %>% arrange(desc(Overall))
}
## [1] "gain_c_mefs_str"
## [1] "gain_c_pt_pcorrect"
## [1] "gain_c_ltr_cogsoc_comp"
## [1] "gain_c_ltr_emo_comp"
## [1] "gain_c_pra_total"
## [1] "gain_c_pbsa_total"
## [1] "gain_c_quils_total_raw"
## [1] "gain_c_wjlw_str"
## [1] "gain_c_wjap_str"
outcomes <- names(outcomes_and_obs_full_y2)[gain_ind]
for (outcome in outcomes) {
```

```
# print(outcome)
lasso_coefs <- coefs_y2[[outcome]]
# get rid of intercept
if (length(lasso_coefs) == 1) {
    next
}
lasso_coefs <- lasso_coefs[2:length(lasso_coefs)]
rf_coefs <- varimp_y2[[outcome]]
# this will be in the order of the coefficients in the lasso model
overlap <- rf_coefs[names(lasso_coefs),]
x <- rep(NA, length(lasso_coefs))
for (i in 1:length(lasso_coefs)) {
    x[i] <- abs(lasso_coefs[[i]])
}
plot(x, overlap, xlab='lasso coefficients', ylab='rf variable importance', main=paste('y2', outcome))
}</pre>
```

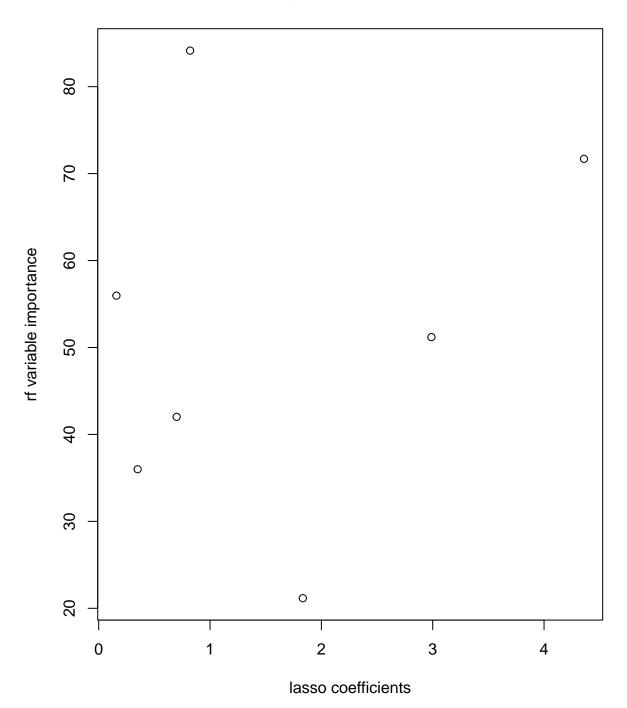
y2 gain_c_pt_pcorrect



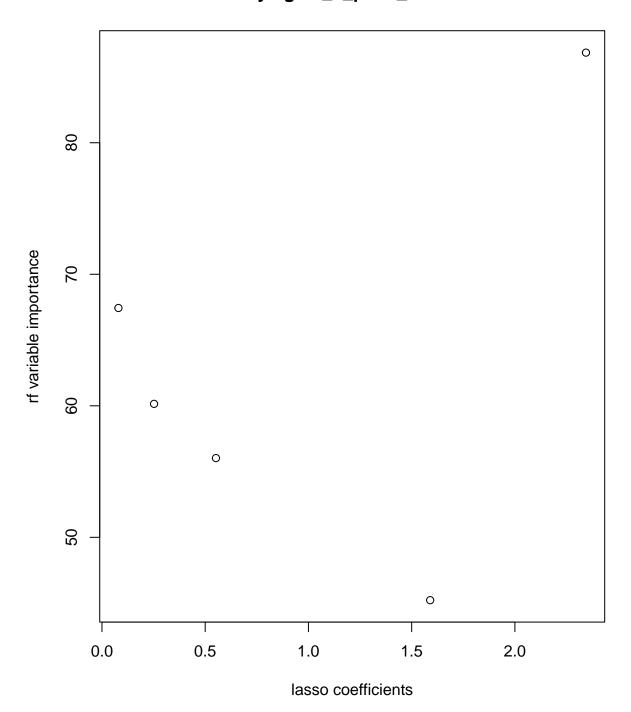
y2 gain_c_ltr_emo_comp



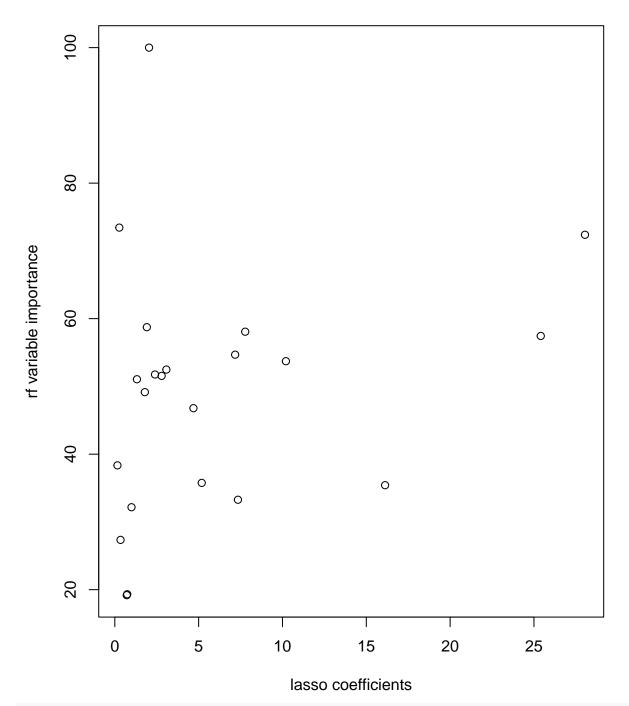
y2 gain_c_pra_total



y2 gain_c_pbsa_total



y2 gain_c_wjlw_str



Try a model with a bunch of predictors from Y1 Y2 -- question: what would be predicted, then? # since it looks like the gains are different from year to year

#3. Use the particular caretype from the setting that is being observed in. $(prov_type)$ #Collapse CC-Community Based & CC- License Exempt

#4. Drop all variances and instead focus on means

- #5. Incorporte child-level covariates
- #6. Age and elapsed time for assessment