# AT command complete set

A typical serial terminal emulator can also be used to control the EVK instead of the proposed test SW. In that case the following parameters should be used:

• Speed: 9600 bauds

Data bits: 8Stop bits: 1Parity: None

## The following table gather all AT command available:

Command	Name	Description		
AT	Dummy Command	Just returns 'OK' and does nothing else. Can be used to check communication.		
AT\$SB=bit[,bit]	Send Bit	Send a bit status (0 or 1). Optional bit flag indicates if AX-SFEU should receive a downlink frame.		
AT\$SF=frame[,bit]	Send Frame	Send payload data, 1 to 12 bytes. Optional bit flag indicates if AX-SFEU should receive a downlink frame.		
AT\$SO	Manually send out of band message	Send the out-of-band message.		
AT\$TR?	Get the transmit repeat	Returns the number of transmit repeats. Default: 2		
AT\$TR=?	Get transmit range	Returns the a	llowed range of	transmit repeats.
AT\$TR=uint	Get transmit repeat	Sets the transmit repeat.		
ATSuint?	Get Register	Query a specific configuration register's value. See chapter "Registers" for a list of registers.		
ATSuint=uint	Set Register	Change a configuration register.		
ATSuint=?	Get Register Range	Returns the allowed range of transmit repeats.		
AT\$IF=uint	Set TX Frequency	Set the output carrier macro channel for Sigfox frames.		
AT\$IF?	Get TX Frequency	Get the currently chosen TX frequency.		
AT\$DR=uint	Set RX Frequency	Set the reception carrier macro channel for Sigfox frames.		
AT\$DR?	Get RX Frequency	Get the currently chosen RX frequency.		
AT\$CW=uint,bit[,uint_opt]	Continuous Wave	To run emission tests for Sigfox certification it is necessary to send a continuous wave, i.e. just the base frequency without any modulation. Parameters:		
		Name	Range	Description
		Frequency	80000000- 99999999, 0	Continuous wave frequency in Hz. Use 868130000 for Sigfox or 0 to keep previous frequency.
		Mode	0, 1	Enable or disable carrier wave.
		Power	0-14	dBm of signal   Default: 14
AT\$CB=uint_opt,bit	Test Mode: TX constant byte	For emission testing it is useful to send a specific bit pattern. The first parameter specifies the byte to send. Use '-1' for a (pseudo-)random pattern. Parameters:		
		Name	Range	Decsription
		Pattern	0–255, –1	Byte to send. Use '-1' for a (pseudo-)random pattern.
		Mode	0, 1	Enable or disable pattern test mode.
AT\$T?	Get Temperature	Measure internal temperature and return it in 1/10 <sup>th</sup> of a degree Celsius.		
AT\$V?	Get Voltages	Return current voltage and voltage measured during the last transmission in mV.		

Command	Name	Description	
AT\$I=uint	Information	Display various product information:  0: Software Name & Version     Example Response: AX-SFEU 1.0.6-ETSI  1: Contact Details     Example Response: support@axsem.com  2: Silicon revision lower byte     Example Response: 8F  3: Silicon revision upper byte     Example Response: 00  4: Major Firmware Version     Example Response: 1  5: Minor Firmware Version     Example Response: 0  7: Firmware Variant (Frequency Band etc. (EU/US))     Example Response: ETSI  8: Firmware VCS Version     Example Response: v1.0.2-36  9: SIGFOX Library Version     Example Response: DL0-1.4  10: Device ID     Example Response: 00012345  11: PAC     Example Response: 0123456789ABCDEF	
AT\$P=uint	Set Power Mode	To conserve power, the AX-SFEU can be put to sleep manually. Depending on power mode, you will be responsible for waking up the AX-SFEU again! 0: software reset (settings will be reset to values in flash) 1: sleep (send a break to wake up) 2: deep sleep (toggle GPIO9 or RESET_N pin to wake up; the AX-SFEU is not running and all settings will be reset!)	
AT\$WR	Save Config	Write all settings to flash (RX/TX frequencies, registers) so they survive reset/deep sleep or loss of power. Use AT\$P=0 to reset the AX-SFEU and load settings from flash.	
AT:Pn?	Get GPIO Pin	Return the setting of the GPIO Pin n; n can range from 0 to 9.  A character string is returned describing the mode of the pin, followed by the actual value. If the pin is configured as analog pin, then the voltage (range 01 V) is returned. The mode characters have the following meaning:  Mode Description  O Pin drives low 1 Pin drives high 2 Pin is high impedance input U Pin is input with pull-up A Pin is analog input (GPIO pin 03 only) T Pin is driven by clock or DAC (GPIO pin 0 and 4 only)  The default mode after exiting reset is U on all GPIO pins.	
AT:Pn=?	Get GPIO Pin Range	Print a list of possible modes for a pin. The table below lists the response.  Pin Modes	
		PIN Modes  P0 0, 1, Z, U, A, T P1 0, 1, Z, U, A P2 0, 1, Z, U, A P3 0, 1, Z, U, A P4 0, 1, Z, U, T P5 0, 1, Z, U P6 0, 1, Z, U P7 0, 1, Z, U P8 0, 1, Z, U P9 0, 1, Z, U	
AT:Pn=mode	Set GPIO Pin	Set the GPIO pin mode. For a list of the modes see the command AT:Pn?	

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Command	Name	Description		
AT:ADC Pn[-Pn[(1V 10V)]]?	Get GPIO Pin Analog Voltage	Measure the voltage applied to a GPIO pin. The command also allows measurement of the voltage difference across two GPIO pins. In differential mode, the full scale range may also be specified as 1 V or 10 V. Note however that the pin input voltages must not exceed the range 0VDD_IO. The command returns the result as fraction of the full scale range (1 V if none is specified). The GPIO pins referenced should be initialized to analog mode before issuing this command.		
AT:SPI[(A B C D)]=bytes	SPI Transaction	This command clocks out <i>bytes</i> on the SPI port. The clock frequency is 312.5 kHz. The command returns the bytes read on MISO during output. Optionally the clocking mode may be specified (default is A):		
		Mode	Clock Inversion	Clock Phase
		A B C D SEL (GPIOx) MOSI MISO A	normal normal inverted inverted  D7 \( D6 \) D5 \( D4 \)  D7 \( D6 \) D5 \( D4 \)	
				nerated by this command, andard GPIO commands
AT:CLK=freq,reffreq	Set Clock Generator	the square wave i are 20000000, 10	s (freq / 2 <sup>16)</sup> × reffreq	to T mode. The frequency of . Possible values for reffreq 00000, 1250000, 625000, q are 065535.
AT:CLK=OFF	Turn off Clock Generator	Switch off the cloc	k generator	
AT:CLK?	Get Clock Generator	Return the setting returned, freq and	s of the clock generat reffreq.	tor. Two numbers are
AT:DAC=value	Set ΣΔ DAC	value may be in the voltage is (1/2 + v). An external low particle of the modulation from the modulation from the modulation.	ne range –3276832 alue / 2 <sup>17</sup> ) × VDD. ass filter is needed to equency is 20 MHz. <i>A</i>	et to T mode. Parameter 767. The average output get smooth output voltages. A possible low pass filter th R = 10 kΩ and C = 1 μF.
AT:DAC=OFF	Turn off $\Sigma\Delta$ DAC	Switch off the DA	0	
AT:DAC?	Get ΣΔ DAC	Return the DAC v	alue	

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Command	Name	Description	
AT\$TM=mode,config	Activates the Sigfox Testmode	Available test modes:  0. TX BPSK Send only BPSK with Synchro Bit + Synchro frame + PN sequence: No hopping centered on the TX_frequency. Config bits 0 to 6 define the number of repetitions. Bit 7 of config defines if a delay is applied of not in the loop  1. TX Protocol: Tx mode with full protocol with Sigfox key: Send Sigfox protocol frames with initiate downlink flag = True. Config defines the number of repetitions.  2. RX Protocol: This mode tests the complete downlink protocol in Downlink only. Config defines the number of repetitions.  3. RX GFSK: RX mode with known pattern with SB + SF + Pattern on RX_frequency (internal comparison with received frame ⇔ known pattern = AA AA B2 27 1F 20 41 84 32 68 C5 BA AE 79 E7 F6 DD 9B. Config defines the number of repetitions. Config defines the number of repetitions.  4. RX Sensitivity: Does uplink + downlink frame with Sigfox key and specific timings. This test is specific to SIGFOX's test equipments & softwares.  5. TX Synthesis: Does one uplink frame on each Sigfox channel to measure frequency synthesis step	
AT\$SE	Starts AT\$TM-3,255 indefinitely	Convenience command for sensitivity tests	
AT\$SL[=frame]	Send local loop	Sends a local loop frame with optional payload of 1 to 12 bytes. Default payload: 0x84, 0x32, 0x68, 0xC5, 0xBA, 0x53, 0xAE, 0x79, 0xE7, 0xF6, 0xDD, 0x9B.	
AT\$RL	Receive local loop	Starts listening for a local loop.	

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### Specific recommendation for each module

#### RCZ1 module (SFM10R1)

Default output power is set to 12.5dBm.
 To set the output power to 14dBm, use <ATS302=15> before sending a SIGFOX frame.

#### RCZ2 module (SFM10R2)

- The output power is set to 22dBm and cannot be adjusted.
- To send a frame the following procedure should be followed

This procedure will force the module to send the frame within the macro channel listened by SIGFOX network.

• To send a frame with a downlink request, the following procedure should be followed:

```
AT$RC
AT$SF= xxxxxxxxxxxxxxx,1
```

#### RCZ4 module (SFM10R4)

- The output power is set to 22dBm and cannot be adjusted.
- To send a frame the following procedure should be followed

This procedure will force the module to send the frame within the macro channel listened by SIGFOX network.

To send a frame with a downlink request, the following procedure should be followed:

```
AT$RC
AT$SF= xxxxxxxxxxxxxxx,1
```

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