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For this analysis, I have decided to take into consideration only the AVERAGE number of working hours, the reason being that the number of test subjects for different sub groups might alter the data.

People with higher greater education years tend to work more than with people with less.

With a slight abnormality with people that have 7 years of education, who tend to work less than the expected trend.

From the data, there is not much difference in the number of working hours from different races,

the average is about 40 hours per week.

Females tend to have less working hours than Males, and this applies to all the different races.

A noticeable remark can be that as the number of education years increase, the number of working hours for males and females approach the same value.

We can see that the 'White' are the most affected by the amount of education years they attend. In other words, there is a great margin difference between people with 1 year of education and people with 16. A 'White' person that has only 1 year of education works for 35 hours a week whereas one with 16 works for 47.

Relationships:

O hrs / number of ed.

O hrs / race

O hrs / gender

O hrs / gender & race

O hrs / number of ed. & gender

O hrs / number of ed. & race