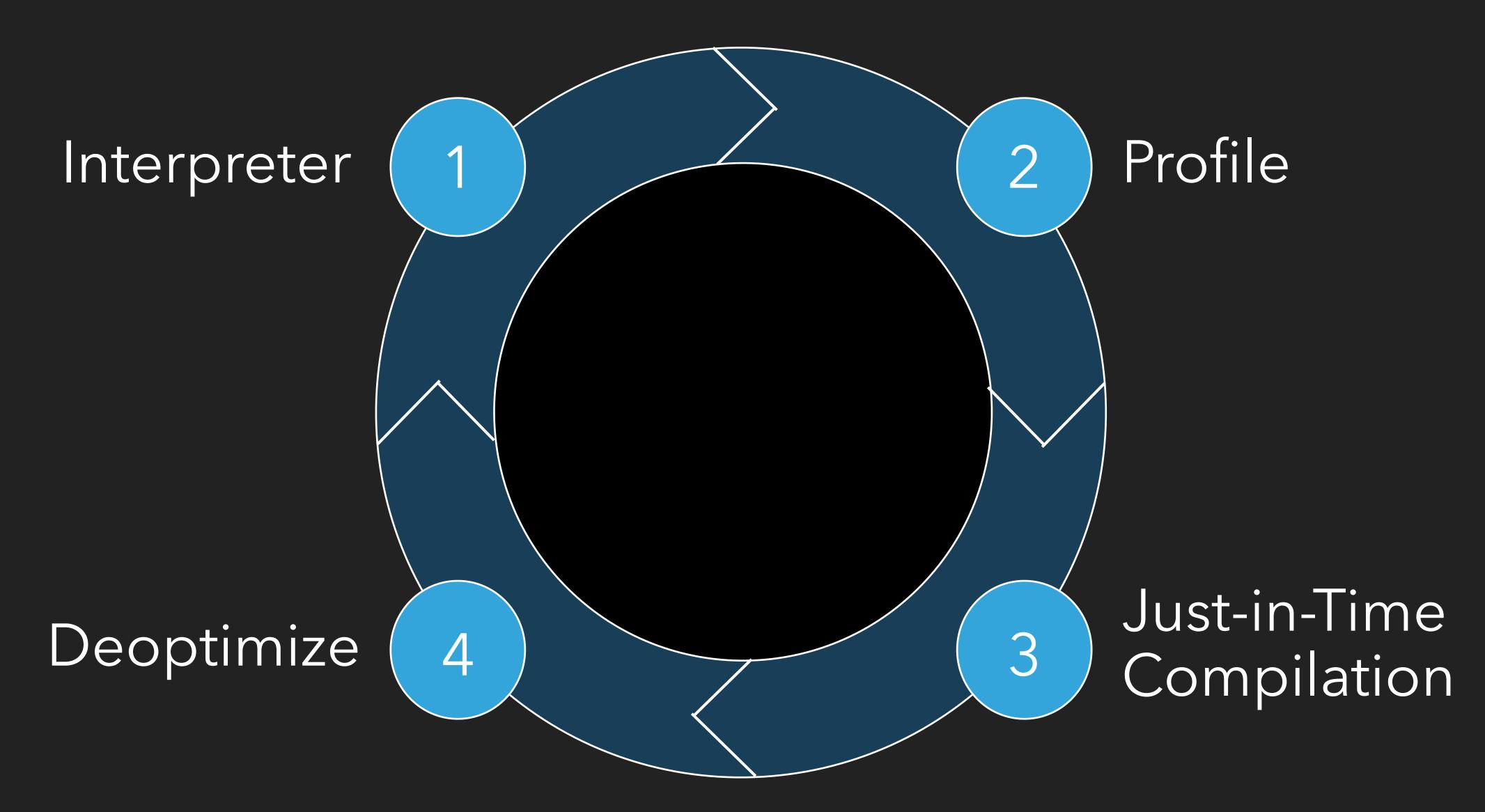
JVM MECHANICS



DOUGLAS Q. HAWKINS
LEAD JIT DEVELOPER
AZUL SYSTEMS

@dougqh dougqh@gmail.com

(SIMPLIFIED) CODE LIFECYCLE



TOPICS

WHAT TRIGGERS THE JUST-IN-TIME COMPILER?
WHY NOT AHEAD-OF-TIME?
WHAT TRIGGERS THE UN-JIT?
IMPACT ON YOU

WHAT TRIGGERS THE JIT?

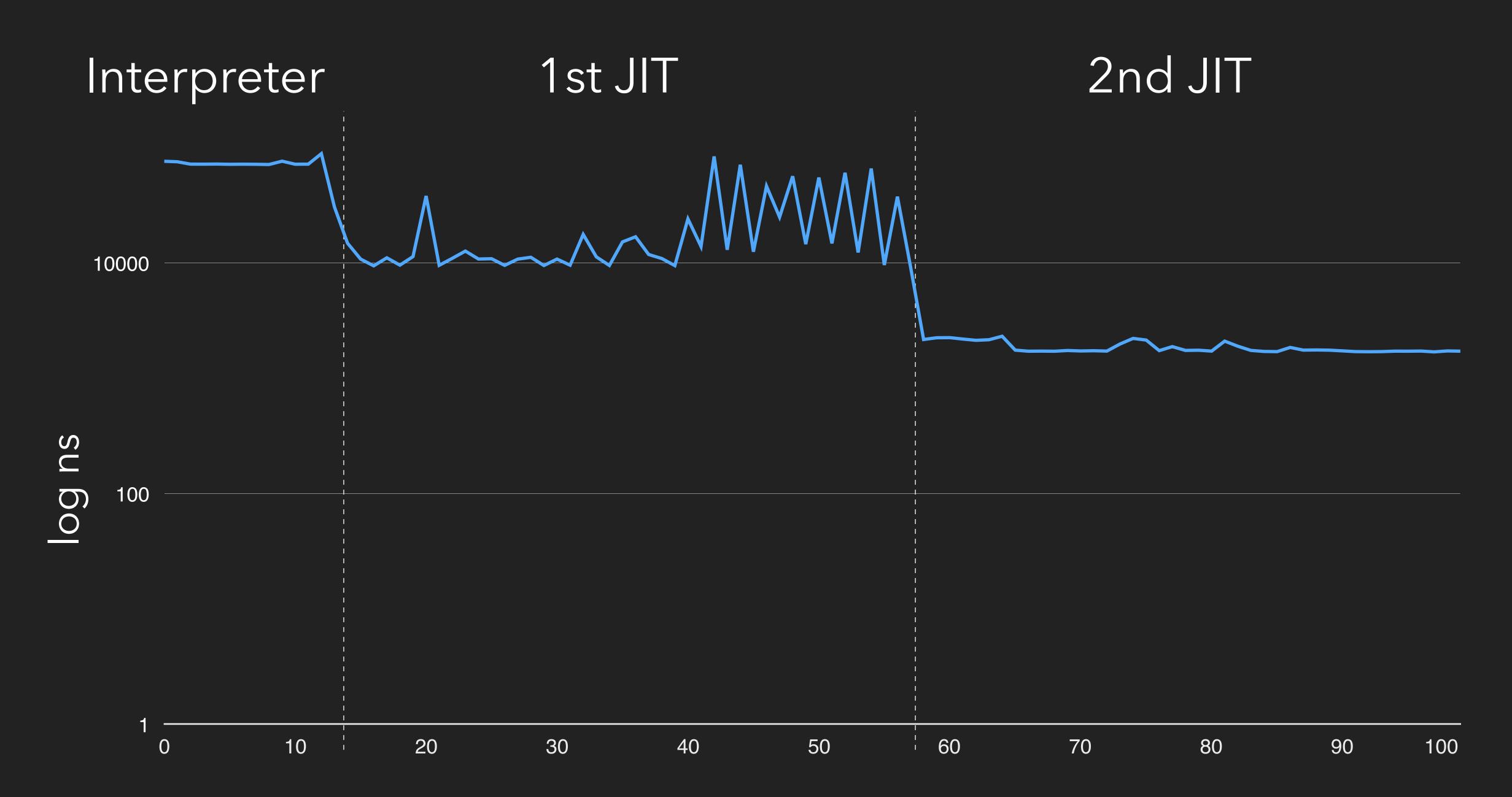
```
public class SimpleProgram {
  static int blackhole;
  public static void main(String[] args) {
   int[] nums = randomInts(5_000);
    for (int i = 0; i < 100; ++i) {
      long startTime = System.nanoTime();
      blackhole = sum(nums);
      long endTime = System.nanoTime();
      System.out.printf("%d\t%d%n", i, endTime - startTime);
```

0	76484	45	12567	85	5 1709
1	75764	46	46570	86	5 1858
2	72254	47	25096	87	7 1762
3	72189	48	56740	88	3 1767
4	72364	49	14620	89	9 1760
5	72014	50	55286	90	7 1735
6	72177	51	14844	92	1710
7	72040	52	60827	97	2 1706
8	71721	53	12384	93	3 1710
9	76635	54	66209	94	1726
10	72120	55	9638	95	5 1724
11	72241	56	37767	96	5 1729
12	89045	57	9350	97	7 1701
13	30692	58	2178	98	3 1733
14	14899	59	2255	99	9 1725

•••

•••

01

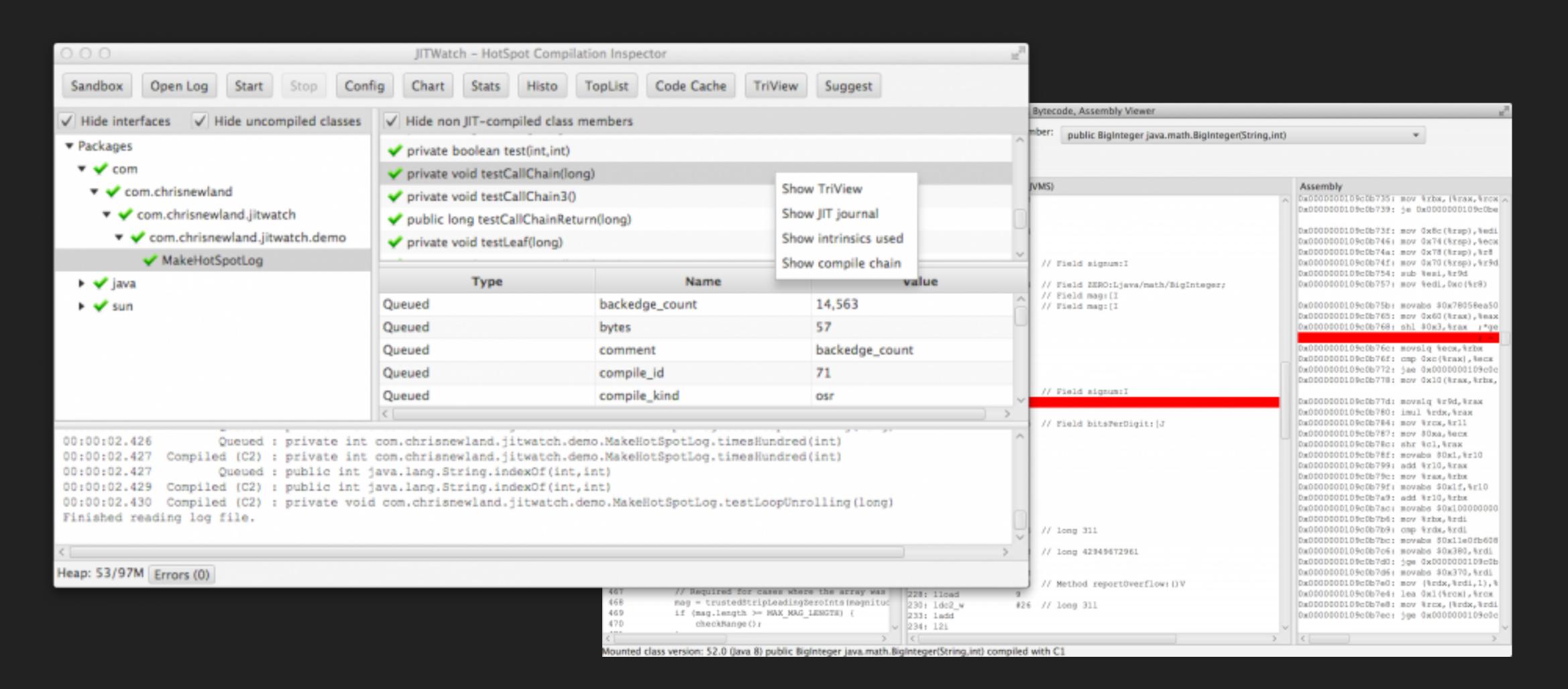


PRINT COMPILATION

java -XX:+PrintCompilation

```
java.lang.String::hashCode (55 bytes)
61
                 java.lang.String::charAt (29 bytes)
            3
64
            3
                 java.lang.String::indexOf (70 bytes)
64
                 java.lang.String::length (6 bytes)
            3
      3
64
      5
                 java.lang.Object::<init> (1 bytes)
65
                 java.lang.String::getChars (62 bytes)
68
     12
                 java.lang.ref.Reference::get (5 bytes)
69
     13
                 java.lang.String::indexOf (7 bytes)
            3
78
     14
                 java.lang.Object::<init> (1 bytes)
78
     15
                 example01.SimpleProgram::main @ 15 (48 bytes)
81
     16 %
                 example01.SimpleProgram::main (48 bytes)
81
     17
            3
                 example01.SimpleProgram::main @ 15 (48 bytes)
81
     18 %
            4
```

JITWATCH



LOG COMPILATION XML

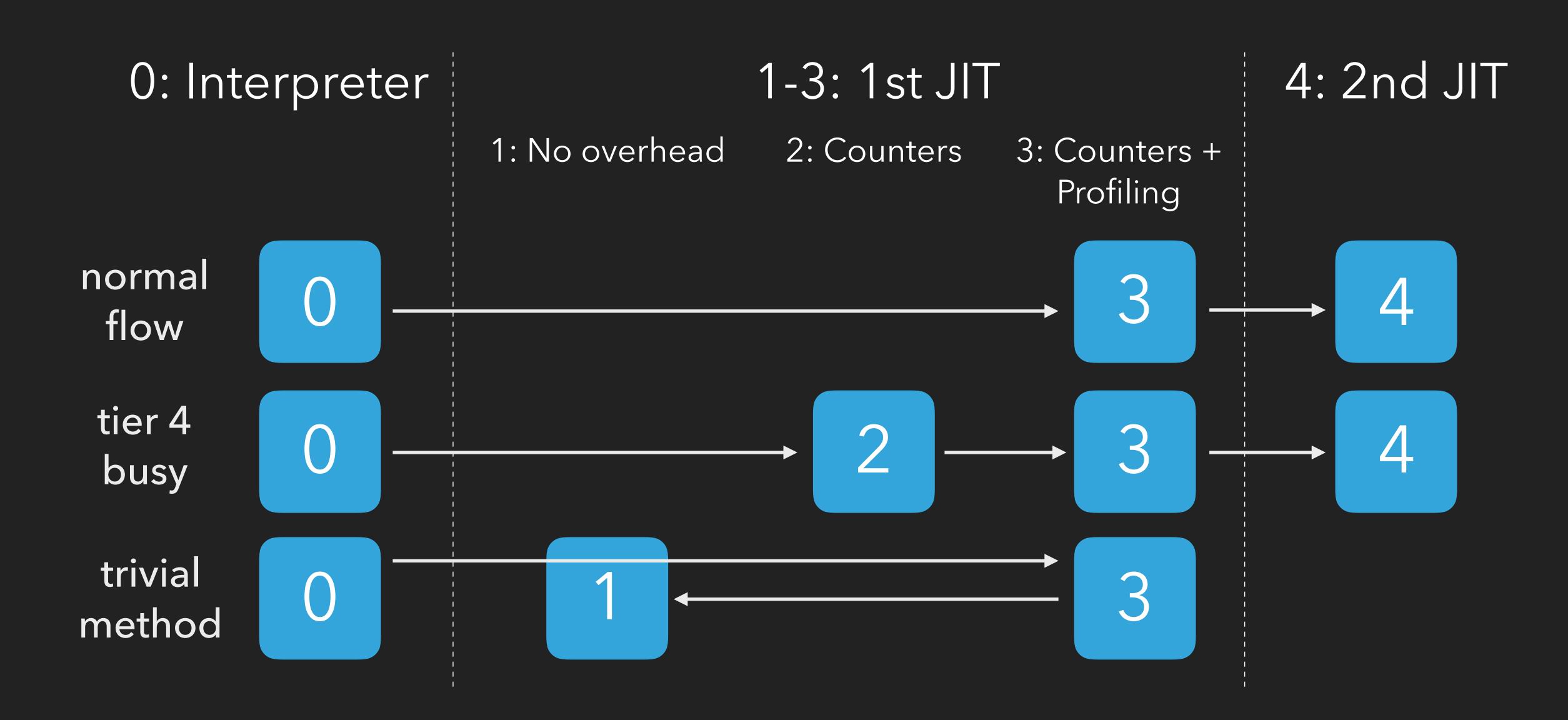
java -XX:+UnlockDiagnosticVMOptions -XX:+LogCompilation

```
<task_queued compile_id='5' level='3' stamp='0.130'</pre>
 method='java/lang/Object <init&gt; ()V' bytes='1'
 count='1536' iicount='1536'
 comment='tiered' hot_count='1536'/>
<task compile_id='2' level='3' stamp='0.126'</pre>
 method='java/lang/String charAt (I)C' bytes='29'
 count='1955' iicount='1955' >
 <task_done success='1' stamp='0.127' nmsize='616' count='2269'/>
</task>
```

TIERED COMPILATION

	C1: Client	C2: Server
Compilation Speed	Fast	Slow (4X)
Execution Speed	Slow	Fast (2X)

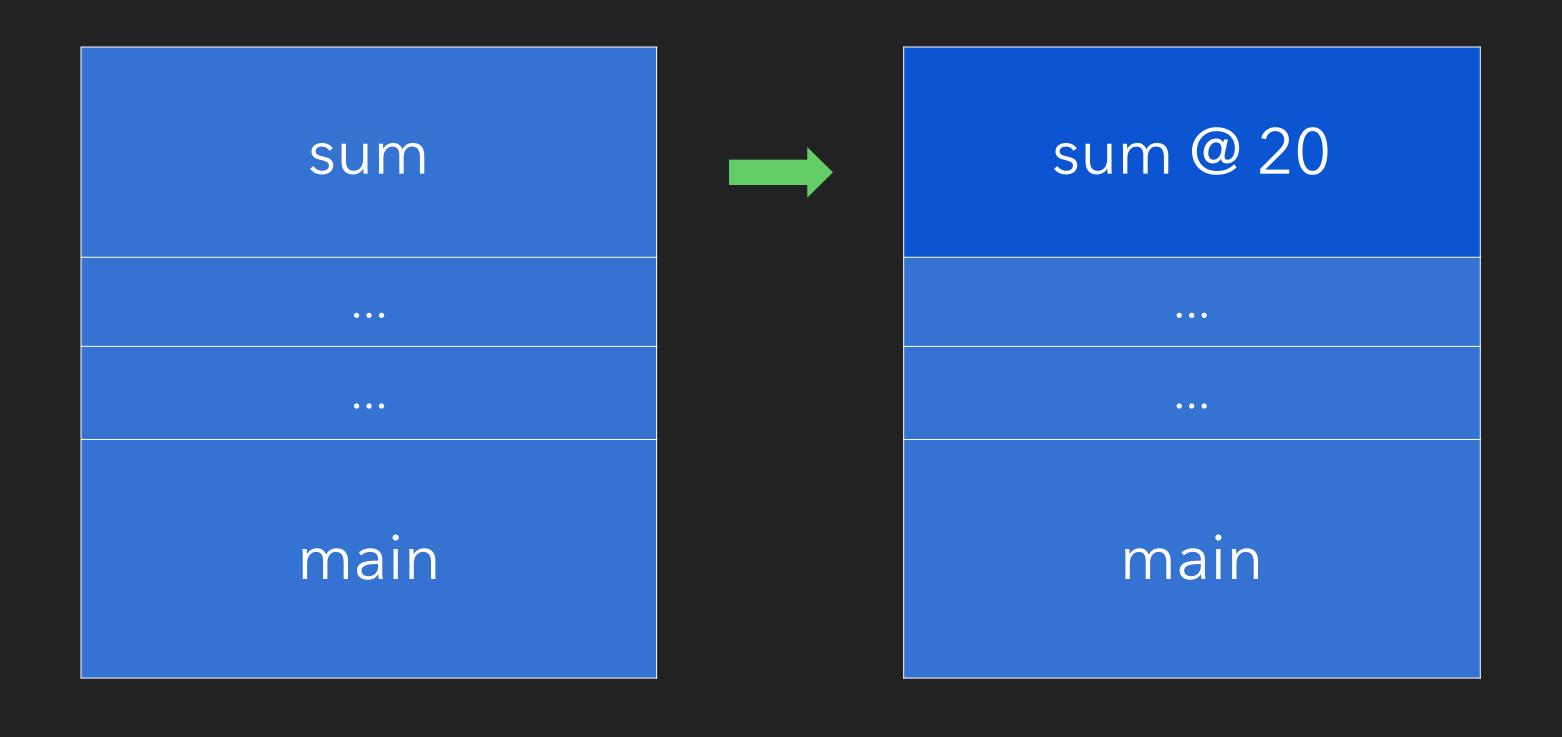
TIERED COMPILATION



METHODIJIT TRACEJIT

LOOP COMPILATIONS

ON STACK REPLACEMENTS (OSR)



interpreter frame

compiled frame

OSR IS IMPORTANT TO OUR EXAMPLE

```
3 ...SimpleProgram::main @ 15 (78 bytes)
96
  54 %
   38362
12
  35214
13
14 37139
  36598
15
15 36838
16 36429
17 18046
     80 % 4 ...SimpleProgram::main @ 15 (78 bytes)
101
62
   2831
   2371
63
64 2288
```

BUT WHEN?

INVOCATION COUNTER

Counter > Invocation Threshold Hot Methods

BACKEDGE (LOOP) COUNTER

Counter > Backedge Threshold Hot Loops

Invocation + Backedge Counters > Compile Threshold Medium Hot Methods with Medium Hot Loops

BUT WHEN?

java -XX:+PrintFlagsFinal

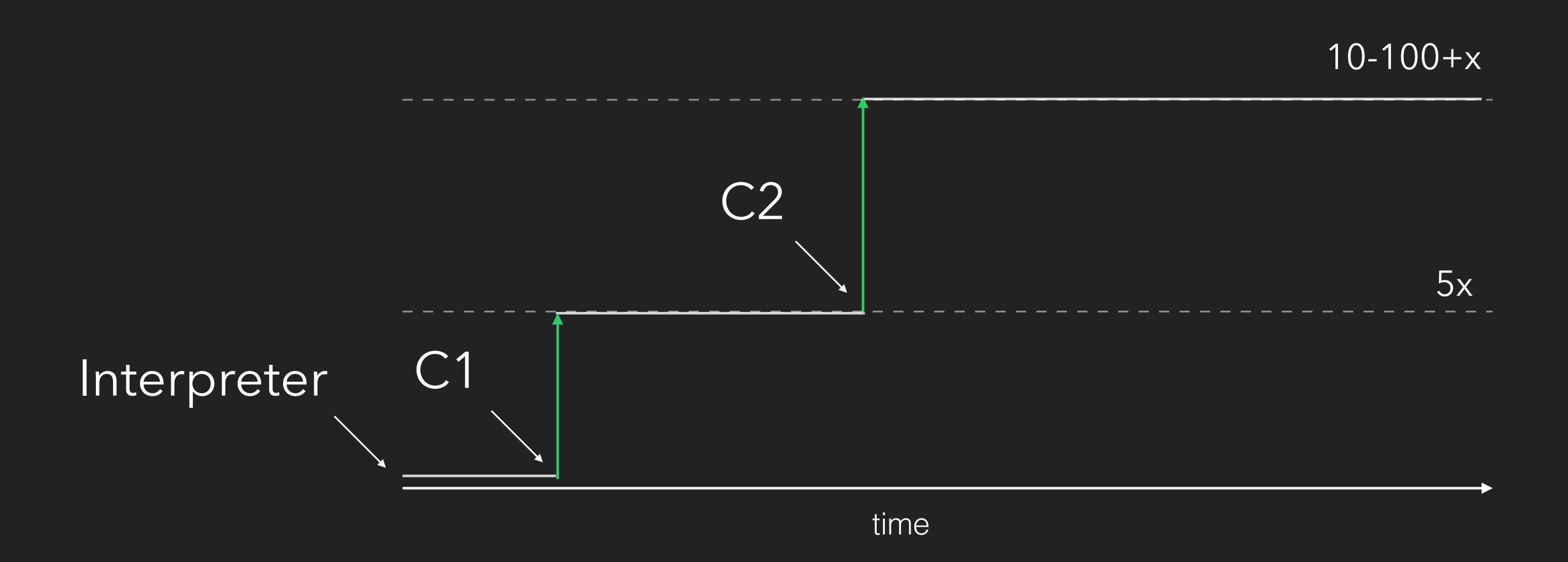
JAVA 8 (TIERED) THRESHOLDS

intx	Tier2BackEdgeThreshold	=	0
intx	Tier2CompileThreshold	=	0
intx	Tier3BackEdgeThreshold	=	60000
intx	Tier3CompileThreshold	=	2000
intx	Tier3InvocationThreshold	=	200
intx	Tier3MinInvocationThreshold	=	100
intx	Tier4BackEdgeThreshold	=	40000
intx	Tier4CompileThreshold	=	15000
intx	Tier4InvocationThreshold	=	5000
intx	Tier4MinInvocationThreshold	=	600

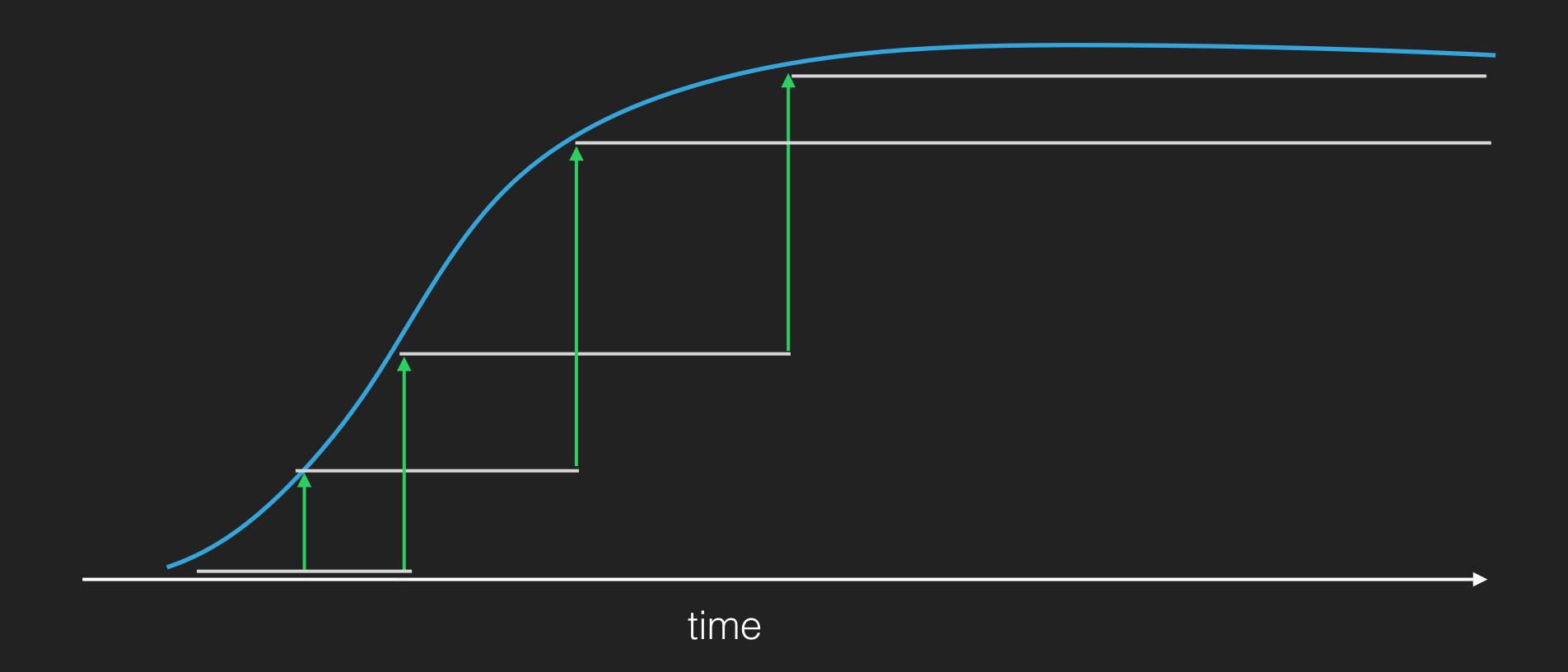
JAVA 7 (NON-TIERED) THRESHOLDS

intx BackEdgeThreshold = 100000
intx CompileThreshold = 10000

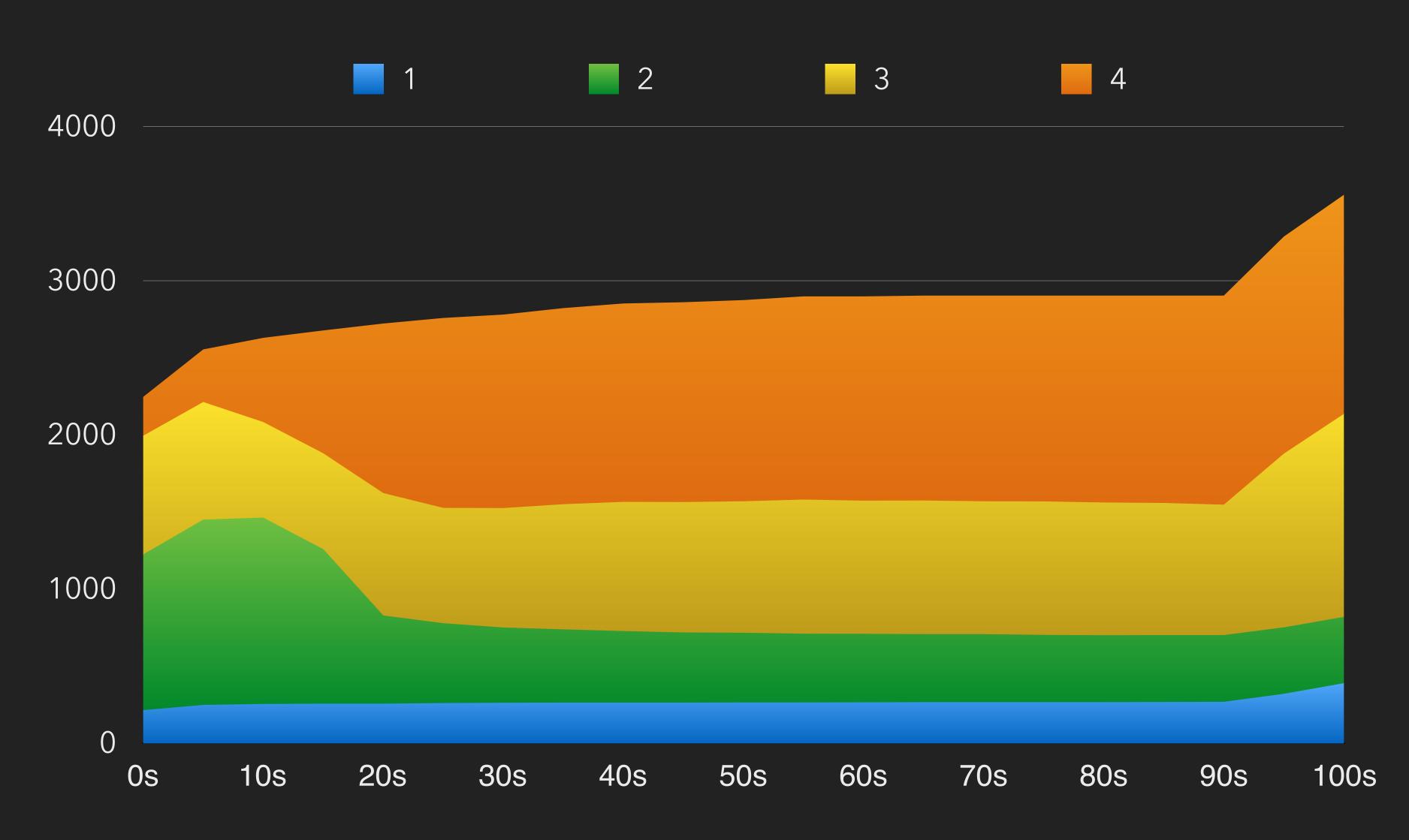
MENTAL MODEL



IN AGGREGATE



ACTIVE COMPILATIONS



WHY NOT AHEAD-OF-TIME?

WARM-UP & RUN ONCE CODE

FROM MY PERSPECTIVE JAVA IS A DYNAMIC LANGUAGE

DYNAMICALLY LOADED LAZY INITIALIZED RUNTIME CHECKED DYNAMICALLY DISPATCHED

IT CANNOT GET MUCH MORE DYNAMIC.

DYNAMICALLY & LAZY LOADED

WHAT DOES JIT DO WITH AN UNLOADED CLASS?

```
if ( cond ) {
   return Class1.getStatic();
} else {
   return Class2.getStatic();
}
```

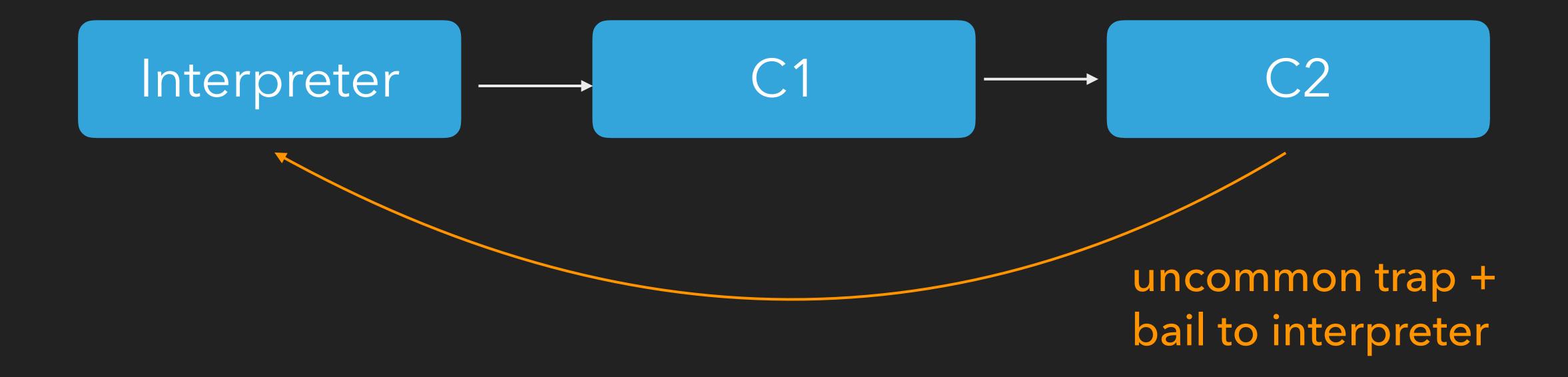
UNLOADED JIT DOESN'T KNOW...

Fields
Methods
Parent Class
Interfaces

Anything

```
if (cond) {
  return Class1.getStatic();
} else {
  return Class2.getStatic();
if ( cond ) {
  return Class1.getStatic();
} else {
  uncommon_trap(:unloaded);
                        Give Up!
```

BAIL TO INTERPRETER



LAZY INITIALIZED

INITIALIZE CLASS AT FIRST...

Static Field Access
Static Method Call
New
Initialization of Child

INITIALIZATION CHECKING

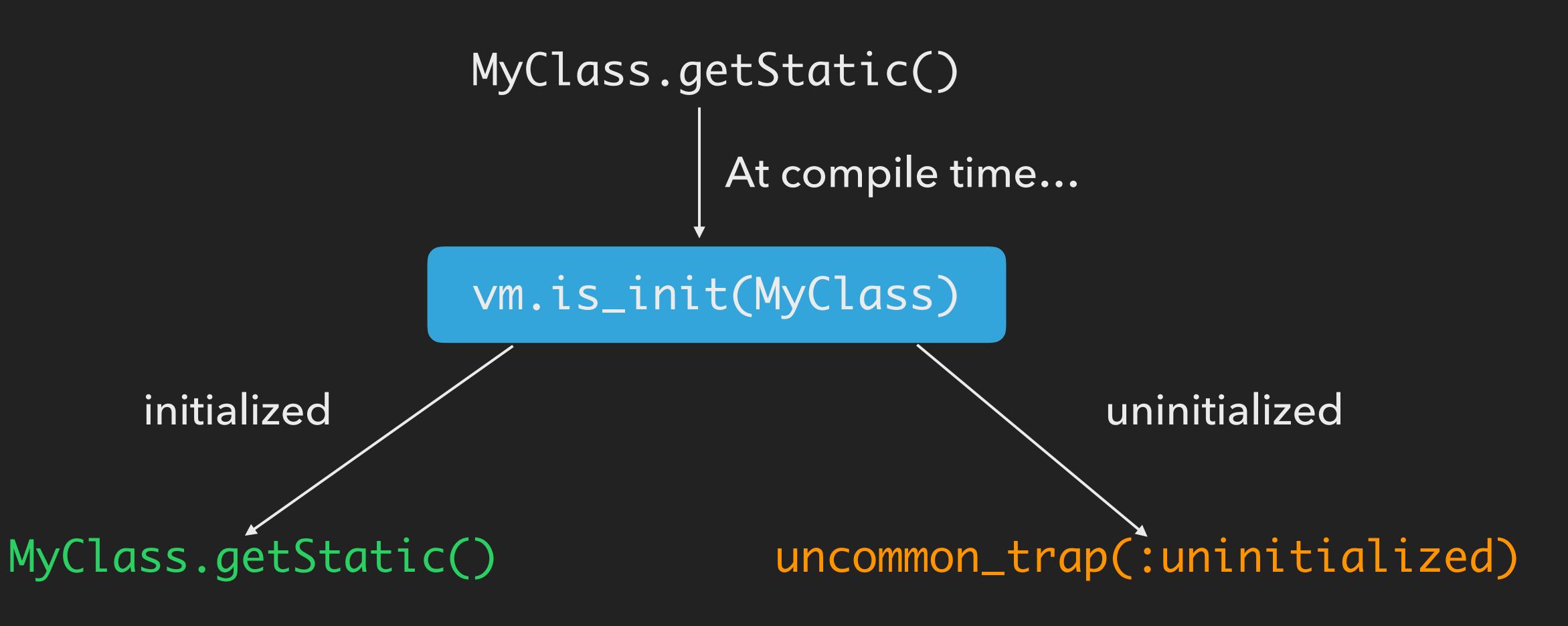
```
MyClass.getStatic()
```

```
if (!vm.is_init(MyClass)) {
   vm.init(MyClass);
}
MyClass.getStatic()
```

Bloats size by 20% Slows down by 5-10%

JIT RUNS LATE

MOST CLASSES ARE ALREADY INITIALIZED



WHAT IF A CLASS FAILS TO INIT?

UNINITIALIZED FOREVER

```
public class UninitializedForever {
public static void main(String[] args) {
    for (int i = 0; i < 10_000_000; ++i) {
      try {
        new Uninitialized();
     } catch ( Throwable t ) {
        // ignore
```

```
static class Uninitialized {
   static {
    if ( true ) {
      throw new RuntimeException();
    }
  }
}
```

THAT'S UNFORTUNATE

```
24 %!
                        ...UninitializedForever::main @ 5 (25 bytes)
 612
                        ...UninitializedForever::main (25 bytes)
       25 !
 621
                        ...UninitializedForever::main @ 5 (25 bytes)
       26 %!
952
                        ...UninitializedForever::main @ -2 (25 bytes)
953
      24 %!
                                                                        made not entrant
      26 %!
1024
                        ...UninitializedForever::main @ -2 (25 bytes)
                                                                        made not entrant
                        ...UninitializedForever::main @ 5 (25 bytes)
1033
      27 %!
                        ...UninitializedForever::main @ 5 (25 bytes)
      28 %!
1405
                        ...UninitializedForever::main @ -2 (25 bytes)
1406
      27 %!
                                                                        made not entrant
                        ...UninitializedForever::main @ -2 (25 bytes)
1481
      28 %!
                                                                        made not entrant
                        ...UninitializedForever::main @ 5 (25 bytes)
      29 %!
1489
                3
                        ...UninitializedForever::main @ 5 (25 bytes)
1855
       30 %!
                        ...UninitializedForever::main @ 5 (25 bytes)
7339
       55 %!
                        ...UninitializedForever::main @ 5 (25 bytes)
7690
       56 %!
                         .UninitializedForever::main @ -2 (25 bytes)
7690
       55 %!
                                                                        made not entrant
                        ...UninitializedForever::main @ -2 (25 bytes)
                                                                       made not entrant
7761
      56 %!
                        ...UninitializedForever::main @ 5 (25 bytes)
7769
       57 %!
```

LOG COMPILATION XML

java -XX:+UnlockDiagnosticVMOptions -XX:+LogCompilation

TRAP INSTALLATION

```
<task compile_id='26' stamp='1.403'
compile_kind='osr' osr_bci='5'
method='...UninitializedForever main ([Ljava/lang/String;)V'
decompiles='1' uninitialized_traps='1' ...>
<br/>
<bc code='187' bci='5'/>
<klass id='835' name='...Uninitialized' flags='8'/>
<uncommon_trap
  bci='5' reason='uninitialized'
  action='reinterpret' klass='835'/>
</task>
```

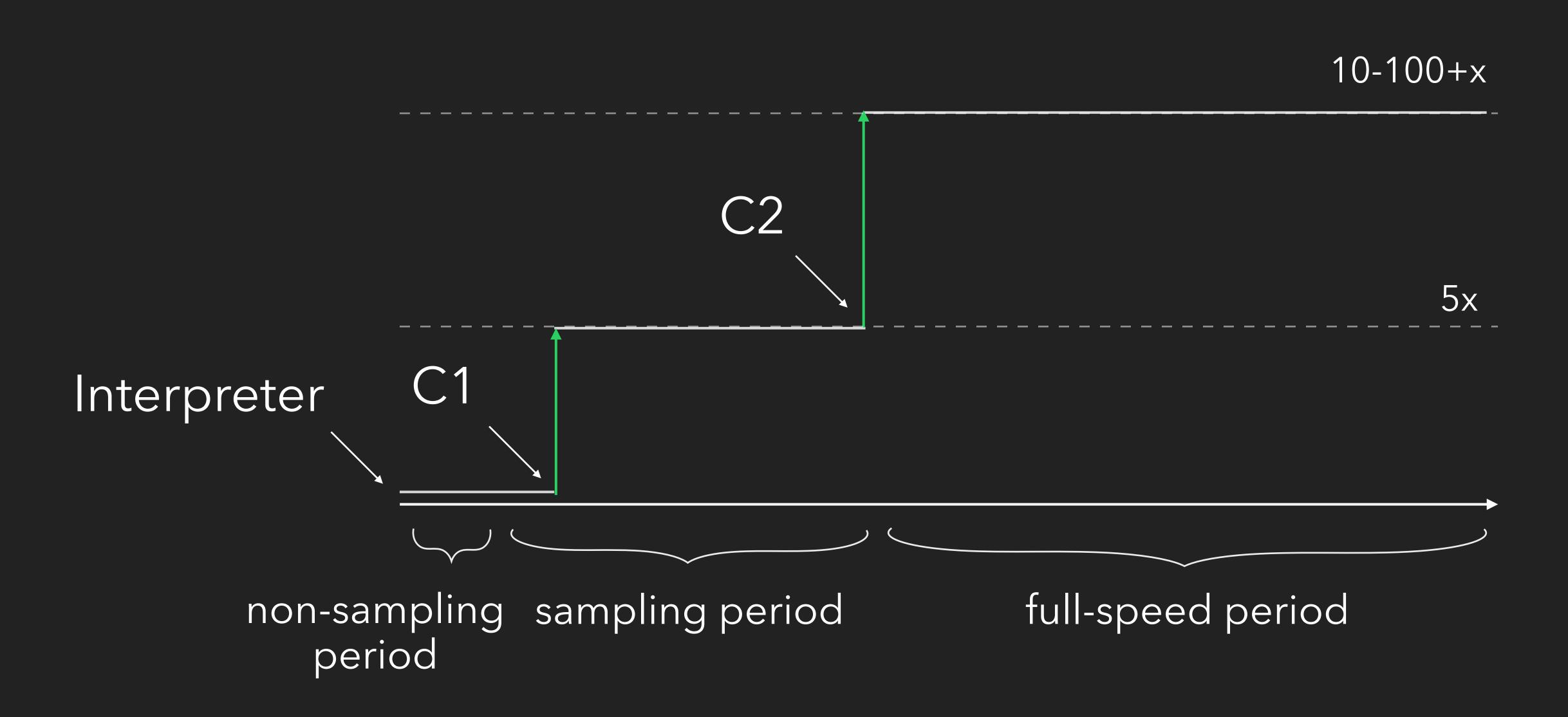
TRIGGERING TRAP

```
<uncommon_trap thread='7171' stamp='1.038'
compile_id='24' compile_kind='osr'
compiler='C2' level='4'
reason='uninitialized' action='reinterpret'>
...
</uncommon_trap>

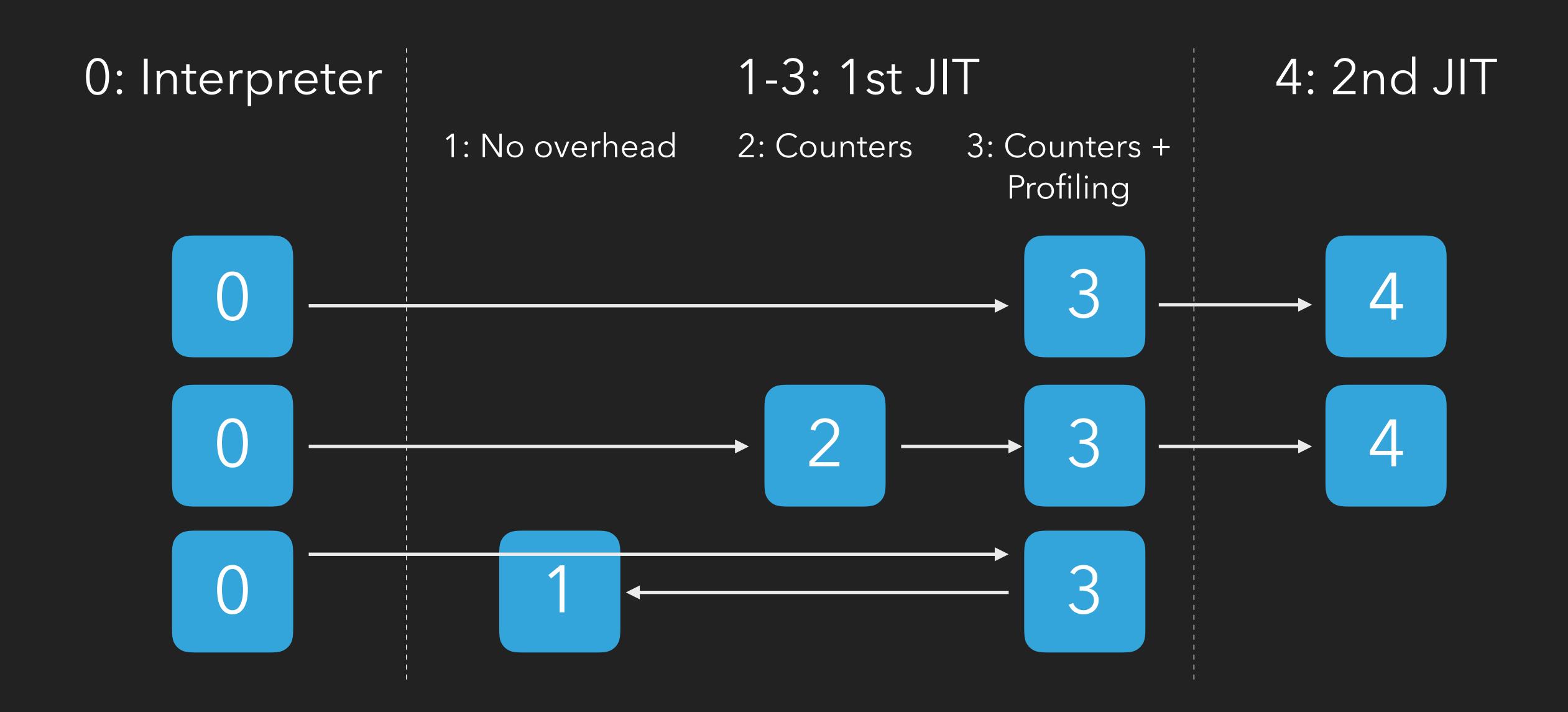
<make_not_entrant thread='7171' stamp='1.038'
compile_id='24' compile_kind='osr'
compiler='C2' level='4' />
```

COMPILING LATER PROVIDES MORE INFO TO SPECULATE.

REFINED MENTAL MODEL



TIERED COMPILATION



WHATELSE TRIGGERS UN-JIT? (DEOPTIMIZATION)

NULL CHECKING

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
  // warm-up hotMethod - enough to JIT
  for (int i = 0; i < 20_000; ++i) {
   hotMethod("hello");
  for ( int i = 0; i < 10; ++i ) {
    System.out.printf("tempting fate %d%n", i);
    try {
      hotMethod(null);
    } catch ( NullPointerException e ) { }
```

```
static final void hotMethod(
  Object value)
{
  value.hashCode();
}
```

```
java.lang.String::hashCode (55 bytes)
     81
                 ...NullCheck::hotMethod (6 bytes)
     84
          3 %! ...NullCheck::main @ 5 (69 bytes)
     85
tempting fate 0
tempting fate 1
tempting fate 2
   5089 2
                 ...NullCheck::hotMethod (6 bytes)
                                                   made not entrant
tempting fate 3
tempting fate 4
tempting fate 5
tempting fate 6
tempting fate 7
tempting fate 8
tempting fate 9
```

IMPLICIT NULL CHECK



SLOW WHEN IT HAPPENS, FAST WHEN IT DOESN'T.

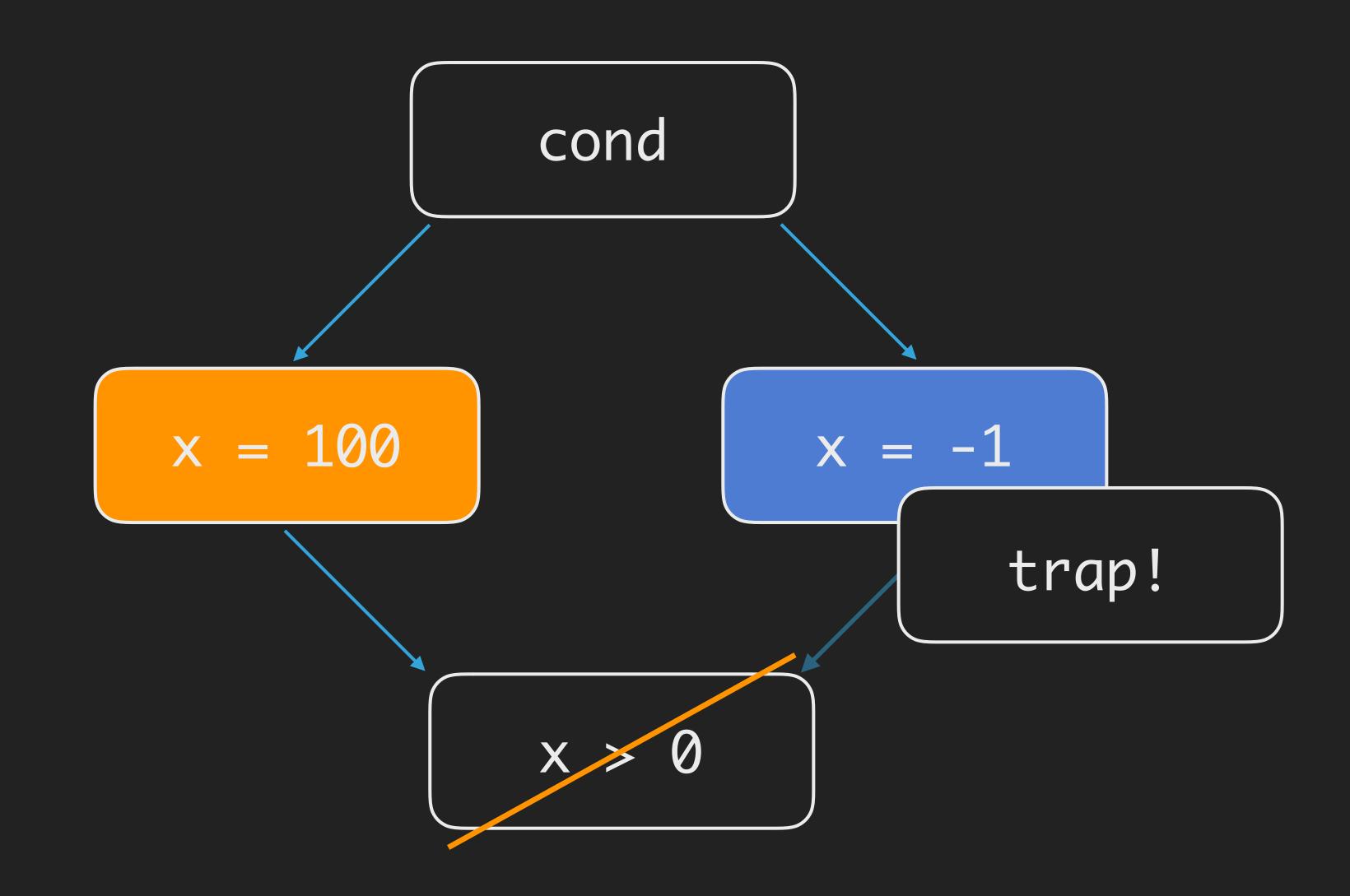
UNREACHED / UNSTABLE IF

```
public static volatile Object thing = null;
public static void main(final String[] args) {
  for (int i = 0; i < 20_000; ++i) {
   hotMethod();
  Thread.sleep(5_000); // wait for JIT
  thing = new Object();
  for (int i = 0; i < 20_{000}; ++i) {
    hotMethod();
  Thread.sleep(5_000); // wait for JIT again
```

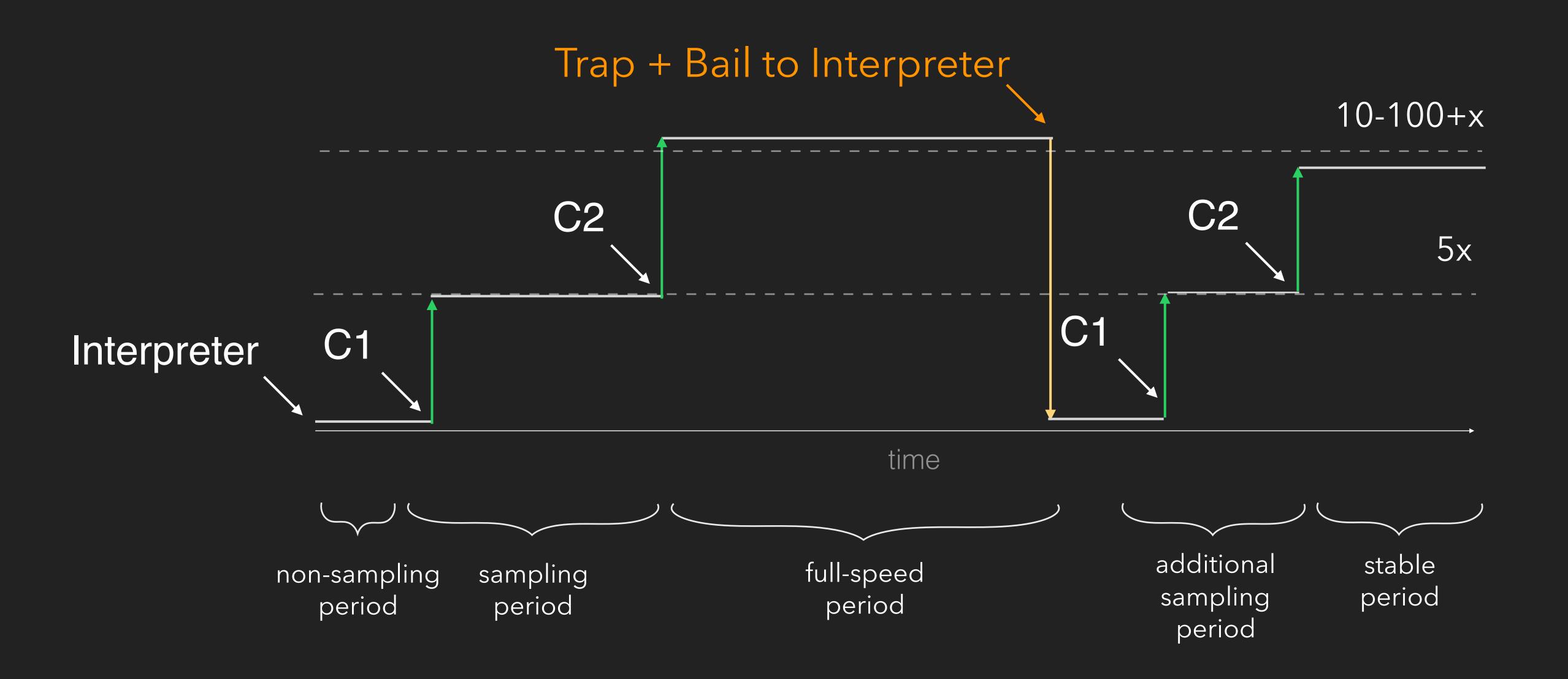
```
static final void hotMethod() {
  if ( thing == null )
    System.out.print("");
  else
    System.out.print("");
}
```

79	18	3	Unreached::hotMethod	(26 bytes)		
83	33	4	Unreached::hotMethod	(26 bytes)		
5089	33	4	Unreached::hotMethod	(26 bytes)	made not	entrant
5089	36	3	Unreached::hotMethod	(26 bytes)		
5090	38	4	Unreached::hotMethod	(26 bytes)		

```
static final void hotMethod() {
  if (thing == null)
    System.out.print("");
  else
   System.out.print("");
static final void hotMethod() {
  if (thing == null)
   System.out.print("");
  else
   uncommon_trap(:unreached);
```



REVISED MENTAL MODEL

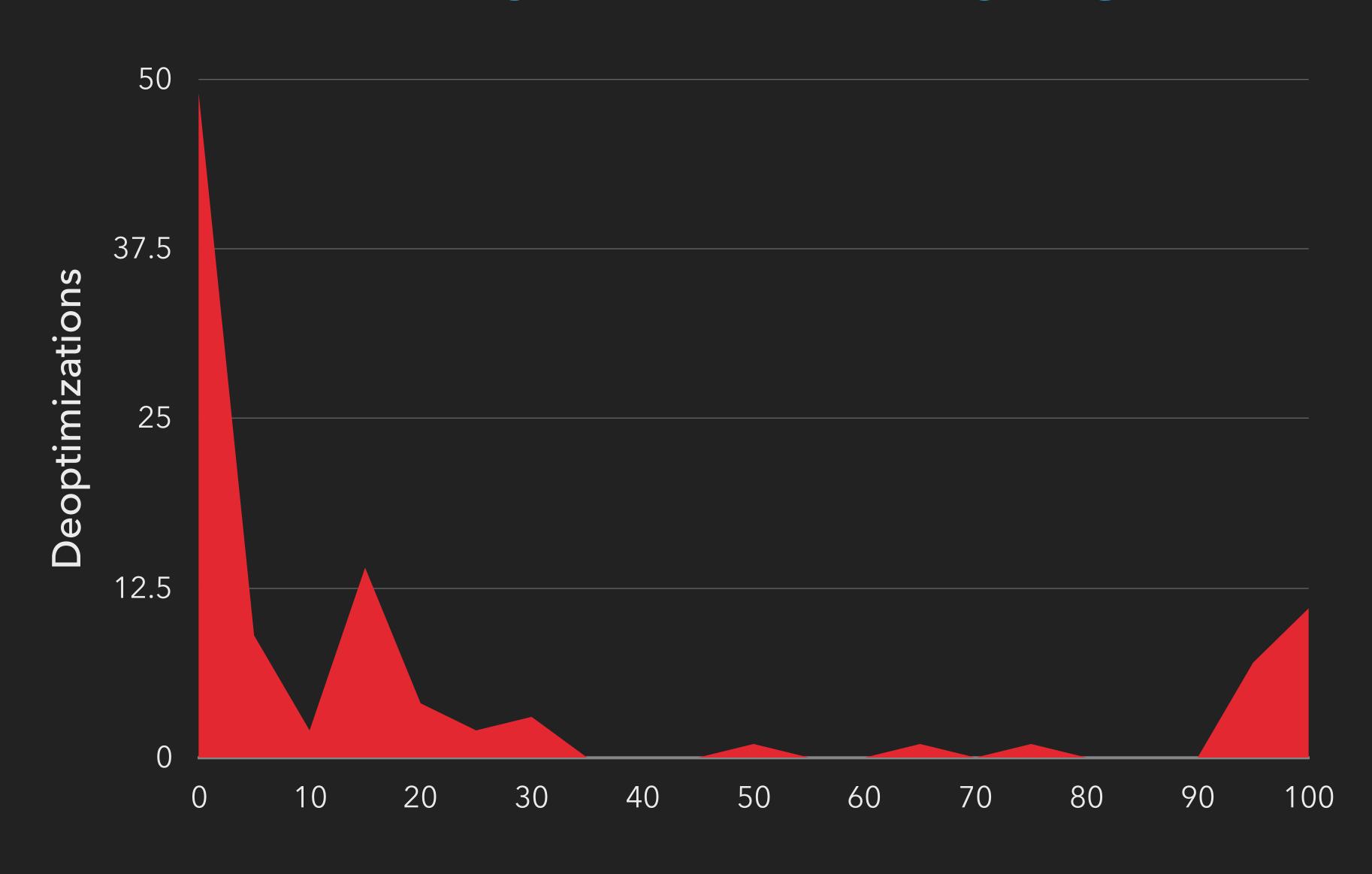


func.apply(x);

```
if ( func.getClass() == Square.class ) {
    x * x;
} else if ( func.getClass() == Sqrt.class ) {
    Math.sqrt(x)
} else {
    ...
}
```

```
<klass id='780' name='Square' flags='1'/>
<klass id='781' name='Sqrt' flags='1'/>
<call method='783' count='23161'
    prof_factor='1' virtual='1' inline='1'
    receiver='780' receiver_count='19901'
    receiver2='781' receiver2_count='3260'/>
<predicted_call bci='3' klass='780'/>
<predicted_call bci='3' klass='781'/>
<uncommon_trap bci='3'
    reason='bimorphic'
    action='maybe_recompile'/>
```

DEOPTIMIZATIONS

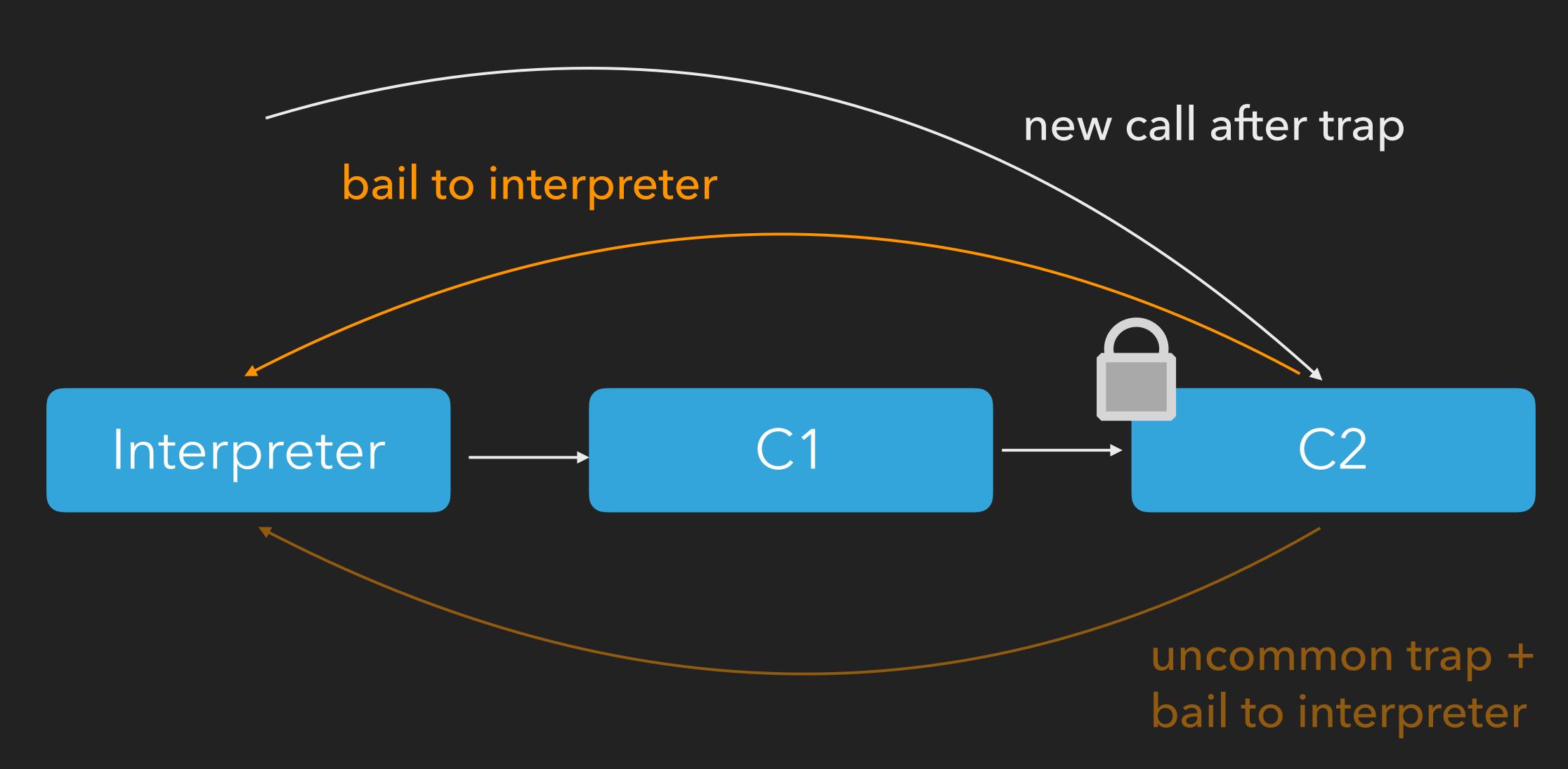


DOES THIS MATTER?

SPECULATIVE OPTIMIZATIONS

25+%
EVEN MORE INSIDE A LOOP

BAIL TO INTERPRETER + LOCK



HARD TO IDENTIFY DISRUPTION

25-50ms GOING SLOW — NOT STOPPED

AND SOME DO STOP THE WORLD

WHAT'S YOUR GOAL?

STARTUP TIME PEAK PERFORMANCE FIRST RESPONSE PERFORMANCE PREDICTABLE PERFORMANCE

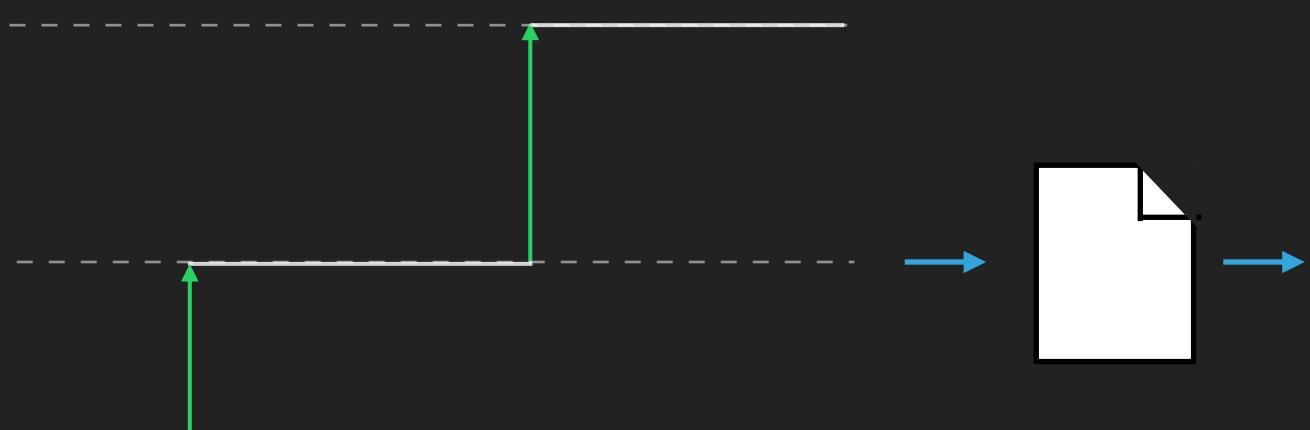
WHAT DOES THAT MEAN FOR A JIT OR AOT?

PICK YOUR PERFORMANCE GOAL

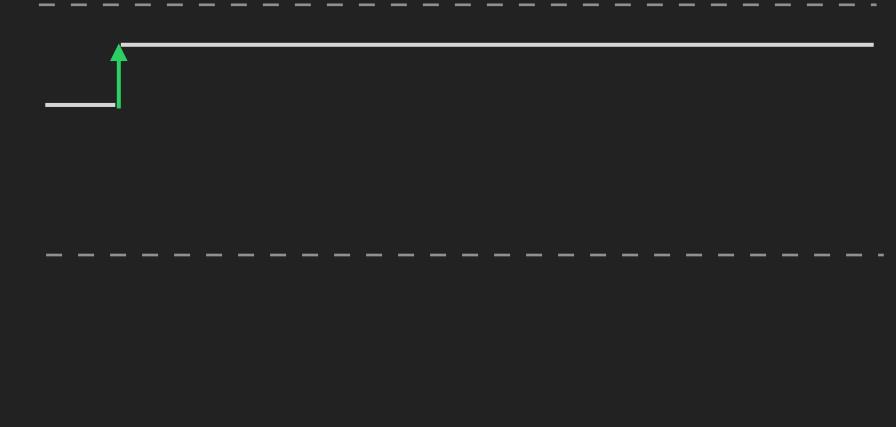
PEAK PERFOMANCE STABLE PERFORMANCE

AZUL READYNOW

ORIGINAL RUN



SUBSEQUENT RUNS



EACH APPROACH HAS PROS & CONS

STARTUP TIME

PEAK PERFORMANCE

FIRST RESPONSE PERFORMANCE

PREDICTABLE PERFORMANCE

IT CAN GET MORE DYNAMIC.

CLASS GENERATION CLASS GENERATION EVAL == EVIL

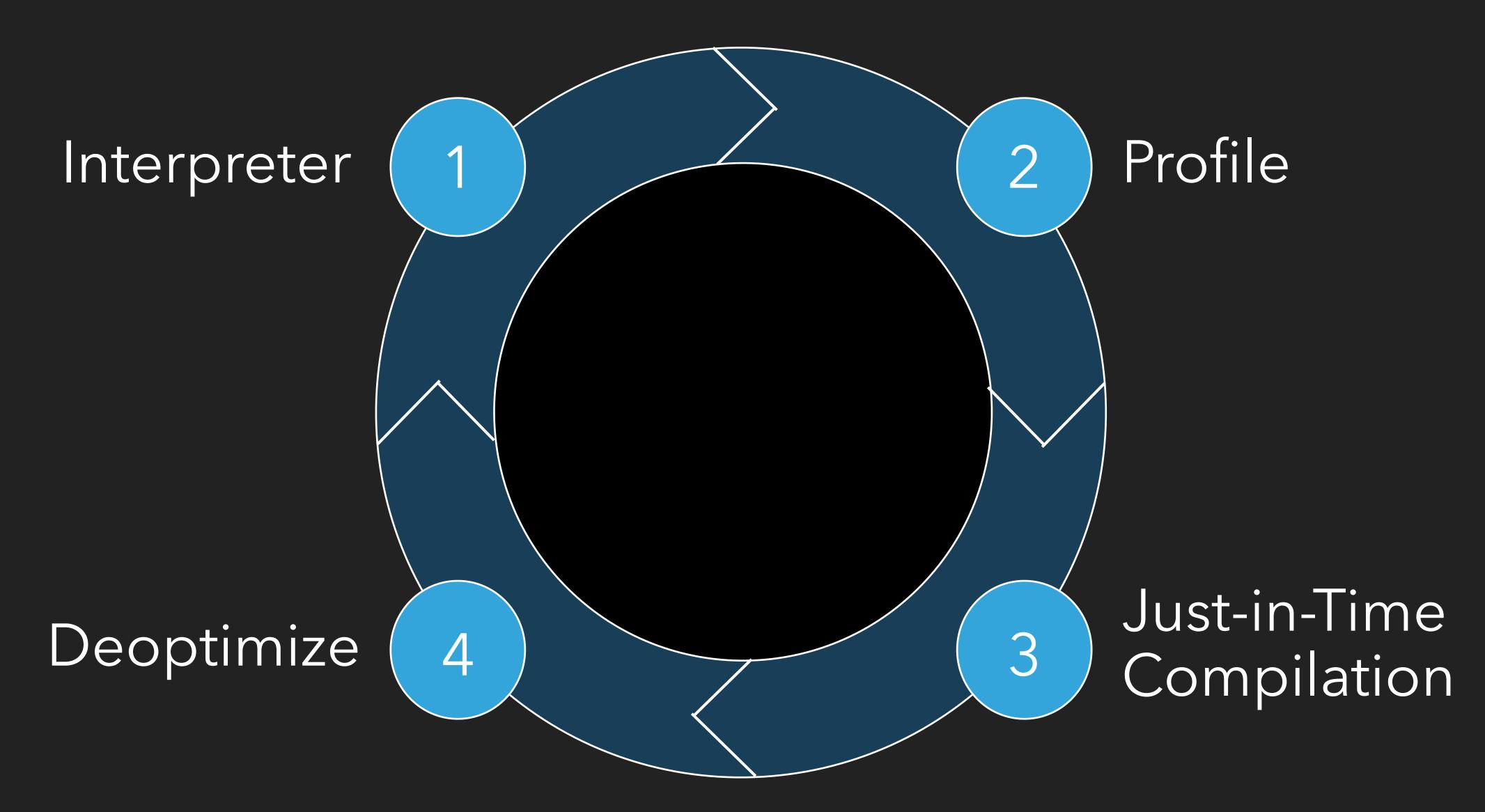
AOP Rules Engines JSON Libraries Spring

xml.transform ORMs: Hibernate Reflection

Derby Java 8 Lambdas Dynamic Proxies

THAT'S A CHALLENGE FOR AN AOT.

(SIMPLIFIED) CODE LIFECYCLE



REFERENCES

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http://shipilev.net/

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http://www.javaspecialists.eu/

PSYCHOMATIC LOBOTOMY SAW

http://psy-lob-saw.blogspot.com/