Mizan-Tepi University

College of Social Science and Humanities

Department of Sociology

Course Outline

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Instructor's Name: Demelash Belay

Consultation Hours: Monday (8:20-10:20 Local Time)

Wednesday (8:20-10:20 Local Time)

Friday (8:20-10:20 Local Time)

Module Name: Introduction to Behavioral Science

Module Code: SohM1032

Course Name: Introduction to Sociology

Course Code: SOCI1031

Course ECTS: 3 ECTS

COURSE DESCRIPTION

The course introduces students with the subject matter of Sociology by first briefly covering some of the ideas of the classical sociological thinkers and the major sociological theories and then goes on to provide discussions on various sociological concepts (social values, social norms, culture), basic elements of social life (groups, institutions, society), social processes (stratification, social class) and social change. The course also introduces to students foremost social pathologies in Ethiopia, the major theoretical perspectives of sociology, especially in relation to health and medicine. The social context of health and illness, the social causes of diseases, healthy lifestyles, as well as the different types health care systems are also discussed in the course.

COURSE CONTENT

1. The Discipline of Sociology	4.2 Social Values, Norms and Social Control
	4.2.1 Social Values
1.1 Sociology Defined	4.2.2 Social Norms
1.2 Sociology and Other Social Sciences	4.2.3 Mores and Folkways
1.3 The Sociological Perspective: What Is It?	4.2.4 Social Control
1.4 Benefits of the Sociological Perspective	
1.5 Micro and Macro Sociology	4.3 Social Structure: Status and Role
	4.3.1 Status
2. The Development of Sociology: A Historical Review	4.3.2 Role
2.1 Early Origins and Development	5. Culture
2.2 Founders of Sociology	5.1. The Concept of Culture
2.2.1 Augute Comte	
2.2.2 Herbert Spencer	5.1.1 The Components of Culture
2.2.3 Emile Durkheim	5.1.2 Culture Universals
	5.1.3 Multiculturalism and Subculture
2.2.4 Karl Marx	5.1.4 Prejudice and Discrimination
2.2.5 Max Weber	5.1.5 Assimilation and Accommodation
3. Theoretical Perspectives in Sociology	
3.1 Functionalist Perspectives	5.2. Socialization
3.2 The Conflict Paradigm	5.2.1 Why Is Socialization Important?
<u> </u>	5.2.2 Agents of Socialization
3.3 The Symbolic-Interaction Paradigm	5.2.3 Gender Socialization
4. Social Organization and Interaction	5.2.4 Socialization through the Life Course
4.1 Groups and Institutions	5.2.5 Re-Socialization

6. An Overview of Social Pathologies	7.1. 3. Social Conflict Theory
6.1. The Concept of Social Pathology	7.2. Theories of Disease Causation
6.2. The Universality and Locality of Some Social	7.2.1. Germ Theory
Pathologies	7.2.2. The Multi-causal Models of Disease
6.3. The Concepts of Social Deviance and Crime	7.2.3. The Theory of General Susceptibility
6.4. A Survey of Social Pathologies in Ethiopia	7.3. The Social and Psychological Factors of Health
6.4.1. Vulnerability to Famine and the Problem	and Health Lifestyles
of Food Insecurity	7.4. Health Lifestyles
6.4.2. Prostitution	7.4.1. Theory of Health Lifestyles
6.4.3. Unemployment	7.4.2. The Poor and Health Lifestyles
6.4.4. The Youth and Drug Addiction	7.5. Health Care Systems
6.4.5. Rural to Urban Migration, the Refugee	7.5.1. What is Health Care?
Problem and Health	7.5.2. Types of Health care
6.4.6. Population Explosions and Ecological	
Degradation	
6.4.7. Urbanization, Urban Poverty, Housing	
Problem, Homelessness and Begging	
. The Social Context of Health and Illness	
7.1. Major Sociological Perspectives on Health and	
Medicine	
7.1.1. Structural Functionalism	
7.1.2. Symbolic Interactionism	

MODE OF ASSESSMENT

- Assignment Students will select one sociological theory on health and provide the basic postulates of the theory. They will also identify strengths, weakness and possible applications of the theory in a particular area of health care. It will account for 20% of the total course mark.
- ☑ **Tests:** Students will take tests which will account for 30% of the total course mark.
- ☑ Quiz: will account for 10% of the total mark
- ☑ Final Examination: There will also be a final exam at the end of the course which will account for 40 % of the total course mark.

REFERENCES

Giddens, Anthony, 2006. Sociology. 5th ed, Polity, Cambridge.

Haralambos, Martin and Holborn, Martin.2004. Sociology: Themes and perspective. 6th ed, Harpercollins Publishers Limited, London.

Henslin, James, M.2004. Essentials of Sociology. A down-to-Earth Approach. 5th ed. Boston.

- Macionis, John & Ken, Plummer. 2008. *Sociology: A Global Introduction* .4th ed. London: Pearson Education Limited.
- Ritzer, George and Douglas J. Goodman. 2004. *Sociological Theory*, Sixth Edition. McGrawHill Inc.

Schaefer, Richard. T. 2005. Sociology 9th ed. New York. Mc-Graw -Hill companies, Inc.

- Wallace, Ruth A. & Alison Wolf. 1995. Contemporary Sociological Theory: Continuing the Classical Tradition, 4th ed., Prentice-Hall.
- Zerihun Doda. 2005. Introduction to Sociology Lecture Notes for Health Science Students: Ethiopia Public Health Training Initiative