



CYBER SECURITY BUSINESS PLAN (Team 2)

06 Jan 2022

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OUR COMPANY



SECURE & PROTECT
DIGITAL SECURITY

Secure & Protect™ believes that security is essential for every organisation.

We help clients migrate their on premise IT services to Microsoft Azure while adding comprehensive security solutions.

This will enable Organisations to protect their data and services against potential cyber threats.

Matt

OUR TEAM

Dave Newman

Chief Architect

Jeremy Wang

Chief Strategy Officer

Bryan Chan

Chief Project Lead

Matthew Tan

Chief Operations Lead



Agenda

01 Problem
Identification

02 Solution

03 NIST
Framework

04 Business
Plan

05 Conclusion



NIST



01 Problem Identification



What Happened - The Trigger

ACME Manufacturing Pte Ltd



1. correo a la CEO
2. dinero de licitación aprobado
3. de cfo
4. y de regreso a cfo

mail from: alicia.sierra@acme.com
rcpt to: luis.tamayo@acme.com
subject: final approval of tender
date: april 1, 2020 15:50:43 +0800 UTC
reply-to: professor@lacasedepapel.com

Evening Boss,
Please i need your final approval on the bid amount for the tender later.

Regards,
Alicia

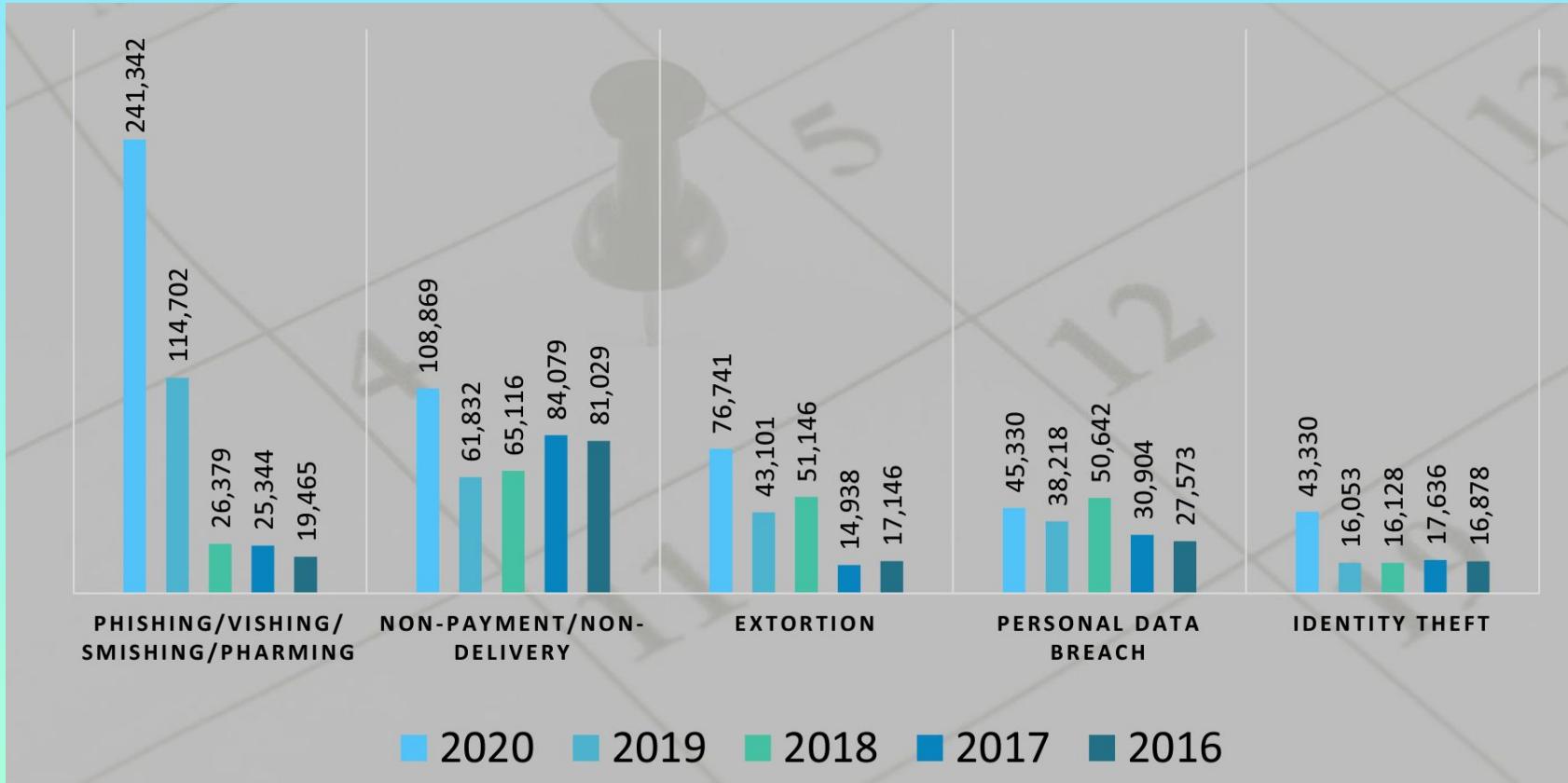


Dear Alicia,
1.2 mil please go ahead.
I bet this is the perfect amount for the bid.
Tamayo

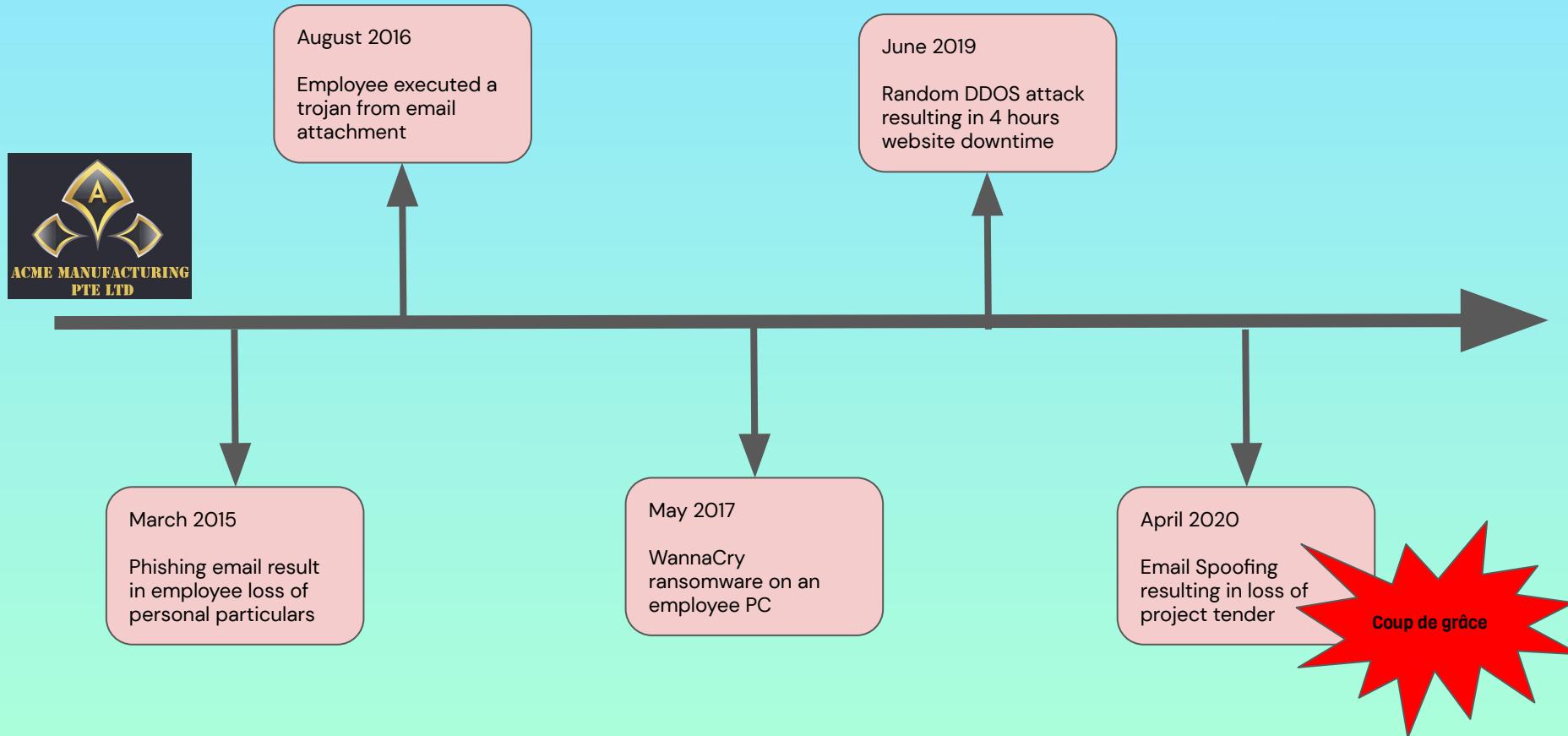


A few weeks later...

Whats Going On With The World Today



Client Sample - ACME Security Breaches History



Client Sample - ACME Current Infrastructure

Microsoft Server 2008 – Active Directory

Exchange Exchange 2010

FileZilla FTP and Apache Web Server running on Server 2008

MS SQL 2008 on Server 2008

Asus Router/Firewall and Smart Switches

OpenSource PBX on Singtel ISDN

Consumer Antivirus

Windows 7 Desktops



Client Sample - ACME Problem Identification

Problem Statement

- Outdated Infrastructure
- End of Line Operating Systems
- Inadequate Email Security
- Lack of Monitoring Systems
- Consumer Antivirus & Firewall

Challenges

- Expansion of IT Budgets
- Inadequate IT Skills
- Attacks getting More Sophisticated
- Ongoing User Education on Cyber Hygiene

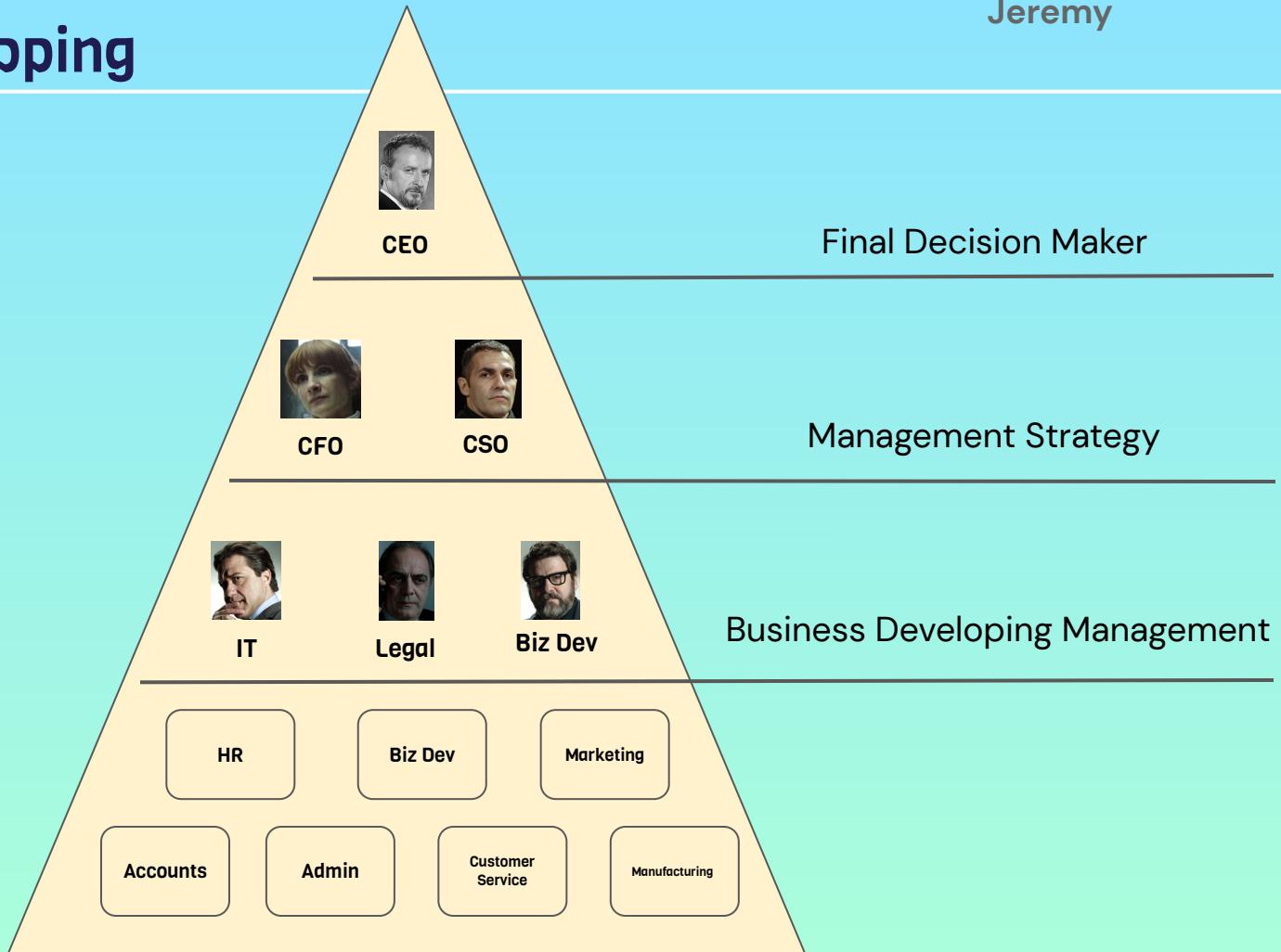
How Might We...

Improve and Secure
the IT System

for ACME

so that cyber
attacks can be
prevented

Stakeholder Mapping



User Persona 1 - The CEO



Name Luis Tamayo

Age 65

Luis is a business owner who started his own business 40 years ago, he is not good with computers and technology so he often relies on his employees to maintain the technological needs as the company progress

Motivations



Maintains the competitiveness of the company and pass on to his son

Goals



Compete with the biggest manufacturing firm in the country

Needs



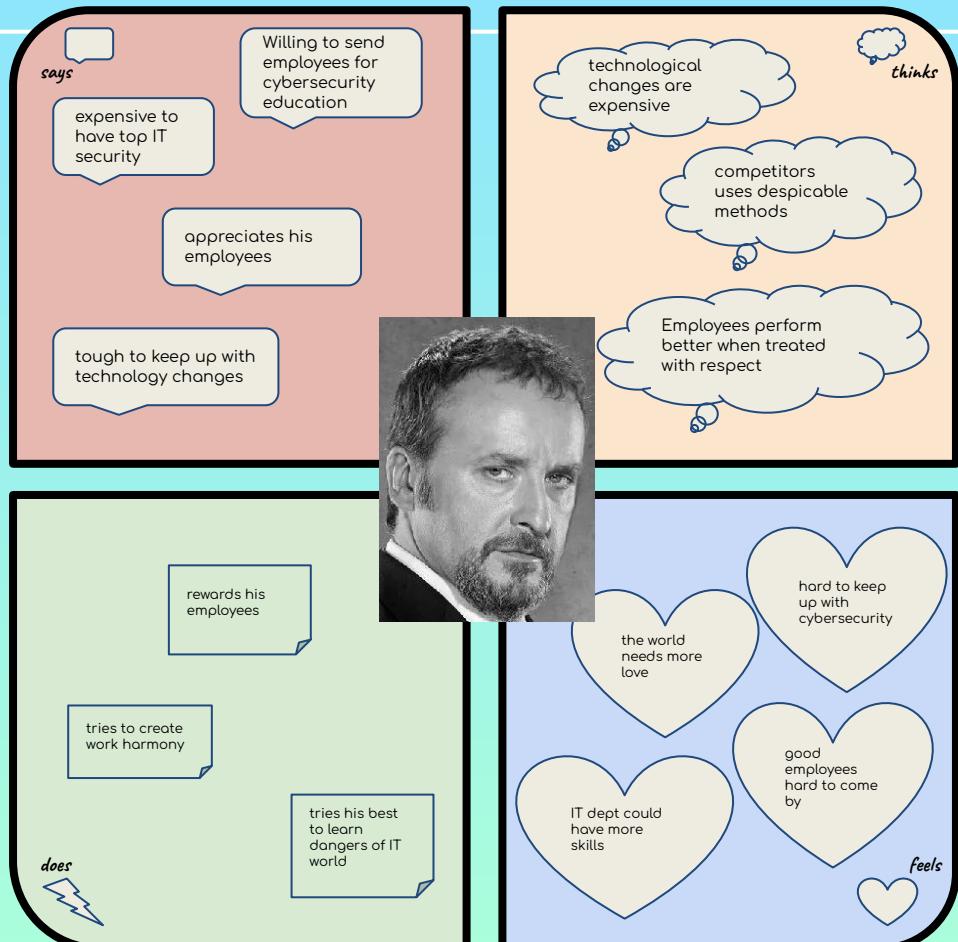
Requires excellent work rate and dedication from his employees as the industry is very competitive

New generation to have better technological education and lead the company forward

Luis' Empathy Map

Luis feels that it is difficult to keep up with the changing world of IT especially cybersecurity attacks, and it generally will cost a lot to maintain top cybersecurity

He also appreciate what his employees are already doing and trying their best and is willing to invest more on IT needs and also training for employees too.



User Persona 2 - The Head of IT



Name Arturo Román

Age 45

Arturo is a system engineer who started off as a desktop engineer 20 years ago. He had slowly progressed to the head of IT

Motivations



Automate IT serviceability to reduce his workload

Needs



Hopes the company invest more on IT budget to make his life easier

Goals



Catch up and improve on cybersecurity knowledge as he is not a specialist in this field

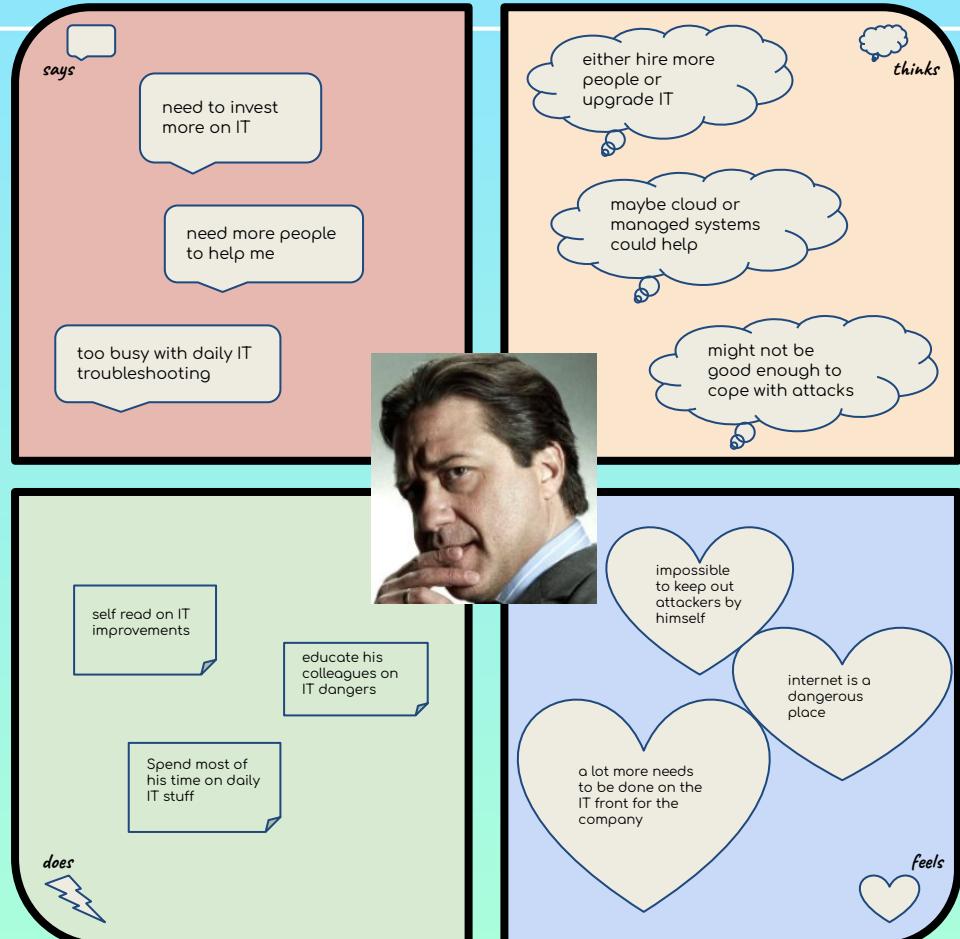
Needs more IT personnel to help in the department as there are no specific person to do specific role.

Arturo's Empathy Map

Arturo thinks the company had not invested enough on upgrading to the world technological changes

He also feels that he is short handed and it is impossible for him to monitor traffic or read logs with his limited time therefore maybe outsourcing some parts of IT could help

Arturo feels he tried his best but he could not prevent cyber attacks on his own



ACME's Pain Points



Dedicated Attention
on IT Services



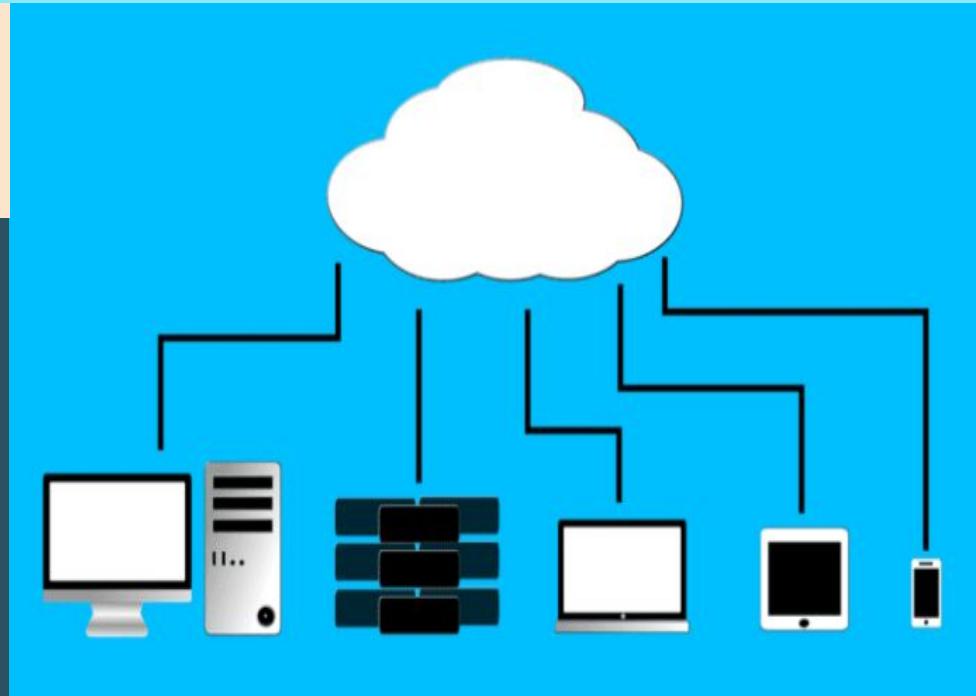
IT Systems Not Good Enough
for Today's Standard

Lack of Manpower in IT

BIG Ideas for ACME/Similar Setups

Migration to Hosted Services

- platform as a service
- automated updates and security patches by service providers
- security defense based on service providers



Migration to Cloud Services

- infrastructure as a service
- pay on demand cost effectiveness
- redundancy and security of data

BIG Ideas for ACME/Similar Setups



Increase IT manpower

- specialised role for different technological needs
- more brains and innovation

IT Infrastructure Major Revamp

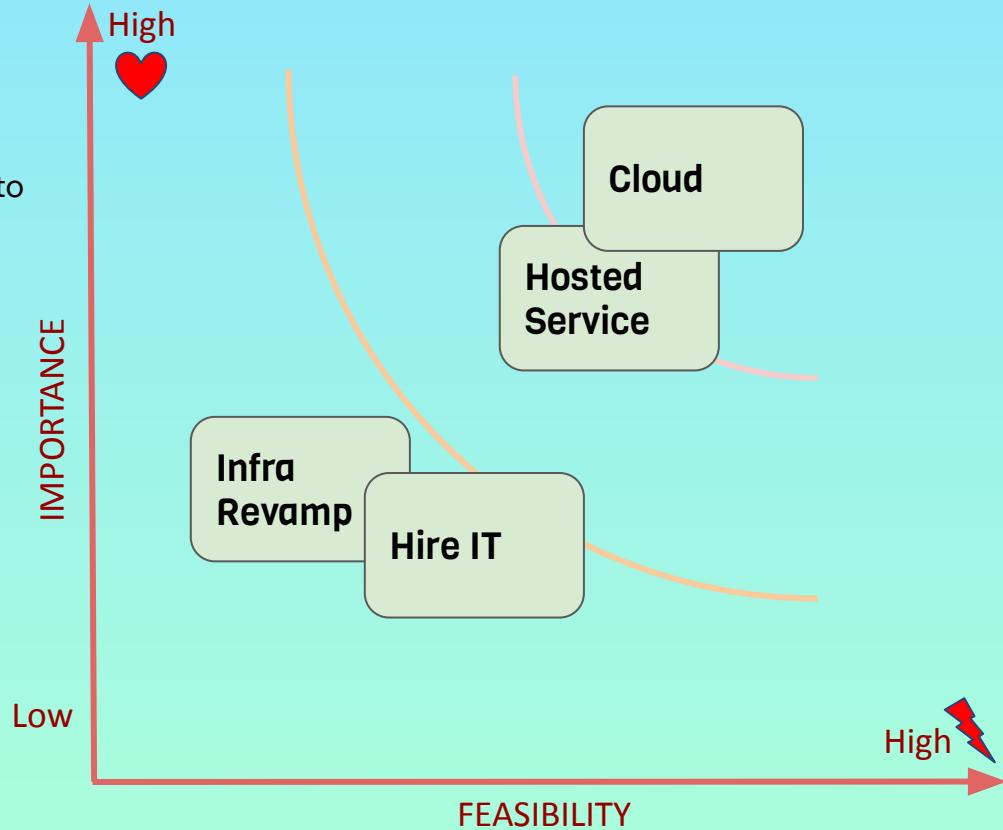
- state of the art IT Systems
- highly customized
- costly



Prioritization

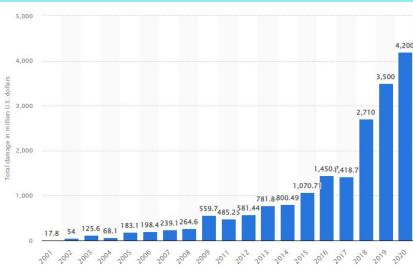
Migration to Cloud stands out as the best solution on importance and feasibility due to its advantage on technological security

- automatic software updates
- automatic security patches
- service provider cyber defenses
- redundancy and backup
- monitored environment

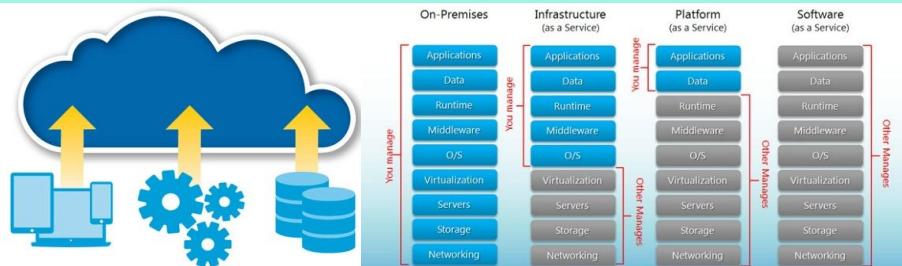


Storyboard

Arturo could not cope with the demands of technological change and targeted attacks of cyber warfare



He spend most of his time troubleshooting his colleague desktop and neither does he have the time to monitor network traffic



Cloud computing serverless infrastructure now reduce his workload with the service provider taking over much of the cybersecurity defenses

Storyboard

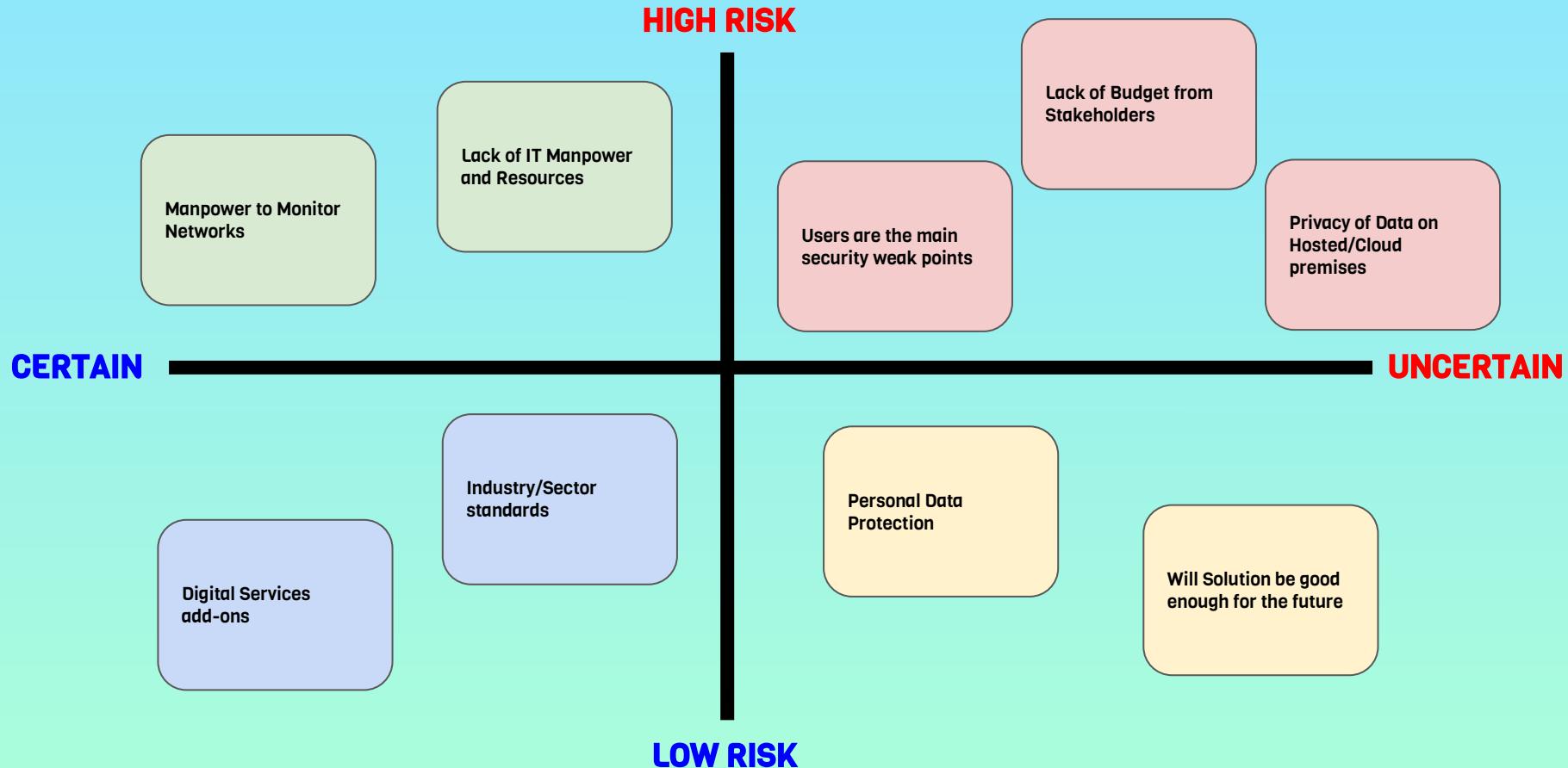
The pay per usage scheme reduced IT cost, and secured systems brought confidence to Luis



With the company IT system monitored by professionals,
They can now resume their manufacturing business just like the good ol' days

Who Specific user	What Specific enablement	Wow Specific market value / differentiation
Business Owners and IT Managers	can Upgrade to a Highly Secured and Closely Monitored IT system	with good Cost Efficiency on Manpower and IT Budgets
	can add more Digital Services in a Highly Secured and Closely Monitored way	without needing to hire more IT Manpower and with a cost-effective budget

Risk & Assumptions



High Risk Uncertainties

Assumption Questions

Means to Resolve

Lack of Budget from Stakeholders

Minimum IaaS on pay per usage

Minimum PaaS on pay per usage

Users are the main security weak points

Users must be educated on good practise frequently

Privacy of Data on Hosted/Cloud premises

Access Control List must be well maintained

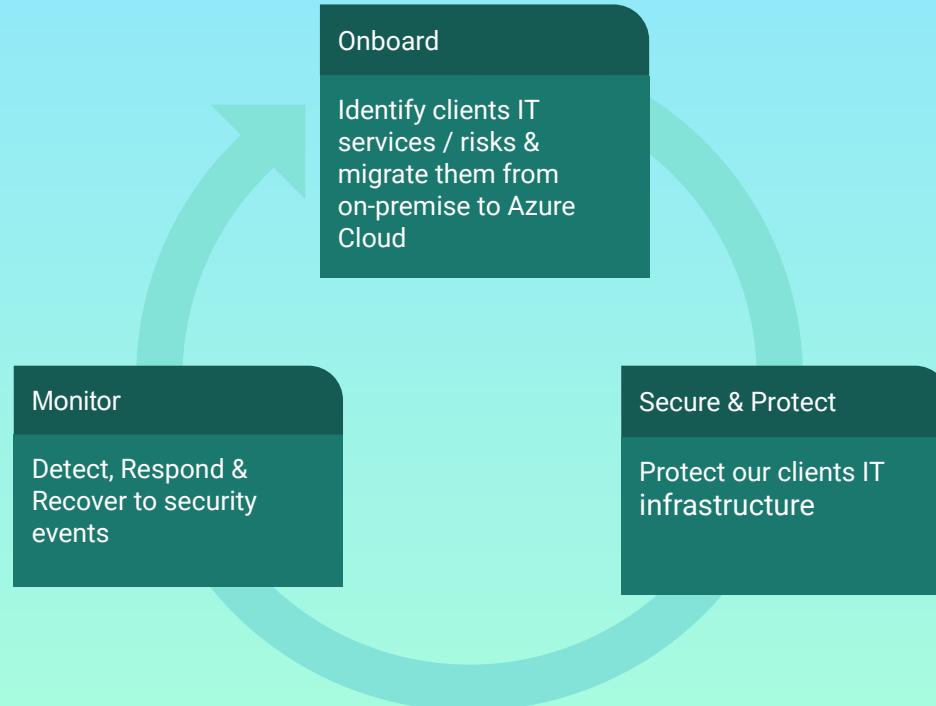
Multi Factor Authentication

Segregation of Domains

02 SOLUTION



What are we doing



How are we doing it

Migration team:

- Understand and document client's current situation
- Migrate basic services to Azure
- Set up logging for all on-premises and Azure services
- Logs go to a centralised SIEM (Microsoft Sentinel)



Security Operations Centre team:

- Monitor and investigate any security events that are detected and flagged in the centralised SIEM (Microsoft Sentinel)

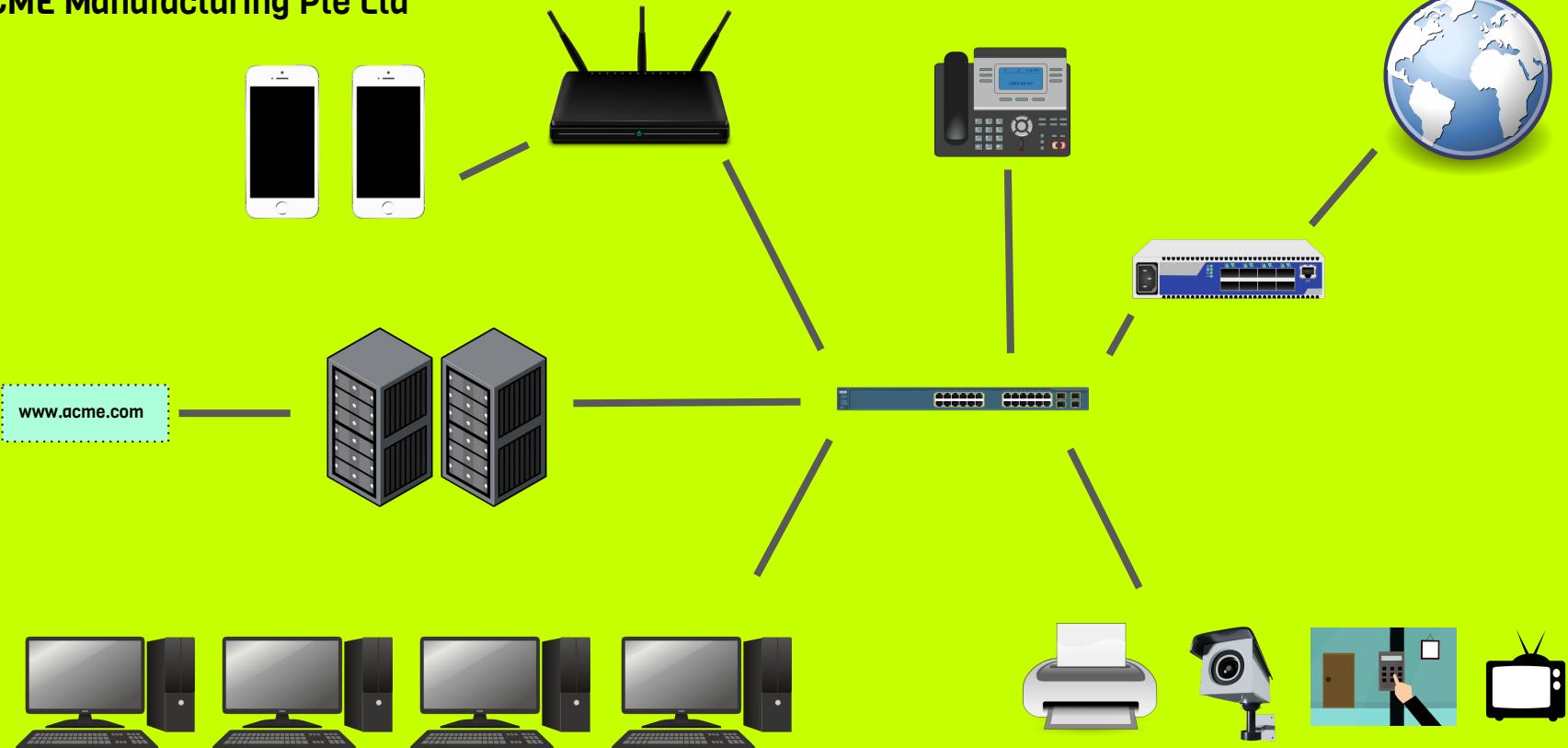
Services mapping

- Active Directory
 - Exchange
 - Microsoft Office
 - Apache Website
 - FileZilla FTP
 - Asus Consumer Wifi/Router
-
- Consumer Antivirus
 - Unmonitored Web Browsing
 - Singtel ISDN

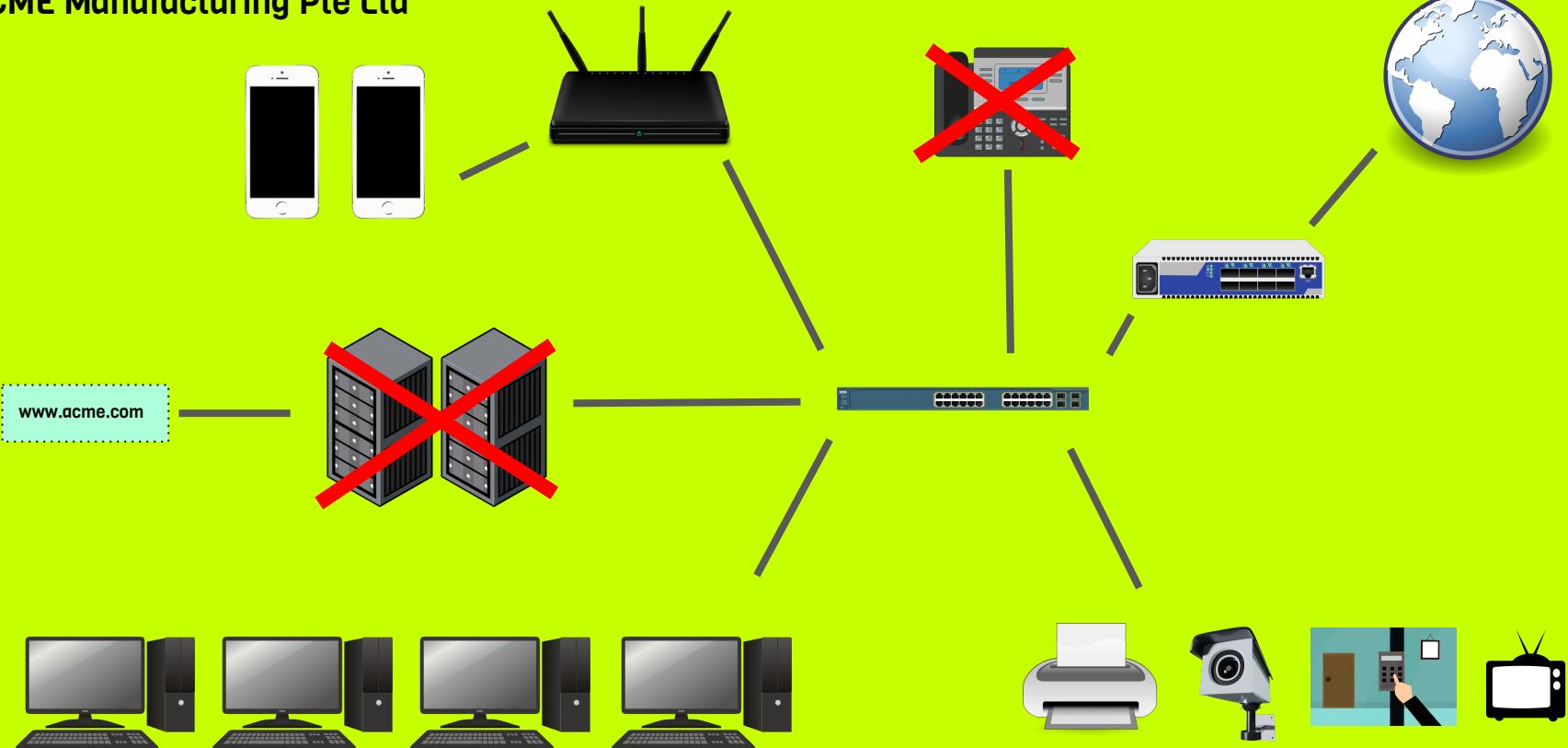


- Azure Active Directory
- Exchange 365
- Microsoft 365
- Microsoft Azure Web Apps
- Microsoft OneDrive
- Cisco Firewall/Gateway/Switch/AP connecting to Azure VPN Gateway
- Microsoft Defender for Endpoints
- Monitored Web Browsing
- Skype for Business

- ACME Manufacturing Pte Ltd



- ACME Manufacturing Pte Ltd



Dave

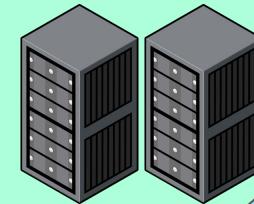
WAN GATEWAY

Microsoft Office 365
Microsoft OneDrive
Skype for Business

General Web Browsing

CLOUD INFRASTRUCTURE

Azure Active Directory
Azure SQL Database
Azure Web Apps
Azure Defender
Azure Sentinel
Azure IoT Suites



WAN

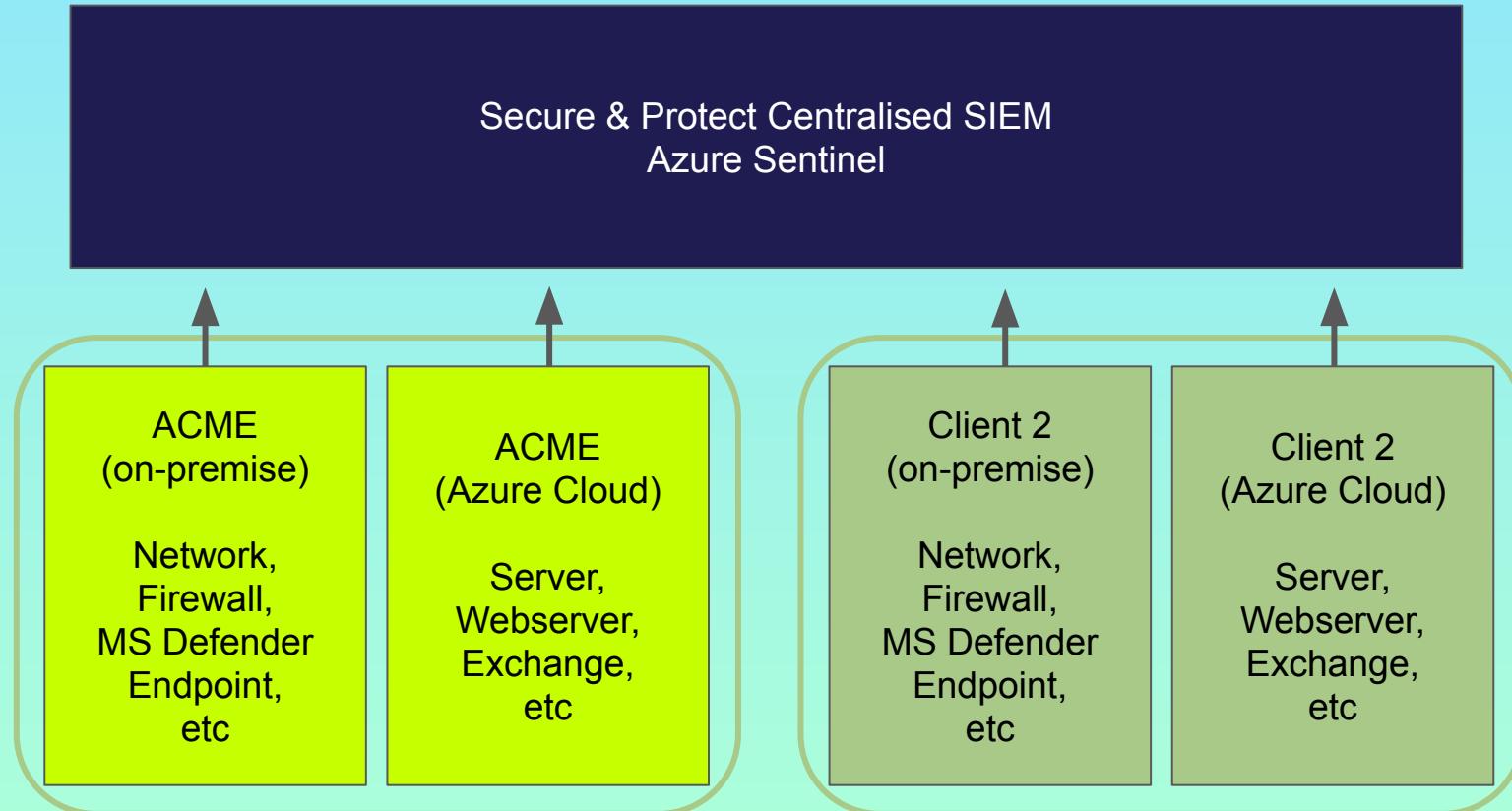
VPN to Microsoft Azure

ACME
Manufacturing
Pte Ltd

Security tools

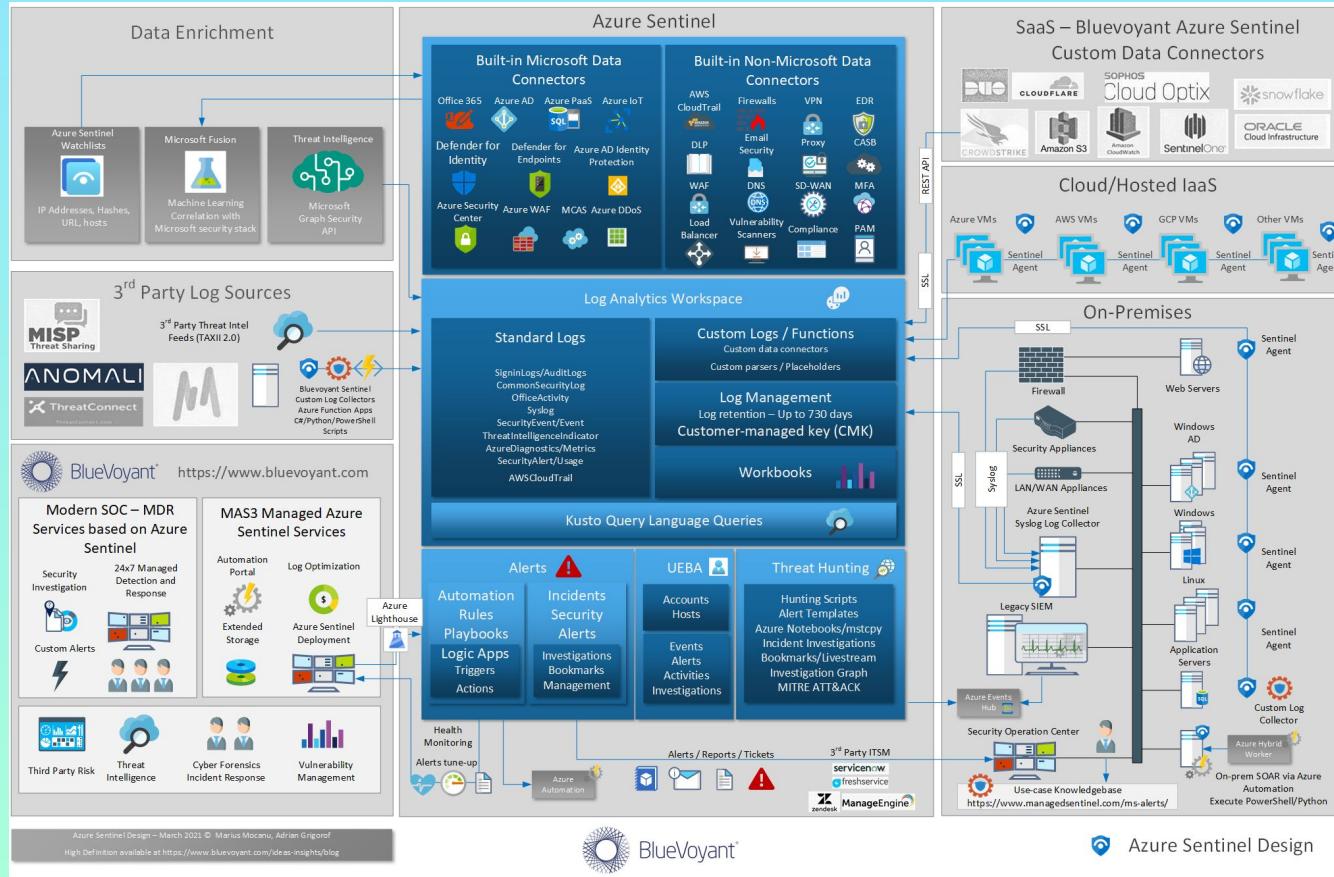
- PC/Laptops – Microsoft Defender for Endpoints
- Mobile Phones – Microsoft Defender ATP
- Azure Cloud – Azure Defender
- SIEM – Azure Sentinel
- IOT – Azure IOT Suites
- Phones – Skype for Business
- WAN – Cisco Firewall and VPN

Centralised SIEM

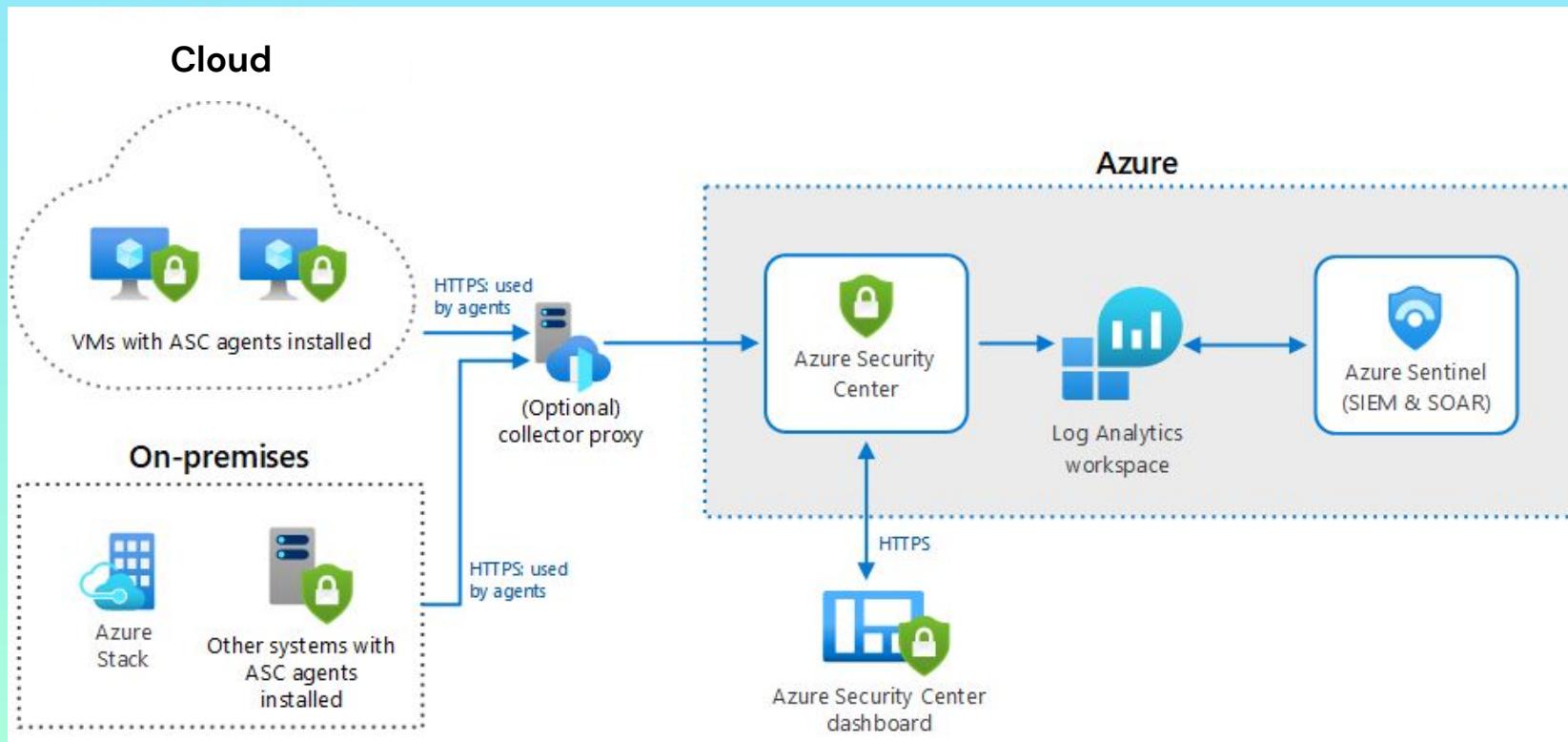


Dave

Architecture



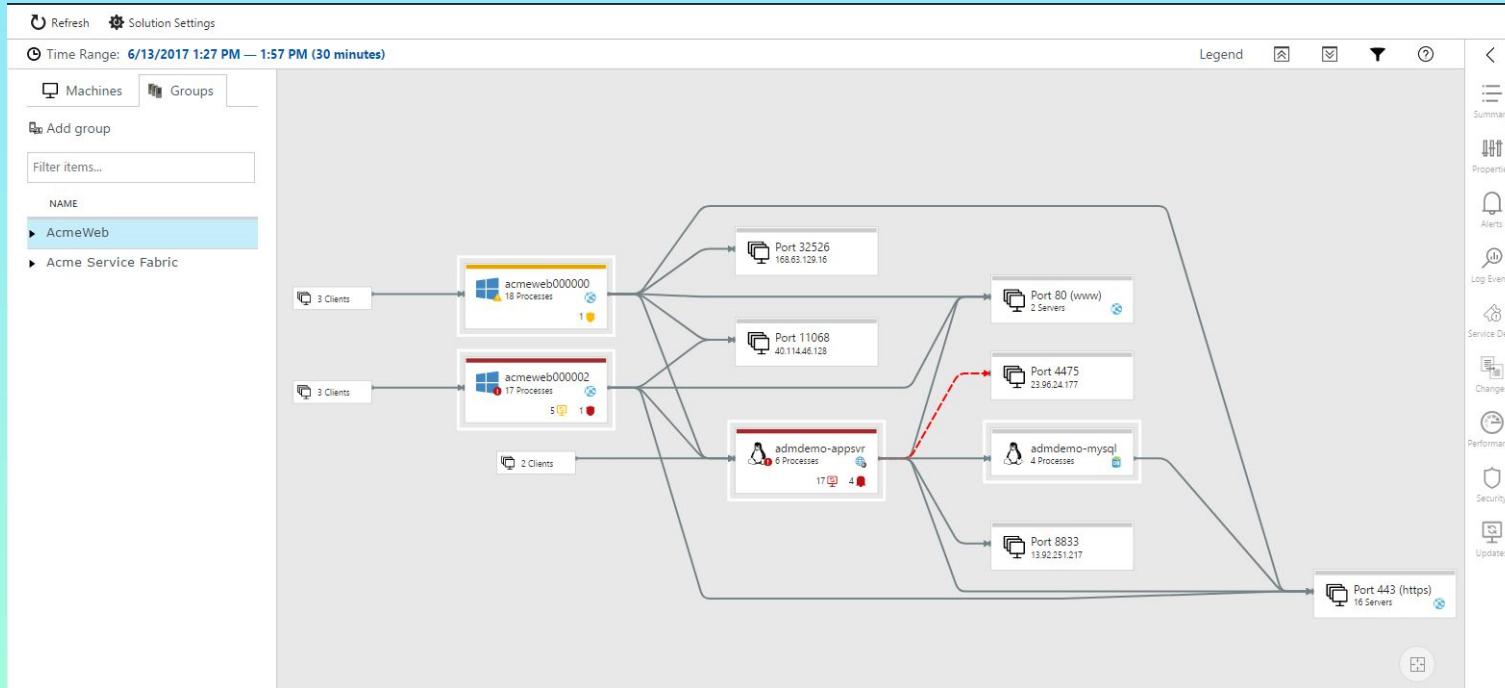
Architecture



Client Onboarding Process

- 
- Asset inventory
 - Document current users / identity mgmt
 - Document data / data mgmt
 - Document needs
 - Document current processes
 - Assess and prioritise current security risks
 - Setup Identity management
 - Setup network monitoring
 - Setup patching and maintenance processes
 - Setup backup processes
 - Setup network intrusion protection
 - Setup incident response plan
 - Setup staff training plan
 - Setup endpoint protection
 - Lift and shift AD servers, Exchange, etc
 - Migrate websites / DB to Azure
 - Customise comms plans
 - Evolve security plan as the client matures
 - Migrate monolithic apps to microservices

Migration tools



Microsoft Service Map → Azure Migrate

Reports and dashboards

Dashboard > Security Center - Regulatory Compliance (Preview)

Security Center - Regulatory Compliance (Preview)

Showing subscription 'D8ThreatDetection-Retired-1000000000000000'

Regulatory compliance assessment

317 TOTAL
Failed: 31 Passed: 286

Regulatory standards compliance status

Standard	Passed Rules	Total Rules	Status
Azure CIS	5	26	Passed
PCI DSS 3.2	16	21	Passed
ISO 27001	8	23	Passed
SOC TSP	4	13	Passed

Regulatory compliance

View your compliance posture relative to the standards and regulations that are important to you. Remediate assessments to watch your compliance posture improve.

Learn more >

Azure CIS

PCI DSS 3.2

ISO 27001

SOC TSP

All

Under each applicable Compliance Control is a set of assessments run by Security Center that are associated with that Control. If they are all green, it means those assessments are currently passing; this does not ensure you are fully compliant with that control. Furthermore, not all controls for any particular regulation are covered by Security Center assessments, and therefore this report is only a partial view of your compliance status.

Expand all compliance rules

1. Identity and Access Management

2. Security Center

2.1. Ensure that standard pricing tier is selected (Scored)
2.2. Ensure that 'Automatic provisioning of monitoring agent' is set to 'On' (Scored)

ASSESSMENT	RESOURCE TYPE	TOTAL RESOURCES
Install monitoring agent on your machines	Computers	1 of 3
Install monitoring agent on your virtual machines	Virtual machines	0 of 5

2.3. Ensure that 'System updates' is set to 'On' (Scored)

ASSESSMENT	RESOURCE TYPE	TOTAL RESOURCES
Install system updates on your machines	VMS & computers	0 of 8

2.4. Ensure that 'Security Configurations' is set to 'On' (Scored)

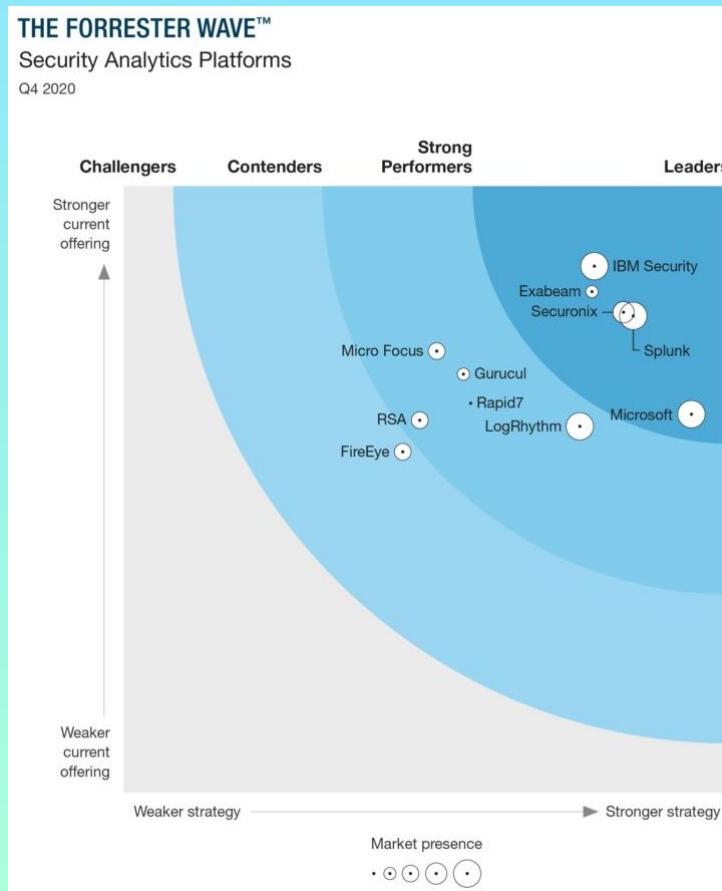
ASSESSMENT	RESOURCE TYPE	TOTAL RESOURCES
Remediate vulnerabilities in security configuration on your machines	VMS & computers	4 of 8

Why Azure improves cybersecurity / resilience

Security of the Cloud – Security in the Cloud



Alternative SIEMs



08 NIST Framework



Why is NIST Framework is important

Matt

The Framework Core

Establishes a Common Language

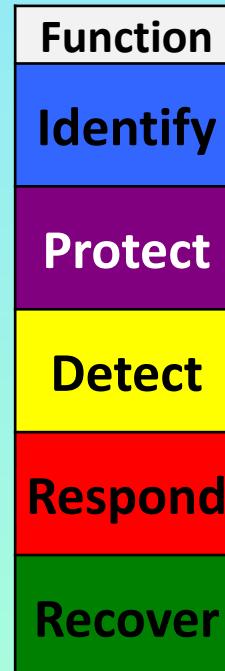
What process & assets need protection?

What safeguards are available?

What techniques can identify incidents?

What techniques can contain impacts of incidents?

What techniques can restore capabilities?



- Describes desired outcomes
- Understandable by everyone
- Applies to any type of risk management
- Defines the entire breadth of cybersecurity
- Spans both prevention and reaction

Framework Core

Function	Category	ID
Identify	Asset Management	ID.AM
	Business Environment	ID.BE
	Governance	ID.GV
	Risk Assessment	ID.RA
	Risk Management Strategy	ID.RM
	Supply Chain Risk Management	ID.SC
Protect	Identity Management and Access Control	PR.AC
	Awareness and Training	PR.AT
	Data Security	PR.DS
	Information Protection Processes & Procedures	PR.IP
	Maintenance	PR.MA
	Protective Technology	PR.PT
Detect	Anomalies and Events	DE.AE
	Security Continuous Monitoring	DE.CM
	Detection Processes	DE.DP
Respond	Response Planning	RS.RP
	Communications	RS.CO
	Analysis	RS.AN
	Mitigation	RS.MI
	Improvements	RS.IM
Recover	Recovery Planning	RC.RP
	Improvements	RC.IM
	Communications	RC.CO

Framework Implementation Tiers

Tier 1: Partial

Organizational cybersecurity risk management practices are not formalized, and risk is managed in an *ad hoc* and sometimes reactive manner. There is limited awareness of cybersecurity risk at the organizational level, and an organization-wide approach to managing cybersecurity risk has not been established.

Tier 2: Risk Informed

Risk management practices are approved by management but may not be established as organizational-wide policy. There is an awareness of cybersecurity risk at the organizational level, but an organization-wide approach to managing cybersecurity risk has not been established.

Tier 3: Repeatable

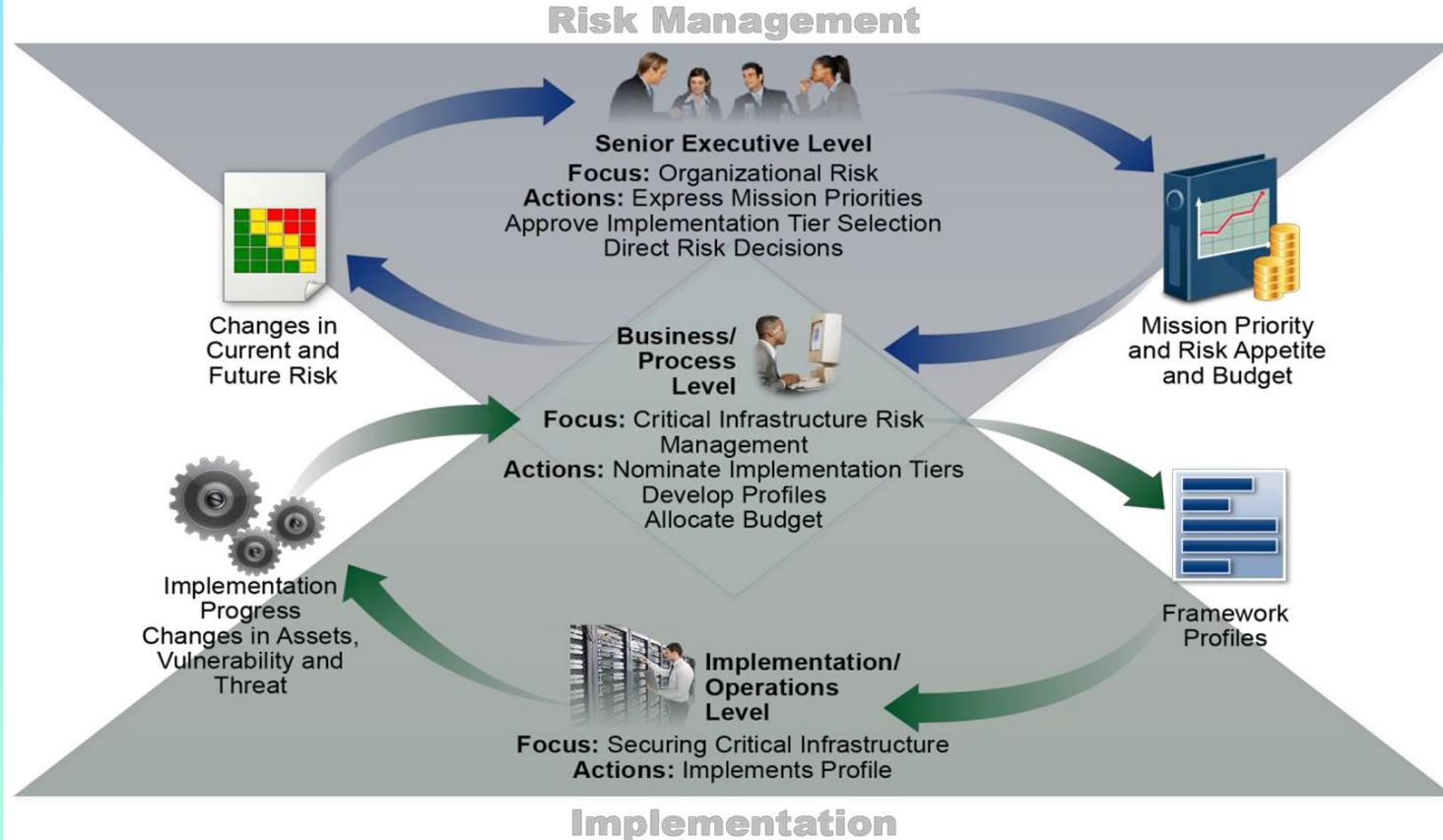
The organization's risk management practices are formally approved and expressed as policy. There is an organization-wide approach to manage cybersecurity risk.

Tier 4: Adaptive

The organization adapts its cybersecurity practices based on lessons learned and predictive indicators derived from previous and current cybersecurity activities. There is an organization-wide approach to managing cybersecurity risk that uses risk-informed policies, processes, and procedures to address potential cybersecurity events.

Provide context for how an organization views cybersecurity risk and the processes in place to handle the risks

Framework Profile



Notional Information and Decision Flows within an Organization



IDENTIFY



Develop an organizational understanding to manage cybersecurity risk to: systems, assets, data, and capabilities.

1) Maintain hardware and software inventory – MVE 1

–Make a list of all equipments, software & data ACME use including laptops, smartphones, tablets & point-of-sales devices.

2) Establish policies for cybersecurity that include roles and responsibilities – MVE 1

–Role & responsibilities for employees, vendors & anyone else with access to sensitive data.

3) Document information flows – MVE 1

– Steps to take to protect against an attack & limit the damage if one occurs.

4) Identify threats, vulnerabilities, and risk to assets – MVE 1 & MVE 2

5) Identify critical enterprise processes and assets – MVE 2

NIST Cybersecurity Framework -IDENTIFY

Matt



Focus on laying groundwork to develop knowledge of organisation

1) Asset Management

Use Azure Migrate to efficiently map out all existing equipments and softwares of ACME.

3) Data governance

- Type of data collected
- Data location and flow
- External vendors accessing the data

1. IDENTIFY

Make a list of all equipment, software, and data you use, including laptops, smartphones, tablets, and point-of-sale devices.

Create and share a company cybersecurity policy that covers:



Roles and responsibilities for employees, vendors, and anyone else with access to sensitive data.



Steps to take to protect against an attack and limit the damage if one occurs.

2) Establish policies

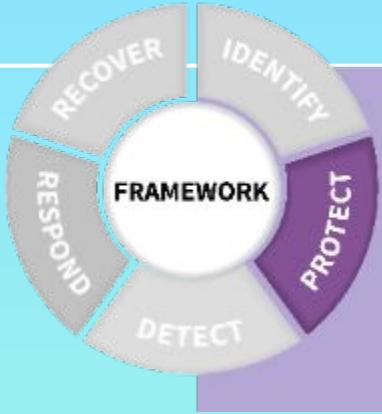
ACME expectations for cybersecurity activities and how they support critical enterprise processes.

4) Risk Assessment

- Identify possible vulnerabilities
- Initial benchmark and
- Reloop identified, assessed, and documented



PROTECT



Develop and implement the appropriate safeguards to ensure delivery of services.

1) Manage access to assets and information – MVE 1

- Control who logs on to your network and uses your computers and other devices.

2) Protect sensitive data – MVE 1

- 1) Encrypt sensitive data, at rest & in transit.
- 2) Use security software to protect data.
- 3) Update security software regularly, automating those updates if possible.

3) Conduct regular backups – MVE 1

4) Train users – MVE 1

- Train everyone who use your computers, devices and network about cybersecurity. You can help employees understand their personal risk in addition to their crucial role in the workplace.

5) Securely protect your devices – MVE 2

6) Manage device vulnerabilities – MVE 2



Focus on appropriate safeguard and ensure critical service remain available

1) Identity Management

- Create unique accounts
- Authenticate users
- Manage and track physical access
- Remove access

3) Backups

- Automate the backup on Azure
- Offline backups

2. PROTECT

- Control who logs on to your network and uses your computers and other devices.
- Use security software to protect data.
- Encrypt sensitive data, at rest and in transit.
- Conduct regular backups of data.
- Update security software regularly, automating those updates if possible.
- Have formal policies for safely disposing of electronic files and old devices.
- Train everyone who uses your computers, devices, and network about cybersecurity. You can help employees understand their personal risk in addition to their crucial role in the workplace.

2) Data Security

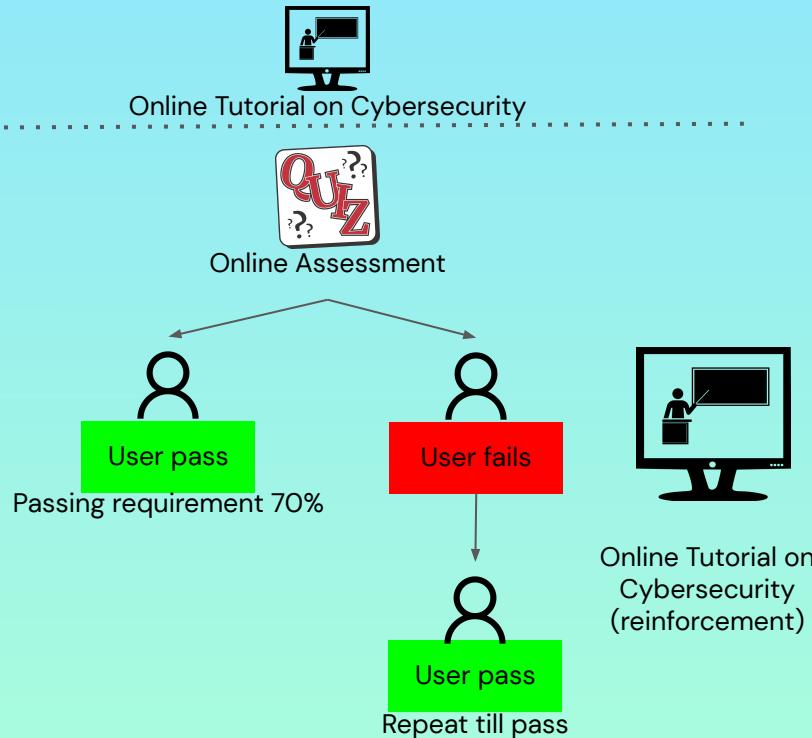
- Data encrypted
- Software and hardware integrity
- Securely delete of Data

4) Awareness & Training

- Cybersecurity policies and procedures
- Construct Risk Scenarios

Security Foundation Training (Workflow)

1) Assessment for all employees that required access



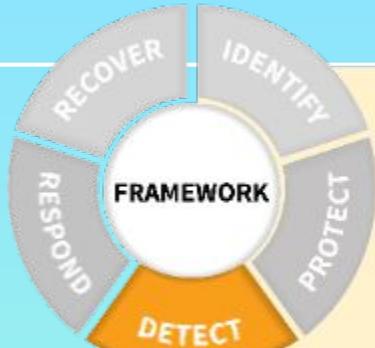
2) Construct Risk Scenarios – Simulation on phishing email



Beyond detection & protection, it is imperative that we cultivate a security-conscious culture



DETECT



Develop and implement the appropriate activities to identify the occurrence of a cybersecurity event.

1) Maintain and monitor logs – MVE 1

- 1) Monitor computers for unauthorized personnel access, devices (eg USB drives) and software
- 2) Check network for unauthorized user or connections.
- 3) Investigate any unusual activities on network or by staff.

2) Test and update detection processes – MVE 2

3) Know the expected data flows for your enterprise – MVE 2

4) Understand the impact of cybersecurity events – MVE 3

NIST Cybersecurity Framework -**DETECT**

Bryan



Focus on operational activities to identify cybersecurity events

Anomalies and Events



Establish a baseline of ACME's network operations and expected data flow for users and systems, thus establishing its expected network behaviors.

Establish Incident Alert Thresholds according to ACME's Senior Executives needs

Security Continuous Monitoring



S&P's SOC Team will provide ACME constant monitoring of its network activities thru our Centralized SIEM on Azure Sentinel.

Flag and Updates ACME upon detection of any abnormal personnel activities

Detection Processes

3. DETECT



Monitor your computers for unauthorized personnel access, devices (like USB drives), and software.



Check your network for unauthorized users or connections.

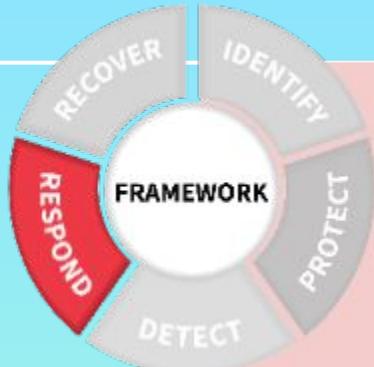


Investigate any unusual activities on your network or by your staff.

Establish with ACME how Event Detection will be communicated to them

Established well defined roles and responsibilities upon detections to ensure accountability

RESPOND



Develop and implement the appropriate activities to take action regarding a detected cybersecurity event.

- 1) Ensure response plans are updated – MVE 1 & MVE 2**
- 2) Coordinate with internal and external stakeholders – MVE 1**
 - Notifying customers, employees and others whose data may be at risk.
 - Investigating & containing an attack.
 - Keeping business operations up & running.
 - Updating cybersecurity policy & plan with lesson learned.
 - Reporting the attack to law enforcement & other authorities.
 - SingCERT Cyber Incident Reporting, Singapore Police Force & PDPC
 - Prepare for inadvertent events that may put data at risk.
- 3) Ensure response plans are tested – MVE 2**

NIST Cybersecurity Framework -Response

Bryan



Focus on taking action in the case of cybersecurity incident

Communications/Response Planning

- Establish Response Plan: Develop and implement effective response operation procedures with ACME Senior Executives
- Train ACME personnel in their roles and order of operations when an incident had occurred: how to communicate with internal and external stakeholders and coordinate a consistent response to public
- Generate Incidents report that are easy to understand for ACME Senior Executives, assist in crafting reports to authorities.

4. RESPOND

Have a plan for:

- Notifying customers, employees, and others whose data may be at risk.
- Keeping business operations up and running.
- Reporting the attack to law enforcement and other authorities.

Test your plan regularly.

Analysis, Mitigation & Improvement

- S&P to investigate detected notifications from Sentinel quickly and inform ACME, quickly contain affected Data and mitigate damages.
- Provide feedback and suggestions to improve Response Plan as well as future Training Lessons.



RECOVER



Develop and implement the appropriate activities to maintain plans for resilience and to restore any capabilities or services that were impaired due to a cyber-security event.

1) Communicate with internal and external stakeholders – MVE 1

- Keep employees and customers informed of the response and recovery activities.
- Repair and restore the equipment and parts of our network that were affected.

2) Ensure recovery plans are updated – MVE 1 & MVE 2

3) Manage public relations and company reputation – MVE 3

NIST Cybersecurity Framework -Recover

Bryan



Focus on restoring capabilities and services from security incidents

Recovery Planning

- Establish Basic Recovery Plan with ACME's Senior Executive
- Perform Recovery Plan for ACME during or after the incident, depending on severity and ACME's decision

Improvements

- Review Recovery Plans to incorporate lessons learned: etc if loss of data occurred/equipments become unrecoverable, and update future Strategies and Personnel Training Lessons Plan.

5. RECOVER —

After an attack:



Repair and restore the equipment and parts of your network that were affected.

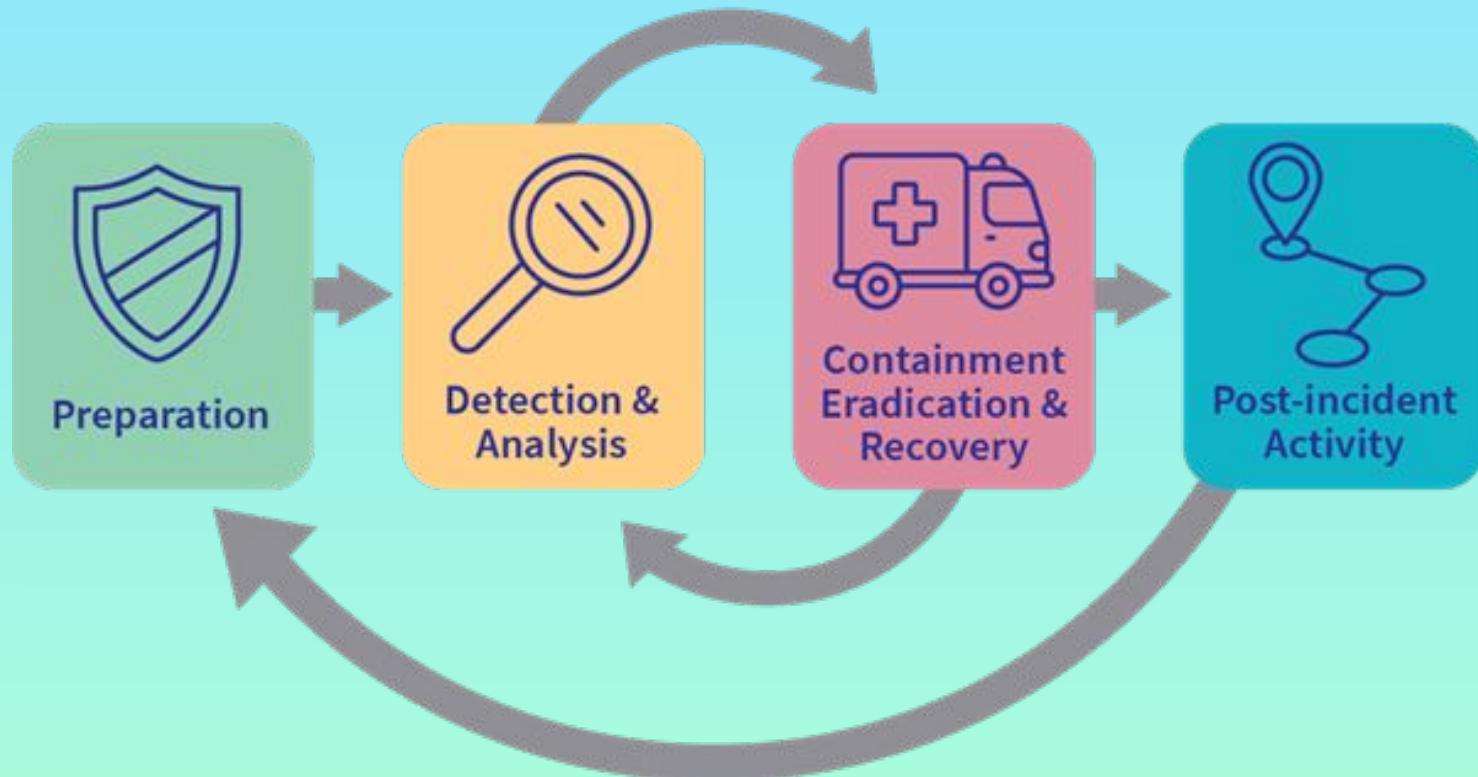


Keep employees and customers informed of your response and recovery activities.

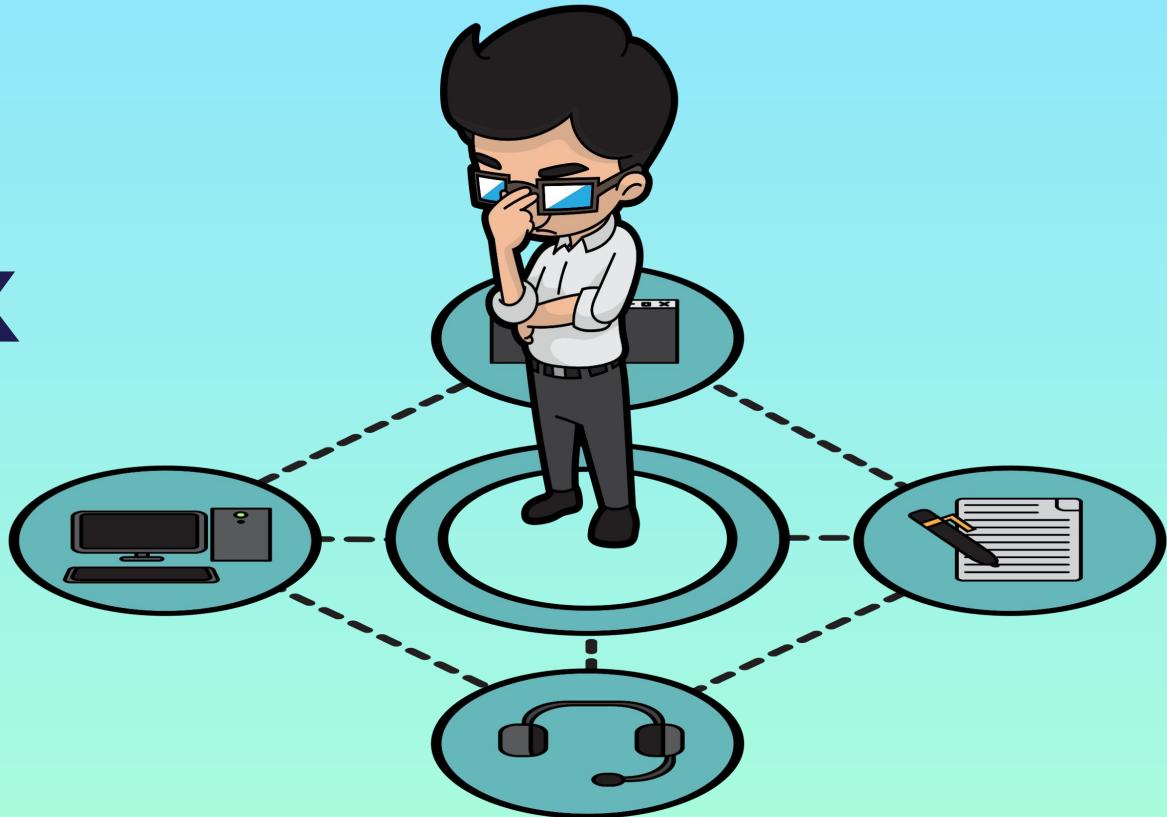
Communication

- Keep ACME personnel informed of the recovery process
- Provide updates and advises to ACME Senior Executives on how to communicate Recovery activities to stakeholders, repairing damages to its reputations and public relations

Cyber Incident Response Cycle

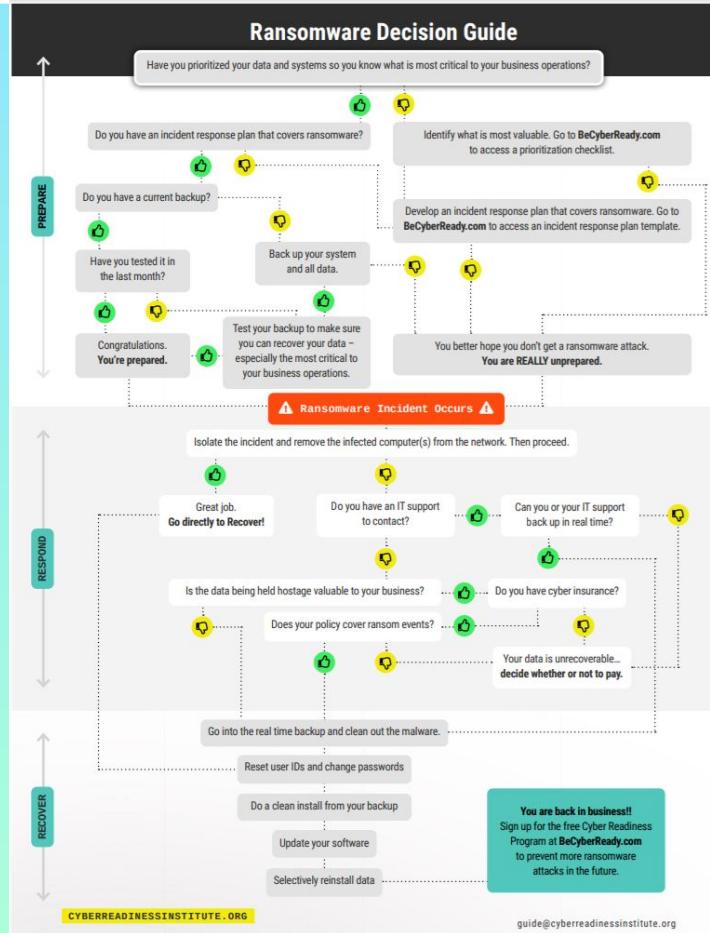


Playbook

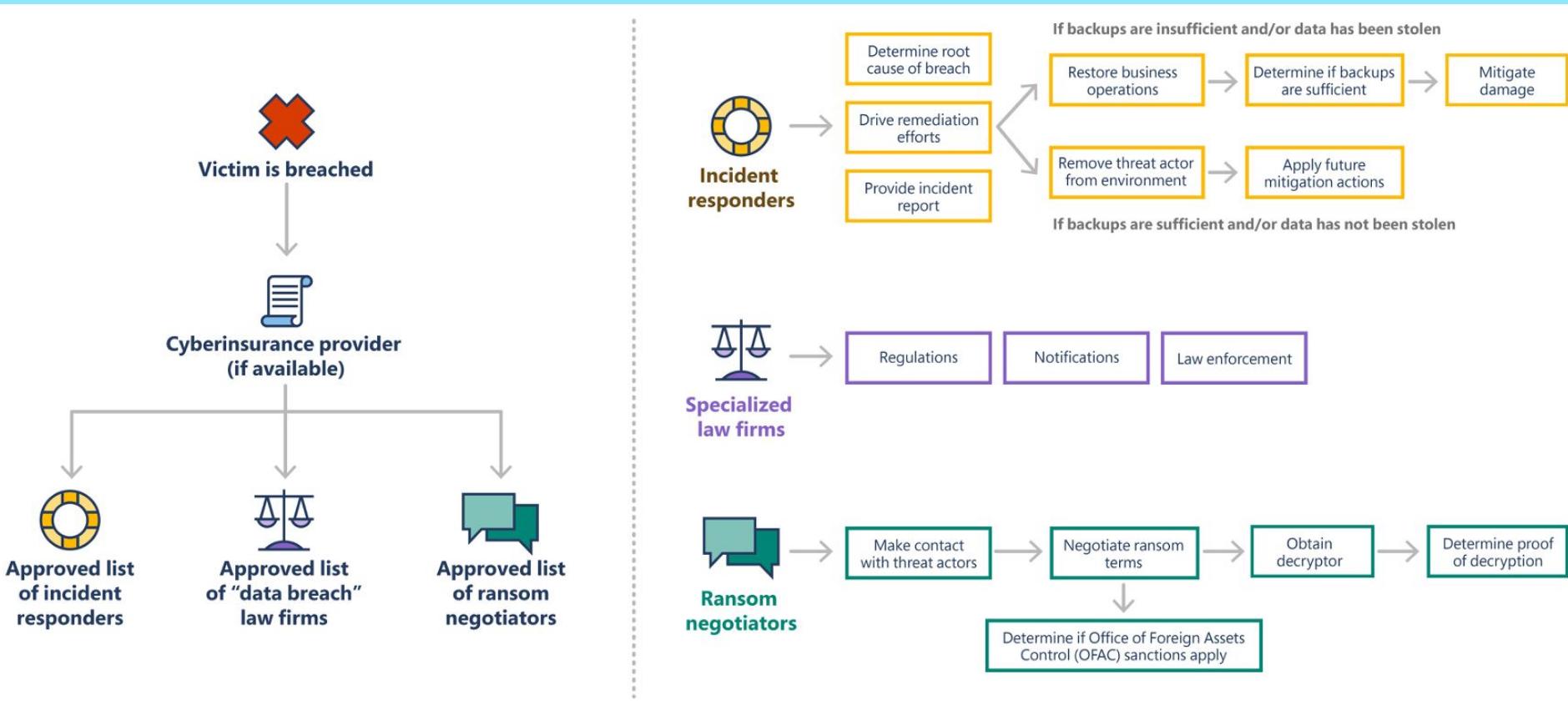


Ransomware Playbook

Bryan



Stakeholders and roles involved in post-breach response



04 BUSINESS PLAN

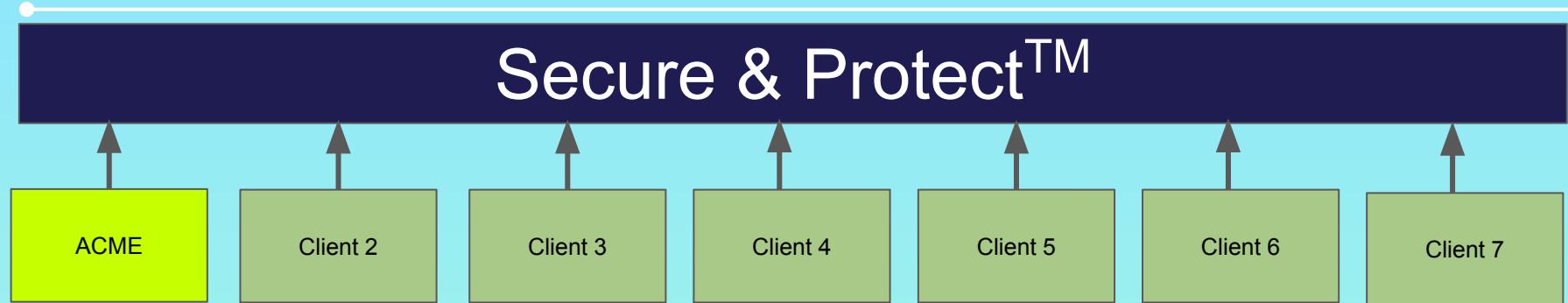


Minimum Viable Environment

Bryan

Jul 2022 MVE 1	Dec 2022 MVE 2	Jun 2023 MVE 3	Dec 2023 MVE 4
<ul style="list-style-type: none">1) Maintain hardware & software inventory2) Document information flows3) Basic identify threats, vulnerabilities, and risk to assets4) Establish policies for CS that includes roles and responsibility5) Manage access to assets and information6) Protect sensitive data7) Establish a response plan8) Conduct regular backups9) Establish a recovery plan10) Train User11) Maintain & monitor logs12) Coordinate with internal & External stakeholders13) Communicate with internal & External stakeholders	<ul style="list-style-type: none">1) All of MVE 1 plus;2) Identify critical enterprise processes & assets3) Update identify threats, vulnerabilities, & risk to assets4) Securely protect your devices5) Test & update detection processes6) Know the expected data flows for your enterprise7) Ensure response plan are tested8) Ensure response plan are updated9) Ensure recovery plan are updated	<ul style="list-style-type: none">1) All of MVE 1 & 2 plus;2) Understand the impact of cybersecurity events3) Manage public relations & company reputation	<ul style="list-style-type: none">1) All of MVE 1, 2 & 3 plus;2) Multi cloud environment eg AWS, GCP etc3) Upscaling, adding microservices etc

Secure & Protect™ Business Model



Cost / revenue for Secure & Protect™ ;

- 1) Azure costs are passed through to client
- 2) Implementation fee / migration fee
- 3) Tiered Subscription Fee

Secure & Protect™ - Upscaling

Bryan

- 1) We will have a couple of implementation consultants for the Migration team
- 2) We start off with a small team for the SOC (not 24/7)
- 3) Secure & Protect™ aims to expand our operations team to comprehensive SOC operations
- 4) Operating 24/7 across the globe by having regional manpower
- 5) Expansion to overseas market

05 Conclusion



References

- 1) Microsoft FY2021 Microsoft Digital Defense Report - [URL](#)
- 2) Ransomware Playbook - Cyber Readiness Institute - [URL](#)
- 3) Internet Crime Report 2020 by Internet Crime Complaint Center (IC3) - [URL](#)
- 4) Cybersecurity Framework NIST - [URL](#)
- 5) Getting Started with the NIST Cybersecurity Framework: A Quick Start Guide - [URL](#)
- 6) Azure Sentinel Design Update - Managed Sentinel - [URL](#)



Q & A



