

Algoritmo de Pijkstra

(Ide O dono 2020, Moyra Niñes)

dea U; la distancia mas corba del nodo origen al nodo i. Sea dij 20 la longitud del arco entre los nodos i.j. La eliqueta para un nodo j es la siguiento:

Inngitud del arco entre los nodos i.j.

distancia mais corta del nodo j al origen nodo in mediato contenta al nodo;

Vamos a fr diferenciando entre etiquetado bemporal y etiquetado permanente para ir calculando la dissancia más corta nodo a nodo.

Algoritmo

Page 0: etiquetar al nodo origon (nodo o) con la etiqueta permanente Co, -].

Paso general 1:

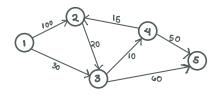
Se cambia a etiquetado permanente si ya visitamos todos sus recinos.

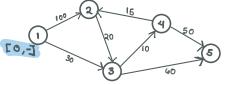
- a) Calcular los etiquesos temposoles [u; +d;; , i]

 para cada nodo j con di; ?o siempre y wordo
 el nodo j no este etique rado rem por al mente.

 Si el nodo j esta etique rado rem por al mente,
 existe [u], k] y si se cumpre u; +di; +u; =uk+dk;
 entonces recompliazar [u], k] por [u; +di; i].
- b) Si todos tiemen etiquetado permonene se detiene el pioceso.

Por ejemplo: considerando:

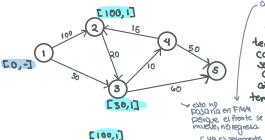




[0,-]

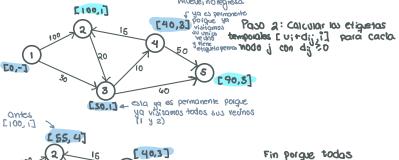
Paso o: etiquebar al nodo organ (nodo o) con la etiqueba pe invarente.

COK SOM



Paso 1: cateular los etigness temporales Eu, +di; 13 para cada nodo ; 2,13 (porque son sus ve citros).
Como no hou etignesos temporale

como no hay etiguetos temperale an emones stodas los etiguetos temperale temperales son augmadas.



60

3

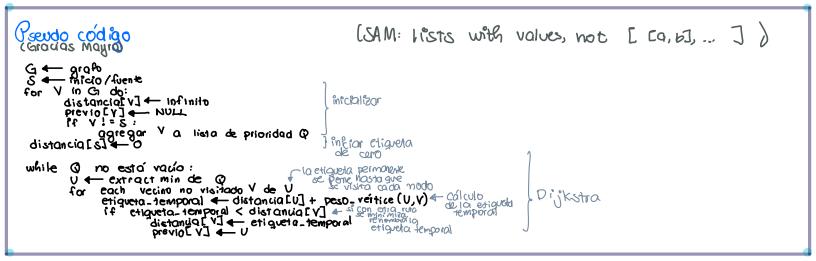
[30,1]

Fin porque todas los etiquetos son permanentos.

antes

[90,4]

5



I ngredientes

- of unction to determine at node it which nodes to visit are connected to is. This is the priority guese of
- · initialization step, label all the shortest distances as "infinity", label all the previous ones as null
- · Initialization of the first mode's distance as zero
- · Function to calculate the minimum distance in @ (useful if I want to jump from this to FMM)



This is a quadratic formula, find Tig.

$$\frac{(T_{i,j} - T_{x_i})^2 + (T_{ij} - T_{x_2})^2}{\mathcal{C}_i^2} = 1$$

$$4 \Rightarrow T_{ij}^2 - 2T_{ij} T_{x_1} + T_{x_1}^2 + T_{ij}^2 - 2T_{ij} T_{x_2} + T_{x_3}^2 - \mathcal{C}_i^2 = 0$$

$$(\Rightarrow 2T_{ij}^{2} + T_{ij}(-2T_{x_{1}} - 2T_{x_{2}}) + (T_{x_{1}}^{2} + T_{x_{3}}^{2} - 4) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{ij} = \frac{(T_{x_1} + T_{x_2})}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{(T_{x_1} + T_{x_2})^2 - 2(T_{x_1}^2 + T_{x_2}^2 - h^2)}$$

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Intialize

- · "Alive points", A · d (is j) : j = 1}, Ti= O V (is j) & A
- · Narrow band points
- · Far away points

Marching forward

(imia, jmin) Pn Narrow band with the smallest value for T

· Add (imin j jimin) to A

· Tag neighbours

. Using one-sided finite difference, find Tij such that

$$\frac{(T_{ij} - T_{x_i})^2}{\Re^2} + \frac{(T_{ij} - T_{x_2})^2}{\Re^2} = 1$$

Which can be forward or backward 3-5: de finite difference (depends on 113 value)

$$\frac{\left(\frac{T_{ij} - T_{x_{1}}}{e_{1}}\right)^{2}}{e_{1}} =
\begin{cases}
\left(\frac{T_{i,x_{1} + e_{1}, x_{2}} - T_{i,x_{1} + e_{2}}}{e_{1}}\right)^{2} \\
\left(\frac{T_{i,x_{2} - T_{i,x_{2}}}}{e_{1}}\right)^{2}
\end{cases}$$

$$\left(\frac{T_{i,x_{1} - T_{x_{2}}}}{e_{1}}\right)^{2} =
\begin{cases}
\left(\frac{T_{i,x_{1} + e_{1}, x_{2} + e_{2}}}{e_{1}}\right) - T_{i,x_{1} - e_{1}}}{e_{1}}\right)^{2}
\end{cases}$$

$$\left(\frac{T_{i,x_{1} - T_{x_{2}}}}{e_{1}}\right)^{2} =
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\end{cases}$$

$$\left(\frac{T_{i,x_{1} - T_{x_{2} - e_{2}}}{e_{2}}\right) - T_{i,x_{1} - e_{2}}}{e_{2}}$$

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$$\left$$