HEARTS HOME JUNIOR SCHOOL-WAMALA

HOLIDAY PACKAGE TERM III, 2022

ENGLISH - P.5

NAME: _____AD.NO._____STREAM: _____

Join the following sentences without using "who" "that" and or "which"

1. Their mother is a dark skinned woman. She is also tall. She is fat.

   _____

2. Our grandmother has a walking stick. It is wooden. It is a bamboo stick.

   _____

3. Mayanja is a light-skinned boy. He is handsome. He is also short.

   _____

4. Gilbert bought a new bike. It is used for sports.

   _____

5. The carpenter made two tables. They are small. They are round.

   _____

6. The old woman has a bag. It is a leather bag. It is used for shopping. It is new.

   _____

Complete the sentences using the correct form of the words in the brackets.

7. Joshua is _____than his elder brother. (generous)
8. Today's weather is _____than yesterday's. (bad)
9. I think Nakato is the _____girl in the whole class. (thin)
10. Nairobi city is _____than Kampala city from our home. (far)
11. The weather today is _____. (sun)
12. I can't eat that food because it is _____. (salt)
13. The sun is a _____source of light. (nature)
14. People in cold places usually wear _____jackets. (wool)
15. Their head prefect is a very _____young boy. (friend)

16. Read the passage and answer the questions in full sentences.

NATIONALITIES

It is very interesting to meet people of different nationalities. This can be either at a party or school. Nationality refers to the legal right of belonging to a particular nation or country. Sometimes a person may have dual nationality Dual nationality means a citizen of two countries.

In our school, we always meet people of different nationalities, for example we meet the Sudanese, Indians, Congolese, Kenyans, Rwandans and Tanzanians. Each of these pupils speaks a different language.

Students from Congo speak Lingala whereas those from Rwanda speak Kinyarwanda and French. They speak French because it is believed that they were colonized by France.

Kenyan and Tanzanian students usually speak Kiswahili. Whereas Uganda nationals speak a variety of local languages such as Luganda, Runyakitara, Luo, Lumasaba, Lusoga among others. Despite these many languages at school, teachers always encourage students or pupils to speak or use English as a medium of communication. This is however, done to promote unity and cooperation among pupils of different nationalities.

Questions

a. What is the passage about?

_____

b. According to the passage, what does nationality refer to?

_____

c. What does Dual nationality mean?

_____

d. Why do students from Rwanda speak French?

_____

e. Which students usually speak Kiswahili?

_____

f. Where can you meet people of different nationalities according to the writer?

_____

g. How do teachers promote unity and cooperation among pupils of different nationalities?

_____

h. Mention any **one** Uganda local language in the passage.

_____

i. Give any **one** country where foreign students in Uganda come from.

_____

j. Lingala is to Congolese as _____is to Rwandans.

Complete the following sentences using the correct form of the words in the brackets

17. Most schools in Uganda use_____ as the medium of communication. (England)
18. His _____was written in Luganda. (speaking)
19. If I _____a Rwandan, I would speak Kinyarwanda. (to be)

Rewrite the sentences as instructed in brackets.

20. Robert speaks Lugisu. He comes from Mbale. (Use: ……. because….)

_____

21. People like our language. It is very interesting. (Rewrite the sentences using: ……. because……)

_____

22. People in France speak French. (Begin: French……..)

_____

23. John wrote his letter in Spanish. (Rewrite: ……ending: ……in changing the sentences in passive voice)

_____

24. I am not a Muganda. I cannot speak Luganda fluently. (Begin: If ……)

_____

25. If you write the newspapers in Luganda, many copies will be sold. (Rewrite the sentence as one using: ……would…)

_____

_____

26. Latin is for Romans. Kiswahili is for Tanzanians. (Use: …….as……)

_____

27. Musa us smart. Julius is also smart. (Use: …….as……...as…….)

_____

Write short form.

28. government _____
29. officer-in-charge_____
30. Minster_____
31. year_____

Use the correct form of the words in the brackets to complete the sentences.

32. Jane always _____to the computer room. (hurry)
33. We found our teachers of English _____BBC news. (surf)
34. The little girl accidentally _____the headers from the computer yesterday. (delete)
35. I have attended computer lessons _____this week. (three)
36. That computer belongs to you. It is _____. (you)

Join the sentences as instructed in the brackets.

37. The man is here. He married my sister. (Join using: ……who……)

_____

38. The children cried bitterly. Their computer was stolen. (Use: ……whose……..)

_____

39. Patel works in a hotel. The hotel is his. (Join using: ……..in which……)

_____

40. The woman is very cruel. My sister works for her as a bursar. (Rewrite using: ……for whom…….)

_____

41. I sat with a lady in a plane. She was going to New York. (Use: ……with whom……)

_____

Write the abbreviations in full.

42. e-mail _____
43. RAM _____
44. CPU _____

Join the sentences as instructed in the brackets.

45. The internet café was very congested. We could not sit in it.
    (Use: …. too…….to……)

    _____

46. Peter logged onto yahoo. He wanted to surf news. (Join the sentences
    using: ……so as to……)

    _____

47. The box was very heavy. The little girl could not lift it.
    (Use: ……too…….to…….)

    _____

48. I opened the website. I wanted to access my e-mail.
    (Rewrite using: ….in order……..)

    _____

49. Julius is a very cruel boy. None of us likes him. (Use: …….such…….that……)

    _____

50. That is our laptop. (Rewrite using: ……belongs……..)

    _____

51. We shall not go to the café tomorrow, shall we?
    (Rewrite ending: ……shan't we?)

    _____

52. In about 80 – 100 words, write a composition about this topic.

MY LAST HOLIDAY

NB: In your composition include

- The interesting places you visited.
- The activities you performed during the holiday.
- What you didn't like during the holiday.

_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____

_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____

Use the proper adjective formed from the proper noun in the bracket to complete the sentences.

53. We had dinner at the _____restaurant. (china)
54. The _____team captain scored the winning goal. (Ghana)
55. The _____netball team won the world cup yesterday. (Germany)
56. The _____Union unites all African countries. (Africa)
57. That _____bag is made of leather. (Italy)
58. The _____introduced modern democracy. (Greece)

59. Make nine correct sentences from the table.

1.	Egyptians		Britain
2.	The British		Cong
3.	Congolese		German
4.	The Chinese		Somalia
5.	The Dutch	come from	Holland
6.	The Germans		China
7.	The Swiss		Switzerland
8.	Somalis		Egypt
9.	Turks		Turkey

_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____

_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____

Fill in the gaps with a suitable article.

60. The deputy chief editor bought _____ apple.
61. The columnist is _____honest man.
62. Orumuli Newspaper published _____advertisement.
63. The journalist wore _____uniform last week.
64. Makerere is _____university not _____industry.

Use the correct form of the word given in the brackets.

65. May I use _____jerrican to fetch water? (you)
66. Samara helped _____to cross the road. (she)
67. That ball is _____. (he)
68. The home belongs to them. It is _____
69. This is not my book. It is not_____

Write the following in full.

70. Tel. _____
71. TV. _____
72. P.O _____

73. Read the dialogue and answer the questions in full sentences.

MY LANGUAGE

Teacher: What is your name?
Bahanzi: My name is Bahanzi.
Teacher: Bahanzi, where do you come from?
Bahanzi: I come from Bushenyi.
Teacher: What language do you speak at home?
Bahanzi: I speak Runyankole and Kupsapiny.
Teacher: Kupsapiny! How did you learn it?
Bahanzi: My mother comes from Kapchorwa so she speaks Kupsapiny. That is how I got to learn it.

Questions

a) How many people are taking part in the dialogue?
_____
b) Where does Bahanzi come from?
_____
c) Which language is spoken by people from Bushenyi?
_____
d) Who spoke first in the dialogue?
_____

e) Apart from Runyankole, which other language can Bahanzi speak?

_____

f) Where does Bahanzi's mother come from?

_____

g) What is the dialogue about?

_____

h) Which language does Bahanzi's mother speak?

_____

i) Write the language you speak at your home.

_____

j) How did Bahanzi learn Kupsapiny?

_____

Write out the adjectives from the sentences below.

74. The farmer has a fat goat.

_____

75. Musa has a big compound.

_____

76. Namatovu is a beautiful lady.

_____

77. It is a good and cheap car.

_____

78. I read an interesting story.

_____

79. The lady washed the dirty clothes.

_____

80. Yesterday was a cold day.

_____

81. The weak boy cannot lift the bag.

_____

82. Kamara is a smart, active and obedient boy.

_____

83. My mother looks after our beautiful and young baby.

_____

84. Grandmother peels with a sharp knife.

_____

85. Hellen received an e-mail from her sister who lives in Kisoro. Read it and answer the questions carefully in full sentences.

From : **jjaja22@gmail.com**
To: **hellen10@gmail.com**
Date: **4th October, 2022.**
Time: **1:55p.m**

Dear Hellen,
Hope this finds you well. I received your e-mail but about your Birthday Party and the money that you wanted. I will send you that money tomorrow on your phone. Please inform mummy that I will be coming back on Friday.
Regards,

Jjaja

Questions

a) Who sent the e-mail?

_____

b) Where is Jjaja now?

_____

c) Why did Hellen send an e-mail to jjaja?

_____

d) How will Hellen receive the money?

_____

e) When will Jjaja come back?

_____

f) At what time did Jjaja send the e-mail?

_____

g) Write down Hellen's email address.

_____

h) What does Hellen call Jjaja?

_____

i)Who should be informed by Hellen of Jjaja's coming back?

_____

j) Write e-mail in full.

_____

Use the correct form of the words in the brackets.

86. I have the _____ pen of all. (new)
87. He bought the _____goat in the market. (big)
88. This is the _____ bag in the class. (heavy)
89. Of the three trees, this is the _____ (tall)
90. Of all the books, mine is the _____ (expensive)
91. My cake is _____ than yours. (soft)
92. Today's weather is _____ than yesterday's. (bad)
93. The chief guest arrived _____ than we expected. (early)
94. The _____ she revised English, the better she understood it. (much)
95. My pocket money is _____ than hers. (little)
96. Timothy is taller than his _____ sister. (old)
97. Of the two girls, Brenda is the _____ (beautiful)
98. Nairobi City is _____ than Kampala City. (far)
99. Our grandmother told us the _____story of the year. (funny)
100. This might be the _____ movie of the year. (good)

Complete the following sentences using the correct form of the bracketed words.

101. The prisoners have been _____the police station since midday. (to map)
102. That duck _____fifty eggs in a year. (lay)
103. I_____ for the **L**ocal Council **O**ne chairman since morning. (wait)
104. We _____the law breakers since March. (arrest)
105. She _____in her bed since last night. (to lie)
106. Thomas _____in prison for many months. (live)

Rewrite the following sentences as instructed in brackets.

107. It started raining at 9:00a.m. It is still raining now. (Use: ……since…….)
108. Babirye came here on Friday. It is Sunday today. (Use: ……for……)

Write the following abbreviations in full.

109. a/c _____
110. a/c no _____
111. p.a _____
112. ATM _____
113. No. _____
114. PIN _____

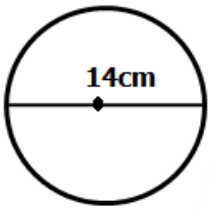
MATHEMATICS

1. Solve: 3h = 12

2. If a dice is tossed once, what is the probability that a factor of 6 will show up?

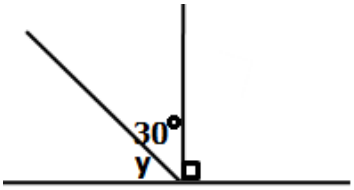
3. Calculate the area of a square whose sides measure 9m each.

4. **Use the figure below to answer the given question.**
   Calculate its radius.



5. **Add:** $^{+}7 + {}^{-}3$

6. **Find the value of the unknown angle.**

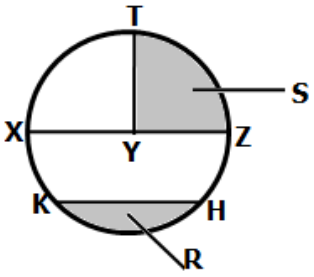


7. Write in short form: 3k +k + 8k

8. What is the place value of 3 in 439.4?

9. **Add:** 0.58 + 5.8 + 58

10. **Below is a circle, use it to answer the given questions.**



a) Name the region marked (1 mks@)
   i) **S**_____
   ii) **R**_____

b) What name is given to line KH?

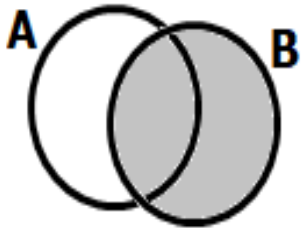
c) Suppose line YZ is 20dm. Find the length of line XYZ. (2mks)

d) What name is given to a half of a circle?

11. Reduce $\frac{8}{12}$ to its lowest term.

12. Use 4, 7, 6 and 0 to form the lowest 4-digit numeral.

13. **Describe the unshaded region on the Venn diagram.**

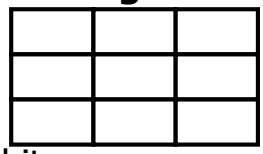


14. The distance from Kyotera to Musaka is 140km. A taxi took 2 hours to travel between those towns. At what speed was it moving?

15. **Solve**: $y + 4 = 15$

16. Calculate the total expenditure if Lule bought 4 sweets for sh.2000 each.

17. **Use the figure to answer the questions.**



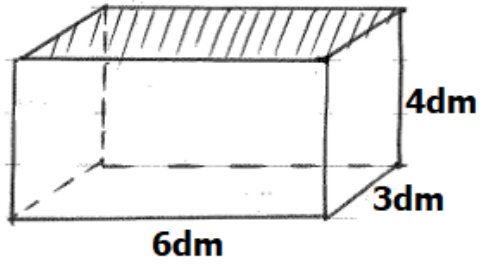
a) Find its;
   (i) **Area**

   (ii) **perimeter**

18. A suit case measures 90cm by 50cm by 30cm. What is its volume?

19. **Workout:** $1\ 3\ 4_{five}$
$+2\ 1\ 2_{five}$

20. **Below is a 3-dimensional figure. Use it to answer the given questions.**



a) Name the figure above. (mk)
_____

b) Find the number of; (3 mks)
i) Faces _____
ii) Edges _____
iii) vertices_____

c) Calculate the area of the shaded region. (2mks)

d) Workout its volume. (2mks)

21. Change $\frac{13}{2}$ to a mixed numeral.

22. Find the range of 796, 319 and 140

23. Express 9cm into metres.

24. **Add:**

	M	CM
	4	55
	+9	75

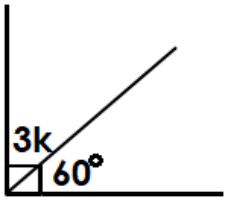
25. Lule played for 100 minutes. Express the time lule spent playing in hours.

26. Expand 135 using powers.

27. Draw a line segment **XY** of length 5.5cm.

28. **Simplify:** $3^2 + 5^o$

29. Find the size of the unknown angle.



30. What is the square of 9?

31. **Solve these equations.**

a) $\square$ + 9 = 16

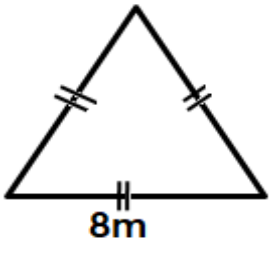
b) 9 - m = 5

c) 2y = 256

d) $\frac{m}{4}$

32. Workout 4tens – 2threes.

33. Calculate the total distance around the figure below.



34. Find the number in the box.

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \quad 7 \\ +1 \quad \square \\ \hline 6 \quad 0 \end{array}$$

35. Express 405 in Roman numerals

36. Name these symbol drawn below.

$\notin$

---

37. Given the cost 1 pen is sh. 1500. Calculate the cost of 5 similar pens.

38. Lule will travel to India next week. What is the probability that he will travel on a Thursday?

39. Solve: $^{-}6 - {}^{-}3$

40. Using a well sharpened pencil ruler and a protractor only construct an angle of 70º.

41. Given that set R= {a, e, I, o, u} and K= {a, b, c, d, e, f}. Find the n(R-K}

42. Use digits 9, 3, 0 to answer the given questions.

a) Form the largest 3-digit numeral.

b) Write the least three digit number.

c) Find the sum of the largest and least numerals formed. (2mks)

d) Find the quotient the largest and 5. (2mks)

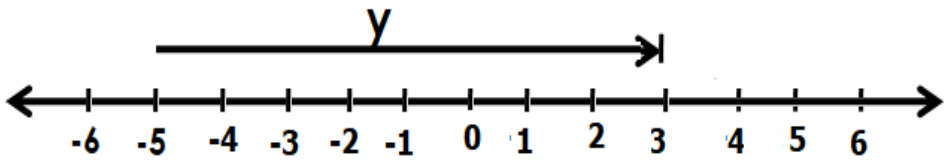
43. Write 0.5 as a common fraction in the lowest term.

44. Find the complement of 43º.

45. How many subsets are in a set with 4 elements?

46. A water tank holds 100,000 litres of water. If 36,190 litres are used, how much water is left in the tank.

47. What integer is shown by the arrow below?



y=_____

49. Mugole started walking from home at 7:15am and reached town at 9:10am. How long did it take him?

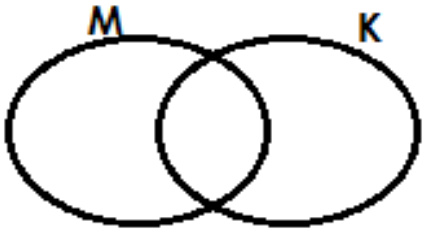
50. The cost of 3 cakes is sh.15000. Calculate the cost of 5 similar cakes.

51. Calculate the average of the following numbers 4, 6, 4, 8, 10.

52. Group 27 stones and express the answer in base five.

53. Use the information below to answer the given questions.
Set **M**= {the first 6 multiples of 2}
Set **K**= {the counting numbers less than 9}
a) List down the elements in set **M**.

b) **Show the given information on the Venn diagram.**



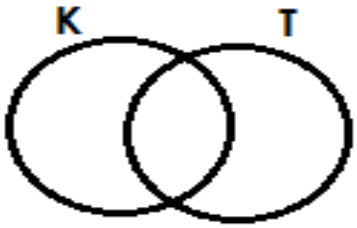
c) Find (i) k only

54. Workout:

Hrs	Minutes
7	45
+2	59

55. The mean of 3 numbers is 4. Find their sum.

56. In the Venn diagram below, shade the complement of set K Intersection T.



57. Dr ow 6.

58. Express $\frac{2}{4}$ as a decimal.

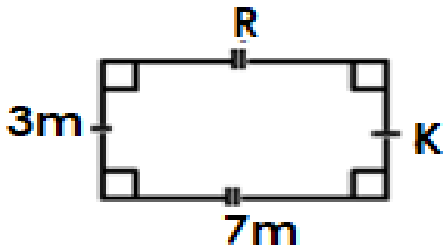
59. List down all factors of 24.

60. Draw tally marks for 24.

61. Find the next equivalent fraction for $\frac{3}{9}$. (**use a diagram**)

62. Arrange 0.22, 0.2 and 0.202 in decreasing order.

63. **Use the geometric figure below to answer the given questions.**



a) Name the geometric figure drawn.
_____

b) Find the value of: (1mk @)
i) R_____
ii) K_____

c) Calculate its area. (2mks)

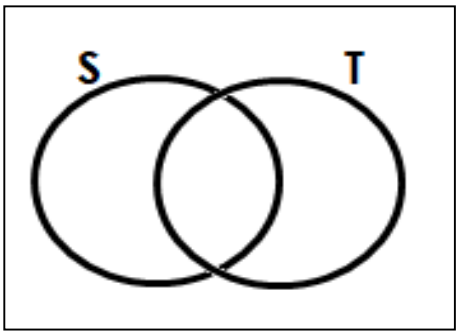
d) Find the total distance a cockroach covered if it moved twice round the geometric figure. (2mks)

64. What is a set?
_____

65. Given that set B= {a, e, I, o, u} Find n(B)

66. Draw a Venn diagram to show that all boys in P.5 class are males.

67. **On the diagram below shade (SUT)'**



68. Given that set P= {p, o, t} Find the number of subsets.

69. A dice is rolled once, find the probability that an even number will show up.

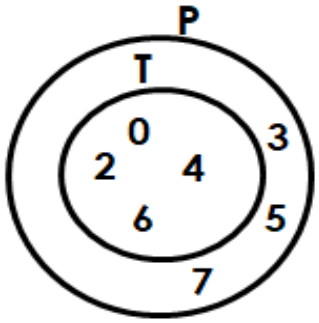
70. If set B= {0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5} and set C=0, 2, 4, 6, 8} Draw a Venn diagram to show BUC

71. The DEO will visit our school this week. What is the probability that he will visit on a day starting with letter M?

72. What is the probability that a head will show up on a coin if it is tossed once?

73. What does "ϕ" represent in set concepts?

74. **Study the Venn diagram below and answer the questions.**



a) List all members of set P.

b) List members of P∩T

c) Find the: n(PUT)

75. **Add**:

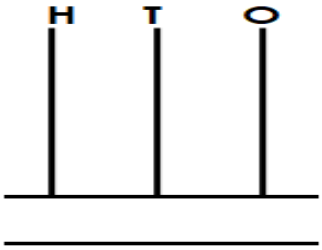
$$\begin{array}{r} 3\ \ 4 \\ +1\ \ 2 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

76. Write 64 in Roman numerals.

77. Expand 967 the place value using exponents.

78. Find the place value of 3 in the number 6 3 7 4.

79. Show 502 on the abacus below.



80. Write 50,047 in words.

81. What number has been expanded to give $(7x10^{3}) + (6 \times 10^{2}) + (4 \times 10^{0})$?

82. Round off 6389 to the nearest hundreds.

83. Write **XLIV** in Hindu Arabic numerals.
84. In a line of cars, the bus is the 7th from each end. How many cars are in the line?

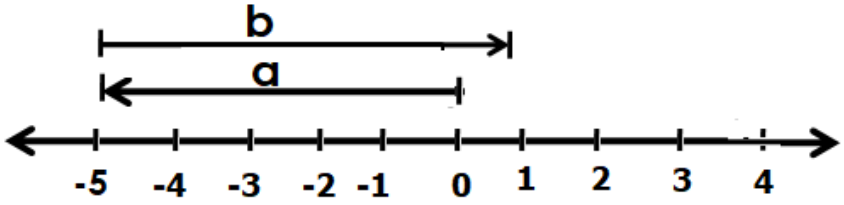
85. Use the digits 4, 0, 7:
    a) form all the 3-digit numerals

    b) Work out their range

86. Workout: $^{+}3 + 5$

87. Add: $^{-}4 + {}^{+}2$

88. **Study the number line below and write the integers marked with letter.**



i) a=_____

ii) b=_____

89. Arrange: $^{-}3$, $^{+}2$, 0, $^{-}5$, $^{+}4$

90. What is the inverse of -8?

91. A mountain climber recorded 17°C at the foot of the mountain. On reaching its peak temperature had dropped by -10°C. What is temp. range?

92. Express a gain of 8 marks in a maths exercise as an integer.

93. Workout the range of these numbers $^{+}5$, $^{-}3$, $^{+}2$, $^{-}6$

94. Use **>, < or =** to compare

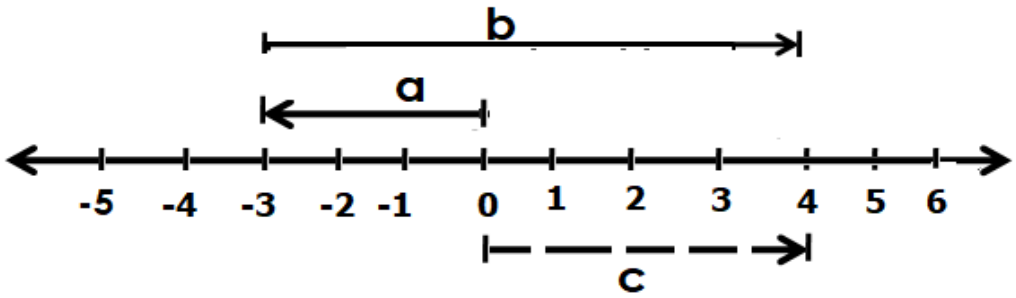
a) $^{+}10$_____10

b) $^{-}17$_____$^{-}17$

c) $^{-}100$_____$^{-}200$

d) $^{-}200$_____$^{-}2000$

95. Use the number line below to answer the questions.



a) Write the integers marked;
i) a=_____ ii) b=_____ iii) c=_____

b) Write the mathematical sentence shown.

96. Add: 413 + 126

97. Find the place value of 2 in $123_{\textbf{five}}$.

98. **Workout:** 467 – 398

99. **Multiply:** 48 x 12

100. **Workout:** 4 – 6 + 9

101. Fill in the missing number.
$120_{\textbf{five}}$= _____five fives _____fives _____ones.

102. **Add:**
$$\begin{array}{r} 1\ 0\ 3_{\text{five}} \\ +1\ 3\ 2_{\text{five}} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

103. **Divide:** 2525 ÷ 5

104. Find the average 9, 0 and 3.

105. The average age of 4 girls is 10 years. Find their total age.

106. a) **Workout:**
$$\begin{array}{r} 2\ 4\ 3_{\text{five}} \\ -1\ 2\ 4_{\text{five}} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

b) Find the value of 3 in $230_{\textbf{five}}$

c) Dan is 7 years old. Express his age in base five.

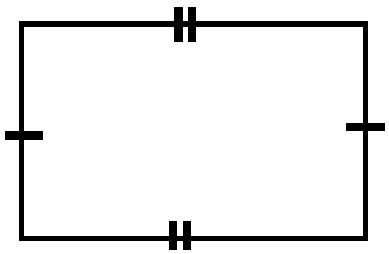
107. **Workout:**
$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times\ 2 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

108. What even number comes before 28?

109. Find the next number in the series: 1, 3, 6, 10, 15, ___

110. What is the square of 4?

111. Name the shape shown below.



_____

112. Find the 7^{th} triangular number.

113. List all factors of 12.

114. Find the GCF of 6 and 9.

115. List all multiples of 5 between 15 and 25.

116. Find the range of progression in the serious 12, 32, 52, 72

117. Given that set A= {1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11} and set B= {0, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6} List all members of AUB

118. Find the least number of books that can be shared by 8 boys or 12 girls and leave a remainder of 3.

119. **Add:** shs 650 + sh 350.

120. Ruth bought a pen at sh.400. How much will she pay for 5 similar pens in a shop?

121. Ssozi bought a cup at sh. 3500 and later sold it at sh. 3000. Calculate the loss he made.

122. A trader bought a shirt at sh. 5000 and later sold it at sh. 5600. What was his profit?

123. Nadamba sold a radio at sh. 50,000. She made a profit of sh. 10,000. What was the cost price of the radio?

124. **Subtract:**

Sh 7500
- Sh 4400

125. **Match the denomination with their special features.**

(i) Sh 2000 note	a nest
(ii) Sh 1000 note	a fish
(iii)Sh 5,000 note	a bull
(iv)Sh 20, 000 note	a kob

(i) Sh 2000 note _____
(ii) Sh 1000 note _____
(iii)Sh 5,000 note_____
(iv)Sh 20, 000 note_____

126. Mr. Epiat went to market and bought the following items.
- 2 loaves of bread each at sh 2500
- 4 oranges at sh 500 every orange
- 2 bars of soap at sh 8000.

a) How much money did he spend altogether?

b) If he went with a shilling note with a bull feature. Calculate his change.

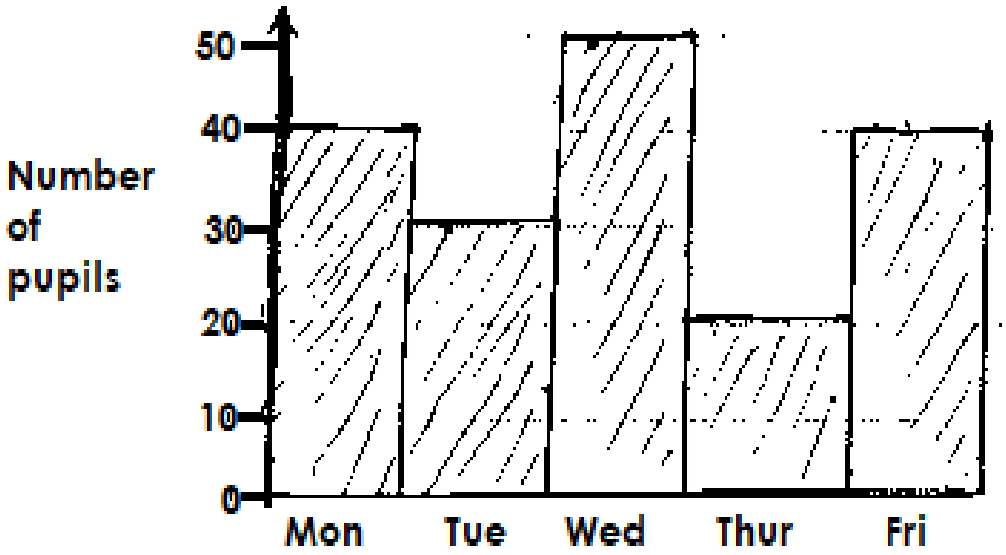
127. **Workout** 3fives + 4ones.

128. A teacher counted pupils without uniform in class and tallied them as 𝍸 𝍸 𝍸 𝍸 𝍸 |||| How many pupils were without uniform in class?

129. Peter scored 9,8, 7 and 4 marks in a test. Find Peter's range score.

130. Find the median of the following numbers: 3, 0, 5, 4, 2.

131. **The graph below shows the number of pupils present in a P.5 class of 50 pupils.**



Find the number of pupils that were absent on Tuesday.

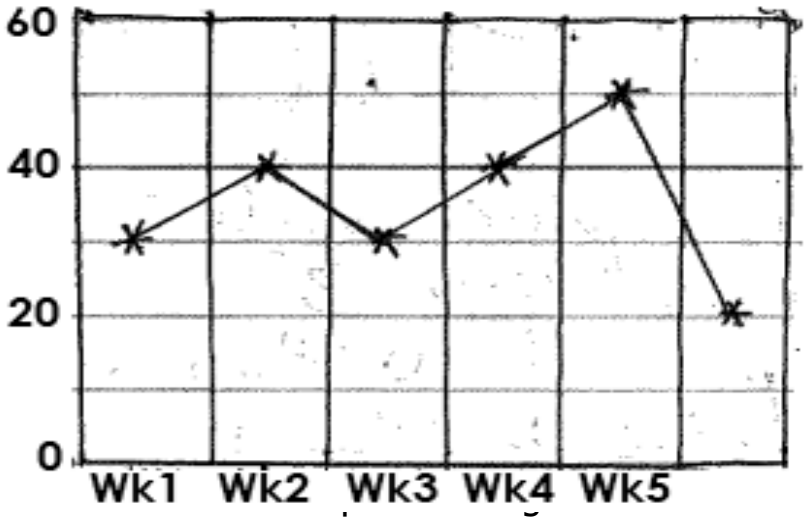
132. Given that =10 apples. How many apples are represented by

133. A pupil scored the following marks in mathematics tests
46, 40, 30, 65, 40, 50, 69.
Find the modal mark.

134. Nambuya scored the following points in a tennis tournament: 7, 4, 6, 5 and 3. Find her average score.

135. Draw tallies to represent 19.

136. **The graph below shows Alupo's math results in weekly tests. Use it to answer questions**.



a) I

_____

b) How many marks did she score in second week?

_____

c) In which week did Alupo score 20?

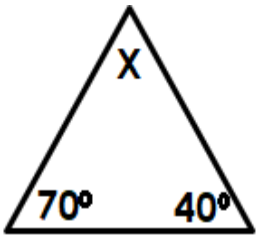
_____

d) Find her range in scores.

137. Write in short: x + 2x + 13x

138. Expand 3463.4 using powers.

139.Find the size of x.



140. Solve: $\frac{y}{3} = \frac{3}{12}$

141. A woman sold her cow sh.180, 000 and made a loss of sh.7000. What was her buying price?

142. Write 56,194 in words.

143. Write the set of the first five odd numbers.

144. Express 4½ kg as grams.

145. Workout:

a)

Weeks	Days
3	4
+2	5

b)

Hours	minutes
7	20
-3	50

146. Mutunzi recorded temperature for each day for a week as shown.

Day	Sum	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thur	Fri	Sat
Temperature	5°C	10°C	20°C	15°C	30°C	10°C	40°C

a) Use the table to draw a bar graph. (vertical scale: 1small sq.=5°C)
(Horizontal scale: 1small sq. = 1 day of the week)

b) What is the hottest day of the week? (1mk)

c) Find the range in temperature. (2mks)

INTEGRATED SCIENCE

1. Name the structure in modern beehive that separates the brood and the honey chamber.

   _____

2. How are bacteria useful to man?

   _____

3. State **one** way of propagating pineapples.

   _____

4. **What is the mass of a stone whose volume is 5cm3 and a density of 10g/cm3?**

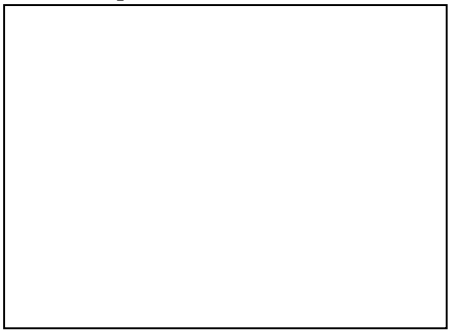
5. When do farmers harvest their crops?

   _____

6. Which factor of weather pollinates plants?

   _____

7. **Use the space below to draw an incisor tooth.**



8. How is a molar tooth adapted to its function?

_____

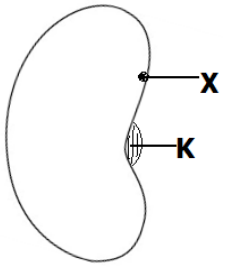
9. Why is a book called matter?

_____

10. By what process does heat travel through gases?

_____

11. **The diagram below shows external parts of a bean seed. Use it to answer questions that follow.**



a) Name part marked (i) **X** _____ (ii) **K**_____
b) What type of seeds is a bean seed?

_____

c) Why is a bean plant called a legume?

_____

d) **Use an arrow and letter P to s how the part that protects the internal parts of a bean seed.**
e) What food value do people obtain from eating beans?

_____

12. a) What is PHC

_____

b) Identify **one** principle of PHC.

_____

c) How is cutting of fingernails helpful in keeping one's health?

_____

d) Write down **one** group of vulnerable groups of people.

_____

13. In what **one** way do people use seeds?

_____

14. Give **one** materials for making compost manure.

_____

15. How is the soap useful in keeping proper personal hygiene?

_____

16. What causes malaria?

_____

17. How are incisor teeth adapted to their function?

_____

18. What do cocks use for defense?

_____

19. Identify **one** example of monocotyledonous plant.

_____

20. Name the pigment that makes plants green.

_____

21. What type of energy is possessed by a baby crawling?

_____

22. Mention **one** danger of fungi in our environment.

_____

23.a) Name the smallest unit for measuring capacity.

_____

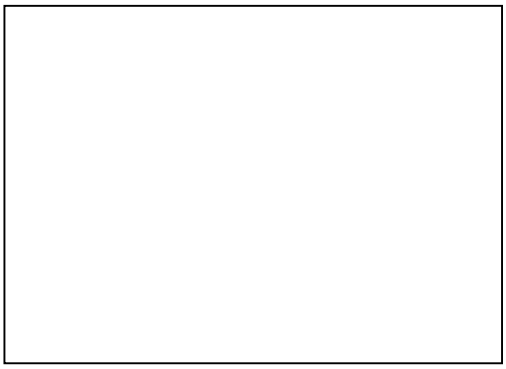
b) Change 5000cm^3 into litres.

c) Differentiate between **volume** and **mass** of a substance.

_____

_____

d) **Use the space below to draw and name one of the containers used in displacement method.**



_____

e) Give **one** object with irregular shape.

_____

f) Define the following terms

i) **Gravity**

_____

ii) **buoyancy**

_____

24. What is a **food belief**?

_____

25. How is transpiration useful to plants?

_____

26. Name the reproductive part of a flowering plant.

27. What is **matter**?

28. Give an example of a dicotyledonous plant.

29. Why is a tick not regarded as an insect?

30. Write **3Gs** in full.

31. Mention **one** part of a thermos flask that controls heat gain and loss.

32. How does heat move through gases?

33. Why is steam dangerous to human health?

34. Give **one** way of controlling poisoning of home.

35.a) Write the **four** steps of preparing **SSS**.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(iii) _____

(iv) _____

b) Mention **one** component of **SSS** which is a solute.

c) How is **ORS** useful to a dehydrated person?

36. Who are the invalids?

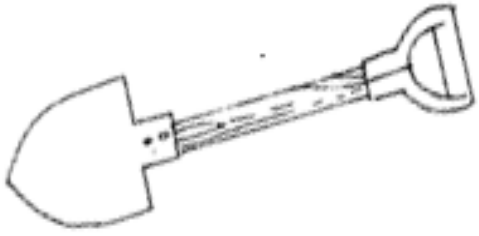
37. Identify any **one** element of PHC.

38. How is germination similar to rusting?

39. Write down **one** disease spread through **4Fs** germ path.

40. In which **one** way is mulching a bad farming practice?

41. **Name the garden tool shown below.**



42. How do farmers use the above garden tool?

_____

43. Why does a leaf float on water?

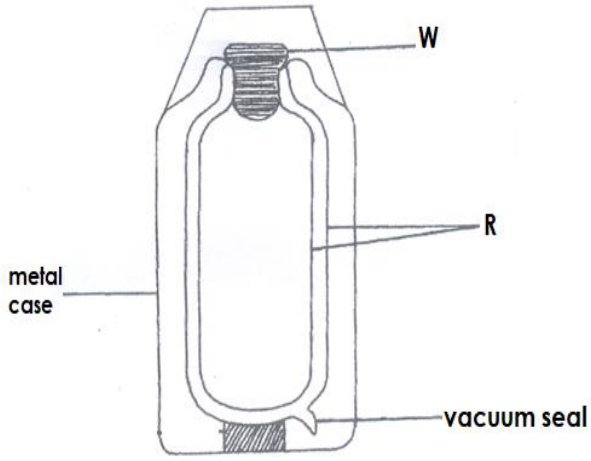
_____

44. Define the term leaching.

_____

_____

45. <u>Use the diagram below of a thermos flask and answer the questions that follow.</u>



a) Name part marked **W** on the diagram of a thermos flask above.

_____

b) How does part labeled **R** control heat loss or gain?

_____

c) Use an arrow and letter S to show the part that prevents heat loss by conduction and convection.

_____

d) What is the use of a thermos flask in our homes?

_____

e) Give a reason why a thermos flask is not commonly found in many homes in rural areas.

_____

46. Write down the **four** requirements necessary for photosynthesis.

(i) _____
(ii) _____
(iii) _____
(iv) _____

47. Name the metal liquid used in a clinical thermometer.

_____

48. What do you understand by the term soil exhaustion?

_____

_____

49. Identify **one** cause of sicknesses in our communities.

_____

50. Write down **one** way of keeping body organs in a good working condition.

_____

51. In what way are stomata important to plants?

_____

52. State **one** infant disease that is prevented by using immunization.

_____

53. What causes **rickets**?

_____

54. Give **one** way germs enter our bodies.

_____

55. State the standard unit for measuring volume.

_____

56. Who are the **vulnerable group of people**?

_____

57. Write down the use of the following equipment during harvesting of honey.
    a) Gloves _____
    b) smoker _____
    c) Give **one** way of preventing swarming in bees.

    _____

    d) At what season are farmers advised to harvest?

    _____

    e) Mention **one** enemy of bees.

    _____

58. a) What do we call the growing of a seed into a seedling?

    _____

    b) State the use of the following conditions for germination
    (i) Warmth _____
    (ii) moisture_____
    c) Give **one** reason why some seeds fail to germinate.

    _____

59. Write down **one** cause of egg eating in poultry.

    _____

60. What are **food taboos**?

    _____

61. Why should a breastfeeding mother be encouraged to drink a lot of fluids?

    _____

62. How can **one** get tape worm infestation?

    _____

63. Write down **one** way of controlling diseases among goats.

    _____

64. Convert **50^{o}C** to **Fahrenheit**.

65. Identify **one** external parasite that disturbs poultry.

_____

66. Under what type of change is germination?

_____

67. How is steaming up an important practice in animal farming.

_____

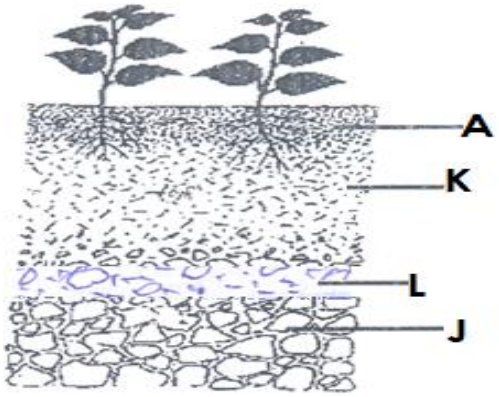
68. Name the device use for seeing germs.

_____

69. a) Which type of soil has rough and large particles?

_____

Use the diagram below to answer the questions that follow.



b) What does the above diagram show?

_____

c) Name the soil layer marked:

(i) **A** _____ ii) **J** _____

(iii) **L** _____ iv) **K**_____

70. Write down any **two** viral and bacterial disease of poultry

a) **Viral diseases**

(i) _____ ii) _____

b) **Bacterial diseases**

(i) _____ ii) _____

71. What term is used to mean the top layer of the earth's surface in which plants grow?

_____

72. Mention any **two** types of soil.

(i) _____ ii) _____

73. Name **one** component of soil.

_____

74. Give any **one** agent of soil erosion.

_____

75. In which **one** way is soil erosion dangerous in crop growing?

_____

76. How are earth worms useful in the soil?

_____

77. State **one** cause of soil erosion.

_____

78. Given **one** advantage of crop rotation.

_____

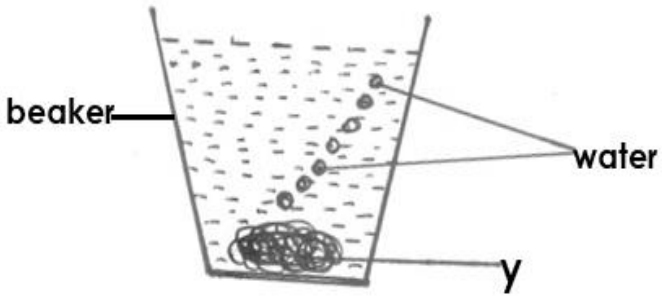
79. How is mulching different from crop rotation.

_____

80. Mention one way of improving soil erosion.

_____

81. <u>Study the experiment below about soil and use it to answer the questions.</u>



a) What does the experiment above show about soil?

_____

b) Name the part marked;
   i) **y** _____

c) Apart from the soil component shown above, give any one other component of soil.

_____

82. a) Briefly explain the term soil profile.

_____

_____

b) Name the layer of soil best for crop growing.

_____

c) Give **two** importance of soil to people.
   (i) _____
   (ii) _____

83. State the meaning of the term **<u>sanitation</u>.**

_____

_____

84. Give **one** element of a clean home.

_____

85. State any **one** way of promoting proper sanitation at home.

_____

86. In which **one** way is a toilet useful at home?

_____

87. Identify any **one** type of germs.

_____

88. Name the instrument used to see germs by health workers.

_____

89. Give any **one** way germs enter our bodies.

_____

90. Why is it advisable to wash hands before eating food?

_____

91. Mention **one** disease spread through the **4Fs** germ path.

_____

92. a) Mention any **two** health problems in the community.
    (i) _____
    (ii) _____
    b) Write any **two** causes of sickness in a home.
    (i) _____
    (ii) _____

93. State the meaning of the term food.

_____

94. Give **one** reason why we eat food.

_____

95. What term is used to mean the act of suckling young ones on their mother's breasts?

_____

96. State **one** advantage of breast feeding to a baby.

_____

97. **Name the feeding equipment for babies below.**

_____

98. Mention **one** condition under which a mother may be advised not to breast feed.

_____

99. How is breastfeeding important to a mother?

_____

100. In which **one** way can **HIV/AIDS** infected mothers avoid infecting their babies?

_____

101. How is breastfeeding importance to a family?

_____

102. Explain **one** danger of breastfeeding to a baby.

_____

103.a) Briefly explain the meaning of the term **Bottle feeding**.

_____

b) State **two** advantages of bottle feeding to a mother.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

c) Identify **one** disadvantage of breastfeeding to a mother.

_____

104. Mention **two** disadvantages of breastfeeding to each of the following;

a) **baby**

(i) _____

(ii) _____

b) **family**

(i) _____

(ii) _____

105. Explain the meaning of the term **energy**.

_____

106. When is work said to be done?

_____

107. Which method is used in measuring the volume of irregular objects?

_____

108. Name the instrument used to measure weight.

_____

109. What term is used to refer to anything that occupies space and has mass?

_____

110. Name the smallest particle that make up matter.

_____

111. Give **one** example of a solid.

_____

112. Identify **one** effect of heat on matter.

_____

113. Mention **one** example of an insulator.

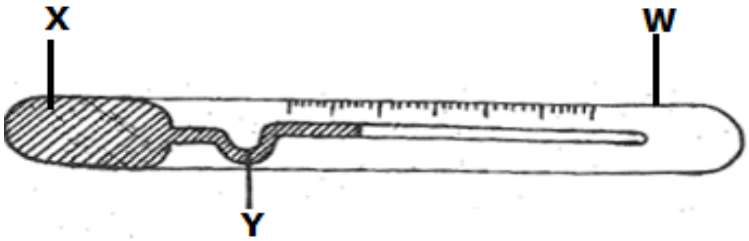
_____

114. Name the part of a vacuum flask that prevents heat loss of gain by

conduction.

_____

115. <u>The diagram below is of a thermometer. Use it to the questions.</u>



a) Name the type of thermometer above.

_____

b) Name the part marked;

i) W_____ ii) Y _____

c) Which part of the above thermometer stores mercury?

_____

116. a) Briefly explain the term rusting.

_____

b) Mention **two** conditions necessary for rusting to take place.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

117. Which term is used to refer to the groups of people whose health can easily be harmed if they lack a balanced diet.

_____

118. Name **one** example of vulnerable groups of people in our community.

_____

119. Identify **one** special diet for babies and children.

_____

120. Mention **one** example of food rich in proteins.

_____

121. Why is it advisable for a breast feeding mother to take enough fluids?

_____

122. How is feeding different from nutrition?

_____

_____

123. Give any **one** example of a deficiency disease.

_____

124. What causes scurvy?

_____

125. How are proteins important to the elderly?

_____

126. Give **one** reason why breast feeding is better than bottle feeding.

_____

_____

127. **Complete the table below.**

Disease	Cause	Symptom
Pellagra	_____	general body weakness
_____	lack of enough iron	pale skin
Kwashiorkor	_____	peeling skin
_____	_____	bleeding of gum

128. Differentiate between poultry and poultry keeping.

_____

_____

129. Give **one** example of poultry.

_____

130. Name the type of chicken kept for egg production.

_____

131. State **one** way of caring for chicken.

_____

132. Mention **one** type of bees in a hive.

_____

133. Give **one** importance of bees to plants.

_____

134. Identify **one** importance of bees to man.

_____

135. Name **one** product from bees.

_____

136. Identify **one** way of improving on the local breeds of chicken.

_____

137. How can a farmer make use of the chicken droppings on his farm?

_____

138. a) What are poultry vices?

_____

_____

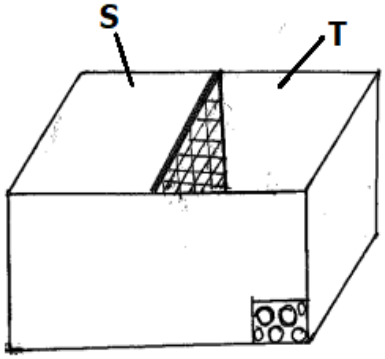
b) Mention **two** common Vices in poultry.

(i) _____ (ii) _____

c) Suggest **one** way of controlling egg eating in a poultry house.

_____

139. <u>The diagram below is of a bee hive. Use it to answer the questions.</u>



a) Name the type of a bee hive shown above.

_____

b) Identify the chambers marked

(i)**S**_____ ii) **T** _____

c) State **one** advantage of using the above type of bee hive.

_____

140. What is an **accident**?

_____

_____

141. Write down any **two** places where accidents may happen from.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

142. State the difference between a **burn** and a **scald**?

_____

_____

143. What do you understand by the term **First Aid kit**?

_____

_____

144. How are road signs important to us?

_____

145. State the meaning of the term First Aid.

_____

_____

146. Why should burnt areas be dipped in clean cold water?

_____

147. How is a simple fracture different from a compound fracture?

_____

_____

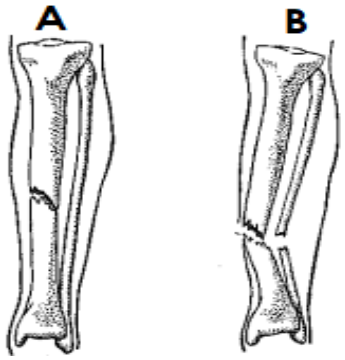
148. Which side of the road should a cyclist use when riding his bicycle?

_____

149. Why is it advisable to apply cold water or ice to an injury due to a dislocation?

_____

150. **Study the types of fraction below and use them to answer the questions.**



a) Name the types of fractures marked;
   i) **A** _____ (ii) **B** _____
b) Differentiate between a sprain and a strain.
   _____
   _____
c) Give one danger of accidents.
   _____

151. **Match the following**

i)	Fever	tie splints
ii)	Near drowning	tepid sponging
iii)	Deep cuts	tie a tourniquet.
iv)	fracture	give a kiss of life

i)	Fever	_____
ii)	Near drowning	_____
iii)	Deep cuts	_____
iv)	fracture	_____

152. Where does digestion of food starts in man?
_____
153. Mention **one** childhood immunisable disease.
_____
154. What is the danger of eating under cooked meat?
_____
155. How is the centrifuging machine useful to a bee farmer?
_____
156. Write down **one** sign of dysentery.
_____
157. Which organ is attacked by meningitis?

_____

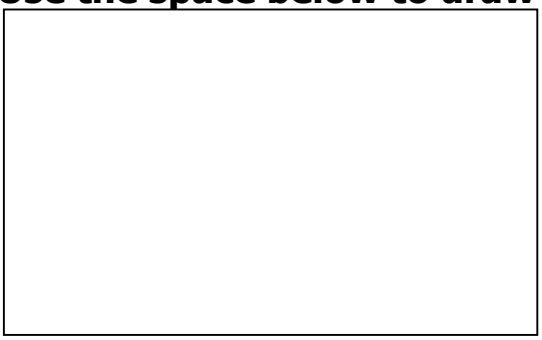
158. By what process does heat from the charcoal stove reach the person roasting meat on it?

_____

159. What is the mass a substance whose volume is 5cc and density is 10g/cc?

160. Convert 45ºC to Fahrenheit.

161. **Use the space below to draw a parallel leaf venation.**



162. a) What is crop rotation?

_____

_____

b) Write down any **two** ways by which crop rotation is advantageous.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

c) How does crop rotation control pests?

_____

d) What is the use of cover crops in crop rotation?

_____

SOCIAL STUDIES AND RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

1. Mention the element of weather good for crop growing.

   _____

2. What does the term tributary mean?

   _____

3. Why did the Bantu choose to settle in the interlacustrine region?

   _____

4. Name **one** district in Uganda where Nyero rock paintings are found.

   _____

5. How was waltercoutts important in Uganda's road to independence?

   _____

6. Name **two** political parties that struggled for Uganda's independence and are still operating today.

   _____

7. Give any **two** examples of lava dammed lakes in Uganda.
   (i) _____ (ii) _____
8. What title is given to the person that heads the police force in a district?

   _____

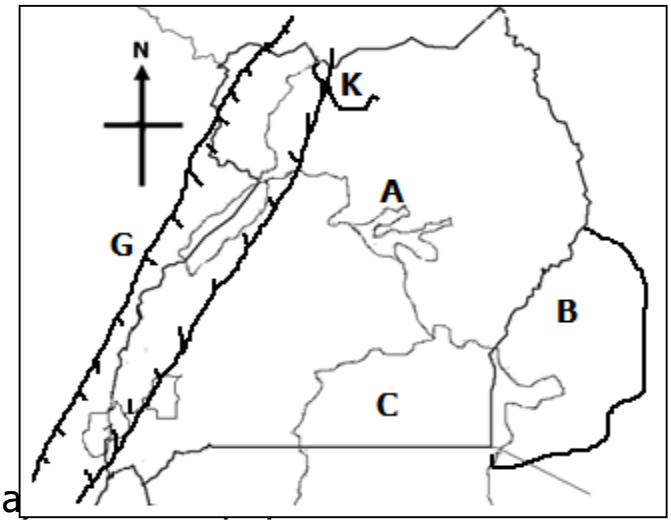
9. Give any **one** activity done by a farmer in the dry season.

   _____

10. Name the bad brother of Nambi that killed her children.

    _____

11. **Study the map below and use it to answer questions.**



a) _____

b) Mention the arm of the rift valley labelled **G**

   _____

c) Why was the area marked **B** transferred from Uganda to Kenya.

_____

10. Mention the Christian events that took place in these places.
    a) **Mountain Sinai** _____
    b) **River Jordan** _____
    c) **Canaan** _____
    d) **Cana** _____
11. What events took place in these areas in Islam
    a) **Mecca**_____
    b) **Taif** _____
12. How do kings become leaders in Uganda?

    _____
13. Why should a map have a title?

    _____
14. Name the country that neighbours Uganda in the south west.

    _____
15. Name any **one** basic need provided at school.

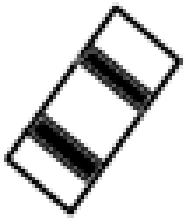
    _____
16. What name was given to Asians that were brought to construct the Uganda Railway?

    _____
17. Give any **two** ways how people in the community show culture.
    (i)_____
    (ii) _____
18. State any **two** importance of culture to a community.
    (i)_____
    (ii) _____
19. How are feeder roads useful to farmers in rural areas?

    _____
20. Why are most game parks found in savanna grasslands?

    _____
21. Why is tourism regarded as an invisible export?

    _____
22. **Give the meaning of these road signs.**

23.a) What is a sacrament?

_____

_____

b) Give any **two** sacraments in Christianity.

(i)_____

(ii) _____

c) **Or:** Give any **two** pillars of faith (iman)

(i)_____

(ii) _____

24. What is a plateau?

_____

25. How did sir phillip Mitchel promote higher education in Uganda?

_____

26. Give any **one** crater lake in Uganda.

_____

27. State any **two** factors that influence vegetation distribution in Uganda.

(i)_____

(ii) _____

28. What is subsistence farming?

_____

_____

29. State any **one** method colonialists used to establish their rule in Uganda.

_____

30. Mention the type of leaders in our district that work for free.

_____

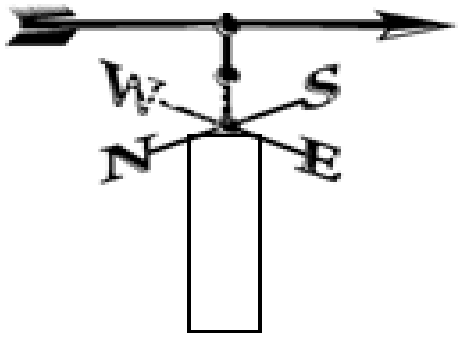
31. Why do farmers in Kabale terrace their gardens?

_____

32. Give any **one** traditional method of preserving fish.

_____

33. <u>Study the diagram below and use it to answer given questions.</u>



a) Name the instrument shown above.

_____

b) Give the importance of the above instrument.

_____

c) Use letter K to show the direction the wind is blowing from.

34. a) What did God create at the summit of his creation?

_____

b) Give any **two** ways how children fail to live up to God's standards.

(i)_____

(ii) _____

c) What did God create at the summit of His creation?

_____

d) Give any **one** reason why God sent away Adam and Hawa from Eden?

_____

35. Mention any **two** types of leaders in our district.

(i)_____

(ii) _____

36. Write down any **two** examples of basin lakes.

(i)_____

(ii) _____

37. State the aspect of climate that attracts human settlement.

_____

38. Why is the Equator marked 0º?

_____

39. State any **one** importance of latitude.

_____

40. How does mountain Rwenzori modify the climate of Kasese district?

_____

_____

41. Besides heading civil servants, give any other role of Chief Administrative officer in a district.

_____

42. How did the discovery of iron smelting improve the life of early man?

_____

_____

43. What name was given to the strong army of Bunyoro?

_____

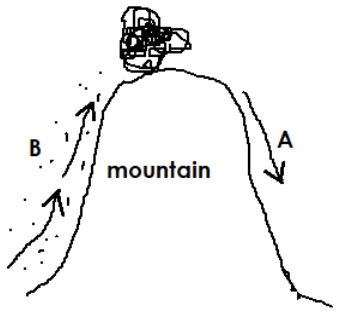
44. Give any **one** way people in Uganda acquire land.

_____

45. How did missionaries improve the living standards of people in Uganda?

_____

46. **<u>Study the diagram below and use it to answer given questions.</u>**



a) Name side labeled
i)**A**_____ ii) **B** _____
b) Mention the type of rainfall shown above.
_____
c) Why does side **A** receive no rainfall?
_____

47. a) How was the birth of Jesus useful to Christians?
_____
b) Give any **two** ways how Jesus showed love to people.
(i)_____
(ii) _____

Or:

a) Name the first Prophet in Islam.
_____
b) State any **two** caliphs of Prophet Muhammad
(i)_____
(ii) _____

48. Name any **one** tribe that carries out circumcision to initiate males into adulthood.
_____

49. How do radios promote trade in Uganda?
_____

50. Give any **two** examples of civic leaders in our district.
(i)_____
(ii) _____

51. Why should Uganda maintain friendship with neighbouring countries?
_____

52. State any **two** examples of material culture.
(i)_____
(ii) _____

53. Mention any **one** social service centre where we get transport service.
_____

54. How do political leaders become leaders in our country?
_____

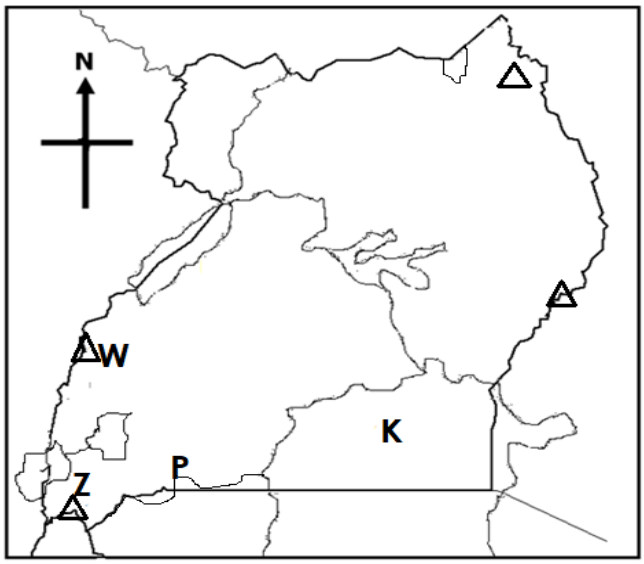
55. Give any **two** characteristics of rift valley lakes.
(i)_____
(ii) _____

56. Why are shores of lakes densely populated.
_____

57. Zailah was facing East and she turned 135º anti-clock wise. What was her new direction?

_____

58. **Study the map below and use it to answer questions.**



a) Name the feature labeled P.

_____

b) Give any **one** inland port found on lake marked K.

_____

c) How is the formation of mountain **W** different from that of mountain **Z.?**

_____

59.a) What are parables?

_____

b) Give any **two** examples of parables.

(i)_____

(ii) _____

c) Why did Jesus use parables in his ministry?

_____

Or:

a) What is hadith?

_____

_____

b) Give any **one** importance of hadith to Muslims

_____

60. Give the type of weather good for drying cereals.

_____

61. Name the line of latitude marked 23½º**S**

_____

62. How was semei Kakungulu helpful to people in Eastern Uganda.

_____

63. Name the organization that sent most explorers to Uganda.

_____

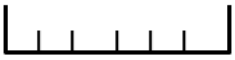
64. How was Bigobyamugenyi important to Bachwezi?

_____

65. How did the Bantu affect the plain Nilotes?

_____

66. Name the diagram shown below.



_____

67. What name is given to the lake found on an extinct volcanic mountain?

_____

68. What is barter trade?

_____

69. **<u>Study the diagram below and use it to answer given questions.</u>**

a) Name the type of coffee that grows well on slopes of mountain **M**.

_____

b) Give the main tourist attraction found in area marked **T**.

_____

c) Why was area labeled **Z** transferred to Uganda from Sudan?

_____

d) Name the neighbour of a country labeled **D**.

_____

70. **Either:** a) What did God create on the second day?

_____

b) What does the term Sabath mean?

_____

c) How was the creation of Adam different from Eve?

_____

Or:

a) What name is given to congregation prayers for Muslims?

_____

b) Why did Allah create Adam?

_____

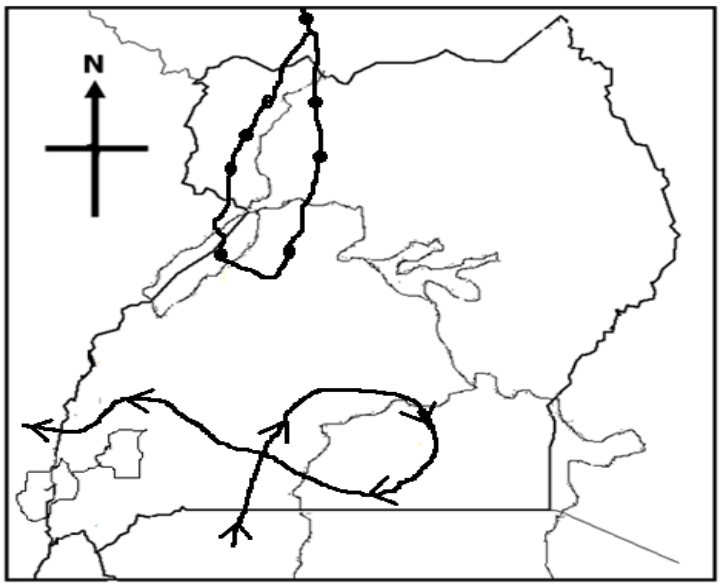
71. Which group of Europeans wanted to find the source of river Nile?

_____

72. How did Cowrie shells improve Uganda's trade?

_____

<u>Use the sketch map of Uganda below to answer question 4 and 5.</u>



73. Why did H.M.Stanley make the journey marked

_____

74. Which European explorer made the journey ?

_____

75. Why did Khedive Ismail want to colonise Uganda?

_____

76. How helpful was Apollo Kivebulaya to the people of Western Uganda?

_____

77. Why did Kabaka Mutesa I develop a dislike for the missionaries?

_____

78. What is meant by the term protectorate?

_____

_____

79. Give **one** way in which Sir Samuel Baker was helpful to the people of Northern Uganda.

_____

80. Mention any **one** fort that Sir Samuel Bake built in Uganda.

_____

81. How was Kabaka Mwanga II a threat to the spread of Christianity in Uganda?

_____

82. Give any **one** way in which the missionaries reduced illiteracy in Uganda.

_____

83. Which European explorer became a governor of Equatorial Province?

_____

84. What role did the Royal Geographical society play in the coming of European explorers to Uganda?

_____

85. Who said these words? ……" Peace be with you! The Lord is with you and has greatly blessed you! (**Luke 1:28**)

_____

86. State the name given to the rules that God gave the Israelites.

_____

87. Why is Holy water used during Baptism?

_____

88. Give any **one** reason why Prophet Mohammed made the Hejira.

_____

89. According to Islam teaching, who was the first prophet?

_____

90. Who is a leader?

_____

91. Give **one** way in which political leaders are got?

_____

92. State the deputy of a General Secretary in a Local Council (L.C) I Committee.

_____

93. What name do we give to the leaders who teach God's word?

_____

94. What is an election?

_____

_____

95. Which body in a district appoints civic leaders in a district?

_____

96. Write in full **UWESO**.

_____

97. State the highest political unit in Uganda.

_____

98. What are by-laws?

_____

_____

99. Which civic leader pays salaries of civil servants in a district?

_____

100. Why are scouts and Guides called voluntary leaders?

_____

101. In which urban council do we find Uganda's biggest local market?

_____

102. How do veterinary officers promote health of animals in a district?

_____

103. Why is the Friday when Jesus was crucified called **GOOD FRIDAY**?

_____

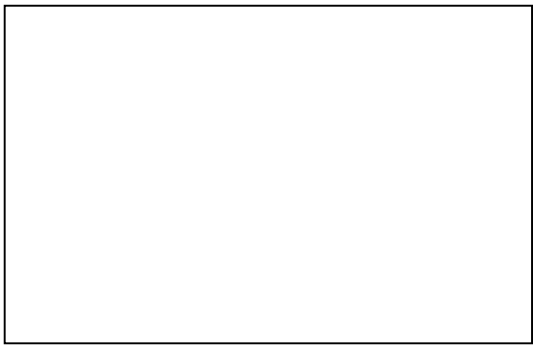
104. State any **one** way in which the Uganda Martyrs met their death.

_____

105. Give any **one** duty of an Imam.

_____

106. **Draw any one symbol of Islam in the given space below.**



107. State the name given to the prayers that Muslims attend on Friday.

_____

108. Mention any **one** source of history.

_____

109. What is meant by the term Stone Age period?

_____

_____

110. Which discovery marked the end of the old / Early Stone Age period?

_____

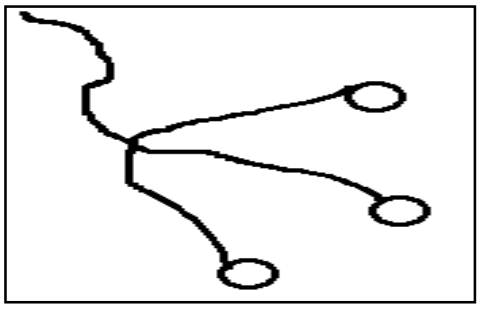
111. Why did early man tame a dog?

_____

112. State the discovery that marked the end of the Stone Age period.

_____

113. **How helpful was the weapon drawn below to early man?**



114. What happened to the Bushmen when other groups of people came to Uganda?

_____

115. How was early man able to enjoy his meat after the discovery of fire?

_____

116. Why is Nyero a famous historical site in Uganda?

_____

117. How is Bigobyamugenyi promoting Uganda's economy?

_____

118. How was Bahr-el-Ghazal important to the River-Lake Nilotes?

_____

119. Why were the Batembuzi referred to as demi-gods?

_____

120. How was the arrival of the Luo a danger to Bunyoro-Kitara Empire?

_____

121. How did the discovery of iron improve food production?

_____

122. Who is a disciple?

_____

123. State any **one** lesson we learn from the parable of the Good Samaritan.

_____

124. According to the Bible who said these words ……" where can we buy enough food to feed all these people?" (**John 6:5-6**)

_____

125. Give one difference between Christianity and Islam.

_____

_____

126. Which festival in Islam marked by slaughtering animals to remember Prophet Ibrahim's action?

_____

127. Write **IBEACO** in full.

_____

128. Why did Captain F. Lugard raise the **IBEACO** flag in Uganda?

_____

129. How were regents helpful to Kabaka Dauda Chwa?

_____

130. State any **one** result of the 1900 Buganda Agreement that made the Baganda unhappy.

_____

131. Mention the first administrative capital of Uganda.

_____

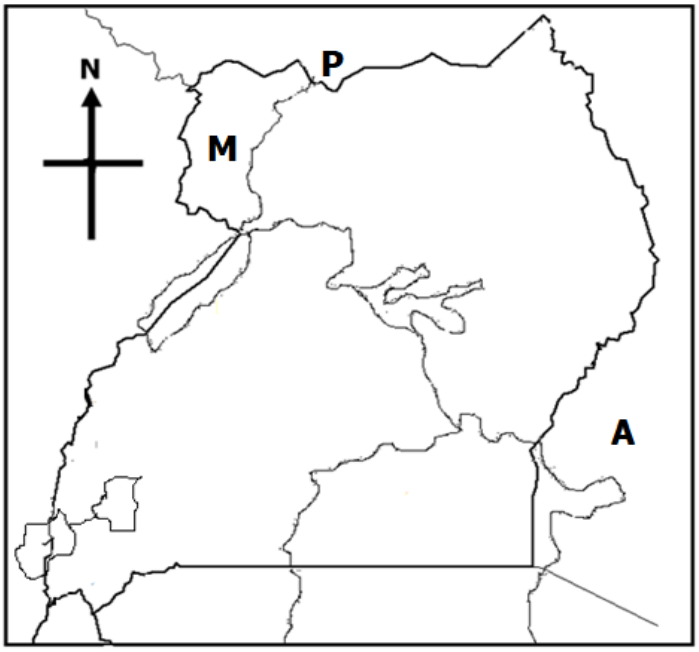
132. How did Sir Hesketh Bell promote agriculture in Uganda?

_____

133. In which way did Semei Kakungulu spread colonial rule in Uganda?

_____

<u>Use the sketch map of Uganda below to answer questions 8-10</u>



134. Why was part **M** transferred to Uganda in 1914?

_____

135. Why did the British transfer part **A** from Uganda to Kenya in 1902?

_____

136. State the name given to part P during the fixing of Uganda's boundaries.

_____

137. Give any **one** reason why the British preferred using indirect rule.

_____

138. How did Nuwa Mbaguta fight illiteracy in Western Uganda?

_____

139. Why did most Baganda hate Sir Andrew Cohen?

_____

140. State any **one** way in which the people of Uganda were politically organized before the coming of the British.

_____

141. Why did the Acholi stage a rebellion against the British in 1911-1912?

_____

142. State **one** good decision made by Mary the mother of Jesus.

_____

143. State any **one** traditional way of restoring peace in a community.

_____

144. Give any **one** condition that a Muslim should fulfill before making a Hijja.

_____

145. Which covenant did Allah make with Nuhu?

_____

146. State any **one** duty performed by Uganda Muslim Supreme Council (U.M.S.C)

_____

147. Name any **one** craft got from clay soil.

_____

148. Give any **one** natural resource got from the sun.

_____

149. Why should a home be fenced?

_____

150. Which problem is solved by use of donkey's in mountainous areas?

_____

151. Why should local leaders make by-laws for people to follow?

_____

152. Give the title of the officer in the district who is in-charge of animal health.

_____

153. **What does the road sign below represent?**

_____

154. How do high fuel prices affect trade in landlocked countries?

_____

155. Give any **one** way by which the people of Karamoja sub-region earn a living.

_____

156. Why should all school children know their school rules and regulations?

_____

157. Why should members in a family have meetings regularly?

_____

158. State **one** way pre-colonial societies were organized socially.

_____

159. Give any **one** local method of preserving fish.

_____

160. Mention the main source of power for most industries in Uganda.

_____

161. To which group of leaders does a **CAO** belong?

_____

162. Name the body responsible for protecting wetlands in Uganda.

_____

163. Name the prophet in the Bible who fed on locusts and honey.

_____

164. According to the Bible, who is referred to as the redeemer?

_____

165. Give any **one** way by which the police ensure safety of people on the road.

_____

166. What is meant by the term social services?

_____

_____

167. State the title given to the head of the Uganda police.

_____

168. Give the duty of the Uganda peoples Defense Forces (**UPDF**).

_____

169. Name any **two** sources of fuel.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

170. **Of what importance is the tool below to the community?**

_____

171. How is a barometer useful at a weather station?

_____

172. How does tourism create market for the craft industry?

_____

173. Name the exercise that enables government to know the number of people in a country.

_____

174. How has the introduction of Universal Primary Education (U.P.E) been helpful to the country?

_____

175. Why do we need security guards in a school?

_____

176. State **one** advantage tarmac roads have over murram roads.

_____

177. Why did missionaries build schools in Uganda?

_____

178. Which group of people operates aeroplanes and helicopters?

_____

179. State the body in Uganda that supplies safe water to the country.

_____

180. What are feeder roads?

_____

_____

181. Give any **one** way in which the government of Uganda has promoted U.P.E.

_____

182. Why did **IBEACO** withdraw from Uganda?

_____

183. Why are the barometer and hygrometer kept in a Stevenson Screen?

_____

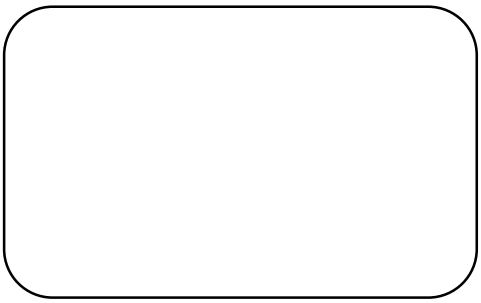
184. Give any **one** way in which people can benefit from a nearby health centre.

_____

185. How do game parks promote economic development of a country?

_____

186. **Draw a map symbol of a factory.**



187. State any **one** environmental problem caused by mining.

_____

188. Which political party led Uganda to internal self-rule?

_____

189. Mention the highest unit of a local government.

_____

190. Give **one** way in which climate determines human activities in an area.

_____

191. How did **IBEACO** ease the work of colonization?

_____

192. How is the work of the Judiciary different from that of the Executive?

_____

_____

193. What is a population census?

_____

194. Name the angel who brought Good news to Mary.

_____

195. State any **one** way in which Christians prepare for a prayer?

_____

196. Give any **one** reason why a Holy Quran is a special book to Muslims.

_____

197. Which native religion existed in Uganda before Islam?

_____

198. Name **one** physical features formed by faulting.

_____

199. Mention the department of police that

(i) Controls road accidents _____

(ii) Puts out fire. _____

200. Give the historical background of Bahr-el-Ghazel.

_____

201. How was Nuwa Mbaguta helpful to the British colonialists?

_____

202. How did the first Ugandans join legco.

_____

203. Why did Ugandans from political parties in the 1950s.

_____

204. State any **two** symbols of a nation.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

205. What do the following represent on the national coat of arms?

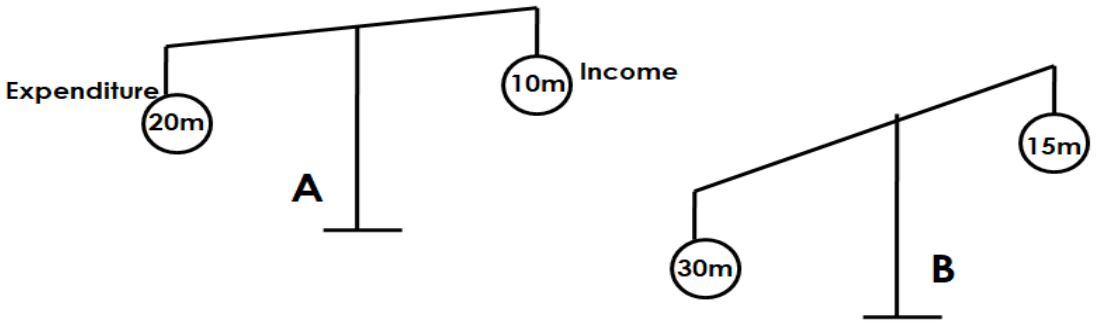
(i) Drum_____

(ii) Kob_____

206. How did political parties help Ugandans to gain independence?

_____

<u>Study the diagram below and use it to answer given question</u>



a) Name the type of budget marked.

(i) A _____

(ii) B _____

207. <u>For Both:</u>

a) Give any **two** similar practices between Christians and Muslims.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

b) Mention any **two** similar beliefs between Muslims and Christians.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

HAPPY NEW YEAR