



OSPF Single Area NeighborShip_Router-id Network Topology and Configuration

1. Network Topology Overview

- ❖ Mumbai Team A (192.10.1.0/24):
 - Devices: PCs, Printer, and Laptop.
 - Switch: 2960-24TT.
 - IP Address Scheme:
 - PCs: 192.10.1.10, 192.10.1.20, 192.10.1.30, 192.10.1.40
 - Printer: 192.10.1.60
 - Laptop: 192.10.1.50
 - Router0: Connected to network 192.10.1.0/24 and other networks using OSPF.
- ❖ Pune Team B (192.10.2.0/24):
 - Devices: PCs, Printer, and Laptop.
 - Switch: 2960-24TT.
 - IP Address Scheme:
 - PCs: 192.10.2.10, 192.10.2.20, 192.10.2.30, 192.10.2.40
 - Printer: 192.10.2.60
 - Laptop: 192.10.2.50
 - Router3: Connected to network 192.10.2.0/24 and other networks using OSPF.
- ❖ Nagpur Team C (192.10.5.0/24):
 - Devices: PCs, Printer, and Laptop.
 - Switch: 2960-24TT.
 - IP Address Scheme:
 - PCs: 192.10.5.10, 192.10.5.20, 192.10.5.30, 192.10.5.40
 - Printer: 192.10.5.60
 - Laptop: 192.10.5.50
 - Router3: Connected to network 192.10.5.0/24 and other networks using OSPF

2. OSPF Configuration on Routers

❖ Router0: Commands used:

```
Router(config)#router ospf 1
Router(config-router)#router-id 1.1.1.1
Router(config-router)#network 192.10.1.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
Router(config-router)#network 192.10.6.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
Router(config-router)#network 192.10.3.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
```

```
Router#show ip route ospf
Router#show ip neighbor
Router#show ip database
```

Networks included in OSPF: 192.10.1.0/24 and 192.10.3.0/24 and 192.10.6.0/24

❖ Router1: Commands used:

```
Router(config)#router ospf 1
Router(config-router)#network 192.10.2.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
Router(config-router)#network 192.10.6.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
Router(config-router)#network 192.10.4.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
Router(config-router)#exit
```

Networks included in OSPF: 192.10.2.0/24 and 192.10.6.0/24 and 192.10.4.0/24

❖ Router3: Commands used:

the topology you provided, loopback addresses are configured on the routers, which are often used for identifying routers in OSPF, as they are stable interfaces that are always up unless manually disabled. Loopback addresses are important for OSPF to assign router IDs and to ensure reliable router identification.

```
Router(config)#int loopback 10
Router(config-if)#ip add 10.1.1.1 0.0.0.255
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#int loopback 20
Router(config-if)#ip add 10.2.1.1 0.0.0.255
Router(config-if)#exit
```

```
Router(config)#router ospf 1
Router(config-router)#network 192.10.5.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
Router(config-router)#network 192.10.4.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
Router(config-router)#network 192.10.3.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
Router(config-router)#exit
```

Networks included in OSPF: 192.10.5.0/24 and 192.10.4.0/24 and 192.10.4.0/24

4. Verification Commands:

- Use show `ip ospf neighbor` on each router to verify OSPF neighbor relationships.
- Use show `ip route ospf` to check that routes between all subnets are properly advertised and accessible.