



Inspiring Excellence

Course Code:	CSE111
Course Title:	Programming Language II
Lab No:	10
Topic:	OOP (Inheritance)
Number of tasks:	5 Classwork + 4 Homework

- ** You are not allowed to change any of the code of the tasks**
**** Use *Inheritance* to solve all problems**

Classwork Part

Task - 1

Given the following classes, write the code for the **BBA_Student** class so that the following output is printed:

```
class Student:
    def __init__(self, name='Just a student', dept='nothing'):
        self.__name = name
        self.__department = dept
    def set_department(self, dept):
        self.__department = dept
    def get_name(self):
        return self.__name
    def set_name(self, name):
        self.__name = name
    def detail(self):
        return 'Name: '+self.__name+' Department: '+self.__department
```

#write your code here

```
print(BBA_Student().detail())
print(BBA_Student('Humpty Dumpty').detail())
print(BBA_Student('Little Bo Peep').detail())
```

Output:

Name: default Department: BBA
Name: Humpty Dumpty Department: BBA
Name: Little Bo Peep Department: BBA

Task – 2

```
class Vehicle:
    def __init__(self):
        self.x = 0
        self.y = 0
    def moveUp(self):
        self.y += 1
    def moveDown(self):
        self.y -= 1
    def moveRight(self):
        self.x += 1
    def moveLeft(self):
        self.x -= 1
    def detail(self):
        return '('+str(self.x)+' , '+str(self.y)+')'
#write your code here
```

```
print('Part 1')
print('-----')
car = Vehicle()
print(car.detail())
car.moveUp()
print(car.detail())
car.moveLeft()
print(car.detail())
car.moveDown()
print(car.detail())
car.moveRight()
print(car.detail())
print('-----')
print('Part 2')
print('-----')
car1 = Vehicle2010()
print(car1.detail())
car1.moveLowerLeft()
print(car1.detail())
car2 = Vehicle2010()
car2.moveLeft()
print(car1.equals(car2))
```

OUTPUT:

Part 1

(0 , 0)
(0 , 1)
(-1 , 1)
(-1 , 0)
(0 , 0)

Part 2

(0 , 0)
(-1 , -1)
False
True

<pre>car2.moveDown() print(car1.equals(car2))</pre>	
---	--

A vehicle assumes that the whole world is a 2-dimensional graph paper. It maintains its x and y coordinates (both are integers). The vehicle gets manufactured (constructed) at (0, 0) coordinate.

Subtasks:

1. Design a **Vehicle2010** class that inherits movement methods from **Vehicle** and adds new methods called **move UpperRight, UpperLeft, LowerRight, LowerLeft**. Each of these diagonal move methods must re-use two inherited and appropriate move methods.
2. Write an “**equals**” method that tests if significant class properties are the same (in this case x and y).

Note: All moves are 1 step. That means a single call to any move method changes value of either x or y or both by 1.

Task - 3

Given the following classes, write the code for the **Cricket_Tournament** and the **Tennis_Tournament** class so that the following output is printed.

```
class Tournament:  
    def __init__(self,name='Default'):  
        self.__name = name  
    def set_name(self,name):  
        self.__name = name  
    def get_name(self):  
        return self.__name  
  
#write your code here  
  
ct1 = Cricket_Tournament()  
print(ct1.detail())  
print("-----")  
ct2 = Cricket_Tournament("IPL",10,"t20")  
print(ct2.detail())  
print("-----")  
tt = Tennis_Tournament("Roland Garros",128)  
print(tt.detail())
```

```
OUTPUT:  
Cricket Tournament Name: Default  
Number of Teams: 0  
Type: No type  
-----  
Cricket Tournament Name: IPL  
Number of Teams: 10  
Type: t20  
-----  
Tennis Tournament Name: Roland Garros  
Number of Players: 128
```

Task - 4

Given the following classes, write the code for the **Book** and the **CD** class so that the following output is printed.

<pre>class Product: def __init__(self,id, title, price): self.__id = id self.__title = title self.__price = price def get_id_title_price(self): return "ID: "+str(self.__id)+" Title:"+self.__title+ "Price: "+str(self.__price) #write your code here book = Book(1,"The Alchemist",500,"97806","HarperCollins") print(book.printDetail()) print("-----") cd = CD(2,"Shotto",300,"Warfaze",50,"Hard Rock") print(cd.printDetail())</pre>	<pre>OUTPUT: ID: 1 Title: The Alchemist Price: 500 ISBN: 97806 Publisher: HarperCollins ----- ID: 2 Title: Shotto Price: 300 Band: Warfaze Duration: 50 minutes Genre: Hard Rock</pre>
---	--

Task - 5

Given the following classes, write the code for the **Dog** and the **Cat** class so that the following output is printed.

```
class Animal:
    def __init__(self, sound):
        self.__sound = sound

    def makeSound(self):
        return self.__sound
```

```
class Printer:
    def printSound(self, a):
        print(a.makeSound())
```

#write your code here

```
d1 = Dog('bark')
c1 = Cat('meow')
a1 = Animal('Animal does not make sound')
pr = Printer()
pr.printSound(a1)
pr.printSound(c1)
pr.printSound(d1)
```

OUTPUT:

Animal does not make sound
meow
bark

Homework Part

Task - 1

Given the following classes, write the code for the **Triangle** and the **Trapezoid** class so that the following output is printed.

```
class Shape:

    def __init__(self, name='Default', height=0, base=0):
        self.area = 0
        self.name = name
        self.height = height
        self.base = base

    def get_height_base(self):
        return "Height: "+str(self.height)+", Base: "+str(self.base)

#write your code here

tri_default = triangle()
tri_default.calcArea()
print(tri_default.printDetail())
print('-----')
tri = triangle('Triangle', 10, 5)
tri.calcArea()
print(tri.printDetail())
print('-----')
trap = trapezoid('Trapezoid', 10, 6, 4)
trap.calcArea()
print(trap.printDetail())
```

```
OUTPUT:
Shape name: Default
Height: 0, Base: 0
Area: 0.0
-----
Shape name: Triangle
Height: 10, Base: 5
Area: 25.0
-----
Shape name: Trapezoid
Height: 10, Base: 6, Side_A: 4
Area: 50.0
```

Task - 2

Given the following classes, write the code for the **Player** and the **Manager** class so that the following output is printed. To calculate the match earnings use the following formula:

1. Player: $(\text{total_goal} * 1000) + (\text{total_match} * 10)$
2. Manager: $\text{match_win} * 1000$

```
class SportsPerson:

    def __init__(self, team_name, name, role):
        self.__team = team_name
        self.__name = name
        self.role = role
        self.earning_per_match = 0

    def get_name_team(self):
        return 'Name: '+self.__name+', Team Name: ' +self.__team

#write your code here

player_one = Player('Al-Nassr', 'Ronaldo', 'Striker', 25, 32)
player_one.calculate_ratio()
player_one.print_details()
print('-----')
manager_one = Manager('Real Madrid', 'Zidane', 'Manager', 25)
manager_one.print_details()
```

OUTPUT:
Name: Ronaldo, Team Name: Al-Nassr
Team Role: Striker
Total Goal: 25, Total Played: 32
Goal Ratio: 0.78125
Match Earning: 25320K

Name: Zidane, Team Name: Real Madrid
Team Role: Manager
Total Win: 25
Match Earning: 25000K

Task - 3

The tea company **Kazi and Kazi (KK)** has decided to produce a new line of flavored teas.

Design the **KK_tea (parent)** and **KK_flavoured_tea (child)** classes so that the following output is produced. The **KK_flavoured_tea** class should inherit **KK_tea**. Note that:

- An object of either class represents a **single box of teabags**.
- Each tea bag **weighs 2 grams**.
- The **status** of an object refers to whether it is sold or not

Hint: you should use class methods/variables

```
t1 = KK_tea(250)
print("-----1-----")
t1.product_detail()
print("-----2-----")
KK_tea.total_sales()
print("-----3-----")
t2 = KK_tea(470, 100)
t3 = KK_tea(360, 75)
KK_tea.update_sold_status_regular(t1, t2, t3)
print("-----4-----")
t3.product_detail()
print("-----5-----")
KK_tea.total_sales()
print("-----6-----")
t4 = KK_flavoured_tea("Jasmine", 260, 50)
t5 = KK_flavoured_tea("Honey Lemon", 270, 45)
t6 = KK_flavoured_tea("Honey Lemon", 270, 45)
print("-----7-----")
t4.product_detail()
print("-----8-----")
t6.product_detail()
print("-----9-----")
KK_flavoured_tea.update_sold_status_flavoured(t4
, t5, t6)
print("-----10-----")
KK_tea.total_sales()
```

OUTPUT:

```
-----1-----
Name: KK Regular Tea, Weight: 100
Tea Bags: 50, Price: 250
Status: False
-----2-----
Total sales: {'KK Regular Tea': 0}
-----3-----
-----4-----
Name: KK Regular Tea, Weight: 150
Tea Bags: 75, Price: 360
Status: True
-----5-----
Total sales: {'KK Regular Tea': 3}
-----6-----
-----7-----
Name: KK Jasmine Tea, Weight: 100
Tea Bags: 50, Price: 260
Status: False
-----8-----
Name: KK Honey Lemon Tea, Weight: 90
Tea Bags: 45, Price: 270
Status: False
-----9-----
-----10-----
Total sales: {'KK Regular Tea': 3, 'KK
Jasmine Tea': 1, 'KK Honey Lemon Tea': 2}
```

Task - 4

Given a **TwoDVector** class, design the **ThreeDVector** class that inherits 2D vector. You need to implement the following features:

- Similar to X and Y of 2D vector, there will be Z of 3D vector.
- Write a method **add3DVectors()** that adds 3D vectors. It **must reuse** the **add2DVectors()** function and be written with the same parameters. The only difference is that, in 3D vectors, the Z components are added as well.
- Write a **multiplyScalar()** method that takes an integer as parameter and multiplies it with all 3 components separately (scalar multiplication).
- Write a **calculateLength()** that returns the length of the 3D vector using the following formula:
 - $\sqrt{X^2 + Y^2 + Z^2}$
- Write a **print3DVector()** similar to the **print2DVector()** method.
- 2D vector: Xi + Yj
3D vector: Xi + Yj + Zk

```
class TwoDVector:
    def __init__(self, x, y):
        self.x = x
        self.y = y
    def add2DVectors(self, *vectors):
        for i in vectors:
            self.x += i.x
            self.y += i.y
    def print2DVector(self):
        if self.y >= 0:
            y = "+" +str(self.y)
        else:
            y = str(self.y)
        print(f"{self.x}i {y}j")
```

```
TwoDV1 = TwoDVector(5, 6)
TwoDV2 = TwoDVector(3, 7)
TwoDV3 = TwoDVector(1, 8)
print("=====")
TwoDV1.add2DVectors(TwoDV2, TwoDV3)
TwoDV1.print2DVector()
print("=====")
```

OUTPUT:

```
=====
9i + 21j
=====
14i + 17j -2k
=====
42i + 51j -6k
=====
66.34003316248794
```

<pre>ThreeDV1 = ThreeDVector(5, 6, 1) ThreeDV2 = ThreeDVector(1, 9, -7) ThreeDV3 = ThreeDVector(8, 2, 4) print("=====") ThreeDV1.add3DVectors(ThreeDV2,ThreeDV3) ThreeDV1.print3DVector() print("=====") ThreeDV1.multiplyScalar(3) ThreeDV1.print3DVector() print("=====") print(ThreeDV1.calculateLength())</pre>	
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