Mubeen Khan

Greater Chicago Area

mubeen@mubeen.co

7136141726

linkedin.com/in/mubeen-khan

Summary

Creative and proactive management and strategy professional with experience leveraging his background in healthcare, coding, teaching, and scientific research to design and improve automated systems, streamline departmental methods, mentor and coach employees, and preempt future problems. Proven drive and ability to develop and implement creative visions using strong planning skills, automation, statistics, and soft-skills to support service launches, overhauls, and employee productivity, positioning departments for success and future expansion.

Key skills:

- · Strategic planning
- Project management
- · Interdepartmental mediation
- Corporate compliance
- Proactive reporting
- Automation
- · Statistical/data analysis
- R/Python/SQL/C/Excel/JS
- Digital infrastructure
- Machine learning (RNN)
- Operations coordination
- · Workforce development
- Leadership/team-building
- Teaching/training
- Public speaking/presentation

Experience

M Access Team Lead

Northwestern Medicine

Oct 2018 - Present (3 years 4 months +)

Recruited to function in an assistant manager role. Supervises and coaches 80+ employees connecting patients to healthcare resources in a fast-paced environment.

Key contributions:

- Filled a gap and drove the transition to a work-from-home model and constructing a comprehensive, digital operations-framework on Microsoft Teams/OneNote, reducing employee-question response times by 80%, improving inbound capacity by 20%, and cutting training time by 33%.
- Took initiative to build an artificial intelligence package in R/Python to automate data collection and interpretation, quality assurance, and analysis implementation, saving 40 man-hours per week
- Stepped outside of his role to conceptualize and integrate automation/data analysis tools to measure department progress and modernize management processes (i.e. employee attendance, performance, corporate compliance). Trains senior leaders accordingly

- · Led and conducted an audit that resulted in an overhaul of the quality assurance department.
- Coordinated 20 go-lives and 6 key-initiatives to improve department processes. Helped lead a key initiative that reduced patient wait times for appointments by 2 months

Mental Health Specialist

Garfield Park Behavioral Hospital

Jun 2018 - Oct 2018 (5 months)

Brought on to provide inpatient psychiatric support and counseling to 20 pediatric patients from underprivileged backgrounds. Conducted group therapy, CBT, nutrition, and entertainment while coordinating with physicians and nursing staff.

Key contributions:

- Provided documentation that facilitated a patient's successful entry into foster care.

Mental Health Worker

Heartland Alliance

Jun 2018 - Oct 2018 (5 months)

Hired to provide healthcare support to a challenging population of active substance users in an innovative affordable-housing project centered on harm-reduction. Provided medication support, counseling, care-coordination, and petty cash for 25 tenants.

Key contributions:

- Provided documentation that helped a tenant graduate to independent housing.

Senior Educator

Peer Health Exchange

Sep 2014 - Jun 2016 (1 year 10 months)

Expanded responsibilities from the previous Junior Educator role to include training educators, teaching advanced curricula, and supporting operations.

Key contributions:

- Prevented key operations from failing during a staffing shortage.
- Awarded Educator-of-the-Year and a Career Achievement Award in 2016.

Research Assistant

The University of Chicago

Apr 2014 - Jan 2016 (1 year 10 months)

Coded and analyzed gestural and eye contact data from infant interviews for communication research. Separately, collected and analyzed DNA from hamster brains to understand the effects of circadian rhythm interruption on immune systems.

Junior Educator

Peer Health Exchange

Sep 2012 - Jun 2014 (1 year 10 months)

Taught health topics to high-school students in underserved areas through the Chicago South side, including sexual communication, elementary advocacy skills, sexual health, mental health, and informed decision-making.

Research Assistant

MD Anderson Cancer Center

Jan 2010 - Aug 2013 (3 years 8 months)

- Performed wet-lab and statistical research on multiple myeloma, amyloidosis, graft-vs-host disease, and umbilical cord blood.
- Learned and performed care of cell lines, flow cytometry, mouse necropsy, identification of protein markers and genetic abnormalities, harvested cord blood cells, electrophoresis, etc.
- Performed significant data entry, review, and analysis with large datasets.
- · Participated in weekly lab meetings and learned about the intellectual process behind study design and administration in the field of stem cell transplantation.
- Shadowed specialized oncologists and interviewed patients and family members.

Education



Bachelor of Arts - BA, Psychology 2012 - 2016 Dean's List (2015-2016)

Loyola University Chicago

Graduate Student at Large Aug 2016 - Jun 2017

Tufts University

Graduate Student at Large Aug 2017 - May 2018

Licenses & Certifications



CPR Certification - American Heart Association

Skills

PostgreSQL • Relational Databases • R (Programming Language) • Python (Programming Language) • Data Analysis • Data Visualization • Extract, Transform, Load (ETL) • Business Intelligence (BI) • Customer Relationship Management (CRM) • Training

Honors & Awards

Dean's List

Jun 2016

Outstanding Educator - Peer Health Exchange

2016

Dedicated Educator Award - Peer Health Exchange 2015

Educator of the Month - Peer Health Exchange May 2016

Code Samples

SQL

Dates, CTEs, and Partitions: Determining the number of users who make new purchases due to a marketing campaign.

```
-- we want to see whether a user has made a purchase of products on mor
-- than one date AND that there is a date for multiple products
with purchase dates as (
    select
        user_id,
        -- earliest date for a purchase by a user
        min(created at) over (partition by user id) as min date,
        -- earliest date for a purchase by a user of a product
        min(created at) over (
            partition by user_id, product_id
            ) as min prd date
    from marketing campaign
),
worked as (
    select
       user id,
        -- if the earliest purchase date is equal to the earliest purch
        -- date for a product by each product, then that result doesn't
        -- matter. If they are not equal, then they purchased another p
        -- on a different date
        case when min date != min prd date then 1 else 0 end as worked
    from purchase dates
select count(distinct(user_id)) from worked where worked = 1
```

Joins and Subqueries: Find the customer with the highest daily total order cost between 2019-02-01 to 2019-05-01.

```
with daily_totals as (
    select
        cust_id,
        date,
        sum(cost) as cost
    from (
        select
            cust_id,
            order_date as date,
            total_order_cost as cost
        from orders
        where order_date between '2019-02-01' and '2019-05-01'
    ) as costs
    group by costs.cust_id, date
)
select c.first_name, d.date, d.cost
from daily_totals as d
left join customers as c on d.cust_id = c.id
where d.cost in (select max(cost) from daily totals);
```

CTE, **Window Functions**: Determine for which Microsoft employees, their directly previous employer was Google.

```
with lags as (
    select
    user_id,
    employer,
    case when lag(end_date) over(order by user_id, start_date) = start_
    lag(employer) over(order by user_id, start_date) as prev_empl
    from linkedin_users
)
select
    count(distinct(user_id))
from lags
where consecutive = 1 and employer = 'Google' and prev_empl = 'Microsoft'
```

Sorting: Sort rental popularity in specific buckets.

```
select
        when number_of_reviews = 0 then 'New'
        when number of reviews >= 1 and number of reviews <= 5 then 'Rising
        when number of reviews >= 6 and number of reviews <= 15 then 'Trend
        when number of reviews >= 16 and number of reviews <= 40 then 'Popu
        else 'Hot'
            end as popularity rating,
    min(price) as minimum price,
    avg(price) as average_price,
   max(price) as maximum price
from (
    select
        price,
        room type,
        host_since,
        zipcode,
        number_of_reviews
    from airbnb host searches
    group by 1,2,3,4,5
) as temp
group by 1;
```

R

Cleaning, Processing, and Reporting

A set of functions that ingests, cleans, and processes data, then outputs it as a KPI report in Excel for my manager to view.

Clean data

```
report from cuic no footer <-
            report from cuic[-footer row numbers,]
        return(report_from_cuic_no_footer)
    } else {
        return(report from cuic)
    }
}
#' Takes an ABA report from CUIC, removes headers and footers, renames colu
#'
#' @param x A dataframe
#' @return A dataframe without the CUIC header and footer, with columns ren
clean aba report from cuic <- function(aba report from cuic, new date type
    if (class(aba report from cuic) == "data.frame") {
        report_from_cuic_clean <-
            clean_report_from_cuic(aba_report_from_cuic)
    } else if (class(aba report from cuic) == "list") {
        report from cuic clean <-
            lapply(aba_report_from_cuic,
                    clean report from cuic) %>%
                bind rows
    }
    if (new date type == TRUE) {
        report_from_cuic_clean <- report_from_cuic_clean %>%
            mutate(date_time = parse_new_cuic_date_format(DateTime), date =
    } else {
        report from cuic clean <- report from cuic clean %>%
            mutate(date time = convertToDateTime(DateTime), date = convertT
    report_from_cuic_clean <-
        report from cuic clean %>%
            mutate(precision queue = tolower(Precision.Queue),
                    # date = date_time %>% format("%Y-%m-%d") %>% as.Date,
                    weekday = weekdays(date),
                    time = date time %>% format("%H:%M:%S") %>% hms %>% as
                    hour = hour(time),
                    service level = Service.Level,
                    hold time = convertToDateTime(Hold.Time, origin = "1970
                    speed of answer mean = convertToDateTime(Avg.Speed.of.A)
                    calls offered = Total,
                    calls_handled = Handled,
                    calls abandoned = Aban,
                    calls answered = Answered,
                    handle_time_mean = convertToDateTime(Avg.Handle.Time, o
```

```
longest_queued = convertToDateTime(Longest.Queued, orig
                                                                                   max queued = Max.Queued,
                                                                                   service level abandoned = Service.Level.Abandon
                                                                                   ) %>%
                                                  select(precision_queue,
                                                                                   date,
                                                                                   weekday,
                                                                                   date_time,
                                                                                   time,
                                                                                   hour,
                                                                                   service_level,
                                                                                   hold_time,
                                                                                   speed_of_answer_mean,
                                                                                   calls offered,
                                                                                   calls handled,
                                                                                   calls_abandoned,
                                                                                   calls_answered,
                                                                                   handle_time_mean,
                                                                                   longest_queued,
                                                                                   max_queued,
                                                                                   service_level_abandoned)
                queue names <-
                                 c("clsma",
                                         "corp",
                                         "derm",
                                          "gim",
                                          "intmed",
                                          "cim",
                                          "ped",
                                          "student",
                                          "travel")
                #### rename queue names to readable English
                for (queue_name in queue_names) {
                                 report_from_cuic_clean$precision_queue[grepl(queue_name, report_from_cuic_clean$precision_queue[grepl(queue_
                return(report_from_cuic_clean)
}
```

Process data

```
#' Helper function that generates an ABA report summarized by queue and dat
#'
#' @param x A dataframe from CUIC, cleaned
#' @return A dataframe summarizing by queue and date, including total/overa
generate aba summary by date <- function(report from cuic clean) {
    aba summary by date by queue <-
        report from cuic clean %>%
            group by(precision queue, date) %>%
            summarise(
                service level mean = mean(na.omit(service level)),
                calls offered total = sum(na.omit(calls offered)),
                calls_answered_total = sum(na.omit(calls_answered)),
                calls_abandoned_total = sum(na.omit(calls_abandoned)),
                handle time mean = mean(na.omit(handle time mean)),
                speed of answer mean = mean(na.omit(speed of answer mean)),
                hold_time_mean = mean(na.omit(hold_time))
            ) %>%
            ungroup() %>%
            mutate(aba = calls abandoned total/calls offered total)
    aba summary by date overall <-
        report_from_cuic_clean %>%
            group by(date) %>%
            summarise(
                service level mean = mean(na.omit(service level)),
                calls_offered_total = sum(na.omit(calls_offered)),
                calls_answered_total = sum(na.omit(calls_answered)),
                calls abandoned total = sum(na.omit(calls abandoned)),
                handle time mean = mean(na.omit(handle time mean)),
                speed_of_answer_mean = mean(na.omit(speed_of_answer_mean)),
                hold_time_mean = mean(na.omit(hold_time))
            ungroup() %>%
            mutate(aba = calls_abandoned_total/calls_offered_total,
                    precision_queue = "total_overall")
    aba summary by date by queue <-
        aba summary by date by queue[c(1,2,10,3,4,5,6,7,8,9)]
    aba_summary_by_date_overall <-
        aba_summary_by_date_overall[c(10,1,2,9,3,4,5,6,7,8)]
    aba summary by date <-
        rbind(aba summary by date by queue,
                aba_summary_by_date_overall) %>%
        na.omit
    return(aba_summary_by_date)
}
```

There are additional helper functions I will omit for brevity.

```
#' Generates an ABA report summarized by queue and a set of options by choi
#'
#' @param x A dataframe from CUIC, uncleaned
#' @param type The type of report to generate, options are "standard" (defa
#' @param queue The queue to generate for (CLSMA, INTMED, GIM, CIM, STUDENT, TRA
#' @return A dataframe
#' @example generate aba summary(aba report 2021-07-01)
#' @example generate aba summary(aba report 2021-07-01, type = "by date")
#' @example generate aba summary(aba report 2021-07-01, type = "by date and
generate_aba_summary <- function(</pre>
    data,
   type = "standard",
   queue = "all",
   new_date_type = FALSE,
    exclude_saturday = FALSE,
    presentation_view = FALSE
    ) {
    cleaned_report <- clean_aba_report_from_cuic(data, new_date_type = new_</pre>
    if (exclude_saturday == TRUE) {
        cleaned report <- cleaned report %>% filter(weekday != "Saturday")
    } else {}
    if (type == "standard" & presentation_view == FALSE) {
        aba_summary <-
            generate_aba_summary_standard(cleaned_report)
    } else if (type == "standard" & presentation view == TRUE) {
        aba_summary <-</pre>
            generate_aba_summary_standard(cleaned_report) %>%
                prettify_aba_standard_summary()
    } else if (type == "by date") {
        aba summary <-
            generate_aba_summary_by_date(cleaned_report)
    } else if (type == "by_hour") {
        aba summary <-
            generate aba summary by hour(cleaned report)
    } else if (type == "by_date_and_hour") {
        aba summary <-
            generate aba summary by date by hour(cleaned report)
    } else if (type == "by_weekday") {
        aba_summary <-
            generate_aba_summary_by_weekday(cleaned_report)
    } else if (type == "by 15 min") {
        aba summary <-
            generate_aba_summary_by_15_min(cleaned_report)
```

```
} else if (type == "by_date_and_15_min") {
    aba_summary <-
        generate_aba_summary_by_date_by_15_min(cleaned_report)
}
if (queue == "all") {
    summary_filtered_by_queue <-
        aba_summary
} else {
    summary_filtered_by_queue <-
        aba_summary %>%
        filter(grepl(collapse_vector(queue), precision_queue))
}
return(summary_filtered_by_queue)
}
```

Report Generation

```
#' Generates and saves an Excel workbook containing all five types of ABA r
#'
#' @param x A dataframe from CUIC, uncleaned
#' @param report date or month The date of the report, or the month of the
#' @param report_name Filename suffix, defaults to "export"
#' @return Workbook saved and success message printed
generate and save aba summary combined <- function(report from cuic,
                                                    new date type = FALSE,
                                                    report_date_or_month = S
                                                    report_name = "export")
    summary standard <-
        generate aba summary(
            report_from_cuic,
            new_date_type = new_date_type,
            "standard",
            "all"
        )
    summary_by_date <-</pre>
        generate_aba_summary(
            report_from_cuic,
            new_date_type = new_date_type,
            "by date",
            "all"
        ) %>% na.omit
    summary_by_weekday <-
        generate_aba_summary(
            report_from_cuic,
```

```
new_date_type = new_date_type,
        "by_weekday",
        "all"
    ) %>% na.omit
summary_by_hour <-</pre>
    generate_aba_summary(
        report_from_cuic,
        new_date_type = new_date_type,
        "by_hour",
        "all"
    ) %>% na.omit
summary by date and hour <-
    generate_aba_summary(
        report_from_cuic,
        new_date_type = new_date_type,
        "by_date_and_hour",
        "all"
    ) %>% na.omit
summary_by_15_min <-</pre>
    generate_aba_summary(
        report_from_cuic,
        new_date_type = new_date_type,
        "by_15_min",
        "all"
    ) %>% na.omit
summary_by_date_and_15_min <-</pre>
    generate_aba_summary(
        report_from_cuic,
        new_date_type = new_date_type,
        "by_date_and_15_min",
        "all"
    ) %>% na.omit
report_sheet_list <-
    lst(
        summary_standard,
        summary_by_date,
        summary_by_weekday,
        summary_by_hour,
        summary_by_date_and_hour,
        summary_by_15_min,
        summary by date and 15 min
write.xlsx(
    report_sheet_list,
    paste0(
```

```
"aba_combined_report",

"_",

report_name,

".xlsx"
),

overwrite = TRUE
)

return(paste0("Success! Data written to file."))
}
```

Plotting and Visualization Functions

Functions to automatically generate interactive plots for dashboards using R and Plotly:

```
plot_aba_summary <- function(aba_data,</pre>
                                 type,
                                 queue search = NA,
                                 exclude queues = NA) {
    aba_data <- aba_data %>%
        pivot_longer(!c(Queue, Month), names_to = "variable")
    if (!is.na(queue search[1])) {
        queue_search <- collapse_vector(queue_search)</pre>
        aba_data <- aba_data %>%
            filter(grepl(queue_search, Queue))
    } else {}
    if (!is.na(exclude_queues[1])) {
        exclude queues <- collapse vector(exclude queues)</pre>
        aba_data <- aba_data %>%
            filter(!grepl(exclude_queues, Queue))
    } else {}
    if (type == "calls") {
        plot <- aba data %>%
            filter(grepl("Calls", variable)) %>%
            ggplot(aes(x = Month, y = value)) +
                geom path(aes(color = Queue)) +
                scale_y_continuous(
                    # breaks = function(x) \{ seq(0, max(x), by = 2500) \},
                    labels = function(x) {round(x, digits = 0)}
                    ) +
                facet_wrap(. ~ variable, scales = "free y")
    } else if (type == "service_level") {
        plot <- aba data %>%
            filter(variable == "Service Level (Avg)") %>%
            ggplot(aes(x = Month, y = value)) +
```

```
geom path(aes(color = Queue)) +
                scale y continuous(labels = function(x) {scales::percent(x,
    } else if (type == "times") {
        plot <- aba_data %>%
            filter(variable == "Answer Speed" | variable == "Handle Time")
            ggplot(aes(x = Month, y = value)) +
                geom line(aes(color = Queue)) +
                scale_y_continuous(
                    labels = function(x) {x %>%
                         seconds to period %>%
                        as datetime %>%
                         format("%M:%S")},
                    breaks = function(x) \{ seq(0, max(x+60), by = 60) \}
                facet wrap(. ~ variable, scales = "free y")
    } else if (type == "aba") {
        plot <- aba data %>%
            filter(variable == "ABA") %>%
            ggplot(aes(x = Month, y = value)) +
                geom_line(aes(color = Queue)) +
                scale_y_continuous(
                    labels = function(x) {scales::percent(x, accuracy = 1)}
                    breaks = function(x) {seq(0, max(x), by = 0.05)}
    } else if (type == "service_level_aba") {
        plot <- aba data %>%
            filter(variable == "ABA" | variable == "Service Level (Avg)") %
            ggplot(aes(x = Month, y = value)) +
                geom_line(aes(color = Queue)) +
                facet_wrap(variable ~ ., scales = "free_y") +
                scale_y_continuous(
                    labels = function(x) {scales::percent(x)}
    }
    plot <- plot +
        theme bw() +
        expand_limits(y = 0) +
        scale x date(date breaks = "1 month", date labels = "%b %y") +
        geom smooth(method = "lm", se = F, linetype = "dotted", size = 0.25
    return(plot)
}
customize hovertext <- function(plotly object, plot type) {</pre>
  chart font <- list(family = "arial", size = 12)</pre>
  # plotly object$x$layout$showlegend <- FALSE</pre>
```

```
get hovertext for chart number <- function(chart number, type = plot type</pre>
  if (class(plotly object$x$data[[1]]$x) != "Date") {
      hovertext x <-
    format(convertToDate(plotly_object$x$data[[chart_number]]$x, origin =
  } else {
      hovertext x <-
    format(plotly object$x$data[[chart number]]$x, "%b %Y")
  if (type == "aba") {
    hovertext_y <- plotly_object$x$data[[chart_number]]$y %>% as.numeric
  # hovertext_perc <- "%"</pre>
  } else if (type == "calls") {
    hovertext y <- round(plotly object$x$data[[chart number]]$y, digits =</pre>
  # hovertext perc <- NA</pre>
  } else if (type == "times") {
    hovertext_y <-
      round(seconds_to_period(plotly_object$x$data[[chart_number]]$y), di
      hovertext perc <- NA
  #
  hovertext <- paste0(hovertext_x, ": ", hovertext_y)</pre>
 return(hovertext)
}
x axis format <- list(tickfont = chart font)</pre>
if (grepl("aba", plot_type)[1] == TRUE) {
  for (i in c(1,3)) {
    plotly_object$x$data[[i]]$text <- get_hovertext_for_chart_number(i)</pre>
  }
  plotly object$x$data[[3]]$showlegend <- TRUE</pre>
  plotly_object$x$data[[3]]$name <- "Linear Trend"</pre>
  plotly_object$x$layout$annotations[[1]]$font$family <- "arial"</pre>
  plotly object <- plotly object %>%
      layout(
          xaxis = x_axis_format,
          yaxis = list(
              tickfont = chart_font,
              rangemode = "tozero",
              tickformat = "%"
                   )
} else if (grepl("calls", plot type)[1] == TRUE) {
  for (i in c(1:3, 7:9)) {
    plotly_object$x$data[[i]]$text <- get_hovertext_for_chart_number(i)</pre>
  for (i in 7:9) {
    names <- c(1,2,3,4,5,6,"Offered", "Abandoned", "Answered")</pre>
```

```
plotly object$x$data[[i]]$showlegend <- TRUE</pre>
      plotly_object$x$data[[i]]$name <- paste0("Linear Trend", " (", names[</pre>
    }
    for (i in 1:3) {
      plotly object$x$layout$annotations[[i]]$font$family <- "arial"</pre>
    y axis format calls <- list(tickfont = chart font, rangemode = "tozero"
    plotly_object <- plotly_object %>% layout(
      xaxis = x_axis_format,
      yaxis = y axis format calls,
      xaxis2 = x_axis_format,
      yaxis2 = y_axis_format_calls,
      xaxis3 = x_axis_format,
      yaxis3 = y axis format calls
  } else if (grepl("times", plot_type)[1] == TRUE) {
    for (i in 1:6) {
      plotly_object$x$data[[i]]$text <- get_hovertext_for_chart_number(i)</pre>
    }
    for (i in 4:6) {
      names <- c(1,2,3,"", "Answer Speed", "Handle Time")</pre>
      plotly object$x$data[[i]]$showlegend <- TRUE</pre>
      plotly object$x$data[[i]]$name <- paste0("Linear Trend", " (", names[</pre>
    }
    for (i in 1:2) {
      plotly object$x$layout$annotations[[i]]$font$family <- "arial"</pre>
    y axis format times <-
      list(
          tickfont = chart font
           )
    plotly object <- plotly object %>% layout(
      xaxis = x_axis_format,
      yaxis = y_axis_format_times,
      xaxis2 = x_axis_format,
      yaxis2 = y axis format times
    )
  }
  plotly_object <- plotly_object %>%
    layout(hovermode = "x",
           legend = list(font = chart font))
 return(plotly_object)
}
plotly_aba_summary <- function(aba_data,</pre>
```