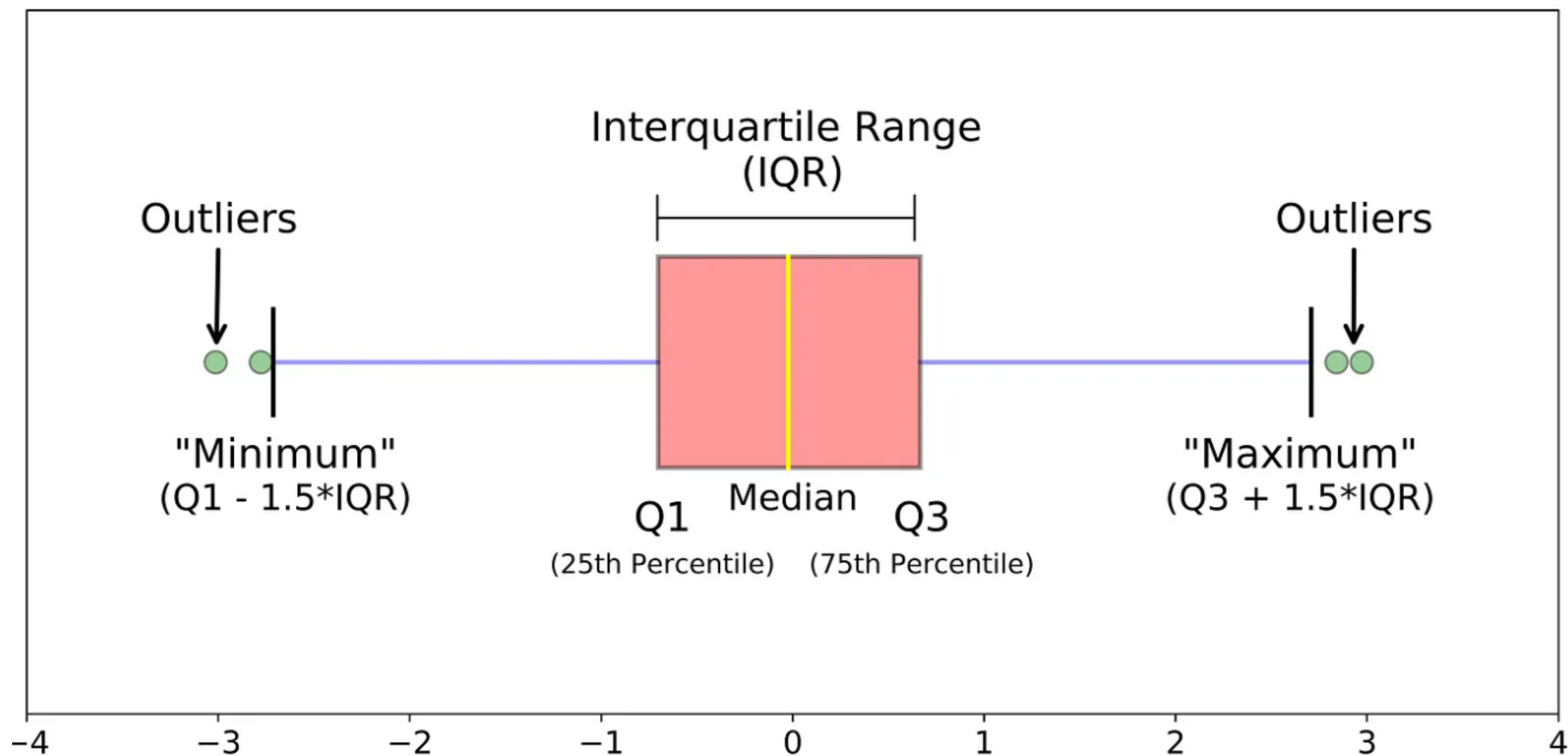


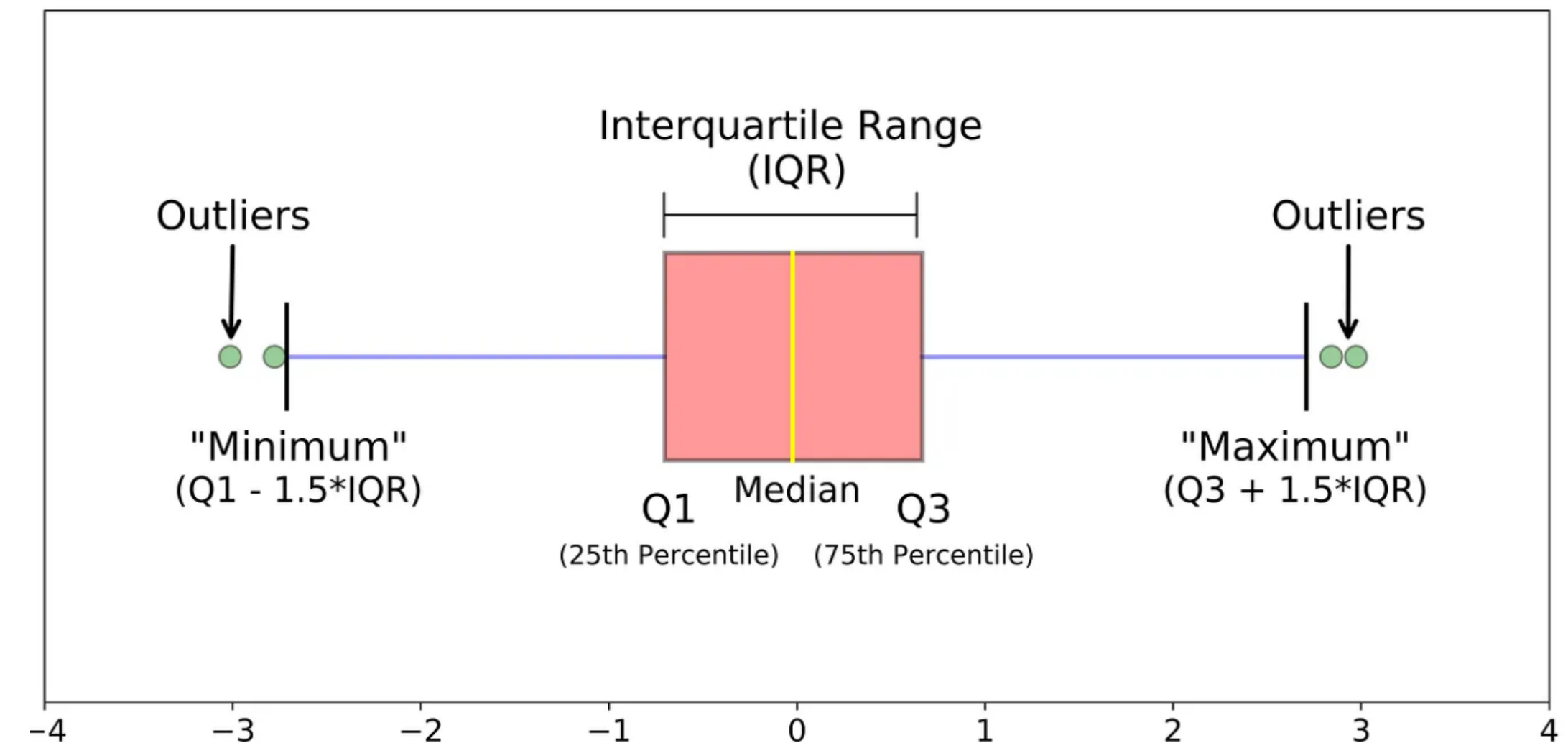
# **Recitation week 7**

# Boxplots and Outliers



# Boxplots and Outliers

- To make a Boxplot in Google sheets we need to calculate:
  - Minimum value  $\Rightarrow =\text{min}(\text{data range})$
  - Maximum value  $\Rightarrow =\text{max}(\text{data range})$
  - Q1  $\Rightarrow =\text{quartile}(\text{data range}, 1)$
  - Q3  $\Rightarrow =\text{quartile}(\text{data range}, 3)$
  - IQR  $\Rightarrow Q3 - Q1$
- A value is outlier when if it is
  - Higher than  $Q3 + 1.5 * \text{IQR}$
  - Lower than  $Q1 - 1.5 * \text{IQR}$



# Boxplots and Outliers

## 1. Drawing Boxplots

- To draw a Boxplot for a variable in google sheets we need the information in the table
- Then, select this information and insert chart

Varaible	Min	Q1	Q3	Max
...	...	...	..	...

# Boxplots and Outliers

## Detecting outliers

- Unfortunately google sheets doesn't show the outliers in Boxplots
- We need to find them by ourself
- Outliers are:
  - $< Q1 - 1.5 * IQR$  (LB)
  - $> Q3 + 1.5 * IQR$  (UB)

Varaible	Min	Q1	Q3	Max
...	...	...	..	...

# Boxplots and Outliers

## Detecting outliers

- Unfortunately google sheets doesn't show the outliers in Boxplots
- We need to find them by ourself
- Outliers are values that are lower than the lower bound, and higher than the higher bound
- $LB = Q1 - 1.5 * IQR$
- $UB = Q3 + 1.5 * IQR$

IQR	LB	HB		
...	...	...	..	

# Boxplots and Outliers

## Detecting outliers

- After finding the LB and UB, we can filter our variable to be between LB and UB.
- Our variable has no outlier anymore!