

CSS 2005-2018 | Solved Papers

PAKISTAN AFFAIRS (MCQs)

CSS 2018 Solved Papers, PAKISTAN AFFAIRS (MCQs)

1. Which monument is inscribed the on the back of 5,000 note: **Faisal Mosque**
2. Simla agreement was signed in: **1972**
3. Comrade's editor was: **Maulana Muhammad Ali Jauhar**
4. Pakistan a hard country was written by? **Anatol Lieven**
5. First Commander-in-Chief of Pakistan was: **Frank Messervy**
6. Who replaced Nazimuddin as PM? **Mohammad Ali Bogra**
7. Which Round table Conference Iqbal did not attend: **First**
8. Nadwatul Uloom was founded in: **1894**
9. Purpose of Cripps Mission was: **to get support for WWII**
10. 1st Sindh CM after independence: **Muhammad Ayub Khuhro**
11. Pakistan became Islamic republic in: **1956**
12. Last speaker of NA of united East/West Pakistan: **Abdul Jabbar Khan**
13. Designer of Dars-e-Nizami in subcontinent was: **Mulla Nizam Uddin**
14. Partition of Bengal annulled under which British monarch: **King Geroge V**
15. Muslim seats in interim Viceroy Executive Council: **5**
16. Convergence point of five rivers in Pakistan is: **Panjnad, Ali Pur**
17. Murree is situated at which mountainous range? **Pir Panjal Range**
18. Founder of Republican Party in 1955 was: **Khan Abdul Jabbar Khan**
19. Brahmo Samaj was founded by: **Ram Mohan Roy**
20. When elections for the second constitute national assembly were held? **1955**

CSS 2017 Solved Papers, PAKISTAN AFFAIRS (MCQs)

1. Anjuman-i-Himayat-i-Islam was founded in: **September 1884**
2. Moen Jo Daro was discovered in: **1922 (By R. D. Banerji)**
3. Current Ambassador of Pakistan to China: **Masood Khalid**
4. The Simla Deputation met the Viceroy: **Lord Minto**
5. Author of "My Life A Fragment": **Mohammad Ali Jouhar**
- (6) Seventh Prime Minister of Pakistan: **Malik Feroz Khan Noon**
7. 18th Amendment to the 1973 Constitution was passed on: **April 8, 2010 (National Assembly)**
April 19, 2010 (Presidential Assent)
8. Friday declared Official holiday on: **July 1, 1977**
9. PTV started its colour transmission in: **1976**
10. Who led funeral Prayers of Quaid-e-Azam: **Shabbir Ahmad Usmani**
11. Pakistan's largest artificial lake: **Keenjhar Lake**
12. Writer of Humsafar: **Farhat Ishtiaq**
13. First Vice President of Pak: **Nurul Amin**
14. National Anthem composed by: **Ahmed Ghulamali Chagla**
15. Total number of US Electoral College votes: **538**
16. Indian to receive Pakistan's highest award: **Morarji Desai**
17. Total number of Basic democrats in 1965: **80,000**
18. Recipients of Nishan-e-Haider: **10**
19. First embassy in Pakistan opened by: **Iran**
20. US Ambassador who died with Gen Zia in plane crash: **Arnold Lewis Raphel**

CSS 2016 Solved Papers, PAKISTAN AFFAIRS (MCQs)

- 1) Mughal ruler contemporary to Queen Elizabeth? Jalal-ud-din Akbar
- 2) First head master of Dar ul uloom Deoband? Maulana Qasim Ali Nanotvi
- 3) Author of Spirit of Islam: Syed Ameer Ali
- 4) Ruling party in Punjab after 1937 elections: Unionist Party
- 5) Book "the last Mughal" written by: William Dalrymple
- 6) "We have learnt nothing from History" authored by: Asghar Ali Khan (r)(Air Marshal)
- 7) Foundation stone of Islamiya College Peshawar laid by: Sir George Roos-Keppl
- 8) Quaid e Azam solar park is in: Bahawalpur
- 9) Swami Dyanat Saravasti movement launched by: Arya Samaj
- 10) Purpose of 21st amendment: military courts
- 11) Book Gold and guns published in 1945, was banned in 1947 in NWFP by: Khan Abdul Qayyum Khan
- 12) Most important offer by Muslims in Delhi proposals was: giving up separate electorate demand
- 13) Why Simon Commission failed: it was led by foreigners
- 14) Who helped Liaquat Ali Khan to make objectives resolution: Maulana Shabbir Ahmad Usmani ?
- 15) Why is Tarbela storage capacity lessening? Sediment deposition
- 16) Which charismatic Bengali leader was PM of Pak? Suhrawardy
- 17) Which infamous law was passed by Lord Dalhousie? Doctrine of lapse
- 18) Who was Pakistan's first law Minister and interim head of the constituent assembly? Joginder Nath Mandal
19. Pirpur report: investigation into Congress Ministry
20. 1970 election held under: LFO (Legal Framework Order)

CSS 2015 Solved Papers, PAKISTAN AFFAIRS (MCQs)

1. Mohenjo Darro and Harrapa were discovered in: 1922
2. Hujjatullah ul Baligha was written by: Shah Wali Ullah
3. Barhamo Samraj was founded by: Raja Ram Mohan Roy
4. First President of Congress was: W. C. Benerjee
5. First census in India was made in the period of: Lord Mayo
6. "The Life of Mohammad" was a book written by: William Mueer
7. Sind was separated from Bombay in: 1936
8. Dar ul Uloom Deoband was founded by: Moulana Qasim Nonotvi
9. The Viceroy of India in 1919 was: Lord Chelmsford
10. The first secretary of Khilafat Committee was: Hafiz Muhammad Saddiq Khatri
11. The first Foreign Minister of Pakistan was: Sir Zafrullah Khan
12. Who was convicted in Rawalpindi Conspiracy case: Faiz Ahmad Faiz
13. Pakistan purchased Gawadar from: Oman
14. The largest Agency in the Northern Area of Pakistan is: South Waziristan
15. Militants attacked Quaid e Azam Residency in: Ziarat
16. General Election of 2013 was held on: May 11
17. who served as both Governor General and Prime Minister: Khawja Nazimuddin
18. The British Parliament announced the Independence Act on: 18 july 1947
19. India cut off the flow of canal waters to West Punjab for first time on: 1ST April 1948
20. Kashmir sold to Gulab Singh in: It was 1846

CSS 2014 Solved Papers, PAKISTAN AFFAIRS (MCQs)

1. Sheikh Ahmad Sirhind was born at? Sirhind
2. The total number of Prime Ministers till 1958 ? Seven
3. Ideology means? Science of Ideas
4. Anjuman-e-Himayat Islami was established in? 1884
5. Islam means to? Obey
6. Which country opposed Pakistan's membership of UN? Afghanistan
7. When did the First Constituent Assembly of Pakistan address?
11th August, 1947
8. Who was presiding the meeting of Muslim League when it was decided that Muslim League will established? Nawab Waqar ul Mulk
9. Who was against Luckow Pact? None
10. "The Reconstruction of Religious Thoughts" in Islam is written by? Allama Iqbal
11. Who wanted to become the joint Governor General of both India and Pakistan?
Lord Mount Batten.
12. Mangla Dam is situated in which province? Azad Kashmir (Mirpur District)
13. Who was the First Student of Deoband? Maulana Mahmoodul-Hasan
14. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan retired as a Judge in? 1876
15. Who was the PM of India at the time of Tashkent Declaration? Lal Bahadur Shastri
16. Altaf Hussain Hali has written "Hayat-e-Jawaid" on? Sir Syed Ahmed Khan
17. First Martial Law was imposed by? Iskender Mirza (1958)
18. Who dissolved the first constituent assembly of Pakistan? Governor General Malik Ghulam Muhammad(October 24, 1954)
19. The largest concrete dam in the world? Grand Coluee Dam(It is the Dam on the Columbia River in the U.S. state of Washington)
20. What was the Capital of Sindh during Mohammad Bin Qasim invasion ?
Alore(the medieval name of the city of Rohri)

CSS 2013 Solved Papers, PAKISTAN AFFAIRS (MCQs)

1. Who was the governor of Sindh after Muhammad Bin Qasim? Yazid Bin Muhallab
2. who was the mughal emperor who accepted the british pension firstly? Shah Alam-II
3. Ahmad Shah Abdali launched his early invasion against: Marhatas
4. The British fought Plassy war against: Sirajuddula
5. Dars-i-Nizami was named after: Mullah Nizamuddin
6. Before 1857 how many Universities on Western pattern were established in India? 5
7. When the MAO College at Alligarh was started? 1877
8. Anjuman-i-Himayat e Islam was started in: 1884
9. The constitution of All India Muslim League was written by: Muhammad Ali Johar
10. The first session of Muhammad Educational Conference was held in Bangal: None
11. The London branch of Muslim League was started by: Syed Amir Ali
12. "Hamdard" was edited by: Moulana Muhammad Ali Johar
13. "Shudhi" movement was started by: Dayanad Sarswati
14. Majlis-ii-Ahrar was found in: 1929
15. In Kashmir the ceasefire between Pakistan and India was signed on: 27th july 1949
16. Islamabad was declared capital of Pakistan in: 1967
17. Majority of Southern Pakistan population lived along the: River Indus
18. The Aryan arrived in South Asia in : 1700 BC
19. The most ancient civilization is: Mehargarh
20. The author of "The Case of Pakistan" is: Rafiq Afzal

CSS 2012 Solved Papers, PAKISTAN AFFAIRS (MCQs)

1. The Silsilah-i-Chishtiyah was founded in sub Continent by whom? Kh Muinud Din Ajmeri
2. When Shah Wali Ullah died? 1762
3. Who was appointed the first principal of Darul ulum Deoband? Maulana Muhammad Qasim
4. Who floated the idea of establishment of Anjuman-e-Hamiat-e-Islam? Kh. Hamid ud din
5. All India national congress was established by a British civil servant in 1885. Name the officer: A.O. Hume
6. Viceroy Lord Curzon divided the Bengal in east and west on: 16 Oct 1905
7. Which year proved the turning point of the Muslim destiny in the history of India? 1906
8. Where the annual sessions of National Congress and Muslim League were held simultaneously? Lucknow
9. Who was the author of "Emergence of Pakistan"? Muhammad Ali Ch.
10. When Sir Stafford Cripps announced his formula to seek the co-operation between the National Congress and Muslim League? March 30, 1942
11. When the Simla conference under the presidentship of Lord Wavell was ended? July 14, 1945
12. By whom the formula of 3rd June 1947 to divide India was announced? Lord Mount Batten
13. Who was the first president of Constituent Assembly of Pakistan? Quaid-e-Azam
14. Under whom leadership the Constitution of 1956 was passed? Ch. Muhammad Ali
15. When the Constitution of 1973 was proclaimed? August 14, 1973
16. When Indus Water Treaty was signed between India and Pakistan? 1960
17. in which constitution the presidential and parliamentary system at centre and provinces were adopted respectively? 1962
18. When was the 18th Amendment Bill passed by National Assembly? April, 08, 2012
19. How much amount was allocated for the agriculture sector in the 7th five year plan? Rs.15600 million
20. Which pass connects Parachinar and Kohat with Afghanistan? Kurram pass

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CSS 2010 Solved Papers, PAKISTAN AFFAIRS (MCQs)

1. Name the saint, who first came in Lahore: Shaikh ismail
2. Ghiyas-ud-din Balban declared himself king of Delhi Sultanate in the year: 1266
3. Who founded Daulatabad and shifted the capital of Delhi Sultanate? Muhammad Tughluq
4. Who set up the chain of justice to redress the grievances of oppressed people? Jahangir
5. Who was known in history as Mujaddid Alf Thani, the reformer of second millennium? Shaikh Ahmed Sirhindi
6. Who called the "spiritual guide" as shopkeepers? Shah Waliullah
7. When Nadva-tul-Ulema came into being? 1884
8. Who initiated the cult of Shivaji against the Muslims of India? Bal Ganga dher tilak
9. Who led Simla deputation in 1906? Sir Agha Khan
10. When nehru committee was constituted to propose the future constitution of India? Feb 1928
11. When the congress ministries resigned from their offices? 22 December 1939
12. Who first thought of the possibility of a Muslim republic embracing the present Central Asian states in north west of sub-continent? Syed Jamal ud Din Afghani
13. When Simla Conference was concluded with failure? July 14, 1945
14. Who negotiated with cabinet mission (1946) on behalf of All India National Congress? A.K. Azad
15. When Abu ala Maududi was awarded death punishment by military court on "Qadiani issue"? c. May 1953
16. Muhammad Ali Bogra, the then P.M of Pakistan, presented his constitutional formula to the Constituent Assembly on: Oct 7, 1953
17. When was the 17th amendment bill ratified by the President, after getting passed by both houses of Majlis-e-Shura? Dec 31, 2003
18. When was the local government system under the devolution of power plan, 2001, inaugurated? Aug 14, 2001
19. When was gas (natural) discovered at Sui Baluchistan? 1952
20. The Suleman Mountain, one of the Western, is as high as: 11,440 ft

CSS 2009 Solved Papers, PAKISTAN AFFAIRS (MCQs)

1. Who rejected the verdicts of jurists that idol worshippers are liable to be murdered? Shamd-ud-Din Iltumish
2. Who constructed five canals to remove scarcity of water? Feroz Shah Tughlaq
3. Who laid foundation of Agra city? Sikandar Lodhi
4. Who wrote "Humayun Nama"? Gulbadan Begum
5. Who accepted Akbar's "Din-e-Ilahi"? Birbal
6. Which office held supreme judicial authority during Mughal rule? King
7. Who supported Muslim participation in politics? Allama Iqbal
8. Who is the author of "Hunter par Hunter"? Sir Syed Ahmed Khan
9. Who drafted "Wardha Scheme" under the guidance of Ghandi? Dr. Zakir Hussain
10. How many Muslim seats were secured by All India Muslim League in 1945-46 Election of Provincial assemblies? 441
11. Who presided over the session of Constituent Assembly of Pakistan 10 August 1947? Quaid-e-Azam
12. Who rejected the theory of composite nationalism advanced by the Indian National Congress? Quaid-e-Azam
13. Who was convicted in Rawalpindi Conspiracy Case? Faiz Ahmed Faiz
14. In which constitution of Pakistan, the Ministers were neither members of the parliament nor answerable to parliament? 1962
15. From which country Pakistan purchased Gwadar? Muscat
16. Which provincial Chief Minister was dismissed on the issue of One Unit? Chief Minister Punjab
17. Which Radio Station already existed at the time of creation of Pakistan? Peshawar
18. Under Yahya's LFO, what option National Assembly had if it couldn't frame the constitution within 120 days? Dissolved automatically
19. What percentage of total polled votes in East Pakistan was secured by Awami League in 1970 elections? 75 %
20. When was the state of Swat included in Pakistan? 28th July 1969

CSS 2008 Solved Papers, PAKISTAN AFFAIRS (MCQs)

1. Mahmud of Ghazni waged war against rebellious India in the year of: 1000
2. Shahab-ud-Din Muhammad Ghuri defeated Pirthviraj in the year 1192 in the field of: Tarori or Tarain
3. Qutb-ud-Din Aibak was succeeded on Delhi throne by: Aram Shah
4. The downfall of Muslim rule in India started with the demise of: Aurangzeb
5. The Holy Quran was first translated into Persian by: Shah Waliullah
6. Anjuman-e-Islamia Punjab was founded for the renaissance of Islam in the year: 1859
7. "Pakistan's Constitution should incorporate the essential principles of Islam, which are as good and relevant in our day, as were 1300 years ago. But Pakistan should not be a theocratic state ruled by priests." This statement was given by: Quaid-e-Azam
8. Who was appointed first President of Muslim league? Sir Agha Khan
9. Who divided Bengal into East and West Bengal in July 1905? Lord Curzon
10. Dyarchy was first introduced in the Act of: 1919
11. The resolution of non-cooperation with British Government was passed in the meeting of All India National Congress in 1920, which was held at: Calcutta
12. The Simon Commission arrived in India on: 3rd February, 1928
13. The British Prime Minister Ramsay Macdonald announced the Communal Award in 1932 at the end of: Second Round Table Conference
14. All India Muslim League observed the "Direct Action Day" on: 16 August, 1946
15. Objective Resolution was passed by the Constituent Assembly of Pakistan on: March 12, 1949
16. With regard the division of power between Federation and Provinces the Constitution of Pakistan (1962) was provided with: Two lists of subjects
17. The height of Pakistan's highest mountain Pak-Godwin Austin is as high as: 28, 250 ft
18. The Government of Pakistan established the Indus River System Authority in the year: 1992
19. Under the Indus Water Treaty of 1960 Pakistan has the right to use exclusively the water of: Chenab, Jhelum and Indus
- d. None of these
20. At present Pakistan has vast natural resources and items of mineral as many as: 52

CSS 2007 Solved Papers, PAKISTAN AFFAIRS (MCQs)

1. The first Muslim general entered Victorious in the sub-continent Indo-Pak in the year: 712 AD
2. On the execution of Muhammad Bin Qasim, the rule of Caliph ended and Arab princes in Mansura (Sindh) and Multan (Punjab) established their independent dynasties in Sub-continent in the year: 715
3. Who became the first Sultan of newly established Muslim Sultanate of Delhi in 1207: Qatub-din Aibek
4. Who has written the book entitled "The Making of Pakistan": K.K.Aziz
5. Who was first appointed Nazim of Nadva-ul-ulema in 1883: Maulana Shibli
6. Pakistan's ideology is based on the ideals of: Islam
7. Quaid-e-Azam called Islam "Our bedrock and sheet anchor" while addressing: Punjab Students Federation
8. The resolution for formation of All-Indian Muslim League was passed at the meeting of All India Educational Conference (1906) and was moved by: Nawab Salim ullah
9. The demand of separate electorate for Indian Muslims was first accepted in the Act of: 1909
10. The provincial governments of Congress resigned and All-India Muslim League as a mark of relief observed the "Day of Deliverance" on: 22 Dec. 1939
11. The Lahore Resolution was amended and Pakistan was made an integral part of League's objective. The amendment was made in the Annual session (1941) of All India Muslim League, which was held at: Madras
12. Radcliffe Commission submitted its formula for the division of India into two countries to Lord Mountbatton on: 17 August 1947
13. Ch. Rahmat Ali, the architect of the name of Pakistan, died on: Feb. 12, 1951
14. Liaquat Ali Khan, the first Prime Minister of Pakistan, while addressing a meeting at Rawalpindi was assassinated on: Oct 16, 1951
15. The Legal Frame Work Order, which amended a constitution of Pakistan unilaterally was issued by: Yahya Khan
16. The country, which supported the Pakistan Movement before the emergence of Pakistan: Iran
17. Durand Line, which divides the borders of Pakistan and Afghanistan is as long as : 2252 Km
18. Which mountain range is located between China and Pakistan: Great Himalayas
19. What is the total area of Pakistan (Sq Km): 796096
20. The Regional Cooperation for Development (RCD) was established among Pakistan, Iran and Turkey in 1964 and was annulled in: 1979

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1. From 1858 upto about 1870 nearly all British Politicians, authors blamed the Muslims for: Disloyalty
2. Indo-Muslim culture in details is overwhelmingly: Arabian/Iranian
3. "The Millat and Menace of Indianism" is written by: Ch. Rehmat Ali
4. Indian Khilafat Deputation visited England to put their views before Lloyd George in: 1920
5. The Lucknow Pact was conceived by: Lord Chemsford
6. Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan was leader of: Unionist Party
7. In 1917 Kheiri Brothers suggested a plan of partition of India in conference of the Socialist International held in: Stockholm
8. In 1928 Agha Khan III advocated independence of each province at the meeting of All parties convention in: Calcutta
9. Founder of Pakistan M.A. Jinnah declared unequivocally that "it is impossible to work a democratic parliamentary government in India" in press interview given to: Manchester Guardian
10. Kazi Saeed-ud-Din Ahmad, an Aligarh geographer clearly demarcated areas to substantiate the two nation theory were in all: 4
11. On 7th August, Muhammad Ali Jinnah left India for the last time and flew to: Karachi
12. Junagadh was a small maritime state and had an area of: 4500 Sq Km
13. Tethys's deposits finally turned to be: Himalayas
14. The Salt Range lies in the large accumulation of pure salt at Khewra and: Kalabagh
15. Land holdings in Pakistan are characterized by: Huge farms
16. The Pakistan Forest Institute, a national organization was established in: 1947
17. Relics of stone tools found in caves and terraces that date back to Pleistocene period have been discovered in: Punjab
18. National Highway Authority receipts to the tune of 1850 million rupees have been reported by May: 2005
19. Recent earthquake of October, 2005 was result of: Tectonic dislocation
20. Pakistan foreign policy is the safe-guarding of its sovereignty, security and: International Relations

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- 1). Sir syed ahmed khan advocated the inclusion of Indians in Legislative Council in his famous book, Causes of the Indian Revolt, as early as: 1860
- 2). Who repeatedly refers to Sir Syed as Father of Muslim India and Father of Modern Muslim India: Hali
- 3). Military strength of East India Company and the Financial Support of Jaggat Seth of Murshidabad gave birth to events at: Plassey
- 4). Clive in one of his Gazettes made it mandatory that no Muslim shall be given an employment higher than that of chaprasy or a junior clerk has recorded by: Hasan Isphani
- 5). The renowned author of the Spirit of Islam and a Short History of the Saracens was: Ameer Ali
- 6). Nawab Sir Salimullah Khan was President of Bengal Muslim League in: 1912
- 7). The first issue of Maulana Abul Kalam Azads 'Al Hilal' came out on 13 July:1912
- 8). At the annual session of Anjuman Hamayat Islam in 1911 Iqbal's poem was recited, poetically called: Shikwa
- 9). Sir sultan Muhammad shah, the agha khan headed the historic simla deputation which successfully presented Muslim demands on 01, October 1906 before: Lord Minto