1. List all hidden files in your current directory.

Command: Is -a

Explanation: '-a' shows hidden files starting with '.'

2. Move a file report.txt from /home/user/docs to /tmp.

Command: mv /home/user/docs/report.txt /tmp/

Explanation: Moves file to target directory.

3. Create multiple directories named log, conf, data at once.

Command: mkdir log conf data

Explanation: Creates multiple directories.

4. Copy all .conf files from /etc to your current directory.

Command: cp /etc/*.conf .

Explanation: Wildcard copies all .conf files.

5. Create a symbolic link to /var/log/syslog in your home directory.

Command: In -s /var/log/syslog ~/syslog_link

Explanation: Creates shortcut (symlink).

6. Display only the first 5 lines of /etc/passwd.

Command: head -n 5 /etc/passwd

7. Display the last 10 lines of a growing log file (/var/log/syslog).

Command: tail -f /var/log/syslog

8. Compare file1.txt and file2.txt line by line.

Command: diff file1.txt file2.txt

9. Check if two files are identical.

Command: tar -xzvf backup.tar.gz -C /tmp/

17. Zip a directory called logs.

Command: zip -r logs.zip logs/

Command: cmp file1.txt file2.txt

10. Find common lines between file1.txt and file2.txt.
Command: comm -12 <(sort file1.txt) <(sort file2.txt)
11. Find all files in /var/log containing the word 'error'.
Command: grep -i 'error' /var/log/*
12. Find lines that start with 'user' in a file.
Command: grep '^user' filename.txt
13. Find all .sh files recursively from your home directory.
Command: find ~/ -type f -name "*.sh"
14. Display all files with 'server' in the name and sort them.
Command: Is grep server sort
15. Create a backup.tar.gz of the /etc directory.
Command: tar -czvf backup.tar.gz /etc
16. Extract backup.tar.gz to the /tmp folder.

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18. Unzip project.zip to /opt.

Command: unzip project.zip -d /opt/

26. Kill all processes named python.

Command: killall python

19. Create a new user named devops.
Command: sudo useradd devops
20. Change password for devops.
Command: sudo passwd devops
21. Give read/write/execute permissions to the owner only.
Command: chmod 700 filename
22. Change ownership of app.log to user ubuntu.
Command: sudo chown ubuntu app.log
23. Add user john to group sudo.
Command: sudo usermod -aG sudo john
24. List processes of the user root.
Command: ps -U root
25. Kill a process with PID 1234.
Command: kill 1234

27. Check CPU usage of processes in real-time.

Command: sudo service cron restart

Command: top
28. Display only your current shell's process tree.
Command: ps f
29. Display your machine's hostname and OS version.
Command: uname -a
30. Check your username.
Command: whoami
31. Show IP configuration of all interfaces.
Command: ifconfig
32. Trace route to google.com.
Command: traceroute google.com
33. Test internet connectivity using wget.
Command: wget https://www.google.com
34. Check status of nginx service.
Command: sudo service nginx status
35. Restart cron service.

36. Enable firewall and allow port 22.

Command: unalias -a

Command: sudo ufw enable && sudo ufw allow 22

37. List current iptables rules.
Command: sudo iptables -L
38. Display filesystem disk usage in GB.
Command: df -h
39. Mount a USB device (/dev/sdb1) to /mnt/usb.
Command: sudo mount /dev/sdb1 /mnt/usb
40. Export a variable ENV=prod.
Command: export ENV=prod
41. Create a custom alias for Is -la.
Command: alias Isl='Is -la'
42. Check what the command Is does.
Command: whatis Is
43. Find the path of the bash command.
Command: whereis bash
44. Clear all aliases temporarily.

45. Create a bootable USB using dd.
Command: sudo dd if=ubuntu.iso of=/dev/sdX bs=4M status=progress
46. Check size of a directory.
Command: du -sh /var/log
47. Show inode usage.
Command: df -i
48. Copy and rename a file in one command.
Command: cp config.yaml config.yaml.bak
49. Sort and remove duplicate lines from a file.
Command: sort file.txt uniq
50. Create a file, set permission, and write a string in it.
Commands:
touch greeting.txt
chmod 644 greeting.txt
echo "Hello Linux" > greeting.txt