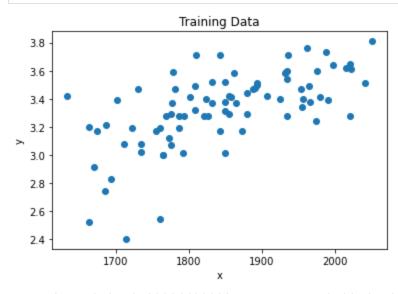
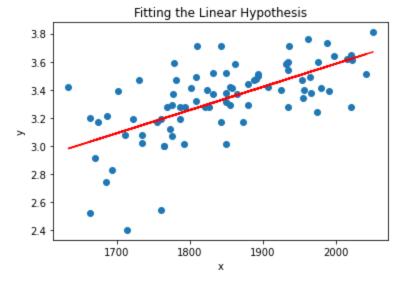
```
In [11]:
         #Making the import
         import numpy as np
         from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
         import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (6.0, 4.0)
         from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error # for calculating mean squared error
         #Preprocessing Input data
         data = pd.read csv('1.01. Simple linear regression.csv')
         X = data.iloc[:, 0]
         Y = data.iloc[:, 1]
         plt.scatter(X, Y)
         plt.xlabel('x')
         plt.ylabel('y')
         plt.title('Training Data')
         plt.show()
         X = np.array(X).reshape((-1, 1))
         #Building the model
         model = LinearRegression()
         model.fit(X, Y)
         print('theta0 = ', model.intercept , 'theta1 = ', model.coef )
         #Making predictions for Training Data
         # Making predictions for Training Data
         Y pred = model.predict(X)
         #Computing mean squared error
         print('RMSE error for Regression=>',np.sqrt(mean squared error(Y,Y pred)))
         plt.scatter(X, Y)
         plt.plot(X, Y pred, color = 'red')
         plt.xlabel('x')
         plt.ylabel('y')
         plt.title('Fitting the Linear Hypothesis')
         plt.show()
         #Making predictions
         test X = 1.2
         Y pred = model.predict(np.array(test X).reshape((-1, 1)))
         #predict() is equivalent to below
         Y pred2 = model.intercept + model.coef * test X
         print("STA Prediction for Experience of ", str(test X), " GPA =", Y pred, Y pred2)
```



theta0 = 0.2750402996602803 theta1 = [0.00165569] RMSE error for Regression=> 0.20808860291153056



STA Prediction for Experience of 1.2 GPA = [0.27702713] [0.27702713]

In [10]:

data

Out[10]: SAT GPA

0 1714 2.40

1 1664 2.52

2 1760 2.54

3 1685 2.74

4 1693 2.83

•••

79 1936 3.71

80 1810 3.71

81 1987 3.73

82 1962 3.76

83 2050 3.81

84 rows × 2 columns

In []: