## **ASSIGNMENT 4**

- AIM 1:- Write a program to perform following operation on image by giving options1, 2 and 3.
- 1.Negative of image 2.Log transformation 3.Power law(gamma) transformation

#### Code:-

```
x=input('PRESS::1.NEGATIVE.2.LOG TRANSFORMATION.3.GAMMA
TRANSFORMATION: ');
if x==1
    a=uigetfile('*.*','Select the Image');
    a=imread(a);
    [r,c]=size(a);
    for i=1:r
        for j=1:c
            new(i,j)=255-a(i,j);
        end
    end
        subplot(121);
        title('ORIGINAL IMAGE');
        imshow(a);
        subplot(122);
        title('NEGATIVE IMAGE');
        imshow(new);
elseif x==2
    a=imread(uigetfile('*.*', 'Select the Image'));
    a1=double(a);
    sz=size(a1);
    new=ones(sz(1),sz(2));
    c1=10;
    for i=1:sz(1)
        for j=1:sz(2)
            p1 = 1+a1(i,j);
            new(i,j) = c1 * log(p1);
        end
    end
    imshow(mat2gray(new));
elseif x==3
        Y = 0.6;
        Y1=0.4;
        Y2=0.3;
        c1=1;
        new=ones(sz(1),sz(2));
```

```
new1=ones(sz(1),sz(2));
new2=ones(sz(1),sz(2));
a=imread(uigetfile('*.*','Select the Image'));
a1=im2double(a);
sz=size(a1);
    for i=1:sz(1)
        for j=1:sz(2)
             new(i,j)= c1 .* a1(i,j)^Y;
new1(i,j)= c1 .* a1(i,j)^Y1;
             new2(i,j) = c1 .* a1(i,j)^Y2;
        end
    end
subplot(221);
title('ORIGINAL IMAGE');
imshow(a);
subplot(222);
title('Y=0.6');
imshow(new);
subplot(223);
title('Y=0.4');
imshow(new1);
subplot(224);
title('Y=0.3');
imshow(new2);
```

end

#### Output:-

1.Negative Image

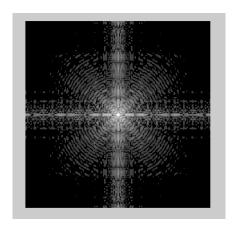




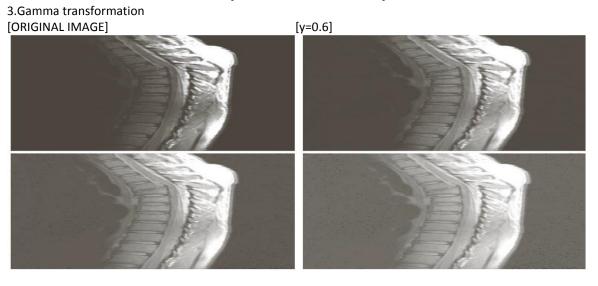
#### 2.Logtransformed image



[ORIGINAL IMAGE]



[LOGTRANSFORMED IMAGE]



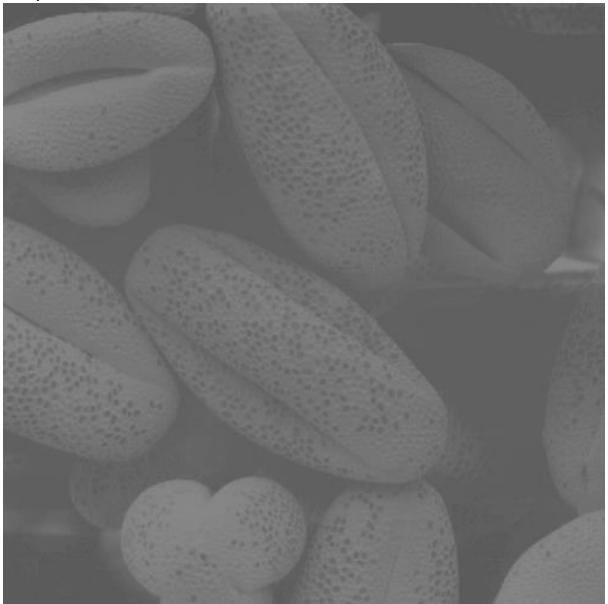
[y=0.4] [y=0.3]

AIM 2:-Write a program which demonstrate the use of contrast stretching transformation.

#### Code:-

```
clear all
close all
y=imread('rice.tif');
imshow(y);
[m n]=size(y);
a=input('Enter the value of input graylevel r1 for contrast
stretching:');
b=input('Enter the value of input graylevel r2 for contrast
stretching:');
for i=1:m
   for j=1:n
       if y(i,j) \le a
           zz(i,j)=0.5*y(i,j);
       else if y(i,j)<=b
               zz(i,j)=2*(y(i,j)-a)+0.5*a;
           else
               zz(i,j)=0.5*(y(i,j)-b)+0.5*a+2*(b-a);
           end
       end
   end
end
  figure
  imshow(zz)
  title('contrast stretched image')
```

# Output:-





### AIM3:- Implement program of Intensity level slicing.

#### Code:-

```
i=imread('lena.jpg');
[row col byt]=size(j) ;
T1=input('enter the Lowest threshold value:') ;
T2=input('enter the Highest threshold value:')
for x=1:1:row
    for y=1:1:col
        if((j(x,y)>T1) && (j(x,y)<T2))
              j(x,y)=255;
        else
              j(x,y)=i(x,y);
        end
    end
end
figure; imshow(i); % original image
figure; imshow(uint8(j)) % gray level slicing with background</pre>
```

#### Output:-





#### [Original Image]

[Resultant Image]

```
Command Window

>> assignment43
enter the Lowest threshold value:128
enter the Highest threshold value:203

fx >>
```

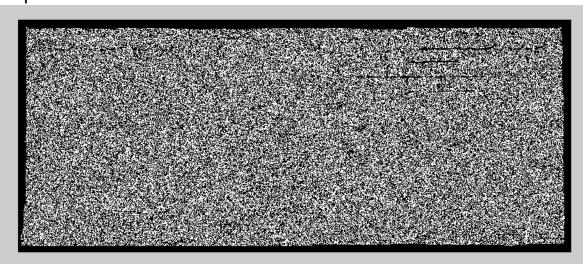
#### AIM 4:-Implement program of Bit plane slicing.

#### Code:-

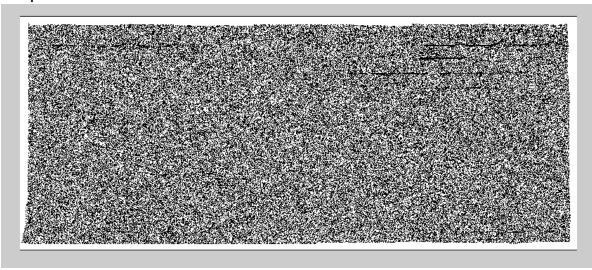
```
im=imread('note.tif');
bit1=bitget(im,1);
bit2=bitget(im,2);
bit3=bitget(im,3);
bit4=bitget(im,4);
bit5=bitget(im,5);
bit6=bitget(im,6);
bit7=bitget(im,7);
bit8=bitget(im,8);
figure,imshow(bit1,[]);
figure,imshow(bit2,[]);
figure,imshow(bit3,[]);
figure,imshow(bit4,[]);
figure,imshow(bit5,[]);
figure,imshow(bit6,[]);
figure,imshow(bit7,[]);
figure,imshow(bit8,[]);
```

#### Output:-

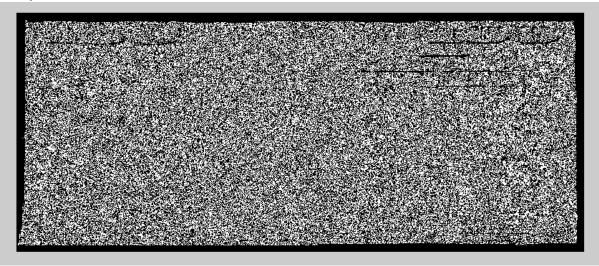
#### Bit plane 1:-



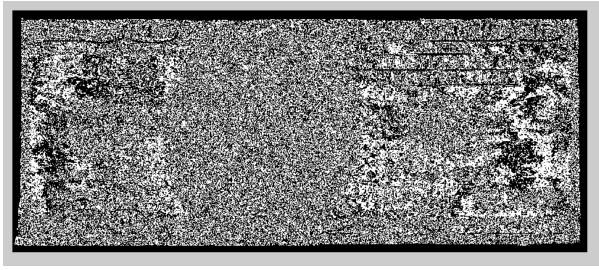
# Bit plane 2:-



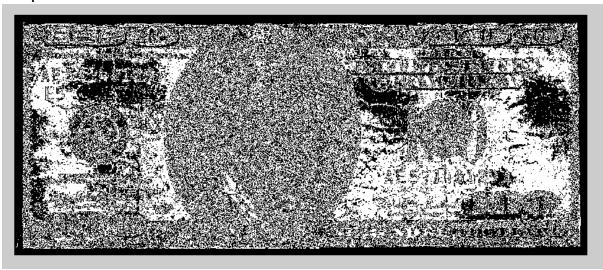
# Bit plane 3:-



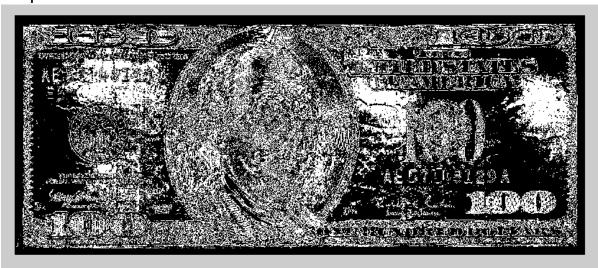
# Bit plane 4:-



# Bit plane 5:-



# Bit plane 6:-



# Bit plane 7:-



## Bit plane 8:-

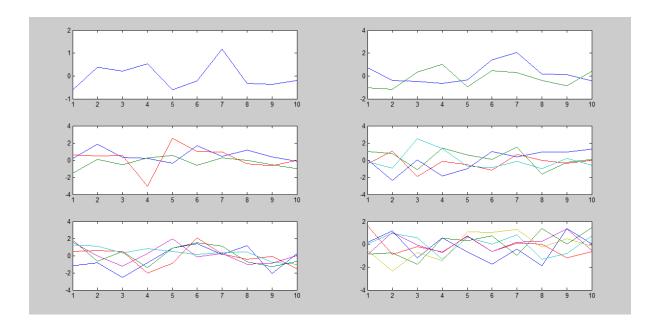


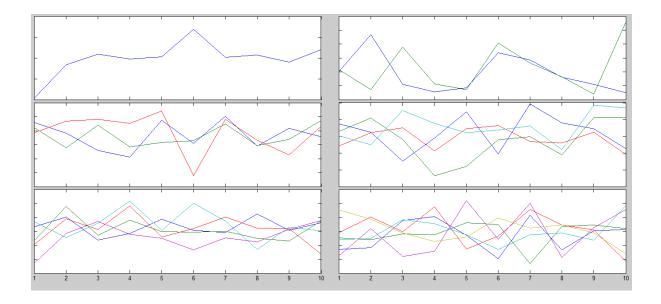
AIM 5:-How to reduce gap between two sub image of subplot. Discuss with Matlab program.

```
Code:-
clc
clear all
close all
clc
figure,
    for ii = 1:6;
        subplot(3,2,ii);
    plot(randn(10,ii));
    end
figure,
ha = tight_subplot(3,2,[.01 .03],[.1 .01],[.01 .01])
for ii = 1:6;
    axes(ha(ii));
    plot(randn(10,ii));
end
    set(ha(1:4),'XTickLabel','');
    set(ha,'YTickLabel','')
tight subplot.m:-
function ha = tight_subplot(Nh, Nw, gap, marg_h, marg_w)
% tight_subplot creates "subplot" axes with adjustable gaps and
margins
%
% ha = tight subplot(Nh, Nw, gap, marg h, marg w)
%
    in:
         Nh
                 number of axes in hight (vertical direction)
%
                 number of axes in width (horizontaldirection)
         Nw
%
                 gaps between the axes in normalized units (0...1)
         gap
%
                    or [gap h gap w] for different gaps in height
and width
         marg_h margins in height in normalized units (0...1)
%
%
                    or [lower upper] for different lower and upper
margins
         marg w margins in width in normalized units (0...1)
%
%
                    or [left right] for different left and right
margins
%
%
                array of handles of the axes objects
  out: ha
%
                    starting from upper left corner, going row-wise
as in
%
                    going row-wise as in
%
   Example: ha = tight subplot(3,2,[.01.03],[.1.01],[.01.01])
```

```
%
            for ii = 1:6; axes(ha(ii)); plot(randn(10,ii)); end
            set(ha(1:4),'XTickLabel',''); set(ha,'YTickLabel','')
% Pekka Kumpulainen 20.6.2010
                                 @tut.fi
% Tampere University of Technology / Automation Science and
Engineering
if nargin<3; gap = .02; end
if nargin<4 || isempty(marg_h); marg_h = .05; end</pre>
if nargin<5; marg w = .05; end
if numel(gap)==1;
    gap = [gap gap];
end
if numel(marg w)==1;
    marg_w = [marg_w marg_w];
end
if numel(marg h)==1;
    marg h = [marg h marg h];
end
axh = (1-sum(marg h)-(Nh-1)*gap(1))/Nh;
axw = (1-sum(marg w)-(Nw-1)*gap(2))/Nw;
py = 1-marg_h(2)-axh;
ha = zeros(Nh*Nw,1);
ii = 0;
for ih = 1:Nh
    px = marg w(1);
    for ix = 1:Nw
        ii = ii+1;
        ha(ii) = axes('Units','normalized', ...
             'Position',[px py axw axh], ...
            'XTickLabel','', ...
'YTickLabel','');
        px = px+axw+gap(2);
    end
    py = py-axh-gap(1);
end
```

# Output:-





# AIM 6:- Write a program which demonstrate the use thresholding technique of for an image.

```
Code:-
clc;
close all;
clear all;
thr=input('Give the threshold');
I = imread('lena.jpg');

I=I>thr;
figure,imshow(I);
```

#### Output:-

```
Command Window

Give the threshold value:-125 f_{\xi} >> |
```





[ORIGINAL IMAGE]

[THRESHOLDED IMAGE]