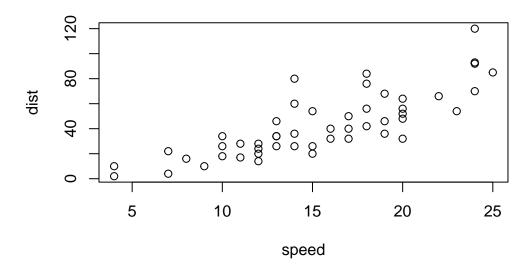
Class 5: Data Viz with

Mudit

R has a lot of ways to makefigures and graphs in particular. One that comes with R out of the box is called "base" R - the plot() function

plot(cars)

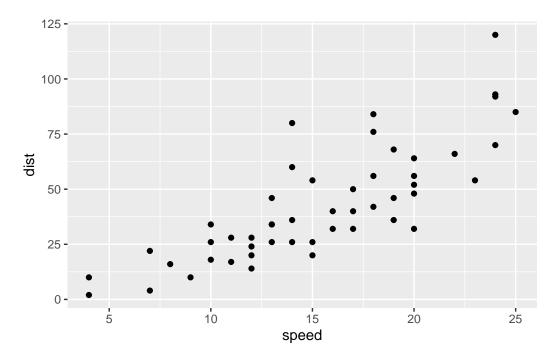


A very popular package in this area is called ${\bf ggplot2}$

Before I can use an add-on package like this, I must install it with install.packages("ggplot2") command/function.

Then to use the package, I need to load it with a 'library(ggplot2)' call.

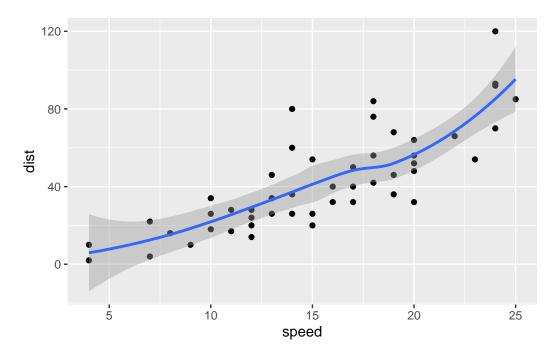
```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(cars) +
aes(x=speed, y = dist) +
geom_point()
```



For "simple" plots like this one base R code will be much shorter than ggplot code. Let's fit a model and show it on my plot

```
ggplot(cars) +
aes(x=speed, y = dist) +
geom_point() +
geom_smooth()
```

 $[\]ensuremath{\text{`geom_smooth()`}}\ using method = 'loess' and formula = 'y ~ x'$



ggplot work like a layer where each '+' adds a layer

Every ggplot has at least 3 layers

- data (data.frame with the numbers and stuff you want to plot)
- aesthetics (mapping of your data columns to your plot)
- geoms (there are tones of these, basics are geom_point(), geom_line(), geom_col())

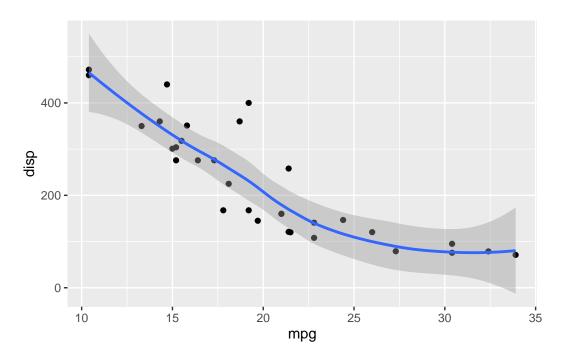
head(mtcars)

```
mpg cyl disp hp drat
                                             wt
                                                qsec vs am gear carb
Mazda RX4
                  21.0
                            160 110 3.90 2.620 16.46
Mazda RX4 Wag
                  21.0
                            160 110 3.90 2.875 17.02
                                                                    4
Datsun 710
                  22.8
                                 93 3.85 2.320 18.61
                                                                    1
Hornet 4 Drive
                  21.4
                            258 110 3.08 3.215 19.44
                                                               3
                                                                    1
Hornet Sportabout 18.7
                            360 175 3.15 3.440 17.02
                                                               3
                                                                    2
Valiant
                  18.1
                            225 105 2.76 3.460 20.22
```

Make me a ggplot of the mtcars data set using mpg vs disp

```
ggplot(mtcars) +
aes(x=mpg, y = disp) +
geom_point() +
geom_smooth()
```

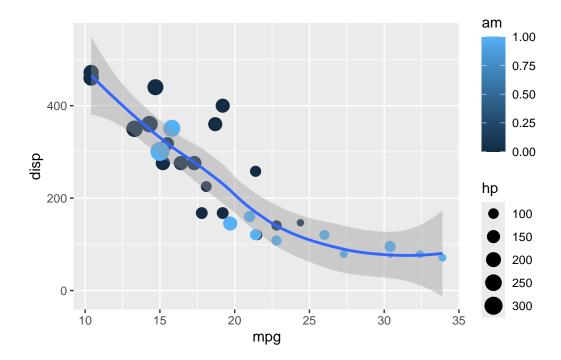
 $\ensuremath{\text{`geom_smooth()`}}\ using method = 'loess' and formula = 'y ~ x'$



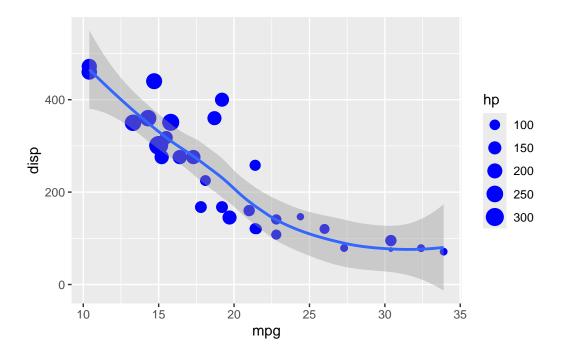
Make me a ggplot of the \mathtt{mtcars} data set using \mathtt{mpg} vs \mathtt{disp} and set the size of the points to the \mathtt{hp} and et the color to \mathtt{am}

```
ggplot(mtcars) +
aes(x=mpg, y = disp) +
geom_point(aes(size = hp, col = am)) +
geom_smooth()
```

 $[\]ensuremath{\text{`geom_smooth()`}}\ using method = 'loess' and formula = 'y ~ x'$



Now colour all points blue



:::

```
::: {.cell}
:::
::: {.cell}

```{.r .cell-code}
library(ggrepel)
ggplot(mtcars) +
 aes(x=mpg, y = disp, size = hp, col = am, label = rownames(mtcars)) +
 geom_point() +
 geom_smooth() +
 facet_wrap(~am) +
 geom_text_repel()
```

Warning: Using `size` aesthetic for lines was deprecated in ggplot2 3.4.0. i Please use `linewidth` instead.

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{\text{`geom\_smooth()`}}\ using method = 'loess' and formula = 'y ~ x'$ 

Warning: The following aesthetics were dropped during statistical transformation: size and label.

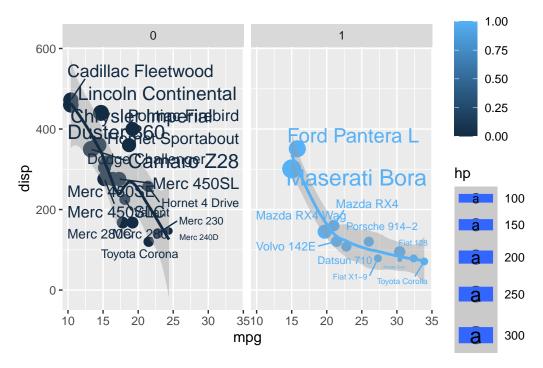
- i This can happen when ggplot fails to infer the correct grouping structure in the data.
- i Did you forget to specify a `group` aesthetic or to convert a numerical variable into a factor?

Warning: The following aesthetics were dropped during statistical transformation: size and label.

- i This can happen when ggplot fails to infer the correct grouping structure in the data.
- i Did you forget to specify a `group` aesthetic or to convert a numerical variable into a factor?

Warning: ggrepel: 1 unlabeled data points (too many overlaps). Consider increasing max.overlaps

Warning: ggrepel: 2 unlabeled data points (too many overlaps). Consider increasing max.overlaps



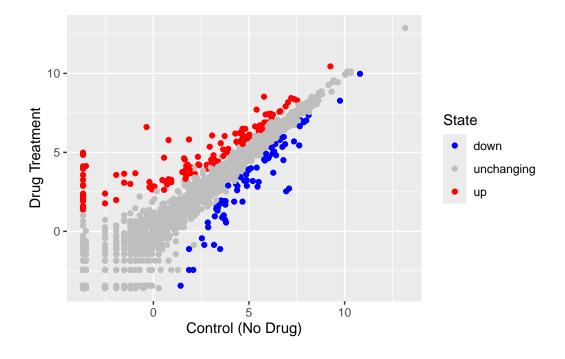
:::

```
url <- "https://bioboot.github.io/bimm143_S20/class-material/up_down_expression.txt"
genes <- read.delim(url)
head(genes)</pre>
```

```
Gene Condition1 Condition2 State
A4GNT -3.6808610 -3.4401355 unchanging
AAAS 4.5479580 4.3864126 unchanging
AASDH 3.7190695 3.4787276 unchanging
AATF 5.0784720 5.0151916 unchanging
AATK 0.4711421 0.5598642 unchanging
AB015752.4 -3.6808610 -3.5921390 unchanging
```

```
p <- ggplot(genes) +
 aes(x=Condition1, y=Condition2, col=State) +
 geom_point()

p + scale_colour_manual(values=c("blue", "gray", "red")) +
 labs(x = "Control (No Drug)", y = "Drug Treatment")</pre>
```



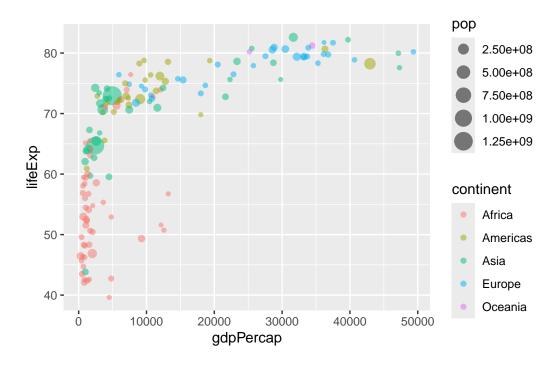
ggsave("myplot.pdf")

## Saving 5.5 x 3.5 in image

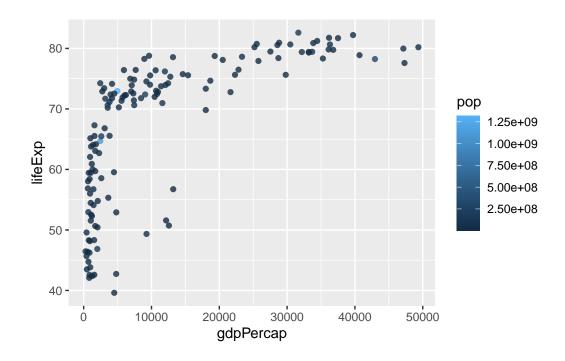
```
File location online
url <- "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jennybc/gapminder/master/inst/extdata/gapminder.ts
gapminder <- read.delim(url)
library(dplyr)

Attaching package: 'dplyr'
The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
 filter, lag

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
 intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
gapminder_2007 <- gapminder %>% filter(year==2007)
ggplot(gapminder_2007) +
 aes(x=gdpPercap, y=lifeExp, color=continent, size=pop) +
 geom_point(alpha=0.5)
```



```
ggplot(gapminder_2007) +
 aes(x = gdpPercap, y = lifeExp, color = pop) +
 geom_point(alpha=0.8)
```



```
scale_size_area(max_size = 10)
```

<ScaleContinuous>

Range:

Limits: 0 -- 1