Class_10

Mudit

What is in the PDB database anyway? I grabbed summary data from: https://www.rcsb.org/stats/summary

```
pdbstats <- read.csv("Data Export Summary.csv", row.names = 1)
pdbstats
```

```
                           X.ray     EM    NMR Multiple.methods Neutron Other
Protein (only)           167,317 15,698 12,534              208      77    32
Protein/Oligosaccharide    9,645  2,639     34                8       2     0
Protein/NA                 8,735  4,718    286                7       0     0
Nucleic acid (only)        2,869    138  1,507               14       3     1
Other                        170     10     33                0       0     0
Oligosaccharide (only)        11      0      6                1       0     4
                           Total
Protein (only)           195,866
Protein/Oligosaccharide   12,328
Protein/NA                13,746
Nucleic acid (only)        4,532
Other                        213
Oligosaccharide (only)        22
```

```
convert_comma_numbers <- function(x){
  x <- as.numeric(gsub(",", "", x))

  return(x)
}
```

> Q1: What percentage of structures in the PDB are solved by X-Ray and Electron Microscopy.

```
(195866/248838887) * 100
```

```
[1] 0.07871197
```

```
n.tot <- sum(convert_comma_numbers(pdbstats$Total))
n.tot
```

```
[1] 226707
```

248838887

The `apply` function is very useful as it can take any function and "apply" it over either the ROWS or COLs of a data.frame.

```
library(readr)
Data_Export_Summary <- read_csv("Data Export Summary.csv")
```

```
Rows: 6 Columns: 8
-- Column specification --------------------------------------------------------
Delimiter: ","
chr (1): Molecular Type
dbl (3): Multiple methods, Neutron, Other
num (4): X-ray, EM, NMR, Total

i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
#View(Data_Export_Summary)
```

```
n.xray <- sum(convert_comma_numbers(pdbstats$X.ray))
n.em <- sum(convert_comma_numbers(pdbstats$EM))
```

```
n.xray/n.tot *100
```

```
[1] 83.25592
```

```
n.em/n.tot *100
```

```
[1] 10.2348
```

> Q2: What proportion of structures in the PDB are protein?

> Q3: Type HIV in the PDB website search box on the home page and determine how many HIV-1 protease structures are in the current PDB?

226707

> Q4: Water molecules normally have 3 atoms. Why do we see just one atom per water molecule in this structure? ## Uning Mol*

In PDB structures, water molecules are often represented by a single oxygen atom, as the hydrogen positions can be challenging to resolve in many structural determination methods. ![my first image from mol-star]

> Q5: There is a critical "conserved" water molecule in the binding site. Can you identify this water molecule? What residue number does this water molecule have

Water Molecular 308

> Q6: Generate and save a figure clearly showing the two distinct chains of HIV-protease along with the ligand. You might also consider showing the catalytic residues ASP 25 in each chain and the critical water (we recommend "Ball & Stick" for these side-chains). Add this figure to your Quarto document.

```r
library(bio3d)
pdb <- read.pdb("1hsg")
```

```
  Note: Accessing on-line PDB file
```

```r
pdb
```

```
 Call:  read.pdb(file = "1hsg")

   Total Models#: 1
     Total Atoms#: 1686,  XYZs#: 5058  Chains#: 2  (values: A B)

     Protein Atoms#: 1514  (residues/Calpha atoms#: 198)
     Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0  (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)

     Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 172  (residues: 128)
     Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [ HOH (127), MK1 (1) ]

   Protein sequence:
      PQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKEALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYD
      QILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTPVNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNFPQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKE
      ALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYDQILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTP
      VNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNF

+ attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet,
        calpha, remark, call
```

```r
attributes(pdb)
```

```
$names
[1] "atom"   "xyz"    "seqres" "helix"  "sheet"  "calpha" "remark" "call"

$class
[1] "pdb" "sse"
```

```r
head(pdb$atom)
```

```
  type eleno elety  alt resid chain resno insert      x      y     z o     b
1 ATOM     1     N <NA>   PRO     A     1   <NA> 29.361 39.686 5.862 1 38.10
2 ATOM     2    CA <NA>   PRO     A     1   <NA> 30.307 38.663 5.319 1 40.62
3 ATOM     3     C <NA>   PRO     A     1   <NA> 29.760 38.071 4.022 1 42.64
4 ATOM     4     O <NA>   PRO     A     1   <NA> 28.600 38.302 3.676 1 43.40
5 ATOM     5    CB <NA>   PRO     A     1   <NA> 30.508 37.541 6.342 1 37.87
6 ATOM     6    CG <NA>   PRO     A     1   <NA> 29.296 37.591 7.162 1 38.40
  segid elesy charge
1  <NA>     N   <NA>
2  <NA>     C   <NA>
3  <NA>     C   <NA>
```

```
4  <NA>     O   <NA>
5  <NA>     C   <NA>
6  <NA>     C   <NA>
```

Q7: How many amino acid residues are there in this pdb object?

residues/Calpha atoms#: 198

Q8: Name one of the two non-protein residues?

HOH (which represents water molecules; there are 127 of them) and MK1 (which is a non-protein ligand; there is 1 of them).

Q9: How many protein chains are in this structure?

Chains#: 2 (values: A B).

```
length(pdbseq(pdb))
```

```
[1] 198
```

Functional dynamics prediction

Predicting functional motions of a single structure

```
adk <- read.pdb("6s36")
```

```
  Note: Accessing on-line PDB file
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
```

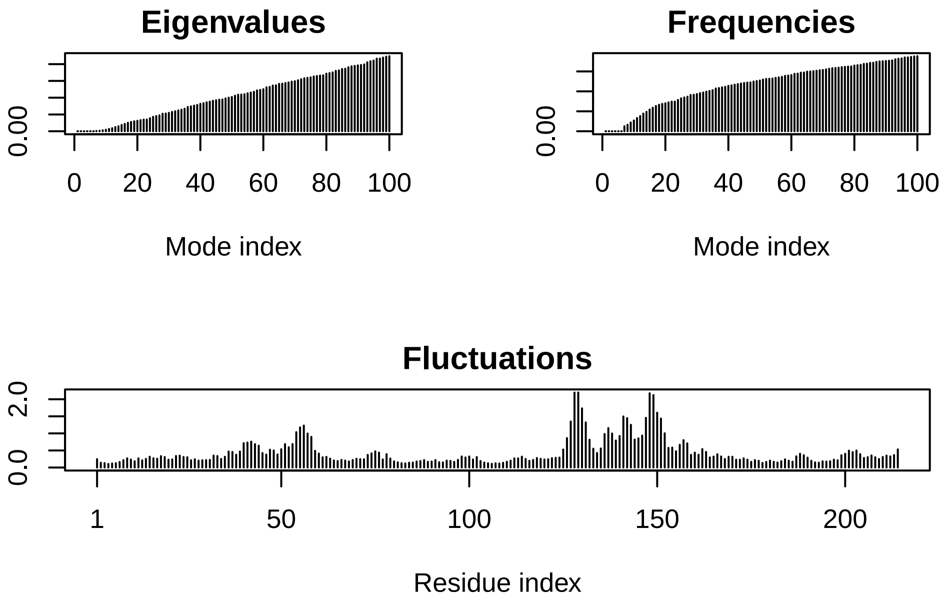
```
adk
```

```
 Call:  read.pdb(file = "6s36")

   Total Models#: 1
     Total Atoms#: 1898,  XYZs#: 5694  Chains#: 1  (values: A)

     Protein Atoms#: 1654  (residues/Calpha atoms#: 214)
     Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0  (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)

     Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 244  (residues: 244)
     Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [ CL (3), HOH (238), MG (2), NA (1) ]

   Protein sequence:
      MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQISTGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVT
      DELVIALVKERIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFDVPDELIVDKI
      VGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTGEELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIG
      YYSKEAEAGNTKYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG

+ attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet,
        calpha, remark, call
```

```
# Perform flexiblity prediction
m <- nma(adk)
```

```
 Building Hessian...        Done in 0.047 seconds.
 Diagonalizing Hessian...   Done in 0.407 seconds.
```

```
plot(m)
```



```
mktrj(m, file="adk_m7.pdb")
```

Comparative structure analysis of Adenylate Kinase

> Q10. Which of the packages above is found only on BioConductor and not CRAN?

msa The package that is found only on Bioconductor and not on CRAN is msa. It is specifically a Bioconductor package designed for multiple sequence alignment.

> Q11. Which of the above packages is not found on BioConductor or CRAN?:

bio3d-view The package that is not found on either Bioconductor or CRAN is bio3d-view. This package is installed from a Bitbucket repository using the devtools package, which allows installation from sources other than CRAN and Bioconductor.

> Q12. True or False? Functions from the devtools package can be used to install packages from GitHub and BitBucket?

True. The devtools package provides functions that allow you to install packages from GitHub and Bitbucket, making it useful for accessing packages that are not available through the standard CRAN repository.

```
library(bio3d)
aa <- get.seq("1ake_A")
```

```
Warning in get.seq("1ake_A"): Removing existing file: seqs.fasta
```

```
Fetching... Please wait. Done.
```

```
aa
```

```
             1        .         .         .         .         .         60
pdb|1AKE|A   MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQISTGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVT
             1        .         .         .         .         .         60

            61        .         .         .         .         .         120
pdb|1AKE|A   DELVIALVKERIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFDVPDELIVDRI
            61        .         .         .         .         .         120

           121        .         .         .         .         .         180
pdb|1AKE|A   VGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTGEELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIG
           121        .         .         .         .         .         180

           181        .         .         .   214
pdb|1AKE|A   YYSKEAEAGNTKYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG
```

```
           181         .         .         .   214

Call:
  read.fasta(file = outfile)

Class:
  fasta

Alignment dimensions:
  1 sequence rows; 214 position columns (214 non-gap, 0 gap)

+ attr: id, ali, call
```

> Q13. How many amino acids are in this sequence, i.e. how long is this sequence?

214

```r
hits <- NULL
hits$pdb.id <- c('1AKE_A','6S36_A','6RZE_A','3HPR_A','1E4V_A','5EJE_A','1E4Y_A','3X2S_A','6HA
```

```r
# Download releated PDB files
files <- get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path="pdbs", split=TRUE, gzip=TRUE)
```

```
Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/1AKE.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/6S36.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/6RZE.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/3HPR.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/1E4V.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/5EJE.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download
```

```
Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/1E4Y.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/3X2S.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/6HAP.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/6HAM.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/4K46.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/3GMT.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/4PZL.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download


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  |======================================================================| 100%
```

```
# Align releated PDBs
pdbs <- pdbaln(files, fit = TRUE, exefile="msa")
```

```
Reading PDB files:
pdbs/split_chain/1AKE_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6S36_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6RZE_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/3HPR_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/1E4V_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/5EJE_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/1E4Y_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/3X2S_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6HAP_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6HAM_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/4K46_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/3GMT_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/4PZL_A.pdb
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
.   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
.   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
.   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
..   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
....   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
.   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
...

Extracting sequences

pdb/seq: 1   name: pdbs/split_chain/1AKE_A.pdb
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 2   name: pdbs/split_chain/6S36_A.pdb
```

```
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 3   name: pdbs/split_chain/6RZE_A.pdb
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 4   name: pdbs/split_chain/3HPR_A.pdb
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 5   name: pdbs/split_chain/1E4V_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 6   name: pdbs/split_chain/5EJE_A.pdb
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 7   name: pdbs/split_chain/1E4Y_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 8   name: pdbs/split_chain/3X2S_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 9   name: pdbs/split_chain/6HAP_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 10   name: pdbs/split_chain/6HAM_A.pdb
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 11   name: pdbs/split_chain/4K46_A.pdb
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 12   name: pdbs/split_chain/3GMT_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 13   name: pdbs/split_chain/4PZL_A.pdb
```

```r
# Vector containing PDB codes for figure axis
ids <- basename.pdb(pdbs$id)

# Draw schematic alignment
#plot(pdbs, labels = ids)
#figure margins too large
```

```r
anno <- pdb.annotate(ids)
unique(anno$source)
```

```
[1] "Escherichia coli"
[2] "Escherichia coli K-12"
[3] "Escherichia coli O139:H28 str. E24377A"
[4] "Escherichia coli str. K-12 substr. MDS42"
[5] "Photobacterium profundum"
[6] "Burkholderia pseudomallei 1710b"
[7] "Francisella tularensis subsp. tularensis SCHU S4"
```

```r
anno
```

```
       structureId chainId macromoleculeType chainLength experimentalTechnique
1AKE_A        1AKE       A           Protein         214                 X-ray
6S36_A        6S36       A           Protein         214                 X-ray
```

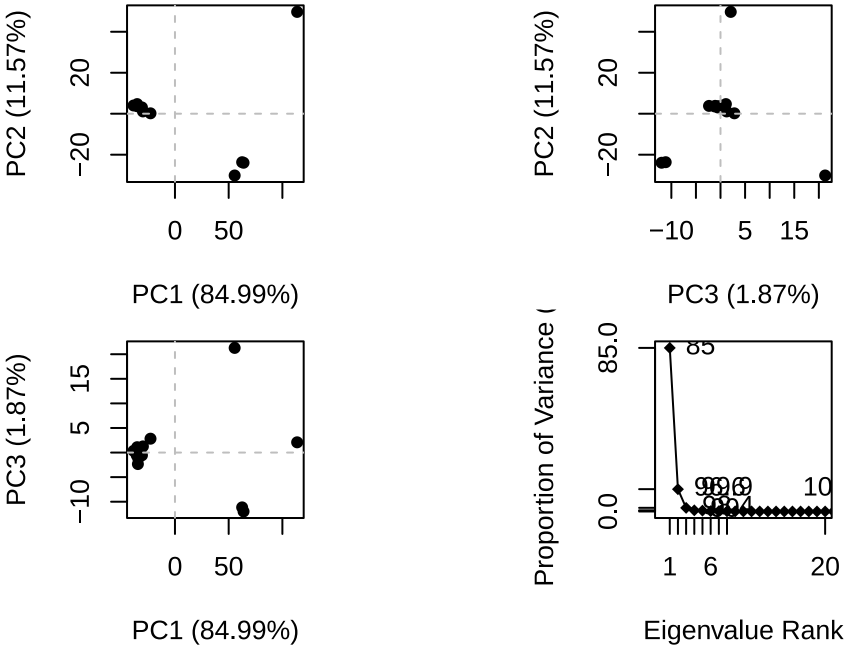
```
6RZE_A        6RZE       A           Protein         214                 X-ray
3HPR_A        3HPR       A           Protein         214                 X-ray
1E4V_A        1E4V       A           Protein         214                 X-ray
5EJE_A        5EJE       A           Protein         214                 X-ray
1E4Y_A        1E4Y       A           Protein         214                 X-ray
3X2S_A        3X2S       A           Protein         214                 X-ray
6HAP_A        6HAP       A           Protein         214                 X-ray
6HAM_A        6HAM       A           Protein         214                 X-ray
4K46_A        4K46       A           Protein         214                 X-ray
3GMT_A        3GMT       A           Protein         230                 X-ray
4PZL_A        4PZL       A           Protein         242                 X-ray
       resolution       scopDomain                                        pfam
1AKE_A       2.00 Adenylate kinase Adenylate kinase, active site lid (ADK_lid)
6S36_A       1.60             <NA> Adenylate kinase, active site lid (ADK_lid)
6RZE_A       1.69             <NA>                      Adenylate kinase (ADK)
3HPR_A       2.00             <NA> Adenylate kinase, active site lid (ADK_lid)
1E4V_A       1.85 Adenylate kinase                      Adenylate kinase (ADK)
5EJE_A       1.90             <NA> Adenylate kinase, active site lid (ADK_lid)
1E4Y_A       1.85 Adenylate kinase Adenylate kinase, active site lid (ADK_lid)
3X2S_A       2.80             <NA>                      Adenylate kinase (ADK)
6HAP_A       2.70             <NA>                      Adenylate kinase (ADK)
6HAM_A       2.55             <NA> Adenylate kinase, active site lid (ADK_lid)
4K46_A       2.01             <NA> Adenylate kinase, active site lid (ADK_lid)
3GMT_A       2.10             <NA> Adenylate kinase, active site lid (ADK_lid)
4PZL_A       2.10             <NA>                      Adenylate kinase (ADK)
               ligandId
1AKE_A              AP5
6S36_A CL (3),NA,MG (2)
6RZE_A    NA (3),CL (2)
3HPR_A              AP5
1E4V_A              AP5
5EJE_A           AP5,CO
1E4Y_A              AP5
3X2S_A   JPY (2),AP5,MG
6HAP_A              AP5
6HAM_A              AP5
4K46_A      ADP,AMP,PO4
3GMT_A          SO4 (2)
4PZL_A       CA,FMT,GOL
                                                                             ligandName
1AKE_A                                                 BIS(ADENOSINE)-5'-PENTAPHOSPHATE
6S36_A                                    CHLORIDE ION (3),SODIUM ION,MAGNESIUM ION (2)
6RZE_A                                                  SODIUM ION (3),CHLORIDE ION (2)
```

```
3HPR_A                                                 BIS(ADENOSINE)-5'-PENTAPHOSPHATE
1E4V_A                                                 BIS(ADENOSINE)-5'-PENTAPHOSPHATE
5EJE_A                                 BIS(ADENOSINE)-5'-PENTAPHOSPHATE,COBALT (II) ION
1E4Y_A                                                 BIS(ADENOSINE)-5'-PENTAPHOSPHATE
3X2S_A N-(pyren-1-ylmethyl)acetamide (2),BIS(ADENOSINE)-5'-PENTAPHOSPHATE,MAGNESIUM ION
6HAP_A                                                 BIS(ADENOSINE)-5'-PENTAPHOSPHATE
6HAM_A                                                 BIS(ADENOSINE)-5'-PENTAPHOSPHATE
4K46_A                  ADENOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE,ADENOSINE MONOPHOSPHATE,PHOSPHATE ION
3GMT_A                                                                  SULFATE ION (2)
4PZL_A                                                 CALCIUM ION,FORMIC ACID,GLYCEROL
                                                 source
1AKE_A                                 Escherichia coli
6S36_A                                 Escherichia coli
6RZE_A                                 Escherichia coli
3HPR_A                            Escherichia coli K-12
1E4V_A                                 Escherichia coli
5EJE_A           Escherichia coli O139:H28 str. E24377A
1E4Y_A                                 Escherichia coli
3X2S_A         Escherichia coli str. K-12 substr. MDS42
6HAP_A           Escherichia coli O139:H28 str. E24377A
6HAM_A                            Escherichia coli K-12
4K46_A                         Photobacterium profundum
3GMT_A                  Burkholderia pseudomallei 1710b
4PZL_A Francisella tularensis subsp. tularensis SCHU S4

1AKE_A STRUCTURE OF THE COMPLEX BETWEEN ADENYLATE KINASE FROM ESCHERICHIA COLI AND THE INHIBI
6S36_A
6RZE_A
3HPR_A
1E4V_A
5EJE_A                                                                                  Crys
1E4Y_A
3X2S_A
6HAP_A
6HAM_A
4K46_A
3GMT_A
4PZL_A                                                                              The crys
                                                     citation rObserved   rFree
1AKE_A                Muller, C.W., et al. J Mol Biol (1992)   0.19600      NA
6S36_A                 Rogne, P., et al. Biochemistry (2019)   0.16320 0.23560
6RZE_A                 Rogne, P., et al. Biochemistry (2019)   0.18650 0.23500
3HPR_A  Schrank, T.P., et al. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A (2009)   0.21000 0.24320
```

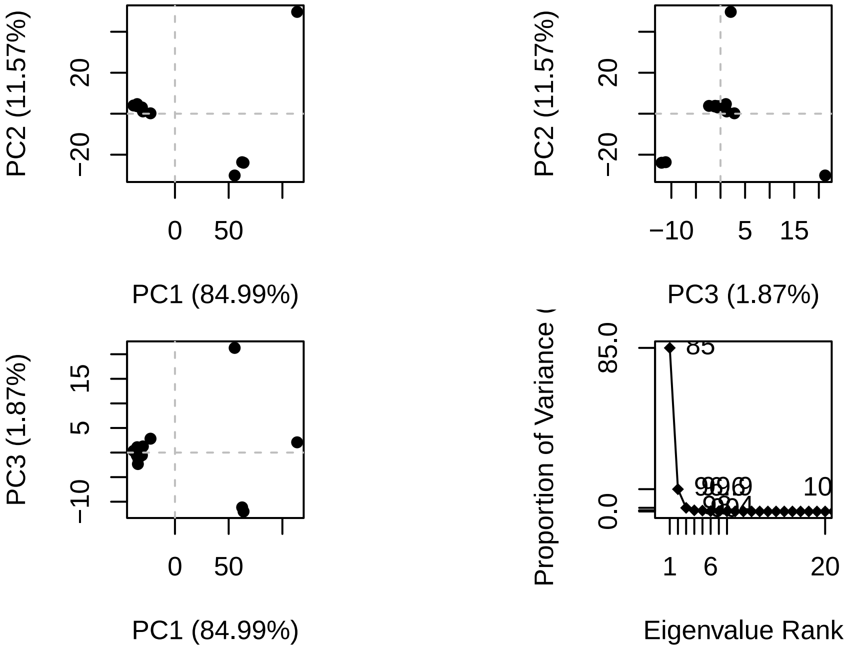
```
1E4V_A                   Muller, C.W., et al. Proteins (1993)   0.19600      NA
5EJE_A  Kovermann, M., et al. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A (2017)   0.18890 0.23580
1E4Y_A                   Muller, C.W., et al. Proteins (1993)   0.17800      NA
3X2S_A                  Fujii, A., et al. Bioconjug Chem (2015)   0.20700 0.25600
6HAP_A                Kantaev, R., et al. J Phys Chem B (2018)   0.22630 0.27760
6HAM_A                Kantaev, R., et al. J Phys Chem B (2018)   0.20511 0.24325
4K46_A                    Cho, Y.-J., et al. To be published    0.17000 0.22290
3GMT_A Buchko, G.W., et al. Biochem Biophys Res Commun (2010)   0.23800 0.29500
4PZL_A                        Tan, K., et al. To be published    0.19360 0.23680
         rWork spaceGroup
1AKE_A 0.19600  P 21 2 21
6S36_A 0.15940    C 1 2 1
6RZE_A 0.18190    C 1 2 1
3HPR_A 0.20620  P 21 21 2
1E4V_A 0.19600  P 21 2 21
5EJE_A 0.18630  P 21 2 21
1E4Y_A 0.17800   P 1 21 1
3X2S_A 0.20700 P 21 21 21
6HAP_A 0.22370    I 2 2 2
6HAM_A 0.20311       P 43
4K46_A 0.16730 P 21 21 21
3GMT_A 0.23500   P 1 21 1
4PZL_A 0.19130       P 32
```

```
# Perform PCA
pc.xray <- pca(pdbs)
plot(pc.xray)
```



PCA

```
# Perform PCA
pc.xray <- pca(pdbs)
plot(pc.xray)
```

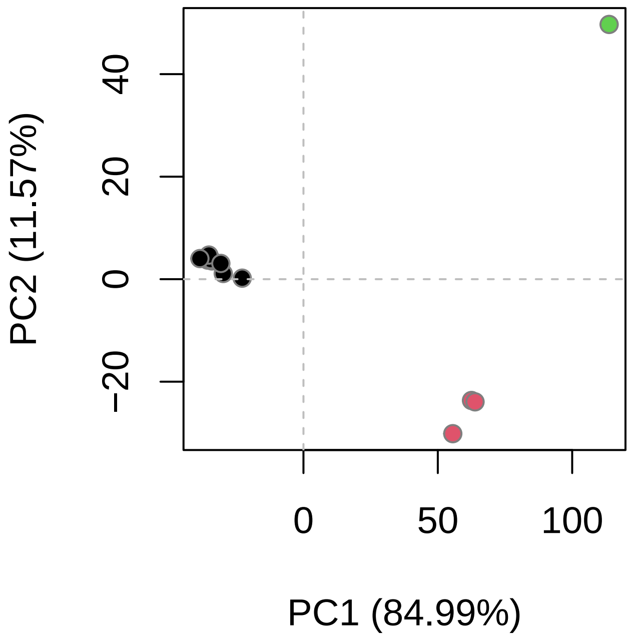


```
# Calculate RMSD
rd <- rmsd(pdbs)
```

```
Warning in rmsd(pdbs): No indices provided, using the 204 non NA positions
```

```
# Structure-based clustering
hc.rd <- hclust(dist(rd))
grps.rd <- cutree(hc.rd, k=3)

plot(pc.xray, 1:2, col="grey50", bg=grps.rd, pch=21, cex=1)
```



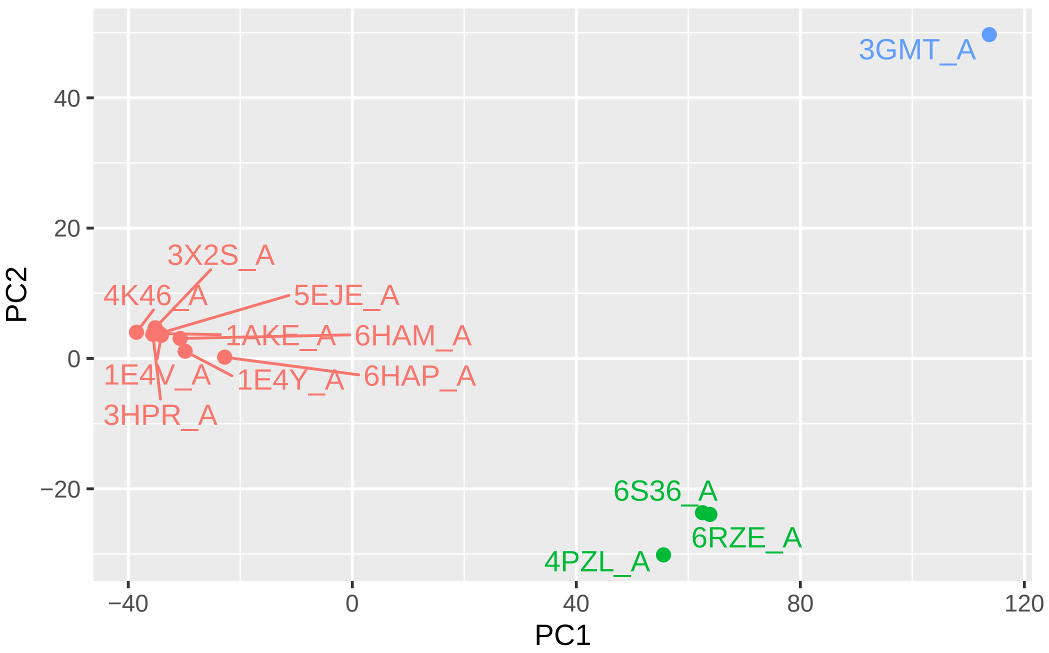
Optional further visualization

```
# Visualize first principal component
pc1 <- mktrj(pc.xray, pc=1, file="pc_1.pdb")
```

```
#Plotting results with ggplot2
library(ggplot2)
library(ggrepel)

df <- data.frame(PC1=pc.xray$z[,1],
                 PC2=pc.xray$z[,2],
                 col=as.factor(grps.rd),
                 ids=ids)

p <- ggplot(df) +
  aes(PC1, PC2, col=col, label=ids) +
  geom_point(size=2) +
  geom_text_repel(max.overlaps = 20) +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
p
```



```
# NMA of all structures
modes <- nma(pdbs)
```

```
Details of Scheduled Calculation:
  ... 13 input structures
  ... storing 606 eigenvectors for each structure
  ... dimension of x$U.subspace: ( 612x606x13 )
  ... coordinate superposition prior to NM calculation
  ... aligned eigenvectors (gap containing positions removed)
  ... estimated memory usage of final 'eNMA' object: 36.9 Mb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```
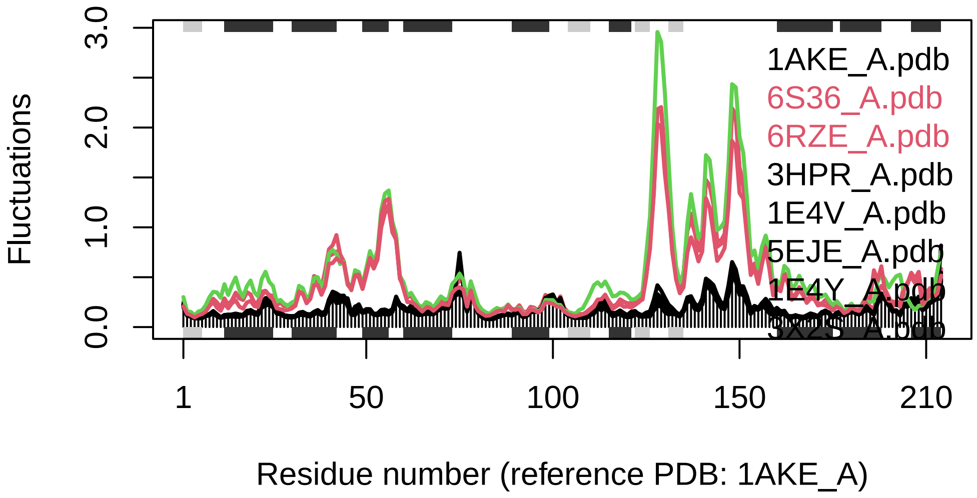

```r
plot(modes, pdbs, col=grps.rd)
```

```
Extracting SSE from pdbs$sse attribute
```



> Q14. What do you note about this plot? Are the black and colored lines similar or different? Where do you think they differ most and why?

They differ The plot shows the fluctuations of different amino acid residues across multiple protein structures.

The black line represents the average fluctuation for each residue. The colored lines depicts the fluctuations for individual structures.

Difference between coloured and black line is most prominent around residues 120 and 150

Didn't added the below code as render gave error 'processing file: class-10.rmarkdown |………………………………. | 90% [update.packages(ask=FALSE)]Error in startup(port = port, …) : Chrome debugging port not open after 10 seconds. Calls: .main … withRestartList -> withOneRestart -> docall -> do.call -> fun

Quitting from lines 263-268 [update.packages(ask=FALSE)] (class-10.rmarkdown) Execution halted' from code'

```r
options(r3dmol.chrome.port.timeout = 900)  # Extend timeout
options(r3dmol.chrome.port = 9222)  # Set a specific port
source("https://tinyurl.com/viewpdb")
```

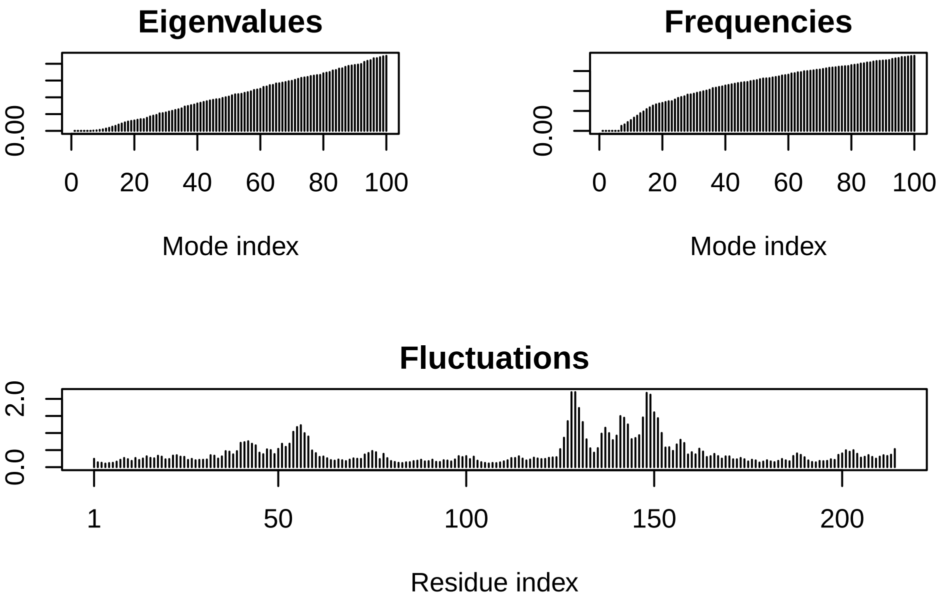
```r
library(r3dmol)
# view.pdb giving error while rendering as it says time ran out for rendering
#view.pdb(pdb)
```

```r
#view.pdb(adk)
```

```r
modes <- nma(adk)
```

```
 Building Hessian...        Done in 0.04 seconds.
 Diagonalizing Hessian...   Done in 0.399 seconds.
```

```r
plot(modes)
```



```r
mktrj(modes, pdb = adk, file = "adk.pdb")
```