

# owid

May 8, 2025

```
[ ]: # Data Loading & Exploration
```

```
[6]: import pandas as pd
```

```
data = pd.read_csv ('owid-covid-data.csv')
```

```
data.columns
```

```
[6]: Index(['iso_code', 'continent', 'location', 'date', 'total_cases', 'new_cases',  
        'new_cases_smoothed', 'total_deaths', 'new_deaths',  
        'new_deaths_smoothed', 'total_cases_per_million',  
        'new_cases_per_million', 'new_cases_smoothed_per_million',  
        'total_deaths_per_million', 'new_deaths_per_million',  
        'new_deaths_smoothed_per_million', 'reproduction_rate', 'icu_patients',  
        'icu_patients_per_million', 'hosp_patients',  
        'hosp_patients_per_million', 'weekly_icu_admissions',  
        'weekly_icu_admissions_per_million', 'weekly_hosp_admissions',  
        'weekly_hosp_admissions_per_million', 'new_tests', 'total_tests',  
        'total_tests_per_thousand', 'new_tests_per_thousand',  
        'new_tests_smoothed', 'new_tests_smoothed_per_thousand',  
        'positive_rate', 'tests_per_case', 'tests_units', 'total_vaccinations',  
        'people_vaccinated', 'people_fully_vaccinated', 'total_boosters',  
        'new_vaccinations', 'new_vaccinations_smoothed',  
        'total_vaccinations_per_hundred', 'people_vaccinated_per_hundred',  
        'people_fully_vaccinated_per_hundred', 'total_boosters_per_hundred',  
        'new_vaccinations_smoothed_per_million',  
        'new_people_vaccinated_smoothed',  
        'new_people_vaccinated_smoothed_per_hundred', 'stringency_index',  
        'population', 'population_density', 'median_age', 'aged_65_old',  
        'aged_70_old', 'gdp_per_capita', 'extreme_poverty',  
        'cardiovasc_death_rate', 'diabetes_prevalence', 'female_smokers',  
        'male_smokers', 'handwashing_facilities', 'hospital_beds_per_thousand',  
        'life_expectancy', 'human_development_index',  
        'excess_mortality_cumulative_absolute', 'excess_mortality_cumulative',  
        'excess_mortality', 'excess_mortality_cumulative_per_million'],  
        dtype='object')
```

```
[7]: data.head()
```

```
[7]:  iso_code continent    location    date  total_cases  new_cases  \
0      AFG      Asia  Afghanistan  2020-02-24         5.0         5.0
1      AFG      Asia  Afghanistan  2020-02-25         5.0         0.0
2      AFG      Asia  Afghanistan  2020-02-26         5.0         0.0
3      AFG      Asia  Afghanistan  2020-02-27         5.0         0.0
4      AFG      Asia  Afghanistan  2020-02-28         5.0         0.0

      new_cases_smoothed  total_deaths  new_deaths  new_deaths_smoothed  ...  \
0                  NaN              NaN          NaN                  NaN  ...
1                  NaN              NaN          NaN                  NaN  ...
2                  NaN              NaN          NaN                  NaN  ...
3                  NaN              NaN          NaN                  NaN  ...
4                  NaN              NaN          NaN                  NaN  ...

      female_smokers  male_smokers  handwashing_facilities  \
0                  NaN              NaN                  37.746
1                  NaN              NaN                  37.746
2                  NaN              NaN                  37.746
3                  NaN              NaN                  37.746
4                  NaN              NaN                  37.746

      hospital_beds_per_thousand  life_expectancy  human_development_index  \
0                               0.5             64.83                    0.511
1                               0.5             64.83                    0.511
2                               0.5             64.83                    0.511
3                               0.5             64.83                    0.511
4                               0.5             64.83                    0.511

      excess_mortality_cumulative_absolute  excess_mortality_cumulative  \
0                                         NaN                      NaN
1                                         NaN                      NaN
2                                         NaN                      NaN
3                                         NaN                      NaN
4                                         NaN                      NaN

      excess_mortality  excess_mortality_cumulative_per_million
0                  NaN                      NaN
1                  NaN                      NaN
2                  NaN                      NaN
3                  NaN                      NaN
4                  NaN                      NaN

[5 rows x 67 columns]
```

```
[8]: data.isnull().sum().sort_values(ascending=False)
```

```
[8]: weekly_icu_admissions_per_million    160893
      weekly_icu_admissions              160893
      excess_mortality_cumulative_per_million 160630
      excess_mortality                   160630
      excess_mortality_cumulative         160630
      ...
      total_cases                        3033
      population                        1075
      date                               0
      location                           0
      iso_code                           0
      Length: 67, dtype: int64
```

```
[9]: data.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 166326 entries, 0 to 166325
Data columns (total 67 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   iso_code                             166326 non-null object
1   continent                             156370 non-null object
2   location                             166326 non-null object
3   date                                 166326 non-null object
4   total_cases                          163293 non-null float64
5   new_cases                            163133 non-null float64
6   new_cases_smoothed                   161150 non-null float64
7   total_deaths                         145451 non-null float64
8   new_deaths                           145487 non-null float64
9   new_deaths_smoothed                  143390 non-null float64
10  total_cases_per_million               162535 non-null float64
11  new_cases_per_million                 162375 non-null float64
12  new_cases_smoothed_per_million        160398 non-null float64
13  total_deaths_per_million              144706 non-null float64
14  new_deaths_per_million                144742 non-null float64
15  new_deaths_smoothed_per_million       142651 non-null float64
16  reproduction_rate                    125820 non-null float64
17  icu_patients                         23463 non-null float64
18  icu_patients_per_million              23463 non-null float64
19  hosp_patients                         24617 non-null float64
20  hosp_patients_per_million             24617 non-null float64
21  weekly_icu_admissions                 5433 non-null float64
22  weekly_icu_admissions_per_million     5433 non-null float64
23  weekly_hosp_admissions                10923 non-null float64
24  weekly_hosp_admissions_per_million    10923 non-null float64
25  new_tests                             67317 non-null float64
26  total_tests                           69255 non-null float64
```

27	total_tests_per_thousand	69255 non-null	float64
28	new_tests_per_thousand	67317 non-null	float64
29	new_tests_smoothed	84035 non-null	float64
30	new_tests_smoothed_per_thousand	84035 non-null	float64
31	positive_rate	78655 non-null	float64
32	tests_per_case	78084 non-null	float64
33	tests_units	86386 non-null	object
34	total_vaccinations	45194 non-null	float64
35	people_vaccinated	42987 non-null	float64
36	people_fully_vaccinated	40241 non-null	float64
37	total_boosters	17539 non-null	float64
38	new_vaccinations	37447 non-null	float64
39	new_vaccinations_smoothed	84398 non-null	float64
40	total_vaccinations_per_hundred	45194 non-null	float64
41	people_vaccinated_per_hundred	42987 non-null	float64
42	people_fully_vaccinated_per_hundred	40241 non-null	float64
43	total_boosters_per_hundred	17539 non-null	float64
44	new_vaccinations_smoothed_per_million	84398 non-null	float64
45	new_people_vaccinated_smoothed	83088 non-null	float64
46	new_people_vaccinated_smoothed_per_hundred	83088 non-null	float64
47	stringency_index	130072 non-null	float64
48	population	165251 non-null	float64
49	population_density	147928 non-null	float64
50	median_age	137831 non-null	float64
51	aged_65_older	136337 non-null	float64
52	aged_70_older	137092 non-null	float64
53	gdp_per_capita	138504 non-null	float64
54	extreme_poverty	91215 non-null	float64
55	cardiovasc_death_rate	136778 non-null	float64
56	diabetes_prevalence	143949 non-null	float64
57	female_smokers	106050 non-null	float64
58	male_smokers	104595 non-null	float64
59	handwashing_facilities	68569 non-null	float64
60	hospital_beds_per_thousand	123664 non-null	float64
61	life_expectancy	155268 non-null	float64
62	human_development_index	136253 non-null	float64
63	excess_mortality_cumulative_absolute	5696 non-null	float64
64	excess_mortality_cumulative	5696 non-null	float64
65	excess_mortality	5696 non-null	float64
66	excess_mortality_cumulative_per_million	5696 non-null	float64

dtypes: float64(62), object(5)  
memory usage: 85.0+ MB

```
[ ]: # Data Cleaning
```

```
[12]: countries = ['Kenya', 'Rwanda', 'Uganda', 'South Africa', 'Nigeria', 'United_States', 'India']
```

```
covid_df = data[data['location'].isin(countries)]
```

```
[13]: columns_to_keep = [
        'iso_code', 'continent', 'location', 'date',
        'total_cases', 'new_cases',
        'total_deaths', 'new_deaths',
        'total_vaccinations', 'people_vaccinated', 'people_fully_vaccinated',
        'population'
    ]

    # Create a new DataFrame with only those
    covid_df = data[columns_to_keep]
```

```
[20]: covid_df.loc[:, 'date'] = pd.to_datetime(covid_df['date'])
```

```
[16]: covid_df.isnull().sum().sort_values(ascending=False)
```

```
[16]: people_fully_vaccinated    126085
      people_vaccinated        123339
      total_vaccinations       121132
      total_deaths             20875
      new_deaths               20839
      continent                9956
      new_cases                3193
      total_cases              3033
      population              1075
      iso_code                 0
      location                 0
      date                    0
      dtype: int64
```

```
[18]: # Drop rows with missing key values
      covid_df = covid_df.dropna(subset=['date', 'total_cases', 'total_deaths'])

      # Sort and forward-fill missing values per country
      covid_df = covid_df.sort_values(['location', 'date'])
      covid_df = covid_df.fillna(method='ffill')
```

```
[ ]: # Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)
```

```
[19]: covid_df.describe()
```

```
[19]:
```

	date	total_cases	new_cases	\
count	145450	1.454500e+05	1.454500e+05	
mean	2021-03-23 02:05:56.510140928	2.847143e+06	1.298287e+04	
min	2020-01-22 00:00:00	1.000000e+00	0.000000e+00	
25%	2020-09-29 00:00:00	5.342250e+03	6.250000e+00	

50%	2021-03-29 00:00:00	4.647400e+04	1.450000e+02
75%	2021-09-17 00:00:00	3.822640e+05	1.394000e+03
max	2022-03-05 00:00:00	4.451295e+08	4.206334e+06
std	NaN	1.632664e+07	8.930914e+04

	total_deaths	new_deaths	total_vaccinations	people_vaccinated \
count	1.454500e+05	145450.000000	1.451140e+05	1.451140e+05
mean	5.766447e+04	171.235923	1.580603e+08	7.631559e+07
min	1.000000e+00	0.000000	0.000000e+00	0.000000e+00
25%	7.900000e+01	0.000000	3.917810e+05	2.575260e+05
50%	7.830000e+02	2.000000	2.613518e+06	1.556134e+06
75%	7.307000e+03	20.000000	1.762255e+07	9.300879e+06
max	5.995245e+06	18020.000000	1.085079e+10	4.976031e+09
std	3.021155e+05	832.370948	8.617947e+08	4.062349e+08

	people_fully_vaccinated	population
count	1.450360e+05	1.454500e+05
mean	6.721368e+07	1.663375e+08
min	1.000000e+00	4.981000e+03
25%	2.268058e+05	2.397240e+06
50%	1.229358e+06	1.016792e+07
75%	8.091251e+06	3.806791e+07
max	4.400787e+09	7.874966e+09
std	3.650945e+08	7.487753e+08

```
[21]: # key column stats
covid_df[['total_cases', 'total_deaths', 'new_cases', 'new_deaths',
↪ 'total_vaccinations']].describe()
```

	total_cases	total_deaths	new_cases	new_deaths \
count	1.454500e+05	1.454500e+05	1.454500e+05	145450.000000
mean	2.847143e+06	5.766447e+04	1.298287e+04	171.235923
std	1.632664e+07	3.021155e+05	8.930914e+04	832.370948
min	1.000000e+00	1.000000e+00	0.000000e+00	0.000000
25%	5.342250e+03	7.900000e+01	6.250000e+00	0.000000
50%	4.647400e+04	7.830000e+02	1.450000e+02	2.000000
75%	3.822640e+05	7.307000e+03	1.394000e+03	20.000000
max	4.451295e+08	5.995245e+06	4.206334e+06	18020.000000

	total_vaccinations
count	1.451140e+05
mean	1.580603e+08
std	8.617947e+08
min	0.000000e+00
25%	3.917810e+05
50%	2.613518e+06
75%	1.762255e+07

max 1.085079e+10

```
[24]: # cases over time

# Step 1: Define countries of interest
countries = ['Kenya', 'Rwanda', 'Uganda', 'South Africa', 'Nigeria', 'United_States', 'India']

# Step 2: Filter the original data
covid_df = data[data['location'].isin(countries)].copy() # Use .copy() to avoid warnings

# Step 3: Convert date column to datetime
covid_df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(covid_df['date'])

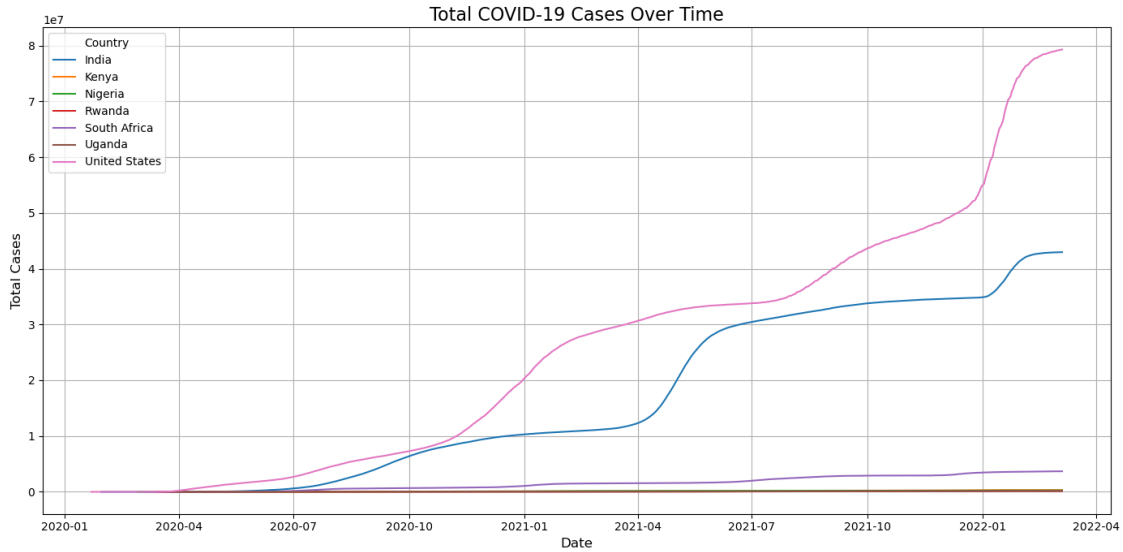
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Set figure size
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 7))

# Plot total cases for each country
for country in covid_df['location'].unique():
    country_data = covid_df[covid_df['location'] == country]
    plt.plot(country_data['date'], country_data['total_cases'], label=country)

# Add titles and labels
plt.title('Total COVID-19 Cases Over Time', fontsize=16)
plt.xlabel('Date', fontsize=12)
plt.ylabel('Total Cases', fontsize=12)
plt.legend(title='Country')
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()

# Show the plot
plt.show()
```



```
[25]: # deaths over time

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

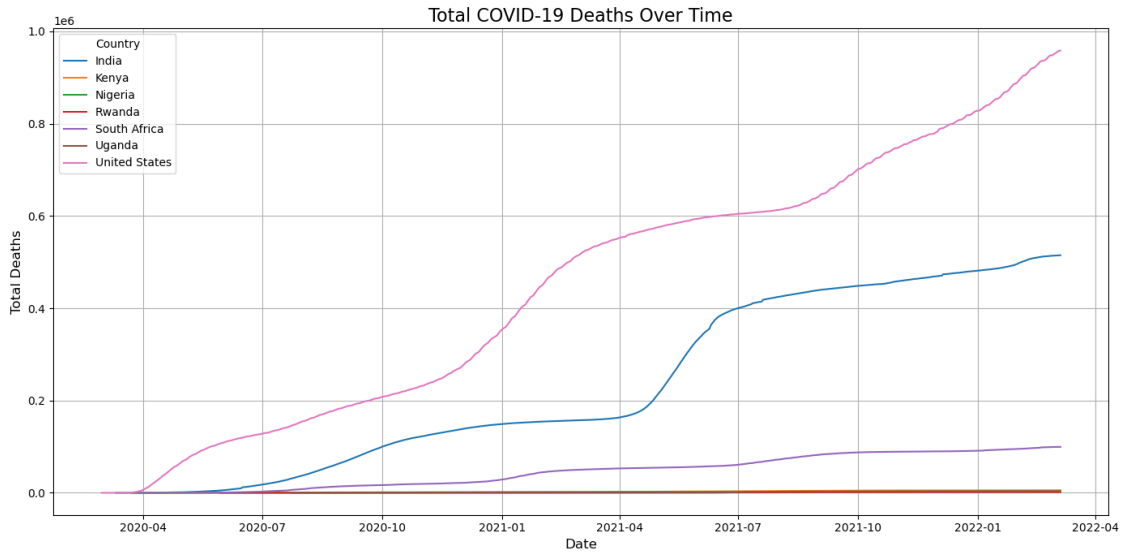
# Set the figure size
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 7))

# Plot total deaths for each selected country
for country in covid_df['location'].unique():
    country_data = covid_df[covid_df['location'] == country]
    plt.plot(country_data['date'], country_data['total_deaths'], label=country)

# Add chart elements
plt.title('Total COVID-19 Deaths Over Time', fontsize=16)
plt.xlabel('Date', fontsize=12)
plt.ylabel('Total Deaths', fontsize=12)
plt.legend(title='Country')
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()

# Show plot
plt.show()
```





```
[26]: # Daily new cases between countries

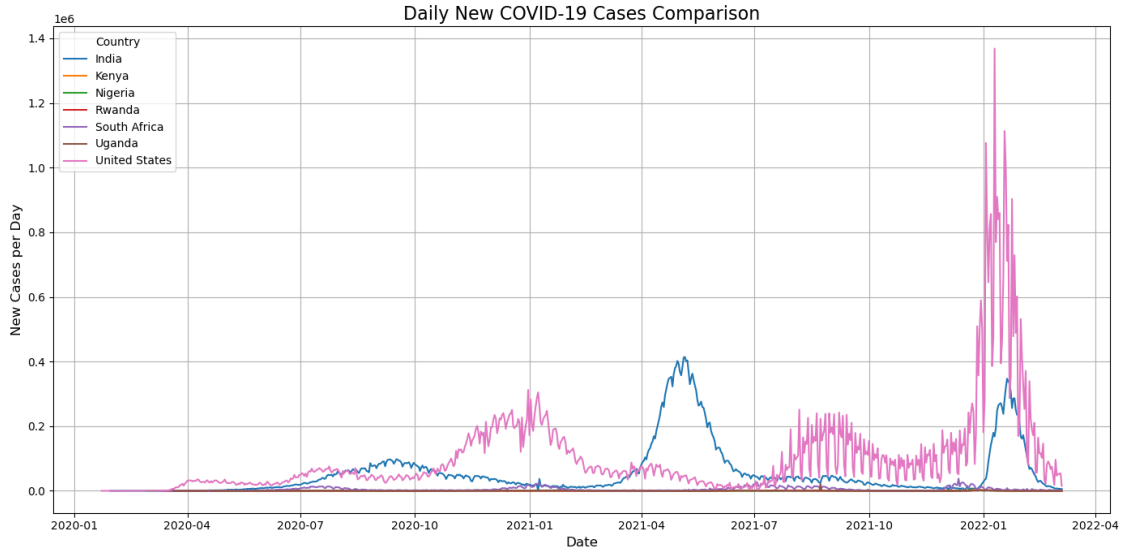
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Set figure size
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 7))

# Plot new daily cases for each country
for country in covid_df['location'].unique():
    country_data = covid_df[covid_df['location'] == country]
    plt.plot(country_data['date'], country_data['new_cases'], label=country)

# Add chart elements
plt.title('Daily New COVID-19 Cases Comparison', fontsize=16)
plt.xlabel('Date', fontsize=12)
plt.ylabel('New Cases per Day', fontsize=12)
plt.legend(title='Country')
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()

# Show plot
plt.show()
```

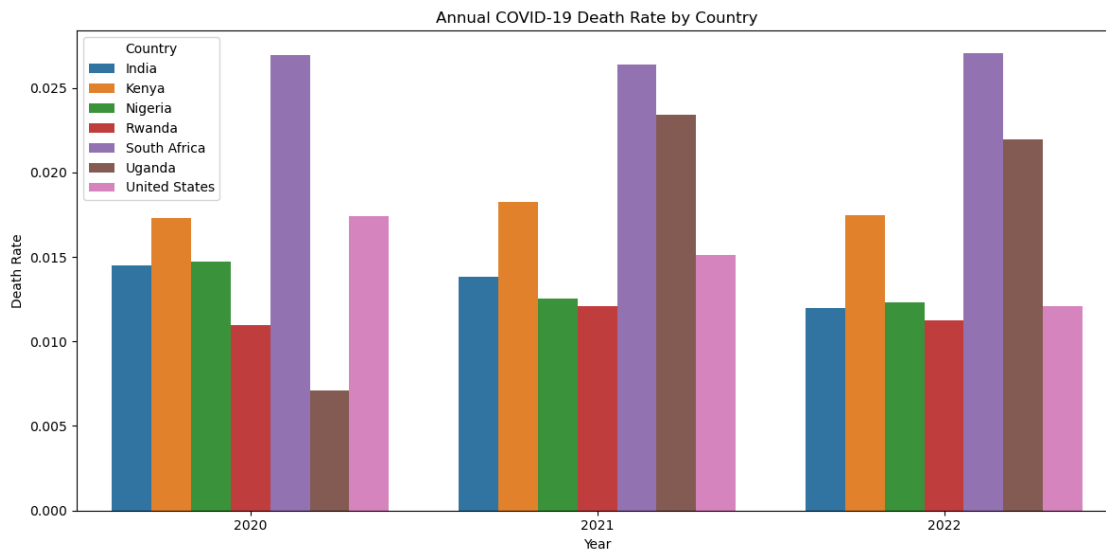


```
[31]: # computed death rate for each year for an overview
covid_df['year'] = covid_df['date'].dt.year
annual_summary = covid_df.groupby(['location', 'year'])[['total_cases',
↪ 'total_deaths']].max().reset_index()
annual_summary['death_rate'] = annual_summary['total_deaths'] /
↪ annual_summary['total_cases']
display(annual_summary)
```

	location	year	total_cases	total_deaths	death_rate
0	India	2020	10286709.0	148994.0	0.014484
1	India	2021	34861579.0	481486.0	0.013811
2	India	2022	42962953.0	515036.0	0.011988
3	Kenya	2020	96458.0	1670.0	0.017313
4	Kenya	2021	295028.0	5378.0	0.018229
5	Kenya	2022	323071.0	5640.0	0.017457
6	Nigeria	2020	87607.0	1289.0	0.014713
7	Nigeria	2021	241513.0	3030.0	0.012546
8	Nigeria	2022	254637.0	3142.0	0.012339
9	Rwanda	2020	8383.0	92.0	0.010975
10	Rwanda	2021	111786.0	1350.0	0.012077
11	Rwanda	2022	129551.0	1458.0	0.011254
12	South Africa	2020	1057161.0	28469.0	0.026930
13	South Africa	2021	3458286.0	91145.0	0.026356
14	South Africa	2022	3683172.0	99543.0	0.027026
15	Uganda	2020	35216.0	251.0	0.007127
16	Uganda	2021	140737.0	3294.0	0.023405
17	Uganda	2022	163383.0	3590.0	0.021973
18	United States	2020	20193136.0	351754.0	0.017419
19	United States	2021	54810020.0	827893.0	0.015105

20 United States 2022 79265726.0 958437.0 0.012091

```
[30]: import seaborn as sns
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.barplot(data=annual_summary, x='year', y='death_rate', hue='location')
plt.title('Annual COVID-19 Death Rate by Country')
plt.ylabel('Death Rate')
plt.xlabel('Year')
plt.legend(title='Country')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
[32]: # Bar charts (top countries by total cases).
# Group by location (country) and sum total cases
top_countries_cases = covid_df.groupby('location')['total_cases'].max().
    ↪sort_values(ascending=False)

# Display the top countries by total cases
print(top_countries_cases.head(20))

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Set figure size
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))

# Plot the bar chart for the top countries
top_countries_cases.head(10).plot(kind='bar', color='skyblue')
```

```

# Add chart elements
plt.title('Top Countries by Total COVID-19 Cases', fontsize=16)
plt.xlabel('Country', fontsize=12)
plt.ylabel('Total Cases', fontsize=12)
plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha='right')
plt.grid(True)

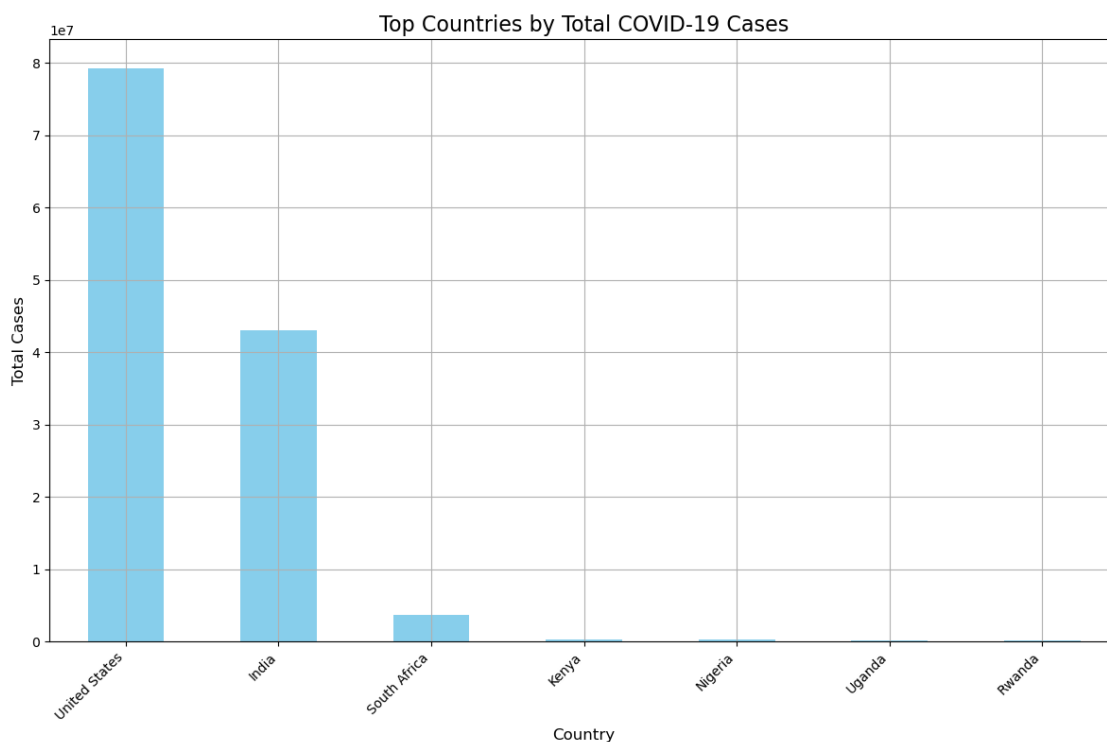
# Show plot
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```

```

location
United States    79265726.0
India            42962953.0
South Africa     3683172.0
Kenya            323071.0
Nigeria         254637.0
Uganda          163383.0
Rwanda          129551.0
Name: total_cases, dtype: float64

```



```

[33]: # Heatmaps (optional for correlation analysis).
      # Selecting relevant columns for correlation analysis

```

```

correlation_columns = ['total_cases', 'total_deaths', 'total_vaccinations',
    ↪ 'new_cases', 'new_deaths', 'people_vaccinated', 'total_tests', 'population']
correlation_df = covid_df[correlation_columns]
# Calculate the correlation matrix
correlation_matrix = correlation_df.corr()

import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

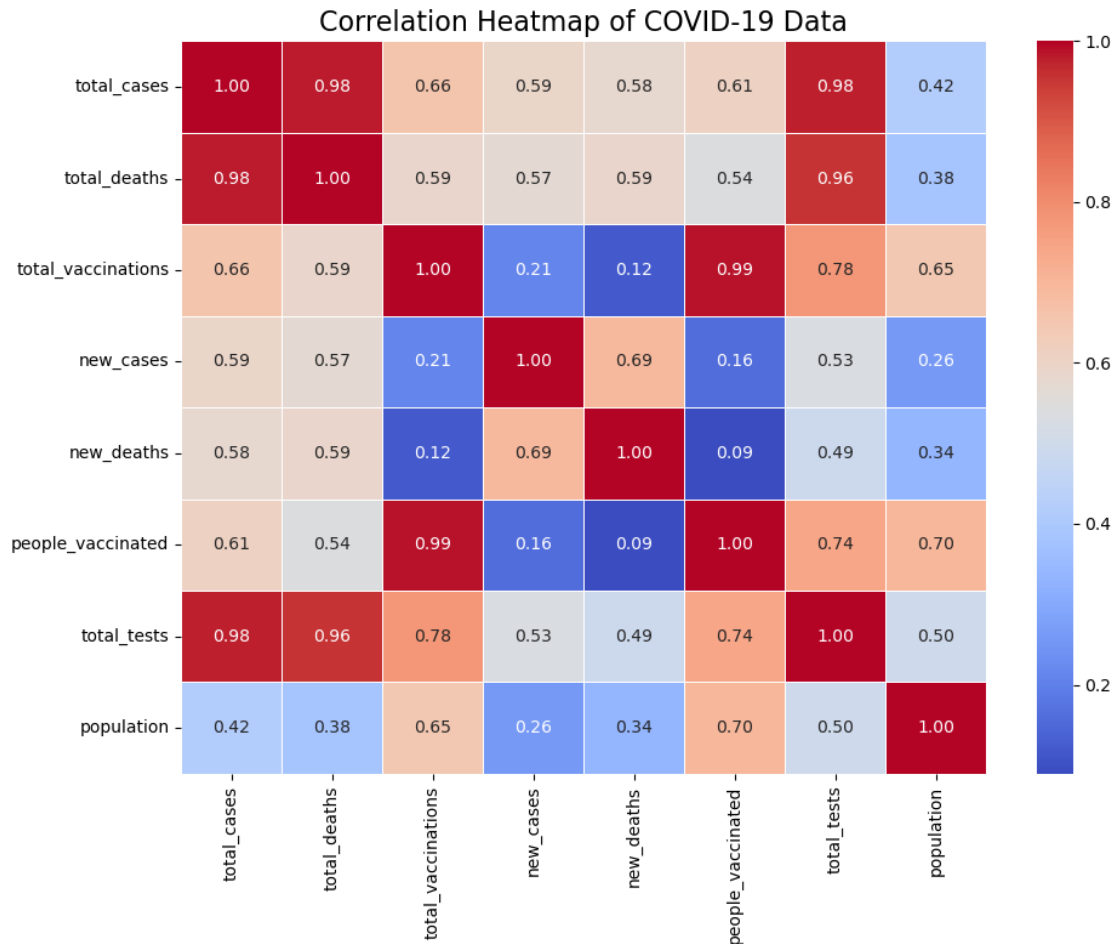
# Set the size of the heatmap
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))

# Create the heatmap
sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm', fmt='.2f',
    ↪ linewidths=0.5)

# Add title and labels
plt.title('Correlation Heatmap of COVID-19 Data', fontsize=16)
plt.tight_layout()

# Show the plot
plt.show()

```



```
[34]: #vaccination over time

selected_countries = ['Kenya', 'Rwanda', 'Uganda', 'South Africa', 'Nigeria',
                    ↪ 'United States', 'India']
covid_df = covid_df[covid_df['location'].isin(selected_countries)]

covid_df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(covid_df['date'])

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Set the figure size for the plot
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))

# Plot cumulative vaccinations for each country over time
for country in selected_countries:
    country_data = covid_df[covid_df['location'] == country]
```

```

plt.plot(country_data['date'], country_data['total_vaccinations'],
         label=country)

# Add title and labels
plt.title('Cumulative COVID-19 Vaccinations Over Time by Country', fontsize=16)
plt.xlabel('Date', fontsize=12)
plt.ylabel('Total Vaccinations', fontsize=12)

# Rotate x-axis labels for readability
plt.xticks(rotation=45)

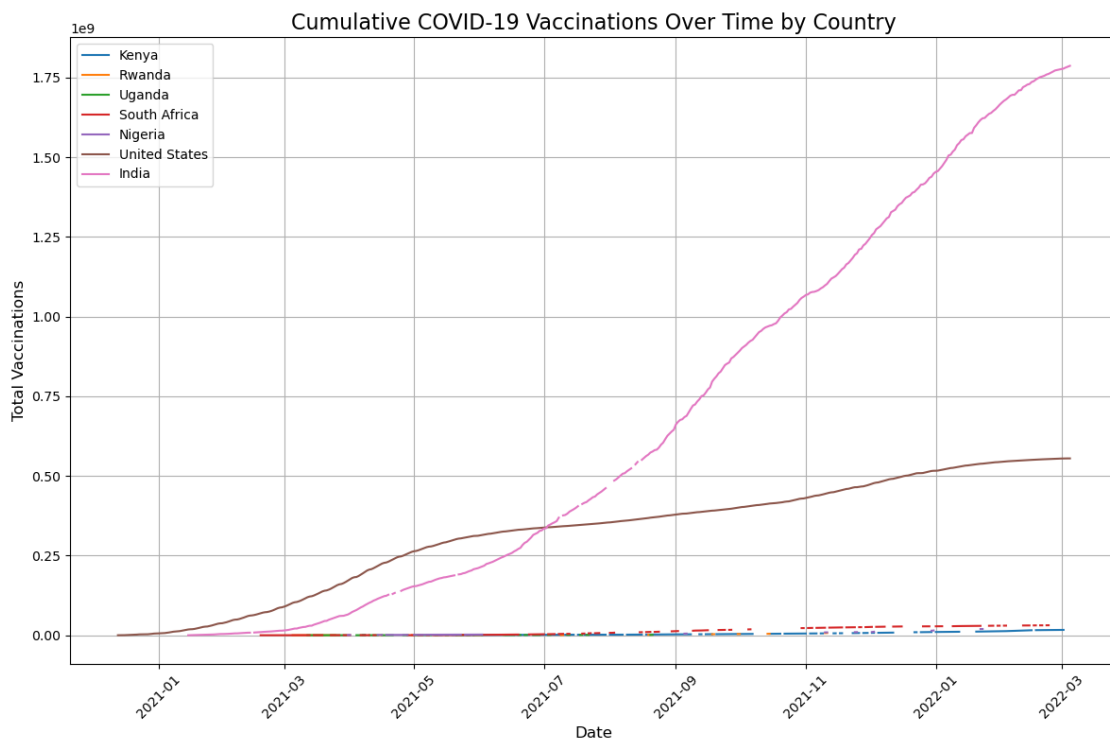
# Show legend for country labels
plt.legend()

# Grid for better readability
plt.grid(True)

# Tight layout to adjust spacing
plt.tight_layout()

# Show the plot
plt.show()

```



```

[35]: # compare % vaccinated

# Get the latest date available in the dataset
latest_date = covid_df['date'].max()

# Filter data for the latest date
latest_data = covid_df[covid_df['date'] == latest_date]

# Filter for the selected countries
latest_data = latest_data[latest_data['location'].isin(selected_countries)]

# Select relevant columns
vaccinated_df = latest_data[['location', 'people_vaccinated_per_hundred']].
    dropna()

import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Set the figure size
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))

# Sort by vaccination percentage for better visuals
vaccinated_df = vaccinated_df.sort_values('people_vaccinated_per_hundred',
    ascending=False)

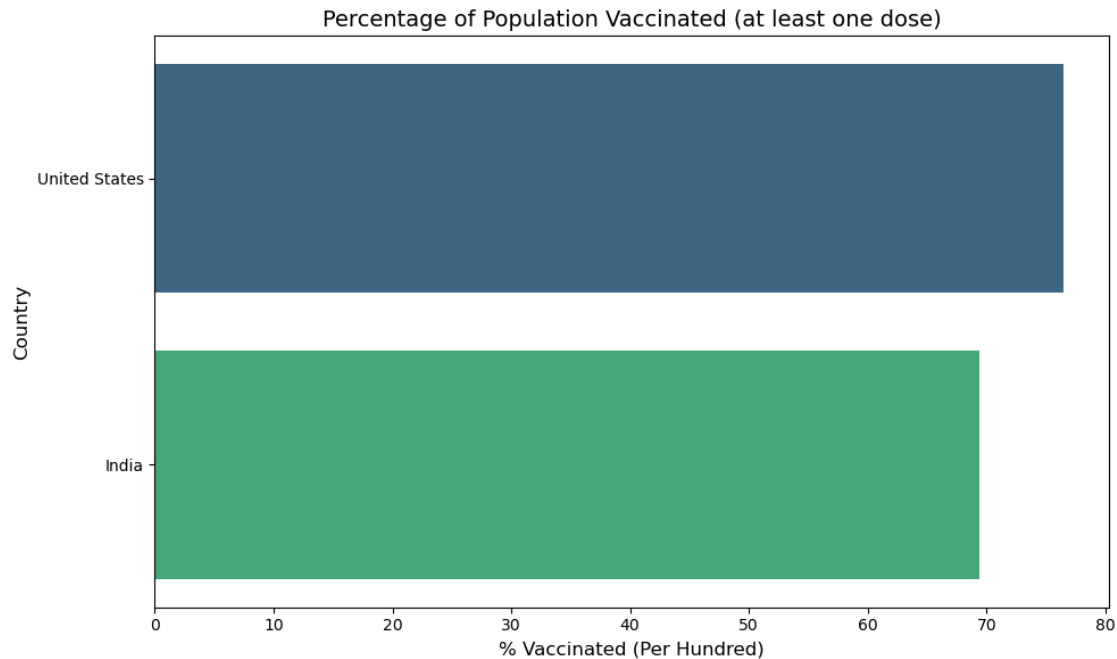
# Create bar plot
sns.barplot(data=vaccinated_df, x='people_vaccinated_per_hundred',
    y='location', palette='viridis')

# Add chart labels
plt.title('Percentage of Population Vaccinated (at least one dose)',
    fontsize=14)
plt.xlabel('% Vaccinated (Per Hundred)', fontsize=12)
plt.ylabel('Country', fontsize=12)

# Display the chart
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```





```
[36]: # vaccinated v not-vaccinated

# Get latest date
latest_date = covid_df['date'].max()

# Filter for that date and selected countries
latest_data = covid_df[(covid_df['date'] == latest_date) &
    ↪ (covid_df['location'].isin(selected_countries))]

# Drop countries with missing vaccination or population data
latest_data = latest_data.dropna(subset=['people_vaccinated', 'population'])
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Set up subplots: one pie per country
fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows=2, ncols=4, figsize=(16, 8))
axes = axes.flatten() # flatten to 1D array for easy iteration

for i, country in enumerate(latest_data['location']):
    row = latest_data[latest_data['location'] == country].iloc[0]
    vaccinated = row['people_vaccinated']
    unvaccinated = row['population'] - vaccinated

    # Pie chart data
    sizes = [vaccinated, unvaccinated]
    labels = ['Vaccinated', 'Unvaccinated']
```

```

colors = ['#66bb6a', '#ef5350']

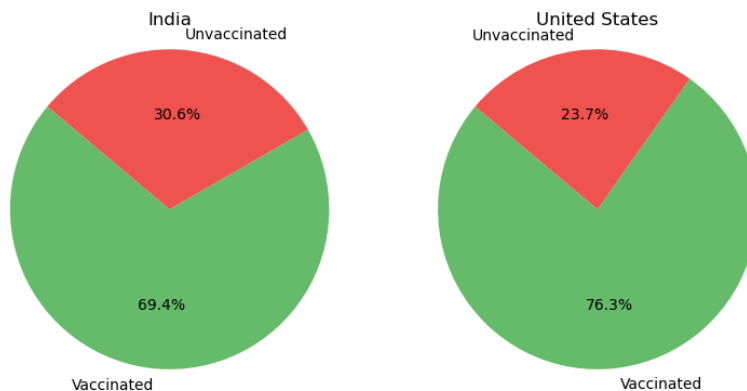
# Create pie chart
axes[i].pie(sizes, labels=labels, autopct='%1.1f%%', startangle=140,
            colors=colors)
axes[i].axis('equal') # Equal aspect ratio ensures circle shape
axes[i].set_title(country)

# Remove any unused subplots (e.g., if fewer than 8 countries)
for j in range(i + 1, len(axes)):
    fig.delaxes(axes[j])

# Overall title
plt.suptitle('Vaccinated vs. Unvaccinated (Latest Data)', fontsize=16)
plt.tight_layout(rect=[0, 0, 1, 0.95])
plt.show()

```

Vaccinated vs. Unvaccinated (Latest Data)



```

[37]: # table on vaccinated/unvaccinated

3no data on vaccinations for other countries

# Prepare table data
vacc_table = latest_data[['location', 'people_vaccinated', 'population']].copy()

# Calculate unvaccinated
vacc_table['unvaccinated'] = vacc_table['population'] -
    vacc_table['people_vaccinated']

# Calculate % vaccinated (optional)

```

```

vacc_table['% vaccinated'] = (vacc_table['people_vaccinated'] /
    ↪vacc_table['population']) * 100

# Round numbers for clarity
vacc_table[['people_vaccinated', 'unvaccinated', '% vaccinated']] =
    ↪vacc_table[['people_vaccinated', 'unvaccinated', '% vaccinated']].round(0)

# Reorder columns
vacc_table = vacc_table[['location', 'people_vaccinated', 'unvaccinated',
    ↪'population', '% vaccinated']]

# Display the table
print(vacc_table.to_string(index=False))

```

	location	people_vaccinated	unvaccinated	population	% vaccinated
	India	967153861.0	426255172.0	1393409033.0	69.0
United States		254002347.0	78912727.0	332915074.0	76.0

[ ]:

## 0.1 Insights & Reporting

- **USA and India** had the highest number of infections and deaths in absolute terms. However, their **death rates were comparable** to other countries. Notably, **South Africa** and **Uganda** recorded the **highest death rates** in 2021 and 2022.
- **Vaccination data** is primarily available for the USA and India. This may reflect better **access to vaccines**, whereas many African countries had limited or delayed access. Critically, the countries with the highest death rates **should have been prioritized** in global vaccine distribution efforts.
- By **March 2022**, approximately **70% of the population** in India and the USA had received at least one dose of the COVID-19 vaccine. In contrast, the percentage for most African countries was **negligible**. This highlights the need for **Africa to invest in local pharmaceutical manufacturing** to ensure equitable access in future health crises.
- The **death rate for the USA and India peaked in 2020** and **declined steadily** in subsequent years. For other countries, death rates either **remained stable or increased**, suggesting unequal access to vaccines, healthcare quality, or differences in public health strategies. These variations should be **studied in detail** to derive lessons for the management of **future pandemics**.

[ ]: