

Assignment #3

2315-0800

Q1)

a) 19 is divided by 7?

$$q_1 = 19 \text{ div } 7 = 2$$

$$\tau = 19 \bmod 7 = 5$$

b)

$$q_1 = -111 \text{ div } 11 = -10$$

$$\tau = -111 \bmod 11 = -1$$

c.)

$$q_1 = 789 \text{ div } 23 = 34$$

$$\tau = 789 \bmod 23 = 7$$

d)

$$q_1 = 1001 \text{ div } 13 = 77$$

$$\tau = 1001 \bmod 13 = 0$$

e)

$$q_1 = 10 \text{ div } 19 = 0$$

$$\tau = 10 \bmod 19 = 10$$

f)

$$q_1 = 3 \text{ div } 5 = 0$$

$$\tau = 3 \bmod 5 = 3$$

g)

$$q_1 = -1 \text{ div } 3 = -1$$

$$\tau = -1 \bmod 3 = 2$$

h)

$$q_1 = 4 \text{ div } 1 = 4$$

$$\tau = 4 \bmod 1 = 0$$

QUESTION 2

237K-0800

(a)

i)

$$q_1 = -111 \text{ div } 99 = -1$$

$$r = -111 \bmod 99 = -12$$

ii)

$$q_2 = 9999 \text{ div } 101 = -99$$

$$r = -9999 \bmod 101 = 0$$

iii)

$$q_3 = 10299 \text{ div } 999 = 10$$

$$r = 10299 \bmod 999 = 309$$

iv)

$$q_4 = 123456 \text{ div } 1001 = 123$$

$$r = 123456 \bmod 1001 = 333$$

(B)

i) 80

$$80 \bmod 17 = 12$$

$$12 \neq 5$$

ii)

$$103 \bmod 17 = 1$$

$$1 \neq 5$$

iii)

$$-29 \bmod 17 = 5$$

for positive remainder = $-29 + (17-2)$

iv)

$$-122 \bmod 17 = 14 \quad \text{for positive remainder:} \\ -121 + (17-8)$$

$$14 \neq 5$$

Q3

(a)

$$\text{i) } 11, 15, 19$$

$$\gcd(11, 15) = 1$$

$$\gcd(15, 19) = 1$$

$$\gcd(11, 19) = 1$$

Therefore, they are pairwise relatively prime.

$$\text{ii) } 14, 15, 21$$

$$\gcd(14, 15) = 1 \quad ; \quad \gcd(15, 21) = 3 \quad (\text{not relatively})$$

$$\gcd(14, 21) = 7 \quad (\text{not relatively prime}).$$

Therefore, they aren't pairwise relatively prime.

$$\text{iii) } 12, 17, 31, 37$$

So

$$\gcd(12, 17) = 1$$

$$\gcd(17, 31) = 1$$

$$\gcd(31, 37) = 1$$

$$\gcd(12, 37) = 1$$

Therefore, they are pairwise relatively prime.

$$\text{iv) } 7, 8, 9, 11$$

$$\gcd(7, 8) = 1 \quad ; \quad \gcd(7, 9) = 1 \quad ; \quad \gcd(7, 11) = 1$$

$$\gcd(8, 9) = 1 \quad \gcd(8, 11) = 1 \quad \gcd(9, 11) = 1$$

Therefore, they are pairwise relatively prime.

(b)

$$\text{i) } 88$$

$$\begin{array}{r|rr} 2 & 88 \\ \hline 2 & 44 \\ 2 & 22 \\ \hline 11 & 11 \\ \hline 1 & \end{array}$$

$$88 = 2^3 \times 11$$

$$\text{ii) } 126$$

$$\begin{array}{r|rr} 2 & 126 \\ \hline 3 & 63 \\ 3 & 21 \\ \hline 7 & 7 \\ \hline 1 & \end{array}$$

$$126 = 2 \times 3^2 \times 7$$

$$\text{iii) } 729$$

$$\begin{array}{r|rr} 3 & 729 \\ \hline 3 & 243 \\ 3 & 81 \\ \hline 3 & 27 \\ 3 & 9 \\ \hline 3 & 3 \\ \hline 1 & \end{array}$$

$$729 = 3^6$$

$$\text{iv) } 1001$$

$$\begin{array}{r|rr} 7 & 1001 \\ \hline 11 & 143 \\ 13 & 13 \\ \hline 1 & \end{array}$$

$$1001 = 7 \times 11 \times 13$$

$$\begin{array}{r|rr} 11 & 111 \\ \hline 101 & 101 \\ 1 & \end{array}$$

$$111 = 11 \times 101$$

$$\text{v) } 909$$

$$\begin{array}{r|rr} 3 & 909 \\ \hline 101 & 101 \\ 1 & \end{array}$$

$$909 = 3 \times 101$$

(Q4)

$$q \quad x_1 \quad x_2 \quad x \quad s_1 \quad s_2 \quad s \quad t \quad t_2 \quad t$$

$$1 \quad 144 \quad 89 \quad 55 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad -1$$

$$1 \quad 89 \checkmark \quad 55 \checkmark \quad 34 \quad 0 \checkmark \quad 1 \checkmark \quad -1 \quad 1 \quad -1 \quad 2$$

$$1 \quad 55 \checkmark \quad 34 \checkmark \quad 21 \quad 1 \checkmark \quad -1 \checkmark \quad 2 \quad -1 \checkmark \quad 2 \checkmark \quad -3$$

$$1 \quad 34 \checkmark \quad 21 \checkmark \quad 13 \quad -1 \checkmark \quad 2 \checkmark \quad -3 \quad 1 \checkmark \quad -3 \quad 4$$

$$1 \quad 21 \checkmark \quad 13 \checkmark \quad 8 \quad 2 \checkmark \quad -3 \checkmark \quad 5 \quad -2 \checkmark \quad 4 \checkmark \quad -5$$

$$1 \quad 13 \checkmark \quad 8 \checkmark \quad 5 \quad -3 \checkmark \quad 5 \checkmark \quad -8 \quad 3 \checkmark \quad -5 \checkmark \quad 9$$

$$1 \quad 8 \checkmark \quad 5 \checkmark \quad 3 \quad 5 \checkmark \quad -8 \checkmark \quad 13 \quad -5 \checkmark \quad 9 \checkmark \quad 14$$

$$1 \quad 5 \quad 3 \quad 2 \quad -8 \quad 13 \quad -21 \quad 8 \quad -14 \quad 22$$

$$1 \quad 3 \quad 2 \quad 1 \quad 13 \quad -21 \quad 39 \quad -13 \quad 22 \quad -35$$

$$2 \quad 2 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad -21 \quad 34 \quad -110 \quad 21 \quad -35 \quad 110$$

$$1 \quad 0 \quad 34 \quad -110 \quad -35 \quad 110$$

$$s = 34 ; \quad t = -34$$

~~Q5~~

(c)

$$\textcircled{1} \quad 55x \equiv 34 \pmod{89}$$

inverse of $55 \pmod{89}$

$$89 = 1(55) + 34$$

$$55 = 1(34) + 21$$

$$34 = 2(21) + 13$$

$$21 = 1(13) + 8$$

$$13 = 1(8) + 5$$

$$8 = 1(5) + 3$$

$$5 = 1(3) + 2$$

$$3 = 1(2) + 1$$

Now, Backward Substitution

$$1 = 3 - 1(2) \Rightarrow 3 - 1[5 - 1(3)]$$

$$1 \equiv 3 - 1(5) + 1(3) \rightarrow 2(3) - 1(5)$$

$$1 \equiv 2[8 - 1(5)] - 1(5) \rightarrow 2(8) - 2(5) - 1(5)$$

$$1 \equiv 2(8) - 3(5)$$

$$1 \equiv 2(8) - 3(13 - 1(8))$$

Signature _____

R.L.

No. _____

Date _____

$$I = 2(8) - 3(13) + 3(8)$$

$$I = 5(8) - 3(13)$$

$$I = 5[21 - 1(13)] - 3(13)$$

$$I = 5(21) - 5(13) - 3(13)$$

$$I = 5(21) - 8(13)$$

$$I = 5(21) - 8[34 - 1(21)]$$

$$I = 5(21) - 8(34) + 8(21)$$

$$I = 13(21) - 8(34)$$

$$I = 13[55 - 1(34)] - 8(34)$$

$$I = 13(55) - 13(34) - 8(34)$$

$$I = 13(55) - 21(34)$$

$$I = 13(55) - 21[89 - 1(55)]$$

$$I = 13(55) - 21(89) + 21(55)$$

$$I = 34(55) - 21(89)$$

34 inverse

$$55 \times 34 \equiv 34 \times 34 \pmod{89}$$

$$x = 1156 \pmod{89}$$

$$x = 881$$

Signature _____

BC

No.

(i) $89x \equiv 2 \pmod{232}$
Sol.

$$\begin{aligned} 232 &\equiv 2(89) + 54 \\ 89 &\equiv 1(54) + 35 \\ 54 &\equiv 1(35) + 19 \\ 35 &\equiv 1(19) + 16 \\ 19 &\equiv 1(16) + 3 \\ 16 &\equiv 5(3) + 1 \rightarrow \text{gcd} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{gcd}(89, 232) = (3)(89) + (232)(-89) \equiv 1$$

80 inverse 73

$$89x + 3x \equiv 2 \times 73 \pmod{232}$$

$$x \equiv 146 \pmod{232}$$

$$\boxed{x \equiv 146}$$

$$\boxed{06}$$

ii) $x \equiv 1 \pmod{5}$, $x \equiv 2 \pmod{6}$, and
 $x \equiv 3 \pmod{7}$.

$$M = m_1 \cdot m_2 \cdot m_3 = 5 \cdot 6 \cdot 7 = 210$$

$$M_1 = M/m_1 = 210/5 = 42$$

$$M_2 = M/m_2 = 210/6 = 35$$

$$M_3 = M/m_3 = 210/7 = 30$$

M_1^{-1} = inverse of 42 mod 5

$$42 \equiv 8(5) + 2$$

$$5 = 2(2) + 1$$

Date _____

$$\begin{aligned}1 &\equiv 5 - 2(2) \\1 &\equiv 5 - 2[4_2 - 8(5)] \\1 &\equiv 5 - 2(4_2) + 16(5) \\1 &\equiv 17(5) - 2(4_2)\end{aligned}$$

$$5 - 2 \rightarrow 3$$

$$\boxed{m_1^{-1} = 3}$$

m_2^{-1} inverse of $35 \bmod 6$

$$35 \equiv 5(6) + 5$$

$$6 = 1(5) + 1$$

$$1 = 6 - 1(5)$$

$$1 \equiv 6 - 1(35 - 5(6))$$

$$1 \equiv 6(6) - 1(35)$$

$$6 - 1 \equiv 5$$

$$\boxed{m_2^{-1} = 5}$$

$$m_3^{-1}$$

inverse of $30 \bmod 7$

$$30 \equiv 4(7) + 2$$

$$7 \equiv 3(2) + 1$$

$$7 - 3 \equiv 4$$

$$1 \equiv 7 - 3(2)$$

$$1 \equiv 7 - 3[30 - 4(7)]$$

$$1 \equiv 7 - 3(30) + 7(7)$$

$$1 \equiv 8(7) - 3(30)$$

$$\boxed{m_3^{-1} = 4}$$

$$x = a_1 M_1 M_1^{-1} + a_2 M_2 M_2^{-1} + a_3 M_3 M_3^{-1} \pmod{m}$$

$$x = 1 \cdot 42 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 35 \cdot 5 + 3 \cdot 30 + 4 \pmod{210}$$

$$x = 836 \pmod{210} \quad \cancel{x=336}$$

$$\boxed{x \equiv 206}$$

(ii) $x \equiv 1 \pmod{2}$, $x \equiv 2 \pmod{3}$, $x \equiv 3 \pmod{5}$
 $x \equiv 4 \pmod{11}$

$$M = m_1 \cdot m_2 \cdot m_3 \text{ or } m = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 11 = 330$$

$$M_1 = M/m_1 = 330/2 = 165$$

$$M_2 = 330/3 = 110$$

$$M_3 = 330/5 = 66$$

$$M_4 = 330/11 = 30$$

$$M_1^{-1} = 1 \quad M_2^{-1} = 2 \quad M_3^{-1} = 1 \quad M_4^{-1} = 7$$

$$x = a_1 M_1 \cdot M_1^{-1} + a_2 M_2 M_2^{-1} + a_3 M_3 M_3^{-1} + a_4 M_4 M_4^{-1} \pmod{m}$$

$$x = 1643 \pmod{330}$$

$$\boxed{x = 323} \text{ Ans}$$

Q7

a) $a = 2, m = 17$

Sol

$$17 \equiv 8(2) + 1$$

$$1 \equiv 17 - 8(2)$$

$$17 - 8 \equiv 9$$

$$\text{inverse } \bar{a} \equiv 9$$

b) $a = 34, m = 89$

$$1 = 13(89) - (34)(34)$$

$$89 - 34 = 55$$

$$\text{inverse } \bar{a} = 55$$

c) $a = 144, m = 233$

$$\gcd(144, 233) = (89)(144) + (-23)(233)$$

$$\text{inverse } \bar{a} = 89$$

$$\text{inverse } \bar{a} = 89$$

$$d) \cdot a = 200 \quad m = 1001$$

$$\text{gcd}(200, 1001) = 1(1001) + (-5)200 \not\equiv 1$$

$$-5 + 1001$$

$$\Rightarrow 996$$

$$\boxed{\bar{a} = 996}$$

$$\boxed{08}$$

$$(a) (i) \\ f(p) = (p+u) \cdot \text{mod } 26$$

STOP POSITION

18 19 14 15 15 14 11 11 20 19 08 14 13

After applying.

~~22~~

W	X	S	T	T	S	P	P	Y
22	23	18	19	19	18	15	15	24

Y M S R

23 12 18 19

$$(ii) f(p) = f(p+21) \text{ mod } 26$$

After applying

13	14	09	10	10	9	6	6	15	14	3	9	8
N	O	S	K	K	S	G	G	R	O	D	J	I

Date _____

$$f(p) = (p+10) \bmod 26 \quad (b)$$

i) C G Q B B O X N O B X Y B
02 04 01 01 14 23 13 14 01 23 24 06

decrypted.

SURRENDERMOW

ii) L O W T P B S O X N
11 04 22 08 15 01 18 14 23 13

decrypted

BE MY FRIEND

Q9

1) $s^{2003} \bmod 7$

$$s^6 \equiv 1 \pmod{7}$$

$$(s^6)^{333} \cdot s^5 \bmod 7 = s^5 \bmod 7$$

$$625 \bmod 7 = 2 \text{ Ans}$$

ii) $s^{2003} \bmod 11$

$$s^{10} \equiv 1 \pmod{11}$$

$$(s^{10})^{200} \cdot s^3 = s^3 \bmod 11$$

$$125 \bmod 11 = 14 \text{ Ans}$$

Date _____

iii) $5^{2003} \bmod 13$

$$5^{12} \equiv 2 \pmod{13}$$

$$(5^{12})^{166} \equiv 5^{11} \pmod{13} = 5^1 \pmod{13}$$

$$\Rightarrow 8$$

(b)

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} A & 1 & 9 & A & C & 1 \\ 00 & 19 & 19 & 00 & 2 & 16 \end{array}$$

$$n = 93 \cdot 3^9 = 2592$$

$$k = (43-1)(5^9-1) = 2436$$

$$c = 13$$

Encryption.

$$c = 0019^{13} \pmod{2537}$$

$$c = 1900^{13} \pmod{2537}$$

$$c = 0210 \pmod{2537}$$

[Q10]

(a)

i) LOVE DOIS CORTE MATH E MAT

08 11 14 21 04 3 8 18 2 17 4 19 4 12 00 11 90 70 4 12 00

I C S

08 02 18

RC

No.

Applying cipher algo.

$$\Rightarrow f(p) = f(p+3) \bmod 26$$

encypted msg -

LORYA VFUIWTH POWKAOPWLKV

b)

i)

PLOGWZR DVVLJOPHTQW

using ceaser cipher algo

$$f(p) = (p-3) \bmod 26$$

~~decypted msg~~

MID TWO ASSIGNMENT.

ii) ENDVW QXFHV XOLYHUVLWB

$$f(p) = (p-3) \bmod 26$$

decypted msg

"PAST NUCES UNIVERSITY"

Counting Techniques.

(Q1)

a)

 ${}^8C_3 = 56$ ways to choose schoolb) ${}^{12}C_6 = 924$ ways to select electivec) ${}^9C_5 = 126$ different ways one will be selected

(Q2)

a) ${}^{20}P_5 = 1,860,480$ ways to choose chess, chess, chess,
secretary, record keeper and advisor.b) ${}^{16}P_4 = 43680$ ways to coach an class
select students to compete in gamec) ${}^{15}P_2 = 210$ ways - students can be
chosen for 2 pos.

(Q3)

a) Q3 sub

$${}^5C_1 \times {}^5C_2 \times {}^4C_1 \times {}^6C_3$$

$$5 \times 6 \times 4 \times 20 = 1200 \text{ sandwiches}$$

b)

$$\pi \times 18 \times 24 \times 34 \times 28 \times 28 = 460,815,880$$

faces

Signature _____

RC

No. _____

(Q4)

(a)

S.Y.

$A = \text{begin with } 0s = 2^7 = 128$

$B = \text{begin with two } 0s = 2^8 = 256$

$$A \cap B = 2^5 = 32$$

$$A \cup B = A + B - A \cap B$$

$$\Rightarrow 128 + 256 - 32$$

$$\Rightarrow 252 \text{ A}$$

(b)

S.Y. $A = \text{begin with } 0s = 2^4 = 16$

$B = \text{begin with two } 0s = 2^3 = 8$

$$A \cap B = 2^2 = 4$$

$$A \cup B = A + B - A \cap B$$

$$\Rightarrow 16 + 8 - 4 \Rightarrow 28 \text{ A}$$

(Q5)

(a)

no. of buses from 1 to 12

6 runs whose sum 13

(1,12), (2,11), (3,10), (4,9), (5,8), (6,7).

- If 7 nos are chosen from 12 by random principle at least one pair of numbers will be chosen such sum to 13.

(b)

7 days a week.

If 8 people are chosen by

random principle at least 7 of them must have been selected.