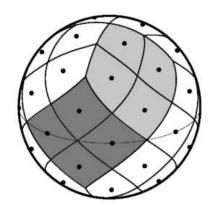
HEALPix IDL Facilities Overview



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Abstract: This document is an overview of the **HEALPix** IDL

facilities.

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Using the HEALPix IDL facilities

The current version of the **HEALPix** package provides an IDL startup file which defines various environment variables for your convenience, and adds the **HEALPix** IDL directory tree to your IDL_PATH. In order to utilise this feature, the user should invoke IDL using the commands hidl or hidlde which are aliases defined in the **HEALPix** profile created during the installation process for the package.

Changes between release 2.0 and 2.15

Several routines have been added or improved since version 2.0, as listed below. Note that thanks to the newer IDL-astron library, FITS read/write routines in IDL-Healpix routines can now deal with **FITS** files larger than **2GB** (on architectures supporting 64bit addressing).

Using 64 bit integers available since version 5.2 of IDL the maximum resolution parameter Nside supported has increased from $2^{13} = 8192$ to $2^{29} = 536870912$, corresponding to 3.46×10^{18} pixels on the sphere.

- Recent edition (version 2.15)
 - cartview, gnomview, mollview, orthview:
 - * export of projected map into a FITS file (FITS keyword), or an IDL array (MAP_OUT option) now available with all viewing routines,
 - * added CHARTHICK support; accept array of OUTLINE structures (if they have the same fields);
 - remove_dipole now outputs the monopole and dipole covariance matrix;
 - write_fits_map, write_tqu, write_fits_sb: BAD_DATA keyword added to FITS
 header;
 - update of astron library routines (24-May-2010) for improved WCS support.
- Previous edition (version 2.14a)
 - cartview, gnomview, mollview, orthview:
 - * OUTLINE=, GRATICULE=, IGRATICULE= work again with virtual windows (WINDOW< 0)
 - * YPOS= and RETAIN= keywords active again
 - * PS= keyword fixed
 - orthview: fixed problems with /SHADE keyword, which now outputs 8-byte (instead of 16-byte) PNG files

- ianafast, ismoothing: fixed problem with processing of polarized maps stored in memory.
- ud_grade: improved handling of flagged pixels on Double Precision input maps
- remove_dipole: COORD_IN= and COORD_OUT= now accept lower case values;
 /SILENT keyword added.
- Old edition (version 2.13)
 - new healpix_doc routine to browse HTML and PDF documentations
 - cartview, gnomview, mollview, orthview:
 - * introduction of the TRUECOLORS= keyword to generate color image from 3 channel map
 - * extended capability of the TRANSPARENT= keyword
 - * addition of MAP_OUT= to gnomview
 - improved compatibility with GDL (free IDL clone). See "HEALPix Installation Document" for current GDL limitations.
 - update of the IDL-astron library routines, which now require IDL 6.1 or more
 - fits2alm: new LMAX= and LMIN= keywords
 - fits2cl: new LLFACTOR= keyword
 - init_healpix defines substructure with complete path to HEALPix subdirectories (test, data, bin)
 - slightly faster write_fits_cut4 and write_fits_sb routines.
 - ianafast, ismoothing: solved problem with W8DIR= keyword.
- Older editions (versions 2.11 and 2.12a)
 - ianafast, ismoothing, isynfast: the TMPDIR keyword now works properly, and \$IDL_TMPDIR is used as the default temporary directory; more stable behaviour of these routines
 - ud_grade:
 - * correctly flags bad output pixels with bad_data value when upgrading maps
 - * cut sky map: improved, faster routine, now works for Nside > 8192
 - cartview, gnomview, mollview, orthview:
 - * using a virtual window (ie, setting WINDOW to a negative value) now allows faster generation of GIF and PNG files (especially useful over remote connections);
 - * addition of RETAIN= keyword;
 - * deals correctly with user provided MIN and MAX in LOG and ASINH modes
 - * polarization norm map can be offset (POLARIZATION=1 mode)
 - * original color table and plot settings are restored when leaving these routines
 - orthview: addition of /SHADED keyword for 3D rendering
 - issues warning when non-integer pixel indexes are fed to nest2ring, ring2nest, pix2ang_*, pix2vec_*, ...
 - ximview:
 - * fixed problem with cut-sky FITS files
 - * color scale bar added to PNG output

- * version 0.6.2, fixed bug in pixel coordinates
- cosmetic editions to remove_dipole
- New routines in version 2.10 include
 - ximview: visualisation routine developed by J. P. Leahy intended for quick-look inspection of HEALPix images (as well as ordinary 2-D images) at the level of individual pixels. Features include panning, zooming, blinking, image statistics and peak finding.
 - hpx2gs: turns a healpix data set into a Google Earth/Google Sky-compatible image
 - ianafast: interface to (F90) anafast and (C++) anafast_cxx facilities
 - isynfast: interface to F90 synfast facility
 - ismoothing: interface to F90 smoothing facility
 - bin_llcl: C(l) binning
 - bl2fits: writes B(l) or W(l) window into FITS file
 - neighbours_nest, neighbours_ring: find immediate neighbours of a given pixel
 - query_strip: find pixels lying within a colatitude strip
- Routines with extended/improved user interface or new functionalities include
 - mollview, gnomview, cartview, orthview:
 - * ONLINE keyword is now redundant,
 - * introduction of GLSIZE and IGLSIZE to control automatic labeling of graticules, see Fig. 2 on page 86
 - * addition of SILENT and EXECUTE keywords, see Fig. 2 on page 86
 - * addition of ASINH keyword to allow better visualisation of highly contrasted maps; see Figure 3 on page 87,
 - * under certain circumstances, can process high resolution cut sky data sets without creating full sky dummy maps,
 - * accept gzip compressed FITS files,
 - * accept polarized cut sky maps,
 - * accept multi-dimensional online arrays,
 - * more robust OUTLINE option.
 - median_filter: bugs correction
 - ud_grade: more robust user interface
 - change_polcconv: new /FORCE keyword
 - remove_dipole: more accurate
 - query_disc: when the disc center is located at one of the poles, only the pixels overlapping with the disc are now returned.
- Miscellaneous
 - mollcursor, gnomcursor...: an X11 patch is given so that these routines work under Mac OS X 10.4 and 10.5.

Changes between release 1.2 and 2.0

Some new routines have been introduced since version 1.2, as listed below. Most of the routines that already existed now have extended capabilities. Those of them with improved or extended user interface are listed below. They all remain backward compatible (ie, they can be used with codes written around version 1.1 and 1.2 without any edition).

- New routines in version 2.0 include
 - median_filter

 - loaddata_healpix: replaces loaddata to avoid conflict with other libraries
 - ...
- Routines with extended/improved user interface or new functionalities include
 - fits2c1: addition of /RSHOW, /SHOW keywords to plot power spectra while they are read; possibility to read power spectra from a file containing a_{lm} coefficients.
 - gnomview, mollview, orthview, cartview faster FITS file reading (by up to a factor 6); can deal with WMAP polarized maps FITS format; extension of the OUTLINE keyword to plot set of points; addition of the HBOUND keyword to overplot pixel boundaries; ...
 - read_tqu, read_fits_cut4, read_fits_map: addition of output keywords NSIDE, ORDER-ING, COORDSYS
 - reorder: simpler interface to ordering conversion with addition of /N2R and /R2N keywords
 - write_tqu, write_fits_cut4, write_fits_sb: faster FITS file writing (by a factor 10 or more);
 - . . .

alm2fits

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/fits/alm2fits.pro

This IDL routine provides a means to write spherical harmonic coefficients (and optional errors) and their index label to a FITS file. Each signal is written to a separate binary table extension. The routine also writes header information if required. The facility is primarily designed to allow the user to write a FITS files containing constraints for a constrained realisation performed by the **HEALPix** facility **synfast**.

FORMAT

IDL> ALM2FITS, index, alm_array, fitsfile, [HDR = , /HELP, XHDR =]

QUALIFIERS

index Long array containing the index for the corre-

sponding array of alm coefficients (and erralm if required). The index i is related to l,m by the

relation

 $i=\ell^2+\ell+m+1$

alm_array Real array of alm coefficients written to the file.

This has dimension (nl,nalm,nsig) – correspond-

ing to

nl = number of l, m indices

nalm = 2 for real and imaginary parts of alm coefficients or 4 for above plus corresponding error

values

nsig = number of signals to be written (1 for any of T E B or 3 if ALL to be written). Each signal

is stored in a separate extension.

fitsfile String containing the name of the file to be writ-

ten.

KEYWORDS

HDR = String array containing the primary header to be

written in the FITS file.

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> /HELP If set, the routine documentation header is shown and the routine exits XHDR =String array containing the extension header. If ALL signals are required, then each extension table is given this header. NOTE: optional header strings should NOT in-

clude the header keywords explicitly written by this routine.

DESCRIPTION alm2 fits writes the input alm coefficients (and associated errors if required) into a FITS file. Each signal type is written as a separate binary table extension. Optional headers conforming to the FITS convention can also be written to the output file. All required FITS header keywords are automatically generated by the routine and should NOT be duplicated in the optional header inputs. The keywords EXTNAME and TTYPE* are now also automatically generated.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to alm2fits.

ıdl	version 6.1 or more is necessary to run alm2fits.
fits2alm	provides the complimentary routine to read in alm coefficients from a FITS file.
lm2index	converts the alm order and degree (ℓ, m) into the index $i = \ell^2 + \ell + m + 1$ required by alm2fits.
cl2fits	routine to write a power spectrum into a FITS file.
fits 2cl	routine to read/compute $C(l)$ power spectra from a file containing $C(l)$ or a_{lm} coefficients
alteralm	utilises the output file generated by alm2fits.
synfast	utilises the output file generated by alm2fits.

EXAMPLE:

alm2fits, index, alm, 'alm.fits', HDR = hdr, XHDR = xhdr

alm2fits writes the coefficients stored in the variable alm to the output FITS file alm.fits with optional headers passed by the string variables hdr and xhdr.

ang2vec 11

ang2vec

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/toolkit/ang2vec.pro

This IDL facility convert the position angles of points on the sphere into their 3D position vectors.

FORMAT IDL> ANG2VEC, Theta, Phi, Vector [, AS-TRO=]

QUALIFIERS

Theta input: scalar or vector,

colatitude in radians measured southward from

north pole (in $[0,\pi]$).

If ASTRO is set, Theta is the latitude in degrees measured northward from the equator (in [-90,

90]).

Phi input: scalar or vector of same size as Theta,

longitude in radians measured eastward (in [0,

 2π]).

If ASTRO is set, it is the longitude in degree mea-

sured eastward (in [0,360]).

Vector output : array,

three dimensional cartesian position vector (x, y, z) normalised to unity. The north pole is (0, 0, 1). The coordinates are ordered as follows $x(0), \ldots, x(n-1), y(0), \ldots, y(n-1)$

1), $z(0), \ldots, z(n-1)$

KEYWORDS

ASTRO =

if set Theta and Phi are the latitude and longitude in degrees instead of the colatitude and longitude

in radians.

DESCRIPTION ang2vec performs the geometrical transform from the position angles of points (θ, ϕ) into their position vectors (x, y, z): $x = \sin \theta \cos \phi$, $y = \sin \theta \sin \phi$, $z = \cos \theta$

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to ang2vec.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run ang2vec.

pix2xxx, ... conversion between vector or angles and pixel in-

 dex

vec2ang conversion from position vectors to angles

EXAMPLE:

lat = -45; latitude in degrees
long = 120; longitude in degrees
ang2vec, lat, lon, /astro, vec

will return in vec the 3D cartesian position vector of the point of latitude -45 deg and longitude 120 deg

bin_llcl 13

bin_llcl

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/misc/bin_llcl.pro

This IDL facility provides a means to bin an angular power spectrum into arbitrary bins.

FORMAT

IDL> BIN_LLCL, Llcl_in, Bin, L_out, Llcl_out, [Dllcl, DELTAL=, /FLATTEN, /HELP, /UNIFORM]

QUALIFIERS

Llcl_in 1D vector: **input** power spectrum (given for each

l starting at 0).

Bin input: binning in l to be applied,

–either a scalar interpreted as the step size of a regular binning, the first bins are then $\{0, \text{ bin } -$

1},{bin, 2bin-1},...

-or a 1D vector, interpreted as the lower bound of each bin, ie the first bins are {bin[0],bin[1]-1},

 $\{ bin[1], bin[2]-1 \}, \dots$

L_out contains on **output** the center of each bin l_b .

Llcl_out contains on **output** the binned power spectrum

C(b), ie the (weighted) average of the input C(l)

over each bin.

Dllcl optional, contains on output a rough estimate

of the rms of the binned C(l) for a full sky obser-

vation $C(b)\sqrt{2/((2l_b+1)\Delta l_b)}$

DELTAL= **optional**, contains on **output** the size of each bin

 $\Delta l(b)$

KEYWORDS

/FLATTEN

if set, the C(l) is internally multiplied by l(l+

 $1)/2\pi$ before being binned.

By default, the input Llcl_in is binned as is.

/HELP if set, an extended help is printed and the code

exits.

/UNIFORM if set, the C(l) in each bin is given the same

weight.

By default a weight $\propto 2l + 1$ is used (inverse cosmic variance weighting). Note that this weighting

affects Llcl_out but not L_out.

DESCRIPTION bin_llcl bins the input power spectrum (as is, or after flattening by a $l(l+1)/2\pi$ factor) according to an arbitrary binning scheme defined by the user. Different weighting scheme (uniform or inverse variance) can be applied inside the bins.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to bin_llcl.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run bin_llcl.

fits2cl facility to read a power spectrum from a FITS file.

EXAMPLE:

```
init_healpix
fits2cl, cl, !healpix.directory+'/test/cl.fits', multipoles=1
fl = l*(l+1) / (2. * !pi)
bin_llcl, fl*cl[*,0], 10, lb, bbcb, /uniform
plot, l, fl*cl[*,0]
oplot, lb, bbcb, psym = 4
```

Read a power spectrum, bin it with a binsize of 10 and a uniform weighting, and overplot the input spectrum and its binned version.

bl2fits 15

bl2fits

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/fits/bl2fits.pro

This IDL facility provides a means to write into a FITS file as an ascii table extension a (beam) window function $W(\ell)$ or $W(\ell)$. Adds additional headers if required. The facility is primarily intended to allow the user to write an arbitrary window function into a FITS file in the correct format to be ingested by the **HEALPix** simulation facility **synfast**.

FORMAT

IDL> BL2FITS, bl_array, fitsfile, [HDR = , /HELP, XHDR =]

QUALIFIERS

bl_array real or double array of Bl coefficients to be written

to file. This has dimension $(\max+1,n)$ with $1 \le$

 $n \leq 3$, given in the sequence T E B.

fitsfile String containing the name of the file to be writ-

ten.

KEYWORDS

HDR = String array containing the (non-trivial) primary

header for the FITS file.

/HELP If set, a help message is printed out, no file is

written

XHDR = String array containing the (non-trivial) extension

header for the FITS file.

DESCRIPTIONbl2fits writes the input $B(\ell)$ or $W(\ell)$ coefficients into a FITS file containing an ascii table extension. Optional headers conforming to the FITS convention can also be written to the output file. All required FITS header keywords (like SIMPLE, BITPIX, ...) are automatically generated by the routine and should NOT be duplicated in the optional header inputs (they would be ignored anyway). The one/two/three column(s) are automatically named TEMPERATURE, GRAD, CURL respectively. If the window function is provided in a double precision array, the output format will automatically feature more decimal places.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **bl2fits**.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run bl2fits.

fits2cl provides the complimentary routine to read in a

window function or power spectrum from a FITS

synfast utilises the output file generated by bl2fits(option

beam_file).

EXAMPLE:

```
beam1 = gaussbeam(10., 2000, 1)
beam2 = gaussbeam(15., 2000, 1)
beam = (beam1 + beam2) / 2.
bl2fits, beam, 'beam.fits'
```

bl2fits writes the beam window function stored in the variable beam (=Legendre transform of a circular beam) into the output FITS file beam.fits.

17 cartcursor

cartcursor

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/visu/cartcursor.pro

This IDL facility provides a point-and-click interface for finding the astronomical location, value and pixel index of the pixels nearest to the pointed position on a cartesian projection of a **HEALPix** map.

FORMAT CARTCURSOR, IDL> [cursor_type=, file_out=]

QUALIFIERS

see mollcursor

DESCRIPTIONcart cursor should be called immediately after cartview. It gives the longitude, latitude, map value and pixel number corresponding to the cursor position in the window containing the map generated by orthview. For more details, or in case of problems under Mac OS X, see mollcursor.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **cartcursor**.

see mollcursor

EXAMPLE:

cartcursor

After cartview has read in a map and generated its cartesian projection, cartcursor is run to determine the position and flux of bright synchrotron sources, for example.

cartview

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/visu/cartview.pro

This IDL facility provides a means to visualise a cartesian projection (where the longitude and latitude are treated as the cartesian abscissa and ordinate) of **HEALPix** and COBE Quad-Cube maps in an IDL environment. It also offers the possibility to generate GIF, PNG and Postscript color-coded images of the projected map. The projected (but not color-coded) data can also be output in FITS files and IDL arrays.

FORMAT

IDL> CARTVIEW, File, [Select,] [/ASINH, CHARSIZE=. CHARTHICK=. COLT=. COORD=, /CROP, EXECUTE=, FAC-TOR=, FITS=, /FLIP, GAL_CUT=, GIF=, GLSIZE=, GRATICULE=, /HALF_SKY, HBOUND=, /HELP, /HIST_EQUAL, HX-SIZE=, IGLSIZE=, IGRATICULE=, /LOG, MAP_OUT=. MAX=. MIN=. /NESTED. /NO_DIPOLE, /NO_MONOPOLE, /NOBAR, /NOLABELS, /NOPOSITION, OFFSET=. OUTLINE=, PNG=, POLARIZATION=, /PREVIEW, PS=, PXSIZE=, PYSIZE=, RESO_ARCMIN=, RETAIN=, ROT=, /SAVE, /SHADED, /SILENT, SUBTITLE=, TITLEPLOT=, TRANSPARENT=, TRUE-COLORS=, UNITS=, WINDOW=, XPOS=, YPOS=

QUALIFIERS

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For a full list of qualifiers see mollview

KEYWORDS

For a full list of keywords see mollview

DESCRIPTIONcartview reads in a **HEALPix** sky map in FITS format and generates a cartesian projection of it, that can be visualized on the screen or exported in a GIF, PNG or Postscript file. cartview allows the selection of the coordinate system, point of projection, map size, color table, color bar inclusion, linear or log scaling, histogram equalised color scaling, maximum and minimum range for the plot, plot-title etc. It also allows the representation of the polarization field.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **cartview**.

see mollview

EXAMPLE:

```
map = findgen(48)
triangle= create_struct('coord', 'G', 'ra', [0,80,0], 'dec', [40,45,65])
cartview, map, /online, res=45, graticule=[45,30], rot=[10,20,30], pysize=250,$
   title='Cartesian cylindrical (full sky)', subtitle='cartview', $
   outline=triangle
```

makes a cartesian cylindrical projection of map (see Figure 1a on page 85) after an arbitrary rotation, with a graticule grid (with a 45° step in longitude and 30° in latitude) and an arbitrary triangular outline

$change_polcconv$

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/fits/change_polcconv.pro

This IDL facility changes the coordinate convention in FITS file containing a polarised sky map. The main effect is to change the sign of the U Stokes parameter, and add/update the POL-CCONV FITS header with either COSMO or IAU value.

FORMAT

IDL> CHANGE_POLCCONV , File_In File_Out [, /I2C, /C2I, /C2C, /I2I, /FORCE]

QUALIFIERS

 $File_In$

name of a FITS file to be read

File_Out

name of a FITS file to be written, after modification of the polarisation coordinate convention, if applicable

KEYWORDS

/I2C

changes from IAU to COSMO coordinate conven-

tion

-if POLCCONV is not found or found with value 'IAU', it is added/replaced with value 'COSMO', and the sign of the U stokes parameter map is changed

-if POLCCONV already has value 'COSMO', File_In is copied unchanged into File_Out

/C2I

changes from COSMO to IAU coordinate conven-

tion

-if POLCCONV is not found or found with value 'COSMO', it is added/replaced with value 'IAU', and the sign of the U stokes parameter map is changed

-if POLCCONV already has value 'IAU', File_In

is copied unchanged into File_Out

/C2C

does NOT change coordinate system

-if POLCCONV is found with value 'IAU', pro-

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gram will issue error message and no file is written -in all other case POLCCONV is set/added with value 'COSMO', but data is NOT changed

/I2I does NOT change coordinate system

-if POLCCONV is found with value 'COSMO', program will issue error message and no file is

written

-in all other case POLCCONV is set/added with

value 'IAU', but data is NOT changed

/FORCE if set, the value of POLCCONV read from the

FITS header is ignored. The sign of U is swapped (if used with /C2I or /I2C), and the FITS keyword

is updated accordingly.

DESCRIPTIONThis routine will change the sign of the *U* Stokes parameters (and related quantities, such as the *TU* and *QU* cross-correlations) and update the 'POLCCONV' FITS keyword

where applicable. The recognised format are:

- standard Healpix full sky polarised format

- cut sky Healpix polarised format

- WMAP 2nd year polarised format

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **change_polcconv** .

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to rur

change_polcconv

write_fits_cut4 This HEALPix IDL facility can be used to write

a (polarised or unpolarised) cut sky map into a

FITS file.

read_fits_cut4 This HEALPix IDL facility can be used to read

a (polarised or unpolarised) cut sky map from a

FITS file.

write_tqu This **HEALPix** IDL facility can be used to write

a polarised full sky map (with either the standard Healpix format or the WMAP 2nd year format)

into a FITS file

read_tqu This **HEALPix** IDL facility can be used to read

a polarised cut sky map from a FITS file

EXAMPLE:

change_polcconv, 'map_cosmo.fits','map_iau.fits',/c2i

Modify the file 'map_cosmo.fits', which was using the 'COSMO' convention for polarisation coordinate convention into 'map_iau.fits' which uses the 'IAU' convention

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cl2fits

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/fits/cl2fits.pro

This IDL facility provides a means to write into a FITS file as an ascii table extension the power spectrum coefficients passed to the routine. Adds additional headers if required. The facility is primarily intended to allow the user to write a theoretical power spectrum into a FITS file in the correct format to be ingested by the **HEALPix** simulation facility **synfast**.

FORMAT

IDL> CL2FITS, cl_array, fitsfile, [HDR = , /HELP, XHDR = , CMBFAST =, UNITS=]

QUALIFIERS

cl_array real or double array of Cl coefficients to be writ-

ten to file. This has dimension either (lmax+1,6) given in the sequence T E B TxE TxB ExB or (lmax+1,4) given in the sequence T E B TxE or (lmax+1) for T alone. The convention for the power spectrum is that it is not normalised by

the Harrison-Zeldovich (flat) spectrum.

fitsfile String containing the name of the file to be writ-

ten.

KEYWORDS

HDR = String array containing the (non-trivial) primary

header for the FITS file.

/HELP If set, a help message is printed out, no file is

written

XHDR = String array containing the (non-trivial) extension

header for the FITS file.

CMBFAST = if set, the routine will add the keyword 'POL-

NORM = CMBFAST' in the FITS header, meaning that the polarization power spectra have the

same convention as CMBFAST (and Healpix 1.2). If this keyword is not present in the input FITS file, synfast will issue a warning when simulating a polarization map from that power spectrum, but no attempt to renormalize the power spectra will be made. To actually perform the renormalization, see convert_oldhpx2cmbfast

UNITS =

String scalar containing units of power spectrum (eg, uK², Kelvin**2, ...), to be put in keywords 'TUNIT*' of the extension header. If provided, will override the values present in XHDR (if any).

NOTE: optional header strings should NOT include the header keywords explicitly written by this routine.

 $\overline{ extbf{DESCRIPTION}}$ cl2fits writes the input power spectrum coefficients into a FITS file containing an ascii table extension. Optional headers conforming to the FITS convention can also be written to the output file. All required FITS header keywords (like SIMPLE, BITPIX, ...) are automatically generated by the routine and should NOT be duplicated in the optional header inputs (they would be ignored anyway). The one/four/six column(s) are automatically named TEMPERATURE, GRAD, CURL, G-T, C-T and C-G respectively. If the power spectrum is provided in a double precision array, the output format will automatically feature more decimal places. The current implementation is much faster than the one available in Healpix 1.10 thanks to replacing an internal loop by vector operations.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to cl2fits.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run cl2fits.

fits2cl provides the complimentary routine to read in a

power spectrum from a FITS file.

convert_oldhpx2cmbfast

convert an existing power spectrum FITS file from the polarization convention used in Healpix 1.1 to the one used in Healpix 1.2 (and CMBFAST).

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bl2fits facility to write a window function into a FITS

file.

fits2alm, alm2fits routines to read and write a_{lm} coefficients

synfast utilises the output file generated by cl2fits.

EXAMPLE:

cl2fits, pwrsp, 'spectrum.fits', HDR = hdr, XHDR = xhdr

cl2fitswrites the power spectrum stored in the variable pwrsp to the output FITS file spectrum.fits with optional headers passed by the string variables hdr and xhdr.

$convert_oldhpx2cmbfast$

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/fits/convert_oldhpx2cmbfast.pro
This IDL facility provides a means to change the normalization
of polarization power spectra in a FITS file from Healpix 1.1
convention to Healpix 1.2 (which is the same as CMBFAST).

FORMAT IDL> CONVERT_OLDHPX2CMBFAST, file_in, [file_out, NO_RENORM=]

QUALIFIERS

file_in String containing the name of the FITS file with

the power spectra to be read.

file_out (OPTIONAL) String containing the name of the

file to be written after renormalization. If absent,

file_in will be used for output

KEYWORDS

NO_RENORM = if set, the renormalization is not done. but the

keyword POLNORM = CMBFAST is added to the FITS header (useful if the FITS file is already

in CMBFAST format).

DESCRIPTION convert_oldhpx2cmbfast does the conversion from the polariza-

tion normalisation used in **HEALPix** 1.1 to the one used in **HEALPix** 1.2 (see the Healpix primer document). A keyword POLNORM = CMBFAST is added to the header to keep track of which files have been renormalized. If this keyword is not present in the input FITS file, **synfast** will issue a warning when simulating a polarization map from that power spectrum, but no attempt to renormalize the power spectra will be made.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **convert_oldhpx2cmbfast**.

idl	version 6.1 or more is necessary to run con-
	$vert_oldhpx2cmbfast.$
cl2fits	provides the a routine to write a power spectrum to a FITS file.
fits2cl	provides the complimentary routine to read in a power spectrum from a FITS file.
synfast	utilises the output file generated by convert_oldhpx2cmbfast.

EXAMPLE:

convert_oldhpx2cmbfast, 'cl_flat.fits'

 $convert_oldhpx2cmbfast\ will\ renormalize\ the\ polarization\ power\ spectra\ read\ from\ 'cl_flat.fits',\ and\ write\ them\ in\ the\ same\ file.$

euler_matrix_new

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/misc/euler_matrix_new.pro

This IDL facility provides a means to generate a 3D rotation Euler matrix parametrized by three angles and three axes of rotation.

FORMAT IDL> matrix = EULER_MATRIX_NEW(a1, a2, a3 [, X=, Y=, ZYX=, DEG=])

QUALIFIERS

matrix	a 3x3 array containing the Euler matrix
a1	input, float scalar, angle of the first rotation, expressed in radians, unless DEG (see below) is set
a2	angle of the second rotation, same units as a1
a3	angle of the third rotation, same units as a1

KEYWORDS

DEG=	if set, the angles are in degrees instead of radians
X=	if set, uses the classical mechanics convention (ZXZ):
	rotation a1 around original Z axis,
	rotation a2 around intermediate X axis,
	rotation a3 around final Z axis
	(see Goldstein for more details).
	(default: this convention is used)
Y=	if set, uses the quantum mechanics convention (ZYZ):
	rotation a1 around original Z axis,
	rotation a2 around intermediate Y axis,
	rotation a3 around final Z axis.
ZYX =	if set, uses the aeronautics convention (ZYX):
	rotation a1 around original Z axis,
	rotation a2 around intermediate Y axis,
	rotation a3 around final X axis.

euler_matrix_new 29

DESCRIPTION euler_matrix_new

euler_matrix_new allows the generation of a rotation Euler matrix. The user can choose the three Euler angles, and the three axes of rotation.

If vec is an N×3 array containing N 3D vectors, vecr = vec # euler_matrix_new(a1,a2,a3,/Y) will be the rotated vectors

This routine supersedes euler_matrix, which had inconsistent angle definitions. The relation between the two routines is as follows:

euler_matrix_new(a,b,c,/X) = euler_matrix(-a,-b,-c,/X) = Transpose(euler_matrix(c, b, a,/X)) euler_matrix_new(a,b,c,/Y) = euler_matrix(-a, b,-c,/Y) = Transpose(euler_matrix(c,-b, a,/Y)) euler_matrix_new(a,b,c,/Z) = euler_matrix(-a, b,-c,/Z)

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **euler_matrix_new**.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run eu-

ler_matrix_new.

rotate_coord apply a rotation to a set of position vectors and

polarization Stokes parameters.

fits2alm

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/fits/fits2alm.pro

This IDL routine provides a means to read from a FITS file binary table extension(s) containing spherical harmonic coefficients $a_{\ell m}$ (and optional errors) and their index. Reads header information if required. The facility is intended to enable the user to read the output from the **HEALPix** facilities **anafast** and **synfast**.

FORMAT

IDL> FITS2ALM, index, alm_array, fitsfile, [signal, /HELP, HDR=, LMAX=, LMIN=, XHDR=]

QUALIFIERS

index Long array containing the index for the corre-

sponding array of $a_{\ell m}$ coefficients (and errors if required). The index i is related to (l, m) by the

relation

 $i = \ell^2 + \ell + m + 1.$

This has dimension nl (see below).

alm_array Real or double array of alm coefficients read from

the file. This has dimension (nl,nalm,nsig) – cor-

responding to

nl = number of (l, m) indices

nalm = 2 for real and imaginary parts of alm coefficients or 4 for above plus corresponding error

values

nsig = number of signals to be written (1 for any of T E B or 3 if ALL to be written). Each signal

is stored in a separate extension.

fitsfile String containing the name of the file to be read.

signal String defining the signal coefficients to read Valid

options: 'T', 'E', 'B' or 'ALL'

(default: 'T').

fits2alm 31

KEYWORDS

HDR =String array containing the primary header read from the FITS file. /HELP If set, the routine documentation header is shown and the routine exits LMAX =Largest l multipole to be output LMIN= Smallest l multipole to be output. If LMIN (resp. LMAX) is below (above) the range of l's present

in the file, it will be silently ignored String array containing the read extension

header(s). If ALL signals are required, then the three extension headers are returned appended

into one string array.

 $\overline{\mathbf{DESCRIPTION}}$ fits 2 alm reads binary table extension(s) which contain the $a_{\ell m}$ coefficients (and associated errors if present) from a FITS file. FITS headers can also optionally be read from the input file.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **fits2alm**.

fits2cl

XHDR =

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run fits2alm.

alm2fits provides the complimentary routine to write a_{lm}

coefficients into a FITS file.

converts the index $i = \ell^2 + \ell + m + 1$ returned index2lm

by fits2alm into ℓ and m

converts (ℓ, m) vectors into $i = \ell^2 + \ell + m + 1$ lm2index

> routine to read/compute C(l) power spectra from a file containing C(l) or a_{lm} coefficients

IDL routine providing $a_{\ell m}$ coefficients file to be ianafast, isynfast

read by fits2alm.

F90 facilities providing $a_{\ell m}$ coefficients file to be alteralm, anafast, synfast

read by fits2alm.

EXAMPLE:

fits2alm, index, alm, 'alm.fits', HDR = hdr, XHDR = xhdr

fits 2alm reads from the input FITS file alm.fits the $a_{\ell m}$ coefficients into the variable alm with optional headers passed by the string variables hdr and xhdr. Upon return index will contain the value of $\ell^2 + \ell + m + 1$ for each $a_{\ell m}$ found in the file.

fits2cl 33

fits2cl

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/fits/fits2cl.pro

This IDL facility provides a means to read from a FITS file an ascii or binary table extension containing power spectrum (C(l)) or spherical harmonics (a_{lm}) coefficients, and returns the corresponding power spectrum $(C(l) = \sum_{m} a_{lm} a_{lm}^*/(2l+1))$. Reads primary and extension headers if required. The facility is intended to enable the user to read the output from the **HEALPix** facility **anafast**.

FORMAT

IDL> FITS2CL, cl_array, fitsfile, [HDR = ,/HELP, /INTERACTIVE, LLFACTOR=, MULTIPOLES=, /RSHOW, /SHOW, /SILENT=, XHDR =]

QUALIFIERS

cl_array real array of C_{ℓ} coefficients read or computed from

the file. The output dimension depends on the contents of the file. This has dimension either (lmax+1,6) given in the sequence T E B TxE TxB ExB **or** (lmax+1,4) for T E B TxE **or** (lmax+1) for T alone. The convention for the power spectrum is that it is not normalised by the Harrison-

Zeldovich (flat) spectrum.

fitsfile String containing the name of the FITS file to be

read. The file contains either C(l) power spectra or a_{lm} coefficients. In either cases, C(l) is re-

turned.

KEYWORDS

HDR = String array containing on output the primary

header read from the FITS file.

/HELP If set, produces an extended help message (using

the doc_library IDL command).

/INTERACTIVE If set, the plots generated by /SHOW and /RS options are produced using iPlot routine, allow for interactive cropping, zooming and annota of the plots. This requires IDL 6.4 or newe work properly.	wing tion
LLFACTOR = vector containing on output the factor $l(l+1)$ which is often applied to $C(l)$ to flatten it for purposes	,
MULTIPOLES = vector containing on output the multipoles of which the power spectra are provided. They either - read from the file (1st column in the Planck mat), - or generated by the routine (assuming the multipoles from 0 to lmax included are provided)	for-
/RSHOW If set, the raw power spectra $C(l)$ read from file are plotted	the
/SHOW If set, the rescaled power spectra $l(l+1)C(l)$ are plotted	$/2\pi$
/SILENT If set, no message is issued during normal ex tion	ecu-
XHDR = String array containing on output the extended header read from the FITS file.	sion

DESCRIPTION fits2cl reads the power spectrum coefficients from a FITS file containing an ascii table extension. Descriptive headers conforming to the FITS convention can also be read from the input file.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to fits2cl.

idl	version 6.1 or more is necessary to run fits2cl.
bin_llcl	facility to bin a spectrum read with fits2cl.
bl2fits	facility to write a window function into a FITS file.
cl2fits	provides the complimentary routine to write a power spectrum to a FITS file.

fits2cl 35

fits2alm, alm2fits routines to read and write a_{lm} coefficients

ianafast IDL routine computing C(l) files that can be read

by fits2cl.

anafast F90 facility computing C(l) files that can be read

by fits2cl.

EXAMPLE:

fits2cl reads a power spectrum C(l) from the input FITS file \$HEALPIX/test/cl.fits into the variable pwrsp, with optional headers passed by the string variables hdr and xhdr. The multipoles l and factors $l(l+1)/2\pi$ are read into 1 and fl1 respectively. $l(l+1)C(l)/2\pi$ vs l is then plotted.

gaussbeam

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/misc/gaussbeam.pro

This IDL facility provides the window function in ℓ space for a gaussian axisymmetric beam of given FWHM.

FORMAT IDL> beam=GAUSSBEAM (Fwhm, Lmax [, Dim])

QUALIFIERS

Fwhm Full Width Half Maximum of the gaussian beam,

in arcmin (scalar real)

Lmax the window function is computed for the multi-

poles ℓ in $\{0,...,Lmax\}$

Dim scalar integer, optional.

If absent or set to 0 or 1, the output has size

(Lmax+1) and is the temperature beam;

if set to $2 \leq \text{Dim} \leq 4$, the output has size

(Lmax+1,Dim) and contains in that order:

the TEMPERATURE beam,

the GRAD/ELECTRIC polarization beam the CURL/MAGNETIC polarization beam

the TEMPERATURE*GRAD beam

 $\overline{\mathbf{DESCRIPTION}}_{\mathrm{gaussbeam}}$ computes the ℓ space window function of a gaussian beam of FWHM Fwhm. For a sky of underlying power spectrum $C(\ell)$ observed with beam of given FWHM, the measured power spectrum will be $C(\ell)_{\text{meas}} = C(\ell)B(\ell)^2$ where $B(\ell)$ is given by gaussbeam(Fwhm,Lmax). The polarization beam is also provided (when Dim > 1) assuming a perfectly co-polarized beam (eg. Challinor et al 2000, astro-ph/0008228)

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **gaussbeam** .

gaussbeam 37

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run gaussbeam

healpixwindow computes the ℓ space window function associated

with a **HEALPix** pixel size

synfast f90 code to generate CMB maps of given power

spectrum convolved with a gaussian beam

smoothing f90 code to smooth existing **HEALPix** maps with

a gaussian beam

anafast f90 code to compute the power spectrum of a

HEALPix sky map

EXAMPLE:

beam = gaussbeam(5.,1200)

beam contains the window function in $\{0,...,1200\}$ of a gaussian beam of fwhm 5 arcmin

getdisc_ring

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/toolkit/getdisc_ring.pro
This routine is obsolete. Use query_disc instead.

getsize_fits 39

getsize_fits

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/fits/getsize_fits.pro

This IDL function reads the number of maps and/or the pixel ordering of a FITS file containing a **HEALPix** map.

FORMAT

IDL> var = GETSIZE_FITS (File, [Nmaps =, Nside =, Mlpol =, Ordering =, Obs_Npix =, Type =, Header =])

QUALIFIERS

File name of a FITS file containing the **HEALPix** map(s).

var contains on output the number of pixels stored in a map FITS file. Each pixel is counted only once (even if several information is stored on each of them, see nmaps). Depending on the data storage format, result may be:

equal or smaller to the number Npix of Healpix pixels available over the sky for the given resolution (Npix = 12*nside*nside)
equal or larger to the number of non blank pixels (obs_npix)

Nmaps= contains on output the number of maps in the file

Nside = contains on output the **HEALPix** resolution parameter N_{side}

Mlpol= contains on output the maximum multipole used to generate the map

Ordering= contains on output the pixel ordering scheme: either 'RING' or 'NESTED'

Obs_Npix= contains on output the number of non blanck pixels. It is set to -1 if it can not be determined from header

Type= Healpix/FITS file type

<0: file not found, or not valid

0 : image only fits file, deprecated Healpix format (var = $12N_{\rm side}^2$)

1: ascii table, generally used for C(l) storage

2 : binary table : with implicit pixel indexing (full sky) (var = $12N_{\rm side}^2$)

3 : binary table : with explicit pixel indexing (generally cut sky) (var $\leq 12N_{\rm side}^2$)

999: unable to determine the type

Header= contains on output the FITS extension header

DESCRIPTIONgetsize_fits gets the number of pixels in a FITS file. If the file follows the **HEALPix** standard, the routine can also get the resolution parameter Nside, the ordering scheme, ..., and can determine the type of data set contained in the file.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **getsize_fits**.

write_fits_sb

idl	version 6.1 or more is necessary to run getsize_fits
read_fits_map	This $\mathbf{HEALPix}$ IDL facility can be used to read
	in maps written by getsize_fits .
sxaddpar	This IDL routine (included in HEALPix pack-
	age) can be used to update or add FITS keywords
	to Header
reorder	This HEALPix IDL routine can be used to re-
	order a map from NESTED scheme to RING
	scheme and vice-versa.

EXAMPLE:

```
npix = getsize_fits(!healpix.directory+'/test/map.fits', nside=nside, $
   mlpol=lmax, type=filetype)
print, npix, nside, lmax, filetype
```

should produce something like 196608 128 256

meaning that the map contained in that file has 196608 pixels, the resolution parameter is nside=128, the maximum multipole was 256, and this a full sky map (type 2).

routine to write multi-column binary FITS table

41 gnomcursor

gnomcursor

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/visu/gnomcursor.pro

This IDL facility provides a point-and-click interface for finding the astronomical location, value and pixel index of the pixels nearest to the pointed position on a gnomonic projection of a **HEALPix** map.

FORMAT GNOMCURSOR, cursor_type=, IDL> file_out=

QUALIFIERS

see mollcursor

 $\overline{
m DESCRIP}$ TION gnomcursor should be called immediately after gnomview. It gives the longitude, latitude, map value and pixel number corresponding to the cursor position in the window containing the map generated by gnomview. For more details, or in case of problems under Mac OS X, see mollcursor.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **gnomcursor**.

see mollcursor

EXAMPLE:

gnomcursor

After gnomview has read in a map and generated its gnomonic projection, gnomcursor is run to determine the position and flux of bright synchrotron sources, for example.

gnomview

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/visu/gnomview.pro

This IDL facility provides a means to visualise a Gnomonic projection (radial projection onto a tangent plane) of **HEALPix** and COBE Quad-Cube maps in an IDL environment. It also offers the possibility to generate GIF, PNG and Postscript color-coded images of the projected map. The projected (but not color-coded) data can also be output in FITS files and IDL arrays.

FORMAT

IDL> GNOMVIEW, File, [Select,] [/AS-INH, CHARSIZE=, CHARTHICK=, COLT=, COORD=, /CROP, EXECUTE=, FAC-TOR=, FITS=, /FLIP, GAL_CUT=, GIF=, GLSIZE=, GRATICULE=, /HALF_SKY, HBOUND=, /HELP, /HIST_EQUAL, HX-SIZE=, IGLSIZE=, IGRATICULE=, /LOG, MAP_OUT=. MAX=. MIN=. /NESTED. /NO_DIPOLE, /NO_MONOPOLE, /NOBAR, /NOLABELS, /NOPOSITION, OFFSET=. OUTLINE=, PNG=, POLARIZATION=, /PREVIEW, PS=, PXSIZE=, PYSIZE=, RESO_ARCMIN=, RETAIN=, ROT=, /SAVE, /SHADED, /SILENT, SUBTITLE=, TITLEPLOT=, TRANSPARENT=, TRUE-COLORS=, UNITS=, WINDOW=, XPOS=, YPOS=

QUALIFIERS

43 gnomview

For a full list of qualifiers see mollview

KEYWORDS

For a full list of keywords see mollview

 $\overline{\mathrm{DESCR}}\mathrm{IPTION}$ gnomview reads in a $\mathrm{HEALPix}$ sky map in FITS format and generates a Gnomonic projection of it, that can be visualized on the screen or exported in a GIF, PNG, Postscript or FITS file. gnomyiew allows the selection of the coordinate system, point of projection, map size, color table, color bar inclusion, linear or log scaling, histogram equalised color scaling, maximum and minimum range for the plot, plot-title etc. It also allows the representation of the polarization field.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **gnomview**.

see mollview

EXAMPLES: #1

```
gnomview, 'planck100GHZ-LFI.fits', rot=[160,-30], reso_arcmin=2., $
   pxsize = 500., $
   title='Simulated Planck LFI Sky Map at 100GHz', $
   min = -100, max = 100
```

gnomview reads in the map 'planck100GHZ-LFI.fits' and generates an output image of the size of 500×500 screen pixels, with a resolution of 2 arcmin/screen pixel at the center. The temperature scale has been set to lie between \pm 100, and the units will show as μ K. The title 'Simulated Planck LFI Sky Map at 100GHz' has been appended to the image. The map is centered at (l = 160, b = -30)

EXAMPLES: #2

```
map = findgen(48)
triangle= create_struct('coord','G','ra',[0,80,0],'dec',[40,45,65])
gnomview,map,/online,res=25,graticule=[45,30],rot=[10,20,30],$
   title='Gnomic projection',subtitle='gnomview', $
   outline=triangle
```

makes a gnomic projection of map (see Figure 1b on page 85) after an arbitrary rotation, with a graticule grid (with a 45° step in longitude and 30° in latitude) and an arbitrary triangular outline

healpix_doc

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/misc/healpix_doc.pro

This IDL facility displays HTML or PDF **HEALPix** documentation

FORMAT IDL> healpix_doc, [HTML=| PDF=] [
HELP=, WHOLE=]

KEYWORDS

HELP= if set, an extensive help on healpix_doc is dis-

played.

HTML= if set, the **HEALPix** (IDL) HTML documenta-

tion is shown with a web browser. If the browser

is already in use, a new tab is open.

PDF= if set, the **HEALPix** (IDL) PDF documentation

is shown with a pdf viewer.

Either HTML or PDF must be set.

WHOLE= if set, the whole **HEALPix** documentation is ac-

cessible, not just the IDL related part.

DESCRIPTION healpix_doc calls Online_help to open either the HTML or

PDF **HEALPix** documentation. The browser and viewer used are those found by the \$IDL_DIR/bin/online_help_html and \$IDL_DIR/bin/online_help_pdf scripts respectively. The content of the !healpix system variable is used to determine the documentation path.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **healpix_doc**.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run

healpix_doc.

!HEALPIX IDL system variable defined by healpix_doc.

EXAMPLES: #1

healpix_doc, /html, /whole

will open the whole $\mathbf{HEALPix}$ HTML documentation in a web browser.

EXAMPLES: #2

healpix_doc, /pdf

will open the IDL related $\mathbf{HEALPix}$ PDF documentation.

healpixwindow 47

healpixwindow

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/misc/healpixwindow.pro

This IDL facility provides the window function in ℓ associated with the Healpix pixel of resolution Nside.

FORMAT IDL> wpix=HEALPIXWINDOW (Nside [Dim, Directory])

QUALIFIERS

Nside resolution parameter

Wpix the pixel window function, computed for the mul-

tipoles ℓ in $\{0,...,4$ Nside $\}$

Dim scalar integer, optional.

If absent or set to 0 or 1, the output has size (4 Nside+1) and is the temperature window func-

tion;

if set to $2 \leq \text{Dim} \leq 4$, the output has size (4)

Nside+1,Dim) and contains in that order: the TEMPERATURE window function, the GRAD/ELECTRIC polarization one the CURL/MAGNETIC polarization one

the TEMPERATURE*GRAD one.

Directory directory in which the precomputed pixel window

file is looked for.

(default: \$)HEALPIX/data/

DESCRIPTION healpixwindow computes the ℓ space window function due to the finite size of the **HEALPix** pixels. The typical size of a pixel (square root of its uniform surface area) is $\sqrt{3/\pi} \ 3600/N_{\rm side}$ arcmin. If a unpixelised sky has a power spectrum $C(\ell)$, the same sky pixelised with a resolution parameter Nside will have the power spectrum $C(\ell)_{\rm pix} = C(\ell)W(\ell)^2$ where $W(\ell)$ is given by healpixwindow (Nside). The polarized pixel window function is also provided (when Dim > 1). This routine reads some FITS files located in the subdirectory data/ of the

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to healpixwindow.

otherwise.

• 11	. 01	•	. 1	1
idl	version 6.1 or m	ore is necessary	to run h	ealpixwin-

HEALPix distribution, unless the keyword Directory is set

dow

gaussbeam computes the ℓ space window function associated

with a gaussian beam

synfast f90 code to generate CMB maps of given power

spectrum at a given resolution (=pixel size)

anafast f90 code to compute the power spectrum of a

HEALPix sky map

EXAMPLE:

wpix = healpixwindow (256)

wpix contains the window function in $\{0,...,1024\}$ of the **HEALPix** pixel with resolution parameter 256 (pixel size of 13.7 arcmin)

hpx2gs 49

hpx2gs

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/visu/hpx2gs.pro

This IDL facility provides a means to turn a **HEALPix** map into a image that can be visualized with Google Earth or Google Sky.

FORMAT IDL> hpx2gs, File, [Select,] [COLT=, TITLEPLOT=]

QUALIFIERS

File Required

name of a FITS file containing the **HEALPix** map in an extension or in the image field,

or name of an *online* variable (either array or structure) containing the **HEALPix** map (See note below);

if Save is set: name of an IDL saveset file containing the **HEALPix** map stored under the variable data

(default: none)

Select Optional

column of the BIN FITS table to be plotted, can be either

- a name : value given in TTYPEi of the FITS file

NOT case sensitive and can be truncated, (only letters, digits and underscore are valid)

- an integer: number i of the column containing the data, starting with

1 (also valid if File is an online array)

(**default:** 1 for full sky maps, 'SIGNAL' column for FITS files containing cut sky maps)

KEYWORDS

COORD_IN = 1-character scalar, describing the input data coor-

dinate system:

either 'C' or 'Q' : Celestial2000 = eQuatorial,

'E' : Ecliptic,
'G' : Galactic.

If set, it will over-ride the coordinates read from the FITS file header (when applicable). In absence of information, the input coordinates is assumed to be celestial.

The data will be rotated so that the output coordinates are Celestial, as expected by Google Sky

/HELP Prints out the documentation header

KML = Name of the KML file to be created (if the .kml

suffix is missing, it will be added automatically)

(default: 'hpx2googlesky.kml')

PNG = Name of the PNG overlay file to be created. Only

to be used if you want the filename to be different from the default ((default: same as KML file,

with a .png suffix instead of .kml))

RESO_ARCMIN = Pixel angular size in arcmin (at the equator) of

hpx2gs 51

the cartesian map generated (**default:** 30)

SUBTITLE = information on the data, will appear in KML file

GroundOverlay description field

TITLEPLOT = information on the data, will appear in KML file

GroundOverlay name field

COLT=, FACTOR=, FLIP=, GLSIZE=, GRATICULE=, HBOUND=,

HIST_EQUAL=, IGLSIZE=, IGRATICULE=, LOG=, MAX=, MIN=, NESTED=,

NO_DIPOLE =, NO_MONOPLE=, OFFSET=

OUTLINE=, POLARIZATION=, PREVIEW=,

QUADCUBE=, SAVE=, SILENT= those keywords have the same meaning

as in cartview and mollview

DESCRIPTIONhpx2gs reads in a **HEALPix** sky map in FITS format or from a memory array and generates a cartesian projection of it in a PNG file, as well as a Google Sky compatible KML file. Missing or unobserved pixels in the input data will be totally 'transparent' in the output file.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **hpx2gs**.

see cartview

EXAMPLE:

map = findgen(48)

hpx2gs, map, kml='my_map.kml',title='my map in Google'

produces in my_map.kml and in my_map.png an image of the input map that can be seen with Google Sky. To do so, start GoogleEarth or GoogleSky and open my_map.kml.

ianafast

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/interfaces/ianafast.pro

This IDL facility provides an interface to 'anafast' F90 and 'anafast_cxx' C++ facilities

FORMAT

IDL> IANAFAST, map1_in [, cl_out, alm1_out=, alm2_out=, binpath=, cxx=, double=, help=, healpix_data=, iter_order=, keep_tmp_files=, map2_in=, maskfile=, nested=, nlmax=, nmmax=, ordering=, plmfile=, polarisation=, regression=, ring=, show_cl=, simul_type=, silent=, theta_cut_deg=, tmpdir=, weighted=, won=, w8file=, w8dir=]

QUALIFIERS

map1_in

cl_out

required input: 1st input map, can be a FITS file, or a memory array containing the map to analyze optional output: auto or cross power spectrum C(l), can be a FITS file or a memory array

KEYWORDS

alm1_out= output alm of 1st map, must be a FITS file

(default: alm not kept)

alm2_out= output alm of 2nd map (if any, must be a FITS

file) (**default:** alm not kept)

binpath= full path to back-end routine (**default:** \$HEXE/anafast, then \$HEALPIX/bin/anafast

or \$HEALPIX/src/cxx/\$HEALPIX_TARGET-/bin/anafast_cxx, then

 $\label{eq:condition} $$\text{HEALPIX/src/cxx/generic_gcc/bin/anafast_cxx}$$$

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	if cxx is set) - a binpath starting with / (or \), or \$ is interpreted as absolute - a binpath starting with ./ is interpreted as relative to current directory - all other binpathes are relative to \$HEALPIX
/cxx	if set, the C++ back-end anafast_cxx is invoked instead of F90 anafast, AND the parameter file is written accordingly
/double	if set, I/O is done in double precision (default: single precision I/O)
/help	if set, prints extended help
$healpix_data =$	directory with Healpix precomputed files (only for C++ back_end when weighted=1) (default: \$HEALPIX/data)
$iter_order =$	order of iteration in the analysis (default: 0)
/keep_tmp_files	if set, temporary files are not discarded at the end of the run
map2_in=	2nd input map (FITS file or array), if provided, Cl_out will contain the cross power spectra of the 2 maps (default: no 2nd map)
maskfile=	pixel mask (FITS file or array) (default: no mask)
/nested=	if set, signals that *all* maps and mask read online are in NESTED scheme (does not apply to FITS file), see also /ring and Ordering
nlmax=	maximum multipole of analysis, *required* for C++ anafast_cxx, optional for F90 anafast
nmmax=	maximum degree m, only valid for C++ anafast_cxx (default: nlmax)
ordering=	either 'RING' or 'NESTED', ordering of online maps and masks, see /ring and /ordering
plmfile=	FITS file containing precomputed Spherical Harmonics (default: no file)
/polarisation	if set analyze temperature + polarization (same as simul_type = 2)
regression=	0, 1 or 2, regress out best fit monopole and/or dipole before alm analysis (default: 0, analyze raw map)
$/\mathrm{ring}$	see /nested and ordering above

/show_cl if set, and cl_out is defined, the produced l(l +

 $1)C(l)/2\pi$ will be plotted

simul_type= 1 or 2, analyze temperature only or temperature

+ polarization

/silent if set, works silently

theta_cut_deg= cut around the equatorial plane

tmpdir= directory in which are written temporary files

(default: IDL_TMPDIR (see IDL documenta-

tion))

/weighted same as won (default: apply weighting)

/won if set, a weighting scheme is used to improve the

quadrature (**default:** apply weighting)

w8file= FITS file containing weights (default: deter-

mined automatically by back-end routine). Do not set this keyword unless you really know what

you are doing

w8dir= directory where the weights are to be found

(default: determined automatically by back-end

routine)

DESCRIPTIONianafast is an interface to 'anafast' F90 and 'anafast_cxx' C++ facilities. It requires some disk space on which to write the parameter file and the other temporary files. Most data can be provided/generated as an external FITS file, or as a memory array.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **ianafast**.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run ianafast.

anafast F90 facility called by ianafast.

anafast_cxx C++ called by ianafast.

isynfast IDL Interface to F90 synfast ismoothing IDL Interface to F90 smoothing

EXAMPLE:

ianafast 55

```
whitenoise = randomn(seed, nside2npix(256))
ianafast, whitenoise, cl, /ring, /silent
plot, cl[*,0]
```

will plot the power spectrum of a white noise map

ismoothing

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/interfaces/ismoothing.pro

This IDL facility provides an interface to F90 'smoothing' facility

FORMAT

IDL> ISMOOTHING, map1_in, map_out [, beam_file=, binpath=, double=, fwhm_arcmin=, help=, iter_order=, keep_tmp_files=, lmax=, nlmax=, nested=, ordering=, plmfile=, regression=, ring=, simul_type=, silent=, theta_cut_deg=, tm-pdir=, won=, w8file=, w8dir=]

QUALIFIERS

map1_in required input: input map, can be a FITS file, or

a memory array containing the map to smooth $\,$

map2_out required output: output smoothed map, can be a

FITS file, or a memory array

KEYWORDS

beam_file= beam window function, either a FITS file or an

array

binpath= full path to back-end routine

(default: \$HEXE/smoothing, then

\$HEALPIX/bin/smoothing)

- a binpath starting with / (or \), or \$ is interpreted as absolute.

interpreted as absolute

- a binpath starting with ./ is interpreted as

relative to current directory

– all other binpathes are relative to \$HEALPIX

/double if set, I/O is done in double precision (**default:**

single precision I/O)

ismoothing 57

fwhm_arcmin= gaussian beam FWHM in arcmin (default: 0) /help if set, prints extended help iter order= order of iteration in the analysis (**default:** 0) if set, temporary files are not discarded at the end /keep_tmp_files of the run lmax=, nlmax= maximum multipole of smoothing (default: determined by back-end routine (ie, smoothing)) if set, signals that *all* maps and mask read online /nested are in NESTED scheme (does not apply to FITS file), see also /ring and Ordering ordering= either 'RING' or 'NESTED', ordering of online maps and masks, see /ring and Ordering FITS file containing precomputed Spherical Harplmfile= monics (**default:** no file) regression= 0, 1 or 2, regress out best fit monopole and/or dipole before alm analysis (**default:** 0, analyze raw map) see /nested and Ordering above /ring simul_type= 1 or 2, analyze temperature only or temperature + polarization /silent if set, works silently $theta_cut_deg =$ cut around the equatorial plane tmpdir= directory in which are written temporary files (default: IDL_TMPDIR (see IDL documentation)) /won if set, a weighting scheme is used to improve the quadrature (**default:** apply weighting) w8file= FITS file containing weights (default: determined automatically by back-end routine). Do not set this keyword unless you really know what you are doing w8dir =directory where the weights are to be found (default: determined automatically by back-end routine)

DESCRIPTION is moothing is an interface to 'smoothing' F90 facility. It requires some disk space on which to write the parameter file and the other temporary files. Most data can be provided/generated as an external FITS file, or as a memory array.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **ismoothing**.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run ismoothing.

smoothing F90 facility called by ismoothing.

ianafast IDL Interface to F90 anafast and C++

 $anafast_cxx$

isynfast IDL Interface to F90 synfast

EXAMPLE:

```
whitenoise = randomn(seed, nside2npix(256))
ismoothing, whitenoise, rednoise, fwhm=120, /ring, simul=1,/silent
mollview, whitenoise,title='White noise'
mollview, rednoise, title='Smoothed white Noise'
```

will generate and plot a white noise map and its smoothed version

isynfast 59

isynfast

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/interfaces/isynfast.pro

This IDL facility provides an interface to F90 'synfast' facility. It can be used to generate sky maps and/or a_{lm} from power spectra (C(l)), synthesize maps from a_{lm} or simulate maps from C(l) and constraining a_{lm} .

FORMAT

IDL> ISYNFAST, cl_in [, map_out, alm_in=, alm_out=, apply_windows=, beam_file=, bin-path=, double=, fwhm_arcmin=, help=, iseed=, keep_tmp_files=, lmax=, nlmax=, nside=, nsmax=, plmfile=, simul_type=, silent=, tmpdir=, windowfile=, winfiledir=]

QUALIFIERS

cl_in input power spectrum, can be a FITS file, or a

memory array containing the C(l), used to gener-

ate a map or a set of gaussian alm

If empty quotes (") or a zero (0) are provided, it will be interpreted as "No input C(l)", in which

case some input alm's (alm_in) are required.

map_out optional output: map synthetised from the power

spectrum or from constraining alm

KEYWORDS

alm_in= optional input (constraining) alm (default: no

alm)

alm_out= contains on output the effective alm

/apply_windows if set, beam and pixel windows are applied to in-

put alm_in (if any)

beam_file= beam window function, either a FITS file or an

array

binpath=	full path to back-end routine (default: \$HEXE/synfast, then \$HEALPIX/bin/synfast) – a binpath starting with / (or \), or \$ is interpreted as absolute – a binpath starting with ./ is interpreted as relative to current directory – all other binpathes are relative to \$HEALPIX
/double	if set, I/O is done in double precision (default: single precision I/O)
$fwhm_arcmin =$	gaussian beam FWHM in arcmin (default: 0)
/help	if set, prints extended help
iseed =	integer seed of radom sequence (default: 0)
$/\mathrm{keep_tmp_files}$	if set, temporary files are not discarded at the end of the run
lmax=, nlmax=	maximum multipole simulation (default: $2*N_{\text{side}}$)
nside=, nsmax=	Healpix resolution parameter $N_{\rm side}$
plmfile=	FITS file containing precomputed Spherical Harmonics (default: no file)
$simul_type =$	 Temperature only Temperature + polarisation Temperature + 1st derivatives Temperature + 1st & 2nd derivatives T+P + 1st derivatives T+P + 1st & 2nd derivates (default: 2: T+P)
/silent	if set, works silently
$\operatorname{tmpdir} =$	directory in which are written temporary files (default: IDL_TMPDIR (see IDL documentation))
windowfile=	FITS file containing pixel window (default: determined automatically by back-end routine). Do not set this keyword unless you really know what you are doing
winfiledir=	directory where the pixel windows are to be found (default: determined automatically by back-end routine). Do not set this keyword unless you really know what you are doing

isynfast 61

DESCRIPTIONisynfast is an interface to F90 'synfast' F90 facility. It requires some disk space on which to write the parameter file and the other temporary files. Most data can be provided/generated as an external FITS file, or as a memory array.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **isynfast**.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run isynfast.

synfast F90 facility called by isynfast.

ismoothing IDL Interface to F90 smoothing

ianafast IDL Interface to F90 anafast and C++

 $anafast_cxx$

EXAMPLE:

```
isynfast, '$HEALPIX/test/cl.fits', map, fwhm=30, nside=256, /silent
mollview, map, 1, title='I'
mollview, map, 2, title='Q'
```

will synthetize and plot I and Q maps constistent with WMAP-1yr best fit power spectrum and observed with a circular gaussian 30 arcmin beam.

index2lm

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/misc/index2lm.pro

This IDL routine provides a means to convert the $a_{\ell m}$ index $i = \ell^2 + \ell + m + 1$ (as returned by eg the fits2alm routine) into ℓ and m.

FORMAT

IDL> INDEX2LM, index, l, m

QUALIFIERS

index Long array containing on INPUT the index

 $i = \ell^2 + \ell + m + 1.$

l Long array containing on OUTPUT the order ℓ .

It has the same size as index.

m Long array containing on OUTPUT the degree m.

It has the same size as index.

DESCRIPTIONindex2lm converts $i = \ell^2 + \ell + m + 1$ into (ℓ, m) . Note that the index i is only defined for $0 \le |m| \le \ell$.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to index2lm.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run index2lm.

fits2alm reads a FITS file containing $a_{\ell m}$ values.

alm2fits writes $a_{\ell m}$ values into a FITS file.

lm2index routine complementary to index2lm: converts

 (ℓ, m) into $i = \ell^2 + \ell + m + 1$.

EXAMPLE:

index2lm, index, 1, m

index2lm 63

will return in 1 and m the order ℓ and degree m such that ${\tt index} = \ell^2 + ell + m + 1$

init_healpix

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/misc/init_healpix.pro

This IDL facility creates an IDL system variable (!HEALPIX) containing various **HEALPix** related quantities

FORMAT

IDL> INIT_HEALPIX [,VERBOSE=]

KEYWORDS

VERBOSE =

if set, turn on the verbose mode, giving a short description of the variables just created.

 $\overline{
m DESCRIPTION}$ in it_healpix defines the IDL system variable and structure !HEALPIX containing several quantities and character string necessary to HEALPix, eg: allowed resolution parameters Nside, full path to package directory, package version...

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **init_healpix**.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary

init_healpix.

!HEALPIX IDL system variable defined by init_healpix.

EXAMPLES: #1

init_healpix,/verbose

init_healpix will create the system variable !Healpix, and give a short description of the tags available.

EXAMPLES: #2

help, !healpix, /structure

will print the content of the !Healpix system structure.

lm2index

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/misc/lm2index.pro

This IDL routine provides a means to convert the $a_{\ell m}$ degree and order (ℓ, m) into the index $i = \ell^2 + \ell + m + 1$ (in order to be fed to alm2fits routine for instance)

FORMAT

IDL> LM2INDEX, l, m, index

QUALIFIERS

l Long array containing on INPUT the order ℓ . m Long array containing on INPUT the degree m. index Long array containing on OUTPUT the index $i = \ell^2 + \ell + m + 1$.

DESCRIPTIONlm2index converts (ℓ, m) into $i = \ell^2 + \ell + m + 1$. Note that by definition $0 \le |m| \le \ell$ (the routine does not check for this).

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to lm2index.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run lm2index.

fits2alm reads a FITS file containing $a_{\ell m}$ values.

alm2fits writes $a_{\ell m}$ values into a FITS file.

index2lm routine complementary to lm2index: converts i =

 $\ell^2 + \ell + m + 1$ into (ℓ, m) .

EXAMPLE:

lm2index, 1, m, index

will return in index in value $\ell^2 + \ell + m + 1$

median_filter 67

median_filter

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/toolkit/median_filter.pro

This IDL facility allows the median filtering of a Healpix map.

FORMAT

IDL> MEDIAN_FILTER (InputMap, Radius, MedianMap [,ORDERING=, /RING, /NESTED, /FILL_HOLES, /DEGREES, /ARCMIN])

QUALIFIERS

InputMap (IN) either an IDL array containing a full sky

Healpix map to filter ('online' usage), or the name of an external FITS file containing a full sky or cut

sky map

Radius (IN) radius of the disk on which the median is

computed. It is in Radians, unless /DEGREES or

/ARCMIN are set

MedianMap (OUT) either an IDL variable containing on out-

put the filtered map, or the name of an external FITS file to contain the map. Should be of same type of InputMap. Flagged pixels (ie, having the value !healpix.bad_value) are left unchanged,

unless /FILL_HOLES is set.

KEYWORDS

/ARCMIN If set, Radius is in arcmin rather than radians

/DEG If set, Radius is in degrees rather than radians

/FILL_HOLES If set, flagged pixels are replaced with the median

of the valid pixels found within a distance Radius.

If there are any.

/NESTED Same as ORDERING='NESTED'

ORDERING= Healpix map ordering, should be either 'RING' or

'NESTED'. Only applies to 'online' usage.

/RING Same as ORDERING='RING'

 $\overline{
m DESCRIPTION}$ median_filter allows the median filtering of a Healpix map. Each pixel of the output map is the median value of the input map pixels found within a disc of given radius centered on that pixel. Flagged pixels can be either left unchanged or 'filled in' with that same scheme.

> If the map is polarized, each of the three Stokes components is filtered separately.

> The input and output can either be arrays or FITS files, but they to be both arrays or both FITS files.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to median_filter .

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run median_filter

EXAMPLE:

```
median_filter ('map.fits', 10., /arcmin, 'med.fits')
```

Writes in 'med.fits' the median filtered map of 'map.fits' using a disc radius of 10 arcmin

EXAMPLE:

```
map = randomn(seed, nside2npix(256))
median_filter (map, 0.5, /deg, med)
```

Returns in med the median filtered map of map using a disc radius of 0.5 degrees

mollcursor 69

mollcursor

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/visu/mollcursor.pro

This IDL facility provides a point-and-click interface for finding the astronomical location, value and pixel index of the pixels nearest to the pointed position on a Mollweide projection of a **HEALPix** map.

QUALIFIERS

cursor_type= cursor type to be used

(default: 34)

 $\label{eq:file_out} \textbf{file_out} = \qquad \qquad \textbf{file containing on output the list of point selected}$

with the cursor.

If set to 1, the file will take its default name: 'cur-

sor_catalog.txt'.

If set to a non-empty character string, the file

name will be that string

 ${f DESCRIPTION}$ mollcursor should be run immediately following mollview. It gives the longitude, latitude, map value and pixel number corresponding to the cursor position in the window containing the map generated by mollview. Mouse buttons are used to select the function:

> left button = display the information relative to the current cursor position,

> middle button = print out this information in the IDL command window

right button = quit mollcursor

Note on Mac OS X, X11 and IDL cursor: on some versions of Mac OS X, in particular Tiger (ie, 10.4.*) and Leopard (ie, 10.5.*), the IDL function cursor, and therefore **HEALPix** mollcursor, gnomcursor, ... will not work properly under X11. To solve this problem, type under Tiger (10.4):

defaults write com.apple.x11 wm_click_through -bool true or, under Leopard (10.5):

defaults write org.x.x11 wm_click_through -bool true at your X11 prompt and restart X11 (tips found respectively http://marc.sauvage.free.fr/SApMUG/Xnotes.html and https://sympa.obspm.fr/wws/arc/micros-mac/2008-06/msg00001.html). To make the patch permanent, add the line above into your .bashrc (or .cshrc, depending on your shell) file, and restart X11.

And finally, mollcursor obviously requires the '3 button mouse' to be enabled, which can be done in the X11 Preferences menu.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **mollcursor**.

idl	version 6.1 or more is necessary to run mollcursor
ghostview	ghostview or a similar facility is required to view the Postscript image generated by mollcursor.
XV	xv or a similar facility is required to view the GIF/PNG image generated by mollcursor(a browser can also be used).

athe command sw_vers -productVersion can be used to know the Mac OS X version being used

mollcursor 71

synfast	This HEALPix facility will generate the FITS
	format sky map to be input to mollcursor.
cartview	IDL facility to generate a Cartesian projection of
	a HEALPix map.
cartcursor	interactive cursor to be used with cartview
gnomview	IDL facility to generate a gnomonic projection of
	a HEALPix map.
gnomcursor	interactive cursor to be used with gnomview
mollview	IDL facility to generate a Mollweide projection of
	a HEALPix map.
mollcursor	interactive cursor to be used with mollview
orthview	IDL facility to generate an orthographic projec-
	tion of a HEALPix map.
orthcursor	interactive cursor to be used with orthview

EXAMPLE:

mollcursor

After mollview reads in a map and generates its mollweide projection, mollcursor is run to know the position and flux of bright synchrotron sources, for example.

mollview

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/visu/mollview.pro

This IDL facility provides a means to visualise a full sky Moll-weide projection of **HEALPix** and COBE Quad-Cube maps in an IDL environment. It also offers the possibility to generate GIF, PNG and Postscript color-coded images of the projected map. The projected (but not color-coded) data can also be output in FITS files and IDL arrays.

FORMAT

IDL> MOLLVIEW, File, [Select,] [/ASINH, CHARSIZE=, CHARTHICK=, COLT=, COORD=, /CROP, EXECUTE=, FAC-TOR=, FITS=, /FLIP, GAL_CUT=, GIF=, GLSIZE=, GRATICULE=, /HALF_SKY, HBOUND=, /HELP, /HIST_EQUAL, HX-SIZE=, IGLSIZE=, IGRATICULE=, /LOG, MAP_OUT=, MAX=, MIN=, /NESTED, /NO_DIPOLE, /NO_MONOPOLE, /NOBAR, /NOLABELS, /NOPOSITION, OFFSET=, OUTLINE=, PNG=, POLARIZATION=, /PREVIEW, PS=, PXSIZE=, PYSIZE=, RESO_ARCMIN=, RETAIN=, ROT=./SAVE, /SHADED, /SILENT, SUBTITLE=, TITLEPLOT=, TRANSPARENT=, TRUE-COLORS=, UNITS=, WINDOW=, XPOS=, YPOS=

Several visualization routines have a similar interface. Their qualifiers and keywords are

all listed here, and the routines to which they apply are coded in the 'routine' column as: C: cartview, G: gnomview, M: mollview, O: orthview and all: all of them

Qualifiers should appear in the order indicated. They can take a range of values, and some of them are optional.

Keywords are optional, and can appear in any order. They take the form keyword=value and can be abbreviated to a non ambiguous form (ie, factor=10.0 can be replaced by fac = 10.0). They generally can take a range of values, but some of them (noted as /keyword below) are boolean switches: they are either present (or set to 1) or absent (or set to 0).

QUALIFIERS

name routines description

File

all Required

> name of a (possibly gzip compressed) FITS file containing the **HEALPix** map in an extension or in the image field, or name of an *online* variable (either array or structure) containing the (RING or NESTED ordered) HEALPix map (See note below);

> if Save is set: name of an IDL saveset file containing the **HEALPix** map stored under the variable data (default: none)

> Note on online data: in order to preserve the integrity of the input data, the content of the array or structure File is replicated before being possibly altered by the map making process. Therefore plotting online data will require more memory than reading the data from disc directly, and is not recommended to visualize data sets of size comparable to that of the computer memory.

> Note on high resolution cut sky data: cut sky data (in which less than 50% of the sky is observed), can be processed with a minimal memory foot-print, by not allocating fake full map. In the current release, two restrictions apply: the input data set must be read from a FITS file in 'cut4' format, and the POLARIZATION IDL keyword (described below) must be 0 (default value). See the Examples #4 below (on page 85).

see also: TrueColors.

Optional

column of the BIN FITS table to be plotted, can be either - a name : value given in TTYPEi of the FITS file

NOT case sensitive and can be truncated, (only letters, digits and underscore are valid)

- an integer: number i of the column containing the data, starting with 1 (also valid if File is an online array)

(default: 1 for full sky maps, 'SIGNAL' column for FITS files containing cut sky maps) (see the Examples below)

KEYWORDS

name	routines description	
/ASINH	all	if set, the color table is altered to emulate the effect of replacing the data by $\sinh^{-1}(\text{data})$ in order to enhance the low contrast regions. Can be used in conjonction with Factor and Offset, but can <i>not</i> be used with /LOG nor /HIST_EQUAL. see also: Factor, Hist_Equal, Log, Offset
CHARSIZE=	all	overall multiplicative factor applied to the size of all characters appearing on the plot (default: 1.0)
CHARTHICK=	all	character thickness (in TITLE, SUBTITLE and color bar labeling). Other characters thickness (such as graticule labels), can be controlled with !P.CHARTHICK. (default: 1)
COLT=	all	color table number, in [-40,40]. If colt< 0, the IDL color table abs(colt) is used, but the scale is reversed (ie a red to blue scale becomes a blue to red scale). Note: -0.1 can be used as negative 0. (default: 33 (Blue-Red)) see also: TrueColors
COORD=	all	vector with 1 or 2 elements describing the coordinate system of the map; either - 'C' or 'Q': Celestial2000 = eQuatorial, - 'E': Ecliptic, - 'G': Galactic if coord = ['x','y'] the map is rotated from system 'x' to system 'y' if coord = ['y'] the map is rotated to coordinate system 'y' (with the original system assumed to be Galactic unless indicated otherwise in the input file) see also: Rot
/CROP	all	if set the GIF/PNG file only contains the map and no title, color bar, see also: Gif, Png

name	routin	es description
EXECUTE=	all	character string containing IDL command(s) to be executed in the plotting window. See Figure 2 on page 86
FACTOR=	all	scalar multiplicative factor to be applied to the valid data the data plotted is of the form Factor*(data + Offset) This does not affect the flagged pixels Can be used together with ASINH or LOG When used with TRUECOLORS, FACTOR can be a 3-element vector. see also: ASINH, Offset, LOG, Truecolors (default: 1.0)
FITS=	all	string containing the name of an output FITS file with the projected map in the primary image — if set to 1: output the plot in plot_proj.fits, where proj is either cartesian, gnomic, mollweide, or orthographic depending on the projection in use; — if set to a file name: output the plot in that file. (default: 0: no .FITS done) In the case of Orthographic projection, HALF_SKY must be set. For compatibility with standard FITS viewers (including STIFF), unobserved pixels, and pixels outside the sphere, take the value NaN (ie !values.f_nan in IDL). The resulting FITS file can be read in IDL with eg. map=readfits(filename). see also: Map_out
/FLIP	all	if set the longitude increases to the right, whereas by default (astronomical convention) it increases towards the left

name	routines description	
GAL_CUT=	-MO	(positive float) specifies the symmetric galactic cut in degrees outside of which the monopole and/or dipole fitting is done (default: 0: monopole and dipole fit done on the whole sky) (see also: No_dipole, No_monopole)
GIF=	all	string containing the name of a .GIF output if set to 1: output the plot in plot_[projection].gif if set to a file name: output the plot in that file Please note that the resulting GIF image might not always look as expected. The reason for this is a problem with 'backing store' in the IDL-routine TVRD. Please read the IDL documentation for more information. (default: no .GIF done) see also: Crop, Png, Ps, Preview and Retain
GLSIZE=	all	character size of the graticule labels in units of Charsize. (default: 0: no labeling of graticules). see also: Charsize, Graticule
GRATICULE=	all	if set, puts a graticule (ie, longitude and latitude grid) in the $output$ astrophysical coordinates with delta_long = delta_lat = gdef degrees if set to a scalar $x > \text{gmin}$ then delta_long = delta_lat = x if set to $[x,y]$ with $x,y > \text{gmin}$ then delta_long = x and delta_lat = y cartview: gdef = 45, gmin = 0 gnomview: gdef = 5, gmin = 0 mollview: gdef = 45, gmin = 10 orthview: gdef = 45, gmin = 10 Note that the graticule will rotate with the sphere is Rot is set. To outline only the equator set graticule=[360,90]. The automatic labeling of the graticule is controlled by Glsize (default: 0 [no graticule]) see also: Igraticule, Rot, Coord, Glsize

name	routine	es description
/HALF_SKY	—O	if set, only shows only one half of the sky (centered on $(0,0)$ or on the location parametrized by Rot) instead of the full sky
HBOUND=	all	if set to a valid N_{side} , will overplot the HEALPix pixel boundaries corresponding to that N_{side} on top of the map.
/HELP	all	if set, the routine header is printed (by doc_library) and nothing else is done
/HIST_EQUAL	all	if set, uses a histogram equalized color mapping (useful for non gaussian data field) (default: uses linear color mapping and puts the level 0 in the middle of the color scale (ie, green for Blue-Red) unless Min and Max are not symmetric) see also: Asinh, Log
HXSIZE=	all	horizontal dimension (in cm) of the Postscript printout (default: $26 \text{ cm} \simeq 10 \text{ in}$) see also: Pxsize
IGLSIZE=	all	character size of the input coordinates graticule labels in units of Charsize. (default: 0: no labeling of graticules). see also: Charsize, Igraticule
IGRATICULE=	all	if set, puts a graticule (ie, longitude and latitude grid) in the input astrophysical coordinates. See Graticule for conventions and details. If both Graticule and Igraticule are set, the latter will be represented with dashes. The automatic labeling of the graticule is controlled by Iglsize (default: 0 [no graticule]) see also: Graticule, Rot, Coord, Iglsize
/LOG	all	display the log of map. This is intended for application to positive definite maps only, eg. Galactic foreground emission templates; for arbitrary maps, use /ASINH instead. see also: Asinh, Factor, Hist_Equal, Offset
MAP_OUT=	all	variable that will contain the projected map on output. Unobserved pixels, and pixels outside the sphere, take value !healpix.bad_value (= $-1.6375 10^{30}$). see also: Fits
MAX=	all	Set the maximum value for the plotted signal (default: is to use the actual signal maximum).
MIN=	all	Set the minimum value for the plotted signal (default: is to use the actual signal minimum).

name	routin	es description
/NESTED	all	specify that the online data is ordered in the nested scheme
/NO_DIPOLE	-MO	if set (and Gal_cut is not set) the best fit monopole *and* dipole over all valid pixels are removed; if Gal_cut is set to $b > 0$, the best monopole and dipole fit is performed on all valid pixels with galactic latitude $> b$ (in deg) and is removed from all valid pixels (default: 0 (no monopole or dipole removal)) can NOT be used together with No_monopole see also: Gal_cut, No_monopole
/NO ₋ MONOPOL	E-MO	if set (and Gal_cut is not set) the best fit monopole over all valid pixels is removed; if Gal_cut is set to $b > 0$, the best monopole fit is performed on all valid pixels with galactic latitude $> b$ (in deg) and is removed from all valid pixels (default: 0 (no monopole removal)) can NOT be used together with No_dipole see also: Gal_cut, No_dipole
/NOBAR	all	if set, color bar is not present
/NOLABELS	all	if set, color bar labels (min and max) are not present, (default: labels are present)
/NOPOSITION	-G-	if set, the astronomical location of the map central point is not indicated
OFFSET=	all	scalar additive factor to be applied to the valid data the data plotted is of the form Factor*(data + Offset) This does not affect the flagged pixels can be used together with ASINH or LOG When used with TRUECOLORS, OFFSET can be a 3-element vector. see also: : ASINH, Factor, LOG, TRUECOLORS (default: 0.0)

name	routi	nes description
OUTLINE=	all	IDL (meta-)structure, or array of structures, containing the description of one (or several) outline(s) to be overplotted on the final map. For each contour or point list, the corresponding (sub)structures should contain the following fields: - 'COORD' coordinate system (either, 'C', 'G', or 'E') of the contour - 'RA' RA/longitude coordinates of the contour vertices (array or scalar) - 'DEC' Dec/latitude coordinates of the contour vertices (array or scalar) - 'LINE[STYLE]' (optional, scalar) +2: black dashes, +1 black dots, 0: black solid (default), -1: black dots on white background, -2: black dashes on white background - 'PSY[M]' (optional, scalar) symbol used to represent vertices (same meaning as standard PSYM in IDL). If ≤ 0, the vertices are represented with the chosen symbols, and connected, by arroy of geodesics; if > 0, only the vertices are shown (default: 0) - 'SYM[SIZE]' (optional, scalar) vertice symbol size (same meaning as SYMSIZE in IDL) Notes: when applicable, the vertices are connected by segment of geodesics. To obtain a better looking outline, increase the number of vertices provided. The outline does not have to be closed. The procedure will NOT attempt to close the outline. Several outlines can be overplotted at once by gathering the respective structures into one meta-structure or an array. see also: Coord, Graticule
PNG=	all	string containing the name of a .PNG output if set to 1: output the plot in plot_[projection].png if set to a file name: output the plot in that file Please note that the resulting PNG image might not always look as expected. The reason for this is problems with 'backing store in the IDL-routine TVRD. Please read the IDL documentation for more information. (default: no .PNG done) see also: Crop, Fits, Gif, Map_out, Preview Ps, and Retain

name	routi	nes description
POLARIZATIO	N=all	if set to
		0 no polarization information is plotted.
		1 the AMPLITUDE $P = \sqrt{(U^2 + Q^2)}$ of the polarisation is plotted (as long as the input data contains polarisation information (ie, Stokes parameter Q and U for each pixel))
		2 the ANGLE $\phi = \tan^{-1}(U/Q)/2$ of the polarisation is plotted
		Note: the angles are color coded with a fixed color table (independent of Colt)
		3 —the temperature is color coded (with a color table defined by Colt)
		–and the polarisation is overplotted as headless VECTORS
/PREVIEW	all	(default: 0) Note: The representation of the polarization direction (options 2 and 3 above), include the effects of the rotations and/or changes or astronomical coordinates (controlled by ROT and COORD respectively) but do not include the effects of the distortions induced by the projection from the sphere to the plan. Because the polarization usually has more power at small scales, it must generally be represented on maps of small patches of the sky to remain legible, in which case the projection-induced distortions are small. if set, there is a 'ghostview' preview of the postscript file or a 'xv' preview of the gif file see also: Gif, Png and Ps
PS=	all	if set to 0: no postscript output if set to 1: output the plot in plot_cartesian.ps, plot_gnomic.ps, plot_mollweide.ps or plot_orthographic.ps respectively if set to a file name: output the plot in that file (default: 0) see also: Preview, Gif, Png
PXSIZE=	all	set the number of horizontal screen_pixels or postscript_color_dots of the plot (useful for high definition color printer) (default: 800 (Mollview and full sky Orthview), 600 (half sky Orthview), 500 (Cartview and Gnomonic))
PYSIZE=	CG-	set the number of vertical screen_pixels or postscript_color_dots

of the plot (default: Pxsize)

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name	routine	es description
RESO_ARCMIN=	= CG-	size of screen_pixels or postscript_color_dots in arcmin (default: 1.5)
RETAIN=	all	specifies the type of backing store to use for direct graphics windows in $\{0,1,2\}$. (default: 2). See IDL documentation for details.
ROT=	all	vector with 1, 2 or 3 elements specifing the rotation angles in DEGREES to apply to the map in the 'output' coordinate system (see Coord) = (lon0, [lat0, rat0]) lon0: longitude of the point to be put at the center of the plot the longitude increases Eastward, ie to the left of the plot (default: 0) lat0: latitude of the point to be put at the center of the plot (default: 0) rot0: anti clockwise rotation to apply to the sky around the center (lon0, lat0) before projecting (default: 0)
/SAVE	all	if set, assumes that File is in IDL saveset format, the variable saved should be DATA
/SHADED	—О	if set, the orthographic sphere is shaded, using a Phong model, to emulate 3D viewing. The sphere is illuminated by isotropic ambiant light plus a single light source. Can NOT be used with GIF.
/SILENT	all	if set, the program runs silently
SUBTITLE=	all	String containing the subtitle to the plot see also: Titleplot
TITLEPLOT=	all	String containing the title of the plot, if not set the title will be File see also: Subtitle
TRANSPARENT	=all	If set to 1, the input data pixels with value !healpix.bad_value (= $-1.6375 10^{30}$) will appear totally transparent on the output PNG file (instead of the usual grey). If set to 2, the background pixels will be transparent (instead of the usual white) If set to 3, both the grey and white pixels will look transparent. Active only in conjunction with PNG

name	routine	routines description	
TRUECOLORS=	all	if the input data is of the form [Npix,3], then the 3 fields are respectively understood as Red, Green, Blue True-Color channels, and the color table is ignored. – If set to 1, the mapping field-intensity to color is done for the 3 channels at once. (see also: Factor, Offset) – If set to 2, that mapping is done for each channel separately (in that case, MIN and MAX keywords are ignored).	
UNITS=	all	String containing the units, to be put on the right hand side of the color bar, overrides the value read from the input file, if any see also: Nobar, Nolabels	
WINDOW=	all	IDL window index (integer) — if WINDOW < 0: virtual window: no visible window opened. Can be used with PNG or GIF, in particular is those files are larger than the screen. Note: The Z buffer will be used instead of the X server, allowing much faster production of the image over a slow network — if WINDOW in [0,31]: the specified IDL window with index WINDOW is used (or reused). Can be used to have a sequence of images appear in the same window — if WINDOW > 31: a free (=unused) window with a random index > 31 will be created and used. (default: 32)	
XPOS=	all	The X position on the screen of the lower left corner of the window, in device coordinate	
YPOS=	all	The Y position on the screen of the lower left corner of the window, in device coordinate	

DESCRIPTION mollview reads in a **HEALPix** sky map in FITS format and generates a Mollweide projection of it, that can be visualized on the screen or exported in a PNG or Postscript file.mollview allows the selection of the coordinate system, map size, color table, color bar inclusion, linear or log scaling, histogram equalised color scaling, maximum and minimum range for the plot, plot-title *etc*. It also allows the representation of the polarization field.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to mollview.

idl	version 6.1 or more is necessary to run mollview
ghostview	ghostview or a similar facility is required to view the Postscript image generated by mollview.
XV	xv or a similar facility is required to view the GIF/PNG image generated by mollview (a browser can also be used).
synfast, smoothing	These F90 HEALPix facilities will generate the FITS format sky maps to be input to mollview.
isynfast, ismoothing	These IDL routines will generate the FITS format sky maps to be input to mollview.
cartview	IDL facility to generate a Cartesian projection of a HEALPix map.
cartcursor	interactive cursor to be used with cartview
gnomview	IDL facility to generate a gnomonic projection of a HEALPix map.
gnomcursor	interactive cursor to be used with gnomview
mollview	IDL facility to generate a Mollweide projection of a HEALPix map.
mollcursor	interactive cursor to be used with mollview
orthview	IDL facility to generate an orthographic projection of a HEALPix map.
orthcursor	interactive cursor to be used with orthview

EXAMPLES: #2

```
map = findgen(48)
triangle= create_struct('coord','G','ra',[0,80,0],'dec',[40,45,65])
mollview,map, graticule=[45,30],rot=[10,20,30],$
    title='Mollweide projection',subtitle='mollview', $
    outline=triangle
```

makes a Mollweide projection of a pixel index map (see Figure 1c on page 85) after an arbitrary rotation, with a graticule grid (with a 45° step in longitude and 30° in latitude) and an arbitrary (triangular) outline

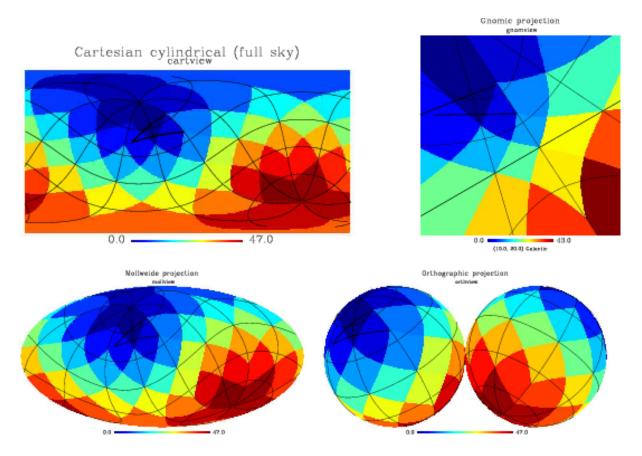


Figure 1: Figures produced by cartview, gnomview, mollview and orthview, see respective routine documentation for details.

```
map = findgen(48)
mycommand = 'x=findgen(64)/10. & ' + $
    'plot,x,sin(x),pos=[0.8,0.8,0.99,0.99],/noerase &' +$
    'xyouts,0.5,0.5,''Hello World !'',/normal,charsize=2,align=0.5'
mollview,map, execute=mycommand, png='plot_example_execute.png',/preview,$
    /graticule,/glsize
```

produces a PNG file containing a Mollweide projection of a pixel index map with labeled graticules, a simple sine wave in the upper right corner, and some greetings, as shown on Figure 2 on page 86

EXAMPLES: #4

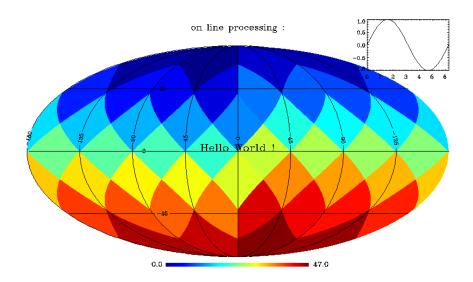


Figure 2: Figure produced by example #3.

```
pixel = 164indgen(400000)
signal = pixel * 10.0
file = 'cutsky.fits'
write_fits_cut4, file, pixel+100000, signal, nside=32768, /ring
gnomview, file, rot=[0,90], grat=30, title='high res. cut-sky map'
```

produces and plots a high resolution map (6.4 arcsec/pixel), in which only a very small subset of pixels is observed

EXAMPLES: #5

```
file = 'wmap_band_iqumap_r9_5yr_K_v3.fits'
mollview, file, title='Linear Color Scale', /silent
mollview, file,/asinh,title='Sinh!u-1!n Color Scale', /silent
mollview, file,/hist, title='Histogram Equalized Color Scale', /silent
mollview, file,/log, title='Log Scale', /silent
```

produces Mollweide projections of the same map (here the WMAP-5yr K band) with various color scales: linear, Inverse Hyperbolic Sine, Histogram Equalized, and Log. See Figure 3 on page 87

EXAMPLES: #1

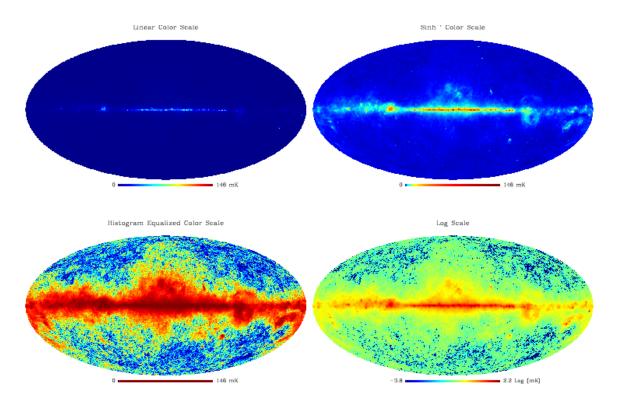


Figure 3: Illustration (generated by example #5) of the various color scales available.

mollview, 'planck100GHZ-LFI.fits', min=-100, max=100, /graticule, \$
 title='Simulated Planck LFI Sky Map at 100GHz'

mollview reads in the map 'planck100GHZ-LFI.fits' and generates an output image in which the temperature scale has been set to lie between \pm 100 (μ K), a graticule with a 45 degree step in longitude and latitude is drawn, and the title 'Simulated Planck LFI Sky Map at 100GHz' appended to the image.

$neighbours_nest$

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/toolkit/neighbours_nest.pro

This IDL facility returns the number and indices of the topological immediate neighbours of a central pixel. The pixels are ordered in a clockwise sense (when watching the sphere from the outside) about the central pixel with the southernmost pixel in first element. For the four pixels in the southern corners of the equatorial faces which have two equally southern neighbours the routine returns the southwestern pixel first and proceeds clockwise.

FORMAT

IDL> neighbours_nest (Nside, Ipix0, Listpix [,Nneigh])

QUALIFIERS

Nside	HEALPix resolution parameter (scalar integer), should be a valid Nside (power of 2)
Ipix0	NESTED-scheme index of central pixel in $[0,12*Nside^2-1]$
Listpix	output: list of neighbouring pixel (NESTED scheme index) of size Nneigh
Nneigh	optional output: number of neighbours of pixel #Ipix0. Usually 8, sometimes 7 (for 8 particular pixels) or 6 (if Nside=1)

DESCRIPTION neighbours_nest calls pix2xy_nest to find location of central pixel within the pixelisation base-face, and then xy2pix_nest to find neighbouring pixels within the same face, or one of the bit manipulation routines if the neighbouring pixel is on a different base-face.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **neighbours_nest**.

neighbours_nest 89

idl	version 6.1 or more is necessary to run neighbours_nest .
neighbours_ring	returns topological immediate neighbouring pixels of a given central pixel, using RING indexing.
query_disc, query_polygon,	
query_strip, query_triangle	render the list of pixels enclosed respectively in a given disc, polygon, latitude strip and triangle
nest2ring, ring2nest	conversion between NESTED and RING indices

EXAMPLE:

neighbours_nest , 4, 1, list, nneigh
print,nneigh,list

will return:8 90 0 2 3 6 4 94 91, listing the NESTED-indexed 8 neighbors of pixel #1 for Nside=4

neighbours_ring

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/toolkit/neighbours_ring.pro

This IDL facility returns the number and indices of the topological immediate neighbours of a central pixel. The pixels are ordered in a clockwise sense (when watching the sphere from the outside) about the central pixel with the southernmost pixel in first element. For the four pixels in the southern corners of the equatorial faces which have two equally southern neighbours the routine returns the southwestern pixel first and proceeds clockwise.

FORMAT

IDL> neighbours_ring (Nside, Ipix0, Listpix [,Nneigh])

QUALIFIERS

Nside	HEALPix resolution parameter (scalar integer), should be a valid Nside (power of 2)
Ipix0	RING-scheme index of central pixel in $[0,12*Nside^2-1]$
Listpix	output: list of neighbouring pixel (RING scheme index) of size Nneigh
Nneigh	optional output: number of neighbours of pixel #Ipix0. Usually 8, sometimes 7 (for 8 particular pixels) or 6 (if Nside=1)

DESCRIPTION neighbours_ring calls ring2nest, neighbours_nest and nest2ring

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **neighbours_ring**.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run neighbours_ring .

neighbours_ring 91

neighbours_nest returns topological immediate neighbouring pixels of a given central pixel, using NESTED indexing.

nest2ring, ring2nest conversion between NESTED and RING indices

EXAMPLE:

neighbours_ring , 4, 1, list, nneigh
print,nneigh,list

will return: 8 16 6 5 0 3 2 8 7 listing the RING-indexed 8 neighbors of pixel #1 for Nside=4

npix2nside

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/toolkit/npix2nside.pro

This IDL facility provides the **HEALPix** resolution parameter Nside corresponding to Npix pixels over the full sky.

FORMAT IDL> Nside=NPIX2NSIDE (Npix [,ER-ROR=])

QUALIFIERS

Npix number of pixels over the full sky (scalar integer),

should be a valid Npix $(N_{\rm pix}=12N_{\rm side}^2$ with $N_{\rm side}$

power of 2 in $\{1, ..., 2^{29}\}$)

Nside on output: resolution parameter if Npix is valid,

-1 otherwise

KEYWORDS

ERROR = error flag, set to 1 on output if Npix is NOT valid,

or stays to 0 otherwise.

DESCRIPTION npix2nside checks that the given Npix is valid $(N_{\text{pix}} = 12N_{\text{side}}^2 \text{ with } N_{\text{side}} \text{ a power of 2 in } \{1, \dots, 2^{29}\})$ and then computes the corresponding resolution parameter N_{side} .

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **npix2nside**.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run npix2nside

.

nside2npix computes Npix corresponding to Nside

pix2xxx, ang2xxx, vec2xxx, ... conversion between vector or angles and pixel

index and vice-versa

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vec2pix, pix2vec nest2ring, ring2nest conversion between vector and pixel index conversion between NESTED and RING indices

EXAMPLE:

Nside = npix2nside(49152, ERROR=error)

Nside will be 64 because 49152 is a valid pixel number (= $12*64^2$ and 64 is a power of 2), and error will be 0

EXAMPLE:

Nside = npix2nside(49151, ERROR=error)

Nside will be -1 and error: 1, because 49151 is not a valid number of **HEALPix** pixels over the full sky.

nside2npix

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/toolkit/nside2npix.pro

This IDL facility provides the number of pixels Npix over the full sky corresponding to resolution parameter Nside.

FORMAT IDL> Npix=NSIDE2NPIX (Nside [,ER-ROR=])

QUALIFIERS

Nside **HEALPix** resolution parameter (scalar integer),

should be a valid Nside (power of $2 \le 2^{29}$)

Npix number of pixels, $Npix = 12*Nside^2$ if Nside is a

valid resolution parameter or -1 otherwise

KEYWORDS

ERROR = error flag, set to 1 on output if Nside is NOT valid,

or stays to 0 otherwise.

DESCRIPTION nside2npix checks that the given Nside is valid (power of 2 in $\{1, \ldots, 2^{29}\}$) and then computes the corresponding number of pixels $N_{\text{pix}} = 12N_{\text{side}}^2$.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **nside2npix**.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run nside2npix

npix2nside computes Nside corresponding to Npix

pix2xxx, ang2xxx, vec2xxx, ... conversion between vector or angles and pixel

index and vice-versa

vec2pix, pix2vec conversion between vector and pixel index

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nest2ring, ring2nest

conversion between NESTED and RING indices

EXAMPLE:

Npix = nside2npix(256, ERROR=error)

Npix will be 786432 the number of pixels over the full sky for the **HEALPix** resolution parameter 256 and error will be 0

EXAMPLE:

Npix = nside2npix(248, ERROR=error)

Npix will be -1 and error: 1, because 248 is not a valid value for a **HEALPix** resolution parameter

nside2ntemplates

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/toolkit/nside2ntemplates.pro

This IDL facility provides the number of template pixels Ntemplates corresponding to resolution parameter Nside. Each template pixel has a different shape that *can not* be matched (by rotation or reflexion) to that of any of the other templates.

FORMAT IDL> Ntemplates=NSIDE2NTEMPLATES (Nside [,ERROR=])

QUALIFIERS

Nside **HEALPix** resolution parameter (scalar inte-

ger), should be a valid Nside (power of 2 in

 $\{1,\ldots,8192\}$)

Ntemplates number of templates

KEYWORDS

ERROR = error flag, set to 1 on output if Nside is NOT valid,

or stays to 0 otherwise.

DESCRIPTION nside2ntemplates outputs the number of template pixels

$$N_{\text{template}} = \frac{1 + N_{\text{side}}(N_{\text{side}} + 6)}{4}.$$

If the argument $N_{\rm side}$ is not valid, a warning is issued and the error flag is raised.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **nside2ntemplates**.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to rur nside2ntemplates .

nside2ntemplates 97

template_pixel_ring template_pixel_nest

return the template pixel associated with any

HEALPix pixel

same_shape_pixels_ring
same_shape_pixels_nest

return the ordered list of pixels having the same

shape as a given pixel template

EXAMPLE:

Ntemplates = nside2ntemplates(256, ERROR=error)

Ntemplates will be 16768 the number of template pixels for the ${\bf HEALPix}$ resolution parameter 256 and error will be 0

orthcursor

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/visu/orthcursor.pro

This IDL facility provides a point-and-click interface for finding the astronomical location, value and pixel index of the pixels nearest to the pointed position on a orthographic projection of a **HEALPix** map.

FORMAT cursor_type=, IDL> ORTHCURSOR, file_out=]

QUALIFIERS

see mollcursor

DESCRIPTION orthograms should be called immediately after orthogon. It gives the longitude, latitude, map value and pixel number corresponding to the cursor position in the window containing the map generated by orthview. For more details, or in case of problems under Mac OS X, see mollcursor.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **orthcursor**.

see mollcursor

EXAMPLE:

orthcursor

After orthview has read in a map and generated its orthographic projection, orthcursor is run to determine the position and flux of bright synchrotron sources, for example.

orthyiew 99

orthview

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/visu/orthview.pro

This IDL facility provides a means to visualise a full sky or half sky orthographic projection (projection onto a tangent plane from a point located at infinity) of **HEALPix** and COBE Quad-Cube maps in an IDL environment. It also offers the possibility to generate GIF, PNG and Postscript color-coded images of the projected map. The projected (but not color-coded) data can also be output in FITS files and IDL arrays.

FORMAT

IDL> ORTHVIEW, File, [Select,] [/ASINH, CHARSIZE=, CHARTHICK=, COLT=, COORD=, /CROP, EXECUTE=, FAC-TOR=, FITS=, /FLIP, GAL_CUT=, GIF=, GLSIZE=, GRATICULE=, /HALF_SKY, HBOUND=, /HELP, /HIST_EQUAL, HX-SIZE=, IGLSIZE=, IGRATICULE=, /LOG, MAP_OUT=, MAX=, MIN=, /NESTED, /NO_DIPOLE, /NO_MONOPOLE, /NOBAR, /NOLABELS, /NOPOSITION, OFFSET=, OUTLINE=, PNG=, POLARIZATION=, /PREVIEW, PS=, PXSIZE=, PYSIZE=, RESO_ARCMIN=, RETAIN=, ROT=, /SAVE, /SHADED, /SILENT, SUBTITLE=, TITLEPLOT=, TRANSPARENT=, TRUE-COLORS=, UNITS=, WINDOW=, XPOS=, YPOS=]

QUALIFIERS

For a full list of qualifiers see mollview

KEYWORDS

For a full list of keywords see mollview

DESCRIPTION orthview reads in a **HEALPix** sky map in FITS format and generates an orthographic projection of it, that can be visualized on the screen or exported in a GIF, PNG, Postscript or FITS file. orthview allows the selection of the coordinate system, point of projection, map size, color table, color bar inclusion, linear or log scaling, histogram equalised color scaling, maximum and minimum range for the plot, plot-title *etc*. It also allows the representation of the polarization field.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **orthview**.

see mollview

EXAMPLE:

```
map = findgen(48)
triangle= create_struct('coord','G','ra',[0,80,0],'dec',[40,45,65])
orthview,map,/online,graticule=[45,30],rot=[10,20,30],$
   title='Orthographic projection',subtitle='orthview' $
   outline=triangle
```

makes an orthographic projection of map (see Figure 1d on page 85) after an arbitrary rotation, with a graticule grid (with a 45^o step in longitude and 30^o in latitude) and an arbitrary triangular outline

pix2xxx, ang2xxx, vec2xxx, nest2ring, ring2nest

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/toolkit/

These routines provide conversion between pixel number in the **HEALPix** map and (θ, ϕ) or (x, y, z) coordinates on the sphere. Some of these routines are listed here.

QUALIFIERS				
name	type	in/out	description	
$(\dim.)$				
nside	scalar integer	IN	N_{side} parameter for the HEALPix map.	
ipnest(n)	vector integer		pixel identification number in NESTED scheme over the range $\{0, N_{pix} - 1\}$.	
ipring(n)	vector integer		pixel identification number in RING scheme over the range $\{0, N_{pix} - 1\}$.	
theta(n)	vector double	_	colatitude in radians measured southward from north pole in $\{0,\pi\}$	
phi(n)	vector double	_	longitude in radians, measured eastward in $\{0,2\pi\}$.	
vector(n,3)	array double	_	three dimensional cartesian position vector (x, y, z) . The north pole is $(0, 0, 1)$. An output vector is normalised to unity. The coordinates are ordered as follows $x(0), \ldots, x(n-1)$	
vertex(n,3,4)	array double	optional OUT	1), $y(0), \ldots, y(n-1), z(0), \ldots, z(n-1)$ three dimensional cartesian position vector (x, y, z) . Contains the location of the four vertices (=corners) of a pixel in the order North, West, South, East. The coordinates are ordered as follows $x_N(0), \ldots, x_N(n-1), y_N(0), \ldots, y_N(n-1), z_N(0), \ldots, z_N(n-1), x_W(0), \ldots, x_W(n-1), y_W(0), \ldots, y_W(n-1), z_W(0), \ldots, z_W(n-1),$ and so on with South and East vertices	

ROUTINES:

pix2ang_ring, nside, ipring, theta, phi

renders theta and phi coordinates of the nominal pixel center given the pixel number ipring and a map resolution parameter nside.

pix2vec_ring, nside, ipring, vector [,vertex]

renders cartesian vector coordinates of the nominal pixel center given the pixel number ipring and a map resolution parameter nside. Optionally returns the location of the 4 vertices for the pixel(s) under consideration

ang2pix_ring, nside, theta, phi, ipring

renders the pixel number ipring for a pixel which, given the map resolution parameter nside, contains the point on the sphere at angular coordinates theta and phi.

vec2pix_ring, nside, vector, ipring

renders the pixel number ipring for a pixel which, given the map resolution parameter nside, contains the point on the sphere at cartesian coordinates vector.

pix2ang_nest, nside, ipnest, theta, phi

renders theta and phi coordinates of the nominal pixel center given the pixel number ipnest and a map resolution parameter nside.

pix2vec_nest, nside, ipnest, vector [,vertex]

renders cartesian vector coordinates of the nominal pixel center given the pixel number ipnest and a map resolution parameter nside. Optionally returns the location of the 4 vertices for the pixel(s) under consideration

ang2pix_nest, nside, theta, phi, ipnest

renders the pixel number ipnest for a pixel which, given the map resolution parameter nside, contains the point on the sphere at angular coordinates theta and phi.

vec2pix_nest, nside, vector, ipnest

renders the pixel number ipnest for a pixel which, given the map resolution parameter nside, contains the point on the sphere at cartesian coordinates vector.

nest2ring, nside, ipnest, ipring

performs conversion from NESTED to RING pixel number.

ring2nest, nside, ipring, ipnest

performs conversion from RING to NESTED pixel number.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to pix2xxx, ang2xxx, vec2xxx, nest2ring, ring2nest.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run pix2xxx,

ang2xxx,...

npix2nside computes Nside (resolution) corresponding to

Npix (total pixel number)

nside2npix computes Npix corresponding to Nside

ang2vec, vec2ang geometrical conversion between position angles

and position vector

EXAMPLE:

pix2ang_ring, 256, [17,1000], theta, phi print,theta,phi

returns

 $0.0095683558 \qquad \quad 0.070182078$

2.8797933 5.4620872

position of 2 pixels 17 and 1000 in the RING scheme with

parameter 256.

$\underline{\mathbf{query_disc}}$

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/toolkit/query_disc.pro

This IDL facility provides a means to find the index of all pixels within an angular distance Radius from a defined center.

FORMAT

IDL> query_disc , Nside, Vector0, Radius, Listpix, [Nlist, DEG=, NESTED=, INCLU-SIVE=]

QUALIFIERS

Nside **HEALPix** resolution parameter used to index

the pixel list (scalar integer)

Vector0 position vector of the disc center (3 elements vec-

tor) NB: the norm of Vector0 does not have to be one, what is consider is the intersection of the

sphere with the line of direction Vector0.

Radius radius of the disc (in radians, unless DEG is set),

(scalar real)

Listpix on output: list of ordered index for the pixels

found within a radius Radius of the position defined by vector0. The RING numbering scheme is used unless the keyword NESTED is set. (=-1 if the

radius is too small and no pixel is found)

Nlist on output: number of pixels in Listpix (=0 if no

pixel is found).

KEYWORDS

DEG = if set Radius is in degrees instead of radians

NESTED = if set, the output list uses the NESTED numbering

scheme instead of the default RING

INCLUSIVE = if set, all the pixels overlapping (even partially)

with the disc are listed, otherwise only those

whose center lies within the disc are listed

query_disc 105

DESCRIPTIONquery_disc finds the pixels within the given disc in a selective way WITHOUT scanning all the sky pixels. The numbering scheme of the output list and the inclusiveness of the disc can be changed

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to query_disc .

idl	version 6.1 or more is necessary to run query_disc
	•
ang2pix, pix2ang	conversion between angles and pixel index
vec2pix, pix2vec	conversion between vector and pixel index
query_disc, query_polygon,	
query_strip, query_triangle	render the list of pixels enclosed respectively in a given disc, polygon, latitude strip and triangle

EXAMPLE:

```
query_disc , 256L, [.5,.5,0.], 10., listpix, nlist, /Deg, /Nest
```

On return listpix contains the index of the (5982) pixels within 10 degrees from the point on the sphere having the direction [.5,.5,0.]. The pixel indices correspond to the Nested scheme with resolution 256.

query_polygon

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/toolkit/query_polygon.pro

This IDL facility provides a means to find the index of all pixels belonging to a sperical polygon defined by its vertices

FORMAT

IDL> query_polygon , Nside, Vlist, Listpix, [Nlist, HELP=, NESTED=, INCLUSIVE=]

QUALIFIERS

Nside **HEALPix** resolution parameter used to index

the pixel list (scalar integer)

Vlist 3D cartesian position vector of the polygon ver-

tices. Array of dimension (n,3) where n is the

number of vertices

Listpix on output: list of ordered index for the pixels

found in the polygon. The RING numbering scheme is used unless the keyword NESTED is set. (=-1 if the polygon is too small and no pixel is

found)

Nlist on output: number of pixels in Listpix (=0 if no

pixel is found).

KEYWORDS

HELP= if set, the documentation header is printed out

and the routine exits

NESTED = if set, the output list uses the NESTED numbering

scheme instead of the default RING

INCLUSIVE = if set, all the pixels overlapping (even partially)

with the polygon are listed, otherwise only those

whose center lies within the polygon are listed

query_polygon 107

DESCRIPTIONquery_polygon finds the pixels within the given polygon in a selective way WITHOUT scanning all the sky pixels. The polygon should be convex, or have only one concave vertex. The edges should not intersect each other. The numbering scheme of the output list and the inclusiveness of the polygon can be changed

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to query_polygon.

idl	version 6.1 or more is necessary to run query_polygon .
ang2pix, pix2ang	conversion between angles and pixel index
vec2pix, pix2vec	conversion between vector and pixel index
query_disc, query_polygon,	
query_strip, query_triangle	render the list of pixels enclosed respectively in a given disc, polygon, latitude strip and triangle

EXAMPLE:

query_polygon , 256L, [[0,1,1,0],[0,0,1,1],[1,0,-1,0]], listpix, nlist

On return listpix contains the index of the (131191) pixels contained in the polygon with vertices of cartesian coordinates (0,0,1), (1,0,0), (1,1,-1) and (0,1,0). The pixel indices correspond to the RING scheme with resolution 256.

query_strip

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/toolkit/query_strip.pro

This IDL facility provides a means to find the index of all pixels belonging to a latitude strip defined by its bounds

FORMAT

IDL> query_strip , Nside, Theta1, Theta2, Listpix, [Nlist, NESTED=, INCLUSIVE=, HELP=]

QUALIFIERS

Nside **HEALPix** resolution parameter used to index

the pixel list (scalar integer)

Theta1 colatitude lower bound in radians measured from

North Pole (between 0 and π).

Theta2 colatitude upper bound in radians measured from

North Pole (between 0 and π). If theta1< theta2, the pixels lying in [theta1,theta2] are output, otherwise, the pixel lying in [0, theta2] and those

lying in [theta1, π] are output.

Listpix on output: list of ordered index for the pixels

found in the strip. The RING numbering scheme is used unless the keyword NESTED is set. (=-1 if

the strip is too small and no pixel is found)

Nlist on output: number of pixels in Listpix (=0 if no

pixel is found).

KEYWORDS

NESTED = if set, the output list uses the NESTED numbering

scheme instead of the default RING

INCLUSIVE = if set, all the pixels overlapping (even partially)

with the strip are listed, otherwise only those whose center lies within the strip are listed query_strip 109

/HELP

if set, the routine prints its documentation header and exits.

DESCRIPTIONquery_strip finds the pixels within the given strip in a selective way WITHOUT scanning all the sky pixels. The numbering scheme of the output list and the inclusiveness of the strip can be changed

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to query_strip.

idl	version 6.1 or more is necessary to run query_strip
	•
ang2pix, pix2ang	conversion between angles and pixel index
vec2pix, pix2vec	conversion between vector and pixel index
query_disc, query_polygon,	
query_triangle	render the list of pixels enclosed respectively in a given disc, polygon and triangle
	8- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

EXAMPLE:

query_strip , 256, 0.75*!PI, !PI/5, listpix, nlist, /nest

Returns the NESTED pixel index of all pixels with colatitude in $[0,\pi/5]$ and those with colatitude in $[3\pi/4,\pi]$

query_triangle

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/toolkit/query_triangle.pro

This IDL facility provides a means to find the index of all pixels belonging to a sperical triangle defined by its vertices

FORMAT

IDL> query_triangle, Nside, Vector1, Vector2, Vector3, Listpix, [Nlist, NESTED=, INCLU-SIVE=]

QUALIFIERS

Nside **HEALPix** resolution parameter used to index

the pixel list (scalar integer)

Vector 1 3D cartesian position vector of the triangle first

vertex

Vector 2 3D cartesian position vector of the triangle second

vertex

Vector3 3D cartesian position vector of the triangle third

vertex NB : the norm of Vector* does not have to be one, what is considered is the intersection of

the sphere with the line of direction Vector*.

Listpix on output: list of ordered index for the pix-

els found in the triangle. The RING numbering scheme is used unless the keyword NESTED is set. (=-1 if the triangle is too small and no pixel is

found)

Nlist on output: number of pixels in Listpix (=0 if no

pixel is found).

KEYWORDS

NESTED = if set, the output list uses the NESTED numbering

scheme instead of the default RING

INCLUSIVE = if set, all the pixels overlapping (even partially)

with the triangle are listed, otherwise only those whose center lies within the triangle are listed query_triangle 111

DESCRIPTION query_triangle finds the pixels within the given triangle in a selective way WITHOUT scanning all the sky pixels. The numbering scheme of the output list and the inclusiveness of the triangle can be changed

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to query_triangle.

idl	version 6.1 or more is necessary to run query_triangle.					
ang2pix, pix2ang	conversion between angles and pixel index					
vec2pix, pix2vec	conversion between vector and pixel index					
query_disc, query_polygon,						
query_strip, query_triangle	render the list of pixels enclosed respectively in a given disc, polygon, latitude strip and triangle					

EXAMPLE:

```
query_triangle , 256L, [1,0,0],[0,1,0],[0,0,1], listpix, nlist
```

On return listpix contains the index of the (98560) pixels lying in the octant (x > 0, y > 0, y > 0). The pixel indices correspond to the RING scheme with resolution 256.

read_fits_cut4

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/fits/read_fits_cut4.pro

This IDL facility reads a cut sky **HEALPix** map from a FITS file according to the **HEALPix** convention. The format used for the FITS file follows the one used for Boomerang98 and is adapted from COBE/DMR. This routine can also be used to read polarized cut sky map, where each Stokes parameter is stored in a different extension of the same FITS file.

FORMAT

IDL> READ_FITS_CUT4, File, Pixel, Signal [, N_Obs, Serror, EXTENSION=, HDR=, XHDR=, NSIDE=, ORDERING=, COORDSYS=]

QUALIFIERS

File name of a FITS file in which the map is to be

written

Pixel (OUT, LONG vector),

index of observed (or valid) pixels

Signal (OUT, FLOAT vector),

value of signal in each observed pixel

N_Obs (OUT, LONG or INT vector, Optional),

number of observation per pixel

Serror (OUT, FLOAT vector, Optional),

rms of signal in pixel. For white noise, this is

 $\propto 1/\sqrt{\text{n_obs}}$

KEYWORDS

EXTENSION = (IN, optional),

0 based number of extension to read. Extension 0 contains the temperature information, while extensions 1 and 2 contain respectively the Q and U Stokes parameters related information. (default:

0)

read_fits_cut4 113

HDR = (OUT, optional),

String array containing the primary header.

XHDR = (OUT, optional),

String array containing the extension header.

NSIDE = (OUT, optional),

returns on output the **HEALPix** resolution parameter, as read from the FITS header. Set to -1

if not found

ORDERING= (OUT, optional),

returns on output the pixel ordering, as read from the FITS header. Either 'RING' or 'NESTED' or

', (if not found).

COORDSYS= (OUT, optional),

returns on output the astrophysical coordinate system used, as read from FITS header (value of

keywords COORDSYS or SKYCOORD)

DESCRIPTION

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to read_fits_cut4.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run

read_fits_cut4

write_fits_cut4 This HEALPix IDL facility can be used to

generate the FITS format cut-sky maps complient with **HEALPix** convention and readable

by read_fits_cut4.

read_fits_cut4, read_fits_map

read_tqu, read_fits_s HEALPix IDL routines to read cut-sky maps,

full-sky maps, polarized full-sky maps and arbi-

trary data sets from FITS files

sxpar This IDL routine (included in **HEALPix** pack-

age) can be used to extract FITS keywords from the header(s) HDR or XHDR read with

 $read_fits_cut4$.

read_fits_map

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/fits/read_fits_map.pro

This IDL facility reads in a **HEALPix** map from a FITS file.

FORMAT

IDL> READ_FITS_MAP, File, T_sky, [Hdr, Exthdr, PIXEL=, SILENT=, NSIDE=, OR-DERING=, COORDSYS=]

QUALIFIERS

File name of a FITS file containing the **HEALPix**

map in an extension or in the image field

T_sky variable containing on output the **HEALPix** map

Hdr (optional),

string variable containing on output the FITS pri-

mary header

Exthdr (optional),

string variable containing on output the FITS ex-

tension header

PIXEL= (optional),

pixel number to read from or pixel range to read (in the order of appearance in the file), starting

from 0.

if > 0 scalar: read from pixel to the end of the

file

if two elements array: reads from pixel[0] to

pixel[1] (included)

if absent: read the whole file

NSIDE= (optional),

returns on output the **HEALPix** resolution parameter, as read from the FITS header. Set to -1

if not found

ORDERING= (optional),

returns on output the pixel ordering, as read from the FITS header. Either 'RING' or 'NESTED' or read_fits_map 115

' ' (if not found).

COORDSYS=

(optional),

returns on output the astrophysical coordinate system used, as read from FITS header (value of keywords COORDSYS or SKYCOORD)

KEYWORDS

SILENT=

if set, no message is issued during normal execution

DESCRIPTION read_fits_map reads in a HEALPix sky map from a FITS file, and outputs the variable T_sky, where the optional variables Hdr and Exthdr contain respectively the primary and extension headers. According to **HEALPix** convention, the map should be is stored as a FITS file binary table extension. Note: the routine read_tqu which requires less memory is recommended when reading large polarized maps.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **read_fits_map**.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to

read_fits_map

read_fits_cut4, read_fits_map

read_tqu, read_fits_s **HEALPix** IDL routines to read cut-sky maps,

full-sky maps, polarized full-sky maps and arbi-

trary data sets from FITS files

sxpar This IDL routine (included in **HEALPix** pack-

> age) can be used to extract FITS keywords from the header(s) Hdr or Xhdr read with

read_fits_map.

synfast This **HEALPix** facility will generate the FITS

format sky map that can be read by read_fits_map.

This **HEALPix** IDL facility can be used to write_fits_map generate the FITS format sky maps complient with **HEALPix** convention and readable by

read_fits_map.

EXAMPLE:

read_fits_map, 'planck100GHZ-LFI.fits', map, hdr, xhdr, /silent

read_fits_map reads in the file 'planck100GHZ-LFI.fits' and outputs the **HEALPix** map in map, the primary header in hdr and the extension header in xhdr.

read_fits_s 117

read_fits_s

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/fits/read_fits_s.pro

This IDL facility reads a FITS file into an IDL structure.

FORMAT	IDL>	READ_FITS_S	,	File,	Prim_stc,
	[Xten_st	c, MERGE=, EX	ΤE	NSION=	=]

QUALIFIERS

File name of a FITS file containing the healpix map(s)

in an extension or in the image field

Prim_stc variable containing on output an IDL structure

with the following fields:

- primary header (tag : 0, tag name : HDR)

- primary image (if any, tag : 1, tag name : IMG)

Xten_stc (optional),

variable containing on output an IDL structure

with the following fields:

- extension header (tag: 0, tag name: HDR)

- data column 1 (if any, tag : 1, tag name given by TTYPE1 (with all spaces removed and only

letters, digits and underscore)

- data column 2 (if any, tag: 2, tag name given

by TTYPE2)

...

EXTENSION = (optional),

scalar integer containing on input the extension to

be read (0 based)

(**default:**0)

KEYWORDS

MERGE= if set Prim_stc contains:

- the concatenated primary and extension header

(tag name : HDR)

- primary image (if any, tag name : IMG)

- data column 1 ...
and Exten_stc is set to 0
(default: :) not set (or set to 0)

DESCRIPTION read_fits_s reads in any type of FITS file (Image, Binary table or Ascii table) and outputs the data in IDL structures

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to read_fits_s .

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run read_fits_s synfast This **HEALPix** facility will generate the FITS

format sky map that can be read by read_fits_s .

read_fits_cut4, read_fits_map

read_tqu, read_fits_s HEALPix IDL routines to read cut-sky maps,

full-sky maps, polarized full-sky maps and arbi-

trary data sets from FITS files

write_fits_sb This **HEALPix** IDL facility can be used to gener-

ate FITS format sky maps readable by read_fits_s

٠

EXAMPLE:

read_fits_s , 'dmr_skymap_90a_4yr.fits', pdata, xdata

read_fits_s reads in the file 'dmr_skymap_90a_4yr.fits'. On output, pdata contains the primary header and xdata is a structure whose first field is the extension header, and the other fields are vectors with respective tag names PIXEL, SIGNAL, N_OBS, SERROR, ... (see help,/struc,xdata)

read_tqu 119

read_tqu

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/fits/read_tqu.pro

This IDL facility reads a temperature+polarization Healpix map (T,Q,U) from a binary table FITS file, with optionally the error (dT,dQ,dU) and correlation (dQU, dTU, dTQ) from separate extensions

FORMAT

IDL> READ_TQU , File, TQU, [Extension=, Hdr=, Xhdr=, Help=, Nside=, Ordering=, Coordsys=]

QUALIFIERS

File name of a FITS file from which the maps are to

be read

TQU : array of Healpix maps of size $(N_{pix}, 3, n_ext)$

where $N_{\rm pix}$ is the total number of Healpix pixels on the sky, and ${\tt n_ext} \leq 3$ is the number of

extensions read

Three maps are available in each extension of the

FITS file:

-the temperature+polarization Stokes parameters $% \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) =-\frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) =-$

maps (T,Q,U) in extension 0

-the error maps $(\mathrm{dT,dQ,dU})$ in extension 1 (if ap-

plicable)

-the correlation maps (dQU, dTU, dTQ) in exten-

sion 2 (if applicable)

Extension (optional),

extension unit from which to read the data (0

based). If absent, all available extensions are read

Hdr= (optional),

string variable containing on output the contents of the primary header. (If already present, FITS

reserved keywords will be automatically updated).

Xhdr= (optional),

string variable containing on output the contents

of the extension header. If several extensions are read, then the extension headers are returned ap-

pended into one string array.

Nside= (optional),

> returns on output the **HEALPix** resolution parameter, as read from the FITS header. Set to -1

if not found

Ordering= (optional).

> returns on output the pixel ordering, as read from the FITS header. Either 'RING' or 'NESTED' or

' ' (if not found).

Coordsys= (optional),

> returns on output the astrophysical coordinate system used, as read from FITS header (value of

keywords COORDSYS or SKYCOORD)

KEYWORDS

Help if set, an extensive help is displayed and no file is

read

DESCRIPTION read_tqu reads out Stokes parameters (T,Q,U) maps for the whole sky into a FITS file. It is also possible to read the error per pixel for each map and the correlation between fields, as subsequent extensions of the same FITS file (see qualifiers above). Therefore the file may have up to three extensions with three maps in each. Extensions can be written together or one by one (in their physical order) using the Extension option

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to read_tqu.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run read_tqu

synfast This **HEALPix** f90 facility can be used to gen-

erate temperature+polarization maps that can be

read with read_tqu

This **HEALPix** IDL facility can be used to write write_tqu

out temperature+polarization that can be read by

read_tqu 121

read_tqu.

read_fits_cut4, read_fits_map

read_tqu, read_fits_s HEALPix IDL routines to read cut-sky maps,

full-sky maps, polarized full-sky maps and arbi-

trary data sets from FITS files

read_fits_s This general purpose **HEALPix** IDL facility can

be used to read into an IDL structure maps con-

tained in binary table FITS files.

sxpar This IDL routine (included in **HEALPix** pack-

age) can be used to extract FITS keywords from the header(s) HDR or XHDR read with read_tqu.

EXAMPLE:

read_tqu, 'map_polarization.fits', TQU, xhdr=xhdr

Reads into TQU the polarization maps contained in the FITS file 'map_polarization.fits'. The variable xhdr will contain the extension(s) header.

remove_dipole

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/misc/remove_dipole.pro

This IDL facility provides a means to fit and remove the dipole and monopole from a **HEALPix** map.

FORMAT

IDL> REMOVE_DIPOLE, Map [, Weight, BAD_DATA=, GAL_CUT=, COORD_IN=, COORD_OUT=, Covariance_Matrix=, Dipole=, Monopole=, /NOREMOVE, NSIDE=, /ONLYMONOPOLE, ORDER-ING=, PIXEL=, /SILENT, UNITS=, /HELP]

QUALIFIERS

Map input and output, vector

map from which monopole and dipole are to be removed (also used for output). Assumed to be a full sky data set, unless PIXEL is set and has the

same size as map

Weight input, vector, optional

same size as map, describe weighting scheme to

apply to each pixel for the fit

(**default:** uniform weight)

BAD_DATA = scalar float, value given on input to bad pixels

(default: !healpix.bad_value $\equiv -1.6375 \ 10^{30}$).

GAL_CUT= if set to a value larger than 0, the pixels with

galactic latitude |b| <gal_cut degrees are not con-

sidered in the fit.

NB: the cut is *really* done in Galactic coordinates. If the input coordinates are different (see Coord_In), the map is rotated into galactic before

applying the cut.

COORD_IN = string, map coordinate system (either 'Q' or

'C': equatorial, 'G': galactic or 'E': ecliptic; up-

per/lower case accepted)

remove_dipole 123

(**default:** 'G' (galactic))

 $COORD_OUT =$ string, coordinate system (see above) in which to

output dipole vector in variable Dipole

(**default:** same as coord_in)

 $Covariance_Matrix =$ OUTPUT, scalar (or symmetric 4x4 matrix),

covariance of the statistical errors made on

monopole (and dipole) determination

Dipole= OUTPUT, 3d vector,

coordinates of best fit dipole (done simultaneously

with monopole), same units as input map

OUTPUT, scalar float, Monopole=

> value found for the best fit monopole (done simultaneously with dipole), same units as input map

NSIDE= scalar integer, healpix resolution parameter

ORDERING= ordering scheme (either string, 'RING' or

'NESTED')

PIXEL= input, vector, gives the Healpix index of the pixels

> whose temperature is actually given in map (for cut sky maps). If present, must match Map in size. If absent, it is assumed that the map covers

the whole sky.

UNITS= string, units of the input map

KEYWORDS

/NOREMOVE if set, the best fit dipole and monopole are com-

puted but not removed (ie, Map is unchanged)

/ONLYMONOPOLE if set, fit (and remove) only the monopole

> /HELP if set, only display documentation header

/SILENT if set, the routine works silently

DESCRIPTION remove_dipole makes a simultaneous least square fit of the monopole and dipole on all the valid pixels of Map (those with a value different from BAD_DATA) with a galactic latitude larger in magnitude than GAL_CUT (in degrees). The position of the pixels on the sky is reconstructed from NSIDE and ORDER-ING. If Map does not cover the full sky, the actual indices of the concerned pixels should be given in PIXEL

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to ${\bf remove_dipole}$.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run remove_dipole.

reorder 125

reorder

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/toolkit/reorder.pro

This IDL facility allows the reordering of a full sky map from NESTED to RING scheme and vice-versa.

FORMAT IDL> Result = REORDER (Input_map [, In=, Out=, N2R=, R2N=])

QUALIFIERS

Result variable containing on output the reordered map

Input_map variable containing the input map

In= specifies the input ordering, can be either 'RING'

or 'NESTED'

Out= specifies the output ordering, can be either 'RING'

or 'NESTED'

KEYWORDS

N2R= If set, does the NESTED to RING conversion,

equivalent to In='NESTED' and Out='RING'

R2N= If set, does the RING to NESTED conversion,

equivalent to In='RING' and Out='NESTED'

DESCRIPTIONreorder allows the reordering of a full sky map from NESTED to RING scheme and vice-versa

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to **reorder** .

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run reorder

EXAMPLE:

map_nest = reorder(map_ring, in='ring', out='nest')

The RING ordered map map_ring is converted to the NESTED map map_nest.

rotate_coord 127

rotate_coord

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/misc/rotate_coord.pro

This IDL facility provides a means to rotate a set of 3D position vectors (and their Stokes parameters Q and U) between to astrophysical coordinate systems or by an arbitrary rotation.

FORMAT IDL> Outvec = ROTATE_COORD(Invec [, Inco=, Outco=, Euler_Matrix=, Stokes_Parameters=])

QUALIFIERS

Invec input, array of size (n,3): set of 3D position vec-

tors

Outvec output, array of size (n,3): rotated 3D vectors

Inco= input, character string (either 'Q' or 'C': equato-

rial, 'G': galactic or 'E': ecliptic) describing the

input coordinate system

Outco= input, character string (see above) describing the

output coordinate system.

Can not be used together with Euler_Matrix

Euler_Matrix input, array of size (3,3). Euler Matrix describing

the rotation to apply to vectors. (**default:** unity

: no rotation).

Can not be used together with a change in coor-

dinates.

Stokes_Parameters= input and output, array of size (n, 2): values of

the Q and U Stokes parameters on the sphere for each of the input position vector. Q and U are defined wrt the local parallel and meridian and are therefore transformed in a non trivial way in

case of rotation

 ${f DESCRIPTION}$ rotate_coord is a generalisation of the Astro library routine skyconv. It allows a rotation of 3D position vectors between two standard astronomic coordinates system but also an arbitrary rotation described by its Euler Matrix. It can also be applied to compute the effect of a rotation on the linear polarization Stokes parameters (Q and U) expressed in local coordinates system at the location of each of the input 3D vectors.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to rotate_coord.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run ro-

tate_coord.

euler_matrix_new constructs the Euler Matrix for a set of three an-

gles and three axes of rotation

$same_shape_pixels_XXXX$

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/toolkit/same_shape_pixels_nest.pro, src/idl/toolkit/same_shape_pixels_ring.pro

These IDL facilities provide the ordered list of all **HEALPix** pixels having the same shape as a given template, for a resolution parameter N_{side} .

FORMAT

IDL> same_shape_pixels_nest, Nside, Template, List_Pixels_Nest [, Reflexion, NREPLICATIONS=]

FORMAT

IDL> same_shape_pixels_ring, Nside, Template, List_Pixels_Ring [, Reflexion, NREPLICATIONS=]

QUALIFIERS

Nside (IN, scalar) the **HEALPix** N_{side} parameter.

Template (IN, scalar) identification number of the template

(this number is independent of the numbering

scheme considered).

List_Pixel_Nest (OUT, vector) ordered list of NESTED scheme

identification numbers for all pixels having the

same shape as the template provided

List_Pixel_Ring (OUT, vector) ordered list of RING scheme iden-

tification numbers for all pixels having the same

shape as the template provided

Reflexion (OUT, OPTIONAL, vector) in {0, 3} encodes the

transformation(s) to apply to each of the returned pixels to match exactly in shape and position the template provided. 0: rotation around the polar axis only, 1: rotation + East-West swap (ie, reflexion around meridian), 2: rotation + North-South swap (ie, reflexion around Equator), 3: rotation

+ East-West and North-South swaps

KEYWORDS

NREPLICATIONS

(OUT, OPTIONAL, scalar) number of pixels having the same shape as the template. It is also the length of the vectors List_Pixel_Nest, List_Pixel_Ring and Reflexion. It is either 8, 16, $4N_{\rm side}$ or $8N_{\rm side}$.

 $\overline{
m DESCRIPTION}$ same_shape_pixels_XXXX provide the ordered list of all **HEALPix** pixels having the same shape as a given template, for a resolution parameter N_{side} . Depending on the template considered the number of such pixels is either 8, 16, $4N_{\text{side}}$ or $8N_{\rm side}$. The template pixels are all located in the Northern Hemisphere, or on the Equator. They are chosen to have their center located at

$$\begin{split} z &= \cos(\theta) \geq 2/3, \qquad 0 < \phi \leq \pi/2, \\ 2/3 > z \geq 0, \qquad \phi = 0, \quad \text{or} \quad \phi = \frac{\pi}{4N_{\text{side}}}. \end{split}$$

They are numbered continuously from 0, starting at the North Pole, with the index increasing in ϕ , and then increasing for decreasing z.

EXAMPLE:

same_shape_pixels_ring, 256, 1234, list_pixels, reflexion, nrep=np

Returns in list_pixels the RING-scheme index of the all the pixels having the same shape as the template #1234 for $N_{\rm side} = 256$. Upon return reflexion will contain the reflexions to apply to each pixel returned to match the template, and np will contain the number of pixels having that same shape (16) in that case).

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to same_shape_pixels_XXXX.

nside2templates

returns the number of template pixel shapes avail-

able for a given N_{side} .

template_pixel_ring template_pixel_nest

return the template shape matching the pixel provided

template_pixel_xxxx

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/toolkit/template_pixel_nest.pro, src/idl/toolkit/template_pixel_ring.pro

> These IDL facilities provide the index of the template pixel associated with a given **HEALPix** pixel, for a resolution parameter $N_{\rm side}$.

FORMAT	IDL> template_pixel_nest,	Nside,	Pixel_Nest,
	Template, Reflexion		

FORMAT IDL> template_pixel_ring, Nside, Pixel_Ring, Template, Reflexion

QUALIFIERS

Nside (IN, scalar) the **HEALPix** N_{side} parameter. Pixel_Nest (IN, scalar or vector) NESTED scheme pixel identification number(s) over the range $\{0.12N_{\text{side}}^2 -$ 1}. Pixel_Ring (IN, scalar or vector) RING scheme pixel identification number(s) over the range $\{0.12N_{\text{side}}^2 - 1\}$. (OUT, scalar or vector) identification number(s) Template of the template matching in shape the pixel(s) provided (the numbering scheme of the pixel templates is the same for both routines). Reflexion (OUT, scalar or vector) in {0, 3} encodes the transformation(s) to apply to each pixel provided to match exactly in shape and position its respective template. 0: rotation around the polar axis only, 1: rotation + East-West swap (ie, reflexion around meridian), 2: rotation + North-South swap (ie, reflexion around Equator), 3: rotation

+ East-West and North-South swaps

DESCRIPTION template_pixel_xxxx provide the index of the template pixel associated with a given **HEALPix** pixel, for a resolution param-

eter N_{side} .

Any pixel can be *matched in shape* to a single of these tem-

plates by a combination of a rotation around the polar axis with reflexion(s) around a meridian and/or the equator.

The template pixels are all located in the Northern Hemisphere, or on the Equator. They are chosen to have their center located at

$$\begin{split} z &= \cos(\theta) \geq 2/3, \qquad 0 < \phi \leq \pi/2, \\ 2/3 > z \geq 0, \qquad \phi = 0, \quad \text{or} \quad \phi = \frac{\pi}{4N_{\text{side}}}. \end{split}$$

They are numbered continuously from 0, starting at the North Pole, with the index increasing in ϕ , and then increasing for decreasing z.

EXAMPLE:

template_pixel_ring, 256, 500000, template, reflexion

Returns in template the index of the template pixel (16663) whose shape matches that of the pixel #500000 for $N_{\rm side} = 256$. Upon return reflexion will contain 2, meaning that the template must be reflected around a meridian and around the equator (and then rotated around the polar axis) in order to match the pixel.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to template_pixel_xxxx.

nside2templates returns the number of template pixel shapes avail-

able for a given N_{side} .
same_shape_pixels_ring

same_shape_pixels_nest return the ordered list of pixels having the same

shape as a given pixel template

ud_grade

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/toolkit/ud_grade.pro

This IDL facility provides a means to upgrade/degrade or reorder a Healpix full sky map contained in a FITS file or loaded in memory.

FORMAT

IDL> UD_GRADE , Map_in, Map_out [, NSIDE_OUT=, ORDER_IN=, ORDER_OUT=, BAD_DATA=, PES-SIMISTIC=]

QUALIFIERS

Map_in input map: either a character string with the

name of a fits file or a memory vector (real, integer, ...) containing a full sky Healpix data set.

Map_out reordered map: if map_in was a filename, map_out

should be a filename, otherwise map_out should

point to a memory array

KEYWORDS

NSIDE_OUT = output resolution parameter, can be larger or

smaller than the input one (scalar integer).

(default: same as input: map unchanged or sim-

ply reordered)

ORDER_IN = input map ordering (either 'RING' or 'NESTED')

(default: same as the input FITS keyword OR-

DERING if applicable).

ORDER_OUT = output map ordering (either 'RING' or

'NESTED') (**default:** same as ORDER_IN).

BAD_DATA = flag value of missing pixels. (default

!healpix.bad_value $\equiv -1.6375 \ 10^{30}$).

ud_grade 135

PESSIMISTIC =

if set, during **degradation** each big pixel containing one bad or missing small pixel is also considered as bad. if not set, each big pixel containing at least one good pixel is considered as good (optimistic) default = 0 (:not set)

DESCRIPTION ud_grade can upgrade/degrade a full sky **HEALPix** map using the hierarchical properties of **HEALPix**. It can also reorder a full sky map (from NEST to RING and vice-versa). It operates on FITS files as well as on memory variables. The degradation/upgradation is done assuming an intensive quantity (like temperature) that does not scale with surface area. In case of degradation a big pixel that contains at least one bad small pixel is considered as bad itself. When operating on FITS files, the header information from the input file that is not directly related the ordering/resolution is copied unchanged into the output file.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to ud_grade.

idl reorder version 6.1 or more is necessary to run ud_grade. reorder a full sky Healpix map.

EXAMPLES: #1

ud_grade , 'map_512.fits', 'map_256.fits', nside_out = 256

ud_grade reads the FITS file map_512.fits (that allegedly contains a map with NSIDE=512), and write in the FITS file map_256.fits a map degraded to resolution 256, with the same ordering.

EXAMPLES: #2

ud_grade , 'map_512.fits', 'map_Nest256.fits', nside_out = 256, \$ order_out = 'NESTED'

ud_grade reads the FITS file map_512.fits (that allegedly contains a map with NSIDE=512), and writes in the FITS file map_Nest256.fits a map degraded to resolution 256, with NESTED ordering.

EXAMPLES: #3

read_fits_map, 'map_Nest256.fits', mymap
ud_grade , mymap, mymap2, nside_out = 1024, order_in='NESTED', order_out='RING'

mymap is IDL variable containing a **HEALPix** NESTED-ordered map with resolution nside=256. ud_grade upgrades this map to a resolution of 1024, reorder it to RING and write it in the IDL vector mymap2.

vec2ang 137

vec2ang

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/toolkit/vec2ang.pro

This IDL facility convert the 3D position vectors of points into their angles on the sphere.

FORMAT IDL> VEC2ANG, Vector, Theta, Phi [, AS-TRO=]

QUALIFIERS

Vector input, array,

three dimensional cartesian position vector (x, y, z) (not necessarily normalised). The north pole is (0, 0, 1). The coordinates are ordered as follows $x(0), \ldots, x(n-1), y(0), \ldots, y(n-1)$

1), $z(0), \ldots, z(n-1)$

Theta output, vector,

vector, colatitude in radians measured southward from north pole in $[0,\pi]$ (mathematical coordinates)

nates).

If ASTRO is set, Theta is the latitude in degrees measured northward from the equator, in [-90, 90]

(astronomical coordinates).

Phi output, vector,

longitude in radians measured eastward, in $[0, 2\pi]$

(mathematical coordinates).

If ASTRO is set, Phi is the longitude in degree measured eastward, in [0,360] (astronomical coor-

dinates).

KEYWORDS

ASTRO =

if set Theta and Phi are the latitude and longitude in degrees (astronomical coordinates) instead of the colatitude and longitude in radians (mathematical coordinates). **DESCRIPTION**vec2ang performs the geometrical transform from the 3D position vectors (x, y, z) of points into their angles (θ, ϕ) on the sphere: $x = \sin \theta \cos \phi$, $y = \sin \theta \sin \phi$, $z = \cos \theta$

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to $\mathbf{vec2ang}$.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run vec2ang.

pix2xxx, ... conversion between vector or angles and pixel in-

dex

ang2vec conversion from angles to position vectors

EXAMPLE:

write_fits_cut4

write_fits_cut4

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/fits/write_fits_cut4.pro

This IDL facility writes out a cut sky **HEALPix** map into a FITS file according to the **HEALPix** convention. The format used for the FITS file follows the one used for Boomerang98 and is adapted from COBE/DMR. This routine can be used to store polarized maps, where the information relative to the Stokes parameters I, Q and U are placed in extension 0, 1 and 2 respectively by successive invocation of the routine.

FORMAT

IDL> WRITE_FITS_CUT4, File, Pixel, Signal [, N_Obs, Serror, COORDSYS=, EXTENSION=, HDR=, /NESTED, NSIDE=, ORDERING=, /POLARISATION, /RING, UNITS=, XHDR=]

QUALIFIERS

File name of a FITS file in which the map is to be

written

Pixel (LONG or LONG64 vector),

index of observed (or valid) pixels

Signal (FLOAT or DOUBLE vector, same size as Pixel),

value of signal in each observed pixel

N_Obs (LONG or INT or LONG64 vector, Optional,

same size as Pixel),

number of observation per pixel.

If absent, the field N_OBS will take a value of 1 in the output file. If set to a scalar constant, N_OBS

will take this value in the output file

Serror (FLOAT or DOUBLE vector, Optional, same size

as Pixel)

rms of signal in pixel, for white noise, this is \propto

 $1/\sqrt{\text{n_obs}}$

If absent, the field SERROR will take a value of

0.0 in the output file. If set to a scalar constant, SERROR will take this value in the output file

KEYWORDS

COORDSYS= (optional),

> if set to either 'C', 'E' or 'G', specifies that the Healpix coordinate system is respectively Celestial=equatorial, Ecliptic or Galactic. (The relevant keyword is then added/updated in the extension header, but the map is NOT rotated)

EXTENSION= (optional).

> (0 based) extension number in which to write data. (**default:** 0). If set to 0 (or not set) a new file is written from scratch. If set to a value larger than 1, the corresponding extension is added or updated, as long as all previous extensions already exist. All extensions of the same file should use the same ORDERING, NSIDE and COORDSYS.

HDR =(optional),

> String array containing the information to be put in the primary header.

/NESTED if set, specifies that the map is in the NESTED

ordering scheme

see also: Ordering and Ring

NSIDE= (optional),

> scalar integer, **HEALPix** resolution parameter of the data set. The resolution parameter should be made available to the FITS file, either thru this

qualifier, or via the header (see XHDR).

ORDERING= (optional),

> if set to either 'ring' or 'nested' (case un-sensitive), specifies that the map is respectively in RING or

NESTED ordering scheme see also: Nested and Ring

The ordering information should be made available to the FITS file, either thru a combination of Ordering/Ring/Nested, or via the header (see

XHDR).

/POLARISATION specifies that file will contain the I, Q and U po-

larisation Stokes parameter in extensions 0, 1 and

write_fits_cut4

2 respectively, and sets the FITS header keywords

accordingly

/RING if set, specifies that the map is in the RING or-

dering scheme

see also: Ordering and Nested

UNITS= (optional),

string describing the physical units of the data set

(only applies to Signal and Serror)

XHDR= (optional),

String array containing the information to be put

in the extension header.

DESCRIPTION

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to write_fits_cut4.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to rur

write_fits_cut4

read_fits_cut4 This HEALPix IDL facility can be used to read

in maps written by write_fits_cut4.

write_fits_cut4, write_fits_map

write_tqu, write_fits_sb HEALPix IDL routines to write cut-sky maps,

full-sky maps, polarized full-sky maps and arbi-

trary data sets into FITS files

sxaddpar This IDL routine (included in **HEALPix** pack-

age) can be used to update or add FITS keywords

to the header in HDR and XHDR

EXAMPLES: #1

write_fits_cut4 , 'map_cut.fits', pixel, temperature, /ring, nside=32, /pol

writes in 'map_cut.fits' a FITS file containing the temperature measured in a set of **HEALPix** pixel.

EXAMPLES: #2

```
write_fits_cut4 , 'tqu_cut.fits', pixel, temperature, n_t, s_t, $
   /ring, nside=32, /pol
write_fits_cut4 , 'tqu_cut.fits', pixel, qstokes, n_q, s_q, $
   /ring, nside=32, /pol, ext=1
write_fits_cut4 , 'tqu_cut.fits', pixel, ustokes, n_u, s_u, $
   /ring, nside=32, /pol, ext=2
```

writes in 'tqu_cut.fits' a FITS file with three extensions, each of them containing information on the observed pixel, the measured signal, the number of observations and noise per pixel, for the three Stokes parameters I, Q and U respectively. The **HEALPix** ring ordered scheme and the resolution $N_{\rm side}=32$ is assumed.

write_fits_map 143

write_fits_map

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/fits/write_fits_map.pro

This IDL facility writes out a **HEALPix** map into a FITS file according to the **HEALPix** convention

FORMAT IDL> WRITE_FITS_MAP , File, T_sky

[Header, Coordsys=, Error=, Help=, Nested=,

Ring=, Ordering=, Units=]

QUALIFIERS

File name of a FITS file in which the map is to be

written

T_sky variable containing the **HEALPix** map

Header (optional),

string variable containing on input the information to be added to the extension header. (If already present, FITS reserved keywords will be au-

tomatically updated).

Coordsys= (optional),

if set to either 'C', 'E' or 'G', specifies that the Healpix coordinate system is respectively Celestial=equatorial, Ecliptic or Galactic. (The relevant keyword is then added/updated in the ex-

tension header, but the map is NOT rotated)

Error= (optional output),

will take value 1 if file can not be written

Ordering= (optional),

if set to either 'ring' or 'nested' (case un-sensitive), specifies that the map is respectively in RING or

NESTED ordering scheme

see also: Nested and Ring

Units= (optional),

string describing the physical units of the data set

KEYWORDS

Help if set, an extensive help is displayed and no file is

written

Nested if set, specifies that the map is in the NESTED

ordering scheme

see also: Ordering and Ring

Ring if set, specifies that the map is in the RING or-

dering scheme

see also: Ordering and Nested

DESCRIPTION write_fits_map writes out the full sky HEALPix map T_sky into the FITS file File. Extra information about the map can be given in Header according to the FITS header conventions. Coordinate systems can also be specified by Coordsys. Specifying the ordering scheme is compulsary and can be done either in Header or by setting Ordering or Nested or Ring to the correct value. If Ordering or Nested or Ring is set, its value overrides what is given in Header.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to write_fits_map.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to

write_fits_map

read_fits_map This **HEALPix** IDL facility can be used to read

in maps written by write_fits_map.

sxaddpar This IDL routine (included in **HEALPix** pack-

age) can be used to update or add FITS keywords

to Header

This **HEALPix** IDL routine can be used to rereorder

order a map from NESTED scheme to RING

scheme and vice-versa.

write_fits_cut4, write_fits_map

write_tqu, write_fits_sb **HEALPix** IDL routines to write cut-sky maps,

full-sky maps, polarized full-sky maps and arbi-

trary data sets into FITS files

write fits sb routine to write multi-column binary FITS table write_fits_map 145

EXAMPLE:

write_fits_sb

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/fits/write_fits_sb.pro

This IDL facility writes out a **HEALPix** map into a FITS file according to the **HEALPix** convention. It can also write an arbitray data set into a FITS binary table

FORMAT

IDL> WRITE_FITS_SB , File, Prim_Stc [, Xten_stc, Coordsys=, /Nested, /Ring, Ordering=, /Partial, Nside=, Extension=, /Nothealpix]

QUALIFIERS

File name of a FITS file in which the map is to be

written

Prim_stc IDL structure containing the following fields:

primary headerprimary image

Set it to 0 to get an empty primary unit

Xten_stc (optional),

IDL structure containing the following fields:

extension headerdata column 1

- data column 2

...

NB: because of some astron routines limitation, avoid using the single letters 'T' or 'F' as tagnames in the structures Prim.stc and Xten.stc.

KEYWORDS

Coordsys= (optional),

if set to either 'C', 'E' or 'G', specifies that the Healpix coordinate system is respectively Celestial=equatorial, Ecliptic or Galactic. (The relevant keyword is then added/updated in the ex-

write_fits_sb

tension header, but the map is NOT rotated)

Ordering= (optional),

if set to either 'ring' or 'nested' (case un-sensitive), specifies that the map is respectively in RING or

NESTED ordering scheme see also: Nested and Ring

Nside= (optional),

scalar integer, ${\bf HEALPix}$ resolution parameter of the data set. Must be used when the data set does

not cover the whole sky

Extension = (optional),

scalar integer, extension in which to write the data

(0 based). (**default:** 0)

/Nested (optional),

if set, specifies that the map is in the NESTED

ordering scheme

see also: Ordering and Ring

/Ring (optional),

if set, specifies that the map is in the RING or-

dering scheme

see also: Ordering and Nested

/Partial (optional),

if set, the data set does not cover the whole sky. In that case the information on the actual map resolution should be given by the qualifier Nside (see above), or included in the FITS header enclosed

in the Xten_stc.

/Nothealpix (optional),

if set, the data set can be arbitrary, and the restriction on the number of pixels do not apply. The keywords Ordering, Nside, Nested, Ring

and Partial are ignored.

 ${f DESCRIPTION}$ write_fits_sb writes out the information contained in Prim_stc and Exten_stc in the primary unit and extension of the FITS file File respectively. Coordinate systems can also be specified by Coordsys. Specifying the ordering scheme is compulsary for **HEALPix** data sets and can be done either in **Header** or by setting Ordering or Nested or Ring to the correct value. If Ordering or Nested or Ring is set, its value overrides what is given in Header.

> The data is assumed to represent a full sky data set with the number of data points npix = 12*Nside*Nside unless

> Partial is set OR the input fits header contains OBJECT = 'PARTIAL'

AND

the Nside qualifier is given a valid value OR the FITS header contains a NSIDE

If Nothealpix is set, the restrictions on Nside a void.

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to write_fits_sb.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run write_fits_sb

read_fits_map This **HEALPix** IDL facility can be used to read

in maps written by write_fits_sb.

read fits s This **HEALPix** IDL facility can be used to

read into an IDL structure maps written by

write_fits_sb.

sxaddpar This IDL routine (included in **HEALPix** pack-

age) can be used to update or add FITS keywords

to the header in Prim stc and Exten stc

write_fits_cut4, write_fits_map

write_tqu, write_fits_sb **HEALPix** IDL routines to write cut-sky maps,

full-sky maps, polarized full-sky maps and arbi-

trary data sets into FITS files

write_tqu This HEALPixIDLfacility based

write_fits_sb is designed to write tempera-

ture+polarization (T,Q,U) maps

EXAMPLE:

write_fits_sb

```
npix = nside2npix(128)
f= randomn(seed,npix)
n= lindgen(npix)+3
map_FN = create_struct('HDR',[' '],'FLUX',f,'NUMBER',n)
write_fits_sb, 'map_fluxnumber.fits', 0, map_FN, coord='G', /ring
```

The structure map_FN is defined to contain a fictitious Flux+number map, where one field is a float and the other an integer. write_fits_sb writes out the contents of map_FN into the extension of the FITS file 'map_fluxnumber.fits'.

write_tqu

Location in HEALPix directory tree: src/idl/fits/write_tqu.pro

This IDL facility writes a temperature+polarization Healpix map (T,Q,U) into a binary table FITS file, with optionally the error (dT,dQ,dU) and correlation (dQU, dTU, dTQ) in separate extensions

FORMAT

IDL> WRITE_TQU, File, TQU, [Coordsys=, Nested=, Ring=, Ordering=, Error=, Extension=, Help=, Hdr=, Xhdr=, Units=, Help=

QUALIFIERS

File

name of a FITS file in which the maps are to be written

TQU

: array of Healpix maps of size $(N_{pix},3,n_{ext})$ where $N_{\rm pix}$ is the total number of Healpix pixels on the sky, and $n_{\text{ext}} < 3$.

Three maps are written in each extension of the FITS file:

-the temperature+polarization Stokes parameters maps (T,Q,U) in extension 0

-the error maps (dT,dQ,dU) (if $n_{ext} \geq 2$) in extension 1

-the correlation maps (dQU, dTU, dTQ) (if n_ext = 3) in extension 2

it is also possible to write 3 maps directly in a given extension (provided the preceding extension, if any, is already filled in) by setting Extension to the extension number in which to write (0 based) and if $n_{\text{ext}} + \text{Extension} \leq 3$

Coordsys=

(optional),

if set to either 'C', 'E' or 'G', specifies that the Healpix coordinate system is respectively Celestial=equatorial, Ecliptic or Galactic. (The relevant keyword is then added/updated in the extension header, but the map is NOT rotated)

write_tqu 151

Error (optional output),

will take value 1 if file can not be written

Extension (optional),

extension unit a which to put the data (0 based). The physical interpretation of the maps is determined by the extension in which they are written

see also: TQU

Hdr= (optional),

string variable containing on input the information to be added to the primary header. (If already present, FITS reserved keywords will be au-

tomatically updated).

Ordering= (optional),

if set to either 'ring' or 'nested' (case un-sensitive), specifies that the map is respectively in RING or

NESTED ordering scheme see also: Nested and Ring

Units= (optional),

string describing the physical units of the data set

Xhdr = (optional),

string variable containing on input the information to be added to the extension headerx. (If already present, FITS reserved keywords will be automatically updated). It will be repeated in each extension, except for TTYPE* and EXTNAME which are generated by the routine and depend

on the extension

KEYWORDS

Help if set, an extensive help is displayed and no file is

written

Nested if set, specifies that the map is in the NESTED

ordering scheme

see also: Ordering and Ring

Ring if set, specifies that the map is in the RING or-

dering scheme

see also: Ordering and Nested

 $\mathbf{DESCRIPTION}$ write_tqu writes out Stokes parameters (T,Q,U) maps for the whole sky into a FITS file. It is also possible to write the error per pixel for each map and the correlation between fields, as subsequent extensions of the same FITS file (see qualifiers above). Therefore the file may have up to three extensions with three maps in each. Extensions can be written together or one by one (in their physical order) using the Extension option

RELATED ROUTINES

This section lists the routines related to write_tqu.

idl version 6.1 or more is necessary to run write_tqu read_tqu This **HEALPix** IDL facility can be used to read in maps written by write_tqu. read_fits_s This **HEALPix** IDL facility can be used to read into an IDL structure maps written by write_tqu. This IDL routine (included in **HEALPix** packsxaddpar age) can be used to update or add FITS keywords

to the header(s) HDR or XHDR

write_fits_cut4, write_fits_map write_tqu, write_fits_sb

HEALPix IDL routines to write cut-sky maps, full-sky maps, polarized full-sky maps and arbitrary data sets into FITS files

EXAMPLE:

```
npix = nside2npix(64)
t = randomn(seed,npix)
q = randomn(seed,npix)
u = randomn(seed,npix)
TQU = [[t], [q], [u]]
write_tqu, 'map_polarization.fits', TQU, coord='G', /ring
```

The array TQU is defined to contain a fictitious polarisation map, with the 3 Stokes parameters T, Q and U. The map is assumed to be in Galactic coordinates, with a RING ordering of the pixels. write_tqu writes out the contents of TQU into the extension of the FITS file 'map_polarization.fits'.