

# Scriptspråk

Kurs\_NÄTD24LIN\_SCSP25

## *Workshop 2: Incident Analysis - CSV Data Processing*

<https://github.com/muhad308/Incident-Analysis---CSV-Data-Processing-Part-2>

### 1. Problem Solving and Challenges:-

**What were the biggest challenges you encountered in this workshop part?**

**How did you solve them?**

- ✚ One of the biggest challenges was cleaning and standardizing data from the CSV file.
  - Cost values used commas instead of dots or contained spaces.
  - I solved this with a helper function `parse_cost()` that cleaned and converted the data safely to floats.
- ✚ Another issue was handling missing or invalid numbers in columns like `resolution_minutes` and `affected_users`.
  - I used conditional checks to convert valid values and default invalid ones to zero or None.
  - Example: -

```
row["affected_users"] = int(row["affected_users"]) if row["affected_users"].isdigit() else 0
```
- ✚ Managing grouped data (like incidents per site or severity) was tricky.
  - I used `defaultdict` and `Counter` from the `collections` module to simplify aggregation and avoid key errors.

### 2. Learning and Development

**What have you learned that you couldn't do before?**

- ✚ I learned how to use `defaultdict` and `Counter` from `collections` module to efficiently aggregate and count data without manual initialization.
- ✚ I gained hands-on experience with key Python modules like `csv`, `statistics`, and `collections`.
- ✚ I also learned how to generate multiple report files (`.csv` and `.txt`) automatically from one data source.

**Which concept(s) was/are the most difficult to understand and why?**

- ✚ The hardest concept was managing nested dictionary structures in `device_statistics` where each device stores multiple lists (costs, users, severity scores) for later averaging.
  - At first it was confusing how values could be lists or dictionaries inside dictionaries, but once I understood it, it became a powerful way to structure data.

### 3. Professional Relevance

**How can you use these skills in your future role as a network engineer?**

- ✚ These skills are directly useful in a network engineering environment where large amounts of incident data are generated every week.
- ✚ Automating reports like this helps identify:
  - Sites with recurring outages
  - Devices with high failure rates
  - Weekly costs and impact trends

**Examples of real-world situations where this type of automation would be valuable:**

- ✚ Real-world uses include:
  - Generating automatic weekly summaries for network operations teams
  - Prioritizing hardware replacements based on incident frequency and cost
  - Feeding analysis results into dashboards or ticketing systems for proactive monitoring
- ✚ This kind of automation can save time, reduce manual errors and improve decision-making in network maintenance and planning.

### 4. Code Quality and Improvements

**If you were to do the workshop part again, what would you do differently?**

- ✚ I would split the code into separate functions for reading, processing, and writing data.
- ✚ Add logging to capture data issues and runtime errors more transparently.
- ✚ Introduce visualizations (e.g., graphs for weekly costs or severity distribution) for easier interpretation.

**Which parts of your solution are you most satisfied with and why?**

- ✚ I'm most satisfied with the site and device summaries which give clear insight into problem areas and costs.
- ✚ The automation of generating multiple output files everything runs in one go.
- ✚ The way the script handles messy data without crashing, which is realistic for network logs.