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2. Deklarasi Package

Package Nested Looping; ~~for~~

* Import Library

- Import java.util.Scanner;

* Bagian class

- Public class no 2 {

Public static void main (String [] args) { } Nested Loop

- public class arrayPerulangan - 3 { } Array

* Method Main

- Public static void main (String [] args) {

Int x, y;

For (x=0; x<=4; x++) {

For (y=0; y<x; y++) {

System.out.println (x);

}

System.out.println();

} Nested Loop

~~• Public static void main (String~~

- public static void main (String args []) {

String [] siswa = {"Reinan", "Odena", "Geanno"}; Array

For (int i=0; i<siswa.length; i++){

System.out.println ("Index ke " + i + " = " + siswa[i]);

}

* Document Section

// pangang array 3

B. * Penjelasan Nested Loop

No	Pengelasan	Output
1.	<code>x = 1; y; // Membuat variabel x dan y</code>	
2.	<code>x = 0; x <= 4; → T // Lanjut ke Looping dalam</code>	
3.	<code>y = 0; y < x → T // Print 0 / Kosong</code>	0
4.	<code>y++; y = 0 + 1 = 1; x = 0 → F // Stop Looping dalam</code>	
5.	<code>Print () // Enter baris</code>	Enter
6.	<code>x++; x = 0 + 1 = 1; 1 <= 4 → T // Lanjut ke looping dalam</code>	
7.	<code>y = 0; 0 < 1: Print (x=1) → T</code>	1
8.	<code>Print () // Enter baris</code>	Enter
9.	<code>x++; x = 1 + 1 = 2; 2 <= 4 → T // Lanjut Looping dalam</code>	
10.	<code>y = 0; 0 < 2 → T Print 2</code>	2
11.	<code>y++; y = 0 + 1 = 1 1 < 2 → T Print x</code>	22
12.	<code>x++; x = 2 + 1 = 3; Print ()</code>	Enter
13.	<code>x++; x = 2 + 1 = 3; 3 <= 4 → T // Lanjut looping dalam</code>	
14.	<code>y = 0; 0 < 3 → T Print x (3)</code>	3
15.	<code>y++; y = 0 + 1 = 1; 1 < 3 → T Print x (3)</code>	33
16.	<code>y++; y = 1 + 1 = 2; 2 < 3 → T Print x (3)</code>	333
17.	<code>y++; y = 2 + 1 = 3; 3 < 3 → F Stop</code>	
18.	<code>Print ()</code>	Enter
19.	<code>x++; x = 3 + 1 = 4; 4 <= 4 → T // lanjut Looping dalam</code>	
20.	<code>y = 0; y = 0; 0 < 4 → T Print x (4)</code>	4
21.	<code>y++; y = 0 + 1 = 1; 1 < 4 → T Print x</code>	44
22.	<code>y++; y = 1 + 1 = 2; 2 < 4 → T Print x</code>	444
23.	<code>y++; y = 2 + 1 = 3; 3 < 4 → T Print x</code>	4444
24.	<code>y++; y = 3 + 1 = 4; 4 < 4 → F Stop</code>	
25.	<code>Print ()</code>	Enter
26.	<code>Print x x++; x = 4 + 1 = 5; 5 <= 4 = F // stop looping</code>	
27.	<code>End</code>	
	Hasil =	1 22 333 4444

* Array menggunakan Looping

Pengelasan Program

No	Pengelasan	Out Put
1.	String [] Siswa : { "Reinan", "Odena", "Geano" } // Panjang array	
2.	i = 0; 0 < 3 → T Print mahasiswa siswa [0]	Reinan
3.	i++; 1 < 3 → T Print siswa [1]	Odena
4.	i++; 2 < 3 → T Print siswa [2]	Geano
5.	i++; 3 < 3 → F Looping End	