Modeling the Domain with Types

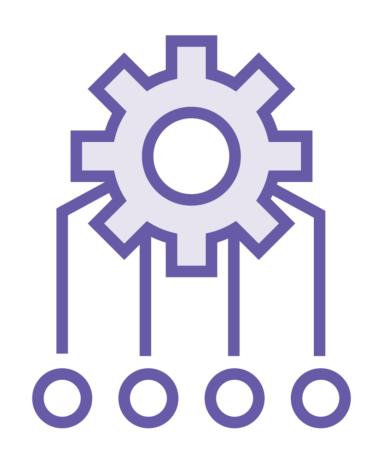


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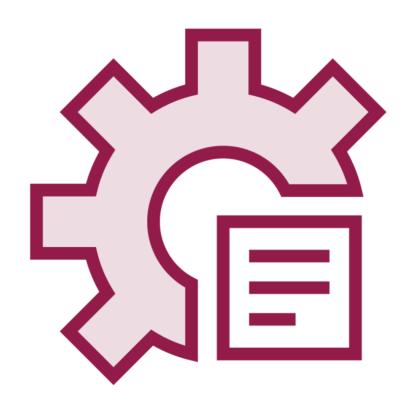


Functional vs. Object-oriented Design



Functional design

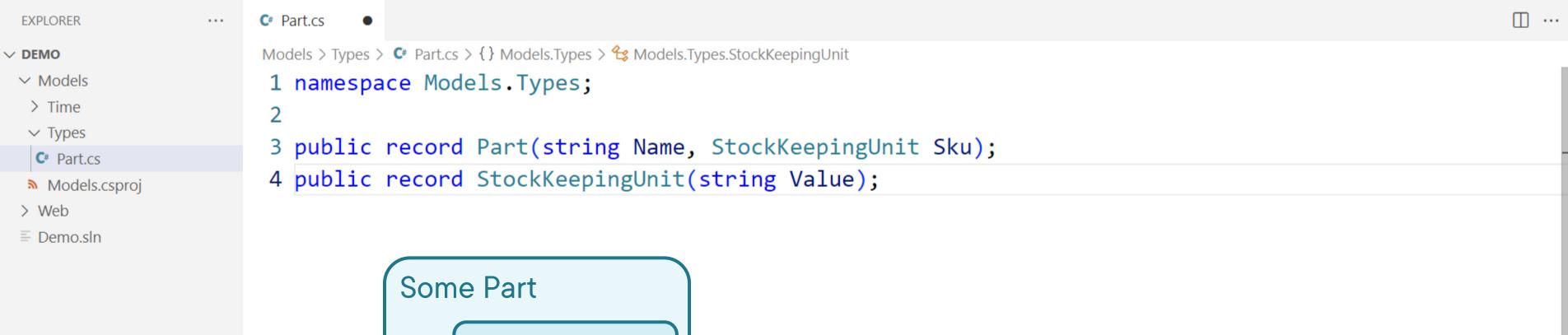
Separation of functions and types

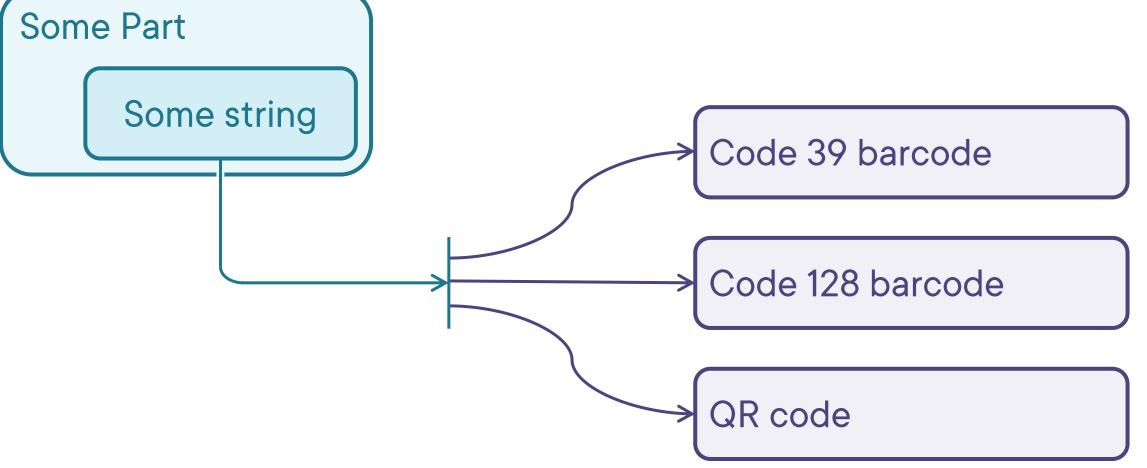


Object-oriented design

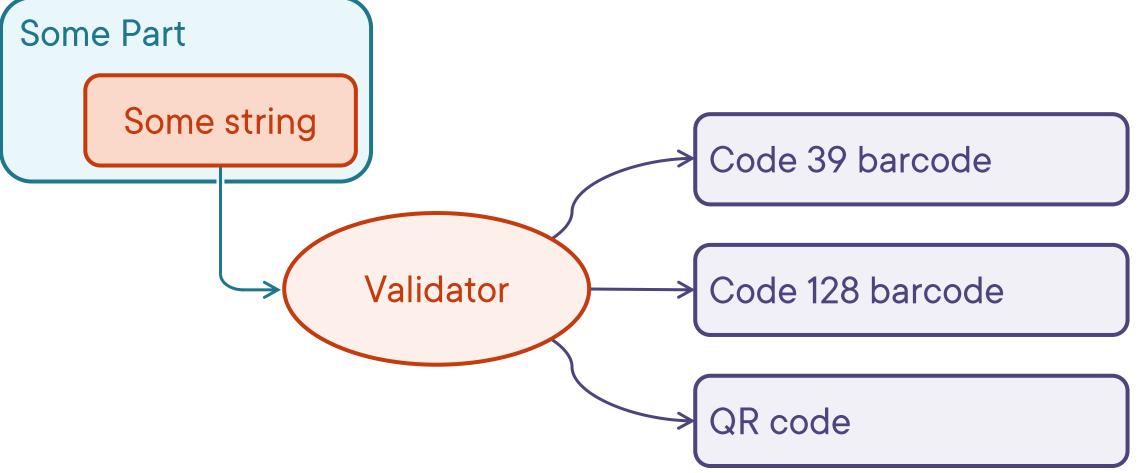
Functions defined on types

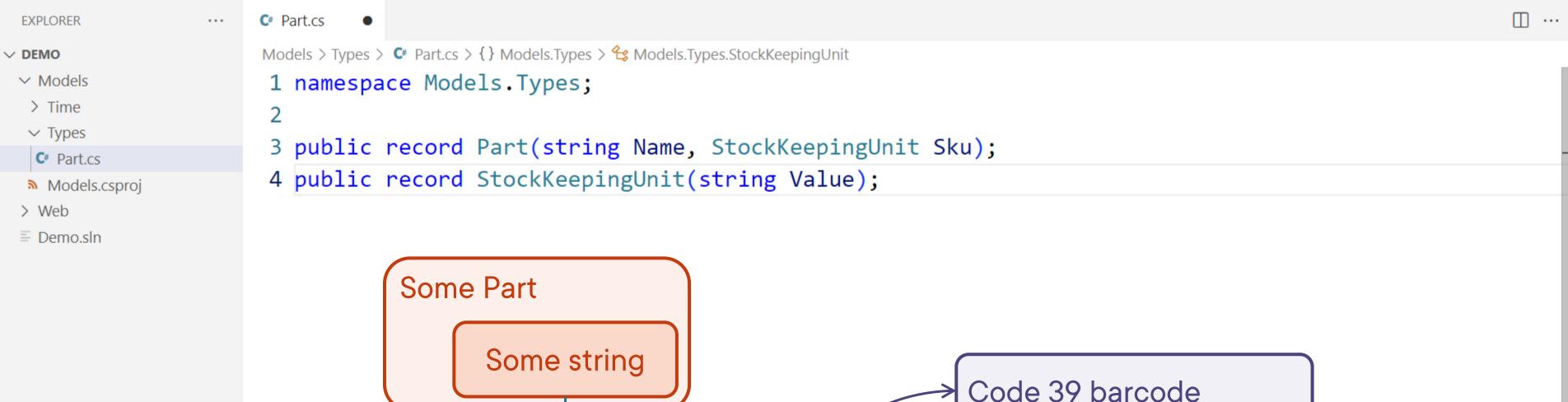


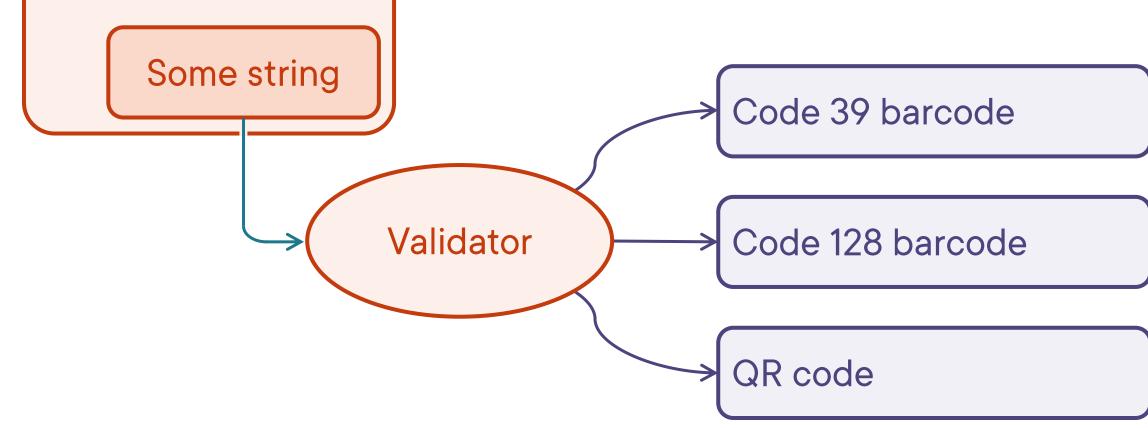




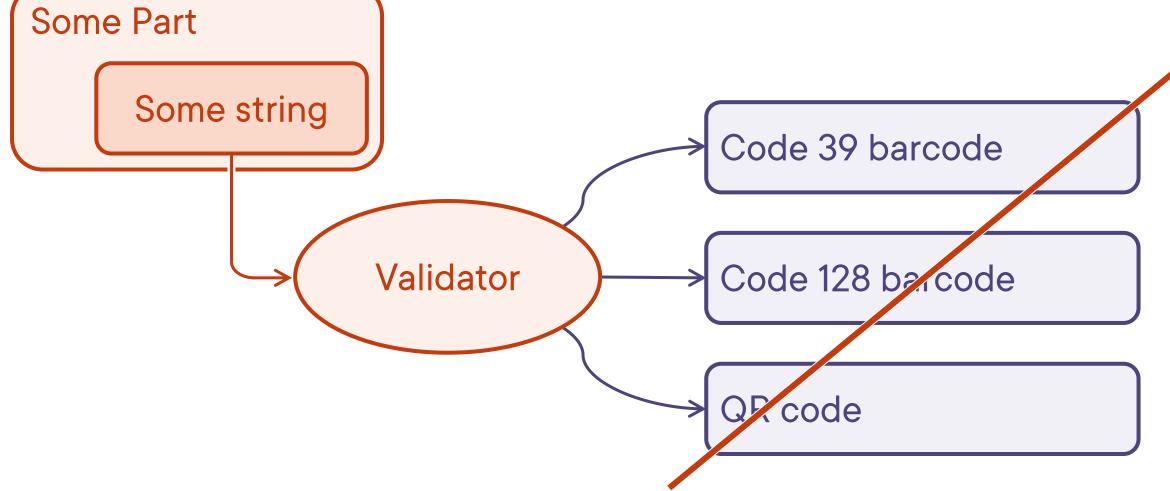




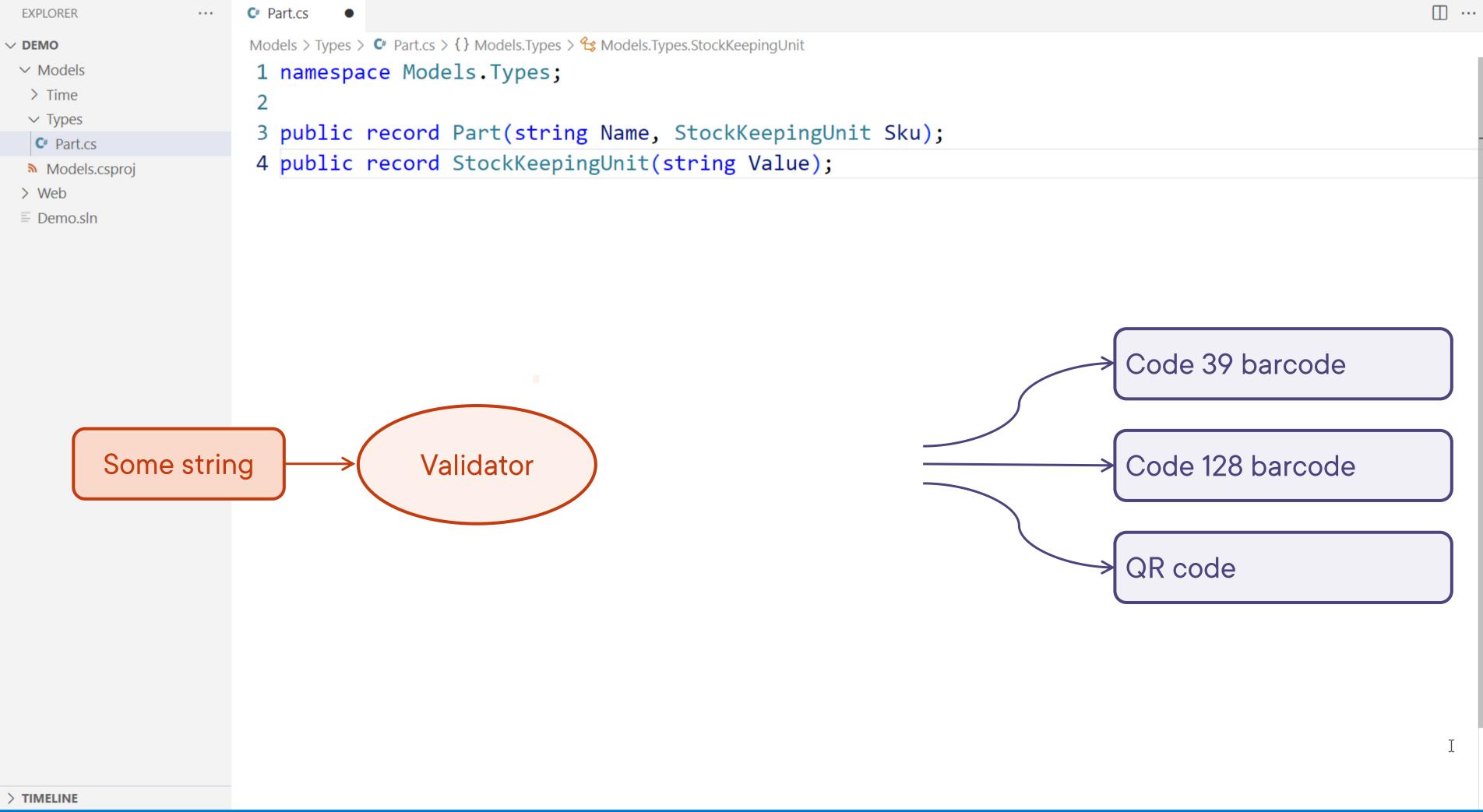




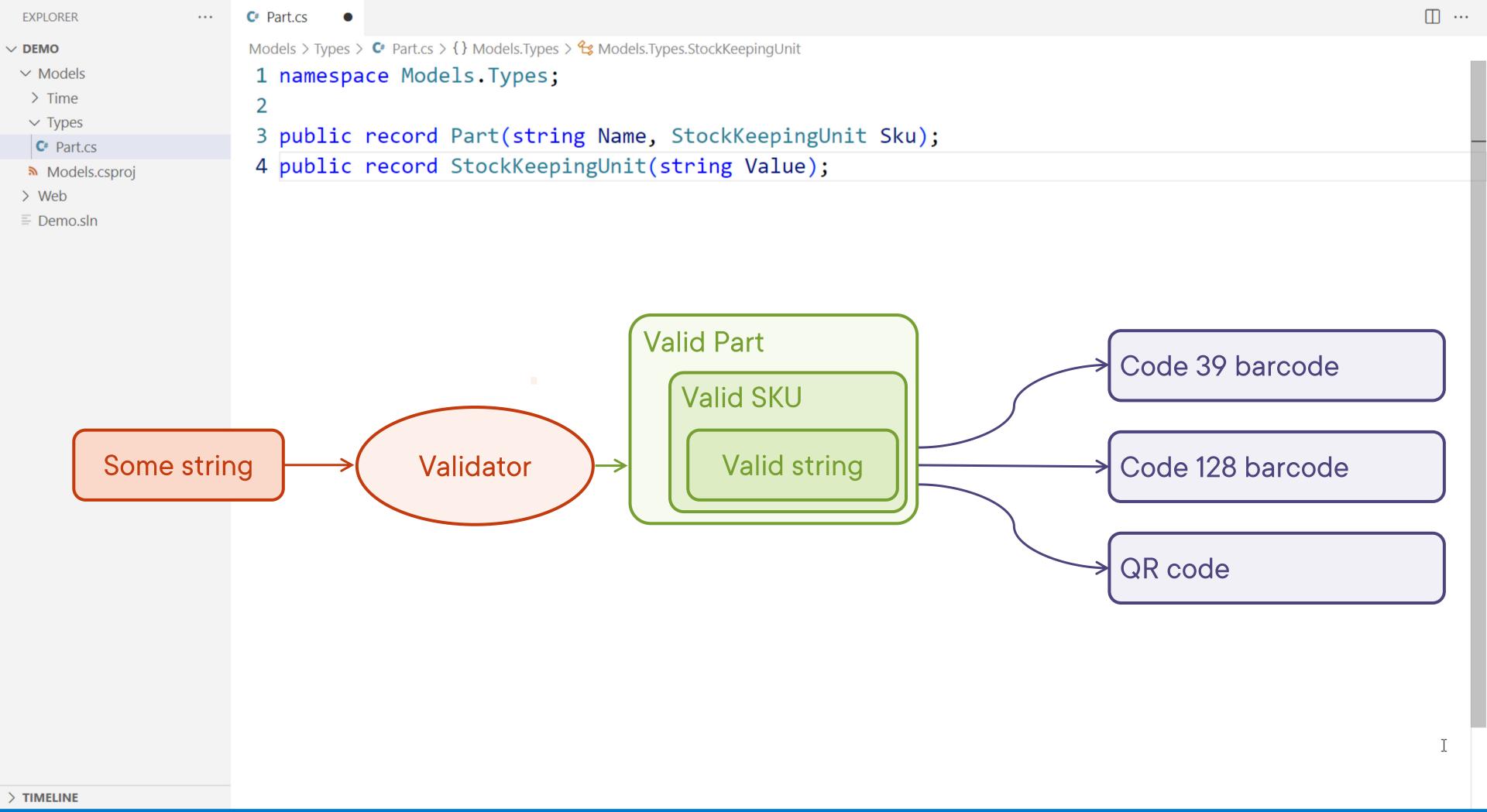




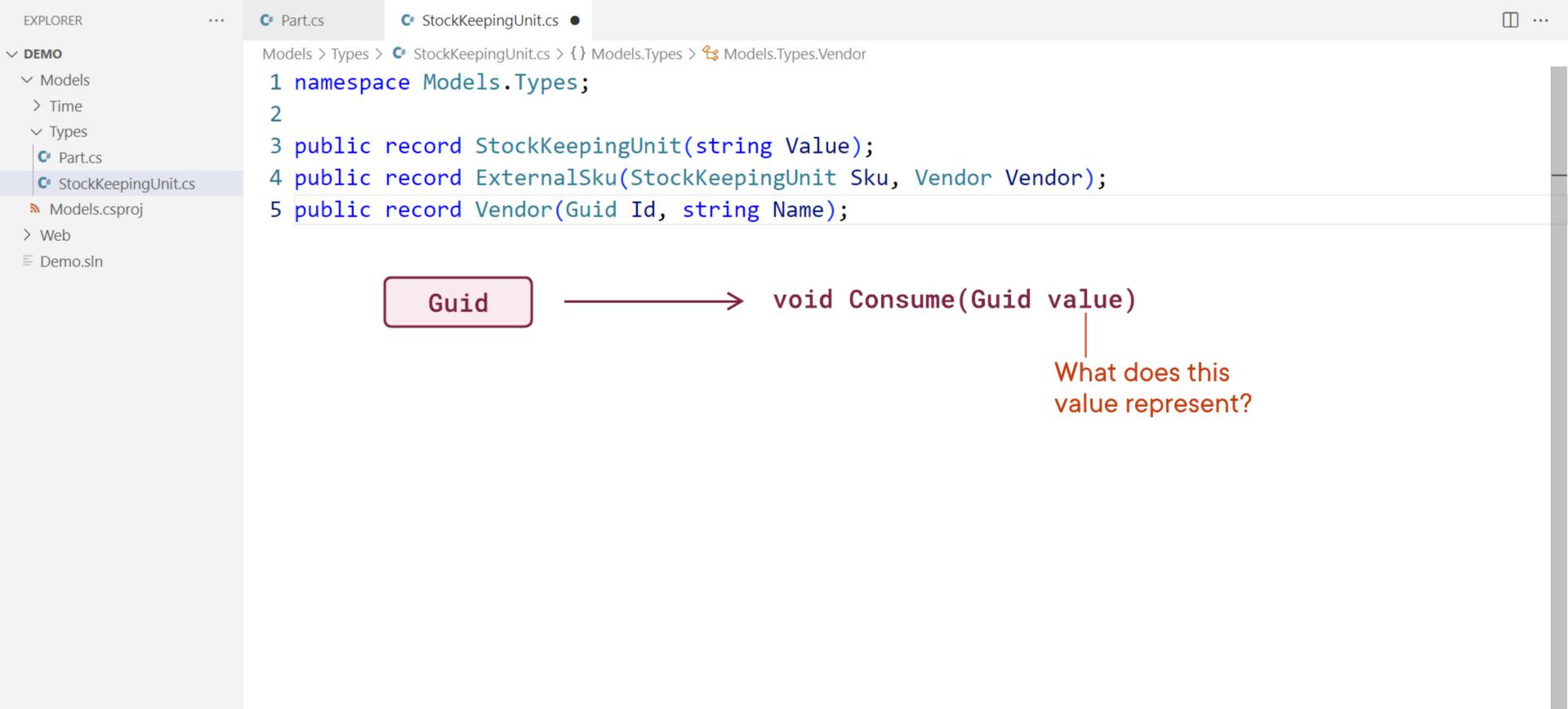
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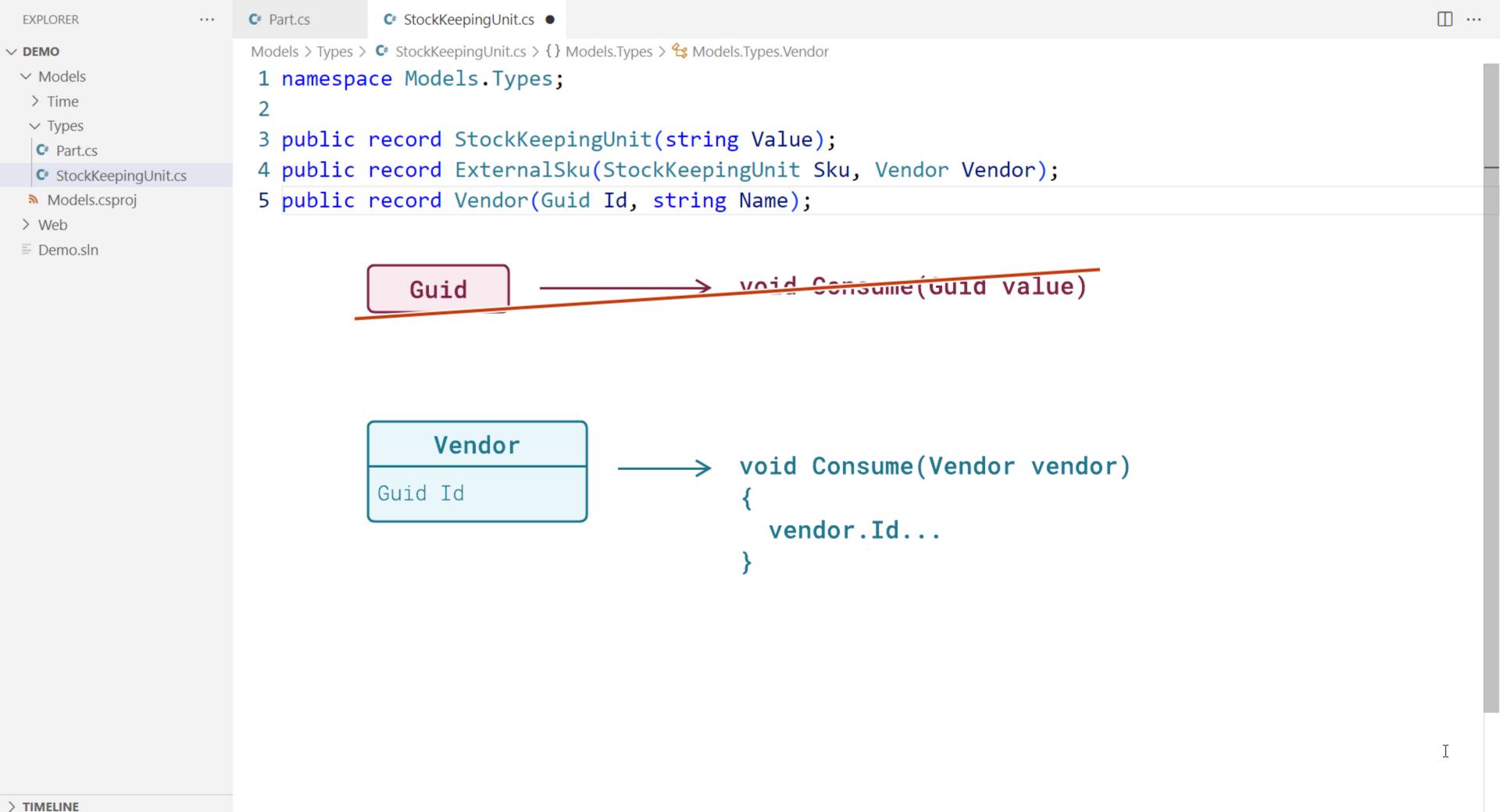
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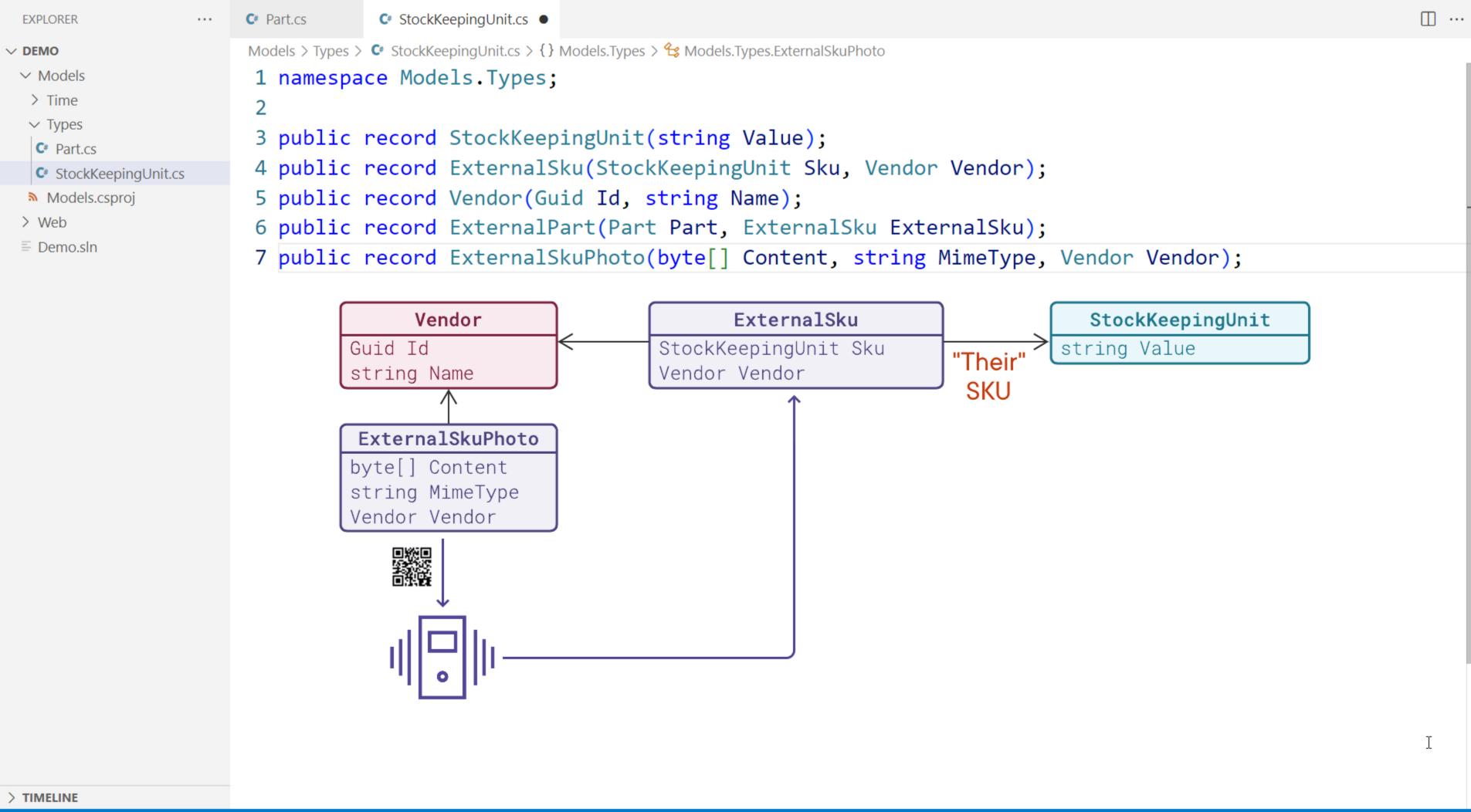


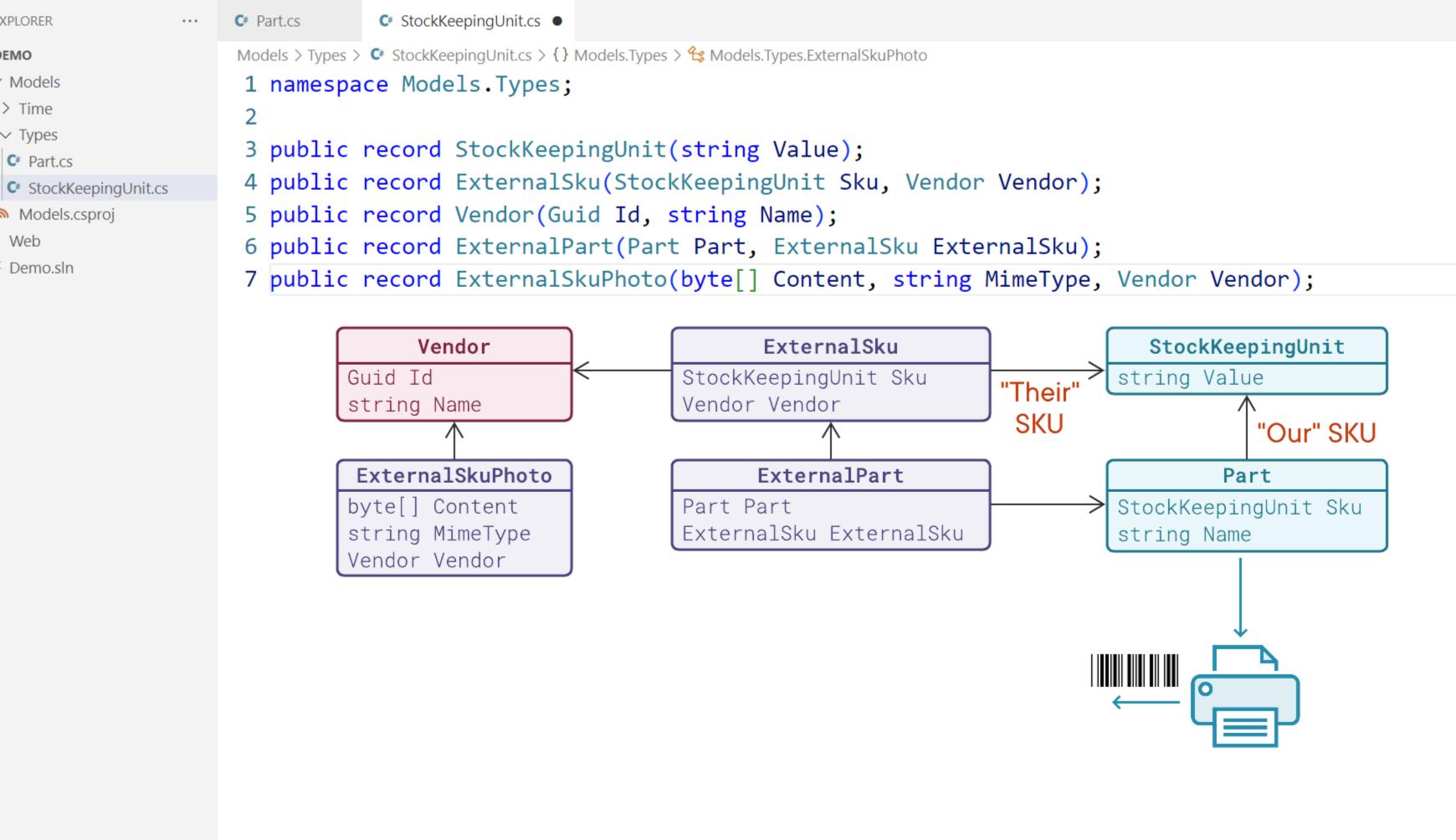
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> TIMELINE







□ …

> TIMELINE

EXPLORER

✓ Models

> Time

→ Types

> Web

■ Demo.sln

C# Part.cs

Models.csproj

✓ DEMO

```
□ …
                                   C≠ StockKeepingUnit.cs ●
                      C# Part.cs
 EXPLORER
                       Models > Types > C StockKeepingUnit.cs > {} Models.Types > C Models.Types.ExternalSkuPhoto

✓ DEMO

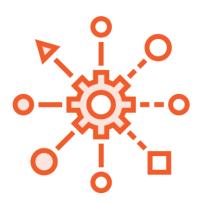
✓ Models

                       1 namespace Models.Types;
  > Time

→ Types

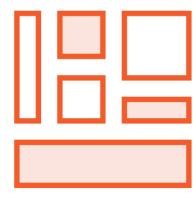
                        3 public record StockKeepingUnit(string Value);
  C# Part.cs
                       4 public record ExternalSku(StockKeepingUnit Sku, Vendor Vendor);
  C* StockKeepingUnit.cs
                        5 public record Vendor(Guid Id, string Name);
 Models.csproj
 > Web
                       6 public record ExternalPart(Part Part, ExternalSku ExternalSku);
 ■ Demo.sln
                       7 public record ExternalSkuPhoto(byte[] Content, string MimeType, Vendor Vendor);
                                       Vendor
                                                                      ExternalSku
                                                                                                        StockKeepingUnit
                                                                                                     string Value
                                                               StockKeepingUnit Sku
                                 Guid Id
                                                                                           "Their"
                                                               Vendor Vendor
                                 string Name
                                                                                            SKU
                                                                                                                  "Our" SKU
                                 ExternalSkuPhoto
                                                                     ExternalPart
                                                                                                               Part
                                 byte[] Content
                                                               Part Part
                                                                                                     StockKeepingUnit Sku
                                 string MimeType
                                                               ExternalSku ExternalSku
                                                                                                      string Name
                                 Vendor Vendor
```

Principles of Functional Modeling



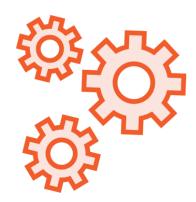
Separate types from functions

- There are types to describe elements of the business
- There are functions to describe business processes



The number of types is bounded in any business domain

- Adding more types to the model at first
- No more types to add beyond certain point

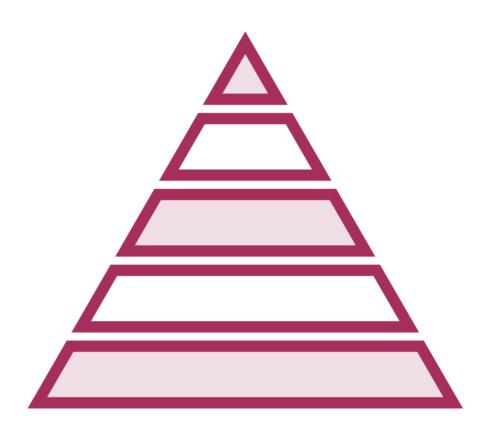


Modeling includes defining functions to model behavior

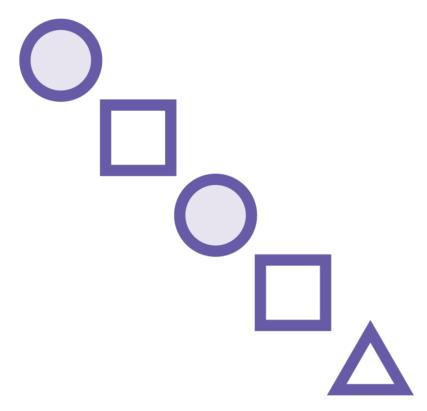
- Functions apply to instances of types, returning instances of types
- There will always be new behavior to add to the model



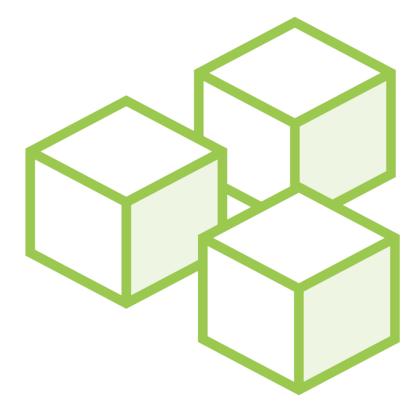
Object-oriented vs. Functional Modeling



It is hard to add a new method to a hierarchy of classes



It is easy to add a new function to existing functions



Modern OOP favors object composition over inheritance



An Example: Modeling a Manufacturing Business

Materials

Parts, materials, elements...

Warehouse

Stockkeeping of parts, materials...

Assembly

Specifications, blueprints, assembly instructions...

Type system

Finance

Tracking money, costs, procurement...

Transport

• • •

Planning

Units



An Example: Modeling a Manufacturing Business

Materials

Warehouse

Assembly

Type system

Finance

Transport

Planning

Units

Part

StockKeepingUnit Sku string Name

StockKeepingUnit

string Value

PhysicalPart

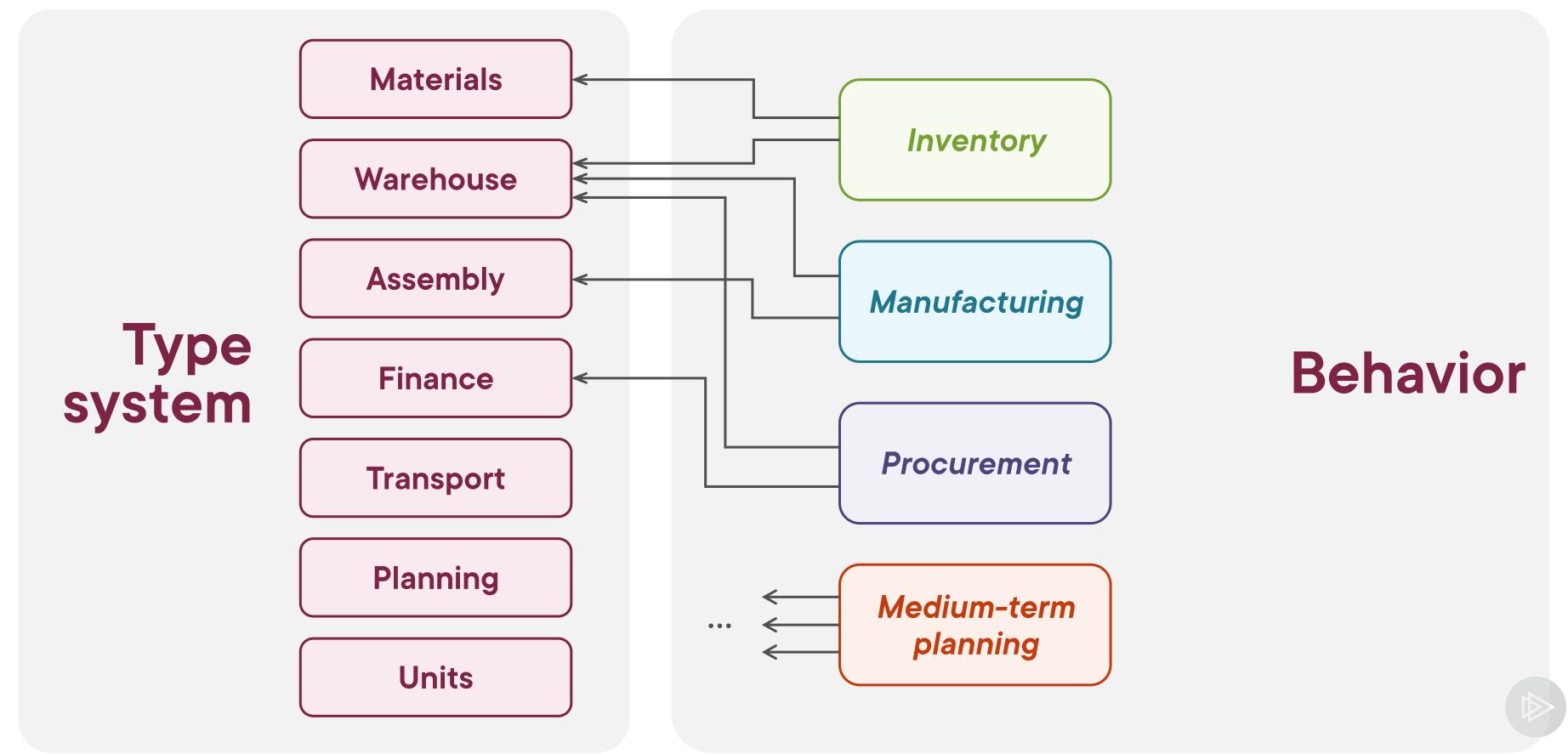
Part Part Weight Weight Volume Volume

Package

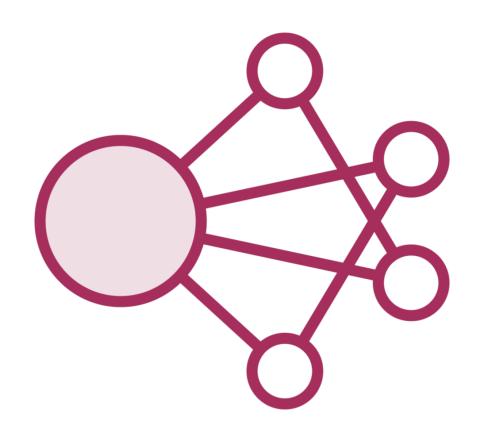
PhysicalPart Part Amount Amount



An Example: Modeling a Manufacturing Business

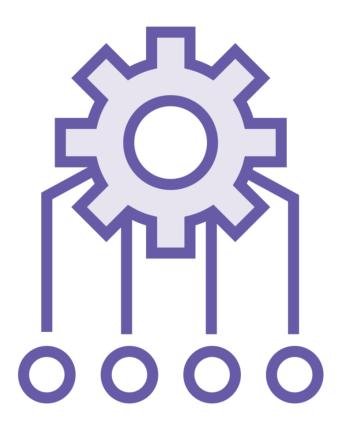


Object-oriented vs. Functional Modeling



Object-oriented Design

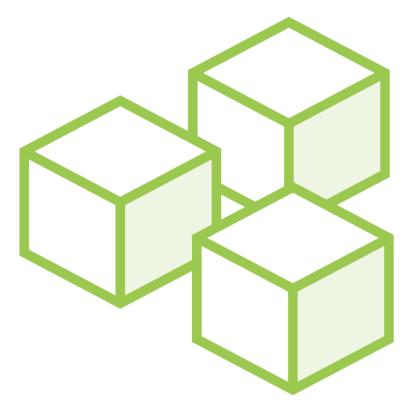
Working actively to keep the design maintainable Requires knowledge



Functional Design

Forced to separate concepts by design

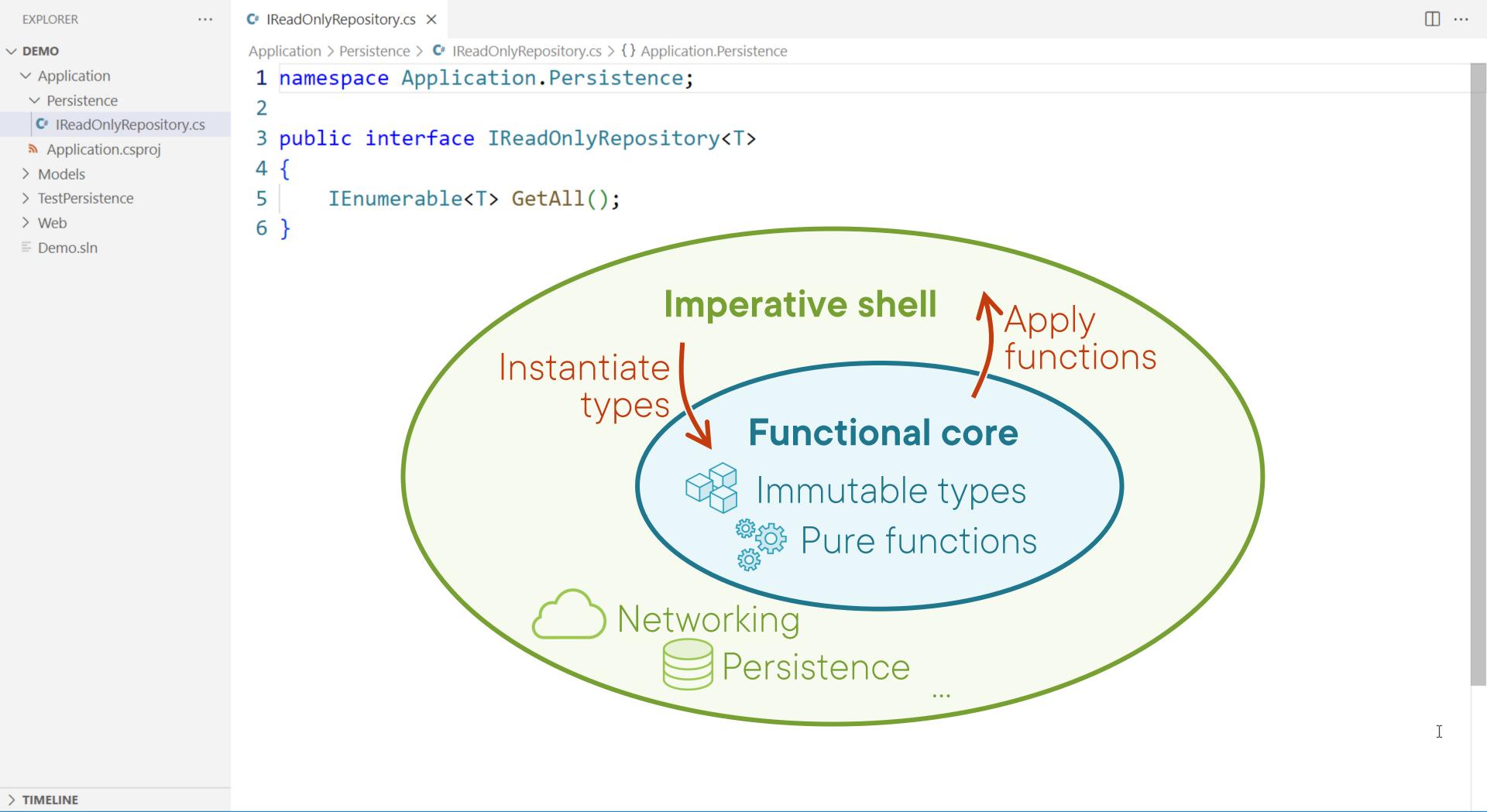
Design starts off good!



Functional C#

Only use common C# features Attain functional design





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Summary



Modeling the domain using types

- Type contains other types, including primitive types
- Types expose no behavior

Modeling behavior with functions

- We can attach extension methods to types

Functional modeling process

- Add more types to the model
- Define more functions that apply to types
- Many types can be .NET records



Up Next:

Designing Pure Functions

