

Bahria University,

Karachi Campus



LAB EXPERIMENT NO.

07

LIST OF TASKS

| TASK NO | OBJECTIVE |
|---------|--|
| 1. | Write a MIPS assembly program that reads an integer from the user and checks whether it is prime or not. |
| 2. | Write a MIPS assembly program that prompts the user to enter three integers and then displays the largest among them. |
| 3. | Write a MIPS assembly program that calculates the factorial of a number entered by the user. |
| 4. | Write a MIPS assembly program that takes an integer input from the user and displays the sum of all even numbers up to that number. |
| 5. | Write a MIPS assembly program that calculates the perimeter of a shape (circle, square, rectangle, triangle, trapezium, or pentagon) based on the user's choice. |

Submitted On:
Date: 21/10/2025

Task No. 01:

“Write a MIPS assembly program that reads an integer from the user and checks whether it is prime or not.”

Solution:

```
.data
inputMsg: .asciiz "Enter the value to be checked: "
newLine: .asciiz "\n"
primeMsg: .asciiz "This is a prime number\n"
compositeMsg: .asciiz "This is a composite number\n"

.text
.globl main
main:
    li $v0,4
    la $a0,inputMsg
    syscall

    li $v0,5
    syscall
    move $t0,$v0

    ble $t0, 1,notPrime

    li $t1, 2

loop:
    mul $t3,$t1,$t1
    bgt $t3,$t0,prime

    div $t0,$t1
    mfhi $t4
    beqz $t4,notPrime

    addi $t1, $t1,1
    b loop

notPrime:
    li $v0, 4
    la $a0,compositeMsg
    syscall
    b exit

prime:
    li $v0,4
```

[Lab no. 07]

[COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE AND LOGIC DESIGN]

[CONTROL STRUCTURES IN MIPS ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE]

```
la $a0,primeMsg  
syscall  
b exit
```

```
exit:  
li $v0, 10  
syscall
```

Output:

```
Enter the value to be checked: 7  
This is a prime number  
  
-- program is finished running --  
  
Reset: reset completed.  
  
Enter the value to be checked: 4  
This is a composite number  
  
-- program is finished running --
```

Task No. 02:

“Write a MIPS assembly program that prompts the user to enter three integers and then displays the largest among them.”

Solution:

```
.data  
input1: .asciiz "Enter the first number: "  
input2: .asciiz "Enter the second number: "  
input3: .asciiz "Enter the third number: "  
greater1: .asciiz "The first number is greater..."  
greater2: .asciiz "The second number is greater..."  
greater3: .asciiz "The third number is greater..."  
newLine: .asciiz "\n"  
  
.text  
.globl main
```

```
main:
    li $v0,4
    la $a0,input1
    syscall
    li $v0,5
    syscall
    move $t1,$v0

    li $v0,4
    la $a0,input2
    syscall
    li $v0,5
    syscall
    move $t2,$v0

    li $v0,4
    la $a0,input3
    syscall
    li $v0,5
    syscall
    move $t3,$v0

    bgt $t1,$t2,check13
    b check2

check13:
    bgt $t1,$t3,oneGreater
    b check2

check2:
    bgt $t2,$t1,check23
    b check3

check23:
    bgt $t2,$t3,twoGreater
    b check3

check3:
    bgt $t3,$t1,check32
    b oneGreater

check32:
    bgt $t3,$t2,threeGreater
    b oneGreater

oneGreater:
    li $v0,4
    la $a0,greater1
    syscall
```

```
b exit

twoGreater:
    li $v0,4
    la $a0,greater2
    syscall
    b exit

threeGreater:
    li $v0,4
    la $a0,greater3
    syscall
    b exit

exit:
    li $v0,10
    syscall
```

Output:

```
Enter the first number: 2
Enter the second number: 3
Enter the third number: 4
The third number is greater...
-- program is finished running --

Reset: reset completed.

Enter the first number: 4
Enter the second number: 3
Enter the third number: 2
The first number is greater...
-- program is finished running --

Reset: reset completed.

Enter the first number: 2
Enter the second number: 4
Enter the third number: 3
The second number is greater...
-- program is finished running --
```

Task No. 03:

“Write a MIPS assembly program that calculates the factorial of a number entered by the user”.

Solution:

```
.data
inputMsg: .asciiz "Enter the number to take factorial: "
factorial: .asciiz "The factorial is "

.text
.globl main
main:
    li $v0,4
    la $a0,inputMsg
    syscall
    li $v0,5
    syscall
    move $t0,$v0
    li $t1,1

while:
    beqz $t0,exit
    b multi
multi:
    mul $t1,$t1,$t0
    subi $t0,$t0,1
    b while

exit:
    li $v0,4
    la $a0,factorial
    syscall

    li $v0,1
    move $a0,$t1
    syscall
```

Output:

```
Enter the number to take factorial: 4
The factorial is 24
-- program is finished running (dropped off bottom) --
```

Task No. 04:

“Write a MIPS assembly program that takes an integer input from the user and displays the sum of all even numbers up to that number”.

Solution:

```
.data
inputMsg: .asciiz "Enter a number: "
outputMsg: .asciiz "The sum of even numbers is: "
newLine: .asciiz "\n"

.text
.globl main
main:
    li $v0,4
    la $a0,inputMsg
    syscall

    li $v0,5
    syscall
    move $t0,$v0

    li $t1,2
    li $t2,0

loop:
    bgt $t1,$t0,printing
    add $t2,$t2,$t1
    addi $t1,$t1,2
    b loop

printing:
    li $v0,4
    la $a0,outputMsg
    syscall

    li $v0, 1
    move $a0,$t2
    syscall

    li $v0,4
    la $a0,newLine
    syscall

    li $v0,10
    syscall
```

Output:

```
Enter a number: 10
The sum of even numbers is: 30

-- program is finished running --
```

Task No. 05:

“Write a MIPS assembly program that calculates the perimeter of a shape (circle, square, rectangle, triangle, trapezium, or pentagon) based on the user’s choice.”

Solution:

```
.data
menu: .ascii "Choose a shape:\n1. Circle\n2. Square\n3. Rectangle\n4. Triangle\n5. Trapezium\n6. Pentagon\nEnter
your choice: "
radiusMsg: .ascii "Enter the radius: "
sideMsg: .ascii "Enter the side: "
lengthMsg: .ascii "Enter the length: "
widthMsg: .ascii "Enter the width: "
aMsg: .ascii "Enter side a: "
bMsg: .ascii "Enter side b: "
cMsg: .ascii "Enter side c: "
dMsg: .ascii "Enter side d: "
perimeterMsg: .ascii "Perimeter is: "
pi: .float 3.14
two: .float 2.0
four: .float 4.0
five: .float 5.0
newLine: .ascii "\n"

.text
.globl main
main:
    li $v0,4
    la $a0,menu
    syscall

    li $v0,5
```



```
syscall  
move $t0,$v0  
  
beq $t0,1,circle  
beq $t0,2,square  
beq $t0,3,rectangle  
beq $t0,4,triangle  
beq $t0,5,trapezium  
beq $t0,6,pentagon  
b exit
```

circle:

```
li $v0,4  
la $a0,radiusMsg  
syscall
```

```
li $v0,6  
syscall  
mov.s $f1,$f0
```

```
l.s $f2,pi  
l.s $f3,two  
mul.s $f4,$f2,$f3  
mul.s $f12,$f4,$f1
```

```
li $v0,4  
la $a0,perimeterMsg  
syscall
```

```
li $v0,2  
syscall  
b exit
```

square:

```
li $v0,4  
la $a0,sideMsg  
syscall
```

```
li $v0,6  
syscall  
mov.s $f1,$f0
```

```
l.s $f2,four  
mul.s $f12,$f1,$f2
```

```
li $v0,4  
la $a0,perimeterMsg  
syscall
```

```
li $v0,2  
syscall  
b exit
```

rectangle:

```
li $v0,4  
la $a0,lengthMsg  
syscall
```

```
li $v0,6  
syscall  
mov.s $f1,$f0
```

```
li $v0,4  
la $a0,widthMsg  
syscall
```

```
li $v0,6  
syscall  
mov.s $f2,$f0
```

```
add.s $f3,$f1,$f2  
l.s $f4,two  
mul.s $f12,$f3,$f4
```

```
li $v0,4  
la $a0,perimeterMsg  
syscall
```

```
li $v0,2  
syscall  
b exit
```

triangle:

```
li $v0,4  
la $a0,aMsg  
syscall  
li $v0,6  
syscall  
mov.s $f1,$f0
```

```
li $v0,4  
la $a0,bMsg  
syscall  
li $v0,6  
syscall  
mov.s $f2,$f0
```

```
li $v0,4
```

```
la $a0,cMsg
syscall
li $v0,6
syscall
mov.s $f3,$f0

add.s $f12,$f1,$f2
add.s $f12,$f12,$f3

li $v0,4
la $a0,perimeterMsg
syscall

li $v0,2
syscall
b exit

trapezium:
li $v0,4
la $a0,aMsg
syscall
li $v0,6
syscall
mov.s $f1,$f0

li $v0,4
la $a0,bMsg
syscall
li $v0,6
syscall
mov.s $f2,$f0

li $v0,4
la $a0,cMsg
syscall
li $v0,6
syscall
mov.s $f3,$f0

li $v0,4
la $a0,dMsg
syscall
li $v0,6
syscall
mov.s $f4,$f0

add.s $f12,$f1,$f2
add.s $f12,$f12,$f3
add.s $f12,$f12,$f4
```

```
li $v0,4
la $a0,perimeterMsg
syscall

li $v0,2
syscall
b exit

pentagon:
li $v0,4
la $a0,sideMsg
syscall

li $v0,6
syscall
mov.s $f1,$f0

l.s $f2,five
mul.s $f12,$f1,$f2

li $v0,4
la $a0,perimeterMsg
syscall

li $v0,2
syscall
b exit

exit:
li $v0,10
syscall
```

Outputs:

```
Choose a shape:
1. Circle
2. Square
3. Rectangle
4. Triangle
5. Trapezium
6. Pentagon
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the radius: 2
Perimeter is: 12.56
-- program is finished running --
```

```
Choose a shape:
1. Circle
2. Square
3. Rectangle
4. Triangle
5. Trapezium
6. Pentagon
Enter your choice: 2
Enter the side: 2
Perimeter is: 8.0
-- program is finished running --
```

```
Choose a shape:
1. Circle
2. Square
3. Rectangle
4. Triangle
5. Trapezium
6. Pentagon
Enter your choice: 3
Enter the length: 2
Enter the width: 2
Perimeter is: 8.0
-- program is finished running --
```

```
Choose a shape:
1. Circle
2. Square
3. Rectangle
4. Triangle
5. Trapezium
6. Pentagon
Enter your choice: 4
Enter side a: 2
Enter side b: 2
Enter side c: 2
Perimeter is: 6.0
-- program is finished running --
```

```
Choose a shape:
1. Circle
2. Square
3. Rectangle
4. Triangle
5. Trapezium
6. Pentagon
Enter your choice: 5
Enter side a: 2
Enter side b: 2
Enter side c: 2
Enter side d: 2
Perimeter is: 8.0
-- program is finished running --
```

```
Choose a shape:
1. Circle
2. Square
3. Rectangle
4. Triangle
5. Trapezium
6. Pentagon
Enter your choice: 6
Enter the side: 2
Perimeter is: 10.0
-- program is finished running --
```