PRACTICE QUESTIONS

1. Display a Welcome Message

Task: Write a program that displays a welcome message introducing the course and explaining the importance of learning C++.

Code:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

int main(){
   cout << "Welcome to my program!"<<endl;
   cout << "-------------<<endl;
   cout << "Importance of C++"<<endl;
   cout << "C++ is a great language. It was introduced by \'Bjarne
Stroustrup\'. It is an evolved version of C programmimg language, C was the
first programming language."<<endl;
}</pre>
```

2. Input & Output: User Information Form

Task: Write a program that asks the user to enter their name, age, and favorite programming language, then prints this information in a formatted way.

```
#include<iostream>
#include<string>
using namespace std;
int main(){
    string name, proglang, gender;
    int age = 0;
    cout << "Enter your name: ";</pre>
    getline(cin, name);
    cout << "Enter your gender (male/female/other): ";</pre>
    getline(cin, gender);
    cout << "Enter your age: ";</pre>
    cin >> age;
    cout << "Enter your favourite prigramming language: ";</pre>
    cin.ignore();
    getline(cin, proglang);
    if(gender == "male"){
        gender = "He";
    else if(gender == "female"){
        gender = "She";
    else{
        gender = "He/She";
    cout << "There is a person named \'"<<name<<"\'. "<<gender<<" is "<<age<<<"</pre>
years old. "<<gender<<" loves "<<pre>roglang<<"."<<endl;</pre>
```

3. Conditional Statements (If-Else): Grade Calculator

Task: Develop a program that asks the user for a percentage score and determines the corresponding grade (A, B, C, D, F) using an if-else statement.

Code:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(){
    float per = 0.00;
    cout << "Enter your percentage: ";</pre>
    cin >> per;
    if(per >= 85){
         cout << "Grade A"<<endl;</pre>
    else if(per < 85 && per >= 70){
        cout << "Grade B"<<endl;</pre>
    else if(per < 70 && per >= 60){
        cout << "Grade C"<<endl;</pre>
    else if(per < 60 && per >= 50){
        cout << "Grade D"<<endl;</pre>
    else{
         cout << "Grade F"<<endl;</pre>
    }
```

4. Conditional Statements (If-Else): Even or Odd Checker

Task: Write a program that asks the user to enter an integer and determines whether the number is even or odd.

Code:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

int main(){
   int num = 0;
   cout << "Enter any number: ";
   cin >> num;
   if(num%2 == 0){
      cout <<num<< " is an Even number."<<endl;
   }
   else{
      cout <<num<< " is an Odd number."<<endl;
   }
}</pre>
```

```
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> g++ q04.cpp
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> ./a.exe
Enter any number: 67
67 is an Odd number.
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> 3
3
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> 4
4
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> 6
6
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues>  
Ln 18, Col 2 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF {} C++  
GO Go Live windows-gcc-x86 Q
```

5. Decision Control using Switch Case: Basic Calculator

Task: Develop a program that takes two numbers and an operator (+, -, *, /) as input and performs the corresponding operation using a switch statement.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(){
    float n1 = 0.00, n2 = 0.00;
    cout << "Enter first number: ";</pre>
    cin >> n1;
    cout << "Enter second number: ";</pre>
    cin >> n2;
    cout << "Enter operator(+, -, *, /): ";</pre>
    cin >> op;
    switch(op){
        case '+':
        cout << "Addition is: "<<(n1+n2)<<endl;</pre>
        cout << "Subtraction is: "<<(n1-n2)<<endl;</pre>
        case '*':
         cout << "Multiplication is: "<<(n1*n2)<<endl;</pre>
        break;
         case '/':
         if(n2 == 0){
             cout << "Error: Division by zero is not allowed."<<endl;</pre>
         else{
             cout <<n1<<"/"<<n2<<" = "<<n1/n2<<endl;</pre>
         break;
         default:
        cout << "Invalid operator!"<<endl;</pre>
```

```
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> g++ q05.cpp
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> ./a.exe
Enter first number: 56
Enter second number: 76
Enter operator(+, -, *, /): /
56/76 = 0.736842
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> ./a.exe
Enter first number: 23
Enter second number: 56
Enter operator(+, -, *, /): *
Multiplication is: 1288
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> ./a.exe
Enter first number: 3
Enter second number: 0
Enter operator(+, -, *, /): /
Error: Division by zero is not allowed.
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues>
Ln 39, Col 2 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF {} C++ 🔠 @ Go Live windows-gcc-x86
```

6. Loop Control Instructions (For Loop): Multiplication Table

Task: Write a program that takes an integer from the user and prints its multiplication table using a for loop.

Code:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

int main(){
   int num = 0, lim = 0;
   cout << "Enter number of which you want to see table: ";
   cin >> num;
   cout << "Enter number till which you want to see multiplication: ";
   cin >> lim;

for(int i = 1; i <= lim; i++){
      cout <<num<<" * "<<i<<" = "<<num*i<<endl;
}
}</pre>
```

```
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> g++ q06.cpp
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> ./a.exe
Enter number of which you want to see table: 8
Enter number till which you want to see multiplication: 12
8 * 1 = 8
8 * 2 = 16
8 * 3 = 24
8 * 4 = 32
8 * 5 = 40
8 * 6 = 48
8 * 7 = 56
8 * 8 = 64
8 * 9 = 72
8 * 10 = 80
8 * 11 = 88
8 * 12 = 96
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues>
Ln 18, Col 2 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF {} C++ 🔠 @ Go Live windows-gcc-x86 Q
```

7. Loop Control Instructions (While Loop): Sum of Natural Numbers

Task: Develop a program that takes a positive integer n from the user and calculates the sum of all numbers from 1 to n using a while loop.

Code:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

int main(){
   int num = 0, sum = 0;
   cout << "Enter number till which you want to see sum: ";
   cin >> num;

   int i = 1;
   while(i <= num){
        sum += i;
        i++;
   }
   cout << "Sum is: "<<sum<<endl;
}</pre>
```

8. Loop Control Instructions (Do-While Loop): Number Guessing Game

Task: Write a simple number guessing game where the user must guess a randomly generated number between 1 and 100. Use a do-while loop to keep prompting the user until they guess correctly.

Code:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

int main(){
   int rand = 65, userInput = 0, turns = 0;
   do{
      cout << "System has generated a random no. b/w 1 & 100. Guess it! ";
      cin >> userInput;
      if(userInput != rand){
        cout << "try again..."<<endl;
      }
      turns++;
   }while(userInput != rand);
   cout << "You gussed it in \'"<<turns<<"\' turn(s)."<<endl;
}</pre>
```

9. Nested Loops: Right-Angled Triangle Pattern

Task: Write a program that prints a right-angled triangle of stars (*) for a given height using nested loops. Example for n = 4:

*
**

Code:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

int main(){
   int rows = 0;
   cout << "Enter no. of rows: ";
   cin >> rows;
   for(int i = 1; i <= rows; i++){
        for(int j = 1; j <= i; j++){
            cout << "* ";
        }
        cout << endl;
   }
}</pre>
```

10. Nested Loops: Number Pyramid Pattern

Task: Create a program that prints a number pyramid based on the user input. Example for n = 4:

Code:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

int main(){
   int rows = 0;
   cout << "Enter no. of rows: ";
   cin >> rows;
   for(int i = 1; i <= rows; i++){
        for(int j = rows; j >= i; j--){
            cout << " ";
        }
        for(int k = 1, p = 1; k < i; k++, p++){
            cout <<p;
        }
        for(int l = 1, p = i; l <= i; l++, p--){
            cout <<p;
        }
        cout << endl;
    }
}</pre>
```

```
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> g++ q10.cpp
 PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> ./a.exe
 Enter no. of rows: 4
    1
   121
  12321
  1234321
 PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> ./a.exe
 Enter no. of rows: 6
      1
     121
    12321
   1234321
   123454321
  12345654321
 PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> [
Ln 25, Col 21 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF {} C++ 🔠 📦 Go Live windows-gcc-x86
```

11. Nested Loops: Prime Number Checker

Task: Develop a program that takes an integer from the user and determines whether it is a prime number using a for loop with a nested condition.

Code:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

int main(){
   int num = 0, count = 0;
   cout << "Enter any number: ";
   cin >> num;
   for(int i = 1; i <= num; i++){
       if(num%i == 0){
         count++;
       }
   }
   if(count == 2){
       cout <<num<< " is a prime number."<<endl;
   }
   else{
      cout <<num<< " is not a prime number."<<endl;
   }
}</pre>
```

12. Functions (Basic): Simple Addition Function

Task: Write a function named addNumbers that takes two integers as arguments and returns their sum. Call this function from main() and display the result.

Code:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

float addNumbers(float a, float b){
    return (a+b);
}

int main(){
    float num1 = 0.00, num2 = 0.00, res = 0.00;
    cout << "Enter first number: ";
    cin >> num1;
    cout << "Enter second number: ";
    cin >> num2;
    res = addNumbers(num1, num2);
    cout << "Addition is: "<<res;
}</pre>
```

13. Functions: Factorial Calculator

Task: Create a function factorial (int n) that calculates the factorial of a number using a loop. Call this function from main() and display the result.

Code:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

int factorial(int a){
    int fact = 1;
    for(int i = 1; i <= a; i++){
        fact *= i;
    }
    return fact;
}

int main(){
    int num = 0;
    cout << "Enter number of which you want to see factorial: ";
    cin >> num;
    int res = factorial(num);
    cout << "Factorial of "<<num<<" is: "<<res<<endl;
}</pre>
```

14. Functions with Multiple Parameters: Greatest of Three Numbers

Task: Write a function findMax(int a, int b, int c) that determines the largest of three numbers. Call this function in main() to display the result.

Code:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

void findMax(int a, int b, int c){
    if(a > b && a > c){
        cout << "Largest number is: "<<a<endl;
    }
    else if(b > a && b > c){
        cout << "Largest number is: "<<b<endl;
    }
    else{
        cout << "Largest number is: "<<c<endl;
    }
}

int main(){
    int a = 0, b = 0, c = 0;
    cout << "Enter three numbers: ";
    cin >> a >> b >> c;
    findMax(a, b, c);
}
```

15. Functions with Scope Demonstration: Local and Global Variables

Task: Develop a program that demonstrates the difference between local and global variables by modifying a global variable inside a function.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int global = 10;
void globalVar(){
    global += 10;
void localVar(int a){
    cout << "Actual value which was passed: "<<a<<endl;</pre>
    cout << "After doing changes in user defined function: "<<a<<endl;</pre>
int main(){
    cout << "Actual value of global variable: "<<global<<endl;</pre>
    cout << "After doing some chages in user defined function:</pre>
"<<global<<endl;</pre>
    //it's actual value was 10 but as we have changed it in function and it
was a global vriable,
    //so we got updated value
    int local = 50;
    cout << "Local variable's actual value: "<<local<<endl;</pre>
    localVar(local);
    cout << "It is still same in main function: "<<local;</pre>
```

16. Menu-Driven Program: Temperature Converter

Task: Write a menu-driven program that allows the user to:

- 1. Convert Celsius to Fahrenheit.
- 2. Convert Fahrenheit to Celsius.
- 3. Exit the program.

Use a loop to keep the menu active until the user chooses to exit.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
void celToFah(float temp){
    cout << "Temperature in Fahrenhite: "<<(temp*(9/5)+32)<<endl;</pre>
void fahToCel(float temp){
    cout << "Temperture in Celcius is: "<<((temp-32)*5/9)<<endl;</pre>
int main(){
    float temp= 0.00;
    int choice = 0;
    cout << "***Welcome to Temperature Converter***"<<endl;</pre>
    cout << endl;</pre>
    do{
        cout << "TO convert from Celsius to Fahrenhite, Press '1'"<<endl;</pre>
        cout << "TO convert from Fahrenhite to Celsius, Press '2'"<<endl;</pre>
        cout << "To exit, Press '0'"<<endl;</pre>
        cout << "Enter choice: ";</pre>
        cin >> choice;
         if(choice == 1){
             cout << "Enter temperature in celsius: ";</pre>
             cin >> temp;
             celToFah(temp);
         else if(choice == 2){
             cout << "Enter temperature in fahrenhite: ";</pre>
             cin >> temp;
             fahToCel(temp);
        else if(choice == 0){
             cout << "program terminated..."<<endl;</pre>
        else{
             cout << "invalid choice!"<<endl;</pre>
    }while(choice != 0);
```

```
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> g++ q16.cpp
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> ./a.exe
***Welcome to Temperature Converter***
TO convert from Celsius to Fahrenhite, Press '1'
TO convert from Fahrenhite to Celsius, Press '2'
To exit, Press '0'
Enter choice: 2
Enter temperature in fahrenhite: 43
Temperture in Celcius is: 6.11111
TO convert from Celsius to Fahrenhite, Press '1'
TO convert from Fahrenhite to Celsius, Press '2'
To exit, Press '0'
Enter choice: 1
Enter temperature in celsius: 43
Temperature in Fahrenhite: 75
TO convert from Celsius to Fahrenhite, Press '1'
TO convert from Fahrenhite to Celsius, Press '2'
To exit, Press '0'
Enter choice: 2
Enter temperature in fahrenhite: 75
Temperture in Celcius is: 23.8889
TO convert from Celsius to Fahrenhite, Press '1'
TO convert from Fahrenhite to Celsius, Press '2'
To exit, Press '0'
Enter choice: 0
program terminated...
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues>
Ln 49, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF {} C++ 😝 🖗 Go Live windows-gcc-x86
```

17. Menu-Driven Program: Student Report System

Task: Develop a program that provides the following options:

- 1. Input student marks for three subjects.
- 2. Calculate and display the percentage.
- 3. Determine the grade based on the percentage.
- 4. Exit.

Use functions to implement each menu option.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
float totalMarks(){
    float sub1 = 0.00, sub2 = 0.00, sub3 = 0.00;
    cout << "Enter marks of your 1st subject: ";</pre>
    cin >> sub1;
    cout << "Enter marks of your 2nd subject: ";</pre>
    cin >> sub2;
    cout << "Enter marks of your 3rd subject: ";</pre>
    cin >> sub3;
    cout << "Total obtained marks are: "<<(sub1 + sub2 + sub3)<<endl;</pre>
    return (sub1 + sub2 + sub3);
float percentage(){
    float obtMarks = totalMarks();
    cout << "Your percentage is: "<<((obtMarks/300)*100.00)<<endl;</pre>
    return ((obtMarks/300)*100.00);
void grade(){
    float per = percentage();
    if(per >= 85){
        cout << "Grade A"<<endl;</pre>
    else if(per < 85 && per >= 70){
        cout << "Grade B"<<endl;</pre>
    else if(per < 70 && per >= 60){
        cout << "Grade C"<<endl;</pre>
    else if(per < 60 && per >= 50){
        cout << "Grade D"<<endl;</pre>
    else{
```

```
cout << "Grade F"<<endl;</pre>
int main(){
    cout << "***Student Report System***"<<endl;</pre>
    cout << endl;</pre>
    int choice = 0;
    do{
        cout << "---MENU---"<<endl;</pre>
        cout << "To calculate total marks, Press '1'"<<endl;</pre>
        cout << "To calculate percentage, Press '2'"<<endl;</pre>
        cout << "To see grade, Press '3'"<<endl;</pre>
        cout << "To exit, Press '0'"<<endl;</pre>
        cout << "Enter choice: ";</pre>
        cin >> choice;
         if(choice == 1){
             totalMarks();
         else if(choice == 2){
             percentage();
         else if(choice == 3){
             grade();
         else if(choice == 0){
             cout << "terminating program..."<<endl;</pre>
         else{
             cout << "Invalid choice"<<endl;</pre>
    }while(choice != 0);
```

```
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PROBLEMS
           OUTPUT
program terminated...
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> g++ q17.cpp
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> ./a.exe
***Student Report System***
---MENU---
To calculate total marks, Press '1'
To calculate percentage, Press '2'
To see grade, Press '3'
To exit, Press '0'
Enter choice: 3
Enter marks of your 1st subject: 12
Enter marks of your 2nd subject: 43
Enter marks of your 3rd subject: 76
Total obtained marks are: 131
Your percentage is: 43.6667
Grade F
---MENU---
To calculate total marks, Press '1'
To calculate percentage, Press '2'
To see grade, Press '3'
To exit, Press '0'
Enter choice: 1
Enter marks of your 1st subject: 646
Enter marks of your 2nd subject: 78
Enter marks of your 3rd subject: 21
Total obtained marks are: 745
---MENU---
To calculate total marks, Press '1'
To calculate percentage, Press '2'
To see grade, Press '3'
To exit, Press '0'
Enter choice: 2
```

18. Menu-Driven Program: Bank Transaction System

Task: Create a program that allows the user to:

- 1. Deposit money.
- 2. Withdraw money (with a balance check).
- 3. Check balance.
- 4. Exit.

Use loops and functions for implementation.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
float totalBal = 0.00;
void deposit(){
    float amount = 0.00;
    cout << "Enter amount you want to deposit: ";</pre>
    cin >> amount;
    totalBal +=amount;
void withdraw(){
    float amount = 0.00;
    cout << "Enter amount you want to withdraw: ";</pre>
    cin >> amount;
    if(amount > totalBal){
         cout << "Insufficient balance."<<endl;</pre>
    else{
        totalBal -= amount;
void checkBal(){
    cout << "Your total balance is: "<<totalBal<<endl;</pre>
int main(){
    cout << "***Bank Transaction System***"<<endl;</pre>
    cout << endl;</pre>
    int choice = 0;
    do{
        cout << "---MENU---"<< endl;</pre>
        cout << "To deposit money, Press '1'"<< endl;</pre>
        cout << "To withdraw money, Press '2'"<< endl;</pre>
```

```
cout << "To check balance, Press '3'"<< endl;</pre>
    cout << "To exit, Press '0'"<< endl;</pre>
    cout << "Enter choice: ";</pre>
    cin >> choice;
    cout << endl;</pre>
    if(choice == 1){
        deposit();
    else if(choice == 2){
        withdraw();
    else if(choice == 3){
        checkBal();
    else if(choice == 0){
        cout << "Terminating program..."<< endl;</pre>
    else{
        cout << "Invalid choice."<< endl;</pre>
}while(choice != 0);
```

```
PROBLEMS
          OUTPUT
                   TERMINAL
terminating program...
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> g++ q18.cpp
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> ./a.exe
***Bank Transaction System***
---MENU---
To deposit money, Press '1'
To withdraw money, Press '2'
To check balance, Press '3'
To exit, Press '0'
Enter choice: 3
Your total balance is: 0
---MENU---
To deposit money, Press '1'
To withdraw money, Press '2'
To check balance, Press '3'
To exit, Press '0'
Enter choice: 1
Enter amount you want to deposit: 100
---MENU---
To deposit money, Press '1'
To withdraw money, Press '2'
To check balance, Press '3'
To exit, Press '0'
Enter choice: 2
Enter amount you want to withdraw: 20
---MENU---
```

```
Enter choice: 2
Enter amount you want to withdraw: 20
---MENU---
To deposit money, Press '1'
To withdraw money, Press '2'
To check balance, Press '3'
To exit, Press '0'
Enter choice: 3
Your total balance is: 80
---MENU---
To deposit money, Press '1'
To withdraw money, Press '2'
To check balance, Press '3'
To exit, Press '0'
Enter choice: 2
Enter amount you want to withdraw: 100
Insufficient balance.
---MENU---
To deposit money, Press '1'
To withdraw money, Press '2'
To check balance, Press '3'
To exit, Press '0'
Enter choice: 0
Terminating program...
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues>
Ln 68, Col 2 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF {} C++ ← ← G Go Live windows-gcc-x86 ← Q
```

19. Simple Billing System

Task: Develop a C++ program that simulates a basic billing system. The menu should include:

- 1. Add an item with its price.
- 2. Display the total bill.
- 3. Apply a discount if the total bill exceeds a certain amount.
- 4. Exit.

Use functions, loops, and conditional statements effectively.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
float totalPrice = 0.00;
void addItem(){
    int item = 0;
    float price = 0.00;
    cout << "Enter quantity of items: ";</pre>
    cin >> item;
    cout << "Enter price of this item: ";</pre>
    cin >> price;
    totalPrice +=(item*price);
void calculateBill(){
    if(totalPrice >= 500){
         cout << "You are getting a discount of 10%"<< endl;</pre>
        totalPrice = (totalPrice - (totalPrice*0.1));
        cout << "Your new bill is: "<< totalPrice << endl;</pre>
    else{
        cout << "Your total bill is: "<< totalPrice << endl;</pre>
int main(){
    cout << "***Welcome To Super Market***"<< endl;</pre>
    cout << endl;</pre>
    int choice = 0;
    do{
        cout << "---MENU---"<< endl;</pre>
        cout << "To add an item with its price, Press '1'"<< endl;</pre>
        cout << "To calculate bill, Press '2'"<< endl;</pre>
        cout << "To exit, Press '0'"<< endl;</pre>
```

```
cout << "Enter choice: ";
    cin >> choice;
    if(choice == 1){
        addItem();
    }
    else if(choice == 2){
        calculateBill();
    }
    else if(choice == 0){
        cout << "terminating program..."<< endl;
    }
    else{
        cout << "Invalid choice."<< endl;
    }
}while(choice != 0);
}</pre>
```

```
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PROBLEMS
           OUTPUT
                     TERMINAL
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> g++ q19.cpp
PS D:\Hasan\cpp\university\practQues> ./a.exe
***Welcome To Super Market***
---MENU---
To add an item with its price, Press '1'
To calculate bill, Press '2'
To exit, Press '0'
Enter choice: 2
Your total bill is: 0
---MENU---
To add an item with its price, Press '1'
To calculate bill, Press '2'
To exit, Press '0'
Enter choice: 1
Enter quantity of items: 3
Enter price of this item: 10
---MENU---
To add an item with its price, Press '1'
To calculate bill, Press '2'
To exit, Press '0'
Enter choice: 2
Your total bill is: 30
---MENU---
To add an item with its price, Press '1'
To calculate bill, Press '2'
To exit, Press '0'
Enter choice: 1
Enter quantity of items: 2
Enter price of this item: 100
---MENU---
```