Basic Python #7

Al Mentorship

Outline

- 1. Python: PIP
- 2. Python: Collections
- 3. Python: Tuples
- 4. Python: Sets
- 5. Python: Scope

Python: PIP

PIP is a package manager for Python packages, or modules if you like.

A package contains all the files you need for a module.

Modules are Python code libraries you can include in your project.

Check if PIP is Installed

pip --version

Check if PIP is Installed

Find more packages at https://pypi.org/

Download a Package, ex: "camelcase" package

pip install camelcase

Python: PIP

Using a Package

```
import camelcase
c = camelcase.CamelCase()
txt = "hello world"
print(c.hump(txt))
```

List Packages

pip list

Remove a Package

pip uninstall camelcase

Python: Collections

Data Types	Ordered	Changeable	Duplication
Lists	Yes	Yes	Yes
Tuples	Yes	No	Yes
Sets	No	Yes	No
Dictionaries	No	Yes	No

Python: Tuples

A tuple is a collection which is ordered and **unchangeable**. In Python tuples are written with round brackets.

Create a Tuple

```
thistuple = ("apple", "banana", "cherry")
print(thistuple)
```

Access Tuple Items

```
thistuple = ("apple", "banana", "cherry")
print(thistuple[1])
```

Python: Sets

A set is a collection which is unordered and unindexed. In Python, sets are written with curly brackets.

Create a Set

```
thisset = {"apple", "banana", "cherry"}
print(thisset)
```

Access Items

You cannot access items in a set by referring to an index or a key.

But you can loop through the set items using a for loop.

```
thisset = {"apple", "banana", "cherry"}
for x in thisset:
   print(x)
```

Python: Sets

Add Items

```
thisset = {"apple", "banana", "cherry"}
thisset.add("orange")
print(thisset)

Remove Item
thisset = {"apple", "banana", "cherry"}
thisset.remove("banana")
print(thisset)
```

Python: Scope

A variable is only available from inside the region it is created. This is called scope.

Local Scope

A variable created inside a function belongs to the local scope of that function, and can only be used inside that function.

```
def myfunc():
    x = 300
    print(x)

myfunc()
```

Python: Scope

Global Scope

A variable created in the main body of the Python code is a global variable and belongs to the global scope.

```
x = 300
def myfunc():
   print(x)
myfunc()
print(x)
```