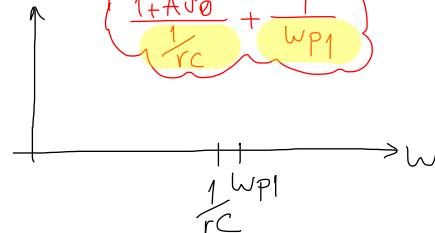


$$\text{external pole} = \frac{1}{rc}$$

$$\text{internal pole} = \omega_{p1}$$

$$\frac{1+A_{v0}}{\frac{1}{rc}} + \frac{1}{\omega_{p1}}$$



C is much larger than internal transistor capacitor  $C \gg C_{gs}$   $\frac{1}{c\omega} \ll \frac{1}{C_{gs}\omega}$

$$v^+ = 0$$

$$g(v_{in} - v^-) = j\omega C(v^- - v_{out}) \Rightarrow v^- = \frac{g \cdot v_{in} + j\omega C v_{out}}{g + j\omega C}$$

$$v_{out} = \frac{A_{v0}}{1 + j\frac{\omega}{\omega_{p1}}} [v^+ - v^-] \Rightarrow v_{out} = \frac{A_{v0}}{1 + j\frac{\omega}{\omega_{p1}}} \left[ 0 - \frac{g v_{in} + j\omega C v_{out}}{g + j\omega C} \right]$$

$$v_{out} = \frac{A_{v0}}{1 + j\frac{\omega}{\omega_{p1}}} \left[ 0 - \frac{g v_{in} + j\omega C v_{out}}{g + j\omega C} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow v_{out} \left[ 1 + \frac{A_{v0}}{1 + j\frac{\omega}{\omega_{p1}}} \frac{j\omega C}{g + j\omega C} \right] = \frac{-A_{v0}}{1 + j\frac{\omega}{\omega_{p1}}} \frac{g v_{in}}{g + j\omega C}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_{out} \left[ (1 + j\frac{\omega}{\omega_{p1}})(g + j\omega C) + j\omega C A_{v0} \right] = -g \cdot A_{v0} v_{in}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} = \frac{-g A_{v0}}{g + j\omega \left( C A_{v0} + \frac{g}{\omega_{p1}} + C \right) + (j\omega)^2 \frac{C}{\omega_{p1}}} \quad \times \frac{r}{r}$$

closed-loop

$$\Rightarrow \frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} = \frac{-A_{v0}}{1 + j\omega \left( \frac{(1+A_{v0})}{\frac{1}{rc}} + \frac{1}{\omega_{p1}} \right) + (j\omega)^2 \frac{1}{\omega_{p1}} \times \frac{1}{rc} \times \frac{1+A_{v0}}{1+A_{v0}}}$$

$$\frac{1}{rc} \approx \omega_{p1}$$

$$\frac{1}{rc} \text{ dominant}$$

$$\omega_{cp1} = \frac{1}{rc} \times \frac{1}{1+A_{v0}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\omega_{cp1}} \times \frac{1}{\omega_{cp2}} \text{ find}$$

Recall:

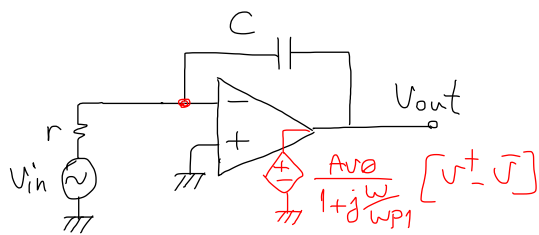
$$\frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} = \frac{N_0 + j\omega N_1 + \dots}{D_0 + j\omega D_1 + \dots}$$

$$\frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} = \frac{A_{v0} (1 + j\frac{\omega}{\omega_{p2}})}{(1 + j\frac{\omega}{\omega_{p1}})(1 + j\frac{\omega}{\omega_{p2}})}$$

$\Rightarrow$  denominator

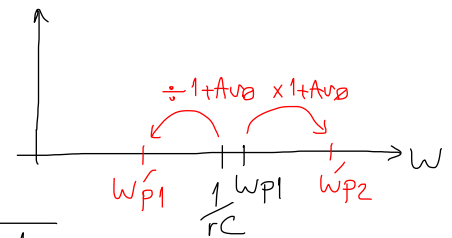
$$1 + j\omega \left[ \frac{1}{\omega_{p1}} + \frac{1}{\omega_{p2}} \right] + (j\omega)^2 \frac{1}{\omega_{p1}} \cdot \frac{1}{\omega_{p2}}$$

$$\times \frac{r}{r}$$



$$\text{external pole} = \frac{1}{rC}$$

$$\text{internal pole} = \omega_{p1}$$



$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = \frac{A_{v0}}{(1+j\frac{\omega}{\omega_{p1}})(1+j\frac{\omega}{\omega_{p2}})} = \frac{1}{1+j\omega \left[ \frac{1}{\omega_{p1}} + \frac{1}{\omega_{p2}} \right] + (j\omega)^2 \frac{1}{\omega_{p1}} \frac{1}{\omega_{p2}}}$$

dominant

new poles

$$\begin{cases} \omega'_{p1} = \frac{1}{rC} \times \frac{1}{1+A_{v0}} \\ \omega'_{p2} = \omega_{p1} \cdot (1+A_{v0}) \end{cases}$$

