

```
In [74]: import pandas as pd
import sklearn.model_selection
import sklearn.tree
from sklearn.preprocessing import OrdinalEncoder
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, StandardScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import f1_score, precision_score, recall_score, accuracy_score

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV, learning_curve, KFold, cross_val_
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, OneHotEncoder, StandardScaler
import random
from sklearn.svm import SVC
import sklearn.metrics as sk
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn import tree
from sklearn.model_selection import ShuffleSplit
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.model_selection import learning_curve
```

```
In [49]: data = pd.read_csv('bank_data.csv', delimiter=';')
```

```
In [50]: data.head()
```

```
Out[50]:
```

	age	job	marital	education	default	housing	loan	contact	month	day_of_week
0	56	housemaid	married	basic.4y	no	no	no	telephone	may	mon
1	57	services	married	high.school	unknown	no	no	telephone	may	mon
2	37	services	married	high.school	no	yes	no	telephone	may	mon
3	40	admin.	married	basic.6y	no	no	no	telephone	may	mon
4	56	services	married	high.school	no	no	yes	telephone	may	mon

5 rows × 21 columns

```
In [51]: data['education'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[51]: university.degree      12168
high.school      9515
basic.9y      6045
professional.course      5243
basic.4y      4176
basic.6y      2292
unknown      1731
illiterate      18
Name: education, dtype: int64
```

```
In [52]: data.education.replace(('basic.6y', 'basic.9y', 'basic.4y'), ('basic'), inplace=True)
```

```
In [53]: data = data.drop(['default'], axis=1)
#data = data.drop(columns=['day_of_week', 'month', 'contact', 'poutcome', 'pdays'], axis=1)
```

```
In [54]: data.y.replace(('yes', 'no'), (1, 0), inplace=True)
data.housing.replace(('yes', 'no'), (1, 0), inplace=True)
data.loan.replace(('yes', 'no'), (1, 0), inplace=True)
data
```

```
Out[54]:
```

	age	job	marital	education	housing	loan	contact	month	day_of_week
0	56	housemaid	married	basic	0	0	telephone	may	mon
1	57	services	married	high.school	0	0	telephone	may	mon
2	37	services	married	high.school	1	0	telephone	may	mon
3	40	admin.	married	basic	0	0	telephone	may	mon
4	56	services	married	high.school	0	1	telephone	may	mon
...
41183	73	retired	married	professional.course	1	0	cellular	nov	fr
41184	46	blue-collar	married	professional.course	0	0	cellular	nov	fr
41185	56	retired	married	university.degree	1	0	cellular	nov	fr
41186	44	technician	married	professional.course	0	0	cellular	nov	fr
41187	74	retired	married	professional.course	1	0	cellular	nov	fr

41188 rows × 20 columns

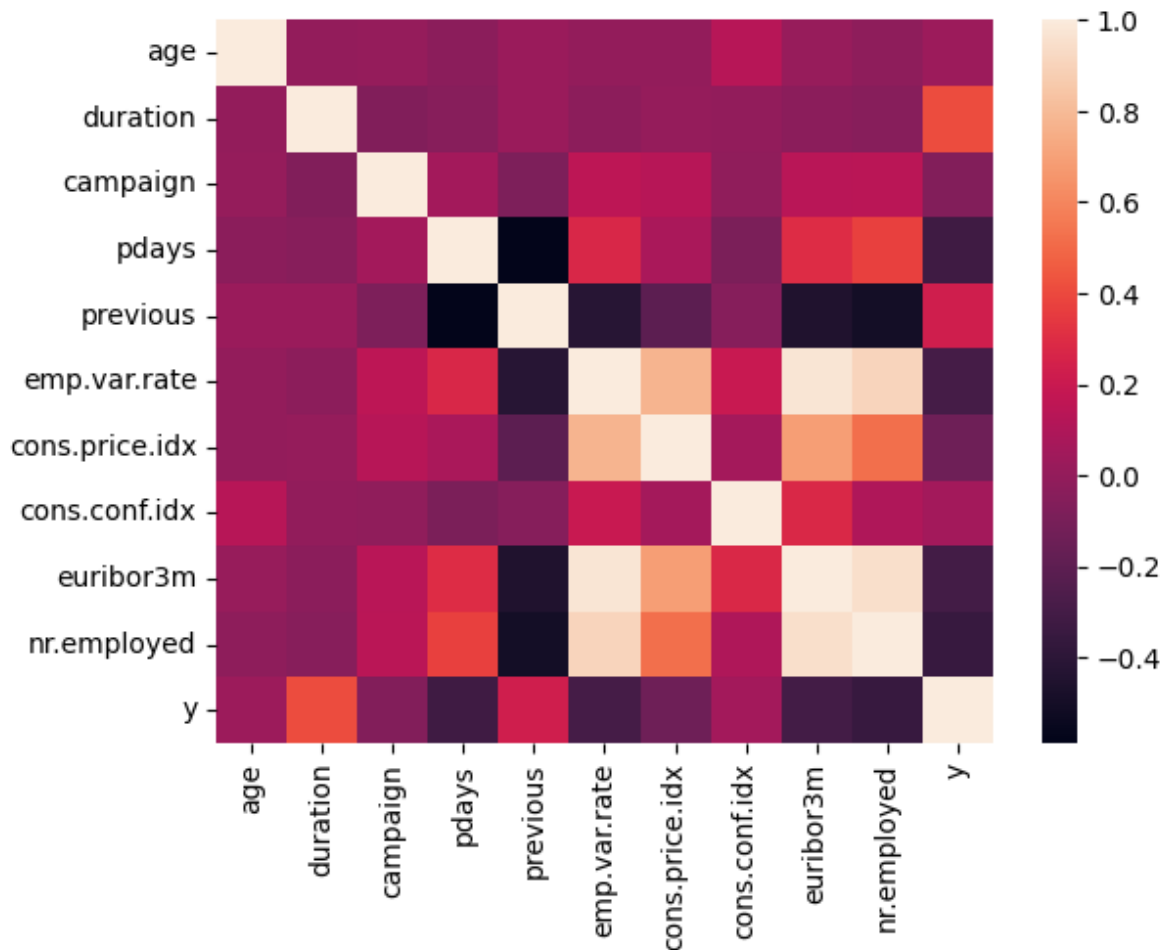
```
In [57]: import seaborn as sns
```

```
sns.heatmap(data.corr())
```

C:\Users\muham\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_16888\458572859.py:3: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.corr is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to False. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric_only to silence this warning.

```
sns.heatmap(data.corr())
```

```
Out[57]: <AxesSubplot: >
```



```
In [58]: df = pd.get_dummies(data)
df
```

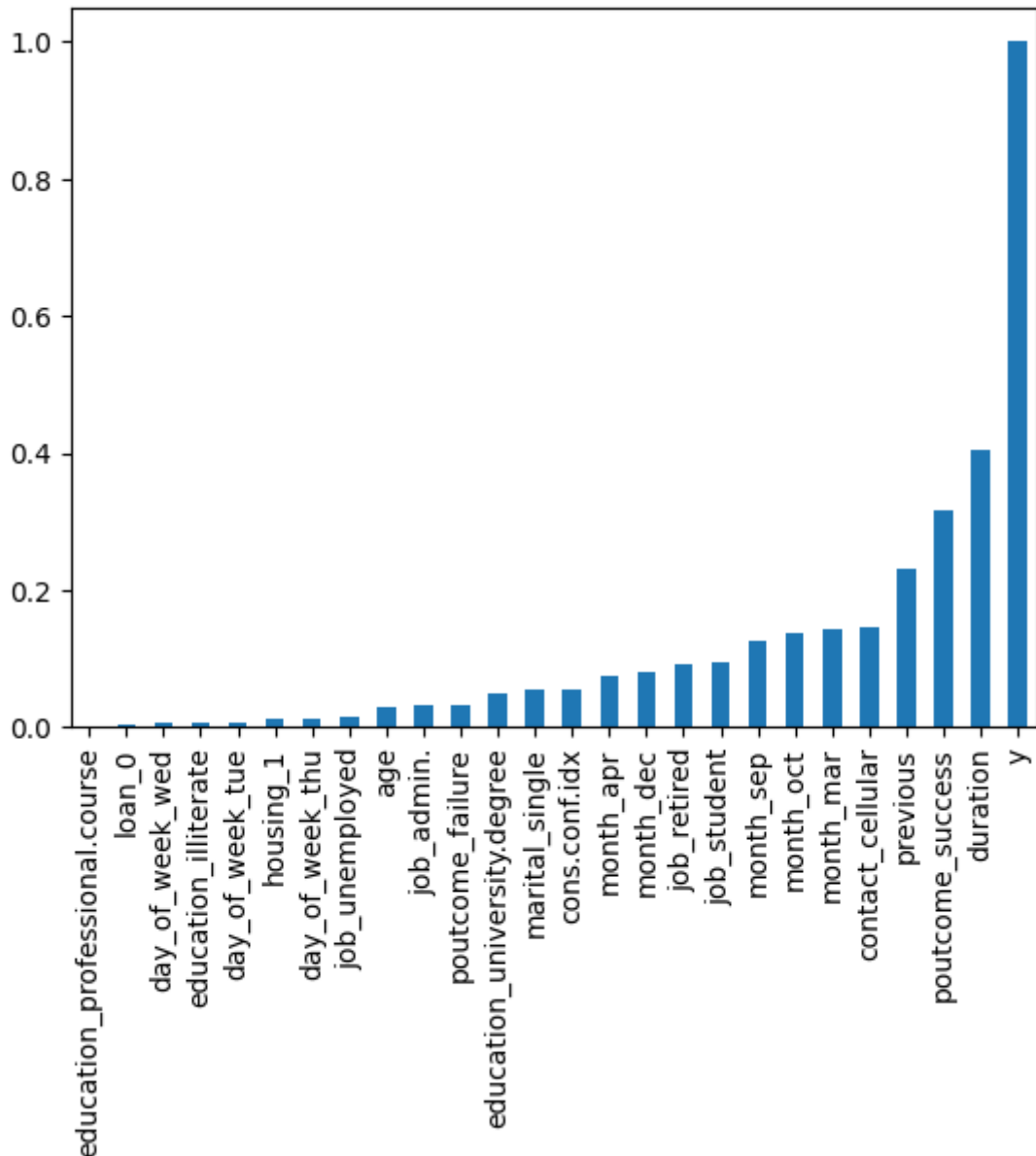
```
Out[58]:
```

	age	duration	campaign	pdays	previous	emp.var.rate	cons.price.idx	cons.conf.idx	eur
0	56	261	1	999	0	1.1	93.994	-36.4	
1	57	149	1	999	0	1.1	93.994	-36.4	
2	37	226	1	999	0	1.1	93.994	-36.4	
3	40	151	1	999	0	1.1	93.994	-36.4	
4	56	307	1	999	0	1.1	93.994	-36.4	
...
41183	73	334	1	999	0	-1.1	94.767	-50.8	
41184	46	383	1	999	0	-1.1	94.767	-50.8	
41185	56	189	2	999	0	-1.1	94.767	-50.8	
41186	44	442	1	999	0	-1.1	94.767	-50.8	
41187	74	239	3	999	1	-1.1	94.767	-50.8	

41188 rows × 59 columns

```
In [59]: data=df.drop(columns=['job_unknown','marital_unknown','education_unknown'],axis=1)
```

```
In [60]: cor = data.corr()['y']
chart = cor[cor >= 0].sort_values(ascending=True).plot(kind='bar')
```



```
In [61]: X_data = data.drop(['y'], axis=1)
```

```
In [62]: Y_data = data['y']
Y_data.head()
```

```
Out[62]: 0    0
1    0
2    0
3    0
4    0
Name: y, dtype: int64
```

```
In [63]: x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_data, Y_data, random_state =
```

```
In [64]: sc = StandardScaler()
x_train = sc.fit_transform(x_train)
x_test = sc.transform(x_test)
```

```
In [82]: def scores(model, actual, predicted):
c_matrix = confusion_matrix(actual, predicted)
```

```

f1 = f1_score(actual, predicted)
precision = precision_score(actual, predicted)
recall = recall_score(actual, predicted)
accuracy = accuracy_score(actual, predicted)
model_name = str(model).split('(')[0]
if model_name == 'GradientBoostingClassifier':
    model_name = 'GradientBoosting'
print(f'{model_name}\t\t\t{round(f1*100, 2)}\t\t\t{round(precision*100, 2)}\t\t\t{rou

```

```

In [83]: lr_model = LogisticRegression()
edt = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion = 'entropy', random_state = 0)
gdt = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion = 'gini', random_state = 0)
gb = GradientBoostingClassifier(learning_rate=0.01,random_state=1)
rf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators = 50)

models = [lr_model, edt, gdt, gb, rf]

print('Model\t\t\t\tF1 Score\tPrecision\tRecall\t\tAccuracy')
for model in models:
    model.fit(x_train, y_train)
    y_pred = model.predict(x_test)
    scores(model,y_test, y_pred)
    #print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))

```

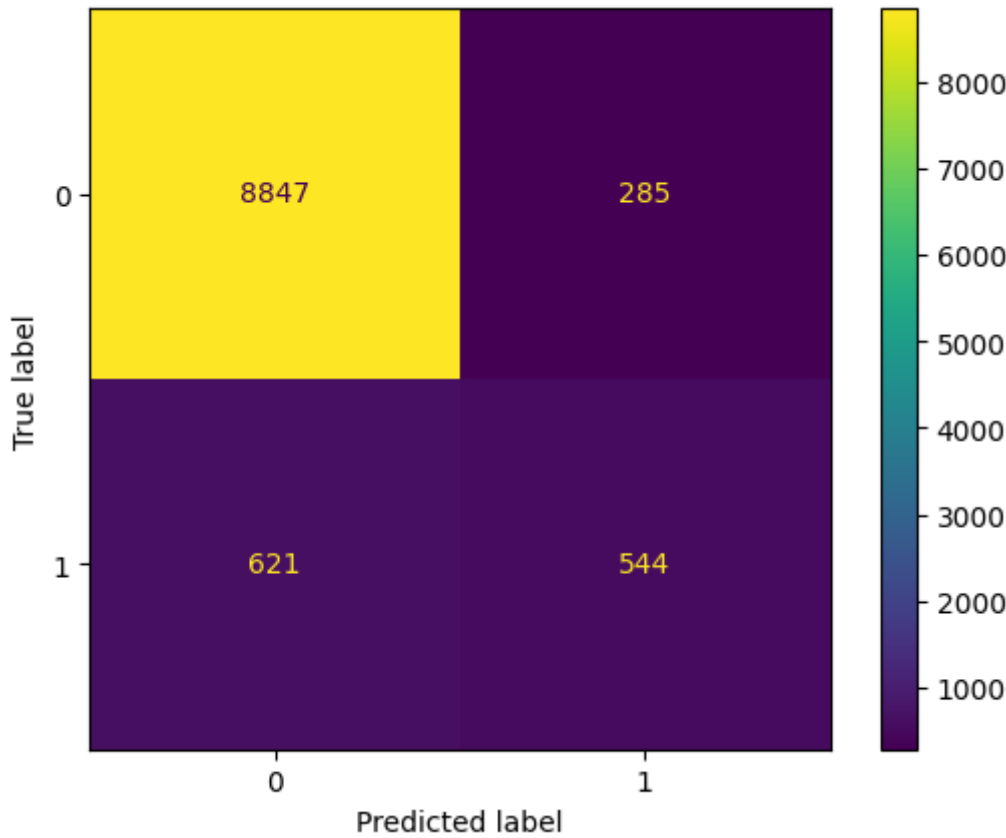
Model	F1 Score	Precision	Recall	Ac
curacy				
LogisticRegression	52.11	66.09	43.0	9
1.06				
DecisionTreeClassifier	52.71	51.96	53.48	8
9.14				
DecisionTreeClassifier	53.68	52.32	55.11	8
9.24				
GradientBoosting	25.02	81.9	14.76	8
9.99				
RandomForestClassifier	54.74	66.3	46.61	9
1.28				

```

In [78]: rf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators = 50)
model.fit(x_train, y_train)
y_pred = model.predict(x_test)
scores(model,y_test, y_pred)
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix=cm)
disp.plot()
plt.show()

```

RandomForestClassifier	54.56	65.62	46.7	91.2
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In []: