Muhammad Farhan Azmine

540-557-8751 muhammadfarhan@vt.edu [Personal-Website] [Github] [linkedin.com/Muhammad Farhan Azmine]

Education

Virginia Tech (GPA: 4.00 / 4.00)

PhD in Computer Engineering (Direct PhD; MS completed)

Blacksburg & Alexandria, VA

Aug 2022 - Dec 2026 (Expected)

Bangladesh University of Engineering and Technology (BUET)

Bachelors of Science in Electrical & Electronics Engineering

Dhaka, Bangladesh Jan 2013 - Sep 2017

• Relevant Coursework: Advanced Digital Design, Advanced Computer Architecture, Testing VLSI Techniques, VLSI Device Modeling, Advanced Analog IC Design, Deep Learning, Advanced Machine Learning, Computation in Data Science

Publications

- Muhammad F. A., Li, R., Sharma, G., & Yi, Y. (2025). SpikeSpec: On-Chip Learning Neuromorphic Accelerator for Spectrum Sensing, IEEE Transaction CAD, Feb 2025.
- Li, R., Muhammad F. A., Sharma, G., & Yi, Y. (2025). Efficient Digital Architecture of Spiking Encoders. In Proc. ISQED 2025.
- Lin, C., Muhammad F. A., Liang, Y., & Yi, Y. (2024). Neuro-Inspired AI Accelerator for 6G Networks. Front. Comput. Neurosci.
- Lin, C., Muhammad F. A., & Yi, Y. (2023). Accelerating Wireless Communications with FPGA-Based Al. In ICCAD 2023.

Work Experience

Research Assistant (Functioning as RTL Engineer - Complex Digital System Design & Verification)

June 2023 - present

An ultra efficient DSP based RTL chip implementation of hidden layer alternative for Recurrent Neural Network

Summer 24-Spring 25

- Achieved 100% design validation through hardware-software co-integration on Zynq SoC, enabling real-time sample delivery to FPGA (PL) and result capture via ZynQ AXI-UART (PS), with a custom C++ parser for automated CSV input processing and output generation.
- Decreased dynamic power consumption by 65% by using adder tree DSP48 structure to replace CLB based matrix adder-multiplier which resulted in 86% LUT and 64% FF reduction
- Cut wire delay by 3.2ns through fanout optimization to boost operating frequency.
- Maximized throughput by 240 MHz by replacing LUT logic with DSP48E2 IP cores and adding pipeline registers to the critical path.

RL based Spiking Neural Network RTL architecture design with On-Chip learning for Spectrum-Sensing [Github link]

Fall 22 - Spring 24

- Achieved 99.83% accuracy in fixed-point AI modeling of neural network using OOP based Python for algorithm verification
- RTL Area optimization by 60% through resource sharing for adders & LUTs using serialization technique with SIPO-shift registers.
- Throughput increase by 58 MHz with critical path balancing between priority encoder & exponential approximator
- Reduced latency by 50% using simple dual port memory ram in read-then-write mode for weight learning update
- Improved performance accuracy by 3.88% against baseline accelerator through priority encoder and fixed-point exponential approximator for advanced weight update engine design
- Linear Feedback Shift Register based learning rule implementation for stochastic weight update to model Hebbian Learning

An efficient recurrent neural network (RNN) inference chip design for MIMO OFDM symbol detection [Github link]

Spring 23-Fall 23

- Performed 100% AI model development using C++ simulator (16, 10) fixed-point format with template libraries like std::vector
- Reduced IP area usage by 33.3% through DSP48E1 IP integration at RTL-level for inference MAC operation
- Increased data transfer throughput 5x by Ethernet-MAC IP integration with target accelerator design at 125 MHz frequency
- Boosted design frequency by 100 MHz by implementing Clock Domain Crossing to achieve 200 MHz frequency for target accelerator through synchronizing with Ethernet PHY communication at 125 MHz using Ping-pong buffer, CDC AXI-handshake IPs and Asynchronous FIFOs
- Improved verification coverage by 30% compared to baseline BIST testbench in frame data transfer between Ethernet-PHY and target accelerator by creating over 4 protocol-variant Ethernet frame stimulus patters including error-injection and backpressure scenarios

Technical Skills

- Techniques: RTL design, STA, Power optimization, Clock-Domain-Crossing, UVM, DFT, FPGA-IP Integration, ASIC implementation
- Languages: SystemVerilog, Verilog, Python (OOP), C++, Java, Tcl, Linux Shell
- Tools: Cadence Suite, TensorFlow, PyTorch, Vivado, Modelsim, Quartus
- Concepts: SVA Formal Verification, AXI-DMA, AXI4, UART, Ethernet-TCP/UDP, SPI, VGA, RISC V ISA, Cache memory mapping