# **Marketplace Technical Documentation – Rent-a-Read**

# 1. System Architecture Overview

## **Architecture Diagram**

## **Component Descriptions**

## • Frontend (Next.js):

 Customer-facing interface for browsing rental products, managing bookings, and tracking orders.

## • Sanity CMS:

 Backend system to store and manage rental product details, customer orders, and rental history.

## • Payment Gateway:

Handles secure payments for rental charges and deposits.

## Third-Party API:

 Sends reminders for rental deadlines, overdue items, or pickup/drop-off notifications.

# 2. Key Workflows

## **Workflow 1: Browsing Rental Products**

- 1. User visits the website.
- 2. Frontend fetches available rental products from /products API endpoint.
- 3. Products are displayed with images, rental price, availability, and terms.

## **Workflow 2: Booking a Rental**

- 1. User selects a product and specifies rental duration.
- 2. Rental details are added to the cart and synced via the /rental-cart API.
- 3. At checkout, the frontend sends booking details to /rental-order API.
- 4. Sanity CMS stores the order, and a confirmation is displayed.

### **Workflow 3: Rental Payment**

- 1. At checkout, the frontend integrates with the payment gateway.
- 2. Payment is processed for rental charges and deposits.
- 3. Payment status is updated in the CMS and confirmation is sent to the user.

## **Workflow 4: Returning the Rental**

- 1. User initiates the return process from their account.
- 2. Condition of the item is assessed and updated via /rental-return API.
- 3. Refund for the deposit (if applicable) is processed through the payment gateway.

#### **Workflow 5: Reminders and Notifications**

- 1. Notifications for rental return deadlines are fetched via /rental-reminders API.
- 2. Users are reminded via email/SMS about upcoming deadlines.

## 3. API Endpoints

Endpoint	Method	Purpose	Response Example
/products	GET	Fetches all available rental products.	{ "id": 1, "name": "Camera", "price": 50 }
/rental-order	POST	Creates a new rental booking.	{ "orderId": 123, "status": "Confirmed" }
/rental-cart	POST	Adds rental details to the cart.	{ "cartId": 234, "status": "Added" }
/rental-return	POST	Processes a rental return.	{ "returnId": 456, "status": "Completed" }
/rental- reminders	GET	Fetches reminders for upcoming returns.	{ "rentalId": 789, "dueDate": "2025-02-01" }

# 4. Sanity Schema Example

#### **Rental Product Schema**

```
export default {
  name: 'rentalProduct',
  type: 'document',
  fields: [
      { name: 'name', type: 'string', title: 'Product Name' },
      { name: 'price', type: 'number', title: 'Rental Price per Day' },
      { name: 'deposit', type: 'number', title: 'Deposit Amount' },
      { name: 'availability', type: 'boolean', title: 'Available for Rent' },
```

```
{ name: 'category', type: 'string', title: 'Category' }
]
};
```

#### **Rental Order Schema**

# 5. Technical Roadmap

### **Phase 1: Backend Setup**

• Configure Sanity CMS schemas for rental products and orders.

## **Phase 2: Frontend Development**

• Create pages for browsing products, managing carts, and booking rentals.

## **Phase 3: Payment Integration**

• Implement payment gateway for processing rental payments and deposits.

## **Phase 4: API Integration**

• Build and integrate /products, /rental-order, /rental-return, and /rental-reminders APIs.

### **Phase 5: Notifications**

• Integrate a third-party API for reminders (e.g., Twilio for SMS or SendGrid for email).

## **Phase 6: Testing and Deployment**

- Test all workflows end-to-end.
- Deploy the system and monitor for any bugs.