

Setting up your optimization problem

Gradient Checking

Gradient check for a neural network

Take $W^{[1]}$, $b^{[1]}$, ..., $W^{[L]}$, $b^{[L]}$ and reshape into a big vector θ . $\mathcal{J}(\omega^{(1)}, b^{(1)}, \dots, \omega^{(L)}, b^{(L)})^2 = \mathcal{J}(\theta)$

Take $dW^{[1]}, db^{[1]}, ..., dW^{[L]}, db^{[L]}$ and reshape into a big vector $d\theta$.

Is do the gradet of I(0)?

Gradient checking (Grad check)

for each
$$\bar{c}$$
:

 $\Rightarrow 200 \text{ apper [i]} = \frac{1000 \text{ apper [i]} + 1000 \text{ apper [i]}}{200 \text{ apper [i]}} = \frac{21}{200 \text{ apper [i]}$

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Gradient Checking implementation notes

Gradient checking implementation notes

- Don't use in training – only to debug

- If algorithm fails grad check, look at components to try to identify bug.

- Remember regularization.

- Doesn't work with dropout.

- keep-pnb=1.0
- Run at random initialization; perhaps again after some training.