

## Basics of Neural Network Programming

deeplearning.ai

# Vectorizing Logistic Regression

#### Vectorizing Logistic Regression

$$Z^{(1)} = w^{T}x^{(1)} + b$$

$$Z^{(2)} = w^{T}x^{(2)} + b$$

$$Z^{(3)} = w^{T}x^{(3)} + b$$

$$Z^{(3)} = \sigma(z^{(3)})$$

$$Z^$$



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Vectorizing Logistic Regression's Gradient Computation

### Vectorizing Logistic Regression

$$d_{2}^{(i)} = a^{(i)} - y^{(i)}$$

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$$d_{3}^{(i)} = a^{(i)} - y^{(i)}$$

$$d_{4}^{(i)} = a^{(i)} - y^{(i)}$$

$$d_{4$$

$$db = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} dz^{(i)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{m} \left[ x^{(i)} + \dots + x^{(n)} dz^{(m)} \right]$$

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Andrew Ng

Implementing Logistic Regression

J = 0, 
$$dw_1 = 0$$
,  $dw_2 = 0$ ,  $db = 0$ 

For  $i = 1$  to  $m$ :

 $z^{(i)} = w^T x^{(i)} + b$ 
 $a^{(i)} = \sigma(z^{(i)}) 
ightharpoonup$ 
 $dz^{(i)} = a^{(i)} - y^{(i)} 
ightharpoonup$ 

$$dw_1 + x_1^{(i)} dz^{(i)} dz^{(i)} dw_2 + x_2^{(i)} dz^{(i)} dw_3 + x_1^{(i)} dz^{(i)} dw_4 + x_2^{(i)} dz^{(i)} dw_5 = dw_5/m$$
 $dw_1 + dw_2 = dw_3/m$ 
 $dw_2 + dw_3/m$ 
 $dw_3 + dw_4 = dw_3/m$ 
 $dw_4 = dw_3/m$ 
 $dw_5 = dw_5/m$ 
 $dw_5 = dw_5/m$