

Assignment # 09

Date _____

Q3

$$U \times V = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 1 & 2 & -3 \\ -4 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (4 - (-3))i - j(2 - 12) + (1 - (-8))k$$

$$\boxed{U \times V = 7i + 10j + 9k}$$

if two vectors a & b are orthogonal
then : $a \cdot b = 0$

$$U \cdot (U \times V) = 0$$

$$(1i + 2j - 3k) \cdot (7i + 10j + 9k) = 0$$

$$(1 \times 7) + (2 \times 10) + (-3 \times 9) = 0$$

$$\boxed{0 = 0}$$

$$V \cdot (U \times V) = 0$$

$$(-4i + j + 2k) \cdot (7i + 10j + 9k) = 0$$

$$(-4 \times 7) + (1 \times 10) + (2 \times 9) = 0$$

$$\boxed{0 = 0}$$

Q5

Let C be UXV

$$C = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 3 & 0 & -4 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$C = (-4+0)i - (0+0)j + (0+0)k$$

$$C = (-4-0)i - (0-(-6))j + (0-3)k$$

$$\boxed{C = -4i - 6j - 3k}$$

orthogonal condition

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = 0$$

$$U \cdot C = (0\hat{i} + 1\hat{j} + -2\hat{k}) \cdot (-4\hat{i} - 6\hat{j} - 3\hat{k})$$

$$0 = (0 \times -4) + (1 \times -6) + (-2 \times -3)$$

$$\boxed{0 = 0}$$

$$V \cdot C = 0$$

$$(3\hat{i} + 0\hat{j} + -4\hat{k}) (-4\hat{i} - 6\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}) = 0$$

$$(3 \times -4) + (0 \times -6) + (-4 \times -3) = 0$$

$$\boxed{0 = 0}$$

Q7

a) $U \times (V \times W)$

$$V \times W = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 0 & 1 & 7 \\ 1 & 4 & 5 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= (5 - 28)i - (0 - 7)j + (0 - 1)k \\ &= -23i + 7j - k \end{aligned}$$

$$U \times (V \times W) = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \\ -23 & 7 & -1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= (1 - 21)i - (-2 + 69)j + (14 + 23)k \\ U \times (V \times W) = & -20i + 67j + 37k \end{aligned}$$

b) $(U \times V) \times W$

$$U \times V = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 7 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= (-7 - 3)i - (14 - 0)j + (2 - 0)k \\ U \times V = & -10i - 14j + 2k \end{aligned}$$

$$(U \times V) \times W = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ -10 & -14 & 2 \\ 1 & 4 & 5 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (-70 - 8)i - (-50 - 2)j + (-40 + 14)k$$

$$(U \times V) \times W = -78i + 52j - 26k$$

c) $(U \times V) \times (V \times W)$

$$U \times V = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 7 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (-7 - 3)i - (14 - 0)j + (2 - 0)k$$

$$U \times V = -10i - 14j + 2k$$

$$V \times W = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 0 & 1 & 7 \\ 1 & 4 & 5 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (5 - 28)i - (0 - 7)j + (0 - 1)k$$

$$V \times W = -23i + 7j - k$$

$$(U \times V) \times (V \times W) = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ -10 & -14 & 2 \\ -23 & 7 & -1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (14 - 14)i - (10 + 46)j + (-70 - 322)k$$

$$(v \times v) \times (v \times w) - 56j - 392k$$

d) $(v \times w) \times (v \times v)$

$$v \times w = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 0 & 1 & 7 \\ 1 & 4 & 5 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (5 - 28)i - (0 - 7)j + (0 - 1)k$$

$$v \times w = -23i + 7j - k$$

$$u \times v = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 7 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (-7 - 3)i - (14 - 0)j + (2 - 0)k$$

$$u \times v = -10i - 14j + 2k$$

$$(v \times w) \times (u \times v) = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ -23 & 7 & -1 \\ -10 & -14 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (14 - 14)i - (-98 - 10)j + (322 + 70)k$$

$$= 56j + 392k$$

Q11

$$A(0, -2, 1) \quad B(1, -1, -2) \quad C(-1, 1, 0)$$

Let \mathbf{c} be the normal vector to the plane.

$$\mathbf{AB} = \langle 1, 1, -3 \rangle$$

$$\mathbf{AC} = \langle -1, 3, -1 \rangle$$

$$\mathbf{c} = \begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{j} & \mathbf{k} \\ 1 & 1 & -3 \\ -1 & 3 & -1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{c} = 8\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k}$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{c}} = \frac{8\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k}}{\sqrt{(8)^2 + (4)^2 + (4)^2}}$$

$$= \pm \frac{1}{4\sqrt{6}} (8\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k})$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{c}} = \pm \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} \mathbf{i} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \mathbf{j} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \mathbf{k} \right)$$

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$$\boxed{\vec{c} = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} (2\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k})}$$

Q16 Q17

$$U = \hat{i} - \hat{j} + 2\hat{k} \quad V = 3\hat{j} + \hat{k}$$

Area of parallelogram = $\|U \times V\|$

$$U \times V = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$U \times V = -7\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$$

$$\|U \times V\| = \sqrt{(-7)^2 + (-1)^2 + (3)^2}$$

$$\boxed{\text{area of parallelogram} = \sqrt{59}}$$

Q19

$$P(1, 5, -2), Q(0, 0, 0), R(3, 5, 1)$$

$$PQ = \langle -1, -5, 2 \rangle$$

$$PR = \langle 2, 0, 3 \rangle$$

$$PQ \times PR = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ -1 & -5 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$$

Let n be the normal vector

$$n = -15i + 7j + 10k$$

$$\|n\| = \sqrt{(-15)^2 + (7)^2 + (10)^2}$$

$$\|n\| = \sqrt{374}$$

$$\text{area of triangle} = \frac{\|n\|}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{374}}{2}$$

Q21

$$v \times w = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 2 & 1 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$v \times w = 8i - 20j + 4k$$

$$\begin{aligned} u \cdot (v \times w) &= (2i - 3j + k) \cdot (8i - 20j + 4k) \\ &= (2 \times 8) + (-3 \times -20) + (1 \times 4) \end{aligned}$$

$$u \cdot (v \times w) = 80$$

Q25

$$\text{volume of parallelopipided} = |u \cdot (v \times w)|$$

$$v \times w = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 0 & 4 & -2 \\ 2 & 2 & -4 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= -12i + 4j - 8k$$

$$\begin{aligned} |u \cdot (v \times w)| &= |(2i - 6j + 2k) \cdot (-12i + 4j - 8k)| \\ &= |(12 \times -12) + (-6 \times 4) + (2 \times -8)| \end{aligned}$$

$$= |-16|$$

$$|u \cdot (v \times w)| = 16$$

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Q27

a)

$$v \times w = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 5 & -4 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$v \times w = -8i - 10j - 12k$$

$$\begin{aligned} u \cdot (v \times w) &= (i - 2j + k) \cdot (-8i - 10j - 12k) \\ &= (1 \times -8) + (-2 \times -10) + (1 \times -12) \\ |u \cdot (v \times w)| &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

yes, vectors lie on same plane.

b)

$$v \times w = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= i + j - 3k$$

$$\begin{aligned} u \cdot (v \times w) &= (5i - 2j + k) \cdot (i + j - 3k) \\ &= (5 \times 1) + (-2 \times 1) + (1 \times -3) \\ |u \cdot (v \times w)| &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

yes, vectors lie on same plane

c)

$$V \times W = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 2 & 1 & -2 \\ 3 & -4 & 12 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$V \times W = 4i - 30j - 11k$$

$$\begin{aligned} U \cdot (V \times W) &= (4i - 8j + k) \cdot (4i - 30j - 11k) \\ &= (4x \cdot 4) + (-8x - 30) + (1x - 11) \end{aligned}$$

$$U \cdot (V \times W) = 245$$

now, vectors does not lie on same plane

Q31

a)

$$d = \| \vec{AP} \times \vec{AB} \|$$

$$\| AB \|$$

$$\vec{AP} = -4i + 2k$$

$$\vec{AB} = -3i + 2j - 4k$$

$$\| AB \| = \sqrt{3^2 + 2^2 + 4^2} = \sqrt{29}$$

$$\vec{AP} \times \vec{AB} = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ -4 & 0 & 2 \\ -3 & 2 & -4 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\vec{AP} \times \vec{AB} = -4i - 22j - 8k$$

$$\| \vec{AP} \times \vec{AB} \| = \sqrt{4^2 + 22^2 + 8^2}$$

$$\| \vec{AP} \times \vec{AB} \| = 2\sqrt{141}$$

RC

$$d = \frac{2\sqrt{14}}{\sqrt{29}} \text{ units}$$

b)

$$d = \frac{\| \mathbf{AP} \times \mathbf{AB} \|}{\| \mathbf{AB} \|}$$

$$\mathbf{AP} = 2\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j}$$

$$\mathbf{AB} = -2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j}$$

$$\mathbf{AP} \times \mathbf{AB} = \begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{k} \\ 2 & 2 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{AP} \times \mathbf{AB} = 6\mathbf{k}$$

$$\| \mathbf{AP} \times \mathbf{AB} \| = 6$$

$$\| \mathbf{AB} \| = \sqrt{5}$$

$$d = \frac{6}{\sqrt{5}} \text{ units}$$